

FOCUS ON 12TH APARTMENTS

DESIGN GRO

EARLY DESIGN GUIDANCE #2

Seattle, WA 98122

VIBRANT CITIES

PROJECT INFORMATION:		CONTENTS
ADDRESS OF PROPERTY:	900 12th Ave, SEATTLE, WA 98122	1.0 Project summary & site and
SDCI PROJECT NO:	3039185-EG	
MEETING TYPE:	EDG #2	2.0 PRIORITIES FROM EDG#1
ASSESSOR PARCEL NO:	2254500695, 2254500710, 2254500705, 2254500605	3.0 Architectural massing co
PROJECT TEAM:		
OWNER:	VIBRANT CITIES, LLC 606 MAYNARD AVE S, SUITE 251 SEATTLE, WA 98104 CONTACT: Pui Leung	GROUND LEVEL DEVELOPMENT 5.0 DEPARTURES
ARCHITECT:	LINK DESIGN GROUP, LLC 439 KIRKLAND WAY KIRLAND, WA 98033 CONTACT: Scott Douglas	6.0 LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE
Landscape Architect:	KLLA Landscape Architects Inc. 21803 NE 17th Court SAMMAMISH, WA 98074 CONTACT: Ken Large	7.0 CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT OF P



ANALYSIS	03
	11
CONCEPTS	15
INT	27
	41
	47
F PREFERRED OPTION	55



1.0 PROJECT SUMMARY & SITE ANALYSIS

4 1.0 | PROJECT SUMMARY & SITE ANALYSIS **PROJECT SUMMARY**

PROJECT DATA

3.1

NUMBER OF RESIDENTIAL UNITS 169

3.2

MHA/MFTE UNITS PERCENTAGE 20% (TO BE FINALIZED)

3.3

AMOUNT OF TOTAL INSTITUTIONAL SQUARE FOOTAGE 10,000 SF

3.4

AMOUNT OF TOTAL COMMERCIAL SQUARE FOOTAGE 600 SF

3.5

TOTAL GROSS FLOOR AREA 103,312 SF

3.6

NUMBER AND LOCATION OF PARKING STALLS 44, P1 LEVEL

PROJECT INFORMATION

Located at the end of the block fronting 12th Ave., E. Marion St., and 13th Ave., this project proposes a new seven-story mixed used institutional and residential building designed with it's adjacency to the Seattle U. campus, the commercial corridor along 12th Ave., and the residential neighborhood to the east in mind.

The current site is occupied by a two story building and a surface parking lot. The existing building is home to a photography school - Photographic Center Northwest (PCNW), which is a long time Seattle institution that moved into the neighborhood in the 90's. The proposal includes the demolition of the existing building and surface parking lot to make way for a brand new space for the school on the ground floor along with retail and residential lobby spaces that serve roughly 170 apartment units above.

With the goal of further enhancing active uses at the ground level on all three street frontages, the proposal includes building servicing and back-of-house access that is limited to the NE corner of the project along 13th Ave., along with one level of below-grade garage accommodating about 42 parking spaces.

The School's new front door will be located at it's original street corner location on the southwest corner at 12th Ave. and E Marion St. - facing the Seattle U. campus. The residential entry located on the southeast corner at E Marion St. and 13th Ave. bookends the other side of the project, which is about one level taller in street elevation as E Marion St. slopes uphill going east. This transition of street uses from Institutional to residential also mirror's the site's transitional quality between the Seattle U campus and the predominantly residential neighborhoods to the east.



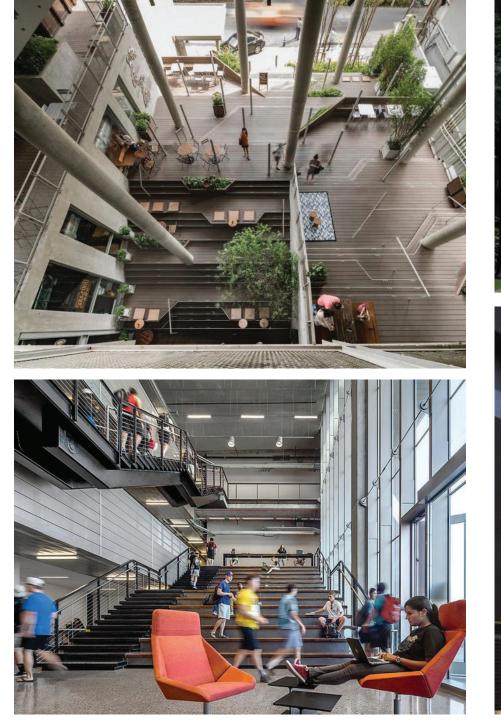
PROJECT OBJECTIVES





A NEW VISION OF PCNW

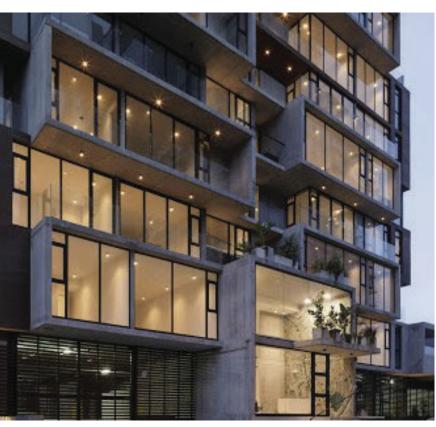
Opportunity to re-brand the school with a new space that offers expanded classes and the latest and greatest in visual arts education



VIBRANT COMMUNITY CENTER

The project is an opportunity to create a significant central hub focused on education and the arts for students, residents and the surrounding Seattle U community





ENHANCING THE DISTRICT

The new multifamily residential component to the project will contribute to the urban density and diversity of housing options in the district and contribute to the growth to the neighborhood







NINE-BLOCK AREA ARCHITECTURAL CHARACTER

This project is uniquely located within the convergence of three building zones: Institutional, Commercial and Residential, with varying height and use guidelines.

The nine-block area immediately around the project site features a variety of building types and scales and is very much a neighborhood experiencing transformation, with new expansion to the Seattle U campus, infill multi-level town-home projects in the medium density residential zones and the completion of larger mixed-use multifamily and commercial projects along the main and neighborhood urban village designated streets of E. Madison and 12th Ave.

In terms of architectural character, the evolving neighborhood is a mix of old and new. With newer projects predominantly expressing a contemporary architectural vocabulary informed by today's construction methods and building technology. The use of vibrant accent colors on buildings in a feature that can be seen sprinkled throughout the neighborhood.



Vi Hilbert Hall at Seattle University



Rianna Apartments



928 13th Ave



Center for Science and Innovation



The Yobi Apartments



Seattle Academy STREAM Building



Seattle University Law School



1324 E Marion St



Cardinal Union Building





VIBRANT CITIES

8 1.0 | PROJECT SUMMARY & SITE ANALYSIS CENTRAL AREA NEIGHBORHOOD SPECIFIC DESIGN GUIDELINES



CS2-1-b **Urban Pattern & Form**

Transition and Delineation of Zones

In addition to building height, use building massing and articulation to transition to single-family scaled fabric. Other acceptable methods include setbacks, building footprint size and placement on the site, building width, facade modulation, and roof line articulation.

Response:

The proposed design utilizes both its relationship to the sloping street elevation along E. Marion street as well as various facade and upper level setbacks to create a hierarchy of scales that transition the massing by creating roof line, facade and building entry articulations that relate to its institutional and commercial adjacencies to the west and the urban village residential adjacencies to the east





CS1-1-a **Natural Systems & Site Features** Local Topography

Respond to local topography with terraces, stoops, stepping facades, or similar approaches. Use appropriately scaled rockeries, stairs, and landscaping to transition between the sidewalk, building facade, and entrances in keeping with local topographic conditions, and existing neighboring approaches.

Response:

The project's E. Marion street frontage is it's dominant and longest frontage that slopes uphill to the east creating a one level sidewalk elevation difference. The proposed design responds to this elevation change by introducing terraces at the upper levels and building entry stoops as well a carefully scaled recesses into the building facade to further accentuate Its relationship to the topography while creating building entrances that work with the sidewalk grades to be both inviting and accessible.



PL3-1-c&q **Street-Level Interaction**

Frontages

Promote transparency and "eyes on the street."...

At residential projects, provide coupled entries where possible to foster a sense of community and visual interest in building entryways. Provide generous porches at these entries to encourage sitting and watching the street.

Response:

The proposal's ground level design is configured to maximize active uses along the majority of its 3 street frontages by consolidating garage and service access of the building towards the NE corner of the project along 13th Ave. The photography school's transparent ground level facade is envisioned as a glazed storefront system and so is the residential lobby and related street corner retail program at the SE corner of the project.



PL3-2-C **Street-Level Interaction**

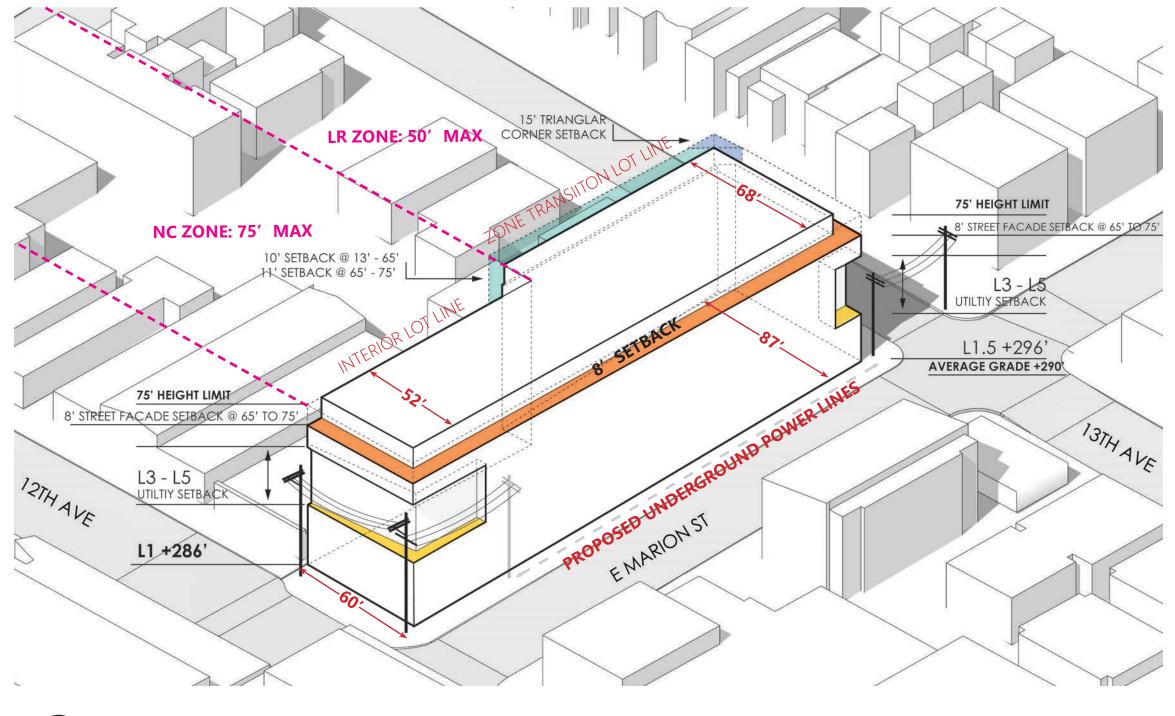
Streetscape Treatment

To protect pedestrians along the sidewalk, provide awnings or overhead weather protection at all non-residential frontages, neighborhood nodes, and on west-facing facades with a minimum depth of 6'. Larger commercial projects should have deeper coverage, with a minimum depth of 8' at all street frontages, especially street corners.

Response:

Continuous weather protection is proposed along the 12th Ave., E. Marion, and portions of the 13th Ave. street frontages. These weather protection elements not only shelter pedestrians and activities along the sidewalks but also frame building entrances and provide a human scaled pedestrian experience at the street level.

MASSING DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES IN RESPONSE TO ZONING CODE REQUIREMENTS AND SITE CONSTRAINTS





1.0 | PROJECT SUMMARY & SITE ANALYSIS

SITE CHALLENGES:

1) Very narrow site of only 60' deep on the west and 87' on the east.

2) Site has 3 street frontages and its narrow depth is further challenged by required utility line setbacks and upper level zoning setbacks.

3) Site abuts an interior lot line of NC zoning on 1/2 of the its northern property line which allows for buildings to be built right up to the property line, the other 1/2 abuts an LR zone with required zone transition setbacks.

- Massing
 - Utility setback @ L3-L5
 - 8' setback for street-facing facades @ 65' to 75'
 - 10' setback @ 13' 65' abutting an LR lot 11' setback @ 65' 75' abutting an LR lot
 - 15' triangle corner setback abutting a residential zone
 - Existing power pole
 - Proposed power pole





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2.0 PRIORITIES FROM EDG#1

CONCEPT 1 | THE FOLD



Unit Count: 168 Parking Stalls: 0

Opportunities:

- · Angeled massing creates a unique articulated facade
- · Interest created by folded geometry can accommodate a
- simple pallet of materials and building fenestration options · Continuous private decks on upper level

Constrains:

- · Large massing move relates to the institutional scale neighbors but less to the residential scale neighbors
- \cdot Horizontal orientation of the massing and recesses do not emphasize the building entries
- · Sculptural quality further emphasizes the building' s bulk
- · Shape of outdoor terrace at SE corner not as functional

Compliance:

· No Departures

CONCEPT 2 | THE INTERLOCK



Unit Count: 168 Parking Stalls: 42

Opportunities:

- · Articulation of upper level setback used to divide the build-
- ing mass into two distinct interlocking facade expressions.
- · Bay window modulation provided along the Marion and 13th street frontages
- · Allows for a larger upper-level building setback at the NE corner
- · Street level outdoor public terrace at SE corner

Constrains:

- · Results in a conventional prescriptive apartment building form
- · Requires an upper level setback departure

Compliance:

· Departure #1 - Upper Level Setback (See departure section for more details)

Opportunities:

- newer and future projects in the neighbourhood

Constrains:

Compliance:



CONCEPT 3 | THE APERTURE



Unit Count: 168 Parking Stalls: 42

· Articulation of upper level setback creates clear stepping geometry along the southern facade · Framed apertures highlight building corners and entries creating various datum lines that relate to the various intersection of scales in the neighbourhood · Simplified massing focuses on enhanced street corner apertures instead of the overall bulk of the building which is divided into a simple pixel grid of units · Street level outdoor public terrace at SE corner · Contemporary building design that responds better to

· Requires an upper level setback departure

· Departure #1 - Upper Level Setback (See departure section for more details)

PRIORITIES FROM EDG #1

OVERVIEW

THE BOARD SUPPORTED:

1. Massing Options and Zone Transition

 A_B,C_D : The large framed aperture at the Southwest corner of the building in Concept 3 "Aperture". The rhythmic bays of Concept 2 "Interlock" along 13th Ave. and E. Marion St. The upper-level setbacks shown around the eastern end of the massing of Concept 3 "Aperture".

2. Right-of-Way Street Trees, Ground Level Uses, and Street Activation:

- Residential uses, porches and stoops along the 13th Ave. frontage. Removal of **A**,B: exceptional tree if no viable option for below grade parking access is possible.
- D: The school's prominent and transparent location off the Southwest corner at 12th Ave. and E Marion.

3. Development Standard Departures:

Departure #1: The Board indicated preliminary support for the requested upper level setback departure noting that the additional mass towards the west along E Marion St. responds to the scale of Seattle U and E Marion St. The Board also supported the voluntary upper level setbacks to the north.

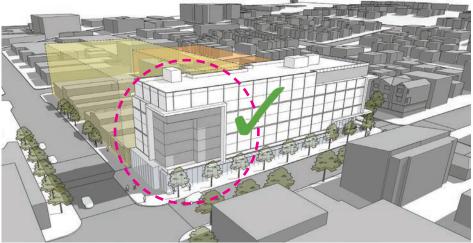
THE BOARD REQUESTED:

1. Massing Options and Zone Transition

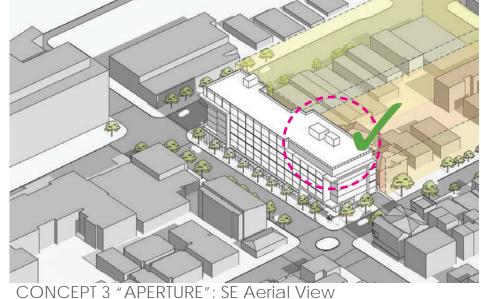
- A,B,C: Studies that break down the scale of the SE and 13th Ave. side of the building similar to Concept 2 "Interlock". The board suggested that a hybrid of Concept 2 and the large aperture element of Concept 3 would be a successful response to the various scales of the neighborhood.
- Studies of the aperture massing and secondary architectural features to D,E: enhance the infill portion of the facade.
- F: Attention to the northern facade to ensure appropriate levels of visual interest.

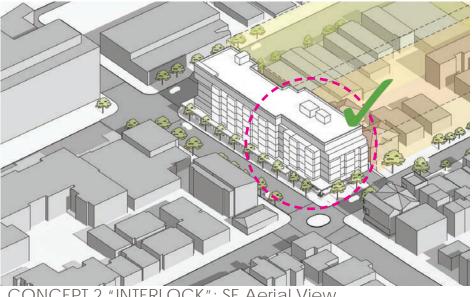
2. Right-of-Way Street Trees, Ground Level Uses, and Street Activation:

- A,C: Additional studies that move the garage entry and trash room to E. Marion St. to avoid the removal of the exceptional street tree on 13th Ave. and to free up space for residential uses along 13th.
- E,F: Consideration of layout and orientation of the residential entry, bike storage, temporary bike parking and cafe entry, Including the location of the ADA ramp to promote safety, ease of access, and sidewalk interaction.



CONCEPT 3 "APERTURE": SW Aerial View





CONCEPT 2 "INTERLOCK": SE Aerial View

EDG#1 THE BOARD SUPPORTED MASSING ELEMENTS:



VIBRANT CITIES

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3.0 ARCHITECTURAL MASSING CONCEPTS

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EDG #1 MASSING OPTIONS

CONCEPT 1 | THE FOLD





SW Aerial View

CONCEPT 2 | THE INTERLOCK



SW Aerial View

CONCEPT 3 | THE APERTURE (PREFERRED)





SE Aerial View



EDG#1 THE BOARD SUPPORTED:

1.

3.

Massing Options an A,B,C,D:	d Zone Transition The large framed ape Concept 3 " Aperture along 13th Ave. and around the eastern e
Development Stand Departure #1:	

preliminary support for the requested upper level setback departure noting that the additional mass towards the west along E Marion St. responds to the scale of Seattle U and E Marion St. The Board also supported the voluntary upper level setbacks to the north including the reduction of the 8' setback to 6' at the eastern end including the reduction of the 8' setback to 6' at the eastern end.

EDG#1 THE BOARD REQUESTED:

1. Massing Options ar A,B,C:	nd Zone Transition Studies that break do building similar to Co hybrid of Concept 2 would be a successfu neighborhood.
RESPONSE:	Similar bay-window r been incorporated ir Marion St. frontage to from the West to the the East.
D,E:	Studies of the apertu enhance the infill po
RESPONSE:	The applicant has stu framing at the SW cc presence. In the app further refined with a gradually transition fr "interlock" character
F:	Attention to the north interest.
RESPONSE:	The north facade ag articulated with bay fenestration and wine where blank wall cor could be mitigated.

perture at the Southwest corner of the building in e". The rhythmic bays of Concept 2 "Interlock" E. Marion St. The upper-level setbacks shown end of the massing of Concept 3 "Aperture".

own the scale of the SE and 13th Ave. side of the oncept 2 "Interlock". The board suggested that a and the large aperture element of Concept 3 ful response to the various scales of the

rhythm from the Option 2 - "Interlock" option has into the latest preferred massing option so that the E. transitions from the larger scaled "Aperture" massing e more residential scaled "interlock" massing towards

ure massing and secondary architectural features to ortion of the facade.

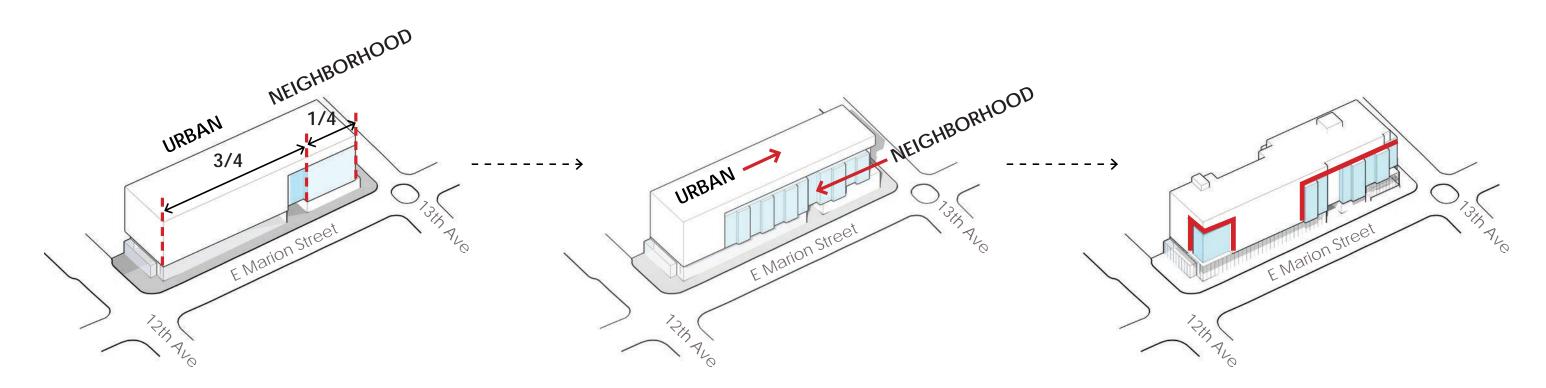
udied some alternatives to the scale of the aperture orner to give the aperture a more dominant corner plicant's latest preferred massing the aperture form is a unifying character that help the building design from the "Aperture" language on the west to the er to the East.

thern facade to ensure appropriate levels of visual

gainst the residential transition zone has been further window ins and outs. The applicant has also shown ndow patterning locations to better communicate onditions exists and some initial ideas on how those



CONCEPT 4 | THE HYBRID - FORM GENERATION DIAGRAM



MASSING DIVISION

- 3/4 block scale = Seattle U.
- 1/4 block scale = Residential Neighbourhood

INTERLOCKING SCALES

- Urban fabric = West (12th Ave.)
- Residential fabric = East (13th Ave.)



HYBRID BALANCE

• Bay window articulation towards the East • Aperture feature towards the West

EDG #2 MASSING OPTIONS

CONCEPT 4 | THE HYBRID



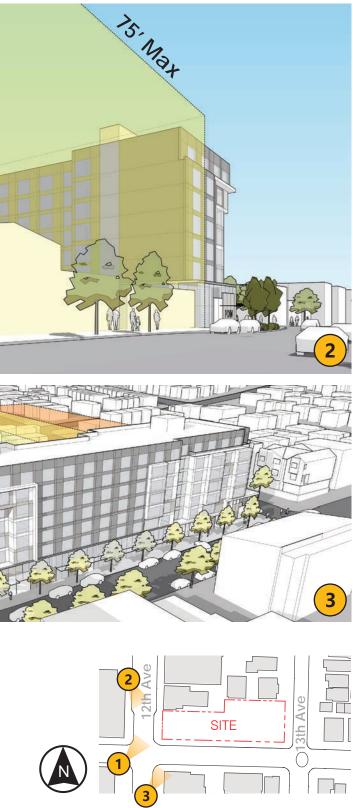


PEDESTRIAN VIEW - Looking north-east from intersection of 12th Ave. and E Marion St. 1

PEDESTRIAN VIEW - Looking south on 12th Ave. 2

AERIAL VIEW - Looking north-east (3)





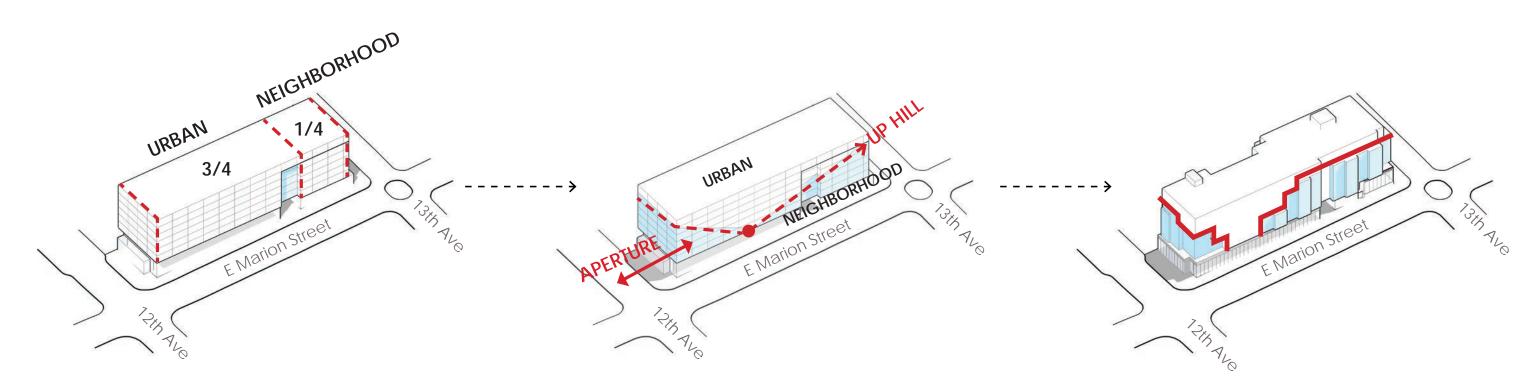
CONCEPT 4 - THE HYBRID | MODEL VIEWS



4	PEDESTRIAN	VIEW - Looking north-west f	rom
	intersection	of 13th Ave. and E Marion S	St.

EDG #2 MASSING OPTIONS

CONCEPT 5 | THE CONVERGENCE (PREFERRED) - FORM GENERATION DIAGRAM



MASSING DIVISION

- 3/4 block scale = Seattle U.
- 1/4 block scale = Residential Neighborhood
- Residential unit grid divisions

CONVERGENCE OF SCALES

- Urban fabric = SW frontage (12th Ave.)
- Residential fabric = SE frontage (13th Ave.)
- Transition with the uphill slope of E. Marion St.
- Celebrate SW corner with Aperture feature



PIXELATED BLEND

 Articulate and contrast • Pixelate the facade based on residential unit modules

EDG #2 MASSING OPTIONS

CONCEPT 5 | THE CONVERGENCE (PREFERRED)







FOCUS ON 12TH AVE APARTMENTS, SEATTLE - EDG #2 12.08.2022

CONCEPT 5 - THE CONVERGENCE | MODEL VIEWS



EDG #2 MASSING OPTIONS COMPARISON

CONCEPT 4 | THE HYBRID



SW Aerial View

Unit Count: 169 Parking Stalls: 44

Highlights:

- Hybrid of the Interlock and Aperture concepts of EDG#1
- Linear transition between two types of building articulation
- Appropriate scale divisions based on frontage

Compliance:

• Departure #1 needed - Upper Level Setback





SW Aerial View

Unit Count: 169 Parking Stalls: 44

Highlights:

- New concept derived from the Interlock and Aperture concepts of EDG#1
- Dynamic transition between two types of building articulation
- Stepping and Pixalated transition relates to the slope of the street
- Aperture recess at the SW corner follows the rhythm of the new concept
- Appropriate scale divisions based on frontage

Compliance:

• Departure #1 needed - Upper Level Setback

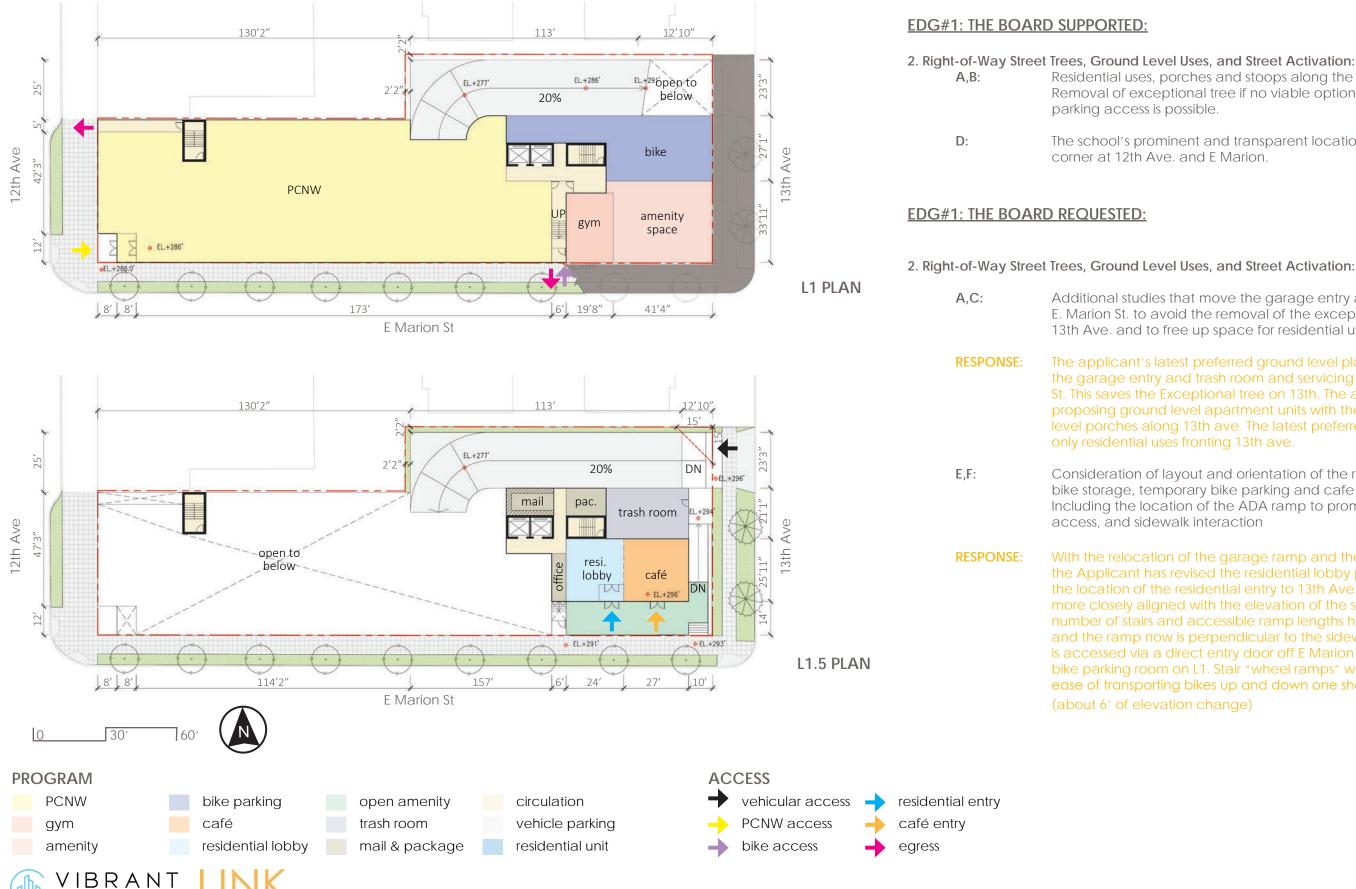




4.0 GROUND LEVEL DEVELOPMENT

CITIES

EDG#1 | GROUND LEVEL FLOOR PLANS



Residential uses, porches and stoops along the 13th Ave. frontage. Removal of exceptional tree if no viable option for below grade parking access is possible.

The school's prominent and transparent location off the Southwest corner at 12th Ave. and E Marion.

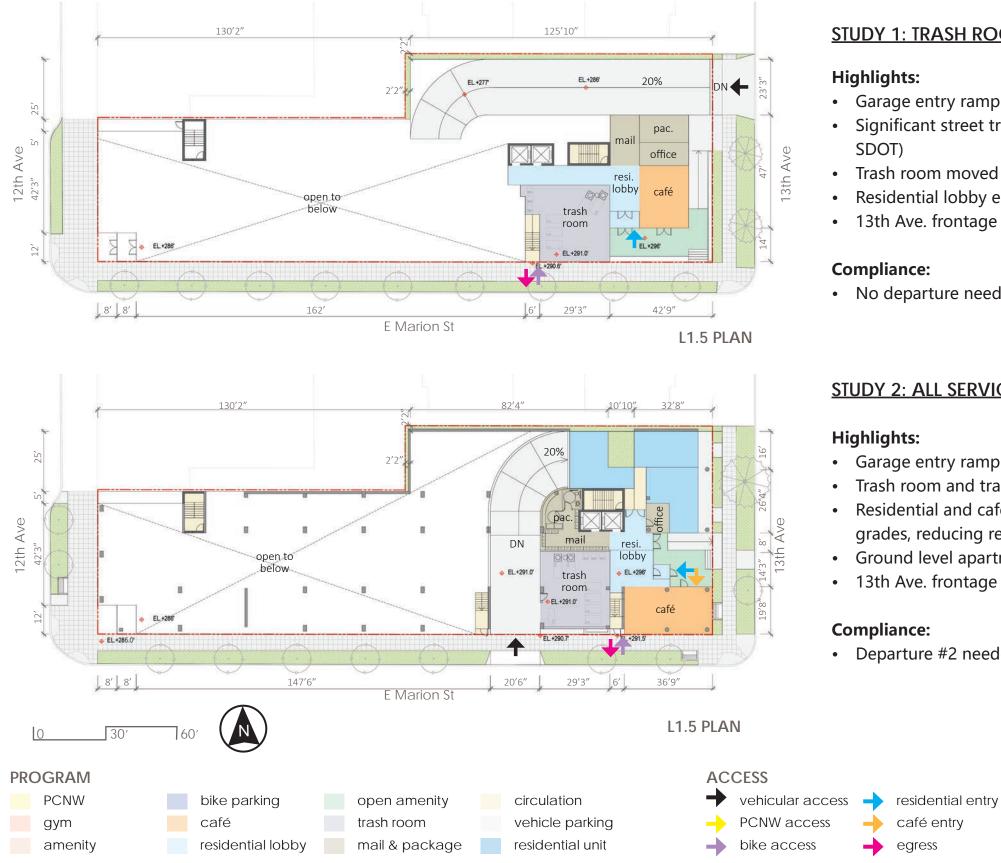
Additional studies that move the garage entry and trash room to E. Marion St. to avoid the removal of the exceptional street tree on 13th Ave. and to free up space for residential uses along 13th.

The applicant's latest preferred ground level plan relocates both the garage entry and trash room and servicing to E Marion St. This saves the Exceptional tree on 13th. The applicant is also proposing ground level apartment units with their own sidewalk level porches along 13th ave. The latest preferred plans now has only residential uses fronting 13th ave.

Consideration of layout and orientation of the residential entry, bike storage, temporary bike parking and cafe entry, Including the location of the ADA ramp to promote safety, ease of access, and sidewalk interaction

With the relocation of the garage ramp and the trash room, the Applicant has revised the residential lobby plan and moved the location of the residential entry to 13th Ave. where it is now more closely aligned with the elevation of the sidewalk. The number of stairs and accessible ramp lengths have been reduced and the ramp now is perpendicular to the sidewalk. Bike parking is accessed via a direct entry door off E Marion st. down to the bike parking room on L1. Stair "wheel ramps" will be provided for ease of transporting bikes up and down one short flight of stairs. (about 6' of elevation change)

EDG#2 | GROUND LEVEL USE AND BUIDLING SERVICING STUDIES



STUDY 1: TRASH ROOM @ E MARION, AUTO ACCRSS @ 13TH

Highlights:

- Garage entry ramp remains on 13th Ave.
- SDOT)
- Trash room moved to E Marion St.
- Residential lobby entry and cafe entry remain off E Marion St.
- 13th Ave. frontage taken up by ADA ramp and garage entry

Compliance:

• No departure needed

STUDY 2: ALL SERVICING OFF E MARION (PREFERRED)

Highlights:

- Garage entry ramp moved to E Marion St. (Supported by SDOT)
- grades, reducing required steps and ADA ramp lengths at entry stoop
- Ground level apartments added to NE corner of the project

Compliance:

• Departure #2 needed - Setback abutting residential zones

29

Significant street tree on 13th Ave. will need to be removed (Not Supported by

Trash room and trash pickup located off E Marion St. (Supported by SDOT) Residential and cafe entries moved to 13th Ave. to better align with sidewalk 13th Ave. frontage now consists of residential porches, stoops and entries

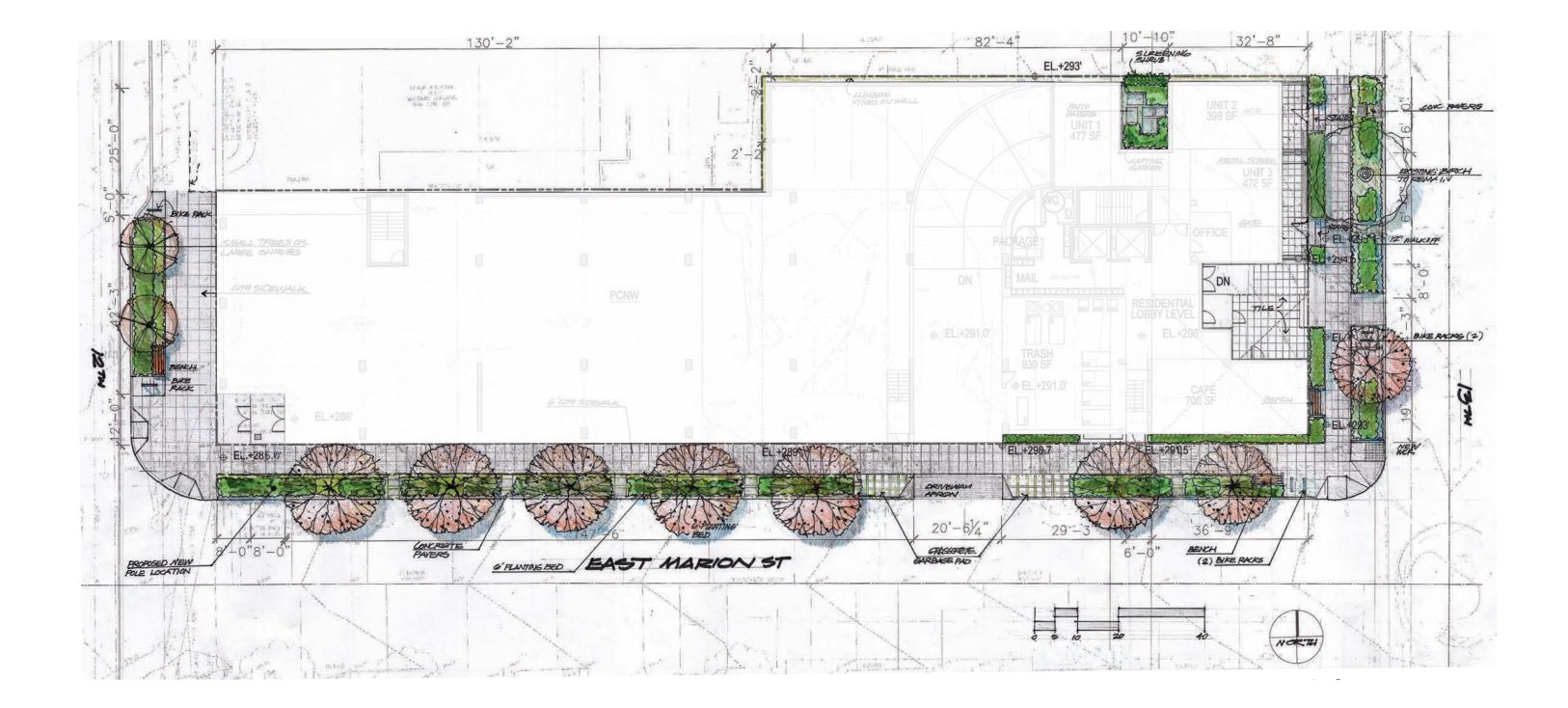




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PROPOSED LANDSCAPE GROUND LEVEL PLAN





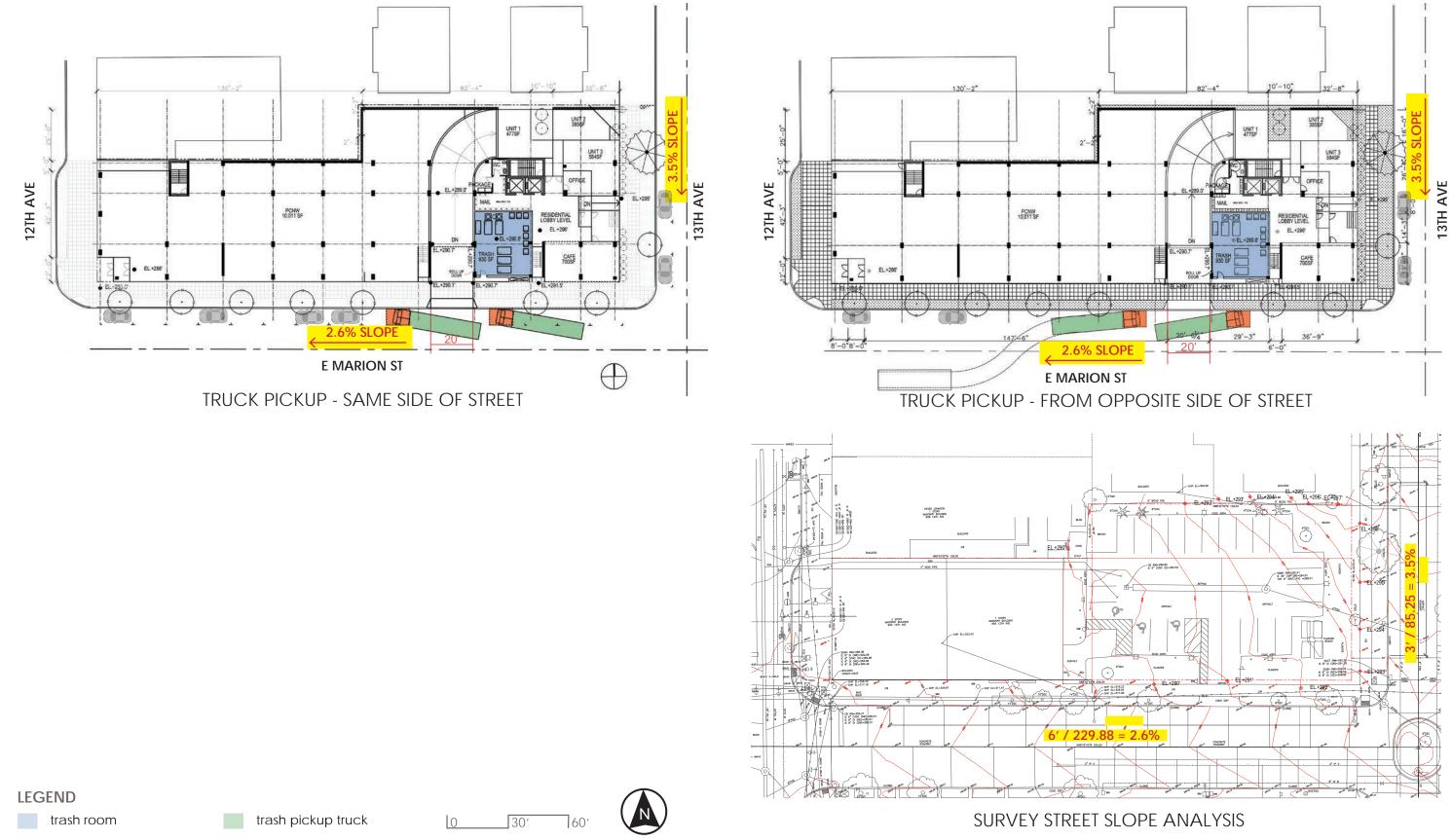
31



SOLID WASTE PICKUP DIAGRAMS OFF 13TH AVE (NOT SUPPORTED BY SPU/SDOT)

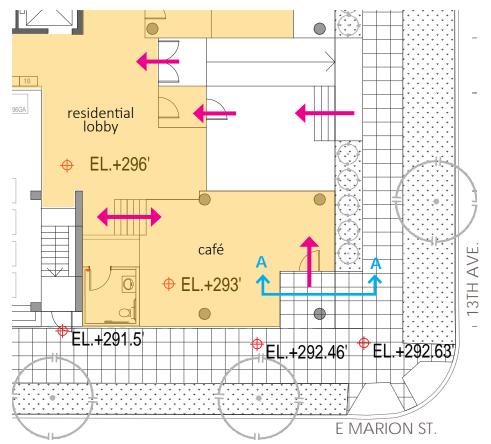
0	30'	60′	
0	30′	60′	

SOLID WASTE PICKUP DIAGRAMS OFF 13TH AVE (SUPPORTED BY SPU/SDOT) - PREFERRED





STUDY 1: CAFE ENTRY @ E MARION ST.



ENLARGED PLAN

OPPORTUNITIES:

1. CORNER CAFE'S FLOOR ELEVATION IS LOWERED TO SIDEWALK LEVEL TO ALLOW DIRECT ACCESS OFF THE SIDEWALK FROM E MARION ST.



SECTION A-A

CHALLENGES:

1. AN INTERIOR STAIR IS NEED TO CONNECT THE CAFE SPACE TO THE RESIDENTIAL ENTRY MAKING IT HARDER FOR THE CAFE TO BE USED AS PART OF THE LOBBY.

2. THE CAFE'S ALREADY SMALL SIZE IS FURTHER REDUCED AND DOMINATED BY CIRCULATION AND A BATHROOM. THE RESULTING DOMINANT STREET CORNER ENTRY INTO SUCH A SPACE IS CONFUSING AT BEST.

3. LOWERING THE FLOOR SLAB ELEVATION AT THE CAFE IMPACTS THE USABLE B1 RESIDENTIAL AMENITY SPACES BELOW



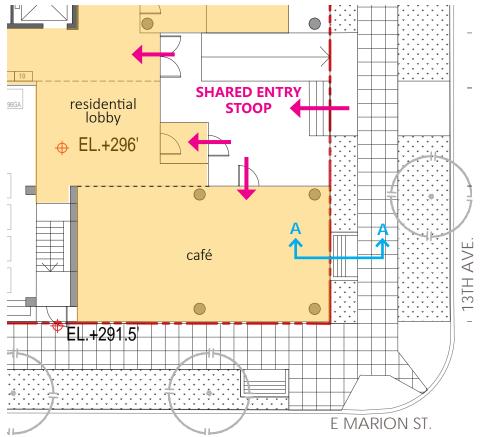
E. MARION ST. ELEVATION





SOUTHEAST BUILDING CORNER STUDY

STUDY 2: CAFE ENTRY AT SHARED PORCH @ 13th AVE. (PREFERRED)



ENLARGED PLAN

OPPORTUNITIES:

1. CORNER CAFE'S FLOOR ELEVATION IS THE SAME AS THE RESIDENTIAL LOBBY AND ACCESSED OF A COMMON PORCH ALONG 13TH AVE.

2. SLIGHTLY ELEVATED FLOOR OF THE CAFE AT THE STREET CORNER ALLOWS FOR SOME SEPARATION BETWEEN SIDEWALK USERS AND CAFE GUESTS WHILE MAINTAINING VISUAL CONNECTIONS AND A BETTER VANTAGE POINT FOR "EYES ON THE STREET". STREET FURNITURE AND LANDSCAPE HELP TO SOFTEN THAT EDGE.

3. SIZE OF CAFE IS LARGE ENOUGH TO BE VIABLE AND IS ENVISIONED AS AN EXTENSION OF THE RESIDENTIAL LOBBY THAT HELPS TO ACTIVATE THE ENTIRE GROUND LEVEL.

4. THE CAFE CAN SHARE SUPPORT SPACES LIKE RESTROOMS WITH THE RESIDENTIAL LOBBY MAKING THIS LAYOUT MUCH MORE EFFICIENT.



SECTION A-A

CHALLENGES:

1. CAFE FLOOR ELEVATION IS ELEVATED ABOVE THE SIDEWALK

CENTRAL AREA DESIGN GUIDELINES:

CS1-1-A. RESPOND TO LOCAL TOPOGRAPHY WITH TERRACES, STOOPS... USE APPROPRIATELY SCALED ROCKERIES, STAIRS AND LANDSCAPING TO TRANSITION BETWEEN THE SIDEWALK, BUILDING FACADE AND ENTRANCES..

PL3-1-C&G. PROMOTE TRANSPARENCY "AND EYES ON THE STREET" AT RESIDENTIAL PROJECTS, PROVIDE COUPLED ENTRIES WHERE POSSIBLE TO FOSTER A SENSE OF COMMUNITY AND VISUAL INTEREST IN BUILDING ENTRYWAYS. PROVIDE GENEROUS PORCHES AT THESE ENTRIES TO ENCOURAGE SITTING AND WATCHING THE STREET



E. MARION ST. ELEVATION







SOUTHEAST BUILDING CORNER REFERENCE IMAGES



CORNER RETAIL REFERENCE IMAGES

RESIDENTIAL ENTRANCE REFERENCE IMAGES

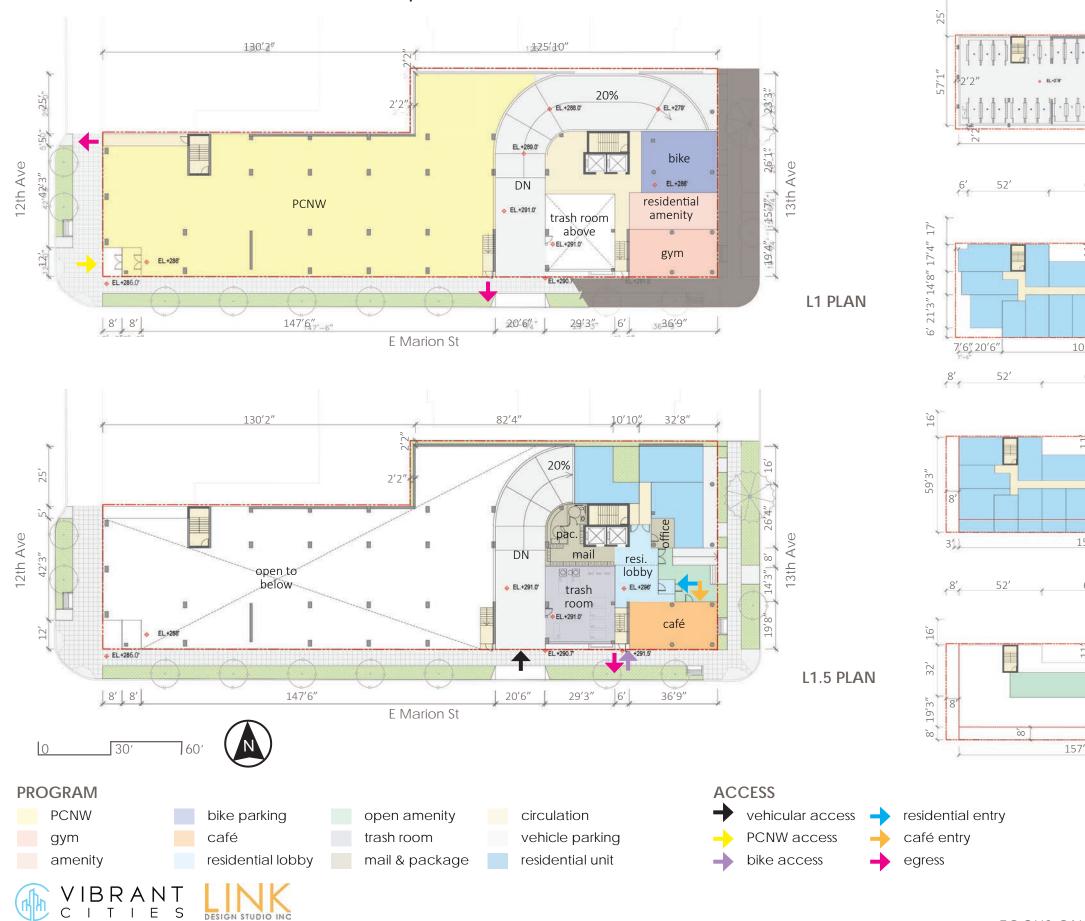


4.0 | GROUND LEVEL DEVELOPMENT 37

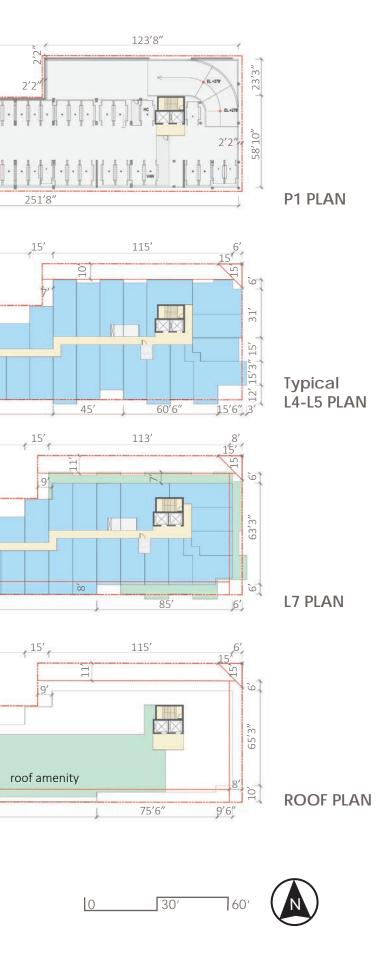




CONCEPT 5 - THE CONVERGENCE | FLOOR PLANS



FOCUS ON 12TH AVE APARTMENTS, SEATTLE - EDG #2 12.08.2022



128′

60'

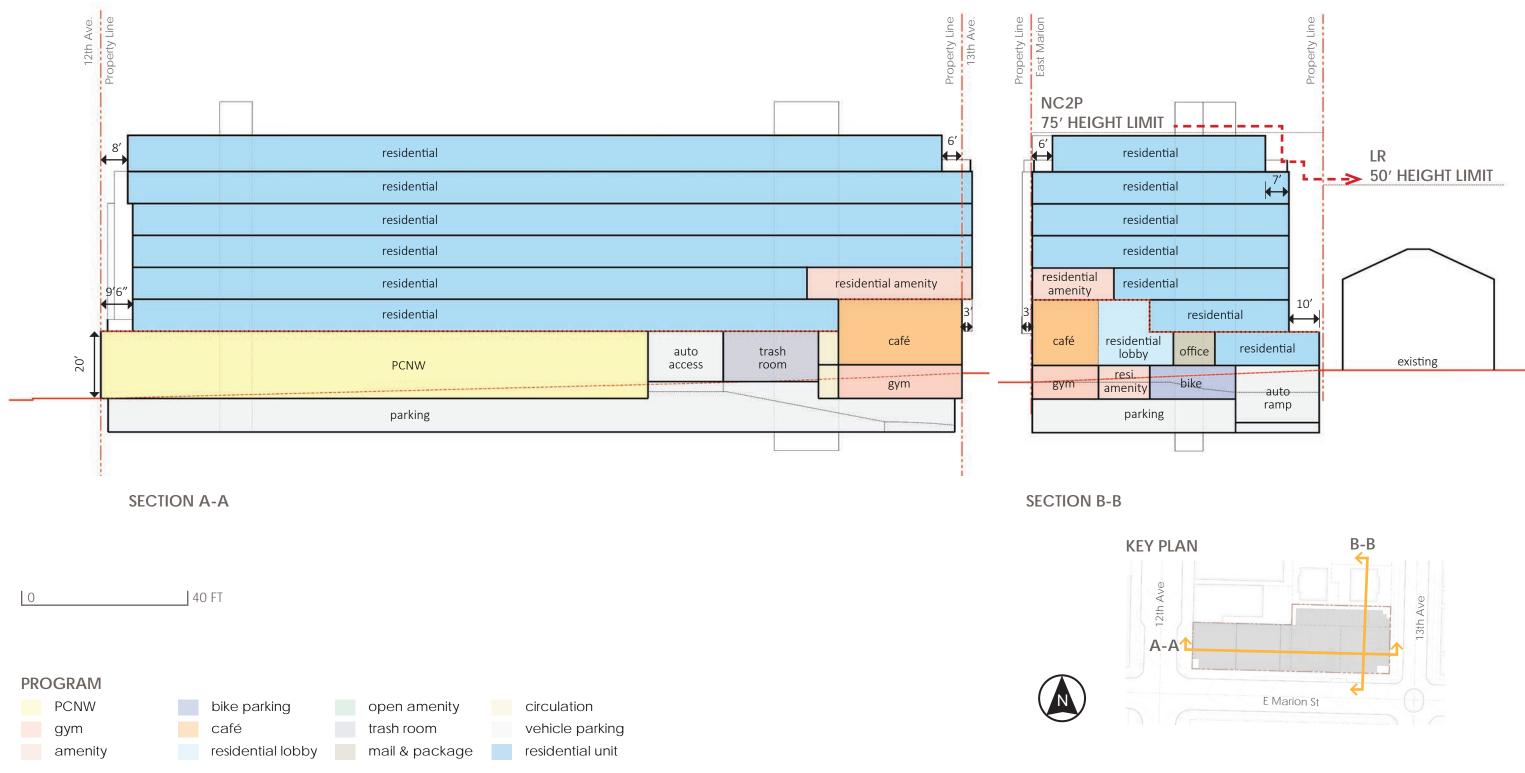
105'

60'

157'

60'

CONCEPT 5 - THE CONVERGENCE | TYPICAL SECTIONS





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5.0 DEPARTURES

DEPATURE #1 SMC 23.47A.014.C - UPPER LEVEL SETBACK (APPLIES TO CONCEPT 5)

STANDARD	REQUIREMENT	PROPOSED	
SMC 23.47A.014.C Upper-level setbacks for street-facing facades.	For zones with a height limit of 75 feet, 85 feet, or 95 feet, the street-facing facade shall be set back as follows: 1. For zones with a height limit of 75 feet, portions of structures above 65 feet must be set back from the front lot line by an average depth of 8 feet.	Request a departure from the full required upper level facade setback along a portion of E. Marion St. and additionally request a reduced setback of 6' instead of 8' along 13th ave. and portions of E. Marion. The building is currently required to provide an 8' deep setback on all of its 3 street frontages on the top floor (Level 7). By allowing a portion of the top floor to remain flush with the rest of the building at the SW corner, a stepped massing expression along E. Marion street is possible with the taller massing (7 levels perceived) relating in height to the new Seattle U science building to the west and the shorter massing (5 levels perceived) relating to the residential context to the east.	This of expr bigg add allow west leve unit the r solar CS2- Con Porc DC2 DC3

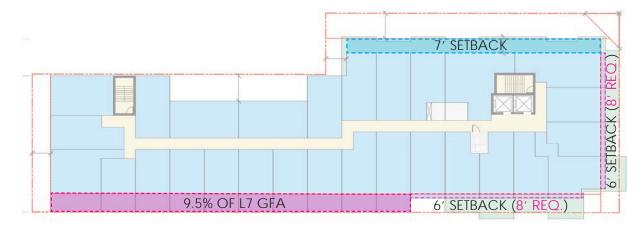


JUSTIFICATION

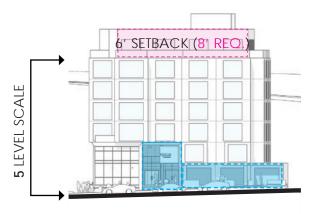
is departure allows for a stepped massing pression along E. Marion St. It does not result in a gger building (development FAR) but allows for dditional larger residential units. The departure ows for additional articulation along the north, est and east facing facades and deeper ground vel setbacks at the residential entry stoop and hit porches along 13th. Setback reductions on e north and west side of the street have minimal lar impact.

52-1-B Transition and Delineation of Zones PL1-2-B onnection Back to the Community PL3-2-I orches and Stoops C2-1-C,D,E Building Layout and Massing C3 -1-C Common Open Spaces

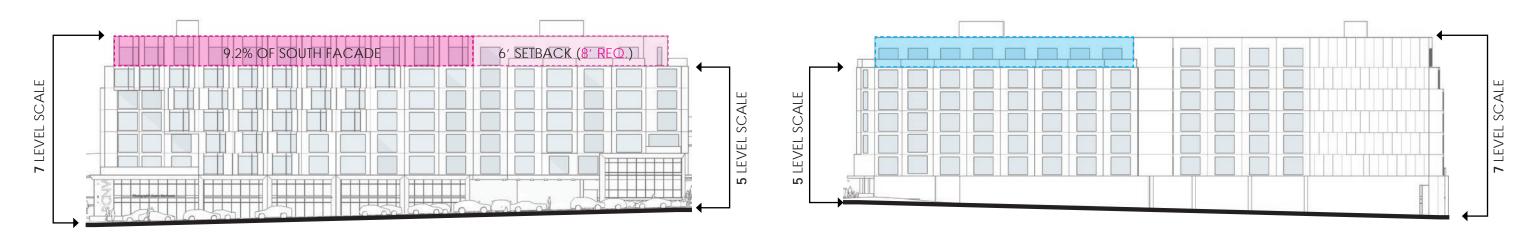
DEPARTURE #1 UPPER LEVEL SETBACK DIAGRAMS







EAST ELEVATION (13TH AVE)



SOUTH ELEVATION SHOWING REQUIRED AND VOLUNTARY SETBACKS (E MARION ST)

NORTH ELEVATION SHOWING VOLUNTARY SETBACKS

departure request zone voluntary setback zone





VIBRANT CITIES

DEPATURE #2 SMC 23.47A.014.B - SETBACK ABUTTING RESIDENTIAL ZONES (APPLIES TO CONCEPT 5)

STANDARD	REQUIREMENT	PROPOSED	
SMC 23.47A.014.B Setback requirements for lots abutting or across the alley from residential zones.	1. A setback is required where a lot abuts the intersection of a side lot line and front lot line of a lot in a residential zone or a lot that is zoned both commercial and residential if the commercial zoned portion of the abutting lot is less than 50 percent of the width or depth of the lot. The required setback forms a triangular area. Two sides of the triangle extend along the street lot line and side lot line 15 feet from the intersection of the residentially zoned lot's front lot line and the side lot line abutting the residentially zoned lot. The third side connects these two sides with a diagonal line across the commercially zoned lot.	Request a departure from the triangular setback zone at the Northeast corner of the lot to allow one level of a corner of a street level residential unit to encroach into the 15' setback zone by 50%, 7'10" vs the required 15'.	This con dep a po at th desi sigh tree fact story CS2 PL1- PL3- DC2



JUSTIFICATION

is departure allows for a consistent street edge ondition of residential porches that is uniform in epth along 13th Ave. and avoids the creation of potentially unsafe deeper angled void space the street that is foreign to the overall massing esign of the project. Has minimal impact to ghtliness from the adjacent lot due to existing ees and landscape at the property line and the ct that the requested encroachment is only one ory tall.

S2-1-B Transition and Delineation of Zones .1-2-B Connection Back to the Community .3-2-I Porches and Stoops C2-1-C,D,E Building Layout and Massing

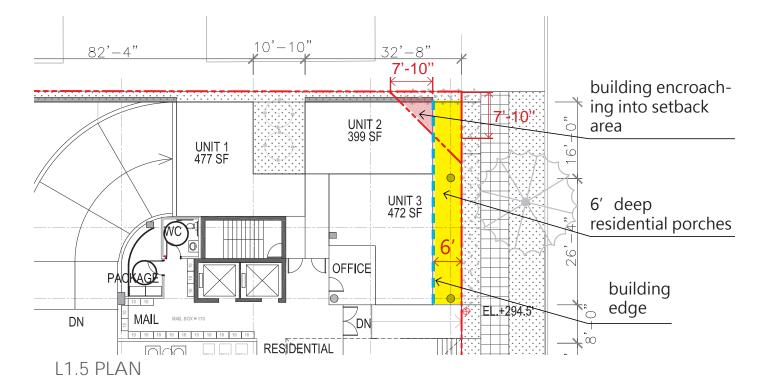
DEPARTURE #2 NE CORNER RESIDENTIAL PORCHES OPTIONS

OPTION1 (CODE COMPLIANT)

10'-10" 82'-4" UNIT 2 385\$F ; C triangular UNIT 1 477SF porch UNIT 3 584SF building edge OFFICE EL.+289.0' EL.+295 MAIL MAIL BOX = 1 KDN 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 F _ 00 RESIDENTIAL L1.5 PLAN



VIEW TOWARDS 13TH AVE RESIDENTIAL UNITS





VIEW TOWARDS 13TH AVE RESIDENTIAL UNITS

OPTION2 (DEPARTURE REQUEST) - PREFERRED



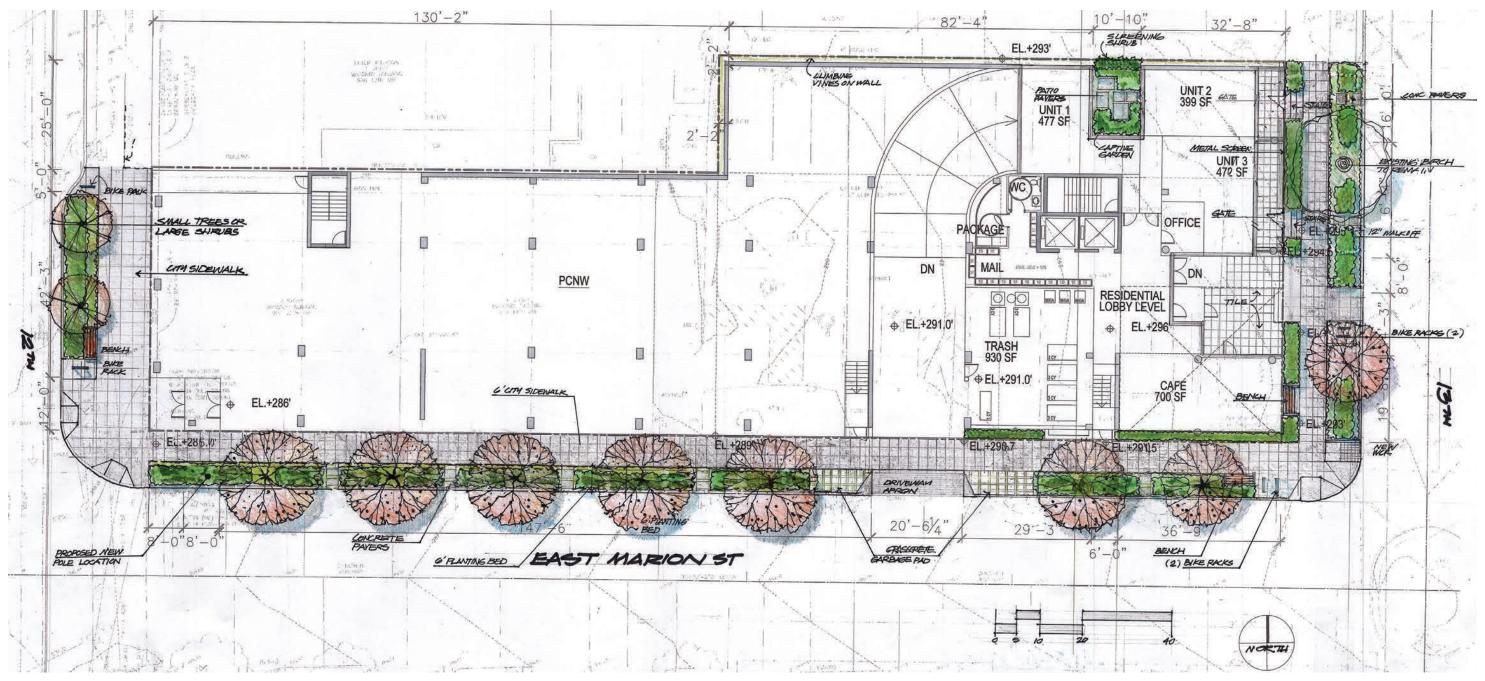
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6.0 LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE: PROPOSED STREET TREES AND PLANTING BEDS



SITE PLAN DEVELOPMENT NARRATIVE STREETS, SIDEWALKS AND SITE FURNITURE

The project will include the removal of the existing street trees, sidewalks, and demolition of all structures within the property lines.

New curbs and sidewalks will be provided along 12th Ave., 13Th Ave. and East Marion Street. New standard width sidewalks will have the City of Seattle Standard two-foot grid pattern of broom finished concrete. On East Marion Street and on 12th and 13th Avenues a 6' width planting bed will align with the street curb. The proposed street trees will be selected by the City of Seattle, however KLLA is recommending columnar English Oak for East Marion Street. Along 13th Avenue, a larger growing and spreading locust will provide filtered light with their small leaves and open structure. The smaller leaves are easier to maintain. Two small trees are proposed along 12th Ave because of overhead power lines and a 30-foot setback requirement from the street corner. There is an increase of street trees, from 8 to 11.

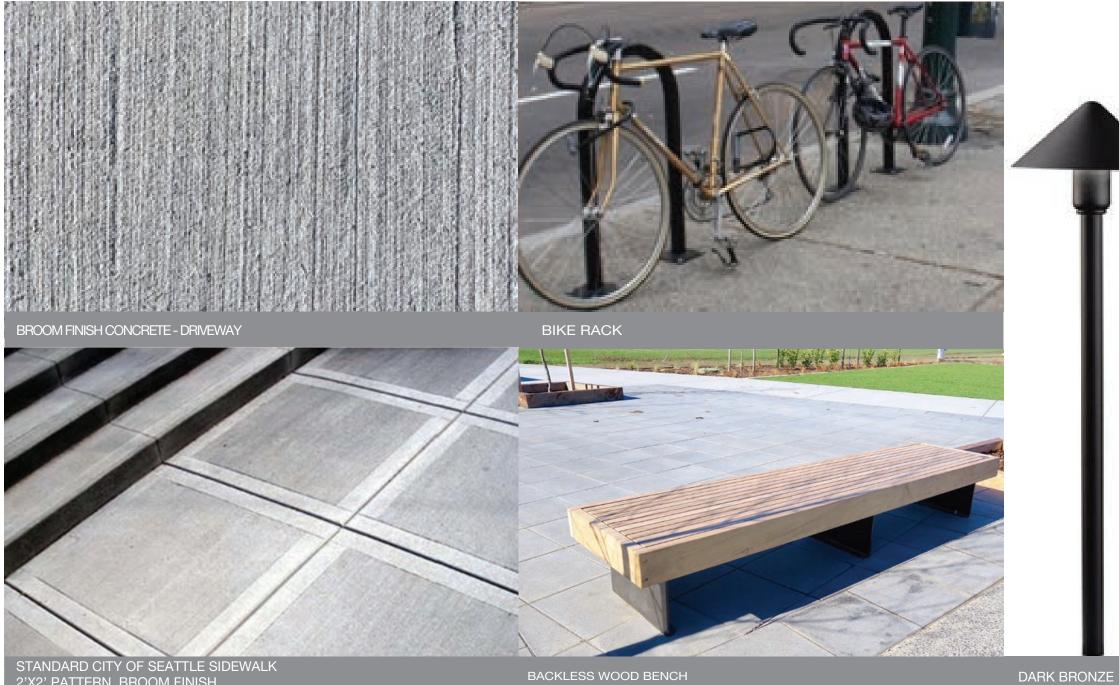
Parking access will be re-paved with broom finished concrete. Seattle Standard bike racks are located near both west entrances and near the southeast corner of the property. Benches are proposed near the sidewalk at the corner of East Marion and 13th and near the building entrance on 12th.

PLANTINGS

Plantings are chosen for ease of maintenance, variety of color, texture, drought tolerance, and seasonality.



LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE: STREET LEVEL MATERIALS



STANDARD CITY OF SEATTLE SIDEWALK 2'X2' PATTERN, BROOM FINISH



SITE FURNITURE

LIGHTING

6.0 | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE 49











50 6.0 | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE: STREET LEVEL PLANTS

(nfh)



STREET TREES



LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE: ROOF LEVEL PLAN







52 6.0 | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE: ROOF LEVEL MATERIALS





SOFA, SYNTHETIC WICKER





LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE: ROOF LEVEL PLANTS





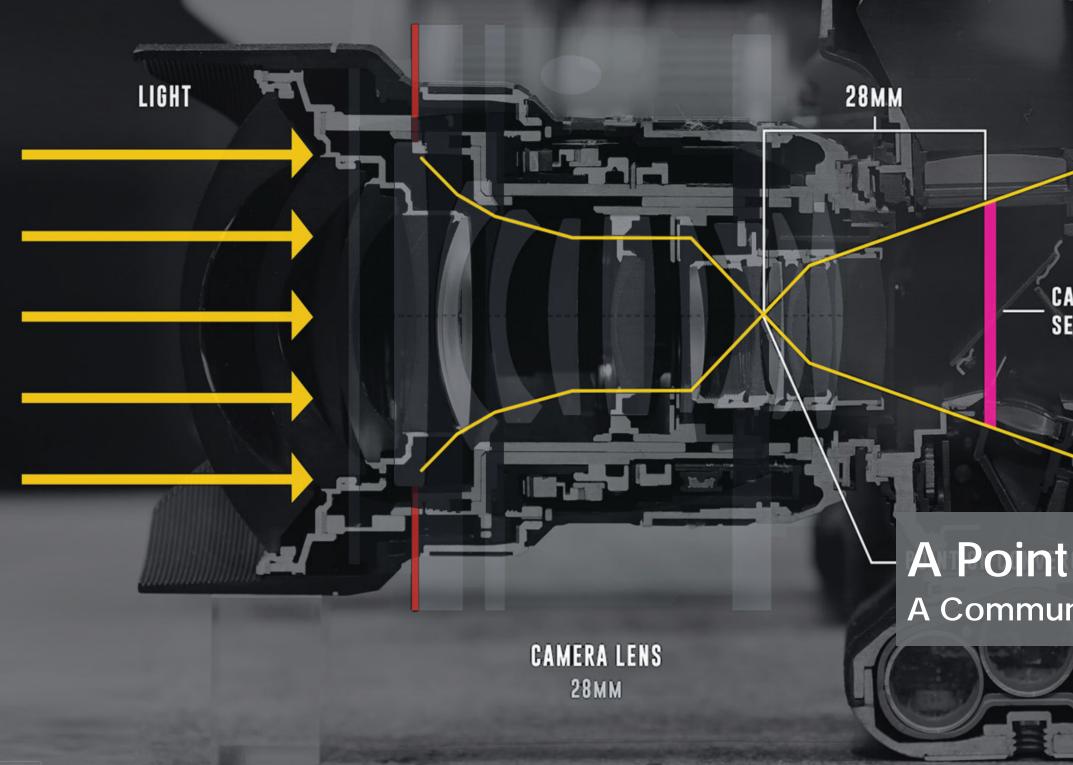
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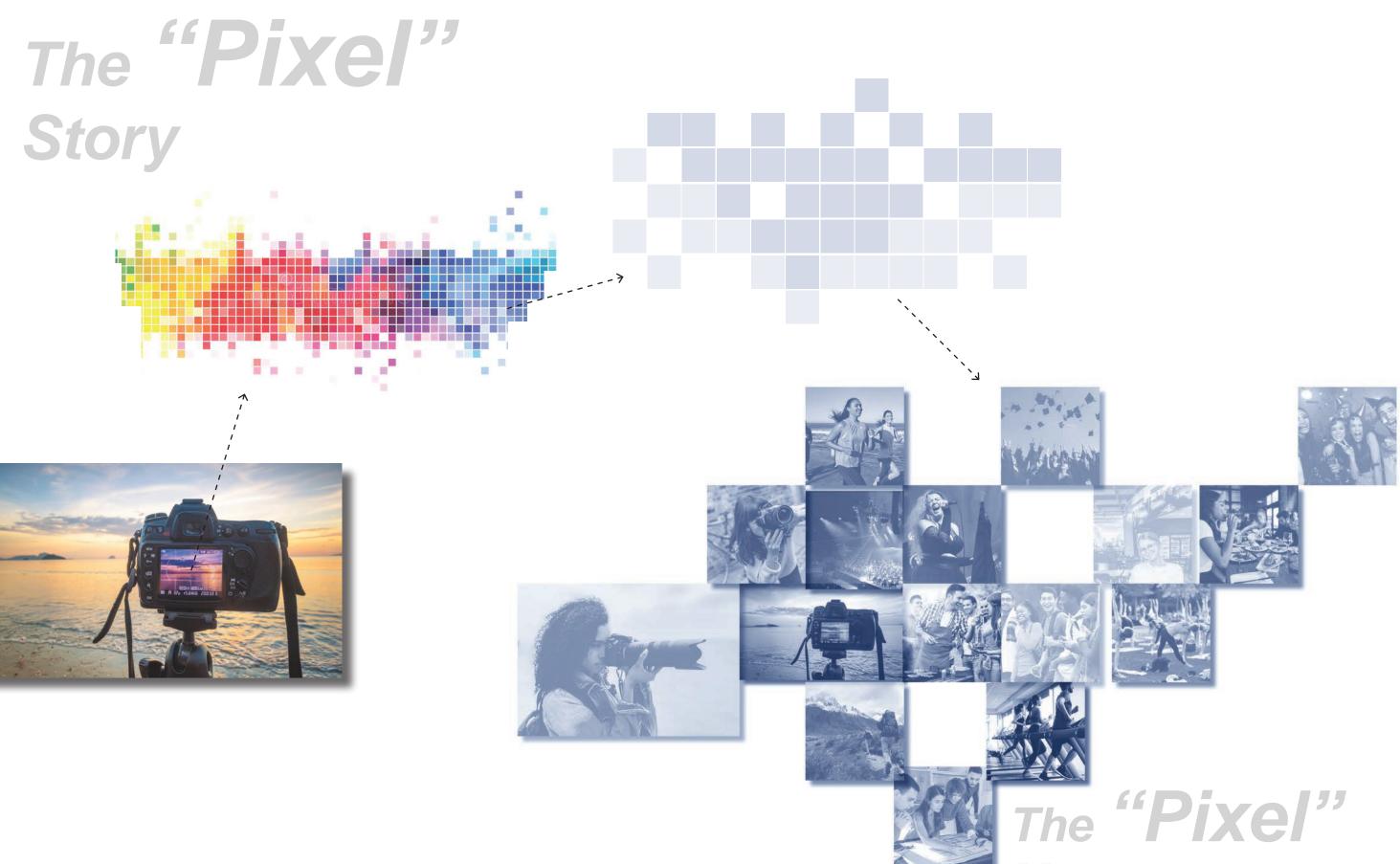
7.0 CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT OF PREFERRED OPTION

Let's Create ...



CAMERA Sensor

A Point of Convergence A Community Focal Point





58 7.0 | CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT OF PREFERRED OPTION FACADE REFERENCE IMAGES



STEPPED BUILDING RECESSES HIGHLIGHT BUILDING ENTRIES AND CORNERS



CONTRAST IN FACADE PANEL COLORS ENHANCES OVERALL MASSING MOVES

VIBRANT CITIES



DYNAMIC WINDOW PATTERNING CREATES MOVEMENT ON THE FACADE



DYNAMIC PANEL PATTERNING BREAKS DOWN SCALE AND CREATES INTEREST AND MOVEMENT







