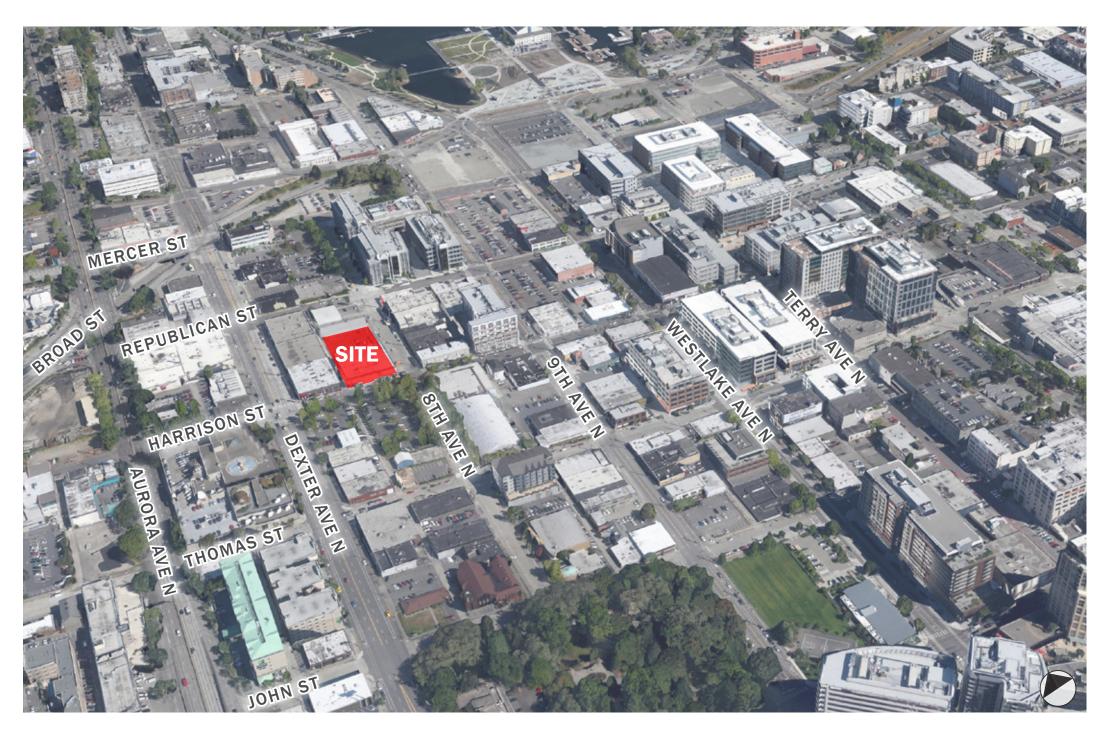


401 8TH AVENUE NORTH

EARLY DESIGN GUIDANCE | MUP #3017379

WEST DESIGN REVIEW BOARD MEETING - OCTOBER 1, 2014



CONTENTS

PROPOSAL	
Attachment A	2
Project Vision and Data	3
SITE CONTEXT AND URBAN DESIGN ANALYSIS	
Urban Center	4
City Context	6
Zoning	12
Neighborhood Development	14
Views	16
Streetscapes	20
EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS	
Existing Site Photos	24
Future Development	26
Site Constraints and Opportunities	27
Existing Site Survey	29
DESIGN GUIDELINES	30
ARCHITECTURAL CONCEPT	
Summary	33
Massing Option A	34
Massing Option B	40
Massing Option C	46
Sun Studies	52
Landscape Ideas	62
Tower Studies	64
Anticipated Sustainabile Measures	65
DEPARTURE REQUESTS	66
APPENDIX	68





CITY OF SEATTLE | APPLICATION FOR EARLY DESIGN GUIDANCE PART I: CONTACT INFO

1. Property Address: 401 8th Avenue North, Seattle, WA 98109

2. Project number: #3017379

3. Additional related project number(s): none

4. Owner/Lessee Name City Investors XXII LLC

5. Contact Person* Name
Firm
Permit Consultants NW
Mailing Address
City State Zip
Jodi Patterson O'Hare
Permit Consultants NW
26456 Marine View Dr So
Des Moines, WA 98198

Phone 425.681.4718
E-mail address jodi@permitcnw.com

6. Applicant's Name Michele Wang AIA Relationship to Project Project Manager

7. Design Professional's Name Brian Runberg AIA

Runberg Architecture Group, PLLC

Address 1 Yesler Way, Suite 200
Phone (206) 956-1970
Email address brianr@runberg.com

8. Applicant's Signature______Date _____

PART II: SITE AND DEVELOPMENT INFO

1. Please describe the existing site, including location, existing uses and/or structures, topographical or other physical features, etc.

The site is located in the South Lake Union Hub Urban Village. The site is approximately nine blocks west of Interstate 5, two blocks east of Aurora Avenue, three blocks north of Denny Park and approximately 1/4 mile southwest of Lake Union. The site measures approximately 120' x 240', the southern 2/3 of the half block bounded by 8th Avenue North to the east, Harrison Street to the south, an alley to the west and Republican Street to the north. Immediately to the north of the site is a commercial property. The site slopes gently downward from the SW to the NE +/- 6 ft. The commercial property at the north end of the site is currently occupied by a one-story office building and garage (Glazer's). The south half of the site is occupied by a two-story office building constructed in 1928.

2. Please indicate the site's zoning and any other overlay designations, including applicable Neighborhood-Specific Guidelines.

The site zoning is SM 85-240' (Seattle Mixed). It is located within the SLU Hub Urban Village, which is an Urban Center. Harrison Street is a Class 2 pedestrian street. Eighth Avenue North is a Neighborhood Green Street. South Lake Union published Neighborhood Design Guidelines in May 2005. Those Neighborhood Design Guidelines were reformatted in February 2011 to reflect the new format, organization and numbering system of the Seattle Design Guidelines adopted in 2013.

3. Please describe neighboring development and uses, including adjacent zoning, physical features, existing architectural and siting patterns, views, community landmarks, etc.

The site is at the northern end of the SM 85-240' zone. That zone is located on both sides of 8th Avenue North between John and Republican Streets. Zoning standards favor residential uses in this zone. Surrounding zoning is SM 160'/85-240'. The neighborhood slopes down towards the east and north, towards Lake Union. Existing surrounding uses include biomedical research, market-rate housing, commercial office space as well as several underutilized light industrial and light commercial uses. Pursuant to the 2013 rezone, a number of office and residential towers in the immediate vicinity are currently under construction or in the entitlements process. Community landmarks include South Lake Union Park to the north and Denny Park to the south. The University of Washington Research Lab is to the north of the site. The Gates Foundation and Seattle Center are within walking distance to the west and will be easily accessible by foot once the SR-99 realignment is completed to facilitate pedestrian crossing over Aurora Ave N. Republican Street at the north end of the project block will be an off-ramp for the future SR-99 tunnel. Restaurants and services along Westlake Ave are just two blocks east of the site. The site currently offers views to the Space Needle and the north end of downtown. The neighborhood is well-served by buses and the South Lake Union Streetcar.

4. Please describe the applicant's development objectives, indicating types of desired uses, structure height (approx), number of residential units (approx), amount of commercial square footage (approx), and number of parking stalls (approx). Please also include potential requests for departure from development standards.

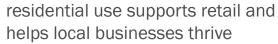
The applicant proposes a 23-24-story residential development consisting of approximately 285-300 residential units, and parking for approximately 225 vehicles below grade, accessed from the adjacent alley. Streetscape improvements such as curb bulbs and widened sidewalks are also proposed.

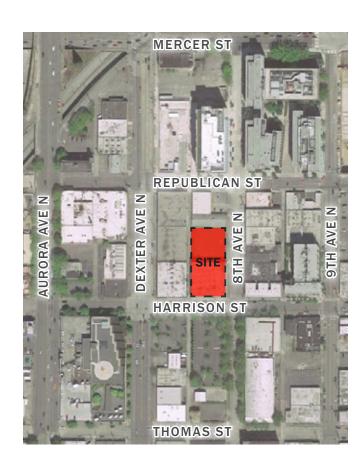
Departures:

- 1. A departure may be requested to exceed the maximum 12' setback permitted along 8th Avenue North by 23.48.014.A.3.b General Facade Requirements.
- 2. A departure may be requested to allow less than the minimum 10' averaged setback required along 8th Avenue North by 23.48.014.B.1 Additional Facade Requirements in the SM 85-240' zone.
- 3. A departure may be requested to allow residential amenity space to abut the 8th Avenue North setback, whereas 23.48.014.B.1.c. only allows residential units and residential lobby space to abut setback area.

^{*}Only the contact person will receive notice of the meeting. The contact person is responsible for informing other pertinent parties.







401 8TH AVENUE NORTH

- APPROXIMATELY 285-300 RESIDENTIAL UNITS
- APPROXIMATELY 10,000 SQUARE FEET OF ACTIVE RESIDENTIAL AMENITY
- APPROXIMATELY 225 STRUCTURED PARKING STALLS IN BELOW-GRADE GARAGE
- ENHANCED PEDESTRIAN REALM, ENLARGED SIDEWALKS AND CURB BULBS
- 23-24 FLOORS
- TARGETING LEED GOLD (MINIMUM)



SOUTH LAKE UNION Height and Density Alternatives



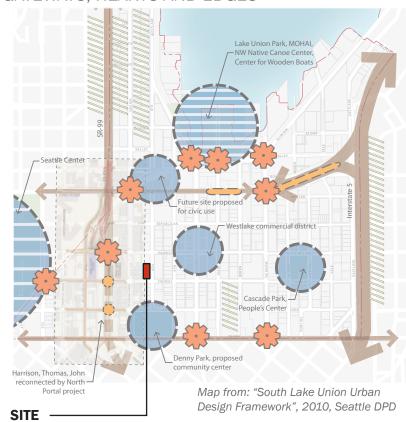


The South Lake Union Rezone EIS states the following objectives which are applicable to this project:

- Use limited land resources more efficiently, pursue a development pattern that is economically sound, and maximize the efficiency of public investment in infrastructure and services.
- Ensure capacity for long-term growth consistent with the designation of South Lake Union as one of the City's six urban centers.
- Provide for a more diverse and attractive neighborhood character by providing a mix of housing types, uses, building types, and heights.
- Promote a land use pattern that provides for a balanced mix of residential and employment opportunities.
- Enhance the pedestrian quality at street level by providing amenities, taking into consideration light and air as well as public view corridors and providing for retail activity at key locations.

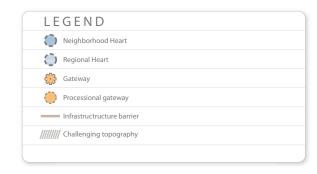
The project intends to include residential units at the street level along with exterior plaza space, with apartments above. Parking will be provided in a below-grade garage.

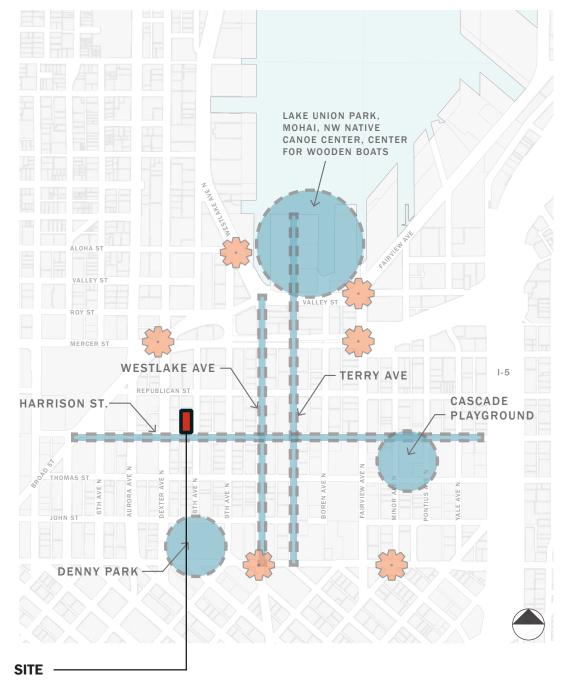
GATEWAYS, HEARTS AND EDGES



SOUTH LAKE UNION URBAN DESIGN FRAMEWORK

According to the SLU Urban Design Framework, gateways are the notable passages into and out of the neighborhood, hearts are the centers of community life, and edges are the boundaries that define SLU. The project is located between several neighborhood heart locations, notably Denny Park to the south and the Westlake commercial district to the east.



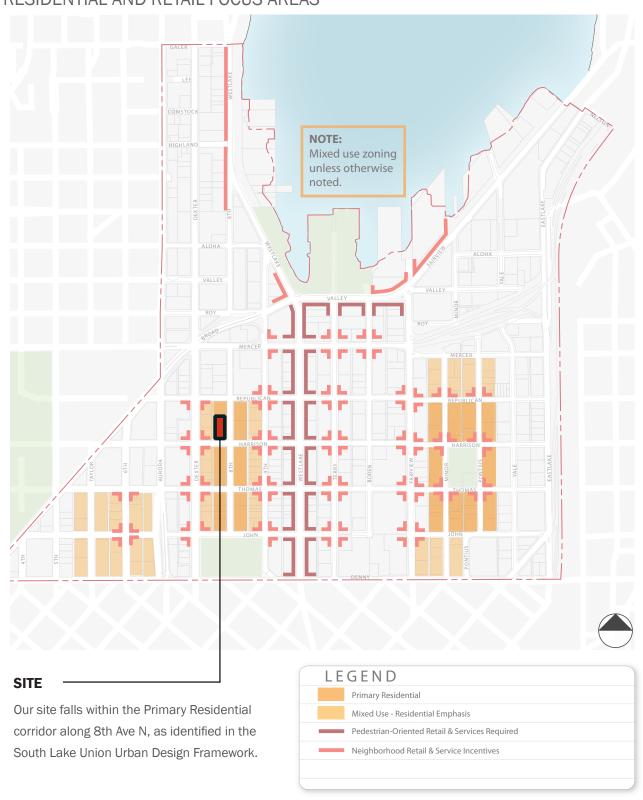


SOUTH LAKE UNION NEIGHBORHOOD DESIGN GUIDELINES

The site is located between several "heart" and gateway locations identified by the South Lake Union Neighborhood Design Guidelines. Harrison Street, the site's boundary to the south, is a heart location for the neighborhood. Denny Park to the south is also identified as a heart location.

*Map information from "South Lake Union Neighborhood Design Guidelines", 2013, Seattle DPD

RESIDENTIAL AND RETAIL FOCUS AREAS



*Map from the South Lake Union Urban Design Framework, 2010, Seattle DPD

PUBLIC SPACE NETWORK



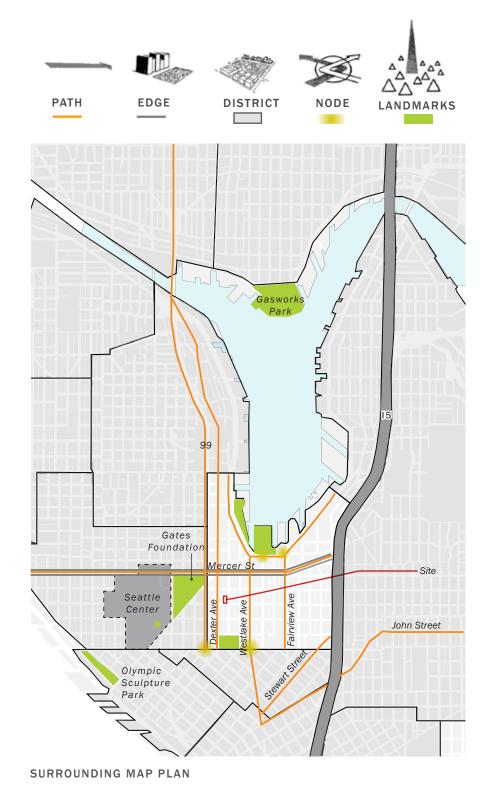
Our site is located along 8th Ave N, which has been identified as a green street "woonerf" with a focus on pedestrian oriented residential development. The intention is to have a street facing facade comprised of residential entries in the form of stoops or landscaped setback areas.

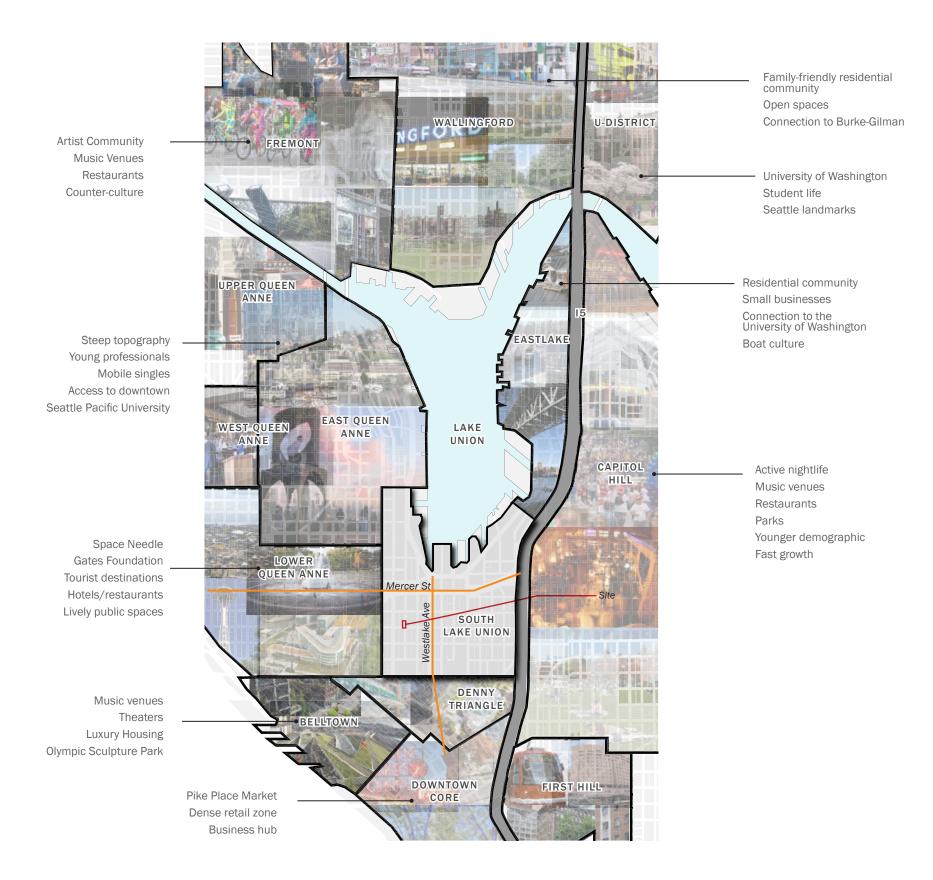
C Other Recreation: Dog Runs, Gardens

Road Diet / Woonerf

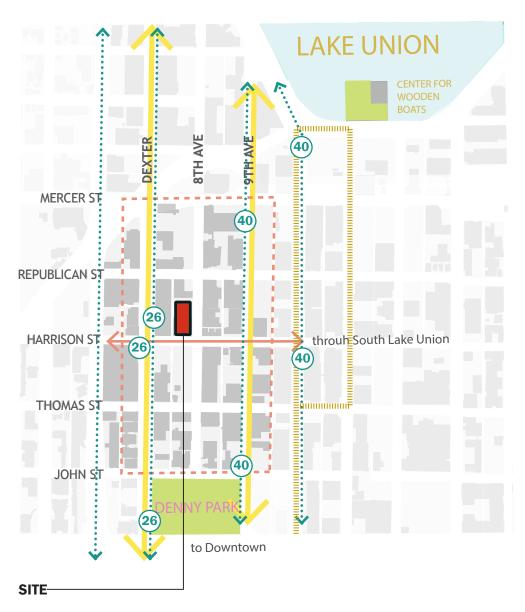


^{*}Map from the South Lake Union Urban Design Framework, 2010, Seattle DPD



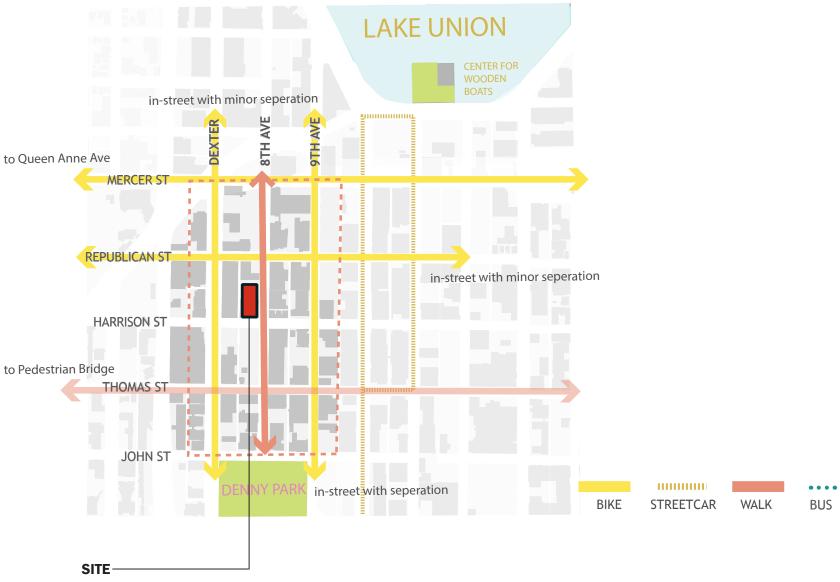


TRANSIT CONNECTIONS



Harrison Street is a major transit connector, and will become even more so as the Mercer Corridor improvements are completed. Dexter Avenue N and 9th Avenue N are major north-south connections for transit.

FUTURE PEDESTRIAN + BIKE CONNECTIONS (proposed 2013 Bike Master Plan)



The site is located along 8th Ave N, a street that serves as a pedestrian connection. Bike paths on Republican Street, Dexter Avenue N and 9th Avenue N are all within a block of the site and the streetcar runs two blocks east along Westlake Avenue N.





^{*}Maps adapted from "South Lake Union Street Concept Plans", 2013, City of Seattle

DENNY PARK

PAST

Denny Park became Seattle's first public park in 1883, serving the cascade neighborhood and the rest of the city. By 1904, the surrounding area had become largely residential in use and the park was improved to add amenities for these neighborhood residents, such as planting beds, play equipment and playfields.



1903



1904



1887 - CASCADE NEIGHBORHOOD

PRESENT

Denny Park drastically changed after the Denny Regrade in 1930, creating the flat, formally planned park that remains today. The large and diverse trees in the park are one of its key distinctive features. Recent improvements to the park, such as new lighting and a dog area, are encouraging people to use this neighborhood amenity.



DENNY PARK PATH AND TREES



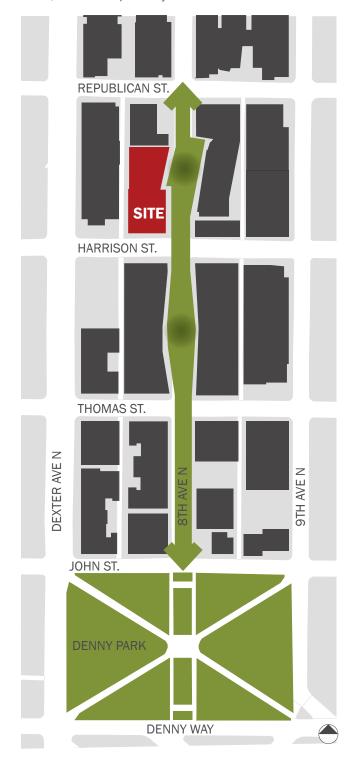
RECENTLY ADDED DOG AREA



8TH AVENUE FACING DENNY PARK - TREE CANOPY

PROJECT GOALS

The project aims to connect Denny Park to the South Lake
Union neighborhood residents by using 8th Ave N as a
continuation of the park and a connector to it. This aligns with
the proposed 8th Avenue Residential Corridor, which envisions
8th Avenue as a pedestrian-oriented woonerf with "street
rooms," lined with primarily residential use.



PEDESTRIAN USES AND MOVEMENT

ANALYSIS

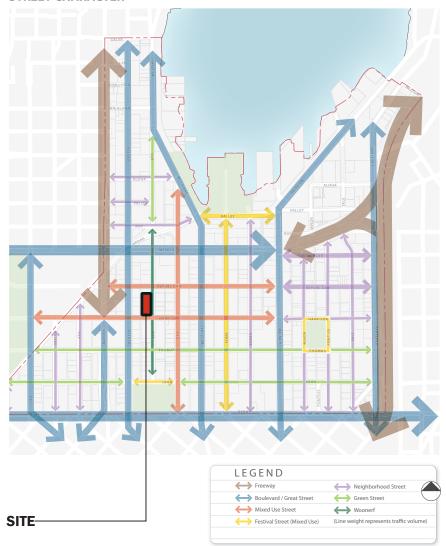
The current configuration of Aurora Ave N prevents travel west towards Seattle Center, thereby placing the project site near what is currently a hard edge to the South Lake Union Urban Center. Once the north portal reconfiguration of SR-99 is complete the neighborhood will be reconnected to the west, placing the site just north of a main east-west thoroughfare along Harrison Street. Republican Street will collect additional vehicle traffic from the exit ramp from SR-99 just west of Dexter Ave N.

The proposed 8th Avenue Residential Corridor will be located between several major research and cultural institutions, with good proximity to the commercial development to the east, including several major projects in development in the immediate vicinity of the site.

Semi-criticals Sidewalls Planter Load Fundar Production Street Pro

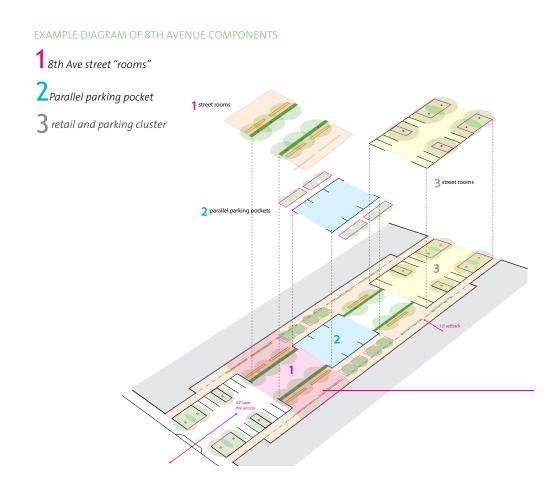
*Green Street map from "South Lake Union Street Concept Plans" Published by Weinstein A | U in March 2013. This plan illustrates the future alignment of SR-99 and its relationship to the project site.

STREET CHARACTER



The site is located along 8th Ave N, a street designated to be a Woonerf as well as Harrison Street, a Mixed Use Street.

*Diagram from "South Lake Union Street Concept Plans," 2013.



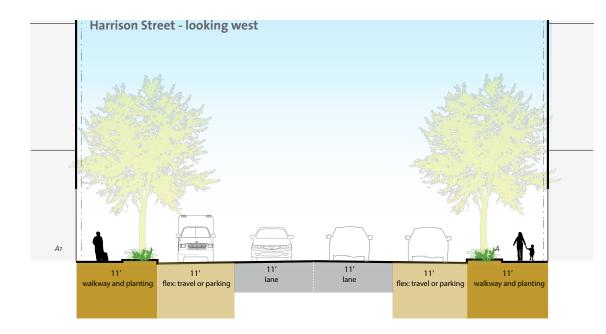




^{*}Map from the "South Lake Union Urban Design Framework," 2010.

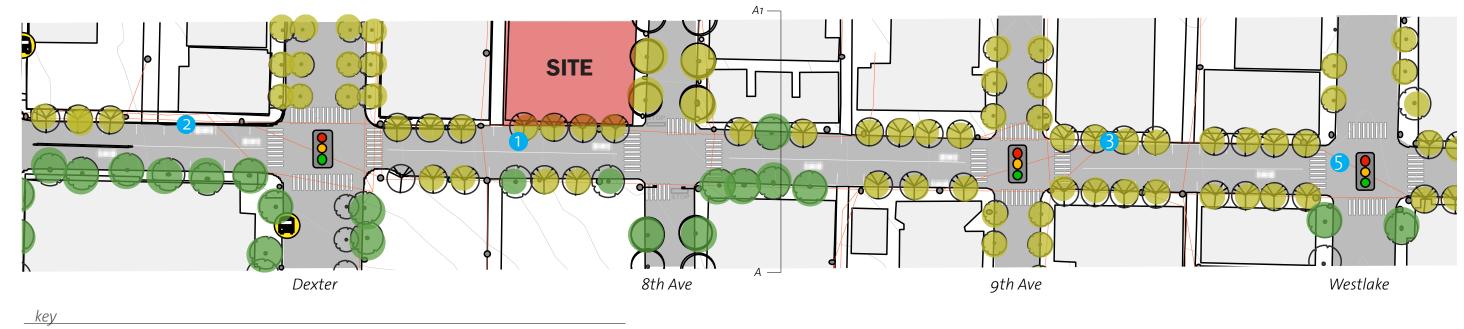
SOUTH LAKE UNION STREET CONCEPT PLANS

According to the "South Lake Union Concept Plans" prepared for the City of Seattle in April 2013, Harrison Street is meant to accommodate traffic, particularly those heading for SR 99, while creating a safe and welcoming street for pedestrians. 11-foot sidewalks with street trees and landscape zones will help to achieve this goal.



Proposed Configurations

- 1 travel lane each way at 11'
- 2 curbside areas are sized as travel lanes, but may be used as parking if not needed for levels of traffic/transit
- 3 11' sidewalk with planting area keep existing trees where healthy and add new Cimmarron Ash trees where possible
- 4 Encourage building setbacks near transit stops
- **5** Encourage undergrouding of utilities





existing trees

proposed trees

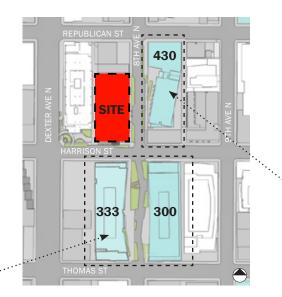


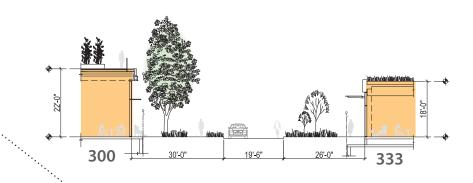
utility lines

8TH AVENUE NORTH CONCEPT

8TH AVENUE NORTH STREET CONCEPT TO THE SOUTH OF THE PROJECT SITE

Plans for 300 and 333 8th Ave N, two proposed office buildings just south of the site, create a dynamic pedestrian experience along 8th Ave N. The two street concepts advanced for 300 and 333 8th Ave N are shown below. Approval of a particular option, and final design, is subject to SDOT approval. The 401 8th Ave N design team will respond to the special character of the 8th Ave N streetscape by continuing an engaging and pedestrian-friendly streetscape and creating another "outdoor room" bounded by the project and the 430 8th Ave N project to the east.







300 & 333 8th AVE N - OPTION A

300 & 333 8th AVE N - OPTION B



430 8th AVE N





ZONING

ZONING MAP

The site is located within the **SM 85-240'** zone and is surrounded predominantly by SM-160/85-240.



(23.48.004) USES

A.) Permitted Uses:

All permitted outright except those listed in SM 85-240 Non-residential uses are limited to a height of **20** feet above street-level.

D.) Required Street-Level Uses:

None required for Class 2 Pedestrian streets.

Requirements for SM 160/85-240 zone not applicable.

(23.48.009) FAR

B.) FAR Limits in Specified SM Zones - Per Table 23.48.009 B:

TOWER: Base 0.5 Non-Residential; Max N/A; Residential Exempt

85' BUILDING: Base 0.5 Non-Residential; Max 6 for Residential

For Mixed-Use - 85' Buildings shall not exceed the lower of the max FAR or the max residential

D.) Exempt Floor Areas

All GFA underground; Portions of a story that extend no more than 4 feet above grade;

Landmark structures; Mechanical allowance of 3.5%; GFA for solar collectors.

In SLU Urban Center all residential uses in a residential tower in SM 85-240.

(23.48.010) STRUCTURE HEIGHT

A.) Base and Maximum Height Limit:

TOWER = 85' Base Limit; 240' Maximum residential height limit

85' BUILDING = 85' Max height for any use

D.) Additional Height in SLU Urban Center:

In SLU Urban Center SM 85-240 Zone, 20% above height limit is granted if project includes school

H.) Rooftop Features:

4' above max height = railings, planters, skylights, clerestories, greenhouses, parapets

7' above max height = solar collectors

15' above max height = stair penthouses, mech equipment, atriums, greenhouses and solariums, covered or enclosed common amenity area for structures exceeding 125 feet (max 25%)

25' above max height = elevator penthouses (35' if provides access to rooftop open space)

(23.48.011) EXTRA FLOOR AREA

A.) General:

Project is within the Local Infrastructure Project Area = Extra floor area per 23.48.011.C

C.) Within Local infrastructure Project Area:

Maximum height limit is greater than 85'

Achieve 60% bonus residential floor area for affordable housing per 23.58A.014

Achieve 40% bonus residential floor area for regional development credits per 23.58A.044

E.) Minimum Requirements:

LEED Gold rating; Transportation and energy management plans

(23.48.012) UPPER-LEVEL SETBACK REQUIREMENTS

Does not apply to buildings above the base height limit, see 23.48.013 instead.

(23.48.013) UPPER LEVEL SETBACKS IN SLU URBAN CENTER

- A.) Upper Level Coverage Limit = Average floor area max 50% of lot
- B.) Floor Area Limit = Average floor area max 10,500; Any single floor area max 11,500
 Podium Height Limit = Per 23.48.013 Map A = 45'
 Average Lot Coverage Below Podium 75% max 100% max if limited to three stories
- C.) Upper Level Setbacks None required per 23.48.013 and 23.48.012 is not applicable
- D.) Facade Width Required only for non-residential exceeding 85' within 15' of street
- E.) Maximum Facade Width Above Podium 120' required only for floor plates exceeding 10,500 sf
- F.) Limit on Tower Structures Per Block Generally one residential tower per block

(23.48.014) STREET LEVEL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

- A.) General Facade Requirements Primary pedestrian entrance required; Min. facade height of 25' Street facing facade may be setback up to 12'; 30% length allowed additional setbacks
- B.) Additional Requirements in SM 85-240:

For street facing facades along 8th Ave, an average setback of 10' is required (and 5' min).

(Setbacks greater than 15' may not be used in averaging calculations;

facade within 40' of street corner exempt)

Only ground related residential units and lobbies are permitted along required setback.

Lobby limited to 20% of width of setback along 8th Ave; Driveways are not permitted

Non-residential uses permitted with max 20' above street level

Non-residential uses along 8th Ave permitted only within 20' of intersection street lot lines

D.) Transparency and Blank Facade Requirements:

Transparency required within 2' to 8' above sidewalk; **residential use exempt.**

Class 1 and 2 Pedestrian and Green Streets = 60% transparency required

Blank facade limited to 15' wide segments, except garage doors; separated by 2' min. transparency;

residential use exempt.

E.) Development Standards for Required and FAR Exempt Street Level Uses:

No required uses at Class 2 Pedestrian Street:

(23.48.020) AMENITY AREA FOR RESIDENTIAL USES

B.) Quantity of Amenity Area = 5% of Total Gross Floor Area in residential use

C.) Standards for Amenity Area = 50% of max enclosed; 15' wide min.; 225' min. area (Landscaped open at street level = 10' min. wide and shall be counted as twice actual area)
(Lots abutting Green Street 50% of amenity may be met by contributing to Green Street development)

(23.48.024) SCREENING AND LANDSCAPING REQUIREMENTS

- A.) Landscaping Requirements = Green Factor = .30
- B.) Screening for Specific Uses = Class 1 and 2 Pedestrian Streets parking is not permitted at street level

(23.48.025) NOISE STANDARDS

Refuse compacting/recycling shall be conducted within an enclosed structure

(23.48.026) ODOR STANDARDS

Venting shall be 10' min. above sidewalk and away from residential uses

(23.48.030) LIGHT AND GLARE STANDARDS

Exterior lighting shall be shielded and directed away from adjacent uses

Parking garages and vehicle lights must be screened; Pole lighting 30' max.

(23.48.032) REQUIRED PARKING AND LOADING

B.) Max for Non-Residential 1/1000 sf

(23.54.015 Table B; Item L) No minimum or maximum for residential uses in Urban Centers

C.) Loading Berth = 35' long, 10' wide, 14' clear (If along alley maintain 12' from alley center and 16' clear)

23.54.030 - Residential 60% Medium; Commercial 10 or less 75% Large and 25% Small Bicycle Parking 1/12,000 Commercial typical; 1/4 units residential

(23.48.034) PARKING AND LOADING LOCATION, ACCESS AND CURB CUTS

- B.) Above first story parking if equal below grade parking provided
- C.) Surface parking provided max. 30% of lot located to rear or side and separated from all streets
- D. and E.) Access to parking and loaded from alley and limited to one two-way curb cut

(23.54.040) SOLID WASTE AND RECYCLABLE MATERIALS

= 575 sf + 4sf for use above 100 + 82 sf for commercial

Residential may be reduced 15% if minimal dimension of 20' is provided (General width 12' min.) 21' clear



NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT AND USES

SURROUNDING USES

The project is located in South Lake Union near major institutional uses and technology-based companies. During site analysis the project team noted several new and proposed projects being built or planned for this neighborhood. The following list summarizes the notable centers of industry, education, commerce, and research in the area, as well as critical green space and centers of worship.

Images of these buildings or future designs may be found on the opposite page. Please refer to these images to understand the scale and breadth of new development planned for this neighborhood.

- A The Gates Foundation
- **B** Future 435 Dexter Mixed Use
- **C** Future 400 Dexter Ave Office/Retail
- **D** University of Washington School of Medicine, Phase 3
- E University of Washington School of Medicine Phases 1 & 2
- F Future Paul Allen Institute for Brain Science
- G Amazon Campus Phase VI
- H Future 427 9th Ave Mixed Use
- I Future 400 9th Ave Office/Retail Amazon Phase VII
- J Future 430 8th Ave Mixed Use
- **K** Veer Lofts
- L City Hardware & Future 901 Harrison Mixed Use
- M Future Amazon Campus Phase VIII
- N Future 300/333 8th Ave N Offices
- **O** Denny Park Apartments
- P Denny Lutheran Church
- **Q** Future 101 Westlake Ave N Mixed Use
- R Denny Park
- **S** Future Compass on Dexter Mixed Use
- T Future 777 Thomas Street Mixed Use
- **U** King Broadcasting



Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation



Allen Institute for Brain Science



Veer Lofts



Denny Lutheran Church



435 Dexter Proposed Apartment Building

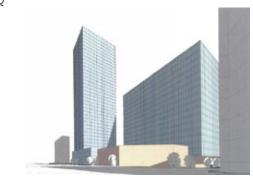
G



Amazon Phase VI



City Hardware & Proposed 901 Harrison Mixed Use



101 Westlake Mixed Use



400 Dexter Proposed Office/Retail



Proposed 427 9th Ave Mixed Use



Amazon Campus Phase VIII



Denny Park



University of Washington School of Medicine Phase 1 & 2



400 9th Ave Mixed Use - Amazon Phase VII



300 & 333 8th Avenue Office Buildings



Compass on Dexter - under construction



University of Washington School of Medicine Phases 3



430 8th Ave Mixed Use

0

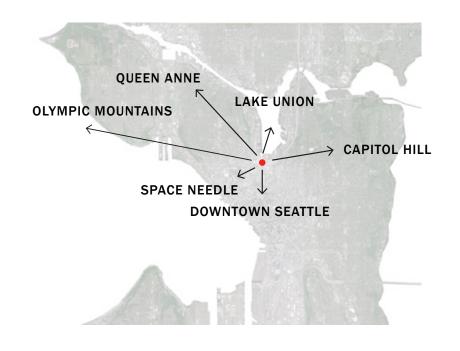


Denny Park Apartments



777 Thomas Street







VIEW FROM SITE AT 160' - SOUTH TO DOWNTOWN SEATTLE



PREDOMINANT VIEWS- AFTER SURROUNDING FUTURE DEVELOPMENT



VIEW FROM SITE AT 160' - NORTH TO LAKE UNION



VIEW FROM SITE AT 160' - WEST TO SPACE NEEDLE

PAST

A. Cascade neighborhood homes with Queen Anne Hill in the background in 1902



Factories, automobile dealerships, commercial laundries as well as light and heavy industry created a large number of jobs in the area and many workers decided to live near where they worked.

C. Photo of Seattle
Houseboat circa 1960



1950's

During the 1950's numerous singlefamily homes were torn down as land use shifted away from residential toward commercial.

Stackhouse Apartments at 1280 Harrison St.



2000's (

By the turn of the century more multifamily residential space began to be built. From 1990 to 2012, SLU added more than 3,000 new residents, with much of the growth occurring in the past decade*.

PRESENT

Goal: to make South Lake Union a vibrant, diverse, mixed-use community with housing options for a variety of incomes



Denny Park Apartments



Rollin Street Flats



Compass on Dexter - under construction

The area became a predominantly middle-class neighborhood of modest houses and the poorer families moored their houseboats between mills, canneries and shipyards along the western and eastern Lake Union shorelines.



B. Houseboat community on Lake Union in 1938

Biomedical and technology companies began moving to the neighborhood, creating a huge number of jobs in the area.

1980's (



Fred Hutchinson Cancer
Research Center

Information Sources: historylink.com (http://www.historylink.org/cybertour/pdf/luwalkingtour.pdf).

Image Sources: A - pauldorpat.com, B - Seattle municipal Archives. C - MOHAI, Seattle PI Archives







South Lake Union



Lake Union becomes one of the top wooden boat building areas in the world.



1950's O Zoning changes in favor of commercial development



Auto-oriented commercial 1990 () and light industrial use comprise most of the industry in SLU



2005 (

UW commits to tripling the biomed research in SLU. Joins Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center. ZymoGenetics, Seattle Cancer Alliance and the Seattle Biomedical Research Institute

CAUSE

HISTORY - ZONING



Mid 1900's (

Neighborhoods mostly composed of middle and working class families from Greece, Scandanavia, Russia, and the Balkans



1950's O Zoning changes in favor of commercial development. Numerous single-family homes are demolished to make way for mills, coal wharfs, laundries, construction material suppliers and auto dealerships



1991

Fred Bassetti, Architect, and John Hinterberger, Seattle Times, propose the "Seattle Commons" which envisions the area as a civic center surrounded by condos, restaurants, and high-tech industry/research facilities



present

SLU is a dense, mixed-use urban center. It has become an employment center for the city, and almost 2,300 units of housing were developed between 1990 and July 2012*

PRIVATE

CURE



MAP OF 1933 STREETCAR LINES



MAP OF PROPOSED STREETCAR SYSTEM

1960's ()



1990's - (present



Late 1800's O Seattle Coal and Transportation Co. builds the first railroad. Streetcar installed connecting Pike Street to SLU and Ballard on Westlake Ave N.



1917

The ship canal locks are constructed which connect Lake Union to the Puget Sound and Lake Washington

1941 Seattle Streetcar lines are replaced with bus lines

I-5 is completed, Mercer St. becomes an arterial for highway access and Lake Union is cut off from downtown Seattle and Capitol Hill

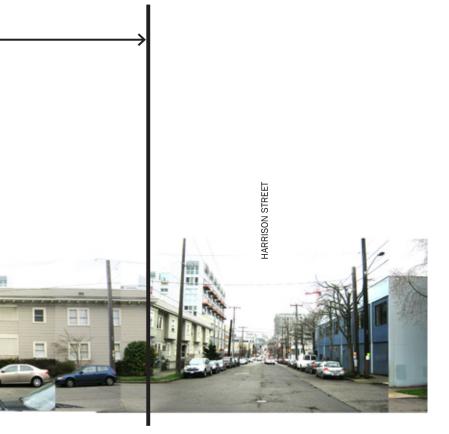
SLU "Neighborhood Plan" includes importance of addressing the barrier of Mercer Street. Shift in interest towards public transportation, bicycles, and pedestrians. New streetcar line emulates the original path of the 1930's streetcar lines.

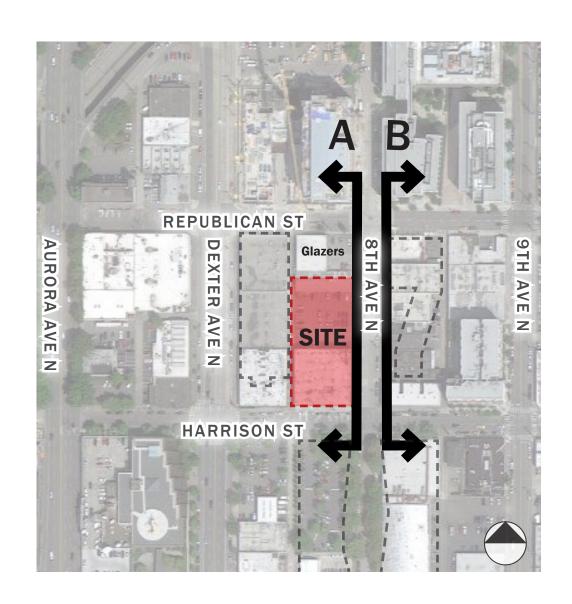
CONNECTED ISOLATED RE-CONNECTING

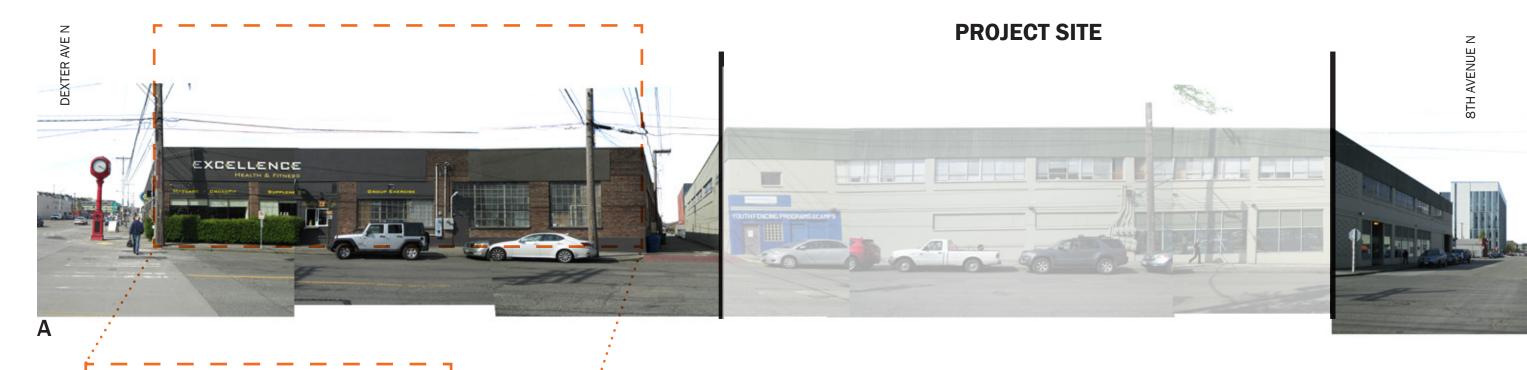






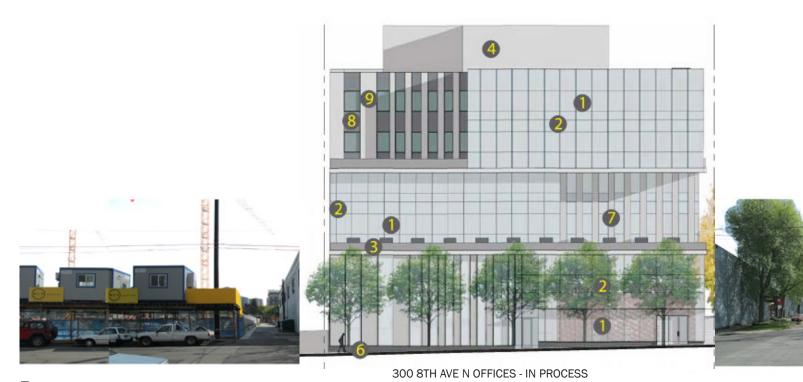








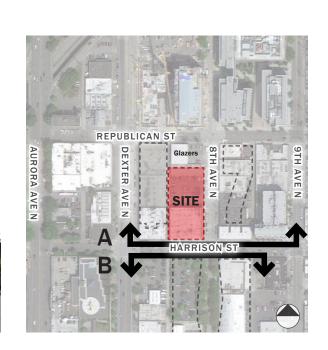


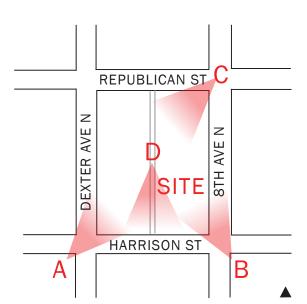


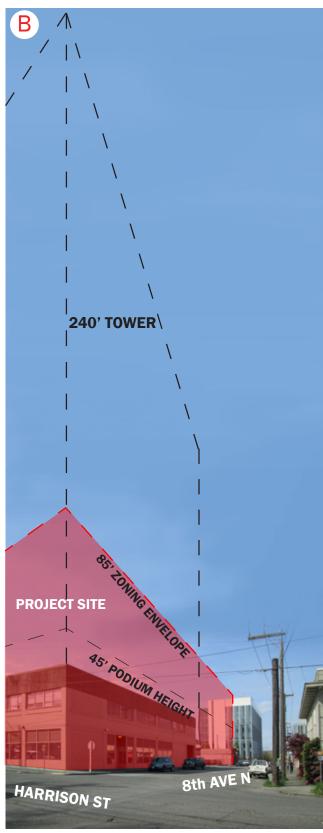
В



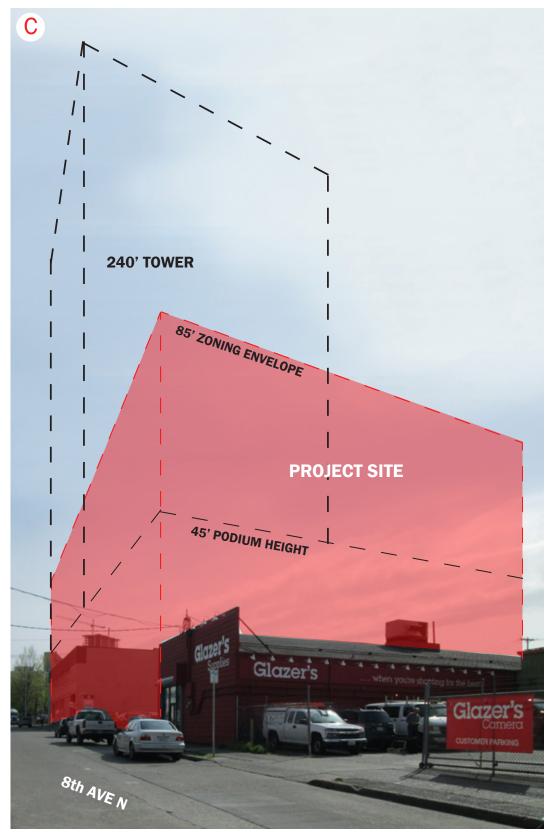




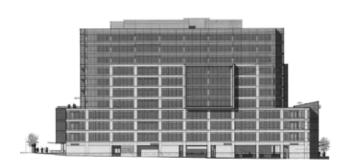




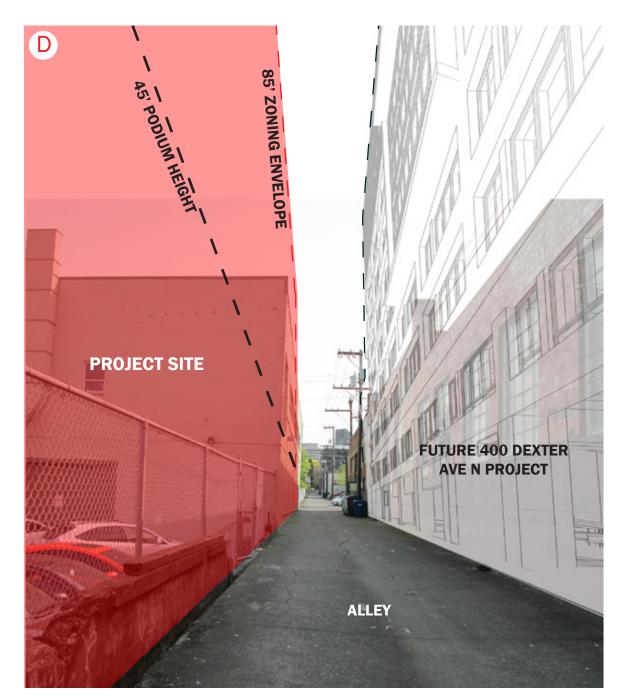
VIEW FROM 8TH AVENUE & HARRISON STREET LOOKING NORTHWEST



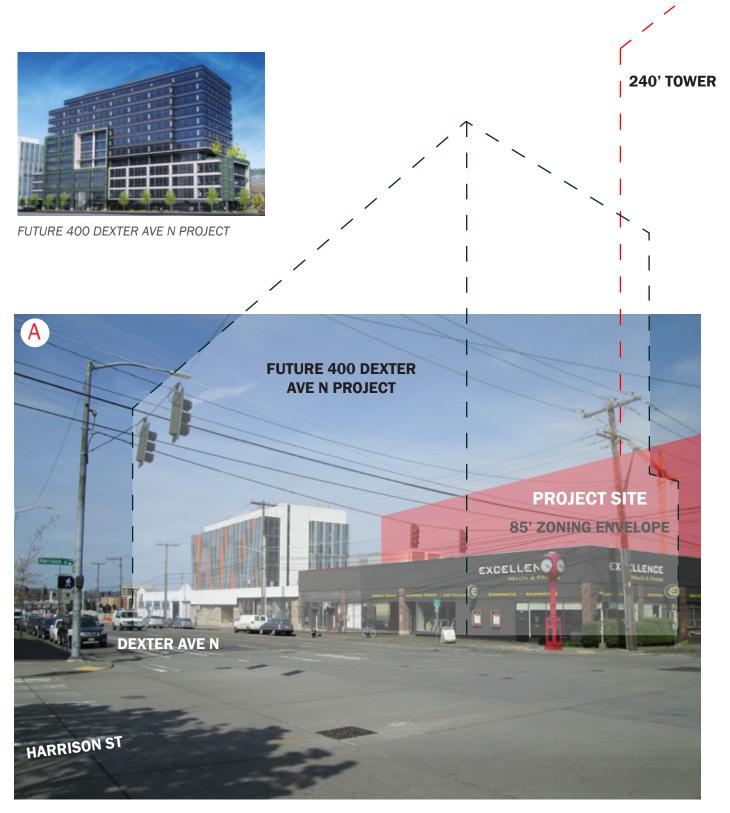
VIEW FROM 8TH AVENUE N AND REPUBLICAN STREET LOOKING SOUTHWEST



FUTURE 400 DEXTER AVE N PROJECT - ALLEY FACADE



VIEW LOOKING SOUTH IN THE ALLEY



VIEW FROM DEXTER AVE N AND HARRISON STREET LOOKING NORTHEAST

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

DESIGNING WITH FUTURE DEVELOPMENT IN MIND

The South Lake Union neighborhood is undergoing rapid change. Many parcels surrounding the site have new projects either proposed or under construction, meaning the context surrounding the site will be very different from what exists today. The design team is considering these new projects in designing the Block 56 project.

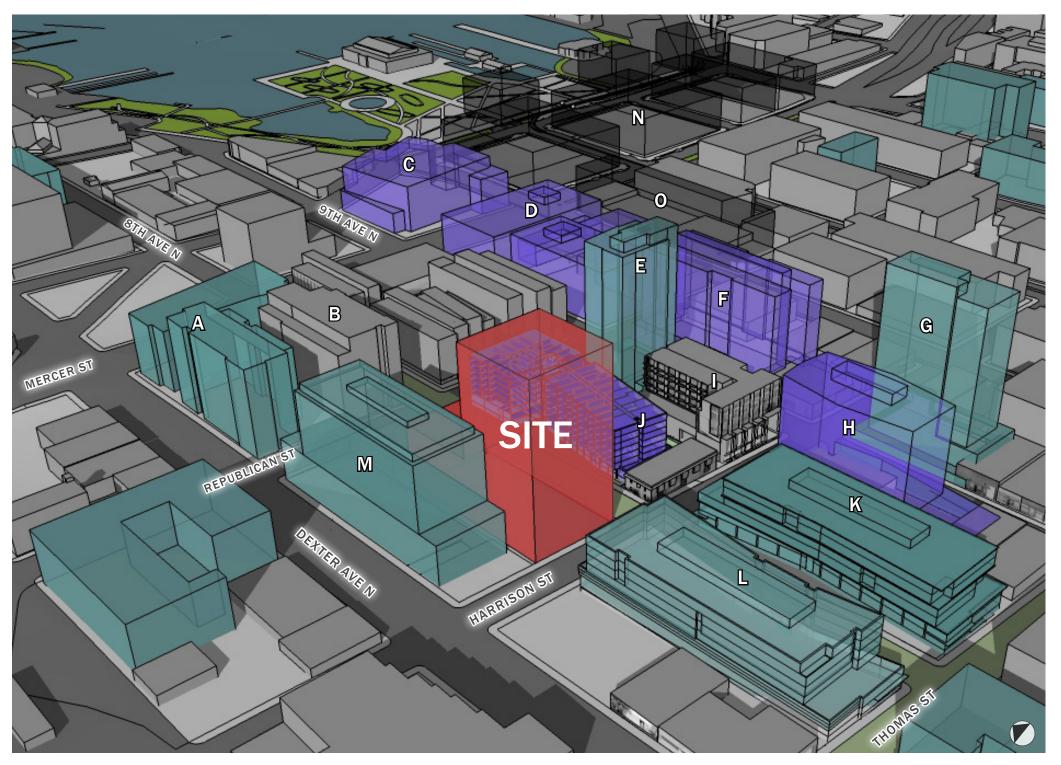
- A University of Washington Phase 3
- B University of Washington Phases 1 & 2
- C Paul Allen Institute for Brain Science
- D Amazon Phase VI
- E Future 427 9th Ave Mixed Use
- F Amazon Phase VII
- G Future 901 Harrison Mixed Use
- H Amazon Phase VIII
- I Veer Lofts
- J 430 8th Ave Mixed Use
- K Future 300 8th Ave Office
- L Future 333 8th Ave Office
- M Future 400 Dexter Ave Office/Retail
- N Development Site Lakefront Blocks
- O Development Site Block 38





UNDER CONSTRUCTION

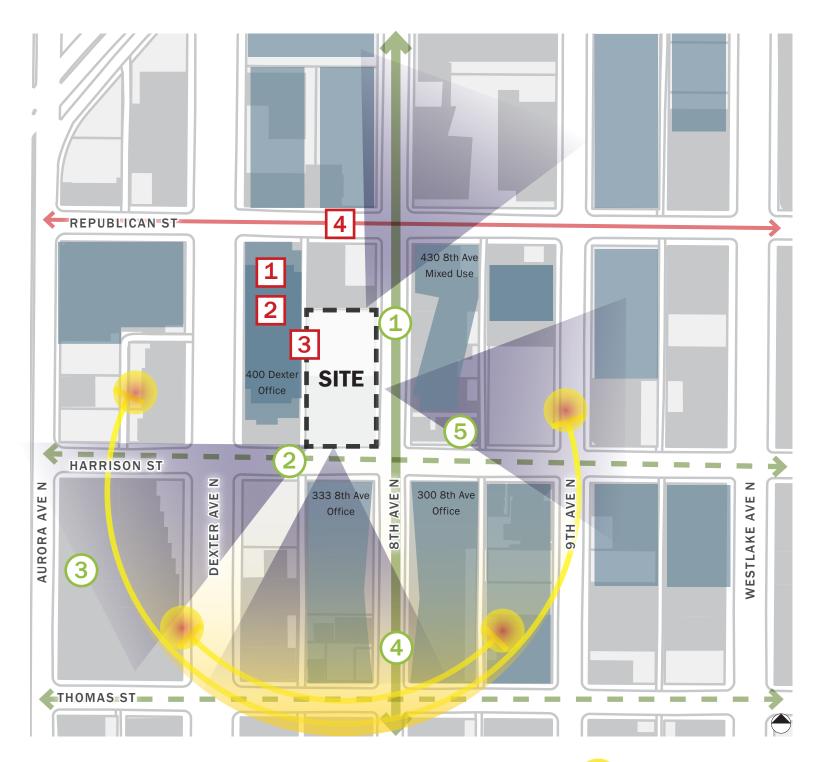
SITE ZONING ENVELOPE



AERIAL VIEW FACING NORTHEAST DEPICTING PROPOSED NEW DEVELOPMENTS, THOSE CURRENTLY UNDER CONSTRUCTION AND EXISTING BUILDINGS

OPPORTUNITIES

- Foster development of pedestrian woonerf / green street condition along 8th Ave N per SDOT approved plans and the green street along Harrison Street. Enhance the streetscape by continuing the series of "outdoor rooms" and complementing future residential development across 8th Ave N.
- Create a pedestrian-friendly, active and transparent alley facade adjacent to the 400 Dexter office tower open space at the southern end of the site.
- Maximize views of Space Needle, Downtown and Lake Union
- 4 Walkable green space / Denny Park
- Lower scale development on 8th Avenue
 N allows good solar penetration to street



CONSTRAINTS

- Future 400 Dexter office tower to the west will obstruct views to the west, northwest, northeast, southeast.
- Future 400 Dexter office tower to the west will limit solar access to the site for most of the afternoon
- Future 400 Dexter office tower will present peak surges in traffic utilizing the alley. Garage entrance is located approximately mid-block on the alley.
- 4 Future traffic from SR-99 off-ramp





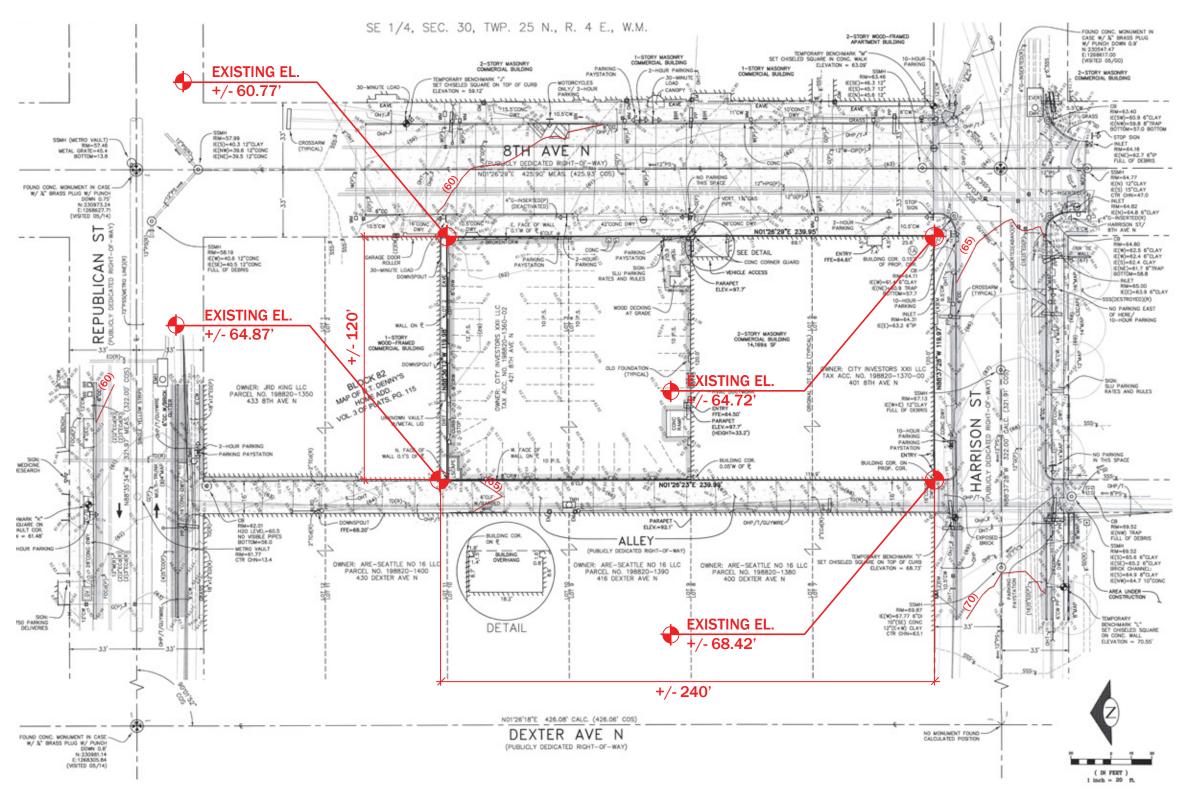
SOLAR ACCESS

21 JUNE 2014: Sunrise 5:11 AM - Sunset 9:11 PM

21 DECEMBER 2014: Sunrise 7:55 AM - Sunset 4:20 PM







PARCEL NUMBER 198820-1370 198820-1360

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

LOTS 3, 4, 5, AND 6, BLOCK 82, D.T. DENNY'S HOME ADDITION TO THE CITY OF SEATTLE, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN VOLUME 3 OF PLATS, PAGE(S) 115, IN KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Design Guidelines -- City of Seattle and South Lake Union | APPLICANT'S HIGHEST PRIORITY

CS1: NATURAL SYSTEMS AND SITE FEATURES

CS2: URBAN PATTERN AND FORM







South Lake Union Supplemental Guidance:

I. Responding to Site Characteristics

 New development is encouraged to take advantage of site configuration to accomplish sustainability goals. The Board is generally willing to recommend departures from development standards if they are needed to achieve sustainable design.

RESPONSE: Project will take advantage of open space provided to incorporate rain gardens, rainwater harvesting, and other green stormwater infrastructure (GSI).

CS2: Strengthen the most desirable forms, characteristics, and patterns of the streets, block faces, and open spaces in the surrounding area.

B. Adjacent Sites, Streets, and Open Spaces

- Connection to the Street: Identify opportunities for the project to make a strong connection to the
 street and carefully consider how the building will interact with the public realm. Consider the
 qualities and character of the streetscape— its physical features (sidewalk, parking, landscape
 strip, street trees, travel lanes, and other amenities) and its function (major retail street or quieter
 residential street)—in siting and designing the building.
- Character of Open Space: Contribute to the character and proportion of surrounding open spaces.
 Evaluate adjacent sites, streetscapes, trees and vegetation, and open spaces for how they function as the walls and floor of outdoor spaces or "rooms" for public use. Determine how best to support those spaces through project siting and design (e.g. using mature trees to frame views of architecture or other prominent features).





RESPONSE: Project will provide a strong response to the enriched pedestrian character of 8th Avenue with ground-related residential uses, stoops, widened sidewalks and curb bulbs. Landscaping will complement the rhythm of outdoor "rooms" proposed in the immediate vicinity.

D. Height, Bulk and Scale

• Respect for Adjacent Sites: Respect adjacent properties with design and site planning to minimize disrupting the privacy and outdoor activities of residents in adjacent buildings.

RESPONSE: Project will respond sensitively to proposed office tower across the alley to the west and locate massing to minimize disruptions of privacy to the extent possible. Project will consider impact of massing and shadows on 8th Avenue N.

South Lake Union Supplemental Guidance:

I. Responding to Site Characteristics

Heart locations: Heart locations serve as the perceived center of commercial and social activity
within the neighborhood. These locations provide anchors for the community as they have identity
and give form to the neighborhood. Denny Park and Harrison Street have been identified as heart
locations within South Lake Union.

RESPONSE: Project will respond to "heart" location of Harrison Street by orienting lobby and entry towards Harrison, with additional public open space provided by curb bulbs.

PL1: CONNECTIVITY

PL3: WALKABILITY



PL1: Complement and contribute to the network of open spaces around the site and the connections among them.

South Lake Union Supplemental Guidance:

II. Landscaping To Reinforce Design Continuity With Adjacent Sites

• Support the creation of a hierarchy of passive and active open space within South Lake Union. This may include pooling open space requirements on-site to create larger spaces.

III. Pedestrian Open Spaces and Entrances

New developments are encouraged to work with the Design Review Board and interested citizens
to provide features that enhance the public realm, i.e. the transition zone between private property
and the public right of way.

RESPONSE: Project will strengthen development of outdoor "rooms" along 8th Avenue N with complementary landscaping. Project will provide well-designed setback along 8th Avenue N to encourage human activity and security with "eyes on the street." Project will also make visual connections to future office tower plaza on adjacent site across alley to the west.

PL3: Encourage human interaction and activity at the street-level with clear connections to building entries and edges.

South Lake Union Supplemental Guidance:

III. Transition Between Residence and Street

Consider designing the entries of residential buildings to enhance the character of the streetscape
through the use of small gardens, stoops and other elements to create a transition between the
public and private areas. Consider design options to accommodate various residential uses, i.e.,
townhouse, live-work, apartment and senior assisted housing.

RESPONSE: Ground-related residential uses along 8th Avenue N will provide stoops and a transition between public and private areas.

DC1: PROJECT USES AND ACTIVITIES

DC3: OPEN SPACE CONCEPT





DC1: Optimize the arrangement of uses and activities on site.

A: Arrangement of Interior Uses

Views and Connections: Locate interior uses and activities to take advantage of views and physical
connections to exterior spaces and uses, particularly activities along sidewalks, parks or other
public spaces.

RESPONSE: Interior uses will be located to take advantage of views; residential common amenity area will be expressed in the architectural form of the building.

DC3: Integrate open space design with the design of the building so that each complements the other.

South Lake Union Supplemental Guidance:

I. Landscaping To Reinforce Design Continuity with adjacent sites

- i. Encourage landscaping that meets LEED criteria.
- ii. Where appropriate, install indigenous trees and plants to improve aesthetics, capture water and create habitat.
- iii. Retain existing, non-intrusive mature trees or replace with large caliper trees.
- iv. Water features are encouraged including natural marsh-like installations.
- v. Reference the City of Seattle Right Tree Book and the City Light Streetscape Light Standards Manual for appropriate landscaping and lighting options for the area.

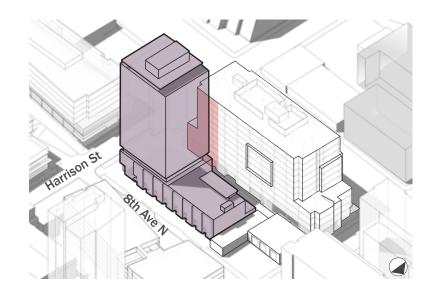
RESPONSE: Building design will incorporate uses adjacent to open spaces designed to allow activity to spill out to the open space. Landscaping will provide continuity with outdoor room concept in development along 8th Avenue to the south and across the street.

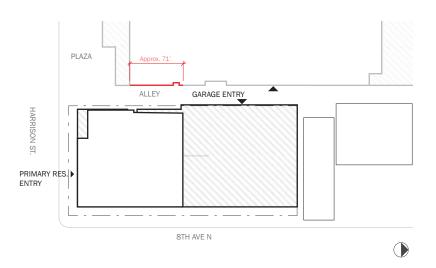


OPTION D - NORTH TOWER *See Appendix PLAZA GARAGE ENTRY PRIMARY RES. ENTRY 8TH AVE N PROS: South-facing podium deck CONS: Negative impact to adjacent property to north • Fails to address corner of 8th Ave N and Harrison St. • Lobby is located mid-block and has weaker presence and identity • Tower blocks 400 Dexter Ave office building views to Lake Union • Tower looms over "outdoor room" created by 430 8th Ave development • Views from tower blocked by 400 Dexter Ave office building • Garage entry close to 400 Dexter office building garage entry • Tower proximity creates privacy concerns Refined Floor Plans Not Developed

MASSING ALTERNATIVES

OPTION A - CODE COMPLIANT





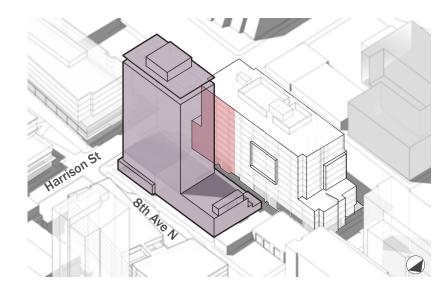
PROS:

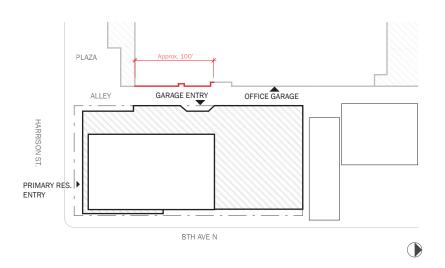
- More residential frontage along 8th Ave N
- No departures required
- Amenity space on roof takes advantage of views of Lake Union and the Space Needle

CONS:

- Setback of residential uses along 8th Ave N not generous but code compliant
- Garage entry close to 400 Dexter office building garage entry
- Tower casts a shadow on podium deck

OPTION B





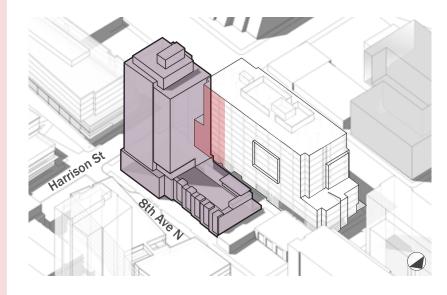
PROS:

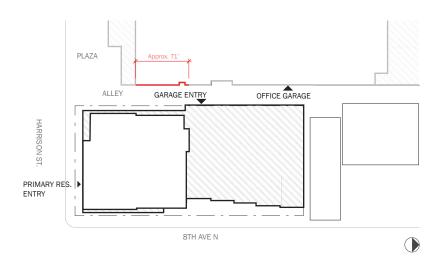
- South and West facing common deck
- Narrow East-West tower profile
- Amenity space on roof takes advantage of views of Lake Union and the Space Needle

CONS:

- Casts a broader shadow on 8th Ave N in afternoon
- Tower casts a shadow on podium deck
- Massing creates larger overlap with 400 Dexter office building, reducing privacy for both projects
- Minimum setbacks along 8th Ave N
- Requires departures

OPTION C - PREFERRED





PROS:

- Stepped residential setback along 8th Ave N creating an "outdoor room" with 430 8th Ave N Mixed Use project
- Vertical amenity space creates strong architectural expression on exterior of the project
- Amenity space on roof takes advantage of views of Lake Union and the Space Needle
- Garage entry has largest offset from 400 Dexter office building garage entry while still respecting the office plaza

CONS:

- Tower casts a shadow on podium deck
- Requires departures



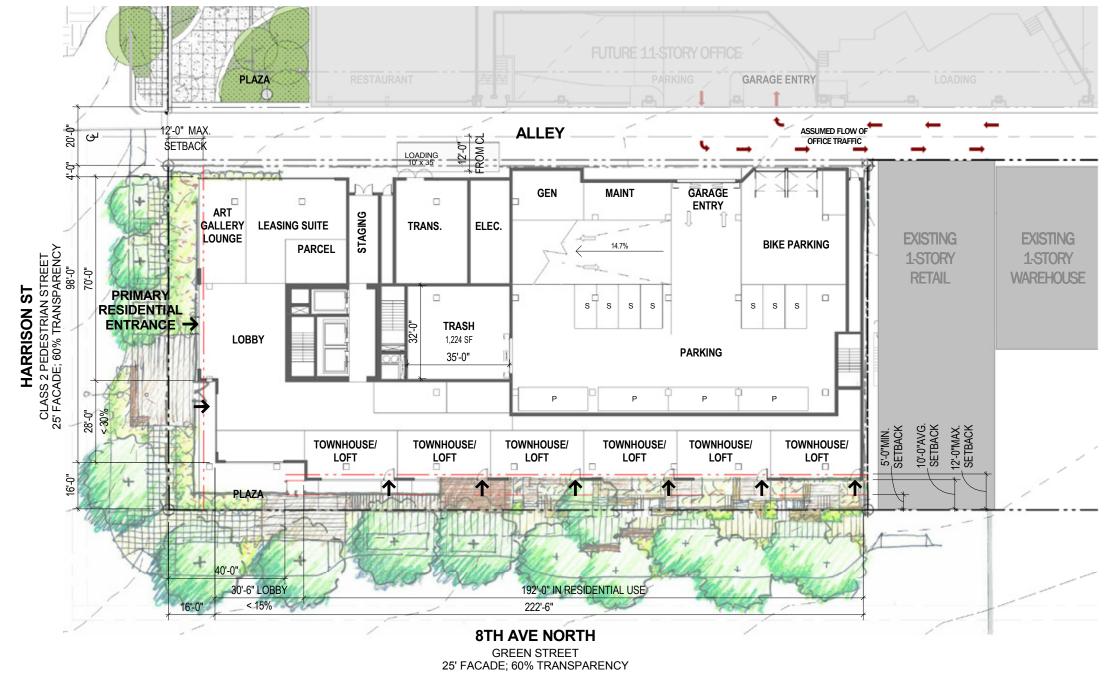




Parti Sketch



View looking southwest



Site Plan



Aerial view looking West



Looking northwest at the corner of 8th Ave N and Harrison Street



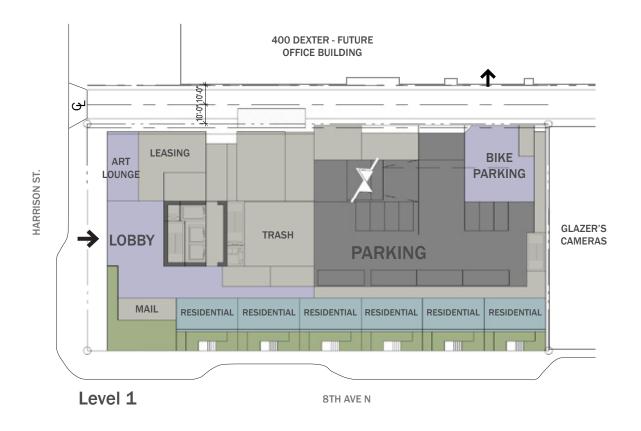
Aerial view looking Northeast

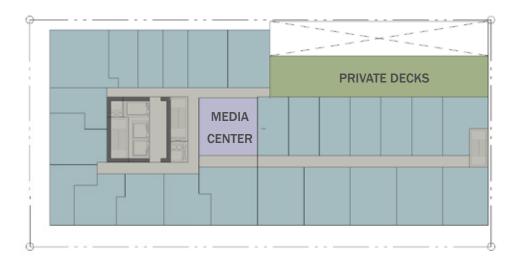


Looking South down 8th Ave N

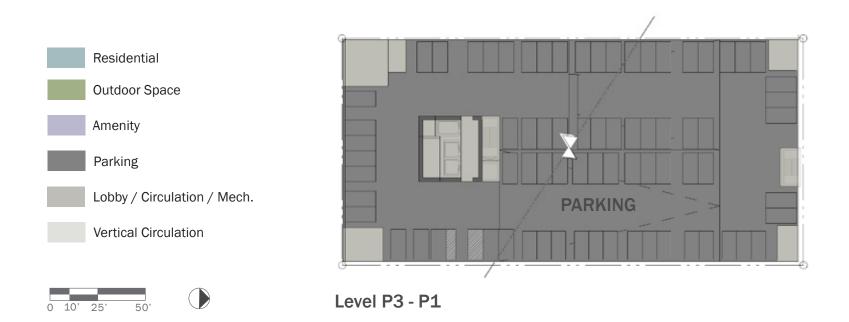


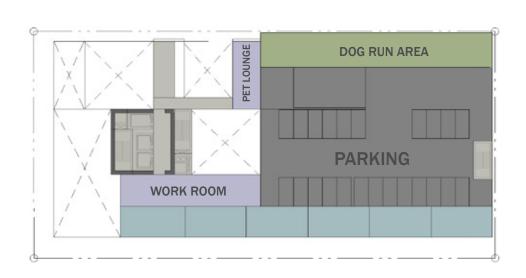




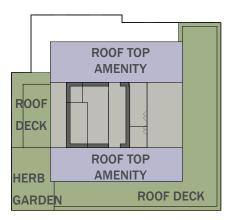


Level 3

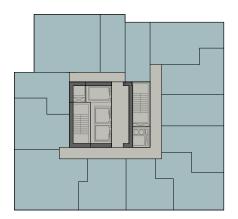




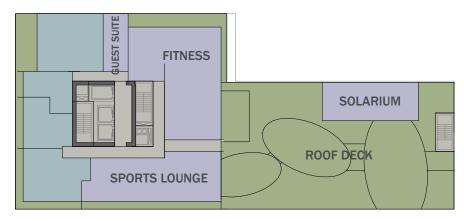
Level 2



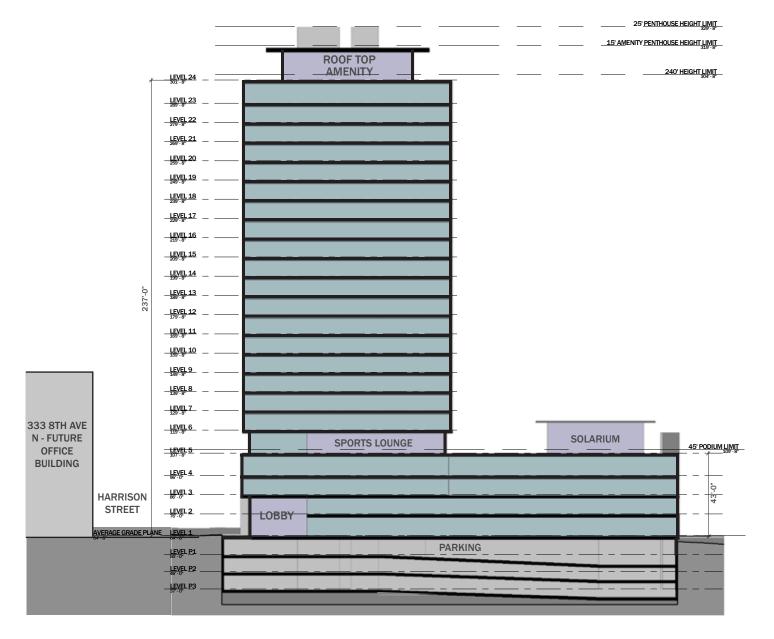
Roof Level



Typical Tower Plan



Level 5

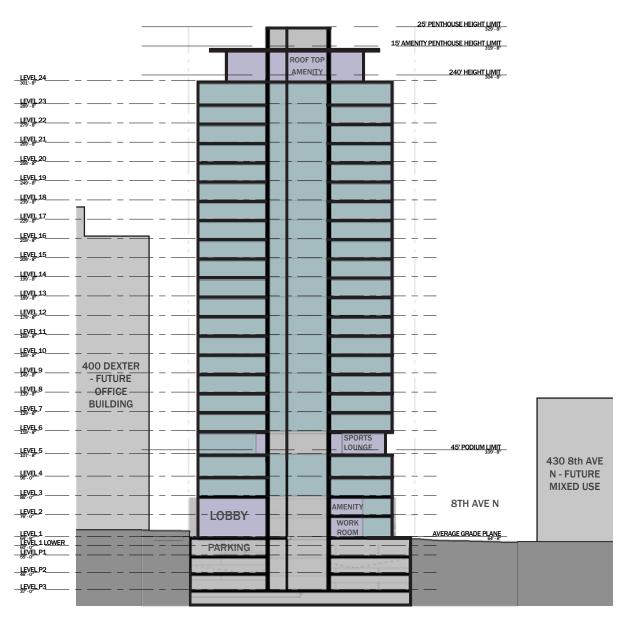


Section 1 (North-South)



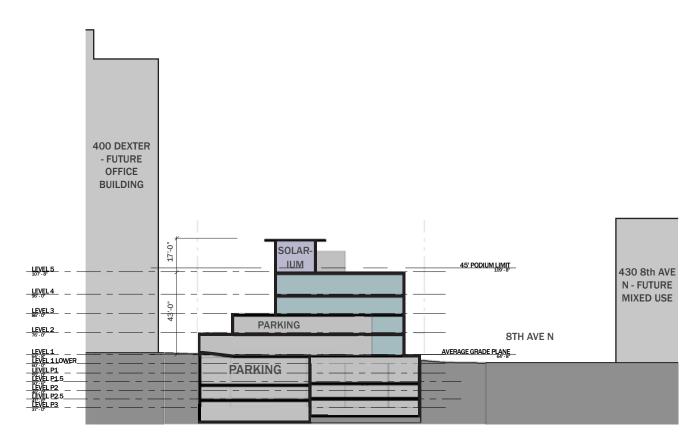


BLOCK

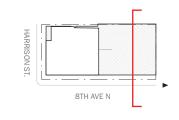


Section 2 (East-West)





Section 3 (East-West)





Street-level perspective facing northwest on the corner of Harrison Street and 8th Ave N

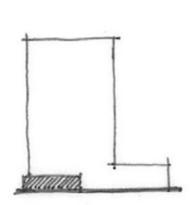


Street-level perspective facing south along 8th Ave N



Street-level perspective facing northwest along 8th Ave N

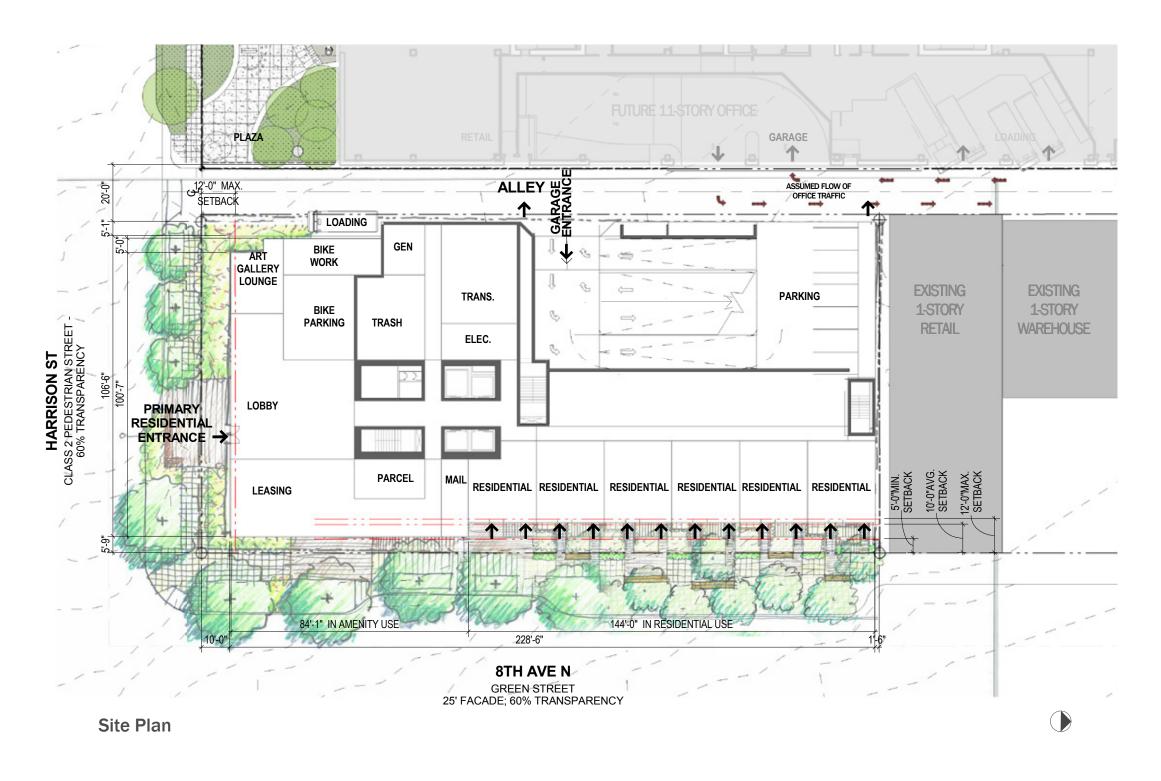




Parti Sketch



View looking northwest





Aerial view looking West



Looking northwest at the corner of 8th Ave N and Harrison Street

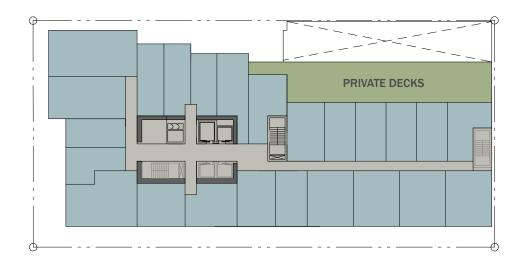




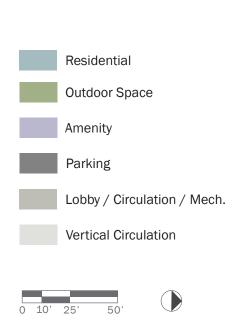
Looking South down 8th Ave N

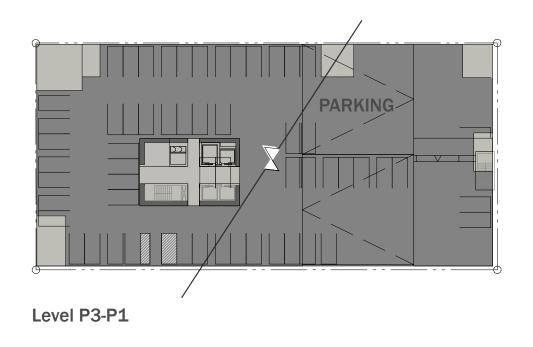


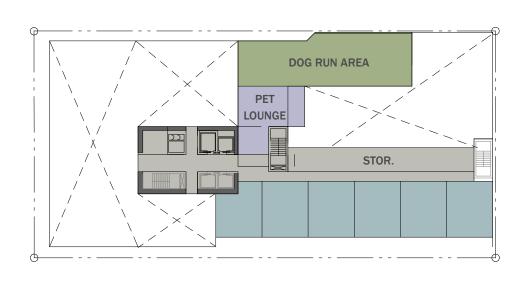




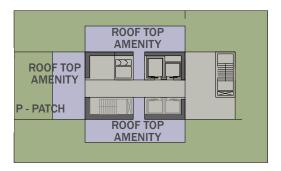
Level 3



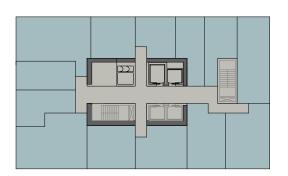




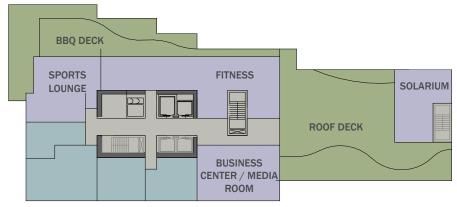
Level 2



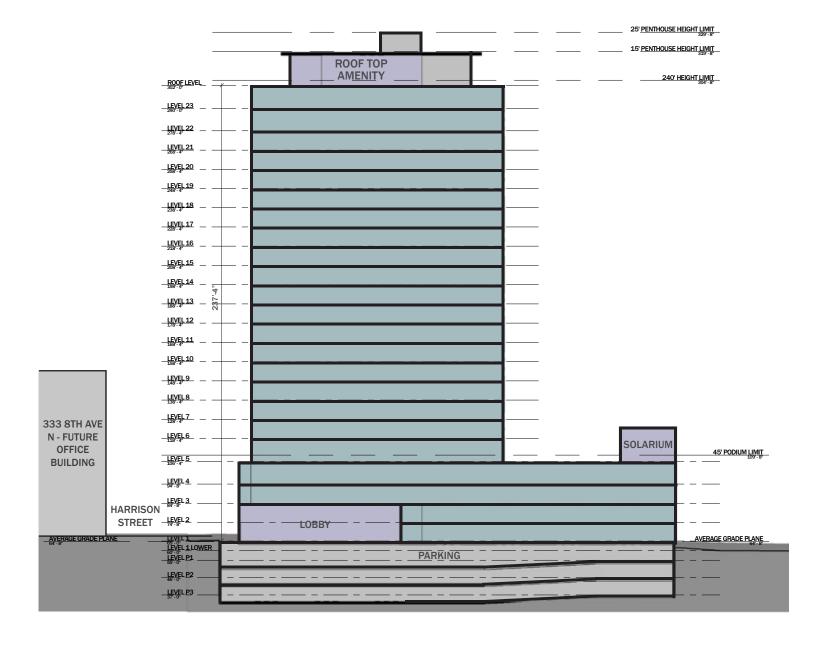
Roof Level



Typical Tower Plan

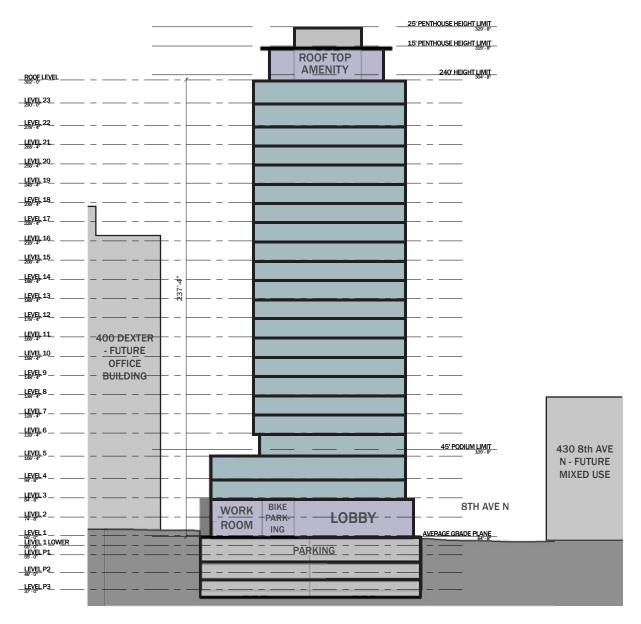


Level 5

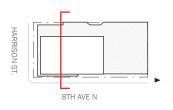


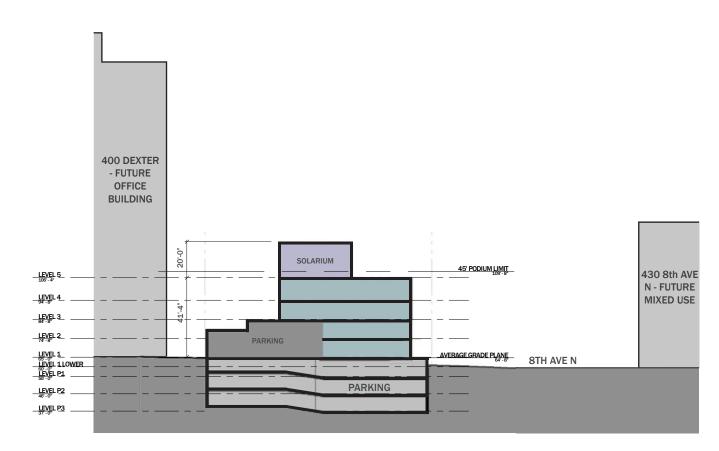
Section 1 (North-South)





Section 2 (East-West)





Section 3 (East-West)





Street-level perspective facing northwest on the corner of Harrison Street and 8th Ave N



Street-level perspective facing south along 8th Ave N

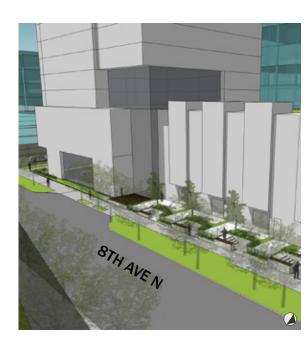


Street-level perspective facing northwest along 8th Ave N

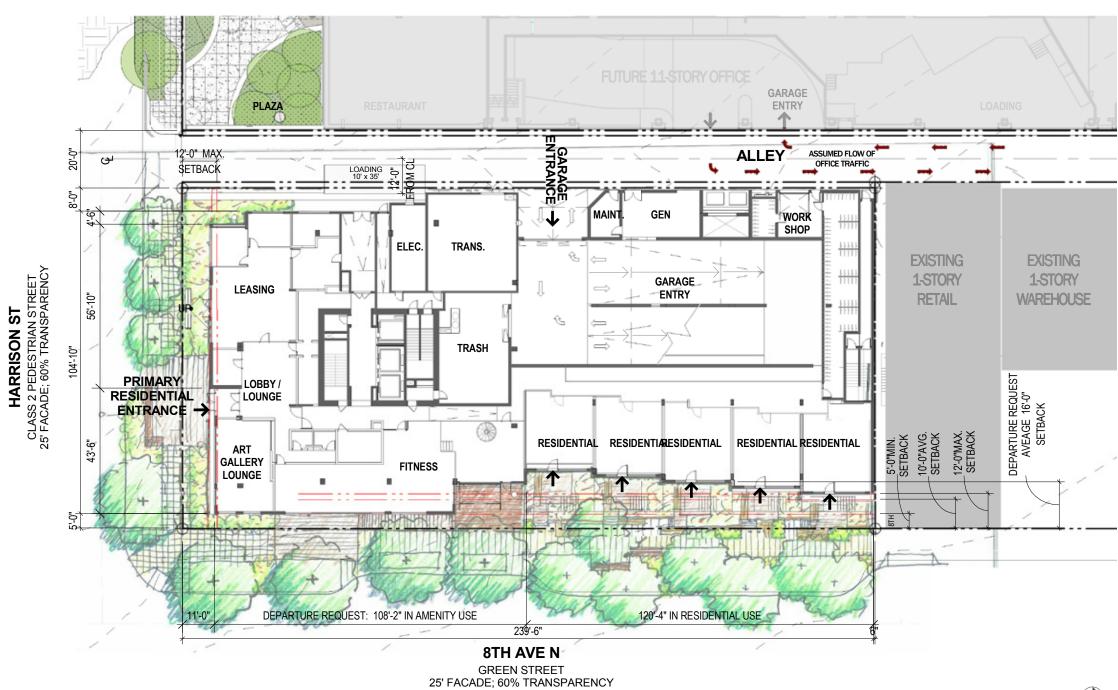




Parti Sketch



View looking southwest



Site Plan



Aerial view looking West



Looking northwest at the corner of 8th Ave N and Harrison Street

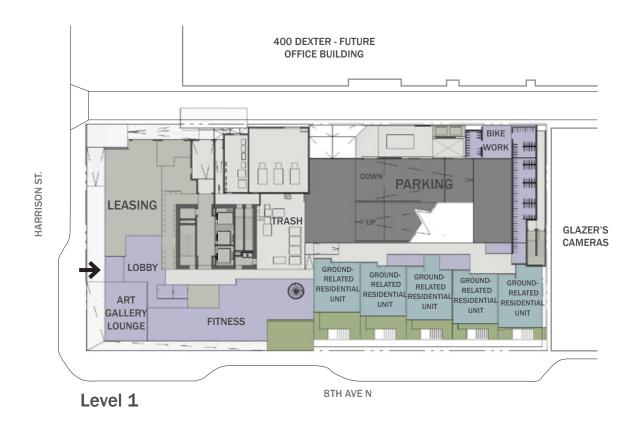


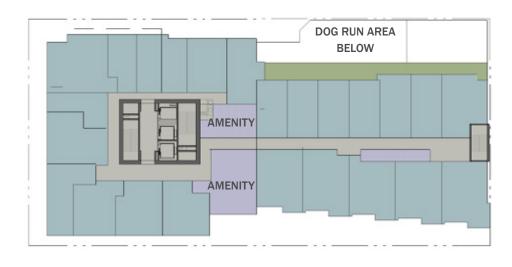
Aerial view looking Northeast



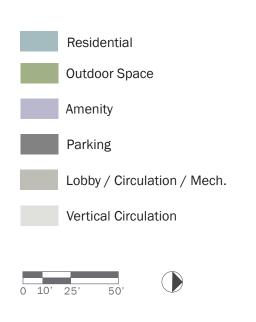
Looking South down 8th Ave N

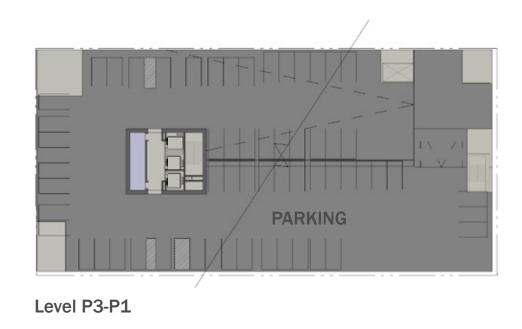


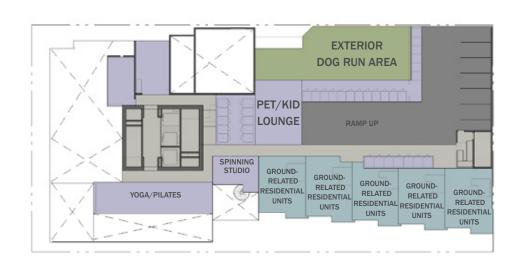




Level 3







Level 2



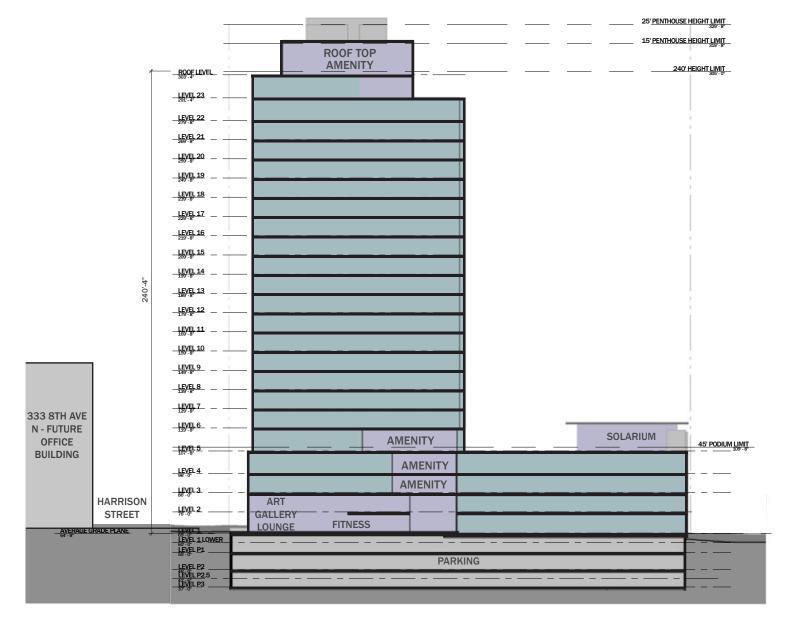
Roof Level



Typical Tower Plan

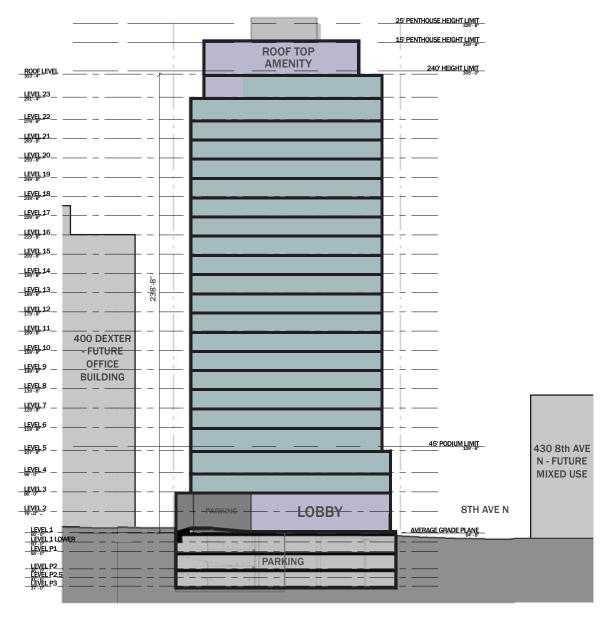


Level 5

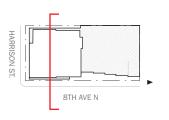


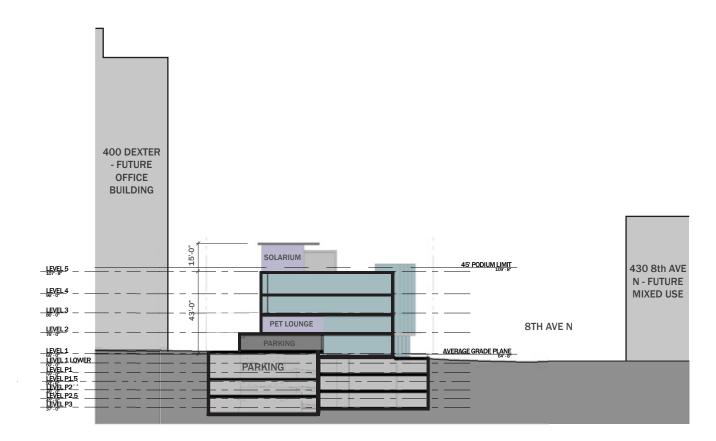
Section 1 (North-South)



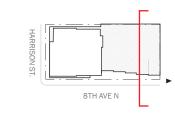


Section 2 (East-West)





Section 3 (East-West)





Street-level perspective facing northwest on the corner of Harrison Street and 8th Ave N



Street-level perspective facing south along 8th Ave N



Street-level perspective facing northwest along 8th Ave N



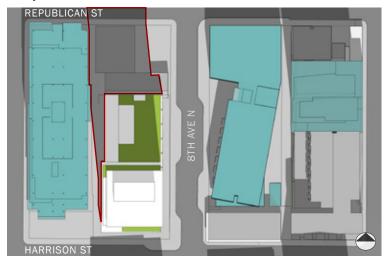


10 am



11 am

12 pm



1 pm

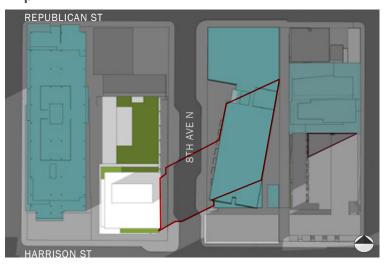


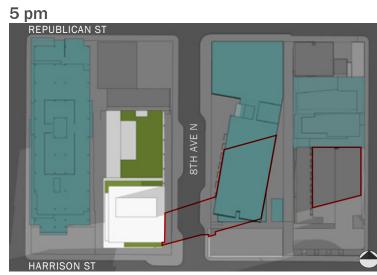
2 pm





4 pm







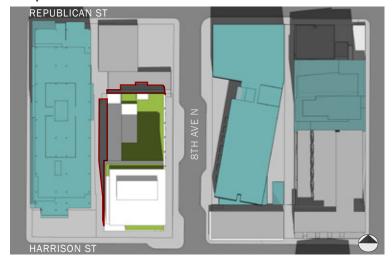
10 am



11 am



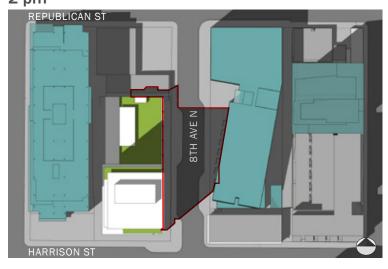
12 pm



1 pm



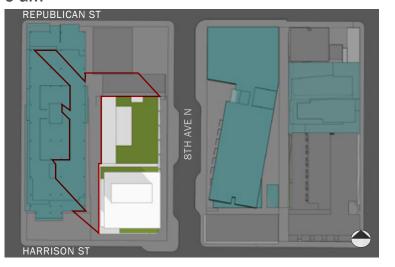
2 pm



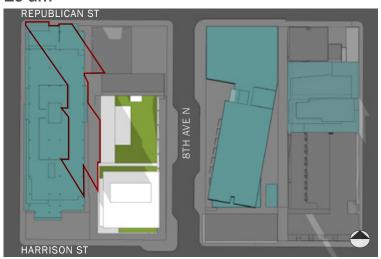


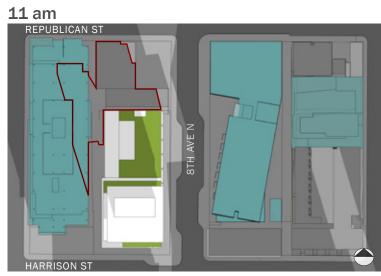


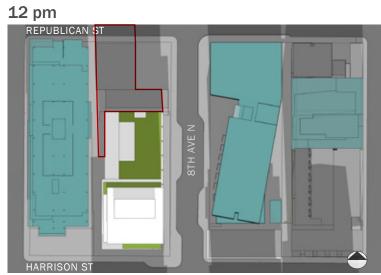




10 am



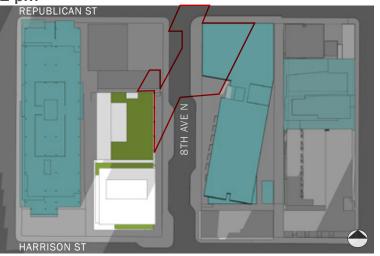




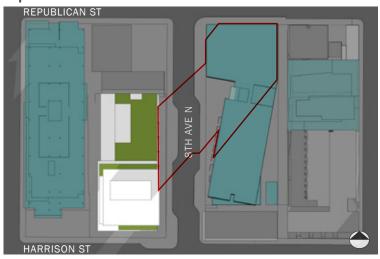
1 pm



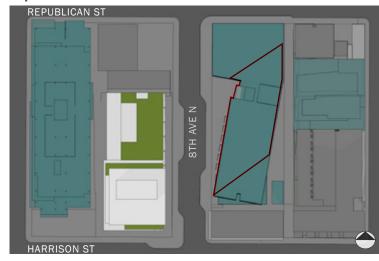
2 pm



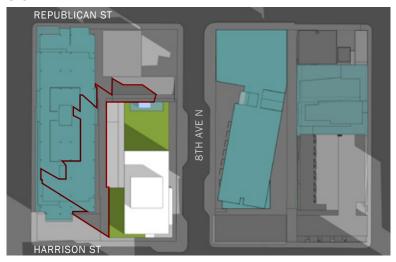
3 pm



4 pm



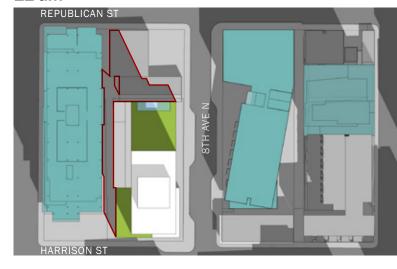




10 am



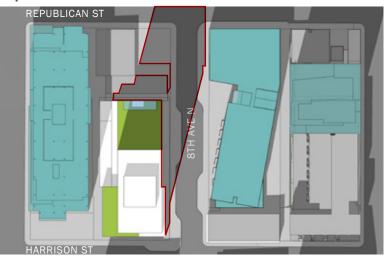
11 am



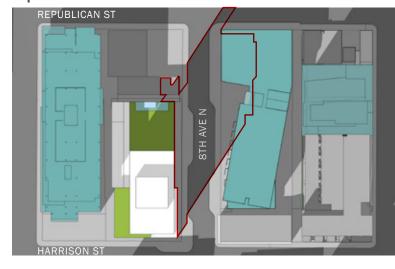
12 pm



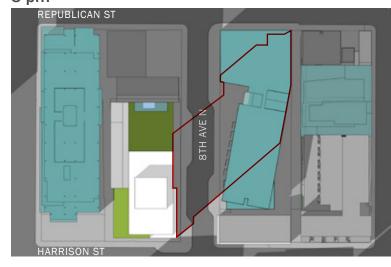
1 pm



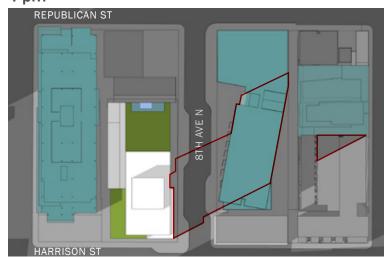
2 pm



3 pm



4 pm



5 pm





10 am



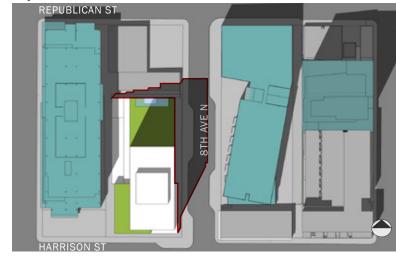
11 am



12 pm



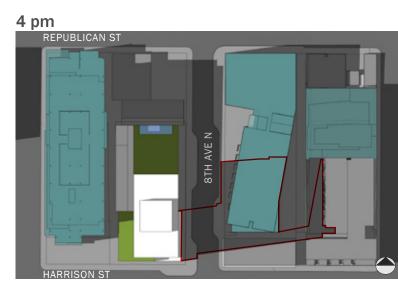
1 pm

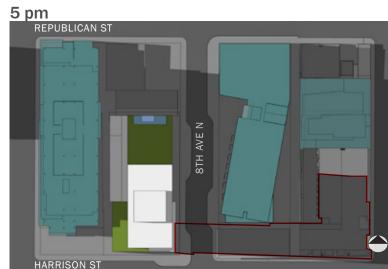


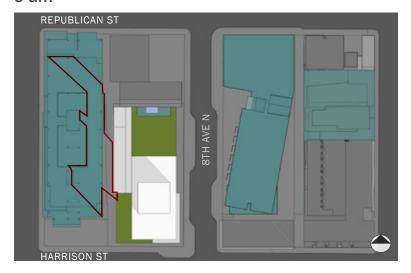
2 pm



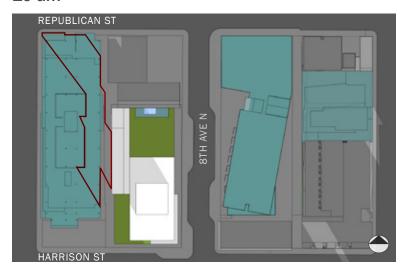




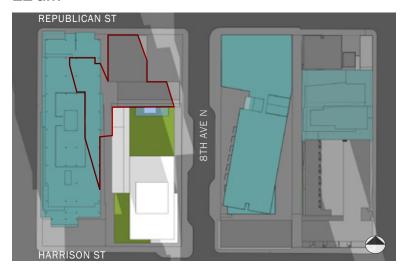




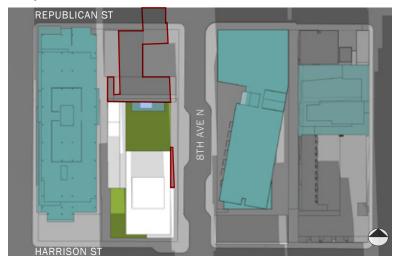
10 am



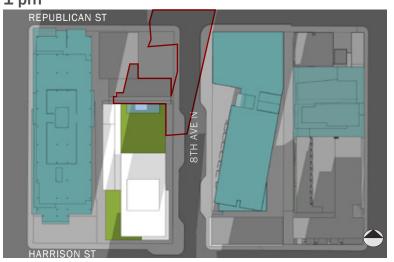
11 am



12 pm



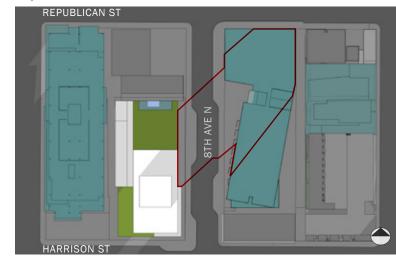
1 pm



2 pm



3 pm









10 am



11 am



12 pm



1 pm

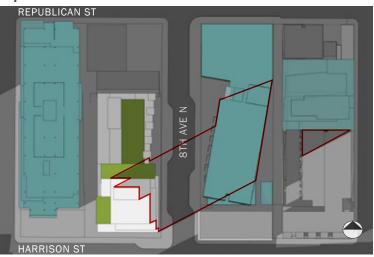




3 pm



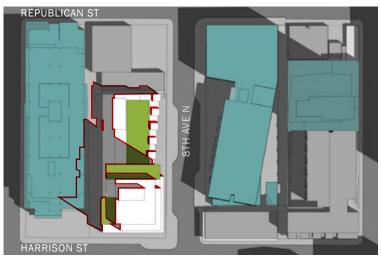
4 pm







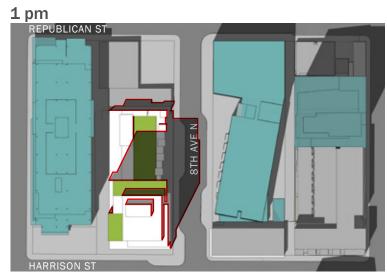
10 am



11 am







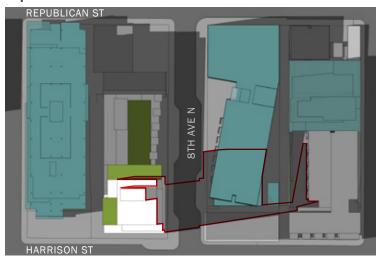
2 pm

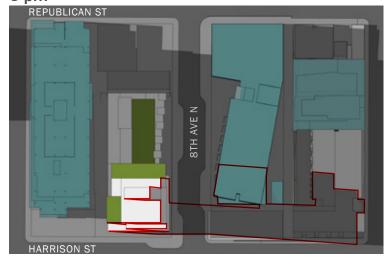


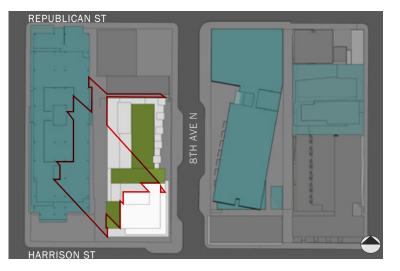
3 pm



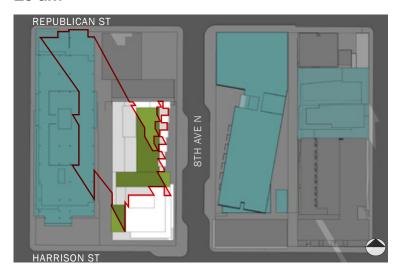
4 pm



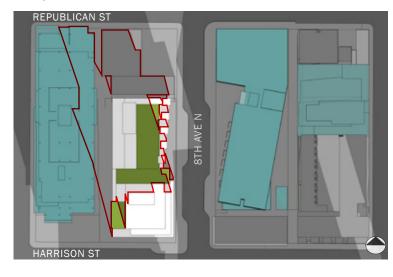




10 am



11 am



12 pm



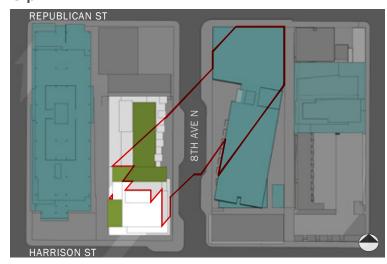
1 pm



2 pm



3 pm



4 pm



5 pm





REPUBLICAN ST SOLARIUM 8TH AVE N ROOF GARDEN AT LEVEL 23 **TOWER**

EQUINOX - 4 pm

EQUINOX - 9 am



























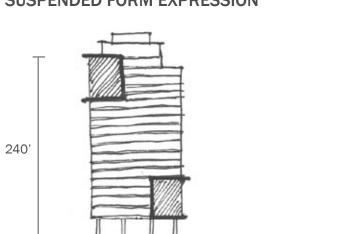


Podium Level Inspiration Images

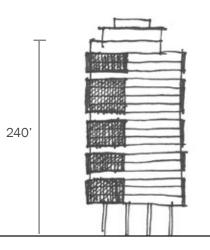
TOWER STUDIES

VERTICAL RIBBONS

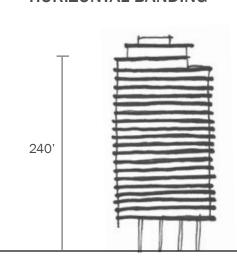
SUSPENDED FORM EXPRESSION

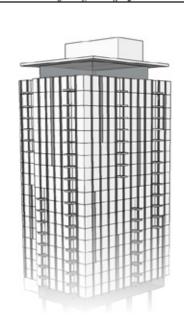


POP-OUT FACADE

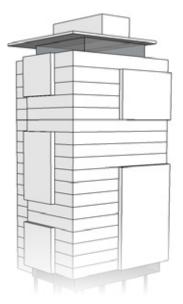


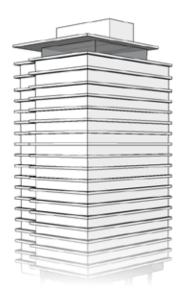
HORIZONTAL BANDING







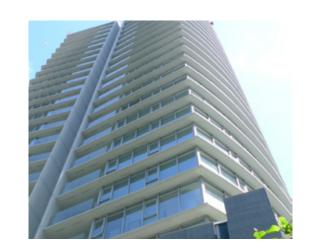












56

WATER:

- -REDUCE WATER CONSUMPTION ON SITE
- -NATURAL FILTRATION
- -RAINWATER CAPTURE AND REUSE

ENERGY:

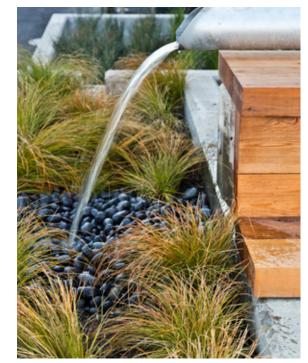
- -NATURAL DAYLIGHTING
- -PASSIVE VENTILATION
- -EFFICIENT WINDOWS AND SHADES

COMMUNITY:

- -EXTERIOR GREEN SPACE
- -GATHERING AREAS
- -CONSOLIDATION OF PARKING











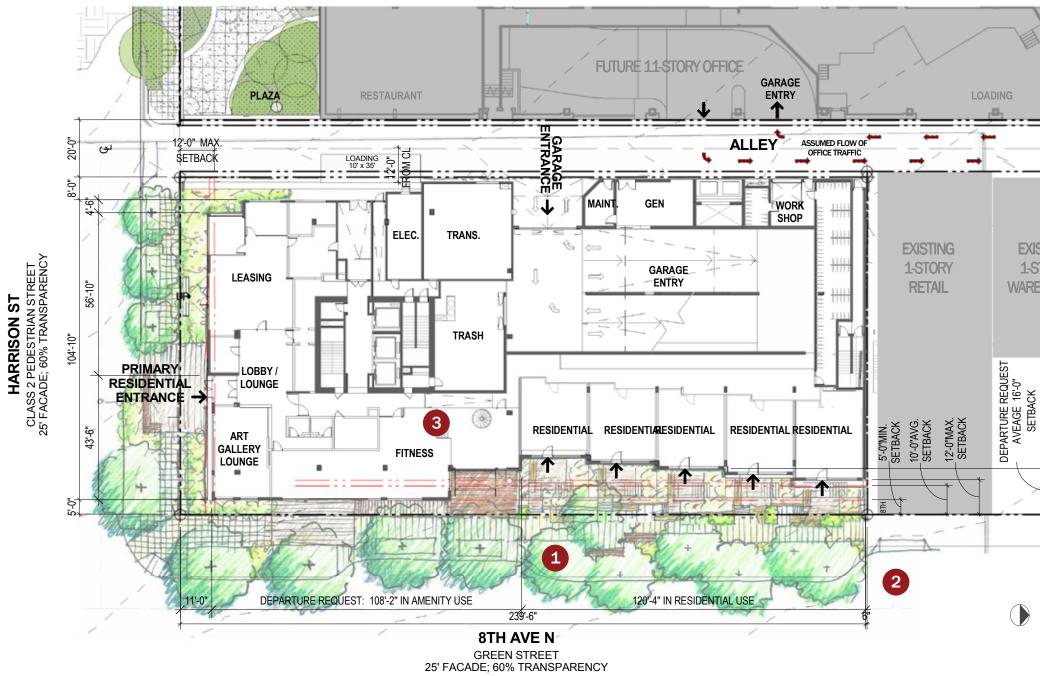












- 1 A departure may be requested to exceed the maximum 12' setback permitted by 23.48.014.A.3.b General Facade Requirements.
- A departure may be requested to allow less than the minimum 10' averaged setback required along 8th Avenue North by 23.48.014.B.1
 Additional Facade Requirements in the SM 85-240' zone.
- A departure may be requested to allow residential fitness and art gallery lounge to abut the 8th Avenue North setback, whereas 23.48.014.B.1.c. only allows residential units and residential lobby space to abut setback area.

Departures are requested to provide a dynamic variety of spaces and human-scaled uses along 8th Avenue North, to respond to the guideline to create "outdoor rooms," to respond to the streetscape patterns set up in the immediate vicinity and to establish logical architectural proportions and expression.

1

A departure may be requested to exceed the maximum 12' setback permitted by 23.48.014.A.3.b General Facade Requirements.

120'-0" of facade length along 8th Avenue North exceeds the 12' maximum setback.

Frontage = 229'

30% of facade may exceed the 12' maximum setback (= 68'-6")

120' / 229' = **52**% of facade requested to exceed 12' max setback

or

additional 51'-6" of facade length

2

A departure may be requested to allow less than the minimum 10' averaged setback required along 8th Avenue North by 23.48.014.B.1 Additional Facade Requirements in the SM 85-240' zone.

<u>length</u>	setback (max 15' for calcs)
85'	5'
24'	16'> 15'
24'	20'
24'	18'> 15'
24'	16'> 15'
24'	14'
24'	12'

weighted average = 9 ft

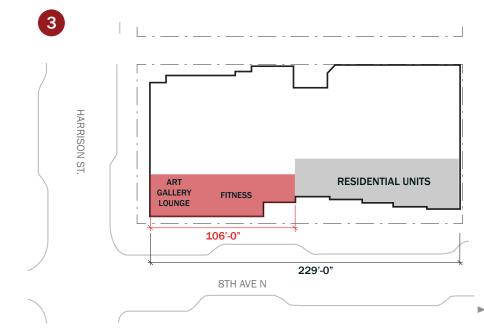
3

A departure may be requested to allow residential fitness and art gallery lounge to abut the 8th Avenue North setback, whereas 23.48.014.B.1.c. only allows residential units and residential lobby space to abut setback area.

Residential amenity spaces (fitness and art gallery lounge) are proposed along the 8th Avenue North setback. The fitness space can spill out onto a fitness dock in nice weather, activating the outdoor spaces. The art gallery lounge will be used to host social events as well as foster creative inspiration for the residents. The space will also provide visual interest from the sidewalk.

In the current scheme, the total length of this art gallery lounge and fitness space is 106'-0" (or approximately 46% of the facade). Departure request may be between 40% - 50% to allow for design









RESIDENTIAL TOWER BLOCKS OFFICE VIEWS TOWARDS LAKE AND ALSO HAS ITS OWN VIEWS BLOCKED BY THE OFFICE TOWER

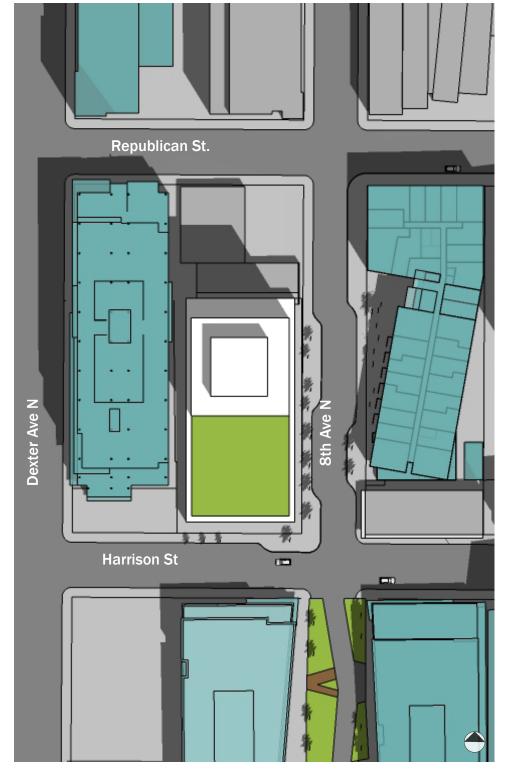
TOWER PROXIMITY PRESENTS PRIVACY CONCERNS

RESIDENTIAL TOWER HAS NEGATIVE IMPACT TO ADJACENT PROPERTY TO NORTH (85 FT DEVELOPMENT POTENTIAL)

RESIDENTIAL TOWER LOOMS OVER "OUTDOOR ROOM" CREATED BY 430 8th AVE DEVELOPMENT

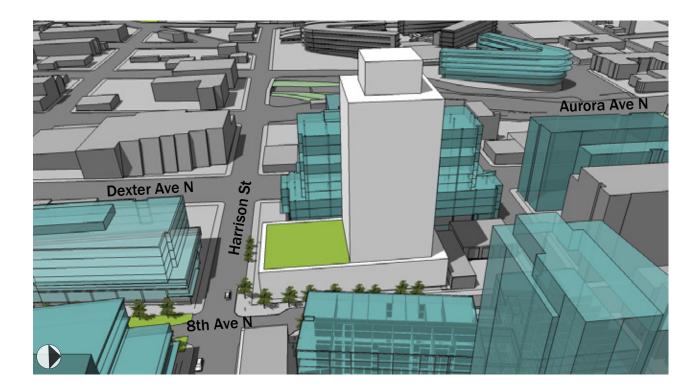
LOBBY IS LOCATED MID-BLOCK AND HAS WEAKER PRESENCE AND IDENTITY

FAILS TO ADDRESS CORNER OF 8TH AVE N AND HARRISON STREET



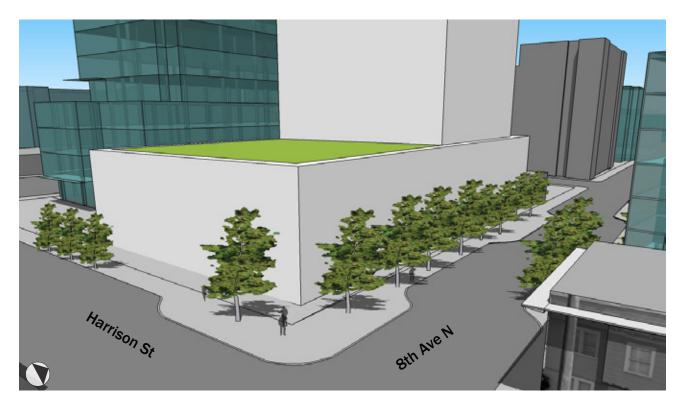


Looking northwest at the corner of 8th Ave N and Harrison Street

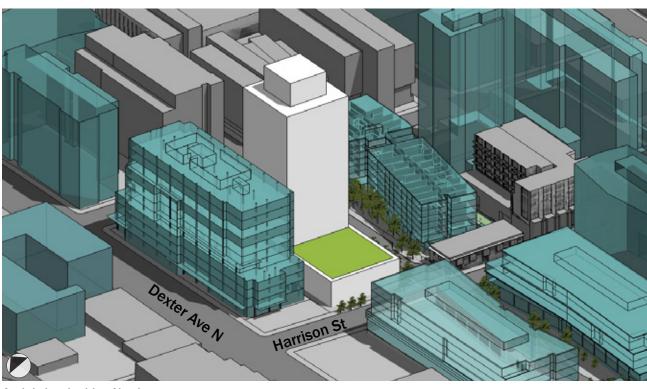




Aerial view looking West



Looking northwest at the corner of 8th Ave N and Harrison Street



Aerial view looking Northeast



Looking South down 8th Ave N



THE EVOLUTION OF THE PARTI (PREFERRED OPTION C)



ADVANCING THE DESIGN - NEXT STEPS FOR PREFERRED OPTION C







