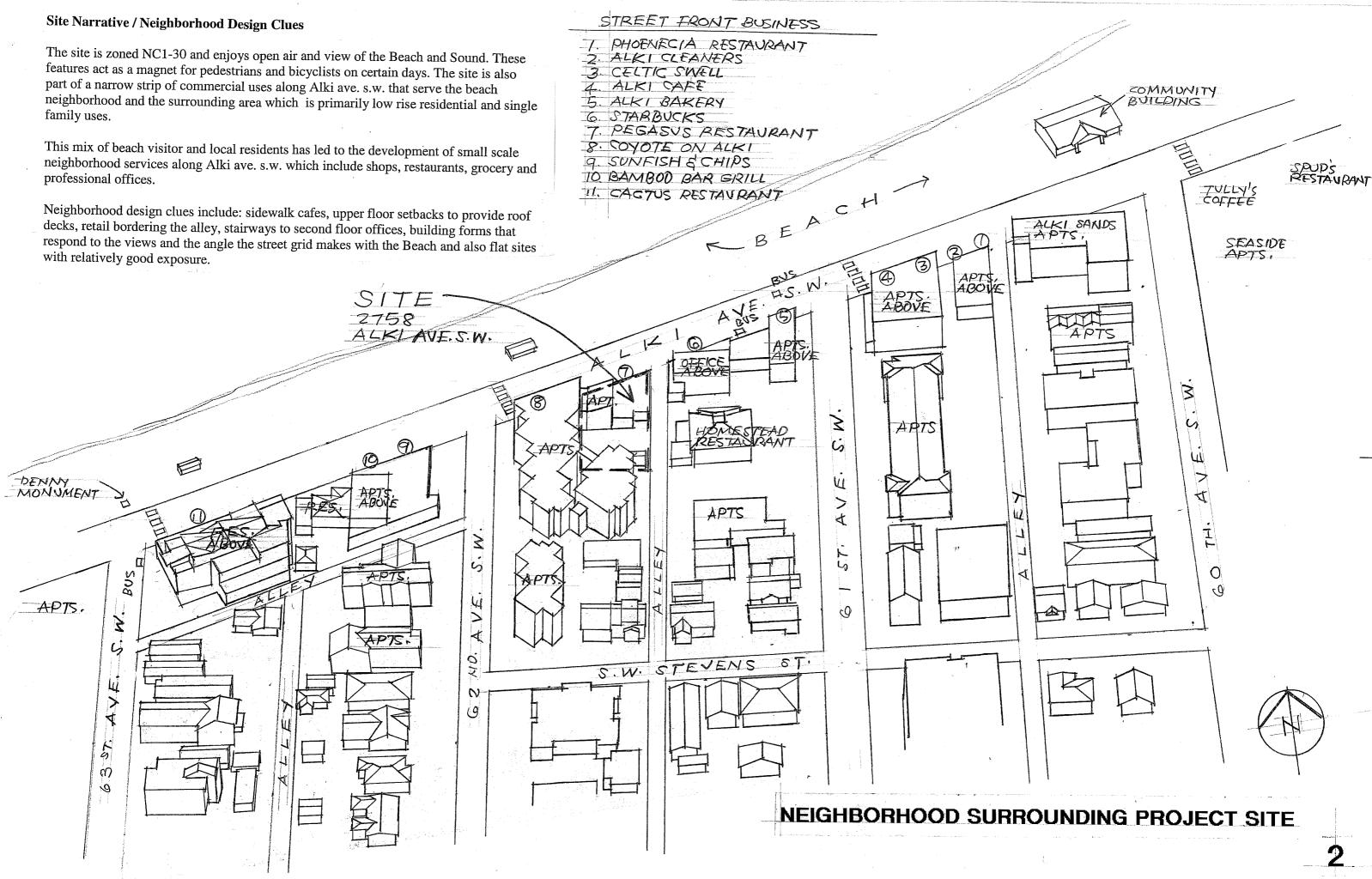
Development Objectives 1.) Demolish existing small mixed use building with ground floor pizzeria, second floor apartment and surface parking. 2.) Construct new two story building with approximately 3000 s.f. on the ground floor and 3000 s.f. on the second floor with an 8 to 10 ft. wide roof deck. 3.) Provide building layout on the ground floor for a restaurant with possible roll up window wall for sidewalk café. 4.) Provide second floor layout for office use with entry stair off the alley. 5.) Provide surface parking for approximately 11 stalls at the rear of the building. Provide parking access off the alley. SBEACH SITE 2758 ALKI AVE. S.W. ALE! AVE. S.W. 3 S -NC1-30 ZONE Li, 1 3 **(1)** ZONE 0 9 W > 1 VE. S. W. Lis S.W. STEVENS ST. VE. 9 ν Σ KOHLER ASSOCIATES ARCHITECTS & PLANNERS PS O 6 M VICINITY MAP 2758 ALKI AVE. S.W. EDG PACKET



City Design Guidelines Important to Site

A. Site Planning

- 1.) Respond to site characteristics
- design building to respond to non-rectangular lot
- use alley for parking access and as potential corner element

2.) Streetscape Compatibility

- reinforce existing pedestrian orientated businesses and shops along Alki av.

3.) Entrances visible from street

- provide clearly identifiable entries visible from the street

4.) Human Activity

- contribute to lively street activity on Alki av. s.w. by providing street front retail or restaurant with sidewalk café space, sidewalk canopy, 2nd. floor deck space above

¥

5.) Respect for adjacent sites

 locate building to reduce impact of bulk on existing mixed use building to the west

8.) Parking vehicle access

 parking to be accessed from the alley to minimize impact on sidewalk pedestrians

9.) Location of parking

- locate parking at rear of lot

10.) Corner lots

- alley intersection forms corner, respond by extending retail storefront along alley from corner

B. Height Bulk and Scale

- 1.) respond to less dense zone to south by locating building to north end of lot
 - step a portion of the building back from the street at the second floor to reduce the overall bulk from the sidewalk and create a roof deck

C. Architectural Elements and Materials

1.) Architectural Context

- respond to neighboring buildings of similar use thru the use of similar elements, patterns and materials including sidewalk canopies, roof decks, use of masonry

2.) Unified Architectural Concept

- provide unified building form and concept with features related to the building function

3.) <u>Human Scale</u>

- respond to human scale by providing useful pedestrian design elements such sidewalk canopy, roof deck, store front windows, planters

4.) Exterior Finish Materials

- use quality durable finish materials compatible with the character of the surrounding neighborhood

D. Pedestrian Environment

- 1.) Pedestrian Entries
- provide easily identified sheltered entries

2.) Blank Walls

- avoid large blank walls especially at the sidewalk

4.) Design of Parking Lots

- provide parking at rear of building with access from the alley, use landscaping to help screen the parking

6.) Screening of Dumpsters and Utilities .

- locate dumpster off alley, provide screening of durable materials

7.) Personal Safety and Security

- provide good lighting and site lines to reinforce feelings of security for users and pedestrians

8.) Treatment of Alleys

- enhance alley entry thru storefronts, lighting and signage

9.) Commercial Signage

- design integral appropriately scaled signage

10.) Commercial Lighting

- provide visually interesting lighting to complement the building and promote a sense of security

11.) Commercial Transparency

- visually transparent storefront to provide interest along the sidewalk



E. Landscaping

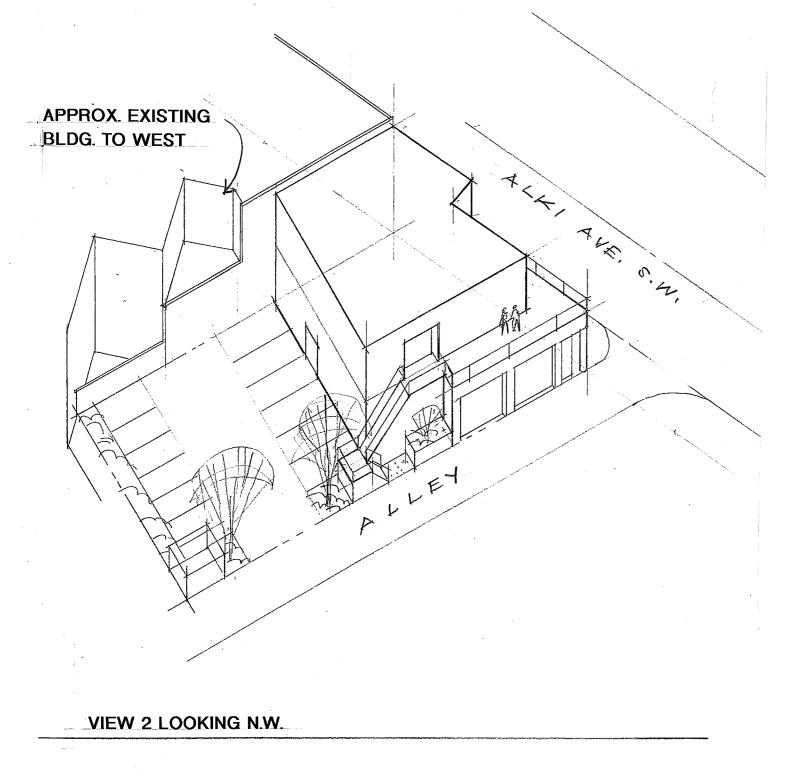
- 1.) Reinforce Design Continuity with Adjacent Sites
- provide landscaping to help reinforce the design character of the local neighborhood

2.) Enhance Building and Site

- incorporate plants and landscape features such as trellis or planters to help soften the building form and increase privacy screening

DESIGN REVIEW GUIDELINES

* GUIDELINES OF PRIMARY TMPORTANCE TO SITE

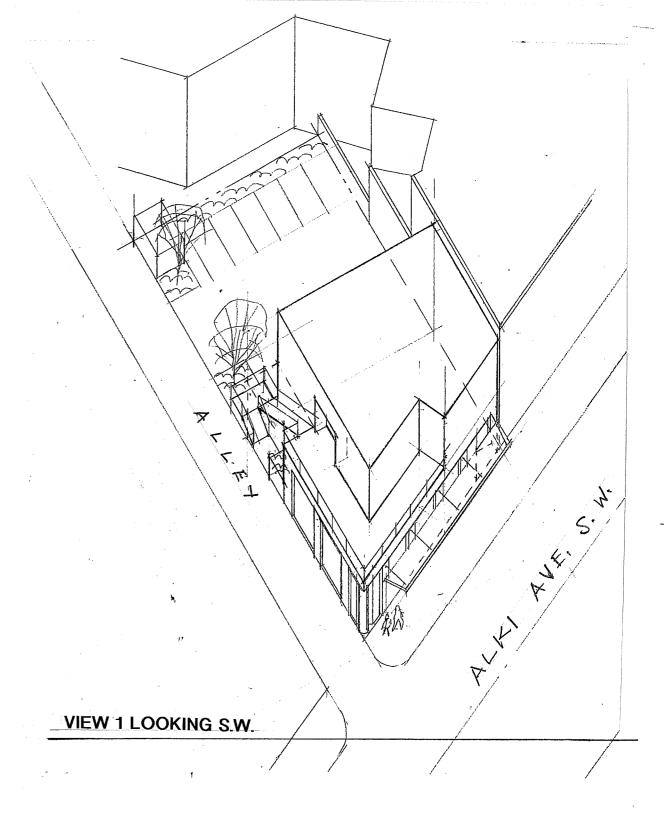


Pros

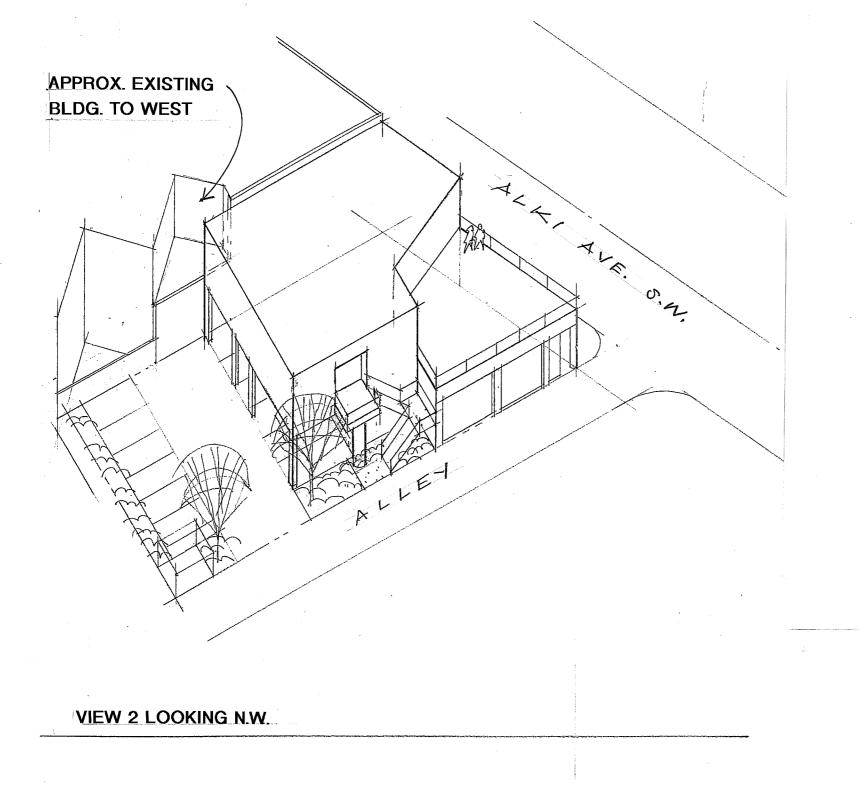
- smaller building footprint
- less intrusion to property at west
 stacked floors provide better energy efficiency
 efficient stacked structure
- provides roof deck and second floor step back from the street

Cons

- parking is exposed



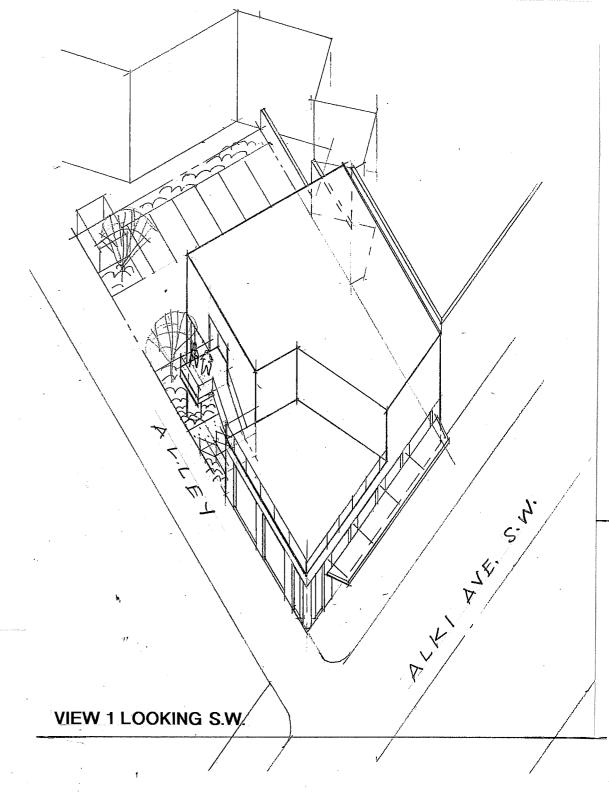
ALTERNATE PREFERRED SCHEME



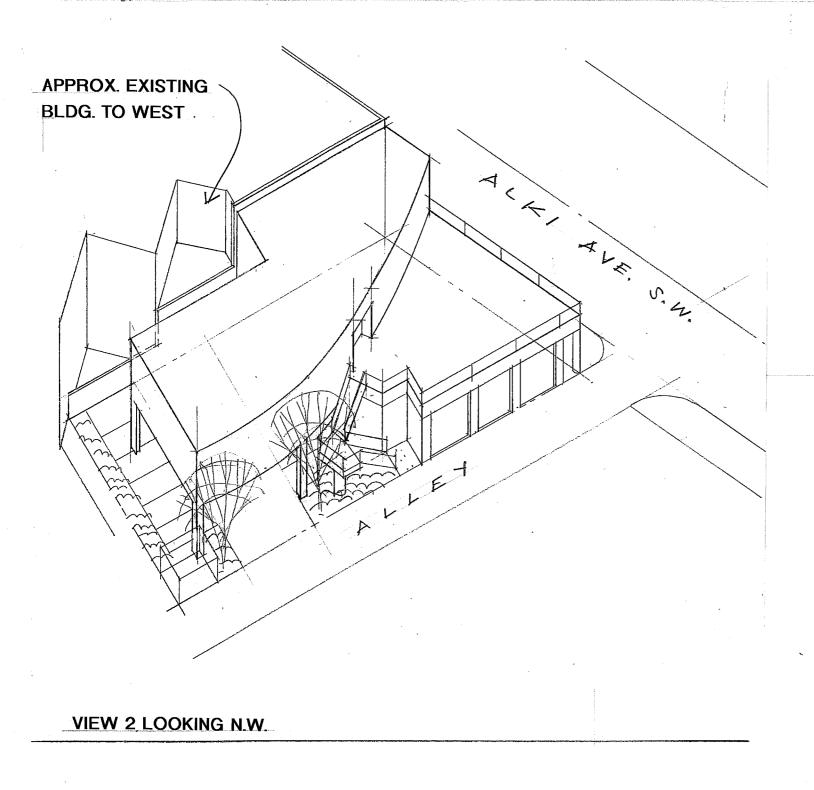
- provides some covered parkinglarge roof deck and second floor step back from street

Cons

- building has greater bulk and footprint
 blocks residential property to the west somewhat
 building structure is less efficient
- building may not be as energy efficient



ALTERNATE

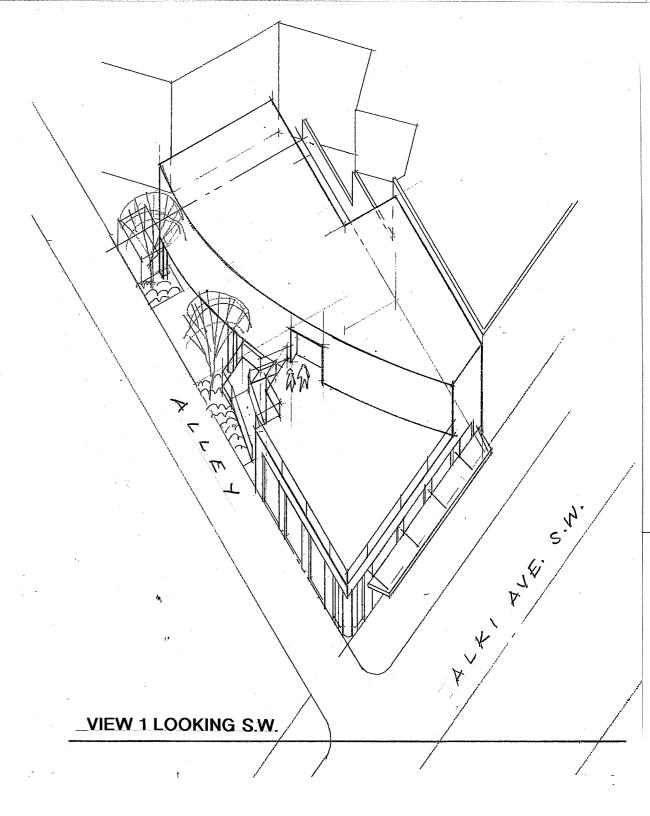


Pros

- provides additional covered parking
- large roof deck and second floor step back from street
 provides additional building face towards view

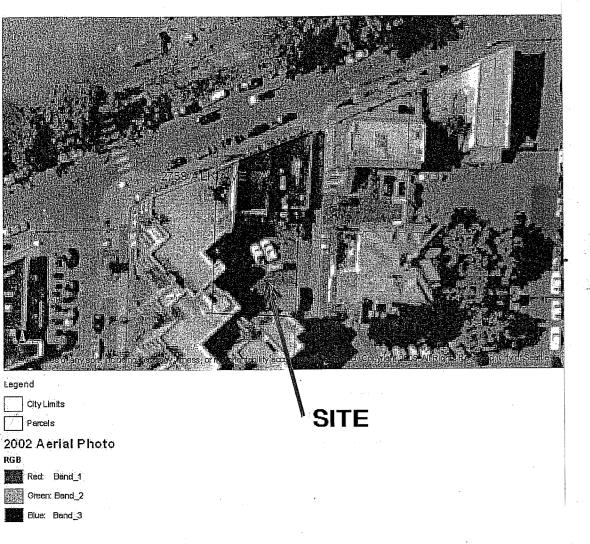
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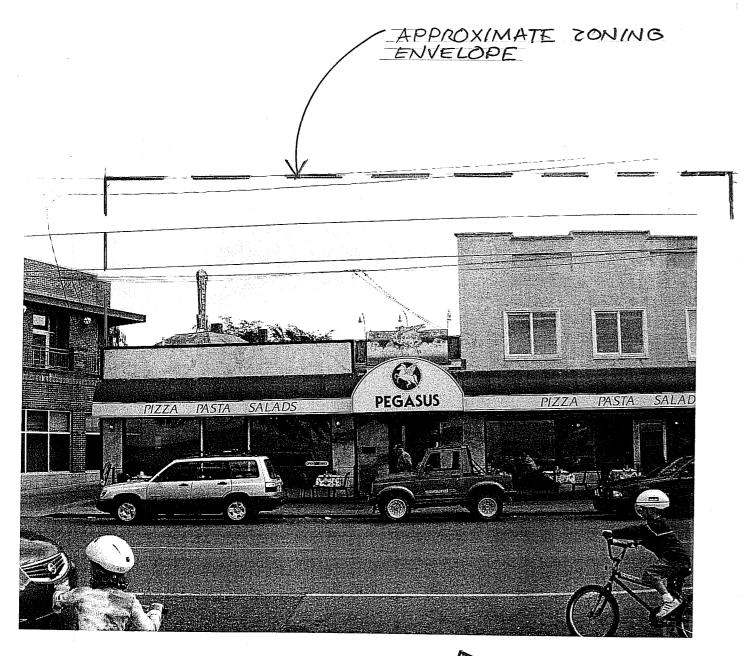
ALTERNATE

City of Seattle: DPD GIS MAP - 6/4/2007





AERIAL PHOTOS



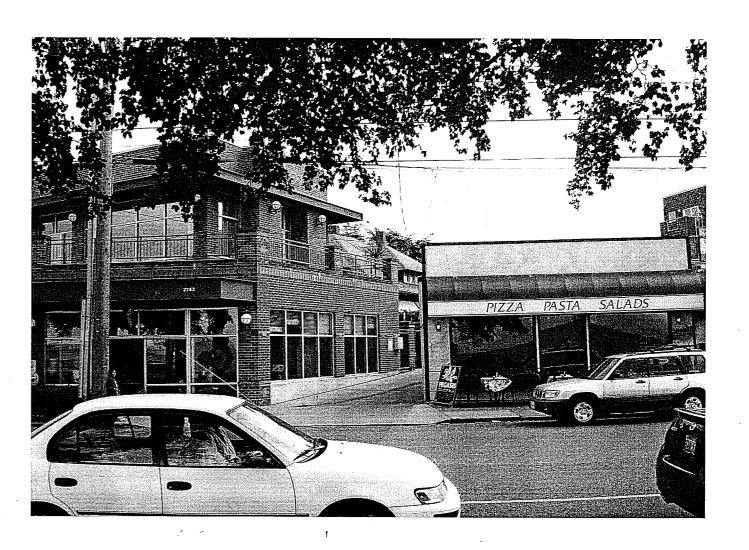


SITE 2758 ALKI, AVE. S.W.

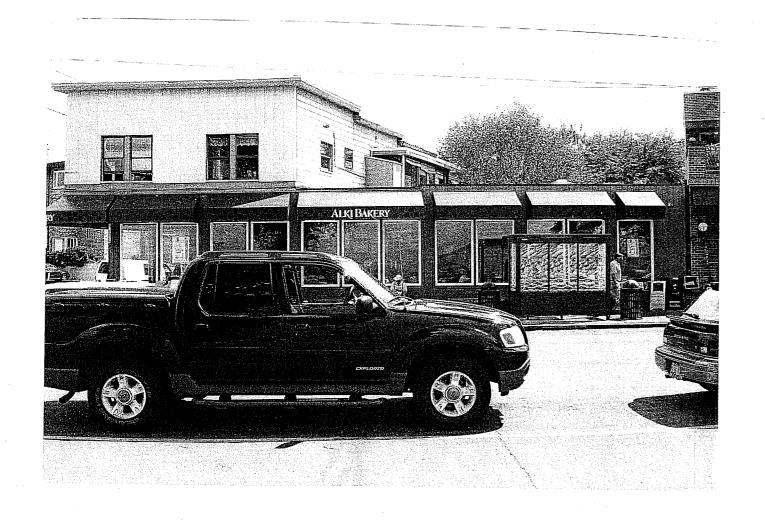
STREETSCAPE LOOKING SOUTH

(SEE PAGE 7 FOR PHOTO LOCATIONS BY PAGE NUMBER)





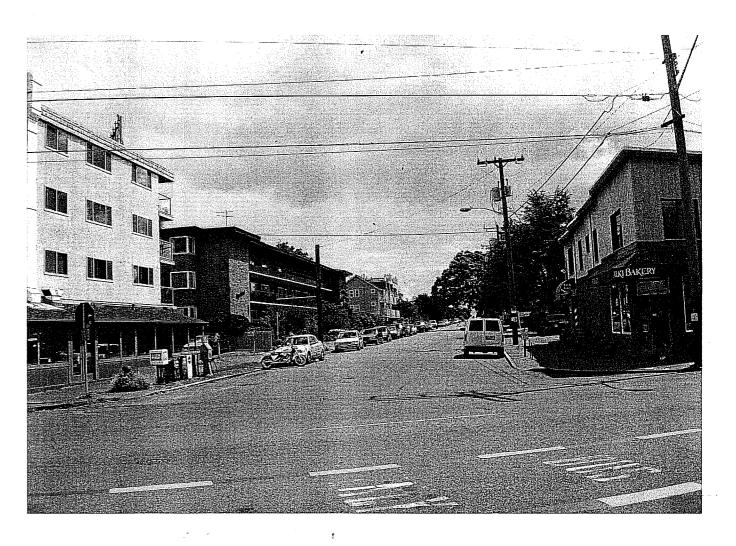
RETAIL WINDOWS FACING ALLEY, ROOF DECK, INTEGRAL LIGHTING

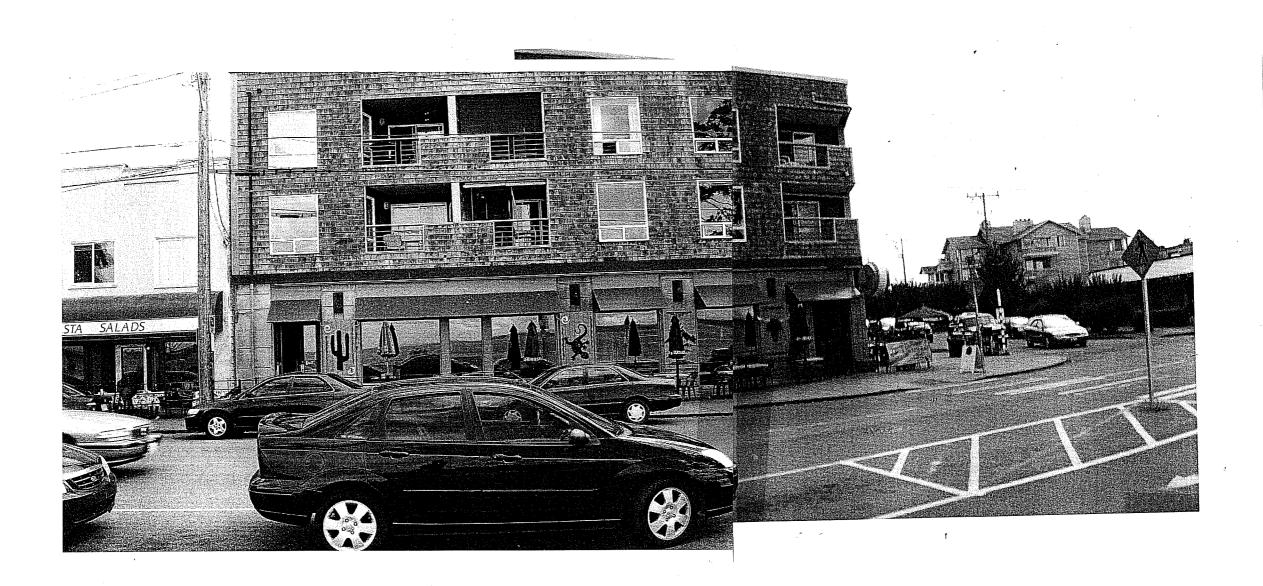




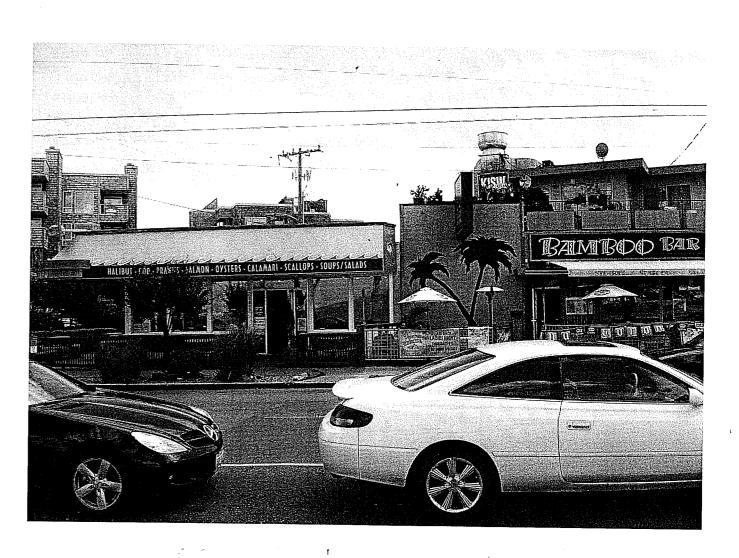
O SECOND FLOOR STEP BACK, ROOF DECK, USE OF MASONRY, OPEN STOREFRONT SIDEWALK CANOPY, INTEGRAL SIGNAGE











O SIDEWALK CAFES

