



Our Vision, Mission, Values, & Goals

Seattle is a thriving equitable community powered by dependable transportation. We're on a mission to deliver a transportation system that provides safe and affordable access to places and opportunities.



Presentation Outline

- Accomplishments through 2023
- UF Operations overview and examples
- Aurora Sidewalk Repairs
- Soil Volume Standards
- Q&A



2022 Accomplishments

- Trees Planted
- Trees Removed
- Trees Pruned
 - Traffic Sign or Signal Obstructions Cleared
- Landscape Maintenance Events



2023 Year to Date

- Trees Planted
 - Trees Removed
- Trees Pruned
- Traffic Sign or Signal Obstructions Cleared
- Landscape Maintenance Events



2016-2022 Totals

- **2,663** Trees Planted
- **1,272** Trees Removed
- **33,442** Trees Pruned
 - **3,189** Traffic Sign or Signal Obstructions Cleared
- **10,402** Landscape Maintenance Events



Clearing obstructions for safety



Before pruning



After pruning

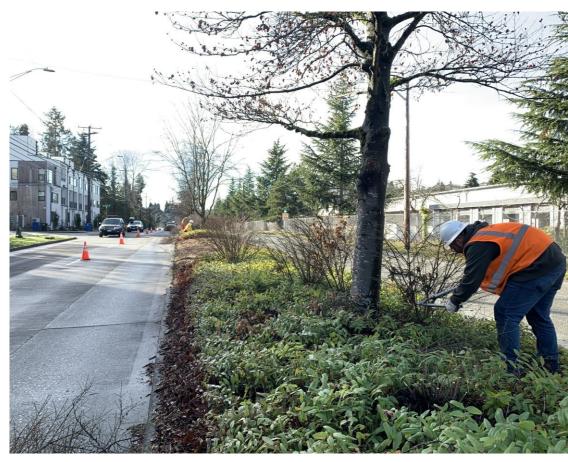
Storm Response and High-Risk Tree Removal



Storm damage

Hazard tree removal

Landscape Maintenance: Forest understory in the ROW



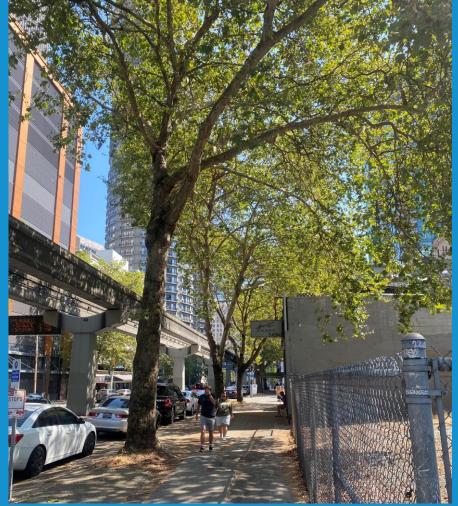
Medians on Sandpoint Way



Sequoia planter

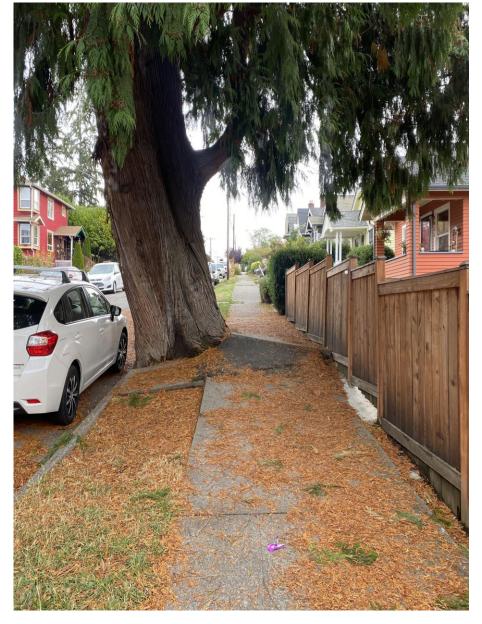


Trees & Sidewalks



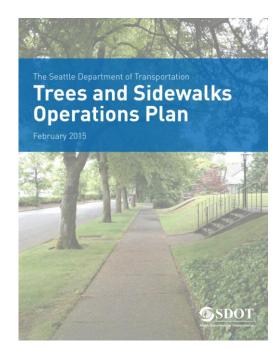
Trees & Sidewalks: Background

- Large canopy trees were planted in undersized tree pits without regard to future growth.
- Roots tend to grow just under sidewalk paving seeking moisture under the concrete surface.
- As roots increase in diameter, they push up on sidewalk panels, creating hazards for people walking and rolling.



Trees & Sidewalks: Background

SDOT's Trees and Sidewalks Operations Plan encourages custom solutions for repairing sidewalks and preserving trees.





Case Study: Aurora Sidewalk Repairs



Problem Statement:

Trees planted decades ago along Aurora Ave N lower temperatures and contribute to Seattle's tree canopy. Over time, roots have buckled sidewalks and made them difficult to navigate for people walking and rolling. In the past, tree removal may have been considered for sidewalk repairs.

We wanted to find a way to create ADA-compliant sidewalks on Aurora Ave N without removing these mature trees.



In 1980, the City planted Sweet Gums on both sides of Aurora Ave N between N 80th and N 85th Streets.

Original tree pits were 20 square feet (4 foot by 5 foot). SDOT wanted to replace temporary patches with concrete sidewalks.

Roots were pruned and shaved to allow for an ADA-compliant sidewalk.

Tree roots close to the surface called for custom sidewalk solution.



Sweet Gum on Aurora Ave N just south of N 81st St



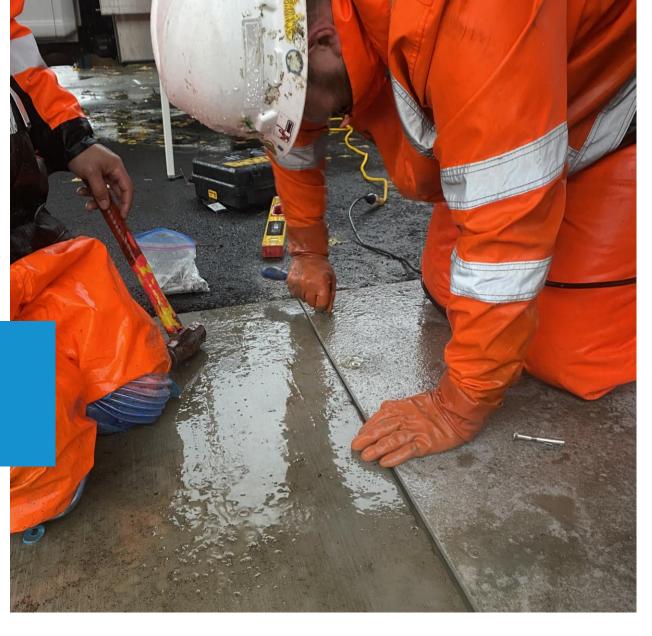
Aluminum sidewalk plate over roots provides a smooth walking surface with less harm to the tree.

Aluminum plate has a durable non-skid coating used on commercial docks in marine environments.

N 81st Street - Location 1

Aluminum plate secured with tamper-proof concrete anchors.

Fasteners can be removed as needed for future root maintenance.





Finished sidewalk with metal sidewalk plate meets ADA and preserves the existing tree. The metal sidewalk plate blends with the concrete sidewalk paving.



- Sweet Gum trees north of N 81st Street had also outgrown undersized tree pits (20 sf).
- The chain fence on metal poles runs along the ROW line.



- SDOT shifted the sidewalk east to the ROW line and sloped the sidewalk to go over existing tree roots.
- Tree pits were expanded to form a continuous planting strip.
- Wheel stops along the sidewalk prevent people from accidentally walking or rolling onto the sloped planting strip.
- Low shrubs were planted in the planting strip to further discourage people from traversing the slope.



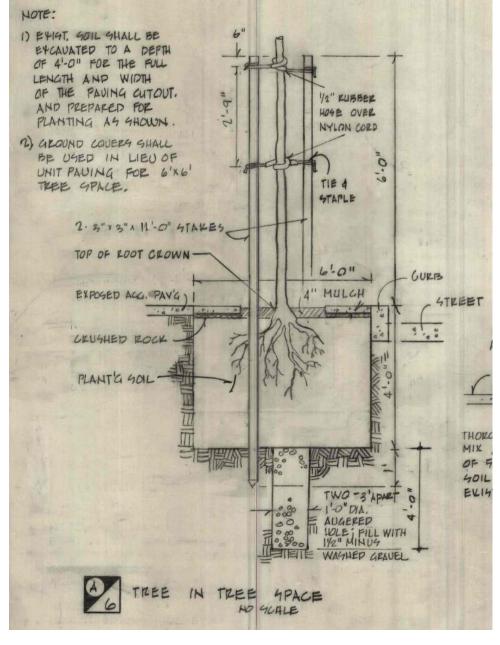
Soil Volume & Trees



What's Below the Surface?

Landscape architects in 1968 recognized the importance of soil volume for trees.

Detail shows 4 ft planting soil depth with 4 ft trench of washed gravel below planting soil.

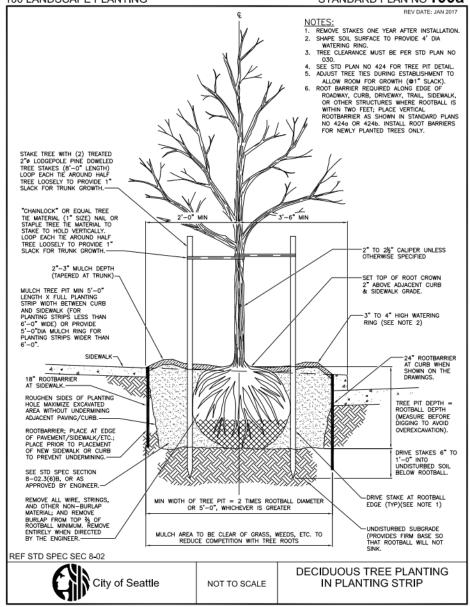


What's Below the Surface?

Planting details today assume trees can access native soil under the sidewalk.

Planting strips are excavated to depth of root ball and backfilled with planting soil.

100 LANDSCAPE PLANTING STANDARD PLAN NO 100a



2020 Edition City of Seattle Standard Plans for Municipal Construction

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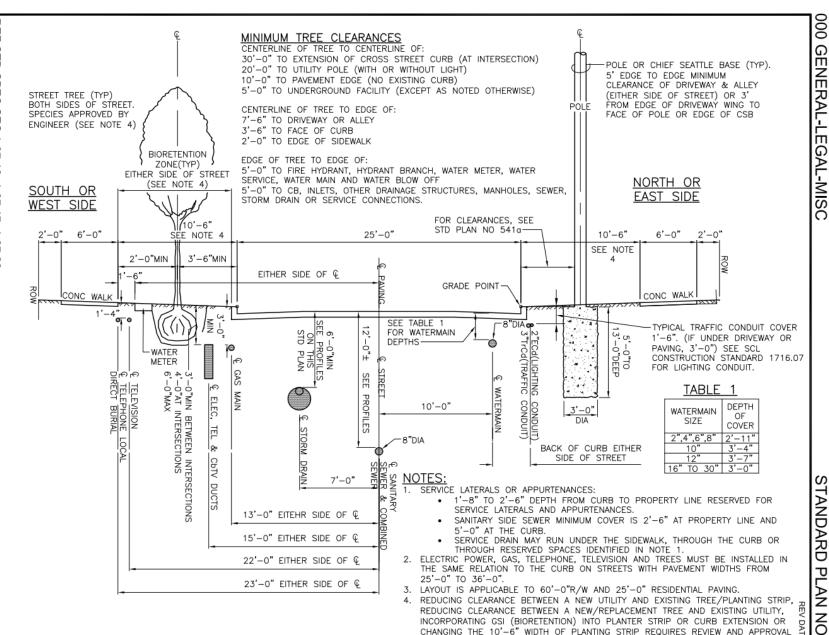
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OF THE ENGINEER AND MAY REQUIRE ADDITIONAL MITIGATING MEASURES.

5. BACKFILL OVER ALL UTILITY INSTALLATIONS BETWEEN BACK OF CURB AND R/W AND

DEPTH EQUAL TO THE DEPTH OF THE ROOTBALL (NO CDF ALLOWED IN THIS ZONE).

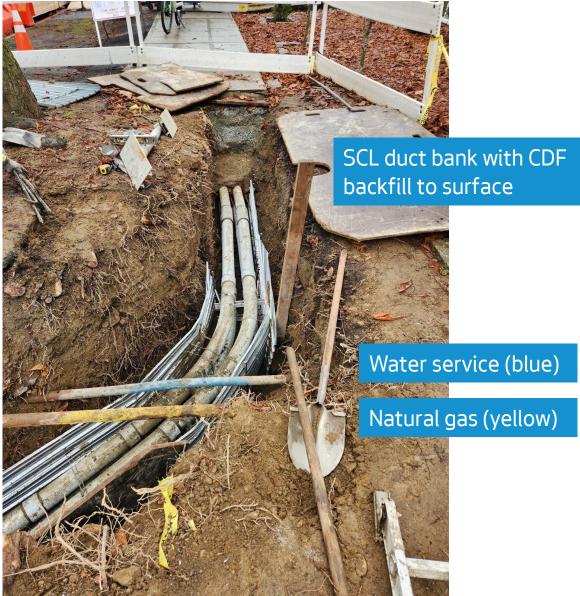
WITHIN 5' OF CENTERLINE OF TREES MUST BE PLANTING SOIL FOR A MINIMUM



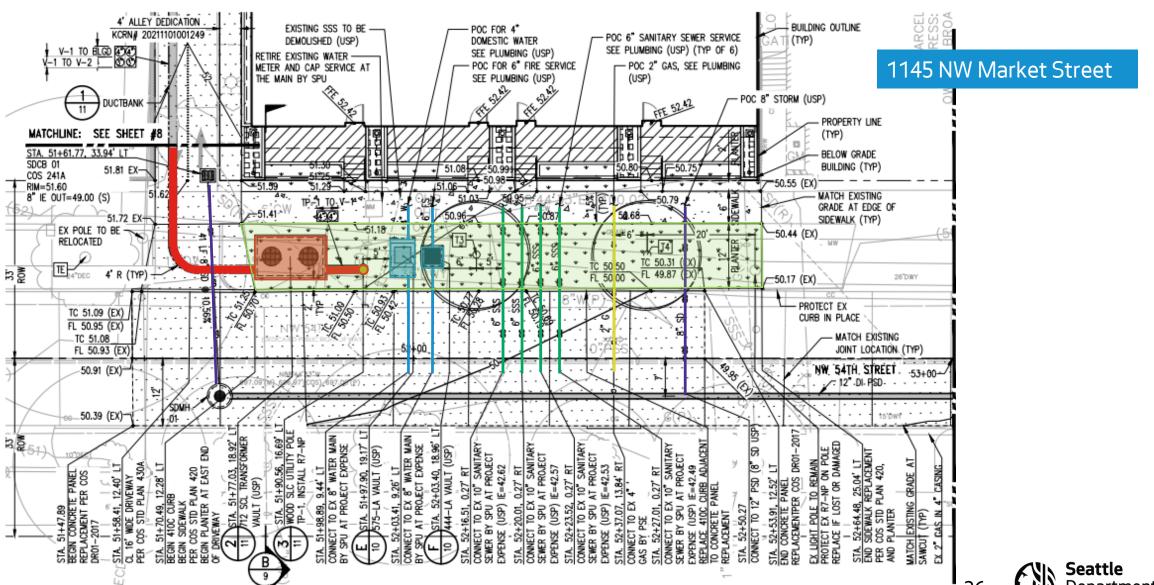
What's Below the Surface?

As the city continues to underground power, high voltage duct banks and vaults placed in the sidewalk and planting strip further reduce soil volume for trees.





What's Below the Surface?



Soil Volume & Canopy Spread

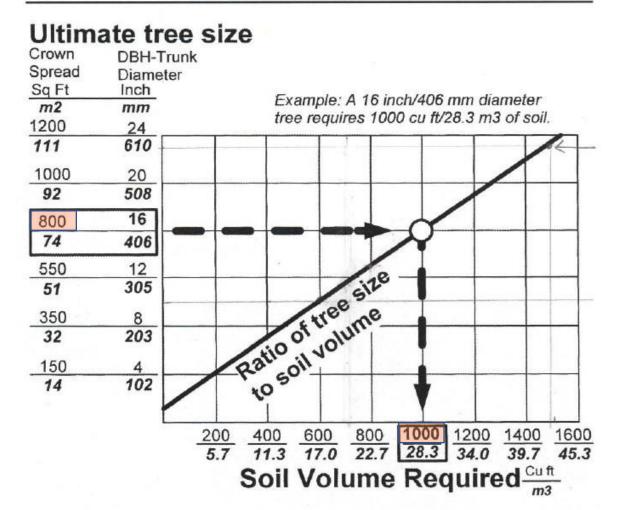
Multiple studies have shown the relationship between soil volume and tree canopy spread.

A general rule of thumb is that 1.25 cubic feet of soil volume should be provided for every square foot of mature canopy spread.

800 SF mature canopy (28 ft spread)

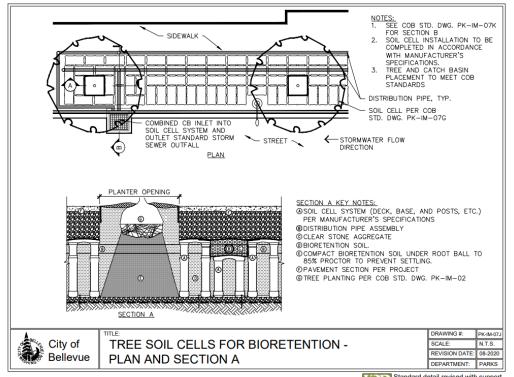
1000 CF soil volume (250 SF for 4 FT depth)

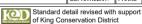
Table 2.4.1. Tree size to soil volume relationships (Urban 1992).



Soil Volume Strategies

Soil cells are becoming more widely used as cities seek to expand soil volume for trees under crowded urban conditions.







Soil Volume Standards

City of Bellevue

Tree Size	Soil Volume (CF)
Large trees (35+ ft canopy spread, ~24" mature DSH)	1500
Medium trees (25-35 ft canopy spread, ~16" mature DSH)	1000
Small trees (10-25 ft canopy spread, ~8" mature DSH)	500

City of Seattle - Streets Illustrated

1,200 CF of soil volume for each tree planted in urban areas or downtown

City of Seattle - Green Factor

Tree Size	Soil Volume (CF)
Large trees (26+ ft canopy spread)	550
Large/Medium trees (21-26 ft canopy spread)	400
Medium/Small trees (16-21 ft canopy spread)	250
Small trees (8-16 ft canopy spread)	150

Questions?

Stay in touch:



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www.seattle.gov/transportation/[InsertYourURL]

