Selected Social Characteristics (DP02)
2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates (Not decennial census counts. See notes after table.)

Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE					
Total Households:	6,185	+/- 259	100%	X	High
Family Households (families)	1,892	+/- 234	30.6%	+/-3.6	High
With Own Children under 18 years	631	+/- 97	10.2%	+/-1.5	High
Married-Couple Family	1,623	+/- 237	26.2%	+/-3.7	High
With Own Children under 18 years	509	+/- 85	8.2%	+/-1.3	High
Male householder, no wife present, family	85	+/- 50	1.4%	+/-0.8	Moderate
With Own Children under 18 years	38	+/- 35	0.6%	+/-0.6	Low
Female householder,no husband present,family	184	+/- 96	3.0%	+/-1.5	Moderate
With Own Children under 18 years	84	+/- 57	1.4%	+/-0.9	Low
Nonfamily Households	4,293	+/- 302	69.4%	+/-3.9	High
Householder Living Alone	3,488	+/- 349	56.4%	+/-5.1	High
65 years and over	565	+/- 163	9.1%	+/-2.6	Moderate
Households with one or more people under 18 years	641	+/- 98	10.4%	+/-1.5	High
Households with one or more people 65 years and over	1,008	+/- 156	16.3%	+/-2.4	High
Average Household Size:	1.63	+/- 0.11	X	X	High
Average Family Size:	2.52	+/- 0.11	X	X	High
RELATIONSHIP					
Population in Households:	10,090	+/- 498	100%	X	High
Householder	6,185	+/- 259	61.3%	W	High
Spouse	1,619	+/- 231	16.0%	+/-2.1	High
Child	1,118	+/- 134	11.1%	+/-1.2	High
Other Relatives	132	+/- 84	1.3%	+/-0.8	Moderate
Nonrelatives	1,036	+/- 262	10.3%	+/-2.5	Moderate
Unmarried Partner	507	+/- 164	5.0%	+/-1.6	Moderate
MARITAL STATUS					
Males 15 and over:	4,549	+/- 389	100%	X	High
Never married	2,338	+/- 376	51.4%	+/-7	High
Now married, except separated	1,742	+/- 244	38.3%	+/-4.2	High
Separated	56	+/- 50	1.2%	+/-1.1	Low
Widowed	2	+/- 13	0.0%	+/-0.3	Low
Divorced	411	+/- 136	9.0%	+/-2.9	Moderate
Females 15 and over:	4,763	+/- 376	100%	X	High
Never married	2,414	+/- 328	50.7%	+/-5.6	High
Now married, except separated	1,627	+/- 235	34.2%	+/-4.1	High
Separated	46	+/- 33	1.0%	+/-0.7	Low
Widowed	164	+/- 91	3.4%	+/-1.9	Moderate
Divorced	512	+/- 173	10.7%	+/-3.5	Moderate
FERTILITY					
Number of women 15 to 50 years old who had a birth in the past 12 months:	86	+/- 67	100%	X	Low
Unmarried women (widowed, divorced, and never married)	21	+/- 36	24.4%	+/-37.3	Low
Per 1,000 unmarried women	9	+/- 95	X	X	Low
Per 1,000 women 15 to 50 years old	36	+/- 46	X	X	Low
Per 1,000 women 15 to 19 years old	0	+/-123	X	X	NC
Per 1,000 women 20 to 34 years old	28	+/- 63	X	X	Low
Per 1,000 women 35 to 50 years old	25	+/- 91	X	X	Low

Geographic Area: UVDA Queen Anne

Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
GRANDPARENTS					
Number of grandparents living with own grandchildren under 18 years:	11	+/- 24	100%	X	Low
Responsible for grandchildren	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Responsible less than 1 year	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Responsible 1 to 2_years	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Responsible 3 to 4 years	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Responsible 5 or more years	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Number of grandparents responsible for own grandchildren under 18 years:	0	+/-123	0%	X	NC
Who are female	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Who are married	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT					
Population 3 years and over enrolled in school:	1,329	+/- 225	100%	X	High
Nursery school, preschool	117	+/- 66	8.8%	+/-4.7	Moderate
Kindergarten	73	+/- 55	5.5%	+/-4	Low
Elementaryschool (grades 1-8)	357	+/- 115	26.9%	+/-7.4	Moderate
High school (grades 9-12)	180	+/- 100	13.5%	+/-7.2	Moderate
College or graduate school	602	+/- 187	45.3%	+/-11.8	Moderate
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT					
Population 25 years and over:	8,261	+/- 515	100%	X	High
Less than 9th grade	69	+/- 71	0.8%	+/-0.9	Low
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	135	+/- 114	1.6%	+/-1.4	Low
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	673	+/- 203	8.1%	+/-2.4	Moderate
Some college, no degree	964	+/- 246	11.7%	+/-2.9	Moderate
Associate's degree	580	+/- 196	7.0%	+/-2.3	Moderate
Bachelor's degree	3,759	+/- 445	45.5%	+/-4.6	High
Graduate or professional degree	2,081	+/- 359	25.2%	+/-4.1	High
Percent high school graduate or higher:	X	X	97.5%	+/- 1.4	High
Percent bachelor's degree or higher:	X	X	70.7%	+/- 3.9	High
VETERAN STATUS					
Civilian population 18 years and over:	9,151	+/- 490	100%	X	High
Civilian veterans	486	+/- 144	5.3%	+/-1.5	Moderate

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
DISABILITY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION					
Total Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	10,070	+/- 501	100%	X	High
With a disability	985	+/- 278	9.8%	+/-2.7	Moderate
Under 18 years	970	+/- 121	100%	X	High
With a disability	14	+/- 25	1.4%	+/-2.6	Low
18 to 64 years	7,776	+/- 441	100%	X	High
With a disability	656	+/- 213	8.4%	+/-2.7	Moderate
65 years and over	1,324	+/- 209	100%	X	High
With a disability	315	+/- 155	23.8%	+/-11.1	Moderate
RESIDENCE 1 YEAR AGO					
Population 1 year and over:	10,073	+/- 506	100%	X	High
Same house	7,131	+/- 476	70.8%	+/-3.1	High
Different house in the U.S.	2,817	+/- 454	28.0%	+/-4.3	High
Same county	1,822	+/- 354	18.1%	+/-3.4	High
Different county	995	+/- 336	9.9%	+/-3.3	Moderate
Same state	286	+/- 172	2.8%	+/-1.7	Moderate
Different state	709	+/- 262	7.0%	+/-2.6	Moderate
Abroad	125	+/- 118	1.2%	+/-1.2	Low

Geographic Area: UVDA Queen Anne

DP02 Selected Social Characteristics, 2009-2013 American Community Survey

Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
PLACE OF BIRTH					
Total Population:	10,145	+/- 511	100%	X	High
Native	9,444	+/- 509	93.1%	+/-1.8	High
Born in the United States	9,349	+/- 511	92.2%	+/-2	High
State of residence	3,915	+/- 514	38.6%	+/-4.7	High
Different state	5,434	+/- 518	53.6%	+/-4.3	High
Born in Puerto Rico, U.S. Island areas, or born abroad to American parents	95	+/- 60	0.9%	+/-0.6	Moderate
Foreign born	701	+/- 178	6.9%	+/-1.7	Moderate
U.S. CITIZENSHIP STATUS					
Foreign-born population:	701	+/- 178	100%	X	Moderate
Naturalized U.S. citizen	384	+/- 137	54.8%	+/-13.7	Moderate
Not a U.S. citizen	317	+/- 110	45.2%	+/-10.7	Moderate
YEAR OF ENTRY					
Population born outside the United States:	796	+/- 185	100%	X	Moderate
Native:	95	+/- 60	100%	X	Moderate
Entered 2010 or later	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Entered before 2010	95	+/- 60	100.0%	+/-0.1	Moderate
Foreign born population:	701	+/- 178	100%	X	Moderate
Entered 2010 or later	76	+/- 69	10.8%	+/-9.5	Low
Entered before 2010	625	+/- 160	89.2%	+/-2.9	Moderate
WORLD REGION OF BIRTH OF FOREIGN BORN					
Foreign-born, excluding population born at sea:	701	+/- 178	100%	X	Moderate
Europe	267	+/- 128	38.1%	+/-15.5	Moderate
Asia	259	+/- 101	36.9%	+/-10.9	Moderate
Africa	58	+/- 59	8.3%	+/-8.2	Low
Oceania	1	+/- 17	0.1%	+/-2.4	Low
Latin America	34	+/- 33	4.9%	+/-4.5	Low
Northern America	82	+/- 47	11.7%	+/-6	Moderate
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME					
Population 5 years and over:	9,821	+/- 518	100%	X	High
English only	8,872	+/- 485	90.3%	+/-1.3	High
Language other than English	949	+/- 240	9.7%	+/-2.4	Moderate
Speak English less than "very well"	180	+/- 94	1.8%	+/-1	Moderate
Spanish	203	+/- 104	2.1%	+/-1.1	Moderate
Speak English less than "very well"	32	+/- 31	0.3%	+/-0.3	Low
Other Indo-European lanugages	470	+/- 170	4.8%	+/-1.7	Moderate
Speak English less than "very well"	90	+/- 81	0.9%	+/-0.8	Low
Asian and Pacific Islander languages	227	+/- 136	2.3%	+/-1.4	Moderate
Speak English less than "very well"	58	+/- 63	0.6%	+/-0.6	Low
Other languages	49	+/- 45	0.5%	+/-0.5	Low
Speak English less than "very well"	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC

Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
ANCESTRY					
Total Population:	10,145	+/- 511	100%	X	High
American	440	+/- 159	4.3%	+/-1.6	Moderate
Arab	16	+/- 25	0.2%	+/-0.2	Low
Czech	60	+/- 63	0.6%	+/-0.6	Low
Danish	197	+/- 87	1.9%	+/-0.9	Moderate
Dutch	197	+/- 110	1.9%	+/-1.1	Moderate
English	1,414	+/- 294	13.9%	+/-2.8	Moderate
French (except Basque)	455	+/- 181	4.5%	+/-1.8	Moderate
French Canadian	220	+/- 114	2.2%	+/-1.1	Moderate
German	2,148	+/- 363	21.2%	+/-3.4	High
Greek	61	+/- 47	0.6%	+/-0.5	Low
Hungarian	92	+/- 83	0.9%	+/-0.8	Low
Irish	1,342	+/- 315	13.2%	+/-3	Moderate
Italian	558	+/- 200	5.5%	+/-2	Moderate
Lithuanian	6	+/- 19	0.1%	+/-0.2	Low
Norwegian	758	+/- 216	7.5%	+/-2.1	Moderate
Polish	202	+/- 110	2.0%	+/-1.1	Moderate
Portuguese	22	+/- 29	0.2%	+/-0.3	Low
Russian	76	+/- 54	0.7%	+/-0.5	Low
Scotch Irish	290	+/- 197	2.9%	+/-1.9	Low
Scottish	248	+/- 115	2.4%	+/-1.1	Moderate
Slovak	11	+/- 23	0.1%	+/-0.2	Low
Subsaharan African	94	+/- 108	0.9%	+/-1.1	Low
Swedish	528	+/- 154	5.2%	+/-1.5	Moderate
Swiss	136	+/- 99	1.3%	+/-1	Low
Ukrainian	38	+/- 45	0.4%	+/-0.4	Low
Welsh	117	+/- 90	1.2%	+/-0.9	Low
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC

Notes:
This is one of four reports that have been adapted from the ACS "Data Profile" (DP) Series. The four DP tables published by the Census Bureau are:
DP02 Selected Social Characteristics; DP03 Selected Economic Characteristics; DP04 Selected Housing Characteristics; DP05 Demographic and Housing Estimates.

DPD has adapted these DP tables for reporting ACS estimates for locally-defined geographies. The locally defined areas covered in these reports are made up of multiple census tracts (except for a few Community Reporting Areas that are made up of only one Census Tract each), therefore estimates shown for these geographies are based on aggregating estimates for multiple census tracts. For ease of calculation, medians are the average of the medians.

[1]The ACS is a sample survey and as such, estimates carry sampling error. Margins of error (MOEs) provide a measure of sampling error

The MOEs displayed for the aggregated estimates in these reports could only be approximated using the formulas provided by the Census Bureau. These formulas do not account for "covariance" (or inter-relationship) between the aggregated estimates, and can understate or—more commonly—overstate the margins of error. In some cases, actual MOEs may be much different than approximated.

MOEs of +/- 0.1 and below are displayed as +/- 0.1 based on Census Bureau convention.

[2] The reliability indicator of High, Moderate, or Low is meant to provide a general sense of an estimate's reliability. Data users will need to use discretion in identifying the level of reliability appropriate for their purposes.

"High" reliability: MOE is less than or equal to 20% of the estimate. Indicates that sampling error is small relative to the size of the estimate. Flagged green.
"Moderate" reliability: MOE is between 20% and 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged yellow to indicate that the estimate should be used with caution.
"Low" reliability: MOE is over 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged red to warn that sampling error is large relative to the estimate and that the estimate is very unreliable.
"NC": Estimate is 0. Reliability cannot be calculated.

Percent Margin of Error "W" value indicates the standard formula for estimating the percent MOE could not be applied (due to negative value under square root).

For more about MOEs, see Census Bureau notes below. For formulas, see "American Community Survey Multiyear Accuracy of the Data (3-year 2008-2010 and 5-year 2006-2010)," http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/MultiyearACSAccuracyofData2010.pdf.)

Census Bureau notes for DP02:
Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population
Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and
estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Fertility data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with data collection. See Errata Note #92 for details.

Methodological changes to data collection in 2013 may have affected language data for 2013. Users should be aware of these changes when using multi-year data containing data from 2013.

The Census Bureau introduced a new set of disability questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, comparisons of disability data from 2008
or later with data from prior years are not recommended. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test,
see the Evaluation Report Covering Disability.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:
1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available."

Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
EMPLOYMENT STATUS					
Population 16 years and over:	9,297	+/- 492	100%	X	High
In labor force	7,211	+/- 444	77.6%	+/-2.4	High
Civilian labor force	7,187	+/- 449	77.3%	+/-2.6	High
Employed	6,695	+/- 461	72.0%	+/-3.2	High
Unemployed	492	+/- 164	5.3%	+/-1.7	Moderate
Armed Forces	24	+/- 28	0.3%	+/-0.3	Low
Not in labor force	2,086	+/- 357	22.4%	+/-3.7	High
Civilian labor force	7,187	+/- 449	100%	X	High
Percent Unemployed	X	X	6.8%	+/- 2	Moderate
Females 16 years and over:	4,748	+/- 376	100%	X	High
In labor force	3,651	+/- 334	76.9%	+/-3.5	High
Civilian labor force	3,651	+/- 334	76.9%	+/-3.5	High
Employed	3,540	+/- 335	74.6%	+/-3.9	High
Own children under 6 years	361	+/- 105	100%	X	Moderate
All parents in family in labor force	282	+/- 111	78.1%	+/-20.7	Moderate
Own children 6 to 17 years	599	+/- 139	100%	X	Moderate
All parents in family in labor force	422	+/- 127	70.5%	+/-13.5	Moderate
COMMUTING TO WORK					
Workers 16 years and over:	6,486	+/- 470	100%	X	High
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	2,842	+/- 412	43.8%	+/-5.5	High
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	276	+/- 116	4.3%	+/-1.8	Moderate
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	1,498	+/- 317	23.1%	+/-4.6	Moderate
Walked	1,092	+/- 252	16.8%	+/-3.7	Moderate
Other means	219	+/- 125	3.4%	+/-1.9	Moderate
Worked at home	559	+/- 179	8.6%	+/-2.7	Moderate
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	23.7	+/- 1.9	X	X	High
OCCUPATION					
Civilian employed population 16 years and over:	6,695	+/- 461	100%	X	High
Management, business, science, and arts	4,168	+/- 447	62.3%	+/-5.1	High
Service	881	+/- 246	13.2%	+/-3.6	Moderate
Sales and office	1,350	+/- 291	20.2%	+/-4.1	Moderate
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	121	+/- 77	1.8%	+/-1.1	Moderate
Production, transportation, and material moving	175	+/- 102	2.6%	+/-1.5	Moderate
INDUSTRY					
Civilian employed population 16 years and over:	6,695	+/- 461	100%	X	High
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	23	+/- 40	0.3%	+/-0.6	Low
Construction	55	+/- 69	0.8%	+/-1	Low
Manufacturing	288	+/- 126	4.3%	+/-1.9	Moderate
Wholesale trade	154	+/- 92	2.3%	+/-1.4	Moderate
Retail trade	872	+/- 240	13.0%	+/-3.5	Moderate
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	94	+/- 68	1.4%	+/-1	Low
Information	573	+/- 199	8.6%	+/-2.9	Moderate
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	417	+/- 146	6.2%	+/-2.1	Moderate
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	1,612	+/- 294	24.1%	+/-4.1	High

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	979	+/- 222	14.6%	+/-3.2	Moderate
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	845	+/- 251	12.6%	+/-3.6	Moderate
Other services, except public administration	579	+/- 207	8.6%	+/-3	Moderate
Public administration	204	+/- 100	3.0%	+/-1.5	Moderate
CLASS OF WORKER					
Civilian employed population 16 years and over:	6,695	+/- 461	100%	X	High
Private wage and salary workers	5,752	+/- 468	85.9%	+/-3.7	High
Government workers	436	+/- 145	6.5%	+/-2.1	Moderate
Self employed in own not incorporated business workers	498	+/- 175	7.4%	+/-2.6	Moderate
Unpaid family workers	9	+/- 21	0.1%	+/-0.3	Low
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2013 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)					
Total Households:	6,185	+/- 259	100%	X	High
Less than $10,00	251	+/- 114	4.1%	+/-1.8	Moderate
$10,000 to $14,999	219	+/- 141	3.5%	+/-2.3	Moderate
$15,000 to $24,999	473	+/- 184	7.6%	+/-3	Moderate
$25,000 to $34,999	513	+/- 154	8.3%	+/-2.5	Moderate
$35,000 to $49,999	952	+/- 267	15.4%	+/-4.3	Moderate
$50,000 to $74,999	1,105	+/- 250	17.9%	+/-4	Moderate
$75,000 to $99,999	892	+/- 242	14.4%	+/-3.9	Moderate
$100,000 to $149,999	817	+/- 207	13.2%	+/-3.3	Moderate
$150,000 to $199,999	370	+/- 148	6.0%	+/-2.4	Moderate
$200,000 or more	593	+/- 170	9.6%	+/-2.7	Moderate
Median household income (dollars)	74,027	+/- 10,706	X	X	High
Mean household income (dollars)	95,270	+/- 15,438	X	X	High
With earnings	5,112	+/- 292	82.7%	+/-3.2	High
Mean earnings (dollars)	94,098	+/- 14,262	X	X	High
With Social Security	1,042	+/- 218	16.8%	+/-3.5	Moderate
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	20,009	+/- 2,044	X	X	High
With retirement income	732	+/- 162	11.8%	+/-2.6	Moderate
Mean retirement income (dollars)	38,978	+/- 10,403	X	X	Moderate
With Supplemental Security Income	315	+/- 139	5.1%	+/-2.2	Moderate
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	10,849	+/- 1,106	X	X	High
With cash public assitance income	189	+/- 110	3.1%	+/-1.8	Moderate
Mean cash public assitance income (dollars)	5,181	+/- 2,623	X	X	Moderate
With Food Stamps/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	395	+/- 159	6.4%	+/-2.6	Moderate
Total families:	1,892	+/- 234	100%	X	High
Less than $10,000	55	+/- 45	2.9%	+/-2.4	Low
$10,000 to $14,999	17	+/- 30	0.9%	+/-1.6	Low
$15,000 to $24,999	52	+/- 52	2.7%	+/-2.7	Low
$25,000 to $34,999	58	+/- 50	3.1%	+/-2.6	Low
$35,000 to $49,999	111	+/- 105	5.9%	+/-5.5	Low
$50,000 to $74,999	195	+/- 83	10.3%	+/-4.2	Moderate
$75,000 to $99,999	232	+/- 121	12.3%	+/-6.2	Moderate
$100,000 to $149,999	425	+/- 135	22.5%	+/-6.6	Moderate
$150,000 to $199,999	208	+/- 97	11.0%	+/-4.9	Moderate
$200,000 or more	539	+/- 152	28.5%	+/-7.2	Moderate
Median family income (dollars)	123,657	+/- 19,355	X	X	High
Mean family income (dollars)	173,726	+/- 33,235	X	X	High
Per capita income (dollars)	58,666	+/- 7,684	X	X	High
Nonfamily households:	4,293	+/- 302	100%	X	High

Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	51,427	+/- 5,194	X	X	High
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	60,124	+/- 6,318	X	X	High
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	48,480	+/- 8,491	X	X	High
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	75,712	+/- 7,832	X	X	High
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	53,733	+/- 4,837	X	X	High
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE					
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	10,070	+/- 501	100%	X	High
With health insurance coverage	9,152	+/- 477	90.9%	+/-1.4	High
With private health insurance	8,244	+/- 498	81.9%	+/-2.8	High
With public coverage	1,937	+/- 305	19.2%	+/-2.9	High
No health insurance coverage	918	+/- 263	9.1%	+/-2.6	Moderate
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18 years	970	+/- 121	100%	X	High
No health insurance coverage	37	+/- 46	3.8%	+/-4.7	Low
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	7,776	+/- 441	100%	X	High
In labor force:	6,782	+/- 423	100%	X	High
Employed:	6,351	+/- 436	100%	X	High
With health insurance coverage	5,725	+/- 408	90.1%	+/-1.7	High
With private health insurance	5,642	+/- 413	88.8%	+/-2.3	High
With public coverage	134	+/- 84	2.1%	+/-1.3	Moderate
No health insurance coverage	626	+/- 231	9.9%	+/-3.6	Moderate
Unemployed:	431	+/- 152	100%	X	Moderate
With health insurance coverage	287	+/- 119	66.6%	+/-14.5	Moderate
With private health insurance	287	+/- 119	66.6%	+/-14.5	Moderate
With public coverage	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
No health insurance coverage	144	+/- 103	33.4%	+/-20.8	Low
Not in labor force:	994	+/- 235	100%	X	Moderate
With health insurance coverage	883	+/- 210	88.8%	+/-2.3	Moderate
With private health insurance	596	+/- 153	60.0%	+/-6	Moderate
With public coverage	389	+/- 157	39.1%	+/-12.8	Moderate
No health insurance coverage	111	+/- 74	11.2%	+/-7	Moderate
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW POVERTY					
All families	X	X	3.8%	+/- 2.7	Low
With related children under 18 years	X	X	5.5%	+/- 7.3	Low
With related children under 5 years only	X	X	10.9%	+/- 27.7	Low
Married couple families	X	X	2.3%	+/- 2.3	Low
With related children under 18 years	X	X	0%	+/-0.6	NC
With related children under 5 years only	X	X	0%	+/-0.6	NC
Families with female householder, no husband present	X	X	19%	+/- 20.2	Low
With related children under 18 years	X	X	41.7%	+/- 32.1	Low
With related children under 5 years only	X	X	100%	+/- 33.2	Moderate
All people	X	X	6.3%	+/- 2.1	Moderate
Under 18 years	X	X	6%	+/- 6.3	Low
Related children under 18 years	X	X	5%	+/- 6.2	Low
Related children under 5 years	X	X	7.4%	+/- 20.1	Low
Related children 5 to 17 years	X	X	3.8%	+/- 6.9	Low
18 years and over	X	X	6.3%	+/- 2.2	Moderate
18 to 64 years	X	X	5.1%	+/- 2.3	Moderate
65 years and over	X	X	13.7%	+/- 7.1	Moderate
People in families	X	X	3.7%	+/- 2.6	Low
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	X	X	8.6%	+/- 4.4	Moderate

Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY					
Total population for whom poverty status is determined:	10,094	+/- 498	100.0%	X	High
Under .50	330	+/- 142	3.3%	+/-1.4	Moderate
.50 to .9	303	+/- 146	3.0%	+/-1.4	Moderate
1.00 to 1.24	225	+/- 141	2.2%	+/-1.4	Moderate
1.25 to 1.49	200	+/- 155	2.0%	+/-1.5	Low
1.50 to 1.84	673	+/- 262	6.7%	+/-2.6	Moderate
1.85 to 1.99	118	+/- 85	1.2%	+/-0.8	Low
2.00 and over	8,245	+/- 481	81.7%	+/-2.5	High

Notes:
This is one of four reports that have been adapted from the ACS "Data Profile" (DP) Series. The four DP tables published by the Census Bureau are:
DP02 Selected Social Characteristics; DP03 Selected Economic Characteristics; DP04 Selected Housing Characteristics; DP05 Demographic and Housing Estimates.

DPD has adapted these DP tables for reporting ACS estimates for locally-defined geographies. The locally defined areas covered in these reports are made up of multiple census tracts (except for a few Community Reporting Areas that are made up of only one Census Tract each), therefore estimates shown for these geographies are based on aggregating estimates for multiple census tracts. For ease of calculation, medians are the average of the medians.

[1]The ACS is a sample survey and as such, estimates carry sampling error. Margins of error (MOEs) provide a measure of sampling error

The MOEs displayed for the aggregated estimates in these reports could only be approximated using the formulas provided by the Census Bureau. These formulas do not account for "covariance" (or inter-relationship) between the aggregated estimates, and can understate or—more commonly—overstate the margins of error. In some cases, actual MOEs may be much different than approximated.

MOEs of +/- 0.1 and below are displayed as +/- 0.1 based on Census Bureau convention.

[2] The reliability indicator of High, Moderate, or Low is meant to provide a general sense of an estimate's reliability. Data users will need to use discretion in identifying the level of reliability appropriate for their purposes.

"High" reliability: MOE is less than or equal to 20% of the estimate. Indicates that sampling error is small relative to the size of the estimate. Flagged green.
"Moderate" reliability: MOE is between 20% and 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged yellow to indicate that the estimate should be used with caution.
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"NC": Estimate is 0. Reliability cannot be calculated.

Percent Margin of Error "W" value indicates the standard formula for estimating the percent MOE could not be applied (due to negative value under square root).

For more about MOEs, see Census Bureau notes below. For formulas, see "American Community Survey Multiyear Accuracy of the Data (3-year 2008-2010 and 5-year 2006-2010)," http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/MultiyearACSAccuracyofData2010.pdf.)

Census Bureau notes for DP03:
There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Census occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). The Census occupation codes for 2010 and later years are based on the 2010 revision of the SOC. To allow for the creation of 2009-2013 tables, occupation data in the multiyear files (2009-2013) were recoded to 2013 Census occupation codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2013 Census occupation codes with data coded using Census occupation codes prior to 2010. For more information on the Census occupation code changes, please visit our website at http://www.census.gov/people/io/methodology/.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The Census industry codes for 2013 and later years are based on the 2012 revision of the NAICS. To allow for the creation of 2009-2013 and 2011-2013 tables, industry data in the multiyear files (2009-2013 and 2011-2013) were recoded to 2013 Census industry codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2013 Census industry codes with data coded using Census industry codes prior to 2013. For more information on the Census industry code changes, please visit our website at http://www.census.gov/people/io/methodology/.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:
1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available."

Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
HOUSING OCCUPANCY					
Total housing units:	6,771	+/- 102	100%	X	High
Occupied housing units	6,185	+/- 259	91.3%	+/-3.6	High
Vacant housing units	586	+/- 250	8.7%	+/-3.7	Moderate
Homeowner vacancy rate	2.1	+/- 3.5	X	X	Low
Rental vacancy rate	4.3	+/- 4	X	X	Low
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					
Total housing units:	6,771	+/- 102	100%	X	High
1-unit, detached	1,106	+/- 160	16.3%	+/-2.4	High
1-unit, attached	126	+/- 80	1.9%	+/-1.2	Moderate
2 units	78	+/- 64	1.2%	+/-0.9	Low
3 or 4 units	211	+/- 99	3.1%	+/-1.5	Moderate
5 to 9 units	561	+/- 163	8.3%	+/-2.4	Moderate
10 to 19 units	1,213	+/- 250	17.9%	+/-3.7	Moderate
20 to 49 units	2,139	+/- 288	31.6%	+/-4.2	High
50 or more units	1,337	+/- 266	19.7%	+/-3.9	High
Mobile home	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Boat, RV, van, etc.	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					
Total housing units:	6,771	+/- 102	100%	X	High
Built 2010 or later	19	+/- 32	0.3%	+/-0.5	Low
Built 2000 to 2009	525	+/- 165	7.8%	+/-2.4	Moderate
Built 1990 to 1999	355	+/- 159	5.2%	+/-2.3	Moderate
Built 1980 to 1989	544	+/- 183	8.0%	+/-2.7	Moderate
Built 1970 to 1979	325	+/- 126	4.8%	+/-1.9	Moderate
Built 1960 to 1969	854	+/- 207	12.6%	+/-3.1	Moderate
Built 1950 to 1959	982	+/- 257	14.5%	+/-3.8	Moderate
Built 1940 to 1949	436	+/- 175	6.4%	+/-2.6	Moderate
Built 1939 or earlier	2,731	+/- 294	40.3%	+/-4.3	High
ROOMS					
Total housing units:	6,771	+/- 102	100%	X	High
1 room	816	+/- 272	12.1%	+/-4	Moderate
2 rooms	984	+/- 259	14.5%	+/-3.8	Moderate
3 rooms	1,917	+/- 313	28.3%	+/-4.6	High
4 rooms	1,256	+/- 235	18.5%	+/-3.5	High
5 rooms	708	+/- 228	10.5%	+/-3.4	Moderate
6 rooms	273	+/- 104	4.0%	+/-1.5	Moderate
7 rooms	218	+/- 77	3.2%	+/-1.1	Moderate
8 rooms	134	+/- 55	2.0%	+/-0.8	Moderate
9 or more rooms	465	+/- 141	6.9%	+/-2.1	Moderate
Median rooms	4.3	+/- 0.3	X	X	High
BEDROOMS					
Total housing units:	6,771	+/- 102	100%	X	High
No bedroom	1,127	+/- 268	16.6%	+/-4	Moderate
1 bedroom	2,838	+/- 364	41.9%	+/-5.3	High
2 bedrooms	1,726	+/- 304	25.5%	+/-4.5	High
3 bedrooms	687	+/- 148	10.1%	+/-2.2	Moderate
4 bedrooms	269	+/- 98	4.0%	+/-1.4	Moderate
5 or more bedrooms	124	+/- 77	1.8%	+/-1.1	Moderate

Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
HOUSING TENURE					
Occupied housing units:	6,185	+/- 259	100%	X	High
Owner-occupied	1,803	+/- 203	29.2%	+/-3	High
Renter-occupied	4,382	+/- 274	70.8%	+/-3.3	High
Average household size of owner-occupied unit	2.1	+/- 0.14	X	X	High
Average household size of renter-occupied unit	1.5	+/- 0.11	X	X	High
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT					
Occupied housing units:	6,185	+/- 259	100%	X	High
Moved in 2010 or later	1,951	+/- 310	31.5%	+/-4.8	High
Moved in 2000 to 2009	2,971	+/- 326	48.0%	+/-4.9	High
Moved in 1990 to 1999	609	+/- 138	9.8%	+/-2.2	Moderate
Moved in 1980 to 1989	477	+/- 145	7.7%	+/-2.3	Moderate
Moved in 1970 to 1979	118	+/- 78	1.9%	+/-1.3	Moderate
Moved in 1969 or earlier	59	+/- 41	1.0%	+/-0.7	Low
VEHICLES AVAILABLE					
Occupied housing units:	6,185	+/- 259	100%	X	High
No vehicles available	1,194	+/- 237	19.3%	+/-3.7	High
1 vehicle available	3,402	+/- 356	55.0%	+/-5.3	High
2 vehicles available	1,378	+/- 244	22.3%	+/-3.8	High
3 or more vehicle available	211	+/- 98	3.4%	+/-1.6	Moderate
HOUSE HEATING FUEL					
Occupied housing units:	6,185	+/- 259	100%	X	High
Utility gas	1,930	+/- 284	31.2%	+/-4.4	High
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	76	+/- 74	1.2%	+/-1.2	Low
Electricity	3,926	+/- 355	63.5%	+/-5.1	High
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	119	+/- 75	1.9%	+/-1.2	Moderate
Coal or coke	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Wood	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Solar energy	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Other fuel	59	+/- 50	1.0%	+/-0.8	Low
No fuel used	75	+/- 64	1.2%	+/-1	Low
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS					
Occupied housing units:	6,185	+/- 259	100%	X	High
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	11	+/- 25	0.2%	+/-0.4	Low
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	38	+/- 37	0.6%	+/-0.6	Low
No telephone service available	119	+/- 87	1.9%	+/-1.4	Low
OCCUPANTS PER ROOM					
Occupied housing units:	6,185	+/- 259	100%	X	High
1.00 or less	6,098	+/- 277	98.6%	+/-1.7	High
1.01 to 1.50	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
1.51 or more	87	+/- 88	1.4%	+/-1.4	Low
VALUE					
Owner-occupied units:	1,803	+/- 203	100%	X	High
Less than $50,000	12	+/- 26	0.7%	+/-1.4	Low
$50,000 to $99,999	9	+/- 23	0.5%	+/-1.3	Low
$100,000 to $149,999	56	+/- 54	3.1%	+/-3	Low
$150,000 to $199,999	43	+/- 43	2.4%	+/-2.4	Low
$200,000 to $299,999	301	+/- 118	16.7%	+/-6.3	Moderate
$300,000 to $499,999	470	+/- 137	26.1%	+/-7	Moderate
$500,000 to $999,999	676	+/- 136	37.5%	+/-6.3	Moderate
$1,000,000 or more	236	+/- 92	13.1%	+/-4.9	Moderate
Median value (dollars)	531,650	+/- 43,410	X	X	High

Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
MORTGAGE STATUS					
Owner-occupied units:	1,803	+/- 203	100%	X	High
Housing units with a mortgage	1,368	+/- 175	75.9%	+/-4.6	High
Housing unit without a mortgage	435	+/- 127	24.1%	+/-6.5	Moderate
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS (SMOC)					
Housing units with a mortgage:	1,368	+/- 175	100%	X	High
Less than $300	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
$300 to $499	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
$500 to $699	8	+/- 18	0.6%	+/-1.3	Low
$700 to $999	45	+/- 34	3.3%	+/-2.4	Low
$1,000 to $1,499	110	+/- 63	8.0%	+/-4.5	Moderate
$1,500 to $1,999	215	+/- 112	15.7%	+/-7.9	Moderate
$2,000 or more	990	+/- 155	72.4%	+/-6.5	High
Median (dollars)	2,843	+/- 266	X	X	High
Housing unit without a mortgage:	435	+/- 127	100%	X	Moderate
Less than $100	20	+/- 33	4.6%	+/-7.5	Low
$100 to $199	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
$200 to $299	55	+/- 61	12.6%	+/-13.5	Low
$300 to $399	37	+/- 43	8.5%	+/-9.6	Low
$400 or more	323	+/- 98	74.3%	+/-6.1	Moderate
Median (dollars)	770	+/- 196	X	X	Moderate
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (SMOCAPI)					
Housing units with a mortgage (excluding units where SMOCAPI cannot be computed):	1,358	+/- 175	100%	X	High
Less than 20.0 percent	461	+/- 136	33.9%	+/-9	Moderate
20.0 to 24.9 percent	306	+/- 120	22.5%	+/-8.3	Moderate
25.0 to 29.9 percent	137	+/- 72	10.1%	+/-5.1	Moderate
30.0 to 34.9 percent	21	+/- 29	1.5%	+/-2.1	Low
35.0 percent or more	433	+/- 119	31.9%	+/-7.7	Moderate
Not computed	10	+/- 23	X	X	Low
Housing units without a mortgage (excluding units where SMOCAPI cannot be computed):	435	+/- 127	100%	X	Moderate
Less than 10.0 percent	239	+/- 103	54.9%	+/-17.4	Moderate
10.0 to 14.9 percent	96	+/- 62	22.1%	+/-12.7	Moderate
15.0 to 19.9 percent	18	+/- 27	4.1%	+/-6.1	Low
20.0 to 24.9 percent	30	+/- 34	6.9%	+/-7.6	Low
25.0 to 29.9 percent	19	+/- 32	4.4%	+/-7.2	Low
30.0 to 34.9 percent	25	+/- 41	5.7%	+/-9.3	Low
35.0 percent or more	8	+/- 21	1.8%	+/-4.8	Low
Not computed	0	+/-123	X	X	NC
GROSS RENT					
Occupied units paying rent:	4,306	+/- 286	100%	X	High
Less than $200	26	+/- 42	0.6%	+/-1	Low
$200 to $299	75	+/- 61	1.7%	+/-1.4	Low
$300 to $499	235	+/- 133	5.5%	+/-3.1	Moderate
$500 to $749	327	+/- 161	7.6%	+/-3.7	Moderate
$750 to $999	1,340	+/- 263	31.1%	+/-5.7	High
$1,000 to $1,499	1,569	+/- 295	36.4%	+/-6.4	High
$1,500 or more	734	+/- 183	17.0%	+/-4.1	Moderate
Median gross rent (dollars)	1,137	+/- 92	X	X	High
No cash rent paid:	76	+/- 64	100%	X	Low

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (GRAPI)					
Occupied units paying rent (excluding units where GRAPI cannot be computed):	4,239	+/- 289	100%	X	High
Less than 15.0 percent	731	+/- 230	17.2%	+/-5.3	Moderate
15.0 to 19.9 percent	552	+/- 191	13.0%	+/-4.4	Moderate
20.0 to 24.9 percent	714	+/- 266	16.8%	+/-6.2	Moderate
25.0 to 29.9 percent	613	+/- 206	14.5%	+/-4.8	Moderate
30.0 to 34.9 percent	551	+/- 209	13.0%	+/-4.9	Moderate
35.0 percent or more	1,078	+/- 229	25.4%	+/-5.1	Moderate
Not computed	143	+/- 92	X	X	Moderate

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 5-Year American Community Survey

Produced by: City of Seattle, Department of Planning and Development (DPD)
On the Web at: http:///www.seattle.gov/dpd/cityplanning/populationdemographics/

Notes:
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DP02 Selected Social Characteristics; DP03 Selected Economic Characteristics; DP04 Selected Housing Characteristics; DP05 Demographic and Housing Estimates.

DPD has adapted these DP tables for reporting ACS estimates for locally-defined geographies. The locally defined areas covered in these reports are made up of multiple census tracts (except for a few Community Reporting Areas that are made up of only one Census Tract each), therefore estimates shown for these geographies are based on aggregating estimates for multiple census tracts. For ease of calculation, medians are the average of the medians.

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MOEs of +/- 0.1 and below are displayed as +/- 0.1 based on Census Bureau convention.

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Percent Margin of Error "W" value indicates the standard formula for estimating the percent MOE could not be applied (due to negative value under square root).

For more about MOEs, see Census Bureau notes below. For formulas, see "American Community Survey Multiyear Accuracy of the Data (3-year 2008-2010 and 5-year 2006-2010)," http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/MultiyearACSAccuracyofData2010.pdf.)

Census Bureau notes for DP04:
The median gross rent excludes no cash renters.

In prior years, the universe included all owner-occupied units with/without a mortgage. It is now restricted to include only those units where SMOCAPI is computed, that is, SMOC and household income are valid values.

In prior years, the universe included all renter-occupied units. It is now restricted to include only those units where GRAPI is computed, that is, gross rent and household Income are valid values.

Median calculations for base table sourcing VAL, MHC, SMOC, and TAX should exclude zero values.

Telephone service data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with data collection. See Errata Note #93 for details.

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Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

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Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling error, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:
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Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
SEX AND AGE					
Total population:	10,145	+/- 511	100%	X	High
Male	5,040	+/- 409	49.7%	+/-3.2	High
Female	5,105	+/- 385	50.3%	+/- 2.8	High
Under 5	324	+/- 101	3.2%	+/- 1	Moderate
5 to 9	240	+/- 74	2.4%	+/- 0.7	Moderate
10 to 14	269	+/- 116	2.7%	+/- 1.1	Moderate
15 to 19	187	+/- 101	1.8%	+/- 1	Moderate
20 to 24	864	+/- 262	8.5%	+/- 2.5	Moderate
25 to 34	3,090	+/- 397	30.5%	+/- 3.6	High
35 to 44	1,389	+/- 274	13.7%	+/- 2.6	High
45 to 54	1,139	+/- 227	11.2%	+/- 2.2	High
55 to 59	689	+/- 222	6.8%	+/- 2.2	Moderate
60 to 64	579	+/- 194	5.7%	+/- 1.9	Moderate
65 to 74	912	+/- 206	9.0%	+/- 2	Moderate
75 to 84	205	+/- 124	2.0%	+/- 1.2	Moderate
85 and over	258	+/- 155	2.5%	+/- 1.5	Moderate
Median Age (years)	36.7	+/- 1.4	X	X	High
18 and over:	9,175	+/- 486	90.4%	+/- 1.5	High
Male	4,516	+/- 387	49.2%	+/- 3.3	High
Female	4,659	+/- 372	50.8%	+/- 3	High
21 and over:	9,078	+/- 476	89.5%	+/- 1.3	High
62 and over:	1,642	+/- 256	16.2%	+/- 2.4	High
65 and over:	1,375	+/- 213	13.6%	+/- 2	High
Male	623	+/- 149	45.3%	+/- 8.3	Moderate
Female	752	+/- 141	54.7%	+/- 5.8	High
RACE					
Total population:	10,145	+/- 511	100%	X	High
One Race	9,637	+/- 506	95.0%	+/- 1.4	High
Two or More Races	508	+/- 158	5.0%	+/- 1.5	Moderate
One Race:	9,637	+/- 506	95.0%	+/- 1.4	High
White	8,547	+/- 524	84.2%	+/- 2.9	High
Black or African American	281	+/- 151	2.8%	+/- 1.5	Moderate
American Indian and Alaska Native:	123	+/- 100	1.2%	+/- 1	Low
Blackfeet	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Cherokee	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Chippewa	25	+/- 43	0.2%	+/- 0.4	Low
Navajo	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Puget Sound Salish	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Sioux	35	+/- 57	0.3%	+/- 0.6	Low
Tlingit-Haida	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Yakama	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Asian:	611	+/- 218	6.0%	+/- 2.1	Moderate
Asian Indian	111	+/- 100	1.1%	+/- 1	Low
Chinese	98	+/- 69	1.0%	+/- 0.7	Low
Filipino	82	+/- 86	0.8%	+/- 0.8	Low
Japanese	118	+/- 127	1.2%	+/- 1.3	Low
Korean	83	+/- 81	0.8%	+/- 0.8	Low
Vietnamese	31	+/- 52	0.3%	+/- 0.5	Low
Other Asian	88	+/- 100	0.9%	+/- 1	Low

Queen Anne

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander:	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Native Hawaiian	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Guamanian or Chamorro	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Samoan	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Other Pacific Islander	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Some Other Race	75	+/- 72	0.7%	+/- 0.7	Low
Two or More Races:	508	+/- 158	5.0%	+/- 1.5	Moderate
White and Black or African American	24	+/- 43	0.2%	+/- 0.4	Low
White and American Indian and Alaska Native	96	+/- 90	0.9%	+/- 0.9	Low
White and Asian	266	+/- 133	2.6%	+/- 1.3	Moderate
Black or African American and American Indian and Alaska Native	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC

RACES ALONE OR IN COMBINATION WITH ONE OR MORE OTHER RACES

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
Total population:	10,145	+/- 511	100%	X	High
White	9,055	+/- 522	89.3%	+/- 2.5	High
Black or African American	305	+/- 165	3.0%	+/- 1.6	Moderate
American Indian and Alaska Native	219	+/- 124	2.2%	+/- 1.2	Moderate
Asian	877	+/- 246	8.6%	+/- 2.4	Moderate
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	61	+/- 71	0.6%	+/- 0.7	Low
Some Other Race	136	+/- 112	1.3%	+/- 1.1	Low

HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
Total population:	10,145	+/- 511	100%	X	High
Hispanic or Latino (of any race):	575	+/- 195	5.7%	+/- 1.9	Moderate
Mexican	356	+/- 172	3.5%	+/- 1.7	Moderate
Puerto Rican	43	+/- 68	0.4%	+/- 0.7	Low
Cuban	9	+/- 23	0.1%	+/- 0.2	Low
Other Hispanic or Latino	167	+/- 96	1.6%	+/- 0.9	Moderate
Not Hispanic or Latino:	9,570	+/- 535	94.3%	+/- 2.3	High
White alone	8,189	+/- 540	80.7%	+/- 3.4	High
Black or African American alone	281	+/- 151	2.8%	+/- 1.5	Moderate
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	60	+/- 71	0.6%	+/- 0.7	Low
Asian alone	611	+/- 218	6.0%	+/- 2.1	Moderate
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Some other race alone	37	+/- 59	0.4%	+/- 0.6	Low
Two or more races:	392	+/- 130	3.9%	+/- 1.3	Moderate
Two races including Some other race	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Two races excluding Some other race and Three or more races	392	+/- 130	3.9%	+/- 1.3	Moderate

HOUSING

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error [1]	Percent	Percent Margin of Error [1]	Reliability [2]
Total Housing Units:	6,771	+/- 102	100%	X	High

Notes:

This is one of four reports that have been adapted from the ACS "Data Profile" (DP) Series. The four DP tables published by the Census Bureau are:
DP02 Selected Social Characteristics; DP03 Selected Economic Characteristics; DP04 Selected Housing Characteristics; DP05 Demographic and Housing Estimates.

DPD has adapted these DP tables for reporting ACS estimates for locally-defined geographies. The locally defined areas covered in these reports are made up of multiple census tracts (except for a few Community Reporting Areas that are made up of only one Census Tract each), therefore estimates shown for these geographies are based on aggregating estimates for multiple census tracts. For ease of calculation, medians are the average of the medians.

[1] The ACS is a sample survey and as such, estimates carry sampling error. Margins of error (MOEs) provide a measure of sampling error

The MOEs displayed for the aggregated estimates in these reports could only be approximated using the formulas provided by the Census Bureau. These formulas do not account for "covariance" (or inter-relationship) between the aggregated estimates, and can understate or—more commonly—overstate the margins of error. In some cases, actual MOEs may be much different than approximated.

MOEs of +/- 0.1 and below are displayed as +/- 0.1 based on Census Bureau convention.

[2] The reliability indicator of High, Moderate, or Low is meant to provide a general sense of an estimate's reliability. Data users will need to use discretion in identifying the level of reliability appropriate for their purposes.

"High" reliability: MOE is less than or equal to 20% of the estimate. Indicates that sampling error is small relative to the size of the estimate. Flagged green.
"Moderate" reliability: MOE is between 20% and 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged yellow to indicate that the estimate should be used with caution.
"Low" reliability: MOE is over 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged red to warn that sampling error is large relative to the estimate and that the estimate is very unreliable.
"NC": Estimate is 0. Reliability cannot be calculated.

Percent Margin of Error "W" value indicates the standard formula for estimating the percent MOE could not be applied (due to negative value under square root).

For more about MOEs, see Census Bureau notes below. For formulas, see "American Community Survey Multiyear Accuracy of the Data (3-year 2008-2010 and 5-year 2006-2010)," http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/MultiyearACSAccuracyofData2010.pdf.)

Census Bureau notes for DP05:

For more information on understanding race and Hispanic origin data, please see the Census 2010 Brief entitled, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin: 2010, issued March 2011. (pdf format)

The ACS questions on Hispanic origin and race were revised in 2008 to make them consistent with the Census 2010 question wording. Any changes in estimates for 2008 and beyond may be due to demographic changes, as well as factors including questionnaire changes, differences in ACS population controls, and methodological differences in the population estimates, and therefore should be used with caution. For a summary of questionnaire changes see http://www.census.gov/acs/www/methodology/questionnaire_changes/. For more information about changes in the estimates see http://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/hispanic/reports.html.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:
1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available."