

Selected Social Characteristics (DP02)

2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates (Not decennial census counts. See notes after table.)

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE					
Total Households:	5,040	+/- 212	100%	X	High
Family Households (families)	1,437	+/- 192	28.5%	+/-3.6	High
With Own Children under 18 years	373	+/- 94	7.4%	+/-1.8	Moderate
Married-Couple Family	1,144	+/- 181	22.7%	+/-3.5	High
With Own Children under 18 years	279	+/- 101	5.5%	+/-2	Moderate
Male householder, no wife present, family	66	+/- 56	1.3%	+/-1.1	Low
With Own Children under 18 years	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Female householder, no husband present, family	227	+/- 120	4.5%	+/-2.4	Moderate
With Own Children under 18 years	94	+/- 71	1.9%	+/-1.4	Low
Nonfamily Households	3,603	+/- 275	71.5%	+/-4.6	High
Householder Living Alone	2,599	+/- 279	51.6%	+/-5.1	High
65 years and over	263	+/- 114	5.2%	+/-2.3	Moderate
Households with one or more people under 18 years	396	+/- 95	7.9%	+/-1.9	Moderate
Households with one or more people 65 years and over	648	+/- 103	12.9%	+/-2	High
Average Household Size:	1.68	+/- 0.07	X	X	High
Average Family Size:	2.41	+/- 0.14	X	X	High
RELATIONSHIP					
Population in Households:	8,456	+/- 476	100%	X	High
Householder	5,040	+/- 212	59.6%	W	High
Spouse	1,161	+/- 181	13.7%	+/-2	High
Child	643	+/- 184	7.6%	+/-2.1	Moderate
Other Relatives	219	+/- 133	2.6%	+/-1.6	Moderate
Nonrelatives	1,393	+/- 292	16.5%	+/-3.3	Moderate
Unmarried Partner	470	+/- 165	5.6%	+/-1.9	Moderate
MARITAL STATUS					
Males 15 and over:	3,939	+/- 369	100%	X	High
Never married	2,335	+/- 378	59.3%	+/-7.8	High
Now married, except separated	1,224	+/- 186	31.1%	+/-3.7	High
Separated	30	+/- 33	0.8%	+/-0.8	Low
Widowed	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Divorced	350	+/- 148	8.9%	+/-3.7	Moderate
Females 15 and over:	4,166	+/- 381	100%	X	High
Never married	2,212	+/- 355	53.1%	+/-7	High
Now married, except separated	1,247	+/- 199	29.9%	+/-3.9	High
Separated	28	+/- 31	0.7%	+/-0.7	Low
Widowed	62	+/- 51	1.5%	+/-1.2	Low
Divorced	617	+/- 193	14.8%	+/-4.4	Moderate
FERTILITY					
Number of women 15 to 50 years old who had a birth in the past 12 months:	49	+/- 46	100%	X	Low
Unmarried women (widowed, divorced, and never married)	29	+/- 36	59.2%	+/-48.1	Low
Per 1,000 unmarried women	12	+/- 48	X	X	Low
Per 1,000 women 15 to 50 years old	21	+/- 35	X	X	Low
Per 1,000 women 15 to 19 years old	0	+/-123	X	X	NC
Per 1,000 women 20 to 34 years old	0	+/-123	X	X	NC
Per 1,000 women 35 to 50 years old	67	+/- 125	X	X	Low

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
GRANDPARENTS					
Number of grandparents living with own grandchildren under 18 years:	68	+/- 70	100%	X	Low
Responsible for grandchildren	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Responsible less than 1 year	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Responsible 1 to 2 years	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Responsible 3 to 4 years	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Responsible 5 or more years	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Number of grandparents responsible for own grandchildren under 18 years:	0	+/-123	0%	X	NC
Who are female	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Who are married	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT					
Population 3 years and over enrolled in school:	1,604	+/- 326	100%	X	Moderate
Nursery school, preschool	69	+/- 61	4.3%	+/-3.7	Low
Kindergarten	13	+/- 25	0.8%	+/-1.5	Low
Elementary school (grades 1-8)	194	+/- 100	12.1%	+/-5.7	Moderate
High school (grades 9-12)	171	+/- 72	10.7%	+/-3.9	Moderate
College or graduate school	1,157	+/- 276	72.1%	+/-9	Moderate
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT					
Population 25 years and over:	6,980	+/- 415	100%	X	High
Less than 9th grade	15	+/- 29	0.2%	+/-0.4	Low
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	73	+/- 78	1.0%	+/-1.1	Low
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	348	+/- 150	5.0%	+/-2.1	Moderate
Some college, no degree	833	+/- 200	11.9%	+/-2.8	Moderate
Associate's degree	290	+/- 117	4.2%	+/-1.7	Moderate
Bachelor's degree	3,484	+/- 390	49.9%	+/-4.7	High
Graduate or professional degree	1,937	+/- 274	27.8%	+/-3.6	High
Percent high school graduate or higher:	X	X	98.7%	+/- 1.5	High
Percent bachelor's degree or higher:	X	X	77.7%	+/- 4.1	High
VETERAN STATUS					
Civilian population 18 years and over:	7,982	+/- 436	100%	X	High
Civilian veterans	502	+/- 153	6.3%	+/-1.9	Moderate

DISABILITY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION					
Total Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	8,495	+/- 474	100%	X	High
With a disability	341	+/- 123	4.0%	+/-1.4	Moderate
Under 18 years	523	+/- 138	100%	X	Moderate
With a disability	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
18 to 64 years	7,101	+/- 446	100%	X	High
With a disability	228	+/- 107	3.2%	+/-1.5	Moderate
65 years and over	871	+/- 114	100%	X	High
With a disability	113	+/- 64	13.0%	+/-7.1	Moderate
RESIDENCE 1 YEAR AGO					
Population 1 year and over:	8,454	+/- 467	100%	X	High
Same house	5,779	+/- 518	68.4%	+/-4.8	High
Different house in the U.S.	2,626	+/- 521	31.1%	+/-5.9	High
Same county	1,819	+/- 445	21.5%	+/-5.1	Moderate
Different county	807	+/- 225	9.5%	+/-2.6	Moderate
Same state	213	+/- 108	2.5%	+/-1.3	Moderate
Different state	594	+/- 195	7.0%	+/-2.3	Moderate
Abroad	49	+/- 65	0.6%	+/-0.8	Low

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
PLACE OF BIRTH					
Total Population:	8,505	+/- 474	100%	X	High
Native	7,659	+/- 475	90.1%	+/-2.5	High
Born in the United States	7,432	+/- 487	87.4%	+/-3	High
State of residence	3,186	+/- 368	37.5%	+/-3.8	High
Different state	4,246	+/- 429	49.9%	+/-4.2	High
Born in Puerto Rico, U.S. Island areas, or born abroad to American parents	227	+/- 118	2.7%	+/-1.4	Moderate
Foreign born	846	+/- 251	9.9%	+/-2.9	Moderate
U.S. CITIZENSHIP STATUS					
Foreign-born population:	846	+/- 251	100%	X	Moderate
Naturalized U.S. citizen	400	+/- 170	47.3%	+/-14.4	Moderate
Not a U.S. citizen	446	+/- 175	52.7%	+/-13.5	Moderate
YEAR OF ENTRY					
Population born outside the United States:	1,073	+/- 272	100%	X	Moderate
Native:	227	+/- 118	100%	X	Moderate
Entered 2010 or later	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Entered before 2010	227	+/- 118	100.0%	+/-0.1	Moderate
Foreign born population:	846	+/- 251	100%	X	Moderate
Entered 2010 or later	77	+/- 75	9.1%	+/-8.4	Low
Entered before 2010	769	+/- 229	90.9%	+/-2.3	Moderate
WORLD REGION OF BIRTH OF FOREIGN BORN					
Foreign-born, excluding population born at sea:	846	+/- 251	100%	X	Moderate
Europe	218	+/- 138	25.8%	+/-14.4	Moderate
Asia	379	+/- 174	44.8%	+/-15.7	Moderate
Africa	30	+/- 35	3.5%	+/-4	Low
Oceania	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Latin America	106	+/- 95	12.5%	+/-10.6	Low
Northern America	113	+/- 67	13.4%	+/-6.9	Moderate
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME					
Population 5 years and over:	8,366	+/- 462	100%	X	High
English only	7,294	+/- 513	87.2%	+/-3.8	High
Language other than English	1,072	+/- 277	12.8%	+/-3.2	Moderate
Speak English less than "very well"	209	+/- 125	2.5%	+/-1.5	Moderate
Spanish	225	+/- 143	2.7%	+/-1.7	Moderate
Speak English less than "very well"	14	+/- 26	0.2%	+/-0.3	Low
Other Indo-European languages	509	+/- 211	6.1%	+/-2.5	Moderate
Speak English less than "very well"	81	+/- 60	1.0%	+/-0.7	Low
Asian and Pacific Islander languages	321	+/- 201	3.8%	+/-2.4	Moderate
Speak English less than "very well"	109	+/- 107	1.3%	+/-1.3	Low
Other languages	17	+/- 21	0.2%	+/-0.3	Low
Speak English less than "very well"	5	+/- 20	0.1%	+/-0.2	Low

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
ANCESTRY					
Total Population:	8,505	+/- 474	100%	X	High
American	141	+/- 72	1.7%	+/-0.8	Moderate
Arab	5	+/- 20	0.1%	+/-0.2	Low
Czech	163	+/- 120	1.9%	+/-1.4	Low
Danish	31	+/- 38	0.4%	+/-0.4	Low
Dutch	247	+/- 133	2.9%	+/-1.6	Moderate
English	1,271	+/- 258	14.9%	+/-2.9	Moderate
French (except Basque)	473	+/- 151	5.6%	+/-1.7	Moderate
French Canadian	147	+/- 81	1.7%	+/-0.9	Moderate
German	1,522	+/- 275	17.9%	+/-3.1	High
Greek	118	+/- 91	1.4%	+/-1.1	Low
Hungarian	100	+/- 65	1.2%	+/-0.8	Moderate
Irish	1,130	+/- 288	13.3%	+/-3.3	Moderate
Italian	472	+/- 168	5.5%	+/-2	Moderate
Lithuanian	44	+/- 50	0.5%	+/-0.6	Low
Norwegian	486	+/- 145	5.7%	+/-1.7	Moderate
Polish	239	+/- 124	2.8%	+/-1.4	Moderate
Portuguese	110	+/- 86	1.3%	+/-1	Low
Russian	265	+/- 117	3.1%	+/-1.4	Moderate
Scotch Irish	243	+/- 118	2.9%	+/-1.4	Moderate
Scottish	419	+/- 171	4.9%	+/-2	Moderate
Slovak	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Subsaharan African	53	+/- 63	0.6%	+/-0.7	Low
Swedish	339	+/- 137	4.0%	+/-1.6	Moderate
Swiss	41	+/- 66	0.5%	+/-0.8	Low
Ukrainian	31	+/- 35	0.4%	+/-0.4	Low
Welsh	262	+/- 199	3.1%	+/-2.3	Low
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	40	+/- 61	0.5%	+/-0.7	Low

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 5-Year American Community Survey

Produced by: City of Seattle, Department of Planning and Development (DPD)
On the Web at: <http://www.seattle.gov/dpd/cityplanning/populationdemographics/>

Notes:

This is one of four reports that have been adapted from the ACS "Data Profile" (DP) Series. The four DP tables published by the Census Bureau are: DP02 Selected Social Characteristics; DP03 Selected Economic Characteristics; DP04 Selected Housing Characteristics; DP05 Demographic and Housing Estimates.

DPD has adapted these DP tables for reporting ACS estimates for locally-defined geographies. The locally defined areas covered in these reports are made up of multiple census tracts (except for a few Community Reporting Areas that are made up of only one Census Tract each), therefore estimates shown for these geographies are based on aggregating estimates for multiple census tracts. For ease of calculation, medians are the average of the medians.

¹The ACS is a sample survey and as such, estimates carry sampling error. Margins of error (MOEs) provide a measure of sampling error

The MOEs displayed for the aggregated estimates in these reports could only be approximated using the formulas provided by the Census Bureau. These formulas do not account for "covariance" (or inter-relationship) between the aggregated estimates, and can understate or—more commonly—overstate the margins of error. In some cases, actual MOEs may be much different than approximated.

MOEs of +/- 0.1 and below are displayed as +/- 0.1 based on Census Bureau convention.

² The reliability indicator of High, Moderate, or Low is meant to provide a general sense of an estimate's reliability. Data users will need to use discretion in identifying the level of reliability appropriate for their purposes.

"High" reliability: MOE is less than or equal to 20% of the estimate. Indicates that sampling error is small relative to the size of the estimate. Flagged green.

"Moderate" reliability: MOE is between 20% and 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged yellow to indicate that the estimate should be used with caution.

"Low" reliability: MOE is over 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged red to warn that sampling error is large relative to the estimate and that the estimate is very unreliable.

"NC": Estimate is 0. Reliability cannot be calculated.

Percent Margin of Error "W" value indicates the standard formula for estimating the percent MOE could not be applied (due to negative value under square root).

For more about MOEs, see Census Bureau notes below. For formulas, see "American Community Survey Multiyear Accuracy of the Data (3-year 2008-2010 and 5-year 2006-2010)," http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/MultiyearACSAccuracyofData2010.pdf.)

Census Bureau notes for DP02:

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Fertility data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with data collection. See Errata Note #92 for details.

Methodological changes to data collection in 2013 may have affected language data for 2013. Users should be aware of these changes when using multi-year data containing data from 2013.

The Census Bureau introduced a new set of disability questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, comparisons of disability data from 2008 or later with data from prior years are not recommended. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the Evaluation Report Covering Disability.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available."

Selected Economic Characteristics (DP03)

2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates (Not decennial census counts. See notes after table.)

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
EMPLOYMENT STATUS					
Population 16 years and over:	8,090	+/- 439	100%	X	High
In labor force	6,775	+/- 468	83.7%	+/-3.6	High
Civilian labor force	6,775	+/- 468	83.7%	+/-3.6	High
Employed	6,531	+/- 461	80.7%	+/-3.6	High
Unemployed	244	+/- 165	3.0%	+/-2	Low
Armed Forces	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Not in labor force	1,315	+/- 229	16.3%	+/-2.7	High
Civilian labor force	6,775	+/- 468	100%	X	High
Percent Unemployed	X	X	3.6%	+/- 3.1	Low
Females 16 years and over:	4,166	+/- 381	100%	X	High
In labor force	3,506	+/- 365	84.2%	+/-4.2	High
Civilian labor force	3,506	+/- 365	84.2%	+/-4.2	High
Employed	3,378	+/- 364	81.1%	+/-4.6	High
Own children under 6 years	206	+/- 97	100%	X	Moderate
All parents in family in labor force	175	+/- 91	85.0%	+/-18.7	Moderate
Own children 6 to 17 years	296	+/- 137	100%	X	Moderate
All parents in family in labor force	225	+/- 123	76.0%	+/-22.1	Moderate
COMMUTING TO WORK					
Workers 16 years and over:	6,468	+/- 464	100%	X	High
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	3,038	+/- 350	47.0%	+/-4.2	High
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	431	+/- 182	6.7%	+/-2.8	Moderate
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	1,649	+/- 339	25.5%	+/-4.9	Moderate
Walked	413	+/- 152	6.4%	+/-2.3	Moderate
Other means	554	+/- 235	8.6%	+/-3.6	Moderate
Worked at home	383	+/- 136	5.9%	+/-2.1	Moderate
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	23.6	+/- 1.5	X	X	High
OCCUPATION					
Civilian employed population 16 years and over:	6,531	+/- 461	100%	X	High
Management, business, science, and arts	4,114	+/- 420	63.0%	+/-4.6	High
Service	747	+/- 199	11.4%	+/-2.9	Moderate
Sales and office	1,256	+/- 274	19.2%	+/-4	Moderate
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	137	+/- 85	2.1%	+/-1.3	Moderate
Production, transportation, and material moving	277	+/- 116	4.2%	+/-1.8	Moderate
INDUSTRY					
Civilian employed population 16 years and over:	6,531	+/- 461	100%	X	High
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Construction	85	+/- 57	1.3%	+/-0.9	Low
Manufacturing	344	+/- 142	5.3%	+/-2.1	Moderate
Wholesale trade	191	+/- 95	2.9%	+/-1.4	Moderate
Retail trade	509	+/- 160	7.8%	+/-2.4	Moderate
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	135	+/- 75	2.1%	+/-1.1	Moderate
Information	258	+/- 112	4.0%	+/-1.7	Moderate
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	535	+/- 164	8.2%	+/-2.4	Moderate
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	1,681	+/- 308	25.7%	+/-4.4	High

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	1,450	+/- 268	22.2%	+/-3.8	High
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	652	+/- 192	10.0%	+/-2.9	Moderate
Other services, except public administration	479	+/- 218	7.3%	+/-3.3	Moderate
Public administration	212	+/- 132	3.2%	+/-2	Moderate
CLASS OF WORKER					
Civilian employed population 16 years and over:	6,531	+/- 461	100%	X	High
Private wage and salary workers	5,192	+/- 440	79.5%	+/-3.7	High
Government workers	915	+/- 234	14.0%	+/-3.4	Moderate
Self employed in own not incorporated business workers	424	+/- 143	6.5%	+/-2.1	Moderate
Unpaid family workers	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2013 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)					
Total Households:	5,040	+/- 212	100%	X	High
Less than \$10,00	245	+/- 108	4.9%	+/-2.1	Moderate
\$10,000 to \$14,999	92	+/- 59	1.8%	+/-1.2	Moderate
\$15,000 to \$24,999	186	+/- 106	3.7%	+/-2.1	Moderate
\$25,000 to \$34,999	284	+/- 137	5.6%	+/-2.7	Moderate
\$35,000 to \$49,999	638	+/- 181	12.7%	+/-3.6	Moderate
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,246	+/- 247	24.7%	+/-4.8	High
\$75,000 to \$99,999	785	+/- 204	15.6%	+/-4	Moderate
\$100,000 to \$149,999	791	+/- 220	15.7%	+/-4.3	Moderate
\$150,000 to \$199,999	283	+/- 98	5.6%	+/-1.9	Moderate
\$200,000 or more	490	+/- 122	9.7%	+/-2.4	Moderate
Median household income (dollars)	73,098	+/- 6,289	X	X	High
Mean household income (dollars)	97,605	+/- 8,114	X	X	High
With earnings	4,476	+/- 246	88.8%	+/-3.1	High
Mean earnings (dollars)	89,879	+/- 8,515	X	X	High
With Social Security	618	+/- 114	12.3%	+/-2.2	High
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	23,419	+/- 2,444	X	X	High
With retirement income	506	+/- 148	10.0%	+/-2.9	Moderate
Mean retirement income (dollars)	44,196	+/- 12,291	X	X	Moderate
With Supplemental Security Income	27	+/- 31	0.5%	+/-0.6	Low
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	6,452	+/- 11	X	X	High
With cash public assistance income	29	+/- 36	0.6%	+/-0.7	Low
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	1,459	+/- 554	X	X	Moderate
With Food Stamps/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	129	+/- 105	2.6%	+/-2.1	Low
Total families:	1,437	+/- 192	100%	X	High
Less than \$10,000	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
\$10,000 to \$14,999	37	+/- 37	2.6%	+/-2.6	Low
\$15,000 to \$24,999	52	+/- 48	3.6%	+/-3.3	Low
\$25,000 to \$34,999	10	+/- 21	0.7%	+/-1.5	Low
\$35,000 to \$49,999	81	+/- 58	5.6%	+/-4	Low
\$50,000 to \$74,999	124	+/- 68	8.6%	+/-4.6	Moderate
\$75,000 to \$99,999	226	+/- 110	15.7%	+/-7.4	Moderate
\$100,000 to \$149,999	340	+/- 139	23.7%	+/-9.1	Moderate
\$150,000 to \$199,999	191	+/- 75	13.3%	+/-4.9	Moderate
\$200,000 or more	376	+/- 114	26.2%	+/-7.1	Moderate
Median family income (dollars)	103,897	+/- 31,315	X	X	Moderate
Mean family income (dollars)	163,281	+/- 23,776	X	X	High
Per capita income (dollars)	58,796	+/- 4,756	X	X	High
Nonfamily households:	3,603	+/- 275	100%	X	High

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	60,254	+/- 8,840	X	X	High
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	70,282	+/- 7,018	X	X	High
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	46,540	+/- 8,615	X	X	High
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	59,103	+/- 7,528	X	X	High
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	52,602	+/- 7,755	X	X	High
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE					
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	8,495	+/- 474	100%	X	High
With health insurance coverage	7,680	+/- 475	90.4%	+/-2.4	High
With private health insurance	7,352	+/- 503	86.5%	+/-3.4	High
With public coverage	976	+/- 152	11.5%	+/-1.7	High
No health insurance coverage	815	+/- 228	9.6%	+/-2.6	Moderate
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18 years	523	+/- 138	100%	X	Moderate
No health insurance coverage	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	7,101	+/- 446	100%	X	High
In labor force:	6,487	+/- 457	100%	X	High
Employed:	6,243	+/- 448	100%	X	High
With health insurance coverage	5,731	+/- 447	91.8%	+/-2.8	High
With private health insurance	5,677	+/- 448	90.9%	+/-3	High
With public coverage	54	+/- 64	0.9%	+/-1	Low
No health insurance coverage	512	+/- 169	8.2%	+/-2.6	Moderate
Unemployed:	244	+/- 165	100%	X	Low
With health insurance coverage	24	+/- 30	9.8%	+/-10.3	Low
With private health insurance	24	+/- 30	9.8%	+/-10.3	Low
With public coverage	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
No health insurance coverage	220	+/- 163	90.2%	+/-27.3	Low
Not in labor force:	614	+/- 179	100%	X	Moderate
With health insurance coverage	547	+/- 169	89.1%	+/-9.1	Moderate
With private health insurance	507	+/- 167	82.6%	+/-12.7	Moderate
With public coverage	69	+/- 54	11.2%	+/-8.2	Low
No health insurance coverage	67	+/- 51	10.9%	+/-7.7	Low
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW POVERTY					
All families	X	X	2.6%	+/- 2.4	Low
With related children under 18 years	X	X	6%	+/- 7.7	Low
With related children under 5 years only	X	X	0%	+/-0.6	NC
Married couple families	X	X	0%	+/-0.6	NC
With related children under 18 years	X	X	0%	+/-0.6	NC
With related children under 5 years only	X	X	0%	+/-0.6	NC
Families with female householder, no husband present	X	X	16.3%	+/- 14.4	Low
With related children under 18 years	X	X	22.5%	+/- 27.3	Low
With related children under 5 years only	X	X	0%	+/-0.6	NC
All people	X	X	8.2%	+/- 2.9	Moderate
Under 18 years	X	X	4.7%	+/- 6	Low
Related children under 18 years	X	X	4.7%	+/- 6	Low
Related children under 5 years	X	X	0%	+/-0.6	NC
Related children 5 to 17 years	X	X	6.5%	+/- 8.3	Low
18 years and over	X	X	8.5%	+/- 2.9	Moderate
18 to 64 years	X	X	9.5%	+/- 3.3	Moderate
65 years and over	X	X	0%	+/-0.6	NC
People in families	X	X	2.7%	+/- 2.4	Low
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	X	X	12%	+/- 4.2	Moderate

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY					
Total population for whom poverty status is determined:	8,481	+/- 475	100.0%	X	High
Under .50	392	+/- 158	4.6%	+/-1.8	Moderate
.50 to .9	306	+/- 141	3.6%	+/-1.7	Moderate
1.00 to 1.24	91	+/- 71	1.1%	+/-0.8	Low
1.25 to 1.49	59	+/- 46	0.7%	+/-0.5	Low
1.50 to 1.84	434	+/- 190	5.1%	+/-2.2	Moderate
1.85 to 1.99	185	+/- 95	2.2%	+/-1.1	Moderate
2.00 and over	7,014	+/- 481	82.7%	+/-3.3	High

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 5-Year American Community Survey

Produced by: City of Seattle, Department of Planning and Development (DPD)
On the Web at: <http://www.seattle.gov/dpd/cityplanning/populationdemographics/>

Notes:

This is one of four reports that have been adapted from the ACS "Data Profile" (DP) Series. The four DP tables published by the Census Bureau are: DP02 Selected Social Characteristics; DP03 Selected Economic Characteristics; DP04 Selected Housing Characteristics; DP05 Demographic and Housing Estimates.

DPD has adapted these DP tables for reporting ACS estimates for locally-defined geographies. The locally defined areas covered in these reports are made up of multiple census tracts (except for a few Community Reporting Areas that are made up of only one Census Tract each), therefore estimates shown for these geographies are based on aggregating estimates for multiple census tracts. For ease of calculation, medians are the average of the medians.

¹The ACS is a sample survey and as such, estimates carry sampling error. Margins of error (MOEs) provide a measure of sampling error

The MOEs displayed for the aggregated estimates in these reports could only be approximated using the formulas provided by the Census Bureau. These formulas do not account for "covariance" (or inter-relationship) between the aggregated estimates, and can understate or—more commonly—overstate the margins of error. In some cases, actual MOEs may be much different than approximated.

MOEs of +/- 0.1 and below are displayed as +/- 0.1 based on Census Bureau convention.

² The reliability indicator of High, Moderate, or Low is meant to provide a general sense of an estimate's reliability. Data users will need to use discretion in identifying the level of reliability appropriate for their purposes.

"High" reliability: MOE is less than or equal to 20% of the estimate. Indicates that sampling error is small relative to the size of the estimate. Flagged green.

"Moderate" reliability: MOE is between 20% and 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged yellow to indicate that the estimate should be used with caution.

"Low" reliability: MOE is over 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged red to warn that sampling error is large relative to the estimate and that the estimate is very unreliable.

"NC": Estimate is 0. Reliability cannot be calculated.

Percent Margin of Error "W" value indicates the standard formula for estimating the percent MOE could not be applied (due to negative value under square root).

For more about MOEs, see Census Bureau notes below. For formulas, see "American Community Survey Multiyear Accuracy of the Data (3-year 2008-2010 and 5-year 2006-2010)," http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/MultiyearACSAccuracyofData2010.pdf.)

Census Bureau notes for DP03:

There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Census occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). The Census occupation codes for 2010 and later years are based on the 2010 revision of the SOC. To allow for the creation of 2009-2013 tables, occupation data in the multiyear files (2009-2013) were recoded to 2013 Census occupation codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2013 Census occupation codes with data coded using Census occupation codes prior to 2010. For more information on the Census occupation code changes, please visit our website at <http://www.census.gov/people/io/methodology/>.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The Census industry codes for 2013 and later years are based on the 2012 revision of the NAICS. To allow for the creation of 2009-2013 and 2011-2013 tables, industry data in the multiyear files (2009-2013 and 2011-2013) were recoded to 2013 Census industry codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2013 Census industry codes with data coded using Census industry codes prior to 2013. For more information on the Census industry code changes, please visit our website at <http://www.census.gov/people/io/methodology/>.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An "****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An "L" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An "L" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An "U" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An "****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available."



Selected Housing Characteristics (DP04)

2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates (Not decennial census counts. See notes after table.)

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
HOUSING OCCUPANCY					
Total housing units:	5,327	+/- 154	100%	X	High
Occupied housing units	5,040	+/- 212	94.6%	+/-2.9	High
Vacant housing units	287	+/- 157	5.4%	+/-2.9	Moderate
Homeowner vacancy rate	0.0	+/-123	X	X	NC
Rental vacancy rate	1.3	+/- 1.8	X	X	Low
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					
Total housing units:	5,327	+/- 154	100%	X	High
1-unit, detached	1,146	+/- 188	21.5%	+/-3.5	High
1-unit, attached	262	+/- 105	4.9%	+/-2	Moderate
2 units	168	+/- 105	3.2%	+/-2	Moderate
3 or 4 units	512	+/- 175	9.6%	+/-3.3	Moderate
5 to 9 units	778	+/- 194	14.6%	+/-3.6	Moderate
10 to 19 units	886	+/- 206	16.6%	+/-3.8	Moderate
20 to 49 units	982	+/- 212	18.4%	+/-3.9	Moderate
50 or more units	448	+/- 134	8.4%	+/-2.5	Moderate
Mobile home	12	+/- 22	0.2%	+/-0.4	Low
Boat, RV, van, etc.	133	+/- 107	2.5%	+/-2	Low
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					
Total housing units:	5,327	+/- 154	100%	X	High
Built 2010 or later	36	+/- 43	0.7%	+/-0.8	Low
Built 2000 to 2009	707	+/- 175	13.3%	+/-3.3	Moderate
Built 1990 to 1999	270	+/- 112	5.1%	+/-2.1	Moderate
Built 1980 to 1989	448	+/- 126	8.4%	+/-2.4	Moderate
Built 1970 to 1979	600	+/- 173	11.3%	+/-3.2	Moderate
Built 1960 to 1969	693	+/- 170	13.0%	+/-3.2	Moderate
Built 1950 to 1959	307	+/- 151	5.8%	+/-2.8	Moderate
Built 1940 to 1949	148	+/- 96	2.8%	+/-1.8	Moderate
Built 1939 or earlier	2,118	+/- 280	39.8%	+/-5.1	High
ROOMS					
Total housing units:	5,327	+/- 154	100%	X	High
1 room	343	+/- 133	6.4%	+/-2.5	Moderate
2 rooms	532	+/- 176	10.0%	+/-3.3	Moderate
3 rooms	1,621	+/- 257	30.4%	+/-4.7	High
4 rooms	1,157	+/- 230	21.7%	+/-4.3	High
5 rooms	671	+/- 165	12.6%	+/-3.1	Moderate
6 rooms	292	+/- 123	5.5%	+/-2.3	Moderate
7 rooms	271	+/- 98	5.1%	+/-1.8	Moderate
8 rooms	123	+/- 62	2.3%	+/-1.2	Moderate
9 or more rooms	317	+/- 96	6.0%	+/-1.8	Moderate
Median rooms	3.6	+/- 0.1	X	X	High
BEDROOMS					
Total housing units:	5,327	+/- 154	100%	X	High
No bedroom	373	+/- 133	7.0%	+/-2.5	Moderate
1 bedroom	2,156	+/- 257	40.5%	+/-4.7	High
2 bedrooms	1,762	+/- 276	33.1%	+/-5.1	High
3 bedrooms	674	+/- 176	12.7%	+/-3.3	Moderate
4 bedrooms	179	+/- 86	3.4%	+/-1.6	Moderate
5 or more bedrooms	183	+/- 96	3.4%	+/-1.8	Moderate

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
HOUSING TENURE					
Occupied housing units:	5,040	+/- 212	100%	X	High
Owner-occupied	1,555	+/- 189	30.9%	+/-3.5	High
Renter-occupied	3,485	+/- 256	69.1%	+/-4.2	High
Average household size of owner-occupied unit	2.0	+/- 0.14	X	X	High
Average household size of renter-occupied unit	1.6	+/- 0.07	X	X	High
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT					
Occupied housing units:	5,040	+/- 212	100%	X	High
Moved in 2010 or later	1,779	+/- 275	35.3%	+/-5.3	High
Moved in 2000 to 2009	2,318	+/- 310	46.0%	+/-5.8	High
Moved in 1990 to 1999	485	+/- 123	9.6%	+/-2.4	Moderate
Moved in 1980 to 1989	215	+/- 90	4.3%	+/-1.8	Moderate
Moved in 1970 to 1979	164	+/- 98	3.3%	+/-1.9	Moderate
Moved in 1969 or earlier	79	+/- 57	1.6%	+/-1.1	Low
VEHICLES AVAILABLE					
Occupied housing units:	5,040	+/- 212	100%	X	High
No vehicles available	387	+/- 135	7.7%	+/-2.7	Moderate
1 vehicle available	3,121	+/- 291	61.9%	+/-5.2	High
2 vehicles available	1,309	+/- 214	26.0%	+/-4.1	High
3 or more vehicle available	223	+/- 106	4.4%	+/-2.1	Moderate
HOUSE HEATING FUEL					
Occupied housing units:	5,040	+/- 212	100%	X	High
Utility gas	1,265	+/- 201	25.1%	+/-3.8	High
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	36	+/- 33	0.7%	+/-0.7	Low
Electricity	3,461	+/- 267	68.7%	+/-4.4	High
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	180	+/- 100	3.6%	+/-2	Moderate
Coal or coke	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Wood	47	+/- 43	0.9%	+/-0.9	Low
Solar energy	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Other fuel	37	+/- 43	0.7%	+/-0.9	Low
No fuel used	14	+/- 27	0.3%	+/-0.5	Low
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS					
Occupied housing units:	5,040	+/- 212	100%	X	High
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
No telephone service available	165	+/- 87	3.3%	+/-1.7	Moderate
OCCUPANTS PER ROOM					
Occupied housing units:	5,040	+/- 212	100%	X	High
1.00 or less	4,948	+/- 225	98.2%	+/-1.7	High
1.01 to 1.50	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
1.51 or more	92	+/- 95	1.8%	+/-1.9	Low
VALUE					
Owner-occupied units:	1,555	+/- 189	100%	X	High
Less than \$50,000	24	+/- 25	1.5%	+/-1.6	Low
\$50,000 to \$99,999	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
\$100,000 to \$149,999	13	+/- 26	0.8%	+/-1.7	Low
\$150,000 to \$199,999	32	+/- 37	2.1%	+/-2.4	Low
\$200,000 to \$299,999	212	+/- 110	13.6%	+/-6.9	Moderate
\$300,000 to \$499,999	390	+/- 139	25.1%	+/-8.4	Moderate
\$500,000 to \$999,999	646	+/- 132	41.5%	+/-6.8	Moderate
\$1,000,000 or more	238	+/- 87	15.3%	+/-5.3	Moderate
Median value (dollars)	518,650	+/- 66,663	X	X	High

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
MORTGAGE STATUS					
Owner-occupied units:	1,555	+/- 189	100%	X	High
Housing units with a mortgage	1,019	+/- 188	65.5%	+/-9.1	High
Housing unit without a mortgage	536	+/- 116	34.5%	+/-6.2	Moderate
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS (SMOC)					
Housing units with a mortgage:	1,019	+/- 188	100%	X	High
Less than \$300	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
\$300 to \$499	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
\$500 to \$699	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
\$700 to \$999	46	+/- 45	4.5%	+/-4.3	Low
\$1,000 to \$1,499	54	+/- 46	5.3%	+/-4.4	Low
\$1,500 to \$1,999	254	+/- 121	24.9%	+/-10.9	Moderate
\$2,000 or more	665	+/- 133	65.3%	+/-5	High
Median (dollars)	2,351	+/- 264	X	X	High
Housing unit without a mortgage:	536	+/- 116	100%	X	Moderate
Less than \$100	12	+/- 22	2.2%	+/-4.1	Low
\$100 to \$199	46	+/- 73	8.6%	+/-13.5	Low
\$200 to \$299	12	+/- 25	2.2%	+/-4.6	Low
\$300 to \$399	15	+/- 29	2.8%	+/-5.4	Low
\$400 or more	451	+/- 90	84.1%	W	High
Median (dollars)	903	+/- 139	X	X	High
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (SMOCAPI)					
Housing units with a mortgage (excluding units where SMOCAPI cannot be computed):	1,019	+/- 188	100%	X	High
Less than 20.0 percent	280	+/- 87	27.5%	+/-6.9	Moderate
20.0 to 24.9 percent	154	+/- 68	15.1%	+/-6.1	Moderate
25.0 to 29.9 percent	135	+/- 79	13.2%	+/-7.4	Moderate
30.0 to 34.9 percent	172	+/- 122	16.9%	+/-11.6	Low
35.0 percent or more	278	+/- 105	27.3%	+/-9	Moderate
Not computed	0	+/-123	X	X	NC
Housing units without a mortgage (excluding units where SMOCAPI cannot be computed):	536	+/- 116	100%	X	Moderate
Less than 10.0 percent	298	+/- 111	55.6%	+/-16.9	Moderate
10.0 to 14.9 percent	98	+/- 69	18.3%	+/-12.2	Low
15.0 to 19.9 percent	22	+/- 33	4.1%	+/-6.1	Low
20.0 to 24.9 percent	18	+/- 32	3.4%	+/-5.9	Low
25.0 to 29.9 percent	73	+/- 65	13.6%	+/-11.8	Low
30.0 to 34.9 percent	15	+/- 28	2.8%	+/-5.2	Low
35.0 percent or more	12	+/- 25	2.2%	+/-4.6	Low
Not computed	0	+/-123	X	X	NC
GROSS RENT					
Occupied units paying rent:	3,338	+/- 267	100%	X	High
Less than \$200	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
\$200 to \$299	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
\$300 to \$499	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
\$500 to \$749	234	+/- 122	7.0%	+/-3.6	Moderate
\$750 to \$999	707	+/- 186	21.2%	+/-5.3	Moderate
\$1,000 to \$1,499	1,400	+/- 223	41.9%	+/-5.8	High
\$1,500 or more	997	+/- 238	29.9%	+/-6.7	Moderate
Median gross rent (dollars)	1,202	+/- 61	X	X	High
No cash rent paid:	147	+/- 94	100%	X	Moderate

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (GRAPI)					
Occupied units paying rent (excluding units where GRAPI cannot be computed):	3,240	+/- 263	100%	X	High
Less than 15.0 percent	470	+/- 164	14.5%	+/-4.9	Moderate
15.0 to 19.9 percent	680	+/- 217	21.0%	+/-6.5	Moderate
20.0 to 24.9 percent	566	+/- 171	17.5%	+/-5.1	Moderate
25.0 to 29.9 percent	362	+/- 118	11.2%	+/-3.5	Moderate
30.0 to 34.9 percent	197	+/- 89	6.1%	+/-2.7	Moderate
35.0 percent or more	965	+/- 222	29.8%	+/-6.4	Moderate
Not computed	245	+/- 102	X	X	Moderate

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 5-Year American Community Survey

Produced by: City of Seattle, Department of Planning and Development (DPD)
On the Web at: <http://www.seattle.gov/dpd/cityplanning/populationdemographics/>

Notes:

This is one of four reports that have been adapted from the ACS "Data Profile" (DP) Series. The four DP tables published by the Census Bureau are: DP02 Selected Social Characteristics; DP03 Selected Economic Characteristics; DP04 Selected Housing Characteristics; DP05 Demographic and Housing Estimates.

DPD has adapted these DP tables for reporting ACS estimates for locally-defined geographies. The locally defined areas covered in these reports are made up of multiple census tracts (except for a few Community Reporting Areas that are made up of only one Census Tract each), therefore estimates shown for these geographies are based on aggregating estimates for multiple census tracts. For ease of calculation, medians are the average of the medians.

¹The ACS is a sample survey and as such, estimates carry sampling error. Margins of error (MOEs) provide a measure of sampling error

The MOEs displayed for the aggregated estimates in these reports could only be approximated using the formulas provided by the Census Bureau. These formulas do not account for "covariance" (or inter-relationship) between the aggregated estimates, and can understate or—more commonly—overstate the margins of error. In some cases, actual MOEs may be much different than approximated.

MOEs of +/- 0.1 and below are displayed as +/- 0.1 based on Census Bureau convention.

² The reliability indicator of High, Moderate, or Low is meant to provide a general sense of an estimate's reliability. Data users will need to use discretion in identifying the level of reliability appropriate for their purposes.

"High" reliability: MOE is less than or equal to 20% of the estimate. Indicates that sampling error is small relative to the size of the estimate. Flagged green.

"Moderate" reliability: MOE is between 20% and 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged yellow to indicate that the estimate should be used with caution.

"Low" reliability: MOE is over 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged red to warn that sampling error is large relative to the estimate and that the estimate is very unreliable.

"NC": Estimate is 0. Reliability cannot be calculated.

Percent Margin of Error "W" value indicates the standard formula for estimating the percent MOE could not be applied (due to negative value under square root).

For more about MOEs, see Census Bureau notes below. For formulas, see "American Community Survey Multiyear Accuracy of the Data (3-year 2008-2010 and 5-year 2006-2010)," http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/MultiyearACSAccuracyofData2010.pdf.)

Census Bureau notes for DP04:

The median gross rent excludes no cash renters.

In prior years, the universe included all owner-occupied units with/without a mortgage. It is now restricted to include only those units where SMOCAP is computed, that is, SMOC and household income are valid values.

In prior years, the universe included all renter-occupied units. It is now restricted to include only those units where GRAP is computed, that is, gross rent and household income are valid values.

Median calculations for base table sourcing VAL, MHC, SMOC, and TAX should exclude zero values.

Telephone service data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with data collection. See Errata Note #93 for details.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '!' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '!' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available."



Demographic and Housing Estimates (DP05)

2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates (Not decennial census counts. See notes after table.)

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
SEX AND AGE					
Total population:	8,505	+/- 474	100%	X	High
Male	4,111	+/- 385	48.3%	+/- 3.6	High
Female	4,394	+/- 398	51.7%	+/- 3.7	High
Under 5	139	+/- 71	1.6%	+/- 0.8	Moderate
5 to 9	134	+/- 64	1.6%	+/- 0.7	Moderate
10 to 14	127	+/- 67	1.5%	+/- 0.8	Moderate
15 to 19	203	+/- 83	2.4%	+/- 1	Moderate
20 to 24	922	+/- 273	10.8%	+/- 3.2	Moderate
25 to 34	3,306	+/- 427	38.9%	+/- 4.5	High
35 to 44	950	+/- 244	11.2%	+/- 2.8	Moderate
45 to 54	981	+/- 225	11.5%	+/- 2.6	Moderate
55 to 59	541	+/- 166	6.4%	+/- 1.9	Moderate
60 to 64	326	+/- 124	3.8%	+/- 1.4	Moderate
65 to 74	599	+/- 131	7.0%	+/- 1.5	Moderate
75 to 84	260	+/- 113	3.1%	+/- 1.3	Moderate
85 and over	17	+/- 27	0.2%	+/- 0.3	Low
Median Age (years)	32.4	+/- 1.2	X	X	High
18 and over:	7,982	+/- 436	93.9%	W	High
Male	3,841	+/- 367	48.1%	+/- 3.8	High
Female	4,141	+/- 376	51.9%	+/- 3.8	High
21 and over	7,867	+/- 438	92.5%	W	High
62 and over	1,098	+/- 161	12.9%	+/- 1.8	High
65 and over:	876	+/- 115	10.3%	+/- 1.2	High
Male	469	+/- 107	53.5%	+/- 10	Moderate
Female	407	+/- 98	46.5%	+/- 9.4	Moderate
RACE					
Total population:	8,505	+/- 474	100%	X	High
One Race	7,951	+/- 462	93.5%	+/- 1.5	High
Two or More Races	554	+/- 170	6.5%	+/- 2	Moderate
One Race:	7,951	+/- 462	93.5%	+/- 1.5	High
White	7,001	+/- 496	82.3%	+/- 3.6	High
Black or African American	114	+/- 91	1.3%	+/- 1.1	Low
American Indian and Alaska Native:	63	+/- 69	0.7%	+/- 0.8	Low
Blackfeet	0	+/- 123	0.0%	+/- 0.6	NC
Cherokee	0	+/- 123	0.0%	+/- 0.6	NC
Chippewa	0	+/- 123	0.0%	+/- 0.6	NC
Navajo	0	+/- 123	0.0%	+/- 0.6	NC
Puget Sound Salish	0	+/- 123	0.0%	+/- 0.6	NC
Sioux	0	+/- 123	0.0%	+/- 0.6	NC
Tlingit-Haida	0	+/- 123	0.0%	+/- 0.6	NC
Yakama	0	+/- 123	0.0%	+/- 0.6	NC
Asian:	658	+/- 251	7.7%	+/- 2.9	Moderate
Asian Indian	110	+/- 122	1.3%	+/- 1.4	Low
Chinese	215	+/- 145	2.5%	+/- 1.7	Low
Filipino	75	+/- 83	0.9%	+/- 1	Low
Japanese	74	+/- 94	0.9%	+/- 1.1	Low
Korean	41	+/- 51	0.5%	+/- 0.6	Low
Vietnamese	41	+/- 38	0.5%	+/- 0.4	Low
Other Asian	102	+/- 99	1.2%	+/- 1.2	Low

Eastlake

Subject	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error ¹	Percent	Percent Margin of Error ¹	Reliability ²
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander:	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Native Hawaiian	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Guamanian or Chamorro	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Samoan	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Other Pacific Islander	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Some Other Race	115	+/- 96	1.4%	+/- 1.1	Low
Two or More Races:	554	+/- 170	6.5%	+/- 2	Moderate
White and Black or African American	240	+/- 119	2.8%	+/- 1.4	Moderate
White and American Indian and Alaska Native	36	+/- 47	0.4%	+/- 0.6	Low
White and Asian	141	+/- 81	1.7%	+/- 0.9	Moderate
Black or African American and American Indian and Alaska Native	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
RACES ALONE OR IN COMBINATION WITH ONE OR MORE OTHER RACES					
Total population:	8,505	+/- 474	100%	X	High
White	7,522	+/- 509	88.4%	+/- 3.4	High
Black or African American	387	+/- 165	4.6%	+/- 1.9	Moderate
American Indian and Alaska Native	111	+/- 95	1.3%	+/- 1.1	Low
Asian	884	+/- 267	10.4%	+/- 3.1	Moderate
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	27	+/- 45	0.3%	+/- 0.5	Low
Some Other Race	192	+/- 128	2.3%	+/- 1.5	Moderate
HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE					
Total population:	8,505	+/- 474	100%	X	High
Hispanic or Latino (of any race):	364	+/- 170	4.3%	+/- 2	Moderate
Mexican	114	+/- 96	1.3%	+/- 1.1	Low
Puerto Rican	5	+/- 18	0.1%	+/- 0.2	Low
Cuban	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Other Hispanic or Latino	245	+/- 132	2.9%	+/- 1.5	Moderate
Not Hispanic or Latino:	8,141	+/- 493	95.7%	+/- 2.3	High
White alone	6,873	+/- 496	80.8%	+/- 3.7	High
Black or African American alone	114	+/- 91	1.3%	+/- 1.1	Low
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	50	+/- 66	0.6%	+/- 0.8	Low
Asian alone	658	+/- 251	7.7%	+/- 2.9	Moderate
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Some other race alone	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Two or more races:	446	+/- 149	5.2%	+/- 1.7	Moderate
Two races including Some other race	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-0.6	NC
Two races excluding Some other race and Three or more races	446	+/- 149	5.2%	+/- 1.7	Moderate
HOUSING					
Total Housing Units:	5,327	+/- 154	100%	X	High

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 5-Year American Community Survey

Produced by: City of Seattle, Department of Planning and Development (DPD)
On the Web at: <http://www.seattle.gov/dpd/cityplanning/populationdemographics/>

Notes:

This is one of four reports that have been adapted from the ACS "Data Profile" (DP) Series. The four DP tables published by the Census Bureau are: DP02 Selected Social Characteristics; DP03 Selected Economic Characteristics; DP04 Selected Housing Characteristics; DP05 Demographic and Housing Estimates.

DPD has adapted these DP tables for reporting ACS estimates for locally-defined geographies. The locally defined areas covered in these reports are made up of multiple census tracts (except for a few Community Reporting Areas that are made up of only one Census Tract each), therefore estimates shown for these geographies are based on aggregating estimates for multiple census tracts. For ease of calculation, medians are the average of the medians.

¹ The ACS is a sample survey and as such, estimates carry sampling error. Margins of error (MOEs) provide a measure of sampling error

The MOEs displayed for the aggregated estimates in these reports could only be approximated using the formulas provided by the Census Bureau. These formulas do not account for "covariance" (or inter-relationship) between the aggregated estimates, and can understate or—more commonly—overstate the margins of error. In some cases, actual MOEs may be much different than approximated.

MOEs of +/- 0.1 and below are displayed as +/- 0.1 based on Census Bureau convention.

² The reliability indicator of High, Moderate, or Low is meant to provide a general sense of an estimate's reliability. Data users will need to use discretion in identifying the level of reliability appropriate for their purposes.

"High" reliability: MOE is less than or equal to 20% of the estimate. Indicates that sampling error is small relative to the size of the estimate. Flagged green.

"Moderate" reliability: MOE is between 20% and 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged yellow to indicate that the estimate should be used with caution.

"Low" reliability: MOE is over 66.7% of the estimate. Flagged red to warn that sampling error is large relative to the estimate and that the estimate is very unreliable.

"NC": Estimate is 0. Reliability cannot be calculated.

Percent Margin of Error "W" value indicates the standard formula for estimating the percent MOE could not be applied (due to negative value under square root).

For more about MOEs, see Census Bureau notes below. For formulas, see "American Community Survey Multiyear Accuracy of the Data (3-year 2008-2010 and 5-year 2006-2010)," http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/MultiyearACSAccuracyofData2010.pdf.)

Census Bureau notes for DP05:

For more information on understanding race and Hispanic origin data, please see the Census 2010 Brief entitled, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin: 2010, issued March 2011. (pdf format)

The ACS questions on Hispanic origin and race were revised in 2008 to make them consistent with the Census 2010 question wording. Any changes in estimates for 2008 and beyond may be due to demographic changes, as well as factors including questionnaire changes, differences in ACS population controls, and methodological differences in the population estimates, and therefore should be used with caution. For a summary of questionnaire changes see http://www.census.gov/acs/www/methodology/questionnaire_changes/. For more information about changes in the estimates see <http://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/hispanic/reports.html>.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available."