LPB	620	R1
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					<u>V</u>
Street and	Number 42	<u> 250 - 21st Aver</u>	nue W Bloc	k Lot _	Year Built1922
		thwest Steamsh			
					at "Mosquito Fleet"
Architect			Buil	_{der} <u>Matthew An</u>	derson
Assessed					s File No.
口 Sit 口 Str 口 Ob 図 Ot Hi	ilding e ructure bject	☐ Public ⊠ Private ☐ Both	Cccupie Unoccup Preserva in prog Threater demoli	bied tion work ress hed by tion	Open to Public: Yes No Charter Hours
Neighbo A. Co	orhood Inform ompatibility V Structure	With Neighborhood	C.		rong Neighborhood
	Use	Yes No			
B. li	mportance to	Neighborhood			
25	Moderate				
		rces (Be Specific, list Sound and the itime History of ps of the Inlar	of the Pacifi		(H. W. McCurdy edition

13. Physical Description

- A. Style of Architecture
- B. Construction Material
 wood hull
 wooden superstructure
- C. No. of Stories

E. Exterior Desecreation of Original Design

None or little	<u>X</u>	
Moderate amou	unt	
Considerable _		

F. Architectural worth at Example of Its Style

Exceptional	
Excellent	
Good	
Fair	
Poor	

D. Condition

Excellen	t
Good	X
Fair	
Poor	

G. Notable Features: (Be specific, i.e., detailing, craftsmanship, proportions, materials, colors, interior, etc. Refer to Guidelines of Landmarks Preservation Board).

The vessel has an overall length of 125 feet, a beam of 24 feet, and draws up to 12 feet of water. She has a distinctive straight vertical bow. There are glass windows both on the main deck and the deck level above. On the third deck (topside) there are two lifeboats and the wheel-house. She has a single funnel amidships. Paint color is white, with black trim.

To the best of our knowledge, the present appearance is very similar to the original appearance, and efforts have been made to preserve the historic identity of the vessel.

Her power is a triple expansion reciprocating steam engine of 400 indicated horsepower, fed by a water tube Stoddert boiler at 200 pounds per square inch working pressure. In her heyday, her speed was 14 knots, with 13 knots normal cruising speed. Today, in the excursion business, her owners operate her at a more economical 11 to 12 knots.

- 14. Significance
 - A. Major Significance
 - 🛛 Historical
 - □ Architectural
 - 😡 Engineering
 - Cultural
 - Geographical
 - □ Archaeological

Level of Significance National State Community

C. Statement of Significance (Be specific, history, personages, events, etc.)

The vessel was built by Matthew Anderson, a master shipwright of the 1920's, at Maplewood, Washington, in the year 1922. Its original owners were Captain N. G. Christensen and his sons, owners of the Wess Pass Transportation Co., located on the mainland just west of Vashon Island.

In the years 1922 to 1939, she operated between Seattle and Tacoma via the West Pass of Vashon Island, delivering groceries, mail, and passengers to little communities along the way. She averaged 125,000 miles per year and carried over eight-million passengers without a single lost-time accident. In 1939, she was withdrawn from the Seattle-Tacoma route, ending a historic chapter in the transportation history of the Pacific Northwest.

After various changes of ownership, she returned to the excursion business near the end of World War II, under the ownership of Captain and Mrs. Howell Parker of Seattle. Their runs went as far north as the San Juan Islands and as far south as Olympia. This business continued through 1953, and made a remarkable contribution to the happiness of thousands of people, young and old.

In 1948 she took part in the last race between two vessels of the original "Mosquito Fleet", beating her near sistership, the "Sightseer". The latter vessel, incidentally, was burned for scrap on the Columbia River in 1970, leaving the Virginia V the sole survivor of the Mosquito Fleet.

In the years 1955 through 1957, Mr. Charles McMahon of Seattle operated the "Ginny" on the excursion trade, and was responsible for fine work in extending the life of the steamer by undertaking a complete restoration job. In 1958 she was bought by Cyrus Devenny who operated her with other vessels in the Puget Sound Excursion Line, primarily to Bainbridge Island. In March 1968, she was sold to a new firm, the Northwest Steamship Company, Inc., the present owner.

