SEATTLE PAID SICK & SAFE TIME

SMC 14.16 ● Is Your Business Getting It Right?



Seattle Works Well

Paid Sick and Safe Time

- Promotes equity through equal access to paid leave for illness and personal safety reasons
- Builds economic security for employees and their families
- Protects public health by limiting spread of illnesses

Seattle Works Wel

UW Audit - EMPLOYERS

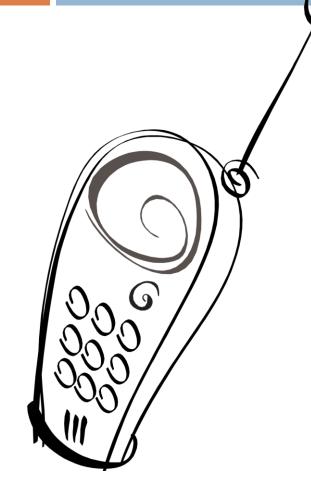
- Costs & impact = modest and smaller than anticipated
 - Initial fears were reduced with implementation
- Most Employers Know about PSST (83%)
- Most Employers Support the Ordinance (70%)
- Majority of Employers offer PSST but Gaps Remain

UW Audit - Employers

Majority of Employers offer PSST but Gaps Remain

- Coverage
 - Most employers cover full-time (96%)
 - Slim majority of employers cover full-time & part-time (62%)
 - Few employers cover temps, seasonal & occasional basis employees (26%)
- Adequacy
 - Few large employers offer enough hours to full-time (45%)
 - Few large employers cover FT & PT and offer enough hours (30%)
 - Most erroneously believe they are in compliance

Call SOCR with your Questions



206-684-4500

Employees & Employers

PSST COVERAGE

PSST Coverage - Employers



Employers with employees in Seattle

Includes

- Private-sector employers regardless of location
- City of Seattle

Excludes

- Federal, state or county government employers
- New Tier 1 and Tier 2 employers (two-year exemption)

PSST Coverage - Employees



Employees who work in Seattle

Includes

- Full-time
- Part-time
- Temporary
- Occasional basis employees(240+ Seattle hours in a calendar year)

Excludes

- Employees who travel through Seattle
- Students enrolled in a work study program

PSST Coverage - Occasional Basis Employees



Occasional basis employees

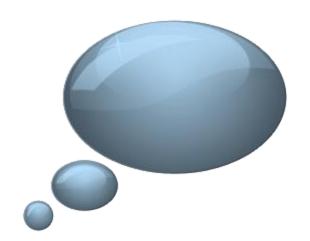
- Employees are based outside Seattle and work in the City on an ad-hoc, irregular basis.
- Coverage begins after working in Seattle for more than
 240 hours in a calendar year.
- e.g. Deliveries & short-term assignments



Regular basis employees

- Employees are expected to work in Seattle for more than
 240 hours in a calendar year
- Coverage begins immediately
- e.g. Regular shifts and long-term assignments in Seattle

PSST Requirements – Tier Size



PSST requirements are based on Tier size 1 – 2 – 3

- □ Tiers = # of full time equivalent (FTE) employees
 - All employees regardless of work location
 - Temporary workers (hired directly or by a staffing agency)
 - Average number FTEs paid per calendar week
 - Prior calendar year

PSST BASICS

PSST Basics

- Notice of PSST Rights
- Accrual
- Use
- Carry over
- Notification of available hours
- Record Keeping
- No Retaliation

Notice of PSST Rights

Notice

- □ Required for all employees who work in Seattle, regardless of employer tier size or location
- SOCR Poster, Employee Manual, Letter, etc.
- Conspicuous and accessible to employees

Penalties

- \$125 for first violation
- \$250 for subsequent violations

PSST Accrual, Use & Carry over

Calendar Year

- Excludes
 - ■Rolling 12 months
 - Anniversary date
 - ■Fiscal year

PSST Accrual

- □ **Start date** September 1, 2012 or hire date
- \Box **Tier 1 & 2** 1 hour per 40 hours worked (.025)
- □ **Tier 3** − 1 hour per 30 hours worked (.033333)
- Hours worked Seattle hours including overtime, but not paid leave (e.g. vacation, PSST)
- No cap on accrual
- Frontloading Employer may provide all PSST hours at beginning of calendar year
- Other paid leave Employer may permit use of other paid leave (e.g. vacation, PTO) to meet PSST requirements

PSST Use

- □ **Waiting period** 180 calendar days from beginning of employment
- Hour-long increments
- Employee does not have to find replacement worker
- Cash out is allowed (if mutually agreed upon)
- Tier size
 - **Tier 1**: Employees can use 40 hours or less per calendar year
 - Tier 2: Employees can use 56 hours or less per calendar year
 - **Tier 3**: Employees can use 72 hours or less her calendar year (108 hours for employers with PTO)

PSST Use – Reasons for Absence

SICK TIME

- Employee or family member
 - Child, grandparent, parent, parent-in-law
 - Spouse or domestic partner
- Personal illness or preventative care
- Pregnancy and Post-Partum illness but not child bonding

SAFE TIME

- Employee or family member
- Reasons related to domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking
- Employee's workplace or child's school/place of care closed by public official to limit exposure to infectious agent, biological toxin or hazardous materials

PSST Carry over

- Unused hours: Employees carry over unused hours of PSST to the next calendar year
- Continued Accrual: Employees continue to accrue PSST even if they carried over unused hours

Tier size:

- Tier 1: Employees can carry over 40 hours or less.
- **Tier 2**: Employees can carry over 56 hours or less.
- **Tier 3**: Employees can carry over 72 hours or less (108 hours for employers with PTO)

Seattle PSST Chart





TIER	EMPLOYER SIZE	ACCRUAL	USE	CARRY OVER
Not Covered	4 or _{fewer} FTEs	No accrual, use or carry over requirement. Notice and anti-retaliation provisions apply		
1	More than 4 to 49 FTEs	1 hour/40 hours worked	40 hours	40 hours
2	More than 49 to 249 FTEs	1 hour/40 hours worked	56 hours	56 hours
3	250+ FTEs	1 hour/30 hours worked	72 hours	72 hours
	250+ FTEs (PTO benefit systems)	1 hour/30 hours worked	108 hours	108 hours

PSST Notification

- Employer must provide written notification of available PSST hours each time that wages are paid
 - Pay stub
 - Memo
 - Excel Spreadsheet
 - Anonymous bulletin board
 - "Notification upon request" only as <u>supplemental</u> notification



Include YTD hours & note regarding # of protected hours

PSST Record Keeping

Recordkeeping

- Employers must retain PSST records for two years
- Hours worked in Seattle
- Accrued PSST
- Use of PSST

No Retaliation

- Good faith use of PSST <u>cannot</u> result in adverse employment action
- Absence Control Policies <u>are not allowed</u> for absences covered by PSST
- Exception –clear instance or pattern of abuse:
 - Repeated absences
 - Absences precede or follow regular days off or follow some other pattern without legitimate reason
 - Obtaining or using paid sick time improperly

PSST DETAILS

PSST Details

- Requesting PSST
- Rate of Pay
- Documentation for PSST
- Suspicions of PSST abuse
- Rate of Pay
- Seasonal employees
- Waiver

PSST Requests

- Employee requests absence for reason covered by ordinance
- Foreseeable leave
 - Written request at least 10 days in advance of leave
- Unforeseeable leave
 - Call-in procedures Employees must follow call-in procedures unless there are mitigating circumstances (and then employee must provide notice "as soon as practicable")
 - **Safe time** Employee may provide notice by the end of the first day for domestic violence, assault stalking

PSST Rate of Pay

 Same hourly wage that employee would have earned during the time that PSST was taken

At least minimum wage

Excludes lost tips and commissions

PSST Documentation for Absences

 Employer may request documentation after employee uses PSST for more than 3 consecutive work days or shifts

* Exception for clear instance or pattern of abuse

Documentation for SICK time

Documentation

- Statement from health care professional
- No info regarding nature of the illness (unless required by other law, e.g. FMLA, ADA)

Payment for documentation

If employee not offered health insurance, employer and employee each pay 50% of cost

Documentation for SAFE time

- Business or School Closure
 - Verification of a closure order by public official
- Domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking
 - Police report or court order
 - Statement from family member, clergy member, medical or other professional that employee or employee's family member is experiencing domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking

<u>or</u>

- Employee's written statement
 - No affidavit format or notarization needed
- Confidential: no explanation of nature of reason

PSST Seasonal Employees

Seasonal Employees

- Employee has a "break in service" and is rehired within 7 months by same employer
- PSST is reinstated upon re-employment, regardless of whether employee has met 180 day eligibility requirement
- If employee previously cashed-out unused hours, PSST is not reinstated upon re-employment

PSST Waiver

- Individual waivers are <u>not</u> permitted
 - Individual employees may not accept premium pay in lieu of PSST or otherwise waive their rights to PSST

- Collective bargaining agreement waivers are permitted
 - Waivers in CBAs must be clear and unambiguous with specific reference to the Ordinance. Waivers can be in the CBA or in an addendum (MOA or MOU)

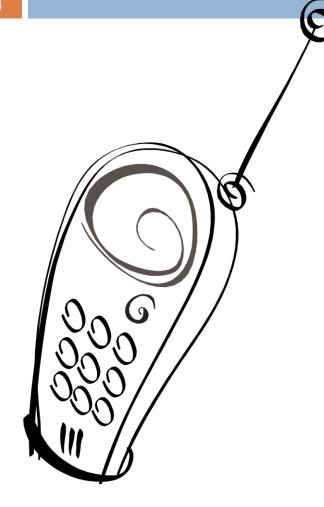
PSST OUTREACH & ENFORCEMENT

Office of Labor Standards

- Office of Labor Standards
 - Paid Sick and Safe Time
 - Job Assistance Ordinance
 - Minimum Wage
 - Administrative Wage Theft
- Seattle Office for Civil Rights
 - Advancing Civil Rights & Removing Barriers to Equity
 - Race & Social Justice Initiative
 - Civil Rights Enforcement
 - Gender Justice



Outreach & Support for Employers



SOCR Front Desk
 206-684-4500

Business Liaison206-684-4500

Email ocr_psstquestions@seattle.gov

 Web site www.seattle.gov/civilrights/

QUESTIONS?

Stay in touch

- SOCR Technical Assistance
 - Business Liaison @ 206-684-4500
- Email
 - ocr_psstquestions@seattle.gov
- Web site
 - www.seattle.gov/civilrights/SickLeave.htm