23rd & Union-Jackson Residential Urban Village

DRAFT ZONING CHANGES to implement Mandatory Housing Affordability (MHA)

Interactive web map seattle.gov/HALA October 19, 2016 **HALA.Consider.it** proposed zoning white labels identify changes: **MHA** requirements zone categories urban villages follow the links below to see examples of how buildings could look under MHA areas designated for growth in our Comprehensive Plan vary based on scale of zoning change (residential proposal shown) Residential Small Lot (RSL) Neighborhood Commercial (NC) Existing Midrise (MR)
apartments with 7-8 sto existing zone | draft MHA zone Open space (M) 7% of homes must be affordable or a payment of \$20.75 per sq. ft Public school Solid areas have a Highrise (HR) Commercial (C) Proposed typical increase in zoning (usually one story) Lowrise (LR) (M1) 10% of homes must be affordable or a payment of \$29.75 per sq. ft apartments with heights of 240-300 ft. boundary townhouses, rowhouses, or apartments Light rail Lowrise 1 (LR1) max height 30 ft. Hatched areas have a Seattle Mixed (SM) buildings with a mix of Seattle 2035 Industrial Commercial (IC) (M2) 11% of homes must be affordable or a payment of \$32.75 per sq. ft larger increase in zoning or a change in zone type Lowrise 2 (LR2) max height 40 ft. 10-minute walkshed Bus stop buildings with a mix of offices, retail, and homes Lowrise 3 (LR3) max height 50 ft. LR2 | LR2 (M) LR3 | LR3 (M) Principle 4b: Consider less intensive zoning changes in areas of historical or cultural MHA implemented through separate legislation for significance. three nodes at Union, Cherry, and Jackson Streets in the Central Area. **Major Institution Overlay** Principle 3a: Zone full blocks instead of partial blocks to soften transitions. MR | MR (M) Single Femily/LR2/My/ LR2 | LR2 (M) Principle 1b: Encourage small-scale, family-friendly housing options like cottages, triplexes, and rowhouses. LR3 | LR3 (M) LR3 RC | LR3 RC (M) LR2 | LR2 (M) NC2 VC2-C1-65 | C1-75 (M) Principle 6a: C1-40 | C1-55 (M) Implement urban village expansions using 10-minute walksheds from frequent LR2 | LR2 (M) LR3 | LR3 (M) Principle 5a: Allow more housing options near neighborhood assets like parks and schools. Principle 5: Increase housing options near infrastructure like transit. C1-40 | C1-55 (M) 臭

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This is a **simplified** version of the draft MHA zoning changes released in October 2016. Fo the detailed draft zoning map, visit HALA.Consider it or explore our interactive web map

Mandatory Housing Affordability (MHA) is a new program that will create affordable housing and expand housing options as our city grows. This map shows proposed areas where new development would either include affordable homes or pay into a City fund for creating and preserving affordable housing throughout Seattle. To put MHA into effect, we must make zoning changes that allow taller or larger buildings and increase housing choices. A set of community-generated MHA Principles guided the draft zoning changes.

urban villages areas designated for growth in our Comprehensive Plan **Mandatory Housing Affordability requirements** MHA will vary based on the scale of zoning changes and location in the city. This map shows suggested areas of Existing 7% of homes must be affordable or pay approximately \$21 per square foot Open space change. In some areas, zoning would not change and new development would Public school 10% of homes must be affordable or pay approximately \$30 per square foot Proposed not contribute to affordable housing. boundary Light rail 11% of homes must be affordable or no affordable housing 10-minute pay approximately \$33 per square foot contribution Bus stop walkshed

