

Seattle Fire Department

Permit Conditions

8206-FVH
8207-VH

Site Address: _____

Inspector: _____

LPG (Propane) or Solid Fuel Used for Outdoor Cooking and Heating (Not for Mobile Food Trucks or Flame Effects)

SECTION 1: LPG PROPANE USE FOR OUTDOOR COOKING

1. It is the responsibility of the permit holder to train all employees in the proper storage and handling of propane tanks and how to properly use a fire extinguisher in an emergency and to make them aware of the following permit conditions. (SFC 105.3)
2. Fuel must be maintained in locations as approved by the Fire Marshal's Office. (SFC 6104.1)
3. Vendors must maintain an adequate safety separation as approved by the Fire Marshal's Office between the cooking units/fuel and customers/spectators or limit their fuel on site to a maximum of three (3) – five (5) gallon cylinders. (NOTE: Non-combustible partitioning may be used in lieu of separation distance.) (SFC 105.3 & 6104.1)
4. Provide an approved fire extinguisher in the cooking booth for propane. The required fire extinguisher(s) must have a minimum rating of "2A- 40 BC". When there is the use of deep-fat fryers the booth shall be provided with an additional approved fire extinguisher that is listed and labeled for use on Class K fires. The required fire extinguisher must be serviced annually (within the last 12 months) and must have a certification tag indicating recent testing and certification, or have been purchased within the previous 12 months with a receipt affixed showing purchase date. (SFC 906.1 & 6108.2)
5. Booths lacking the required fire extinguisher or with an outdated fire extinguisher will be ordered to cease cooking until the required fire extinguisher is provided. (SFC 110.1)
6. All equipment must carry the approval of a nationally recognized testing agency (U.L., F.M., etc.). (SFC 6105.1)
7. All work must be done over a non-combustible surface and away from any combustible materials. (SFC 105.3 & 6107)
8. Fires must be completely extinguished at the close of each day's event. (SFC 105.3)
9. The open flame cooking operation must be located so that it in no way endangers the storage of propane bottles. (SFC 305 & 6107)
10. All cylinders must be supported and secured in an upright position with the container and hoses protected from physical damage. (SFC 6109)
11. All cylinders must be equipped with a pressure regulating device intended for use with the gases contained in the cylinder. (SFC 6107)
12. When not in use the gas supply must be completely shut off and the valve protection caps or collars

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in place. (SFC 6109.8)

13. To be valid, this permit including attachments must be readily available near the cooking activities. (SFC 105.3.5)
14. Adult supervision shall be present at all times. (SFC 105.3)
15. This permit is subject to final field inspection. Any exceptions to the above conditions must be requested prior to the event and must have approval from the Fire Marshal's Office. (SFC 105.2.2)
16. Violators of the above conditions may have their permits canceled on the spot and all cooking activities suspended. (SFC 110.1)

SECTION 2: LPG PROPANE USE FOR HEATING AT PLACE OF ASSEMBLY (OUTDOOR)

This permit may cover multiple heaters at a single event if the responsible party for the permit is the proper person to accept liability for all the heaters. Heater locations must be provided on a layout or upon Inspector request.

1. It is the responsibility of the permit holder to train all employees in the proper storage and handling of propane tanks and how to properly use a fire extinguisher in an emergency and to make them aware of the following permit conditions. (SFC 105.3)
2. Fuel is limited to a maximum of one (1) 20-gallon cylinder per heating unit with a maximum of five (5) cylinders on site (this includes spares or empties). Additional units must be stored off premises. (SFC 105.3 & 6104.1)
3. Fuel shall be a minimum 10 feet from the public and from any exit. (SFC 105.3, 6109.4)
4. No fuel shall be permitted inside the assembly structure. However, heaters without fuel shall be permitted inside a structure. (SFC 105.3)
5. Provide a minimum of one (1) approved fire extinguisher for every two heating units. No heating unit shall be more than 75 feet from an approved extinguisher. The required fire extinguisher(s) must have a minimum rating of "3 A- 40 BC". Required fire extinguisher(s) must be serviced annually (within the last 12 months) and must have a certification tag indicating recent testing and certification. (Newly purchased extinguishers must have the sales slip indicating the purchase date). (SFC 906.1 & 6108.2)
6. Heating unit(s) lacking the required fire extinguisher(s) or with an outdated fire extinguisher will be ordered to discontinue the use of the heater unit(s) until the required fire extinguisher(s) is provided. (SFC 105.3)
7. All equipment must carry the approval of a nationally recognized testing agency (U.L., F.M., etc.). (SFC 6105.1)

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8. Fuel shall be secured in an approved manner using chain, metal cable or certified flame-resistant straps to prevent tampering or physical damage to the tanks or the hoses. (SFC 105.3)
9. All cylinders must be equipped with a pressure regulating device intended for use with the gases contained in the cylinder. (SFC 6107)
10. When not in use the gas supply must be completely shut off with the valve protection caps in place. (SFC 6109.8)
11. To be valid, this permit must be posted near the LPG heater, or if the permit covers multiple heaters, a copy of the permit with a list of heaters covered shall be maintained at the event managers officer or booth. (SFC 105.3.5)
12. The use of temporary heating devices shall be supervised and maintained only by competent personnel. (SFC 105.3)
13. Adult supervision shall be present at all times. (SFC 105.3)
14. Violators of the above conditions may have their permits canceled on the spot and all activities suspended. (SFC 110.1)

SECTION 3: SOLID FUEL USE FOR OUTDOOR COOKING

1. It is the responsibility of the permit holder to train all employees in the proper storage and handling of solid fuel (e.g. briquettes/wood) and how to properly use a fire extinguisher in an emergency and to make them aware of the following permit conditions. (SFC 105.3)
2. Vendors must maintain an adequate safety separation between the fuel/open flame units and customers/spectators (generally, 10 feet is required). (SFC 105.3, 3107.4, 3107.12.3, 3107.12.6)
3. Provide an approved fire extinguisher in the booth for each fuel source (e.g. one for propane, and one for briquettes/wood). The required fire extinguisher(s) must have a minimum rating of "3A- 40 BC" for the use of propane. The required fire extinguisher(s) must have a minimum rating of "2A" for the use of wood or charcoal.
The required fire extinguisher must be serviced annually (within the last 12 months) and must have a certification tag indicating recent testing and certification, or have been purchased within the previous 12 months with a receipt affixed showing purchase date. (SFC 906.1 & 6108.2)
4. All equipment must carry the approval of a nationally recognized testing agency (U.L., F.M., etc.) (SFC 6105.1)

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5. All work must be done over a non-combustible surface and away from any combustible materials. If wood and or charcoal are used as fuel, excess storage must be a minimum of 36 inches from the heating unit. (SFC 105.3)
6. Hot ashes, cinders, smoldering coals shall be deposited in a covered, noncombustible receptacle placed on a noncombustible floor, ground surface or stand. (SFC 105.3)
7. No Class I flammable liquids (liquids with a flash point of less than 100° F, i.e. gasoline) may be used to start the fire. (SFC 105.3, 308.1.1)
8. Trash, yard waste, rubbish, and paper are prohibited as fuel for wood fires. (SFC 307.6)
9. Adult supervision shall be present at all times. (SFC 105.3)

**NOTE: ANY VARIATION FROM THESE WRITTEN CONDITIONS MAY CAUSE THIS PERMIT TO BE
INVALID AND APPLIANCES DISCONTINUED**