1	CITY OF SEATTLE
2	ORDINANCE
3	COUNCIL BILL
4 5 6 7 8	title AN ORDINANCE relating to land use and zoning, amending Sections 23.30.010, 23.45.502, 23.45.510, 23.45.512, 23.45.514, 23.47A.002, 23.47A.009, 23.47A.012, 23.47A.013, 23.48.002, 23.48.005, 23.48.020, 23.48.021, 23.48.025, 23.48.040, 23.48.045, 23.48.055, 23.48.085, 23.48.250, 23.58A.040, 23.58A.042, 23.58B.040, 23.58B.050, 23.58C.035,
9 10 11 12 13 14 15	23.58C.040, 23.58C.050, 23.61.008, 23.61.014, 23.84A.004, 23.84A.025, 23.84A.028, 23.84A.038, 23.84A.042, and 23.84A.048 of the Seattle Municipal Code (SMC), adding new SMC Sections 23.45.517, 23.47A.017, 23.48.602, 23.48.605, 23.48.615, 23.48.620, 23.48.621, 23.48.622, 23.48.623, 23.48.624, 23.48.627, 23.48.630, 23.48.635, 23.48.640, 23.48.645, 23.48.646, 23.48.650, 23.48.680, 23.48.685, and 23.48.690, and amending the Official Land Use Map at pages 60, 61, 78, and 79 to rezone areas and remove the University District Station Area Overlay District.
17	WHEREAS, Sound Transit will open a light rail station at NE 43 rd Street and Brooklyn Avenue
18	NE in 2021, and the City's Comprehensive Plan supports walkable, compact, mixed-use
19	neighborhoods surrounding station areas; and
20	WHEREAS, from 2011 to 2016, City staff worked with community members in the University
21	Community Urban Center to discuss the future of the neighborhood including zoning,
22	development, open space, housing affordability, and walkability; and
23	WHEREAS, in 2013, City staff and community members completed the University District (U
24	District) Urban Design Framework, summarizing guiding principles and specific
25	strategies for achieving neighborhood goals; and
26	WHEREAS, the public process in the U District has identified affordable housing, open space,
27	historic preservation, and improved development standards as key community concerns;
28	and
29	WHEREAS, these proposed zoning amendments have been reviewed as part of a programmatic
30	Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS") for the University District, completed January

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1	8, 2015, and the adequacy of the Final EIS was upheld by the Seattle Hearing Examiner
2	on June 19, 2015, and the content was updated to include Mandatory Housing
3	Affordability requirements through an addendum issued May 27, 2016; and
4	WHEREAS, in September 2015, City Council approved Ordinance 124888 to amend the
5	Comprehensive Plan's University Community Neighborhood Plan goals and policies, and
6	make changes to the Future Land Use Map; and
7	WHEREAS, the City has provided for public participation opportunities in the development and
8	review of these proposed amendments; and
9	WHEREAS, in May 2013 the City Council adopted Resolution 31444, which established a work
10	program for reviewing and potentially modifying the City's affordable housing incentive
11	programs; and
12	WHEREAS, according to Resolution 31444, the City Council commissioned reports examining
13	national best practices for increasing the availability of affordable housing to identify
14	new strategies for Seattle; and
15	WHEREAS, in September 2014 the City Council adopted Resolution 31546, in which the
16	Council and Mayor proposed that a Seattle Housing Affordability and Livability Agenda
17	(HALA) Advisory Committee be jointly convened by the Council and the Mayor to
18	evaluate potential housing strategies; and
19	WHEREAS, the HALA Advisory Committee provided final recommendations to the Mayor and
20	City Council on July 13, 2015; and
21	WHEREAS, the HALA Advisory Committee recommended extensive citywide upzoning of
22	residential and commercial zones and, in connection with such upzones, implementation

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1	of a mandatory inclusionary housing requirement for new residential development and
2	commercial linkage fees for new commercial development; and
3	WHEREAS, the HALA Advisory Committee recommended that the mandatory inclusionary
4	housing requirement offer developers the option of building affordable housing or
5	making a cash contribution to fund preservation and production of affordable housing,
6	and that the requirement be implemented upon approval of extensive citywide upzoning
7	of residential and commercial zones; and
8	WHEREAS, the City has the authority to require mandatory housing affordability for residential
9	development according to its police power; and
10	WHEREAS, a mandatory housing affordability requirement for residential development is one of
11	many actions the City intends to undertake to implement the Comprehensive Plan's goals
12	and policies for housing affordability; and
13	WHEREAS the Countywide Planning Policies, as ratified by the King County Council, provide
14	that jurisdictions may consider a full range of programs, from optional to mandatory, that
15	will assist in meeting the jurisdiction's share of the countywide need for affordable
16	housing; and
17	WHEREAS, one of the City's planning goals under the Growth Management Act, chapter
18	36.70A RCW, is to make adequate provision for the housing needs of all economic
19	segments of the city; and
20	WHEREAS, the Affordable Housing Incentives Program Act, RCW 36.70A.540, authorizes and
21	encourages cities to enact or expand affordable housing incentive programs providing for
22	the development of low-income housing units through development regulations or
23	conditions on rezoning or permit decisions, or both; and

1	WHEREAS, according to the Affordable Housing Incentives Program Act, jurisdictions may
2	establish a minimum amount of affordable housing that must be provided by all
3	residential developments in areas where increased residential development capacity has
4	been provided; and
5	WHEREAS, the July 13, 2015, Statement of Intent for Basic Framework for Mandatory
6	Inclusionary Housing and Commercial Linkage Fee (commonly referred to as the "Grand
7	Bargain") states that the mandatory housing affordability requirements for residential and
8	commercial development should achieve a projected production level over ten years of no
9	less than 6,000 units of housing affordable to households with incomes no greater than 60
10	percent of median income, and that, if the projected production level falls below the
11	target, all parties agree to develop and consider options to achieve the agreed-upon
12	production target; and
13	WHEREAS, in November 2015, the City Council adopted Ordinance 124895, which established
14	the framework for an Affordable Housing Impact Mitigation Program for commercial
15	development; and
16	WHEREAS, in November 2015, the City Council adopted Resolution 31612, stating the
17	Council's intent to make changes to zoning and land use regulations to implement a
18	mandatory inclusionary affordable housing program for residential development
19	recommended by the HALA Advisory Committee and the Mayor; and
20	WHEREAS, in August of 2016, Council adopted and the Mayor signed Ordinance 125108 to
21	establish the framework for mandatory housing affordability for residential development;
22	and

1	WHEREAS, this ordinance was informed by public feedback gathered at an open house
2	conducted on May 31, 2016 and hundreds of presentations and conversations with the U
3	District Partnership, the Roosevelt Neighbors Alliance, University Heights Community
4	Club, U District Community Council, Northeast District Council, University of
5	Washington, the Seattle Planning Commission, the Seattle Design Commission, as well
6	as letters, emails, and other correspondence from individuals and groups; and
7	WHEREAS, this ordinance would increase development capacity and implement the Affordable
8	Housing Impact Mitigation Program for commercial development and mandatory
9	housing affordability for residential development in the University District; and
10	WHEREAS, increased residential development in the University District will assist in achieving
11	local growth management and housing policies; and
12	WHEREAS, this ordinance provides increased residential development capacity in the form of
13	an increase in the amount of height or floor area allowed by zoning in many areas of the
14	University District; and
15	WHEREAS, the Council has reviewed and considered the Executive's report and
16	recommendations, public testimony made at the public hearing, and other pertinent
17	material regarding the proposed amendments; and
18	WHEREAS, the Council finds that the amendments to be adopted are consistent with the Growth
19	Management Act, and will protect and promote the health, safety, and welfare of the
20	general public; NOW, THEREFORE,
21	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:
22	Section 1. The Official Land Use Map, Chapter 23.32 of the Seattle Municipal Code, is
23	amended to remove the University District Station Area Overlay District and rezone land located

- on pages 60, 61, 78, and 79 of the Official Land Use Map, all as shown on Exhibit A attached to
- 2 this ordinance.

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- 3 Section 2. Section 23.30.010 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
- 4 124883, is amended as follows:

23.30.010 Classifications for the purpose of this Subtitle III

A. General zoning designations. The zoning classification of land shall include one of the designations in this subsection 23.30.010.A. Only in the case of land designated "RC₂" the classification shall include both "RC" and one additional multifamily zone designation in this subsection 23.30.010.A.

Zones	Abbreviated
Residential, Single-family 9,600	SF 9600
Residential, Single-family 7,200	SF 7200
Residential, Single-family 5,000	SF 5000
Residential Small Lot	RSL
Residential, Multifamily, Lowrise 1	LR1
Residential, Multifamily, Lowrise 2	LR2
Residential, Multifamily, Lowrise 3	LR3
Residential, Multifamily, Midrise	MR
Residential, Multifamily, Highrise	HR
Residential-Commercial	RC
Neighborhood Commercial 1	NC1
Neighborhood Commercial 2	NC2
Neighborhood Commercial 3	NC3
Master Planned Community - Yesler Terrace	MPC-YT
Seattle Mixed	SM
Seattle Mixed-South Lake Union	SM-SLU
Seattle Mixed-Dravus	SM-D
Seattle Mixed-North Rainier	SM-NR
Seattle Mixed-University District	<u>SM-U</u>
Commercial 1	C1
Commercial 2	C2
Downtown Office Core 1	DOC1
Downtown Office Core 2	DOC2
Downtown Retail Core	DRC
Downtown Mixed Commercial	DMC
Downtown Mixed Residential	DMR

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Zones	Abbreviated
Pioneer Square Mixed	PSM
International District Mixed	IDM
International District Residential	IDR
Downtown Harborfront 1	DH1
Downtown Harborfront 2	DH2
Pike Market Mixed	PMM
General Industrial 1	IG1
General Industrial 2	IG2
Industrial Buffer	IB
Industrial Commercial	IC

Editor's note - These classifications can also be found at the beginning of the zoning maps in Volume IV of the Code.

B. Suffixes—Height ((Limits, Letters)) limits, letters, mandatory housing affordability provisions, and ((Incentive Provisions)) incentive provisions. The zoning ((classification)) classifications for land subject to some of the designations in subsection 23.30.010.A include one or more numerical suffixes indicating height limit(s) or a range of height limits, or one or more letter suffixes indicating certain overlay districts or designations, or numerical suffixes enclosed in parentheses indicating the application of incentive zoning provisions, or letter suffixes and letter with numerical suffixes enclosed in parenthesis indicating the application of mandatory housing affordability provisions, or any combination of these. A letter suffix may be included only in accordance with provisions of this ((title)) Title 23 expressly providing for the addition of the suffix. A zoning classification that includes a numerical or letter suffix or other combinations denotes a different zone than a zoning classification without any suffix or with additional, fewer or different suffixes. Except where otherwise specifically stated in this ((title)) Title 23 or where the context otherwise clearly requires, each reference in this ((title)) Title 23 to any zoning designation in subsection 23.30.010.A without a suffix, or with fewer than the maximum possible number of suffixes, includes any zoning classifications created by the addition to that designation of one or more suffixes.

1 Section 3. Section 23.45.502 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 2 124378, is amended as follows: 3 23.45.502 Scope of provisions 4 A. This Chapter 23.45 establishes regulations for the following zones: 5 1. Lowrise 1 (LR1); 6 2. Lowrise 2 (LR2); 7 3. Lowrise 3 (LR3); 8 4. Midrise (MR) (references to MR zones include the Midrise/85 (MR/85) zone 9 unless otherwise noted); and 10 5. Highrise (HR). 11 B. ((Multifamily zones)) Zones listed in subsection 23.45.502.A and having an incentive 12 zoning suffix are subject to this Chapter 23.45 and Chapter 23.58A, Incentive ((provisions)) 13 Provisions. 14 C. ((Areas in multifamily zones described in subsection 23.76.026.D are vested according 15 to the provisions of subsection 23.76.026.D.)) Zones listed in subsection 23.45.502.A that have a mandatory housing affordability suffix of either (M), (M1), or (M2) are subject to this Chapter 16 17 23.45 and to the provisions of Chapters 23.58B and 23.58C. Specific provisions related to floor 18 area ratio (FAR) limits, density limits, structure height, and green building performance that 19 apply to zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix are in Section 23.45.517. 20 D. Areas in multifamily zones described in subsection 23.76.026.D are vested according 21 to the provisions of subsection 23.76.026.D.

1 Section 4. Subsections 23.45.510.A, 23.45.510.B, and 23.45.510.D of the Seattle 2 Municipal Code, which section was last amended by Ordinance 124843, are amended as follows: 3 23.45.510 Floor area ratio (FAR) limits 4 A. General provisions 5 1. All gross floor area not exempt under subsection 23.45.510.E, including the 6 area of stair penthouses with enclosed floor space, counts toward the maximum gross floor area 7 allowed under the FAR limits. 8 2. The applicable FAR limit applies to the total non-exempt gross floor area of all 9 structures on the lot. 10 3. If a lot is in more than one zone, the FAR limit for each zone applies to the 11 portion of the lot located in that zone, and the floor area on the portion of the lot with the lower 12 FAR limit may not exceed the amount that would be permitted if it were a separate lot. 13 B. FAR limits in LR zones. FAR limits apply in LR zones as shown in Table A for 14 23.45.510, provided that if the LR zone designation includes an incentive zoning suffix, then the 15 applicant shall comply with Chapter 23.58A, Incentive Provisions, to obtain gross floor area 16 exceeding that allowed by the FAR shown in the suffix designation. In LR zones the following 17 standards apply to the calculation of gross floor area for application of FAR limits: 18 1. Exterior corridors, breezeways, and stairways that provide building circulation 19 and access to dwelling units or sleeping rooms((₇)) are included in gross floor area. 20 2. Balconies, patios, and decks that are associated with a single dwelling unit or 21 sleeping room and that are not used for common circulation, and ground-level walking paths, are 22 excluded from gross floor area.

3. Common walls separating individual rowhouse and townhouse dwelling units

are considered to be exterior walls.

Table A for 23.45.510 FAR in LR ((Zones)) zones¹

	Location	Category of residential use((1))2					
Zone	Outside or inside urban centers, urban villages, and the Station Area Overlay District	Cottage housing developments and single- family dwelling units	Rowhouse developments $((^2))^3$	Townhouse developments $((^2))^3$	Apartments $((^2))^{\underline{3}}$		
LR1	Either outside or inside	1.1	1.0 or 1.2	0.9 or 1.1	1.0		
LR2	Either outside or inside	1.1	1.1 or 1.3	1.0 or 1.2	1.1 or 1.3		
LR3	Outside	1.1	1.2 or 1.4	1.1 or 1.3	1.3 or $1.5((^3))^4$		
LKS	Inside	1.1	1.2 or 1.4	1.2 or 1.4	1.5 or 2.0		

Footnotes to Table A for 23.45.510((÷))

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D. FAR limits in MR and HR zones. FAR limits apply to all structures and lots in MR

and HR zones as shown in Table B for 23.45.510, provided that if the MR and HR zone

¹FAR limits for LR1 zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix are shown in subsection 23.45.517.B.1.

² If more than one type of residential use is provided on a lot, the FAR limit for each residential use is the higher FAR limit for each residential use in this Table A for 23.45.510 only if the conditions in subsection 23.45.510.C are satisfied for all residential uses on the lot.

 $^{((^{2}))^{3}}$ The higher FAR limit applies if the project meets the standards of subsection 23.45.510.C.

 $^{((^3))^{\}frac{1}{2}}$ On lots that abut a street with frequent transit service, the higher FAR limit is 1.6.

- designations include an incentive zoning suffix, then the applicant shall comply with Chapter
- 2 | 23.58A, Incentive ((provisions)) Provisions, to obtain gross floor area exceeding that allowed by
- 3 the FAR shown in the suffix designation.

Table B for 23.45.510 Floor ((Area Ratios)) area ratios (FAR) in MR and HR zones ¹				
	MR	HR		
Base FAR	3.2	8 on lots 15,000 square feet or less in size; 7 on lots larger than 15,000 square feet		
Maximum FAR, allowed pursuant to Chapter 23.58A and Section 23.45.516	4.25	13 for structures 240 feet or less in height; 14 for structures over 240 feet		

Footnotes to Table B for 23.45.510

¹The maximum FAR limit for MR zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix is shown in subsection 23.48.517.B.2.

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Section 5. Section 23.45.512 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance

7 124843, is amended as follows:

23.45.512 Density limits—LR zones

A. The minimum lot area per dwelling unit in LR zones for cottage housing developments, townhouse developments, and apartments((,)) is shown on Table A for 23.45.512, except as provided in subsections 23.45.512.B, 23.45.512.C, 23.45.512.D, 23.45.512.E, and 23.45.512.G.

Table A for 23.45.512

Density ((Limits)) limits in Lowrise ((Zones)) zones¹

Zone	Units allowed per square foot of lot area by category of residential use $((^{(1)}))^2$					
	Cottage housing development($(^{(2)})$) ³ and single-family dwelling unit($(^{(6)})$) ⁴	Rowhouse development	Townhouse development($(^{(4)})$) 5	Apartment $((^{(5)}))^{\underline{6}}$		
LR1 ⁶	1/1,600	1/1,600 or ((No)) <u>no</u> limit((⁽³⁾)) ⁷	1/2,200 or 1/1,600	1/2,000 ((Duplexes)) <u>duplexes</u> and ((Triplexes)) triplexes only		
LR2	1/1,600	No limit	1/1,600 or ((No)) <u>no</u> limit	1/1,200 or ((No)) <u>no</u> limit		
LR3	1/1,600	No limit	1/1,600 or ((No)) <u>no</u> limit	1/800 or ((No)) <u>no</u> limit		

Footnotes for Table A for 23.45.512

¹Density limits for LR1 zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix are shown in subsection 23.45.517.C.

 $((^{(+)}))^2$ When density calculations result in a fraction of a unit, any fraction up to and including 0.85 constitutes zero additional units, and any fraction over 0.85 constitutes one additional unit. $((^{(2)}))^3$ See Section 23.45.531 for specific regulations about cottage housing developments.

((⁽³⁾The density limit for rowhouse development in LR1 zones applies only on lots less than 3,000 square feet in size.))

⁴One single-family residence meeting the standards of subsection 23.45.510.C and Section 23.45.526 may be built on a lot that is existing as of April 19, 2011, and has an area of less than 1,600 square feet.

((⁽⁴⁾))⁵For townhouse developments that meet the standards of subsection 23.45.510.C, the higher density shown is permitted in LR1 zones, and there is no density limit in LR2 and LR3 zones.

 $((^{(5)}))^6$ For apartments that meet the standards of subsection 23.45.510.C, there is no density limit in LR2 and LR3 zones.

((⁶⁰One single-family residence meeting the standards of subsection 23.45.510.C and Section 23.45.526 may be built on a lot that is existing as of April 19, 2011, and has an area of less than 1,600 square feet))

⁷The density limit for rowhouse development in LR1 zones applies only on lots less than 3,000 square feet in size.

B. Density exception for certain types of low-income multifamily residential uses((-))

- 1 23.45.512.D above. An additional unit is allowed only if the proposed additional unit is to be
- 2 | located entirely within an existing structure, and no additional floor area is proposed to be added
- 3 to the existing structure.

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- 2. For the purposes of this subsection 23.45.512.G, "existing residential uses" are
- 5 | those that were established under permit as of October 31, 2001, or for which a permit has been
- 6 granted and the permit has not expired on October 31, 2001.
- 7 Section 6. Section 23.45.514 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
- 8 | 124803, is amended as follows:

23.45.514 Structure height

A. Subject to the additions and exceptions allowed as set forth in this Section 23.45.514,

the height limits for principal structures permitted in LR zones are as shown on Table A for

12 23.45.514.

Table A for 23.45.514 Structure ((Height)) height for Lowrise ((Zones)) zones (in ((Feet))feet)

Structure ((Height)) height for Lowrise ((Zones)) zones in ((Feet)) leet)							
Housing type	LR1	LR2	LR3 outside ((Urban Centers, Urban Villages)) urban centers and urban villages, and Station Area Overlay Districts	LR3 in ((Urban Centers, Urban Villages)) urban centers and urban villages, and Station Area Overlay Districts			
Cottage housing developments	18	18	18	18			
Rowhouse and townhouse developments	30	30	30	30			
Apartments	30	30	30	40^{1}			

Footnotes for Table A for 23.45.514((÷))

¹The height limit is 30 feet on the portions of lots that are within 50 feet of a single-family zoned lot, unless the lot in the LR zone is separated from a single-family zoned lot by a street.

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B. The base and maximum height limits for principal structures permitted in MR and HR zones are as shown in Table B for 23.45.514, subject to the additions and exceptions allowed as set forth in this Section 23.45.514.

Table B for 23.45.514 Structure height for MR and HR zones (in feet)¹

	MR	MR/85	HR
Base height limit	60	85	160
Maximum height limit if extra residential floor area is gained under Chapter 23.58A and Section 23.45.516	75	85	240 or 300

Footnotes to Table B for 23.45.514:

¹Height limits for MR zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix are in subsection 23.45.517.D.

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Section 7. A new Section 23.45.517 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

23.45.517 Multifamily zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix

The following standards apply to multifamily zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix, which include (M), (M1), and (M2):

A. Affordable housing requirements. Development is subject to the provisions of Chapters 23.58B and 23.58C.

B. Floor area ratio (FAR)

1. FAR limits for LR1 zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix are shown in Table A for 23.45.517.

Table A for 23.45.517 FAR limits for LR1 zones with mandatory housing affordability suffix

		Category of residential use ¹							
Zone	Location	Cottage housing developments and single- family dwelling units	Rowhouse developments Rowhouse developments		Apartments				
LR1 with an (M), (M1), or (M2) suffix	Outside or inside urban centers, urban villages, and the Station Area Overlay District	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1				

Footnotes to Table B for 23.45.517

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¹Accessory dwelling units and detached accessory dwelling units are not subject to the provisions of Chapter 23.58C.

2. The maximum FAR limit for MR zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix is 4.25.

C. Density limit. The minimum lot area per dwelling unit for cottage housing developments, townhouse developments, and apartments in LR1 zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix is shown on Table B for 23.45.517. The limit on the number of dwelling units permitted in an apartment in the LR1 zone in subsection 23.45.512.D does not apply to a LR1 zone with a mandatory housing affordability suffix.

Table B for 23.45.517

Density limits in LR1 zones with mandatory housing affordability suffix

Zone	Units allowed per square foot of lot area by category of residential use ^{1, 2}								
	Cottage housing development ³ and single-family dwelling unit ⁴	Rowhouse development	Townhouse development	Apartment					
LR1 with an (M), (M1) or (M2) suffix	1/1,600	No limit	1/1,600	No limit ⁵					

Footnotes to Table B for 23.45.517

⁵The limit on the number of dwelling units permitted in an apartment in the LR1 zone in subsection 23.45.512.D does not apply to a LR1 zone with a mandatory housing affordability suffix.

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D. Structure height. The maximum height limit for principal structures permitted in MR zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix is 75 feet, subject to the additions and exceptions allowed as set forth in subsections 23.45.514.C, 23.45.514.H, 23.45.514.I, and 23.45.514.J.

E. Green building performance. Development in LR1 zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix shall meet the standards for green building performance pursuant to Section 23.45.526, and Section 23.45.526 shall apply as if the application were for new development gaining extra residential floor area.

¹When density calculations result in a fraction of a unit, any fraction up to and including 0.85 constitutes zero additional units, and any fraction over 0.85 constitutes one additional unit.

²Accessory dwelling units and detached accessory dwelling units are not subject to the provisions of Chapter 23.58C.

³See Section 23.45.531 for specific regulations about cottage housing developments.

⁴One single-family residence meeting the standards of subsection 23.45.510.C and Section 23.45.526 may be built on a lot that is existing as of April 19, 2011, and has an area of less than 1,600 square feet.

parking quantity, access, and design (Chapter 23.54); standards for solid waste storage (Chapter

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1	23.54); signs (Chapter 23.55); and methods for measurements (Chapter 23.86) may apply to
2	development proposals. Communication utilities and accessory communication devices, except
3	as exempted in Section 23.57.002, are subject to the regulations in this Chapter 23.47A and
4	additional regulations in Chapter 23.57, Communications Regulations.
5	Section 9. Section 23.47A.009 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Council
6	Bill 118693, is amended as follows:
7	23.47A.009 Standards applicable to specific areas
8	A. Resolution of standards conflicts. To the extent there is a conflict between this Section
9	23.47A.009 and other sections of Title 23, the provisions of this Section 23.47A.009 apply.
10	* * *
11	G. University Community Urban Center. The following provisions apply to specified NC
12	zones within the portion of the University Community Urban Center west of 15 th Avenue NE.
13	1. Maximum width and depth limits. The following standards apply to NC zones
14	with a mapped height limit exceeding 40 feet:
15	a. The maximum width and depth of a structure is 250 feet, except as
16	otherwise provided in this subsection 23.47A.009.G.1. The width and depth limits do not apply
17	to below-grade or partially below-grade stories with street-facing facades that do not extend
18	more than 4 feet above the sidewalk, measured at any point above the sidewalk elevation to the
19	floor above the partially below-grade story, excluding access.
20	b. For the stories of a structure subject to width and depth limits, all
21	portions of the same story that are horizontally contiguous, including any portions connected by
22	doorways, ramps, bridges, elevated stairways, and other such features, shall be included in the

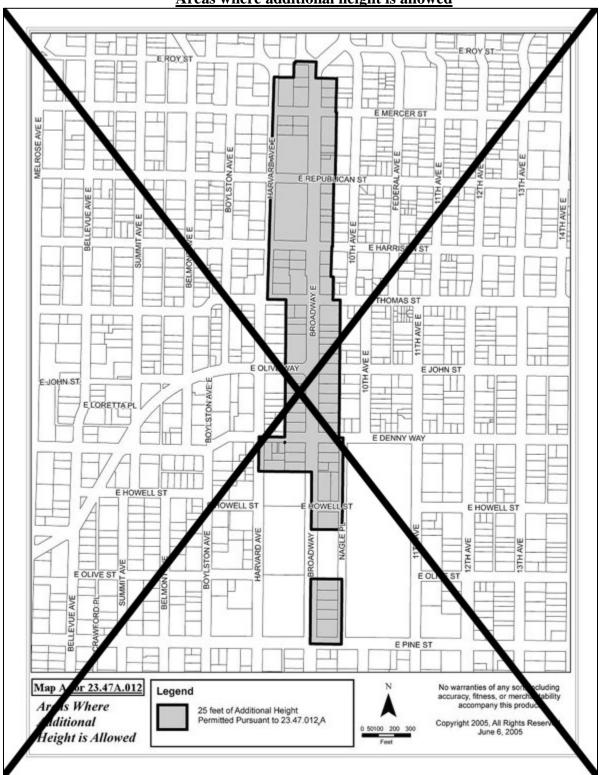
measurement of width and depth. The width and depth limit of stories in separate structures or

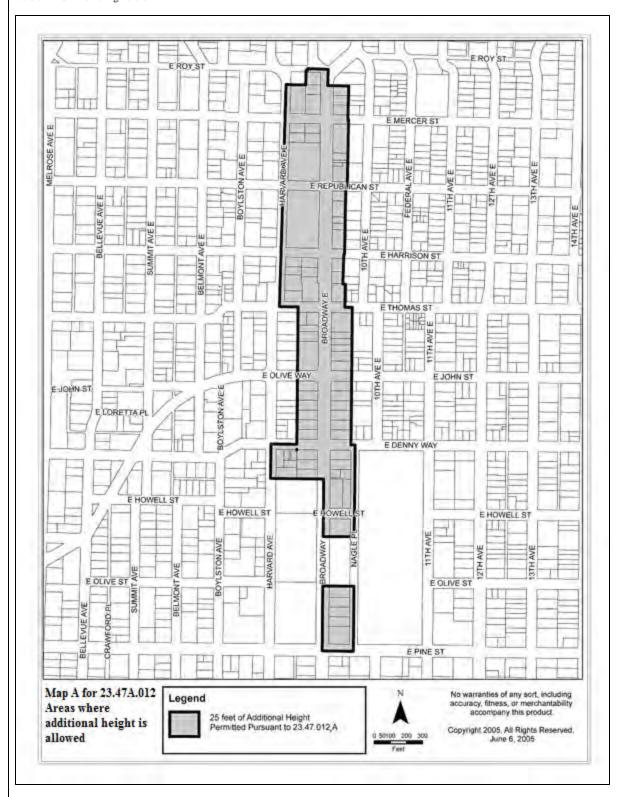
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1	structures on the same lot that abut but are not internally connected shall be measured separately.
2	Designated Landmark structures and vulnerable masonry structures included on a list
3	promulgated by the Director that are retained on the lot are excluded from the width and depth
4	measurement, whether or not internally or externally connected to a new structure.
5	c. Width and depth limits do not apply to stories of a structure with more
6	than 50 percent of the total gross floor area occupied by any of the following uses:
7	1) Community clubs or community centers;
8	2) Religious facilities;
9	3) Arts facilities;
10	4) Preschool, elementary, or secondary schools; or
11	5) Performing arts theaters.
12	2. Provisions for the transfer of development rights (TDR) and transfer of
13	development potential (TDP).
14	a. Lots located in NC3 and NC3P zones with height limits of 55 feet or
15	greater are eligible as open space, vulnerable masonry structure, or Landmark TDR and TDP
16	sending sites if the lot meets the definition of the applicable TDR or TDP sending site in Chapter
17	23.84A and all applicable standards in Section 23.58A.042.
18	b. The maximum amount of TDR and TDP that can be transferred from an
19	eligible sending site shall not exceed an amount of floor area equivalent to the numerical value of
20	the FAR permitted on a lot that is solely occupied by residential uses or non-residential uses in
21	the zone where the sending site is located, as shown on Table A for 23.47A.013 and Table A for
22	23.47A.017 for zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix, multiplied by the lot area of

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1	the sending site and minus the sum of any chargeable floor area on the lot plus any TDR and
2	TDP previously transferred.
3	c. Eligible receiving sites are limited to those lots in SM-U zones specified
4	in subsection 23.48.623.C.
5	Section 10. Subsection 23.47A.012.A of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was
6	last amended by Ordinance 124883, is amended as follows:
7	23.47A.012 Structure height
8	A. The height limit for structures in NC zones or C zones is ((30 feet, 40 feet, 65 feet, 85
9	feet, 125 feet, or 160 feet,)) as designated on the Official Land Use Map, Chapter 23.32.
10	Structures may not exceed the applicable height limit, except as otherwise provided in this
11	Section 23.47A.012.
12	1. In zones with a 30 foot or 40 foot mapped height limit:
13	a. The height of a structure may exceed the otherwise applicable limit by
14	up to 4 feet, subject to subsection 23.47A.012.A.1.c, provided the following conditions are met:
15	1) Either <u>:</u>
16	a) A floor-to-floor height of 13 feet or more is provided for
17	non-residential uses at street level; or
18	b) A residential use is located on a street-level, street-facing
19	facade, provided that the average height of the exterior facades of any portion of a story that is
20	partially below-grade does not exceed 4 feet, measured from existing or finished grade,
21	whichever is less, and the first floor of the structure at or above grade is at least 4 feet above
22	sidewalk grade; and

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1	2) The additional height allowed for the structure will not allow an
2	additional story beyond the number that could be built under the otherwise applicable height
3	limit.
4	b. The height of a structure may exceed the otherwise applicable limit by
5	up to 7 feet, subject to subsection 23.47A.012.A.1.c, provided all of the following conditions are
6	met:
7	1) Residential and multipurpose retail sales uses are located in the
8	same structure;
9	2) The total gross floor area of at least one multi-purpose retail
10	sales use exceeds 12,000 square feet;
11	3) A floor-to-floor height of 16 feet or more is provided for the
12	multi-purpose retail sales use at street level;
13	4) The additional height allowed for the structure will not allow an
14	additional story beyond the number that could be built under the otherwise applicable height
15	limit if a floor-to-floor height of 16 feet were not provided at street level; and
16	5) The structure is not allowed additional height under subsection
17	23.47A.012.A.1.a.
18	c. The Director shall reduce or deny the additional structure height
19	allowed by this subsection 23.47A.012.A.1 if the additional height would significantly block
20	views from neighboring residential structures of any of the following: Mount Rainier, the
21	Olympic and Cascade Mountains, the downtown skyline, Green Lake, Puget Sound, Lake
22	Washington, Lake Union, or the Ship Canal.

Map A for 23.47A.012 Areas where additional height is allowed





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1	((3. Within the Station Area Overlay District within the University District
2	Northwest Urban Center Village, maximum structure height may be increased to 125 feet when
3	all of the following are met:
4	a. The lot is within two blocks of a planned or existing light rail station;
5	b. The proposed use of the lot is functionally related to other office
6	development, permitted prior to 1971, to have over 500,000 square feet of gross floor area to be
7	occupied by a single entity;
8	c. A transportation management plan for the life of the use includes
9	incentives for light rail and other transit use by the employees of the office use;
10	d. The development shall provide street-level amenities for pedestrians
11	and shall be designed to promote pedestrian interest, safety, and comfort through features such as
12	landscaping, lighting and transparent facades, as determined by the Director; and
13	e. This subsection 23.47A.012.A.3 can be used only once for each
14	development that is functionally related.))
15	((4)) $\underline{3}$. On a lot containing a peat settlement-prone environmentally critical area,
16	the height of a structure may exceed the otherwise applicable height limit and the other height
17	allowances provided by this Section 23.47A.012 by up to 3 feet. In addition, 3 more feet of
18	height may be allowed for any wall of a structure on a sloped lot, provided that on the uphill
19	sides of the structure, the maximum elevation of the structure height shall be no greater than the
20	height allowed by the first sentence of <u>this</u> subsection ((23.47A.012.A.4)) <u>23.47A.012.A.3</u> . The
21	Director may apply the allowances in this subsection ((23.47A.012.A.4)) 23.47A.012.A.3 only if
22	the following conditions are met:

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a. The Director finds that locating a story of parking underground is infeasible due to physical site conditions such as a high water table;

b. The Director finds that the additional height allowed for the structure is necessary to accommodate parking located partially below grade that extends no more than 6 feet above existing or finished grade, whichever is lower, and no more than 3 feet above the highest existing or finished grade along the structure footprint, whichever is lower, as measured to the finished floor level above; and

c. Other than the additional story of parking allowed according to this subsection ((23.47A.012.A.4)) 23.47A.012.A.3, the additional height ((allowed for the structure by subsection 23.47A.012.A.4,)) shall not allow an additional story beyond the number of stories that could be built under the otherwise applicable height limit.

((5)) 4. In zones that are located within the Pike/Pine Conservation Overlay

District with a mapped height limit of 65 feet, or with a mapped height limit of 40 feet with

provisions allowing for additional height up to 65 feet according to subsection 23.47A.012.A.2,
the provisions of Section 23.73.014 apply.

* * *

Section 11. Section 23.47A.013 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:

23.47A.013 Floor area ratio

A. Floor area ratio (FAR) limits apply to all structures and lots in all NC zones and C zones.

1. All gross floor area not exempt under subsection 23.47A.013.D is counted against the maximum gross floor area allowed by the permitted FAR.

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- 2. If there are multiple structures on a lot, the highest FAR limit applicable to any structure on the lot applies to the combined non-exempt gross floor area of all structures on the lot, subject to subsection 23.47A.013.A.4.
- 3. Except as provided in subsection 23.47A.013.D.7, parking that is within or covered by a structure or portion of a structure and that is within a story that is not underground shall be included in gross floor area calculations.
- 4. If a lot is in more than one zone, the FAR limit for each zone applies to the portion of the lot located in that zone, and the floor area on the portion of the lot with the lower FAR limit may not exceed the amount that would be permitted if it were a separate lot. If a lot is in both a multifamily zone and a commercial zone, the floor area on the commercial portion of the lot may not exceed the maximum that would be allowed if the commercial portion of the lot were a separate lot.
- B. Except as provided in subsections 23.47A.013.C, 23.47A.013.D, 23.47A.013.E, and 23.47A.013.F, ((and 23.47A.013.G,)) maximum FAR allowed in C zones and NC zones is shown in Table A for 23.47A.013, provided that if the commercial zone designation includes an incentive zoning suffix, then the applicant shall comply with Chapter 23.58A, Incentive Provisions, to obtain gross floor area exceeding that allowed by the FAR shown in the suffix designation.

Table A for 23.47A.013 ((±))
Maximum ((Floor Area Ratio)) <u>floor area ratio</u> (FAR) outside of the Station Area Overlay District¹

	Heig	Height ((Limit)) <u>limit</u> (in feet)				
	30	40	65	85	125	160
	Max	Maximum FAR				
1. Total FAR permitted on a lot that is solely or residential use or non-residential use.	ecupied by 2.25	3	4.25	4.5	5	5

Table A for 23.47A.013 ((÷))

	Height ((Limit)) <u>limit</u> (in feet)						
	30	40	65	85	125	160	
	Max	imum	FAR				
2. Total permitted for any single use within a mixed-use structure.	n/a	n/a	4.25	4.5	5	5	
3. Total FAR permitted for all uses on a lot that is occupied by a mix of uses, provided that the FAR limit for either all residential uses or the FAR limit for all non-residential uses shall not exceed the FAR limit established in Row 1.	2.5	3.25	4.75	6	6	7	

 $\underline{n/a} = not applicable$

Footnotes to Table A for 23.47A.013

¹Maximum FAR limits for zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix are shown on Table A for 23.47A.017.

1 2

- C. Maximum FAR allowed in NC zones or C zones within the Station Area Overlay
- 3 District is shown in Table B for 23.47A.013, provided that if the commercial zone designation
- 4 | includes an incentive zoning suffix, then the applicant shall comply with Chapter 23.58A,
- 5 Incentive Provisions, to obtain gross floor exceeding that allowed by the FAR shown in the
- 6 suffix designation.

Table B for 23.47A.013 ((÷))

Maximum ((Floor Area Ratio)) floor area ratio (FAR) in the Station Area Overlay District

	Height ((Limit)) <u>limit (in feet)</u>								
	30((2)) $40((2))$ $65((2))$ $85((2))$ $125((2))$ $160((2))$								
Maximum FAR	3	4	5.75	6	6	7			

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- D. The following gross floor area is not counted toward maximum FAR:
- 9

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1. All underground stories or portions of stories;

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1	2. All portions of a story that extend no more than 4 feet above existing or
2	finished grade, whichever is lower, excluding access;
3	3. Gross floor area of a transit station, including all floor area open to the general
4	public during normal hours of station operation but excluding retail or service establishments to
5	which public access is limited to customers or clients, even where such establishments are
6	primarily intended to serve transit riders;
7	((4. Within the South Lake Union Urban Center, gross floor area occupied by
8	mechanical equipment located on the roof of a structure;
9	5. Within the South Lake Union Urban Center, mechanical equipment that is
10	accessory to a research and development laboratory, up to 15 percent of the gross floor area of a
11	structure. The allowance is calculated on the gross floor area of the structure after all space
12	exempt under this subsection 23.47A.013.D is deducted; and))
13	((6)) <u>4</u> . Within the First Hill Urban Center Village, on lots zoned NC3 $((5))$ with a
14	160 foot height limit, all gross floor area occupied by a residential use.
15	((7)) 5. On a lot containing a peat settlement-prone environmentally critical area,
16	above-grade parking within or covered by a structure or portion of a structure, if the Director
17	finds that locating a story of parking below grade is infeasible due to physical site conditions
18	such as a high water table, if either:
19	a. ((the)) The above-grade parking extends no more than 6 feet above
20	existing or finished grade and no more than 3 feet above the highest existing or finished grade
21	along the structure footprint, whichever is lower, as measured to the finished floor level or roof
22	above, pursuant to subsection $((23.47A.012.A.5))$ 23.47A.012.A.3; or
23	b. ((all)) All of the following conditions are met:

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1	1) ((no)) No above-grade parking is exempted by subsection
2	((23.47A.013.D.7.a)) <u>23.47A.013.D.5.a</u> ;
3	2) ((the)) The parking is accessory to a residential use on the lot;
4	3) ((total)) <u>Total</u> parking on the lot does not exceed one space for
5	each residential dwelling unit plus the number of spaces required for non-residential uses; and
6	4) ((the)) The amount of gross floor area exempted by this
7	subsection ((23.47A.013.D.7.b)) 23.47A.013.D.5.b does not exceed 25 percent of the area of the
8	lot in zones with a height limit less than 65 feet, or 50 percent of the area of the lot in zones with
9	a height limit 65 feet or greater.
10	((8)) <u>6</u> . Rooftop greenhouse areas meeting the standards of $((subsection))$
11	<u>subsections</u> 23.47A.012.C.6 and <u>23.47A.012.</u> C.7.
12	((E. Within the Station Area Overlay District within the University District Northwest
13	Urban Center Village, for office structures permitted prior to 1971, the area of the lot for
14	purposes of calculating permitted FAR is the tax parcel created prior to the adoption of
15	Ordinance 121846 on which the existing structure is located, provided the office structure is to
16	be part of a functionally related development occupied by a single entity with over 500,000
17	square feet of area in office use. The floor area of above grade pedestrian access is exempt from
18	the FAR calculations of this subsection, and the maximum permitted FAR is 8.))
19	((F)) E. Within the West Seattle Junction Hub Urban Village, on lots zoned NC3
20	85(4.75), the total permitted FAR for all uses within a mixed_use structure containing residential
21	and non-residential uses is 5.5.
22	((G)) F. Within the portion of the Greenwood Residential Urban Village, on lots zoned
23	NC2 40 that are located abutting NW 85 th Street between 1 st Avenue NW and 3 rd Avenue NW,

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1	3. Portions of the lot designated as a steep slope, wetland, or riparian corridor or
2	as a buffer to one of these areas, as defined in Chapter 25.09, shall not be included when
3	calculating lot size for the purpose of determining the minimum FAR requirement provided in
4	subsection ((23.47A.013.H.1)) <u>23.47A.013.G.1</u> .
5	4. The Director, in consultation with the Director of the Department of
6	Neighborhoods, may waive the minimum FAR requirement provided in subsection
7	((23.47A.013.H.1)) 23.47A.013.G.1 for lots that contain a designated ((landmark)) Landmark, or
8	for lots within a Landmark District pursuant to Title 25 or within a Special Review District
9	pursuant to Chapter 23.66, if the Director determines a waiver is necessary to preserve the
10	integrity of a ((landmark)) Landmark or meet adopted District design and development
11	guidelines.
12	5. The Director may waive the minimum FAR requirement provided in subsection
13	((23.47A.013.H.1)) 23.47A.013.G.1 for lots within the Pike/Pine Conservation Overlay District
14	pursuant to Chapter 23.32, if the Director determines that the proposed development promotes
15	neighborhood conservation objectives.
16	6. The following gross floor area is not counted toward the minimum FAR
17	requirement provided in subsection ((23.47A.013.H.1)) 23.47A.013.G.1:
18	a. Gross floor area below grade; and
19	b. Gross floor area containing parking.
20	7. In zones with an incentive zoning suffix, the minimum FAR requirement is the
21	FAR indicated by the incentive zoning suffix if that FAR is less than the FAR required by
22	subsection ((23.47A.013.H.1)) <u>23.47A.013.G.1</u> .

Section 12. A new Section 23.47A.017 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as

2 follows:

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23.47A.017 Commercial zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix

The following standards apply to NC zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix of either (M), (M1), or (M2):

A. Affordable housing requirements. Development is subject to the provisions of Chapters 23.58B and 23.58C.

B. Floor area ratio (FAR). The maximum FAR allowed in NC zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix is shown on Table A for 23.47A.017.

Table A for 23.47A.017 Maximum floor area ratio (FAR) for NC zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix

Height limit (in feet)	30	55
Maximum FAR ¹	2.5	3.75

Footnote to Table A for 23.47A.017

¹Total FAR permitted for all uses on a lot

C. Minimum FAR. The minimum FAR required in NC zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix is shown on Table B for 23.47A.017.

Table B for 23.47A.017 Minimum floor area ratio (FAR) for NC zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix				
Height limit (in feet)	30	55		
Minimum FAR	1.5	1.5		

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Section 13. Section 23.48.002 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124969, is amended as follows:

23.48.002 Scope of provisions

A. This Chapter 23.48 identifies uses that are or may be permitted in Seattle Mixed (SM) zones and establishes development standards. The SM zone boundaries are shown on the Official Land Use Map. ((As)) SM zone designations for specific geographic areas are identified in Table A for 23.48.002((5)). ((the)) The SM-SLU designation with a height limit suffix may be applied to SM zoned land in the South Lake Union ((area)) Urban Center. The SM-D designation with a height limit range may be applied to SM zoned land in the West Dravus area. The SM-NR designation with a height limit suffix may be applied to SM zoned land in the North Rainier area. The SM-U designation with a height limit suffix may be applied to SM-U zoned land in the University Community Urban Center.

Table A for 23.48.002 SM ((Zone Designations)) zone designations for geographic areas			
Zone designation	Geographic ((location)) <u>area</u>		
SM-SLU	South Lake Union <u>Urban Center</u>		
SM-D	West Dravus <u>area</u>		
SM-NR	North Rainier area		
SM-U	University Community Urban Center		

B. The provisions of this Subchapter I for Chapter 23.48 ((apply in)) are applicable to all SM zones ((and supplemental)), including SM zones in geographic areas shown on Table A for 23.48.002. Supplemental regulations for ((designated)) SM zones in specific geographic areas are provided for in the subsequent subchapters of this Chapter 23.48. To the extent provisions in a supplemental subchapter conflict with provisions in this Subchapter I, the provisions of the supplemental subchapter ((apply)) shall prevail.

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Section 15. Section 23.48.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance

2 | 124883, is amended as follows:

23.48.020 Floor area ratio (FAR)

A. General provisions

- 1. All gross floor area not exempt under subsection 23.48.020.D counts toward the ((maximum)) gross floor area allowed under the FAR limits.
- 2. The applicable FAR limit applies to the total non-exempt gross floor area of all structures on the lot.
- 3. If a lot is in more than one zone, the FAR limit for each zone applies to the portion of the lot located in that zone.
- B. FAR limits ((in SM zones)). The FAR limits for SM zones, excluding SM zones in specific geographic areas ((FAR limits in SM zones, excluding SM zones within South Lake Union Urban Center, Dravus, and North Rainier Urban Village,)) are shown in Table A for 23.48.020.

Table A for 23.48.020	
SM FAR ((Limits)) limits	S

Zone	FAR limits for all uses((1))		
	Base	Maximum ¹	
SM 40	3	3.5	
SM 65	3.5	5	
SM 85 ²	4.5	6	
SM 125	5	8	
SM 160	5	9	
SM 240	6	13	

Table A for 23.48.020 SM FAR ((Limits)) limits

Zone	FAR limit	s for all uses((¹))
	Base	Maximum ¹

Footnotes to Table A for 23.48.020((÷))

¹((Within the area shown on Map A for 23.48.020, all gross floor area occupied by a residential use is exempt from FAR calculations. To achieve maximum FAR, see subsection 23.48.020.C for requirements)) See subsection 23.48.020.C for requirements for achieving maximum FAR.

²In the SM 85 zone <u>within the area shown on Map A for 23.48.020</u>, residential uses are ((not subject to the base FAR limit)) exempt from FAR calculations.

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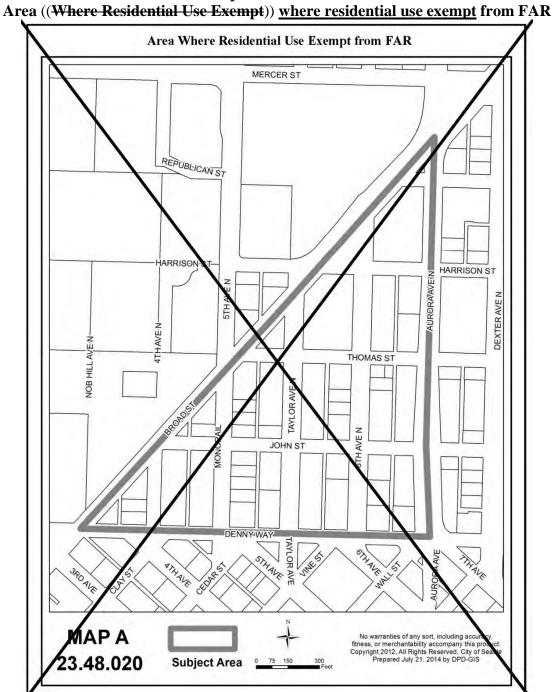
C. ((All)) In the zones shown on Table A for 23.48.020, all non-exempt ((non-residential)) floor area above the base FAR is considered extra floor area. Extra floor area may

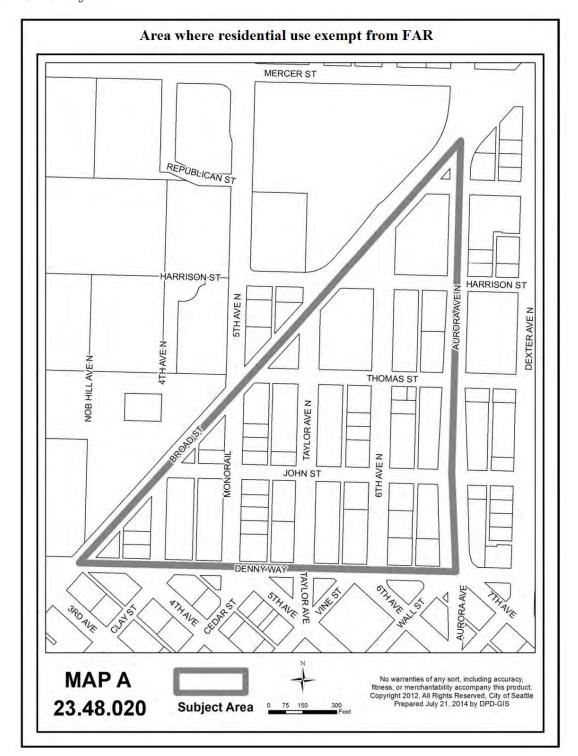
- be obtained, up to the maximum FAR, only through the provision of public amenities ((meeting
- the standards of)) according to Section 23.48.021 and Chapter 23.58A.

D. Floor area exempt from FAR calculations. ((

- 1.)) The following floor area is exempt from ((maximum)) FAR calculations in all
- SM zones, including SM zone designations for a specific geographic area:
 - ((a)) $\underline{1}$. All underground stories or portions of stories.
- ((θ)) $\underline{2}$. Portions of a story that extend no more than 4 feet above existing or finished grade, whichever is lower, excluding access.
- ((e-)) 3. As an allowance for mechanical equipment, in any structure 65 feet in height or more, 3.5 percent of the total chargeable gross floor area in a structure is exempt from FAR calculations. Calculation of the allowance includes the remaining gross floor area after all exempt space allowed in this subsection 23.48.020.D has been deducted. Mechanical equipment located on the roof of a structure, whether enclosed or not, is not included as part of the calculation of total gross floor area.

Map A for 23.48.020





E. Minimum FAR

1. A minimum FAR shown in Table B for 23.48.020 is required whenever more than 1,000 square feet of gross floor area is added to or removed from a lot located in a Station Area Overlay District ((and)) or on a lot abutting a Class 1 or Class 2 Pedestrian Street or a Neighborhood Green Street where applicable in an SM zone designation for a specific

6 <u>geographic area</u>.

Table B for 23.48 Minimum FAR	8.020					
Height ((Limit)) limit (in feet)	40 ((feet))	65 ((feet)) <u>,</u> 75, 85, or 95	``	125 ((feet)) or 160	((160 feet))	240 ((feet)) or greater
Minimum FAR	1.5	2	((2))	2.5	((2.5))	3

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2. The minimum FAR requirement provided in subsection 23.48.020.E.1 does not

apply if:

a. ((additional)) Additional floor area is added to an existing structure on a

lot that is nonconforming with respect to the minimum FAR shown in Table B for 23.48.020;

b. ((the)) The lot is larger than five acres;

c. ((all)) All existing gross floor area is demolished to create a vacant lot;

or

d. ((parks)) Parks and open space is the principal use of the lot.

3. Portions of the lot designated as a steep slope, wetland, or riparian corridor or as a buffer to one of these areas, as defined in Chapter 25.09, are not included when calculating lot size for the purpose of determining the minimum FAR requirement provided in subsection 23.48.020.E.1.

4. The Director, in consultation with the Director of the Department of Neighborhoods, may waive the minimum FAR requirement in subsection 23.48.020.E.1 for lots

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1	that contain a designated Landmark, or for lots within a Landmark District pursuant to Title 25
2	or within a Special Review District pursuant to Chapter 23.66, if the Director determines a
3	waiver is necessary to preserve the integrity of a Landmark or meet adopted District design and
4	development guidelines.
5	5. ((The following)) All gross floor area is ((not)) counted toward the minimum
6	FAR requirement provided in subsection 23.48.020.E.1, except the following:
7	a. Gross floor area below grade, including all underground stories or
8	portions of stories; and
9	b. Gross floor area containing parking.
10	Section 16. Subsection 23.48.021.A and 23.48.021.D of the Seattle Municipal Code,
11	which section was enacted by Ordinance 124883, are amended as follows:
12	23.48.021 Extra floor area
13	A. General
14	1. ((Except pursuant to Sections 23.48.221 and Section 23.48.421, development))
15	<u>Development</u> ((eontaining)) <u>achieving</u> extra floor area ((obtained)) <u>allowed</u> under Section
16	23.48.020 or Section 23.48.025 shall provide public amenities according to the standards of this
17	Section 23.48.021 and Chapter 23.58A. If the development is not located within an adopted
18	Local Infrastructure Project Area as per Map A for 23.58A.044, extra floor area shall be
19	achieved through the requirements of subsection 23.48.021.B. If the development is located
20	within an adopted Local Infrastructure Project Area, extra floor area shall be achieved through
21	the requirements of subsection 23.48.021.C.
22	2. Development achieving extra floor area in an SM zone designation for a
23	specific geographic area shall meet the conditions of this Section 23.48.021 and provide public

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1	amenities according to the standards of this Section 23.48.021 and Chapter 23.58A, except where
2	supplemented in the applicable subchapter.
3	((2))3. Definitions in Section 23.58A.004 apply in this Section 23.48.021 unless
4	otherwise specified.
5	* * *
6	D. Minimum requirement. Development containing any extra floor area shall meet the
7	following requirements:
8	1. Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) requirement. Except
9	as described in ((subsection)) subsections 23.48.221.C.1.b and 23.48.621.A.1, the applicant will
10	earn a LEED Silver rating or meet a substantially equivalent standard, and shall demonstrate
11	compliance with that commitment, in accordance with the provisions of subsection
12	23.48.021.D.2.
13	2. Demonstration of LEED rating
14	a. Applicability. ((This subsection 23.48.021.D.2 applies if a commitment
15	to earn a LEED rating or substantially equivalent standard is a condition of a permit.))
16	Applicants for all new development, except additions and alterations, gaining extra residential
17	floor area pursuant to this Section 23.48.021, or seeking to qualify for the higher FAR limit in
18	the applicable Table A for 23.48.020, ((or)) Table A for 23.48.220, <u>Table A for 23.48.620</u> , or
19	Table B for 23.48.620, shall make a commitment that the structure will meet LEED rating,
20	except that an applicant who is applying for ((funding from the Washington State Housing Trust
21	Fund and/or the Seattle Office of Housing to develop new affordable housing, as defined in
22	Section 23.58A.180)) public funding and/or an allocation of federal low-income housing tax
23	credits for a housing development that shall be subject to a regulatory agreement, covenant, or

other legal instrument recorded on the property title and enforceable by The City of Seattle,

2 Washington State Housing Finance Commission, State of Washington, King County, U.S.

Department of Housing and Urban Development, or other similar entity as approved by the

<u>Director of Housing</u> may elect to meet green building performance standards by meeting the

Washington Evergreen Sustainable Development Standards (ESDS).

b. The Director is authorized to determine, as a Type I decision, whether the applicant has demonstrated that a new structure has earned a LEED rating or met a substantially equivalent standard. The Director may establish by rule procedures for determining whether an applicant has demonstrated that a new structure has earned a LEED rating or met any such substantially equivalent standard, provided that no rule shall assign authority for making a final determination to any person other than an officer of the Department of ((Planning and Development)) Construction and Inspections or another City agency with regulatory authority and expertise in green building practices.

c. Demonstration of compliance; penalties

1) The applicant shall demonstrate to the Director the extent to which the applicant has complied with the commitment to earn a LEED rating no later than 180 days after issuance of final Certificate of Occupancy for the new structure, or such later date as may be allowed by the Director for good cause, by submitting a report analyzing the extent credits were earned toward such rating from the U.S. Green Building Council or another independent entity approved by the Director. Performance is demonstrated through an independent report from a third party, pursuant to subsection 23.90.018.D. For purposes of this subsection 23.48.021.D.2, if the Director shall have approved a commitment to achieve a substantially equivalent standard, the term "LEED rating" shall mean such other standard.

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2) Failure to submit a timely report regarding a LEED rating from

an approved independent entity by the date required is a violation of the Land Use Code. The

penalty for such violation is \$500 per day from the date that the report was due to the date it is

submitted, without any requirement of notice to the applicant.

3) Failure to demonstrate, through an independent report as

provided in this subsection 23.48.021.D.2, full compliance with the applicant's commitment to

earn a LEED rating, is a violation of the Land Use Code. The penalty for each violation is an

8 amount determined as follows:

 $P = [(LSM-CE)/LSM] \times CV \times 0.0075$, where:

P is the penalty;

LSM is the minimum number of credits to earn the required LEED

12 rating;

13 CE is the number of credits earned as documented by the report;

14 and

CV is the Construction Value as set forth on the building permit

for the new structure.

Example:

Construction Value	\$200,000,000.00
Minimum LEED Credits for rating	33
Credits Earned	32
Penalty = [(33-32/33] x 200,000,000 x 0.0075 =	\$45,454.55

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4) Failure to comply with the applicant's commitment to earn a

20 LEED rating is a violation of the Land Use Code independent of the failure to demonstrate

compliance; however, such violation shall not affect the right to occupy any chargeable floor

area, and if a penalty is paid in the amount determined under subsection 23.48.021.D.2.c.3, no additional penalty shall be imposed for the failure to comply with the commitment.

5) If the Director determines that the report submitted provides satisfactory evidence that the applicant's commitment is satisfied, the Director shall issue a certificate to the applicant so stating. If the Director determines that the applicant did not demonstrate compliance with its commitment to earn a LEED rating in accordance with this subsection 23.48.021.D, the Director may give notice of such determination, and of the calculation of the penalty due, to the applicant.

6) If, within 90 days, or such longer period as the Director may allow for good cause, after initial notice from the Director of a penalty due under this subsection 23.48.021.D.2, the applicant shall demonstrate, through a supplemental report from the independent entity that provided the initial report, that it has made sufficient alterations or improvements to earn a LEED rating, or to earn more credits toward such a rating, then the penalty owing shall be eliminated or recalculated accordingly. The amount of the penalty as so re-determined shall be final. If the applicant does not submit a supplemental report in accordance with this subsection 23.48.021.D.2 by the date required under this subsection 23.48.021.D.2, then the amount of the penalty as set forth in the Director's original notice shall be final.

7) Any owner, other than the applicant, of any lot on which the bonus development was obtained or any part thereof, shall be jointly and severally responsible for compliance and liable for any penalty due under this subsection 23.48.021.D.2.

d. Use of penalties. A subfund shall be established in the City's General Fund to receive revenue from penalties under <u>this</u> subsection 23.48.021.D.2. Revenue from penalties under ((that)) this subsection 23.48.021.D.2 shall be allocated to activities or incentives to encourage and promote

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the development of sustainable buildings. The Director shall recommend to the Mayor and City 1 2 Council how these funds should be allocated. 3 3. Transportation Management Program (TMP). The applicant will provide a 4 TMP for non-residential development, consistent with requirements for TMPs in any applicable 5 Director's ((Rule)) rule, that demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Director in consultation with 6 the Director of Transportation, that no more than 40 percent of trips to and from the 7 development will be made using single-occupant vehicles (SOVs). The TMP shall be submitted 8 with the Master Use Permit application. 9 a. For purposes of measuring the percent of trips to and from the 10 development made using SOVs in the TMP, the number of SOV trips shall be calculated for the 11 p.m. peak hour in which an applicant expects the largest number of vehicle trips to be made by 12 employees at the site (the p.m. peak hour of the generator). 13 b. Compliance with this subsection 23.48.021.D.3 does not affect the 14 responsibility of any employer to comply with Seattle's Commute Trip Reduction (CTR) 15 Ordinance. 16 Section 17. Subsection 23.48.025.A of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was 17 enacted by Ordinance 124883, is amended as follows: 18 23.48.025 Structure height 19 A. ((Base and maximum height)) Height limits 20 1. The height limits for structures in the SM zones are ((40 feet, 55 feet, 65 feet, 21 75 feet, 85 feet, 125 feet, 160 feet, 240 feet, or 400 feet)) as shown on the Official Land Use 22 Map, Chapter 23.32, except as otherwise provided in this Section 23.48.025 or in the applicable 23 subchapter for SM zone designations for a specific geographic areas shown on Table A for

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23.48.002. In certain zones, as specified in this Section 23.48.025, the maximum structure height is allowed only for particular uses or only under specified conditions, or both. Where height limits are established for portions of a structure that contain specified types of uses, the applicable height limit for the structure is the highest applicable height limit for the types of uses in the structure, unless otherwise specified.

2. In the SM-SLU, SM-D, and SM-NR zones, the applicable height limit for

2. In the SM-SLU, SM-D, and SM-NR zones, the applicable height limit for portions of a structure that contain non-residential and live-work uses is shown as the first figure after the zone designation, and the base height limit for portions of a structure in residential use is shown as the first figure following the "/". The third figure shown is the maximum residential height limit. Within zones that have an incentive zoning suffix, the number in the suffix is the base FAR.

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Section 18. Section 23.48.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 124883, is amended as follows:

23.48.040 Street-level development standards

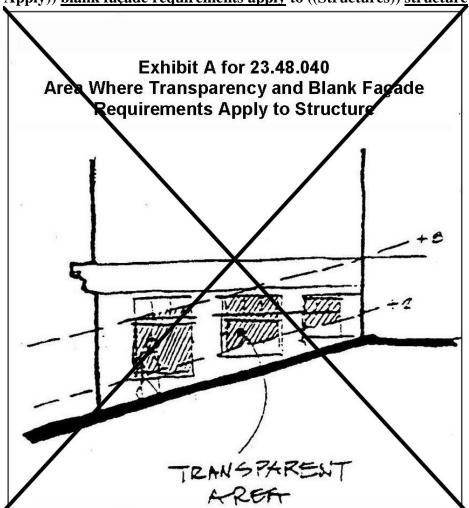
((The following street level development standards apply to Class 1 or Class 2 Pedestrian streets shown on Map A for 23.48.240 and Map A for 23.48.440.))

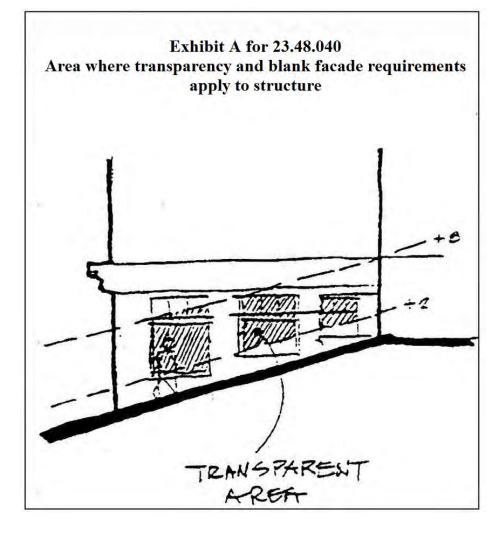
A. ((General)) Street-facing facade requirements. ((General)) For SM zones in the SM-SLU and SM-NR geographic areas, the following street-facing facade requirements apply to Class 1 and Class 2 Pedestrian ((streets)) Streets, Neighborhood Green Streets, and all other streets, as shown on Map A for 23.48.240 and Map A for 23.48.440.

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1	1. Primary pedestrian entrance. Each new structure facing a <u>Class 1 Pedestrian</u>
2	((street)) Street is required to provide a primary building entrance for pedestrians from the street
3	or a street-oriented courtyard that is no more than 3 feet above or below the sidewalk grade.
4	2. Minimum facade height. A minimum facade height is required for the street-
5	facing facades of new structures, unless all portions of the structure are lower than the required
6	minimum facade height listed below.
7	a. On Class 1 Pedestrian Streets the minimum height for street-facing
8	facades is 45 feet.
9	b. On Class 2 Pedestrian Streets and Neighborhood Green Streets the
10	minimum height for street-facing facades is 25 feet.
11	c. On all other streets, the minimum height for street-facing facades is 15
12	feet.
13	B. Transparency and blank facade requirements. ((The)) For SM zones in the SM-SLU,
14	SM-NR, and SM-U geographic areas, the provisions of this subsection 23.48.040.B apply to the
15	area of a street-facing facade between 2 feet and 8 feet above a sidewalk, as shown on
16	((())Exhibit A for 23.48.040(() pursuant to subsection 23.48.040.B.1)), but do not apply to
17	portions of a structure in residential use.

Exhibit A for 23.48.040

Area ((Where Transparency)) where transparency and ((Blank Facade Requirements Apply)) blank façade requirements apply to ((Structures)) structure





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((1. Transparency requirements apply to all street-facing, street-level facades, except for portions of structures in residential use as follows:

a. For Class 1 and Class 2 Pedestrian Streets and Neighborhood Green

Streets, shown on Map A for 23.48.240 and Map A for 23.48.440, a minimum of 60 percent of the street facing facade must be transparent.

b. For all other streets, a minimum of 30 percent of the street-facing facade must be transparent.

e. If the slope of the street frontage of the facade exceeds 7.5 percent, the required amount of transparency shall be reduced to 45 percent of the street-facing facade on

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1 Class 1 and Class 2 Pedestrian Streets and Neighborhood Green Streets and 22 percent of the 2 street-facing facade on all other streets. 3 d. Only clear or lightly tinted glass in windows, doors, and display 4 windows are considered transparent. Transparent areas shall be designed and maintained to 5 provide views into and out of the structure. Except for institutional uses, no permanent signage, 6 window tinting or treatments, shelving, other furnishings, fixtures, equipment, or stored items 7 shall completely block views into and out of the structure between 4 feet and 7 feet above 8 adjacent grade. The installation of temporary signs or displays that completely block views may 9 be allowed if such temporary sign complies with subsection 23.55.012.B. 10 2. Blank facade limits. Any portion of the facade that is not transparent is 11 considered to be a blank facade. 12 a. Blank facade limits for Class 1 and Class 2 Pedestrian Streets and 13 Neighborhood Green Streets. 14 1) Blank facades shall be limited to segments 15 feet wide, except 15 for garage doors, which may be wider than 15 feet. Blank facade width may be increased to 30 16 feet if the Director determines that the facade is enhanced by architectural detailing, artwork, 17 landscaping, or other similar features that have visual interest. The width of garage doors shall be 18 limited to the width of the driveway plus 5 feet. 19 2) Any blank segments of the facade shall be separated by 20 transparent areas at least 2 feet wide. 21 3) The total of all blank facade segments, including garage doors, 22 shall not exceed 40 percent of the street facade of the structure on each street frontage; or 55

percent if the slope of the street frontage of the facade exceeds 7.5 percent.

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1 b. Blank facade limits for all other streets not specified in subsection 23.48.240.B.2.a or Section 23.48.440. 2 1) Blank facades are limited to segments 30 feet wide, except for 3 4 garage doors which may be wider than 30 feet. Blank facade width may be increased to 60 feet if 5 the Director determines that the facade is enhanced by architectural detailing, artwork, landscaping, or other similar features that have visual interest. The width of garage doors shall be 6 7 limited to the width of the driveway plus 5 feet. 2) Any blank segments of the facade shall be separated by 8 9 transparent areas at least 2 feet wide. 10 3) The total of all blank facade segments, including garage doors, 11 shall not exceed 70 percent of the street facade of the structure on each street frontage; or 78 12 percent if the slope of the street frontage of the facade exceeds 7.5 percent. 13 c. Blank facade limits do not apply to portions of structures in residential 14 use.)) 15 1. Transparency requirements a. In SM zones in the SM-SLU, SM-NR, and SM-U geographic areas, on 16 Class 1 and Class 2 Pedestrian Streets and Neighborhood Green Streets, a minimum of 60 17 18 percent of the street-facing facade must be transparent, except that if the slope of the street 19 frontage of the facade exceeds 7.5 percent, the required amount of transparency shall be reduced 20 to 45 percent of the street-facing facade. b. In all SM zones either within or outside specific geographic areas, for 21 22 all other streets not specified in subsection 23.48.040.B.1.a, a minimum of 30 percent of the street-facing facade must be transparent, except that if the slope of the street frontage of the 23

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facade exceeds 7.5 percent, the minimum amount of transparency required shall be reduced to 22 1 2 percent of the street-facing facade. 3 c. Only clear or lightly tinted glass in windows, doors, and display 4 windows is considered transparent. Transparent areas shall be designed and maintained to 5 provide views into and out of the structure. Except for institutional uses, no permanent signage, 6 window tinting or treatments, shelving, other furnishings, fixtures, equipment, or stored items 7 shall completely block views into and out of the structure between 4 feet and 7 feet above 8 adjacent grade. The installation of temporary signs or displays that completely block views may 9 be allowed if such temporary installations comply with subsection 23.55.012.B. 10 2. Blank facade limits. Any portion of the street-facing facade that is not 11 transparent is considered to be a blank facade and is subject to the following: 12 a. In SM zones in the SM-SLU, SM-NR, and SM-U geographic areas, for 13 Class 1 and Class 2 Pedestrian Streets and Neighborhood Green Streets, the following apply: 14 1) Blank facades are limited to segments 15 feet wide, except 15 segments with garage doors, which may exceed a width of 15 feet and may be as wide as the 16 driveway plus 5 feet. Blank facade width may be increased to 30 feet if the Director determines 17 that the facade is enhanced by architectural detailing, artwork, landscaping, or other similar 18 features that have visual interest. 19 2) The total width of all blank facade segments, including garage 20 doors, shall not exceed 40 percent of the width of the street-facing facade of the structure on each 21 street frontage, or 55 percent of the width of the street-facing facade if the slope of the street 22 frontage of the facade exceeds 7.5 percent.

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1	b. In all SM zones either within or outside specific geographic areas, all
2	other streets not specified in subsection 23.48.040.B.2.a are subject to the following:
3	1) Blank facades are limited to segments 30 feet wide, except for
4	garage doors, which may be exceed a width of 30 feet and may be as wide as the driveway plus 5
5	feet. Blank facade width may be increased to 60 feet if the Director determines as a Type I
6	decision that the facade is enhanced by architectural detailing, artwork, landscaping, or other
7	similar features that have visual interest.
8	2) The total width of all blank facade segments, including garage
9	doors, shall not exceed 70 percent of the width of the street-facing facade of the structure on each
10	street frontage; or 78 percent if the slope of the street frontage of the facade exceeds 7.5 percent.
11	c. Any blank segment of a street-facing facade shall be separated by
12	transparent areas that are at least 2 feet wide.
13	C. Development standards for required street-level uses. ((Street-level)) Street-level uses
14	that are required by subsection 23.48.005.D, and street-level uses exempt from FAR calculations
15	under the provisions of subsection 23.48.220.B.2 or 23.48.620.B.2, whether required or not, shall
16	meet the following development standards:
17	((1) A)) 1. Where street-level uses are required, a minimum of 75 percent of the
18	street-facing facade of each street frontage requiring street-level uses shall be occupied by uses
19	listed in subsection 23.48.005.D.1 ((at street level on all lots abutting streets designated as Class
20	1 Pedestrian Streets shown on Map A for 23.48.240 and Map A for 23.48.440)). The remaining
21	street-facing facade may contain other permitted uses or pedestrian or vehicular entrances.

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1	2. There is no minimum frontage requirement for street-level uses provided at
2	locations where they are not required but are exempt from FAR calculations under the provisions
3	of subsection 23.48.220.B.2 or 23.48.620.B.2.
4	((2))) 3. The space occupied by street-level uses shall have a minimum floor-to-
5	floor height of 13 feet and extend at least 30 feet in depth at street level from the street-front
6	facade.
7	4. If the minimum requirements of subsection 23.48.040.C.1 and the depth
8	requirements of subsection 23.48.040.C.2 would require more than 50 percent of the structure's
9	footprint to be occupied by required uses in subsection 23.48.005.D, the Director may modify the
10	street-facing facade or depth requirements, or both, so that no more than 50 percent of the
11	structure's footprint is required to be occupied by the required uses in subsection 23.48.005.D.
12	((3))) <u>5.</u> Street-level uses shall be located within 10 feet of the street lot line,
13	except for the following: ((that if outdoor amenity area required in subsection 23.48.045.B, or
14	other required open space, abuts the applicable street lot line and separates the street-facing
15	facade from the street, the required street-level use may abut the amenity area or open space.))
16	a. Required street-level uses may be located more than 10-feet from the
17	applicable street lot line if they abut an outdoor amenity area provided to meet the requirements
18	of Section 23.48.045, or other required or bonused amenity area or open space provided for in
19	this Chapter 23.48 that separates the portion of the street-facing facade including the required
20	street-level uses from the street lot line;
21	b. If a street-level setback is required from the street lot line by the
22	provisions of this Chapter 23.48 or Chapter 23.53, the 10-foot distance that the street-level use is

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1	allowed to set back from the street lot line shall be measured from the line established by the
2	required setback; and
3	c. If development standards in this Chapter 23.48 require modulation of
4	the street-facing facade at street level, the required street-level uses may abut the street-level
5	setback area provided to comply with the modulation standards.
6	((4))) 5. Pedestrian access to street-level uses shall be provided directly from the
7	street, <u>from</u> permitted outdoor common amenity area, or <u>from</u> ((abutting)) required <u>or bonused</u>
8	open space <u>abutting the street</u> . Pedestrian entrances shall be located no more than 3 feet above or
9	below sidewalk grade or at the same elevation as the abutting permitted outdoor common
10	amenity area or required or bonused open space.
11	Section 19. Section 23.48.045 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
12	124883, is amended as follows:
13	23.48.045 Amenity area for residential uses
14	A. Amenity area is required for all development with more than 20 new dwelling units.
15	B. Quantity of amenity area. An area equivalent to $((5))$ five percent of the total gross
16	floor area in residential use shall be provided as amenity area, except that((5)) in no instance shall
17	the amount of required amenity area exceed the area of the lot. <u>In determining the quantity of</u>
18	amenity area required, accessory parking areas and areas used for mechanical equipment are
19	excluded from the calculation of gross floor area in residential use. For the purposes of this
20	subsection 23.48.045.A, bioretention facilities qualify as amenity area.
21	C. Standards for amenity area. Required amenity area shall meet the following standards:
22	1. All residents of the project shall have access to the required amenity area.

which may be provided at or above ground level.

- 2. A maximum of 50 percent of the required amenity area may be enclosed.
- 3. The minimum horizontal dimension for required amenity areas is 15 feet, except that <u>for amenity area that is provided as landscaped open space located at street level and accessible from the street,</u> the minimum horizontal dimension is 10 feet ((for amenity areas provided as landscaped open space accessible from the street at street level)).
 - 4. The minimum size of a required amenity area is 225 square feet.
- ((4)) <u>5</u>. Amenity area ((that is)) provided as landscaped ((, street-level open space that is)) open space located at street level and accessible from the street shall be counted as twice the actual area in determining the amount provided to meet the amenity area requirement.
- ((5)) <u>6</u>. ((In mixed use projects, any public)) <u>Public</u> open space provided ((for non-residential)) on a lot to meet open space requirements for non-residential uses on the lot or to allow for extra non-residential floor area through a floor area bonus for open space amenities according to the provisions of this Chapter 23.48 and Section 23.58A.040 ((development that meets the standards of this Section 23.48.045 satisfies)) may be used as area satisfying the residential amenity area requirement for residential uses on the lot if the open space provided meets the standards of this Section 23.48.045.
- ((6)) 7. Parking areas, driveways, and pedestrian access, except for pedestrian access meeting the Washington State Rules and Regulations for Barrier Free Design, shall not be counted as amenity area except that a woonerf may provide a maximum of 50 percent of the required amenity area if the design of the woonerf is approved through a design review process pursuant to Chapter 23.41.
- ((7)) 8. For a development that maintains a designated Seattle Landmark on the lot, the Director may, as Type I decision and in consultation with the Director of Neighborhoods,

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1 waive or modify the amenity area requirement if it is determined that maintaining the Landmark 2 structure significantly limits the ability to accommodate the required amenity area on the site. 3 ((8)) 9. For lots abutting a designated Neighborhood Green Street, up to 50 4 percent of the amenity area requirement may be met by ((contributing to the development of)) 5 improving the abutting Neighborhood Green Street according to the standards for green street 6 improvements in Section 23.58A.040. The Director may waive the requirement that the 7 Neighborhood Green Street abut the lot and allow the improvement to be made to a 8 Neighborhood Green Street located in the general vicinity of the project if the Director 9 determines that the ((Neighborhood Green Street)) improvement will benefit residents of the 10 project. Section 20. Section 23.48.055 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 11 12 124883, is amended as follows: 13 23.48.055 ((Screening and landscaping)) Landscaping and screening standards 14 A. Landscaping requirements 15 1. All landscaping provided to meet the requirements of this Section 23.48.055 16 shall comply with the Director's rules adopted to foster the long-term health, viability, and 17 coverage of plantings. The Director's rules shall address, at a minimum, the type and size of 18 plants, spacing of plants, use of drought-tolerant plants, and access to light and air for plants. 19 2. Landscaping that achieves a Green Factor score of .30 or greater, pursuant to 20 Section 23.86.019, is required for any lot with: 21 a. Development containing more than four new dwelling units; or 22 b. Development, either a new structure or an addition to an existing

structure, containing more than 4,000 square feet of non-residential uses; or

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1	c. Any ((parking lot containing)) <u>use with</u> more than 20 new parking
2	spaces for automobiles.
3	3. Landscaping for required setback areas and berms. If development standards
4	require landscaping in setback areas or berms, each required setback area or berm shall be
5	planted with trees, shrubs, and grass or evergreen groundcover. Features such as pedestrian
6	access meeting the Washington State Rules and Regulations for Barrier-Free Design, decorative
7	pavers, street furnishings, sculptures, or fountains may cover a maximum of 30 percent of each
8	required landscaped area or berm. Landscaping shall be provided according to standards
9	promulgated by the Director. Landscaping designed to manage storm water qualifies as required
10	landscaping.
11	B. ((Where)) If screening ((or landscaping)) is required for specific uses in subsection
12	23.48.055.C, ((or when landscaping is required in setbacks as specified by development
13	standards, the following types of screening and landscaping shall be provided)) 3-foot high
14	screening shall be provided on the lot lines specified in subsection 23.48.055.C. Except as
15	specified for parking located above street-level in subsection 23.48.055.C.3.c, the required
16	screening may be provided as either:
17	((1. Three foot high screening on street lot lines. The required screening may be
18	provided as either:))
19	$((a))\underline{1}$. A fence or wall at least 3 feet in height; or
20	((b))2. A hedge or landscaped berm at least 3 feet in height.
21	((2. Landscaping for setback areas and berms. Each setback area or berm required
22	shall be planted with trees, shrubs, and grass or evergreen groundcover. Features such as
23	pedestrian access meeting the Washington State Rules and Regulations for Barrier Free Design,

1 decorative pavers, sculptures, or fountains may cover a maximum of 30 percent of each required 2 landscaped area or berm. Landscaping shall be provided according to standards promulgated by 3 the Director. Landscaping designed to provide treatment for storm water runoff qualifies as 4 required landscaping.)) 5 C. Screening for specific uses 1. Gas stations shall provide 3-foot high screening along lot lines abutting all 6 7 streets, except within required sight triangles. 8 2. Surface parking areas 9 a. Surface parking areas abutting streets. Surface parking areas shall 10 provide 3-foot high screening along the lot lines abutting all streets, except within required sight 11 triangles. 12 b. Surface parking areas abutting alleys. Surface parking areas shall 13 provide 3-foot high screening along the lot lines abutting an alley. The Director may reduce or 14 waive the screening requirement for part or all of the lot line abutting the alley when required 15 parking is provided at the rear lot line and the alley is necessary to provide aisle space. 16 3. Parking in structures. Except as provided for by subsection 23.48.085.B, 17 parking located at or above street level in a garage shall be screened ((according to the following 18 requirements.)) as follows: 19 a. On Class 1 and Class 2 Pedestrian Streets($(\frac{1}{2})$) and Neighborhood Green 20 Streets shown on Map A for 23.48.240 and Map A for 23.48.440, and on all streets in SM-U 21 zones, parking is not permitted at street level unless separated from the street by other uses, 22 provided that garage doors need not be separated. The facade of the separating uses shall be

subject to the transparency and blank facade standards in Section 23.48.040.

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b. On all other streets, parking is permitted at street level ((when)) if at least 30 percent of the street frontage of the parking area, excluding that portion of the frontage occupied by garage doors, is separated from the street by other uses. The facade of the separating uses shall be subject to the transparency and blank facade standards in Section 23.48.040. The remaining parking shall be screened from view at street level and the street facade shall be enhanced by architectural detailing, artwork, landscaping, or similar visual interest features.

c. The perimeter of each floor of parking above street level shall have an opaque screen at least 3.5 feet high, except in the SM-SLU ((zone)) and SM-U zones, where specific requirements for the location and screening of parking located on stories above the street level apply.

- 4. Fences or free-standing walls associated with utility services uses may obstruct or allow views to the interior of a site. Where site dimensions and site conditions allow, applicants are encouraged to provide both a landscaped setback between the fence or wall and the right-of-way, and a fence or wall that provides visual interest facing the street lot line, through the height, design, or construction of the fence or wall, including the use of materials, architectural detailing, artwork, vegetated trellises, decorative fencing, or similar features. Any fence or free-standing wall for a utility service use shall provide either:
- a. A landscaped area a minimum of 5 feet in depth between the wall or fence and the street lot line; or
- b. Architectural detailing, artwork, vegetated trellises, decorative fencing, or similar features to provide visual interest facing the street lot line, as approved by the Director.
 - D. Street trees requirements

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1	((1. Street trees shall be provided in all planting strips. Existing street trees may
2	count toward meeting the street tree requirement.
3	2. Exceptions to street tree requirements
4	a. Street trees are not required when a change of use is the only permit
5	requested.
6	b. Street trees are not required for temporary use permits.
7	c. Street trees are not required if an existing structure is expanded by less
8	than 1,000 square feet. Generally, two street trees shall be required for each additional 1,000
9	square feet of expansion. Rounding of fractions pursuant to subsection 23.86.002.B is not
10	permitted. The number of street trees shall be controlled by the Seattle Department of
11	Transportation standard.
12	3. If it is not feasible to plant street trees according to City standards, either a
13	landscaped setback a minimum of 5 feet deep is required along the street lot line, or landscaping
14	other than trees may be located in the planting strip according to Department of Transportation
15	standards. The street trees shall be planted in the landscaped area at least 2 feet from the street lot
16	line if they cannot be placed in the planting strip.))
17	1. Street trees are required when any development is proposed, except as provided
18	in subsection 23.48.055.D.2 and Section 23.53.015. Existing street trees shall be retained unless
19	the Director of Transportation approves their removal. The Director, in consultation with the
20	Director of Transportation, will determine the number, type and placement of street trees to be
21	provided:
22	a. To improve public safety;
23	b. To promote compatibility with existing street trees;

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1	c. To match trees to the available space in the planting strip;
2	d. To maintain and expand the urban forest canopy;
3	e. To encourage healthy growth through appropriate spacing;
4	f. To protect utilities; and
5	g. To allow access to the street, buildings and lot.
6	2. Exceptions to street tree requirements:
7	a. If a lot borders an unopened right-of-way, the Director may reduce or
8	waive the street tree requirement along that street if, after consultation with the Director of
9	Transportation, the Director determines that the street is unlikely to be opened or improved.
10	b. Street trees are not required for any of the following:
11	1) Establishing, constructing, or modifying single-family dwelling
12	units;
13	2) Changing a use, or establishing a temporary use, or intermittent
14	use;
15	3) Expanding a structure by 1,000 square feet or less; or
16	4) Expanding surface area parking by less than ten percent in area
17	and less than ten percent in number of spaces.
18	3. When an existing structure is proposed to be expanded by more than 1,000
19	square feet, one street tree is required for each 500 square feet over the first 1,000 square feet of
20	additional structure, up to the maximum number of trees that would be required for new
21	construction.
22	4. If it is not feasible to plant street trees in a right-of-way planting strip, a 5-foot
23	setback shall be planted with street trees along the street property line or landscaping other than

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1	trees shall be provided in the planting strip, subject to approval by the Director of Transportation.
2	If, according to the Director of Transportation, a 5-foot setback or landscaped planting strip is
3	not feasible, the Director may reduce or waive this requirement.
4	Section 21. Section 23.48.085 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
5	124883, is amended as follows:
6	23.48.085 Parking and loading location, access, and curb cuts
7	A. Parking accessory to non-residential uses may be provided on-site and/or within 800
8	feet of the lot to which it is accessory, according to the provisions of Section 23.54.025, Off-site
9	parking.
10	B. Parking at street level within structures
11	1. ((Except as permitted under)) Parking located at street level in a structure is
12	subject to the provisions of subsections 23.48.055.C.3.a and 23.48.055.C.3.b, except as provided
13	for in subsections 23.48.085.B.2 and 23.48.085.B.3((, parking is not permitted at street level
14	unless separated from the street by other uses, provided that garage doors need not be
15	separated)).
16	2. Due to physical site conditions such as topographic or geologic conditions,
17	parking is permitted in stories that are partially below street level and partially above street level
18	without being separated from the street by other uses, if:
19	a. The street front portion of the parking that is at or above street level
20	does not abut a Class 1 Pedestrian Street requiring street-level uses; and
21	b. The street front portion of the parking that is at or above street level,
22	excluding garage and loading doors and permitted access to parking, is screened from view at the
23	street level; and

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1 Director of Transportation. ((Unless)) For SM zone designations in the SM-SLU, SM-NR, and

2 SM-U geographic areas with pedestrian street classifications, unless the Director otherwise

determines under subsection 23.48.085.D.3, access is allowed only from a right-of-way in the

category ((,determined by the classifications shown on either Map A for 23.48.240 or Map A for

23.48.440 that is most)) preferred among the categories of rights-of-way abutting the lot,

according to the ranking set forth below, from most to least preferred (a portion of a street that is

included in more than one category is considered as belonging only to the least preferred of the

categories in which it is included)((-)):

- a. An undesignated street;
- b. Class ((4)) 2 Pedestrian Street;
- c. Class ((2)) 1 Pedestrian Street;
- d. ((Designated)) Neighborhood Green Street.

3. The Director may allow or require access from a right-of-way other than one indicated ((by subsection 23.48.085.D.1 or 23.48.085.D.2)) as the preferred category in this subsection 23.48.085.D if, after consulting with the Director of Transportation, the Director finds that an exception to the access requirement is warranted. The Director shall base the decision on granting an exception on whether and to what extent alternative locations of access would enhance pedestrian safety and comfort, facilitate transit operations, facilitate the movement of vehicles, minimize the on-street queuing of vehicles, enhance vehicular safety, or minimize hazards, the Director finds that an exception to the access requirements is warranted. Curb cut controls on designated Neighborhood Green Streets shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis, but generally access from Neighborhood Green Streets is not allowed if access from any other right-of-way is possible.

E. Curb cut width and number

- 1. Permitted access shall be limited to one two-way curb cut. In the event the site is too small to permit one two-way curb cut, two one-way curb cuts shall be permitted.
- 2. Curb cut width ((and number of curb cuts)) shall satisfy the provisions of Section 23.54.030((, except as modified in this Section 23.48.085)).
- Section 22. Section 23.48.250 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 124883, is amended as follows:

23.48.250 Open space requirement for office uses in South Lake Union Urban Center

- A. Finding. The City Council finds that:
- 1. With the increase in office development and the Comprehensive Plan's significant employment growth targets for the South Lake Union Urban Center, office workers will increasingly become major users of open space in the area.
- 2. Additional major office projects in <u>the</u> South Lake Union Urban Center will result in increased use of public open space. If additional major office projects in <u>the</u> South Lake Union Urban Center do not provide open space to offset the additional demands on public open space caused by such projects, the result will be overcrowding of public open space, adversely affecting the public health, safety, and welfare.
- 3. Recent and projected office development in the South Lake Union Urban Center is generally comparable to office development in the abutting Downtown Urban Center in terms of tenant characteristics, density, and open space need. Therefore, the findings that support the current open space requirement in major downtown office projects are applicable to conditions in the South Lake Union Urban Center.

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1	if it meets)) to meet the ((standards)) open space requirements of subsection 23.48.240.F or
2	subsection 23.48.240.G ((and the open space is accessible to all occupants of the building)) may
3	be used to satisfy the requirement of this Section 23.48.250.
4	((b. Open space provided on-site under this requirement is eligible for
5	amenity feature bonuses, where allowed in Section 23.48.021 or 23.48.221 when the following
6	standards are met:
7	1) The space has a minimum horizontal dimension of 20 feet and a
8	minimum floor to ceiling height of 13 feet;
9	2) The space is directly accessible to pedestrians, including persons
10	with disabilities, from the street, or from an outdoor usable open space abutting the street;
11	3) The space is available for use during normal business hours;
12	4) Enclosed areas providing the connection between the structure's
13	primary pedestrian access to the street and elevator cores, such as lobby space, do not qualify as
14	required open space.))
15	2. Off-site public open space. ((
16	a.)) Open space satisfying the requirement of this Section 23.48.250 may
17	be on a site other than the project site, provided that it is within ((an)) a SM-SLU zone and
18	within ((one-quarter)) $\underline{1/4}$ mile of the project site, open to the public without charge, and at least
19	3,000 square feet in contiguous area. The minimum size of off-site open space and maximum
20	distance from the project may be increased or decreased for a project if the Director determines
21	that such adjustments are reasonably necessary to provide for open space that will meet the
22	additional need for open space caused by the project and enhance public access.

- ((b. Open space that is open to the public and provided on a site other than the project site may qualify for a development bonus for the project if the open space meets the standards of Section 23.49.013.))
- 3. Easement for off-site open space. The owner of any lot on which off-site open space is provided to meet the requirements of this Section 23.48.250 shall execute and record an easement in a form acceptable to the Director assuring compliance with the requirements of this Section 23.48.250. The Director is authorized to accept such an easement, provided that the terms do not impose any costs or obligations on the City.
- 4. Open space provided under this Section 23.48.250 shall qualify as the open space required under subsections 23.48.240.F and 23.48.240.G, and this Section 23.48.250 if within ((one quarter)) 1/4 mile of the ((sending)) project site.
- D. Payment_in_lieu. In lieu of providing open space required under this Section 23.48.250, an owner may make a payment to the City if the Director determines that the payment will contribute to the improvement of a designated Neighborhood Green Street or to other public open space improvements abutting the lot or in the vicinity, in an amount sufficient to develop improvements that will meet the additional need for open space caused by the project, and that completion of the improvement within a reasonable time is feasible. Any such payment shall be placed in a dedicated fund or account and used within five years of receipt for the development of such improvements, unless the property owner and the City agree upon a different improvement involving the acquisition or development of public open space that will mitigate the impact of the project. ((A bonus may be allowed for a payment in lieu of providing the improvement made wholly or in part to satisfy the requirements of this Section 23.48.250, pursuant to Section 23.49.013.))

E. Limitations. Open space satisfying the requirement of this Section 23.48.250 for any project shall not be used to satisfy the open space requirement for any other project ((, nor shall any bonus be granted to any project for open space meeting the requirement of this Section 23.48.250 for any other project)). When a transmitting antenna is sited or proposed to be sited on a rooftop where required open space is located, see Section 23.57.013. Open space on the site of any building for which a Master Use Permit decision was issued or a complete building permit application was filed prior to the effective date of this ordinance, that was not required under the Land Use Code in effect when such permit decision was issued or such application filed, but that would have been required for the same building by this Section 23.48.250, shall not be used to satisfy the open space requirement ((or to gain an FAR bonus)) for any other project.

Section 23. A new Subchapter V, which includes new Sections 23.48.602, 23.48.605, 23.48.615, 23.48.620, 23.48.621, 23.48.622, 23.48.623, 23.48.624, 23.48.627, 23.48.630, 23.48.635, 23.48.640, 23.48.645, 23.48.646, 23.48.650, 23.48.680, 23.48.685, and 23.48.690, is added to Chapter 23.48 of the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

23.48.602 Scope of provisions for SM-U zones

The provisions in this Subchapter V of Chapter 23.48 establish regulations for SM-U zones. The SM-U zone designation refers to all zones in the SM category in the University Community Urban Center, and includes the SM-U/R zone. The provisions in this Subchapter V of Chapter 23.48 supplement the provisions of Subchapter I of Chapter 23.48. In cases of

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1 | conflicts between the provisions in Subchapter I of Chapter 23.48 and this Subchapter V of

Chapter 23.48, the provisions in this Subchapter V shall govern.

23.48.605 Uses in SM-U zones

- A. Conditional uses. Principal use parking garages shall only be permitted as an administrative conditional use if the provisions of subsection 23.48.605.B are met.
- B. To approve a principal use parking garage as an administrative conditional use, the Director shall, after consulting with the Director of Transportation, find that:
- 1. Traffic from the garage will not have substantial adverse effects on peak hour traffic flow to and from Interstate 5 or on traffic circulation in the area around the garage;
- 2. The vehicular entrances and exits to the garage are located so that they will not disrupt traffic or transit routes;
- 3. The traffic generated by the garage will not have substantial adverse effects on pedestrian circulation; and
- 4. The garage will be operated by a parking company whose primary purpose is to support the University Community Urban Center business community by providing and managing parking facilities for its customers, business owners, and employees.

23.48.615 Structure height in SM-U zones

A. Maximum height limits

1. The maximum structure height in SM-U zones is shown as the number(s) in the height suffix following the zone designation. For zones that include two numbers, the first number of the height suffix is the height limit for midrise structures that are not subject to the highrise floor area limits in subsection 23.48.645.A, and the second number following the dash is the maximum height limit for highrise structures that are subject to the highrise floor area limits

- in subsection 23.48.645.A. A highrise structure is any structure that exceeds the height limit for midrise structures, excluding rooftop features.
 - 2. In the SM-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones, a minimum lot size of 12,000 square feet is required for a highrise structure.
 - B. Provisions for rooftop features allowed above the height limit are in subsection 23.48.025.C. For zones with two height limits in the height suffix, the provisions in subsection 23.48.025.C apply to both height limits.

23.48.620 Floor area ratio in SM-U zones

A. Floor area ratio (FAR) limits

1. Except as otherwise specified in this Section 23.48.620, FAR limits for the SM-U 85 zone are as shown in Table A for 23.48.620; FAR limits for the SM-U/R 75-240 zone are as shown in Table B for 23.48.620; and FAR limits for the SM-U 75-240 and the SM-U 95-320 zones are as shown in Table C for 23.48.620.

Table A for 23.48.620 FAR limits for SM-U 85 zone	
Base FAR	Maximum FAR
4.75	6.0

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Table B for 23.48.620

FAR limits for SM-U/R 75-240 zone

FAR limit for non-residential uses	FAR limits for residential uses and mixed use ¹		
		Maximum FAR for lots with structures that do not exceed the midrise height limit ²	Maximum FAR for lots with a highrise structure
0.5	4.75	6	12

Footnotes to Table B for 23.48.620

¹For lots that include both residential and non-residential uses, the amount of non-residential floor area allowed shall not exceed the maximum FAR limit for non-residential uses.

²Height of structure excludes rooftop features otherwise allowed above the height limit by subsection 23.48.025.C.

Zone	FAR Limits FAR limits for lots with structures that do not exceed the midrise height limit ¹				
	Base FAR Maximum FAR		num FAR		
SM-U 75-240 SM-U 95-320		4.75		6	
Zone	FAR limit	FAR limits for lots with a highrise structure			
	Base FAR for all uses	Maximum FAR for residential uses	non-	Maximum FAR for residential uses and for all uses in a mixed-use development ²	
SM-U 75-240	4.75		7	10	
SM-U 95-320	4.75		7	12	

Footnotes to Table C for 23.48.620

- B. Additional increment of chargeable floor area above the base FAR. On lots that include uses or features specified in this subsection 23.48.620.B, an additional increment of chargeable floor area is permitted above the base FAR as follows:
- 1. For the all SM-U zones, an additional increment of 0.5 FAR is permitted above the base FAR of the zone shown on Table A, Table B, or Table C for 23.48.620 if a lot includes one or more qualifying Landmark structures, subject to the following conditions:
- a. The structure is rehabilitated to the extent necessary so that all features and characteristics controlled or designated by ordinance pursuant to Chapter 25.12 are in good

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¹Height of structure excludes rooftop features otherwise allowed above the height limit by subsection 23.48.025.C.

²For lots that include both residential and non-residential uses, the amount of non-residential floor area allowed shall not exceed the maximum FAR limit for non-residential uses.

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1 | condition and consistent with the applicable ordinances and with any certificates of approval

issued by the Landmarks Preservation Board, all as determined by the Director of

Neighborhoods; and

a structure that:

b. A notice is recorded in the King County real estate records, in a form satisfactory to the Director, regarding the bonus allowed and the effect thereof under the terms of this Chapter 23.48.

c. For purposes of this subsection 23.48.620.B, a "qualifying Landmark" is

1) is subject, in whole or in part, to a designating ordinance pursuant to Chapter 25.12; and

2) is on a lot on which no improvement, object, feature, or characteristic has been altered or removed contrary to any provision of Chapter 25.12 or any designating ordinance.

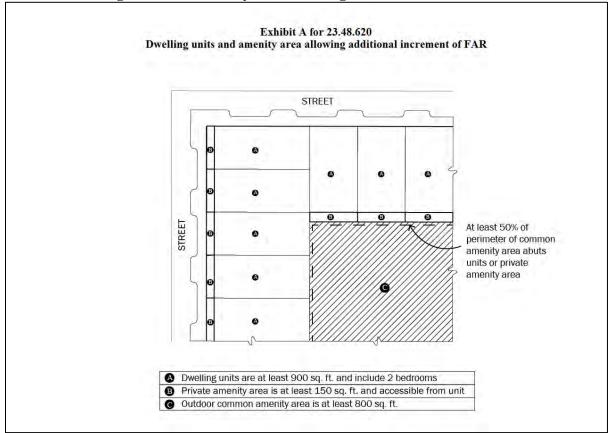
d. A qualifying Landmark that allows for the additional increment of FAR under this subsection 23.48.620.B.1 is not eligible as a Landmark transferrable development rights (TDR) or transferrable development rights (TDP) sending site. For so long as any of the chargeable floor area of the increment allowed above the base FAR of the zone under this subsection 23.48.620.B.1 remains on the lot, each Landmark for which the increment was granted shall remain designated as a Landmark under Chapter 25.12 and the owner shall maintain the exterior and interior of each qualifying Landmark in good condition and repair and in a manner that preserves the features and characteristics that are subject to designation or controls by ordinance unless the Landmarks Preservation Board has issued a certificate of approval for the modification or demolition of the Landmark.

- 1 e. In the SM-U/R 75-240 zone, the additional increment of chargeable 2 floor area allowed above the base FAR shall be for residential use only. 3 2. For all SM-U zones, an additional increment of up to 0.5 FAR is permitted 4 above the base FAR of the zone if a lot includes a human service use, subject to the following 5 conditions: 6 a. The amount of the additional increment of FAR permitted above the 7 base FAR under this subsection 23.48.620.B.2 shall not exceed the gross square footage of floor 8 area in the human service use. 9 b. The minimum area provided for one or more human service uses shall 10 be 2,500 square feet of interior space; 11 c. The location of the human service use shall be accessible to the elderly 12 and disabled, with exterior and interior directional signage clearly visible from the street; 13 d. The space shall be occupied by a human service use for the life of the 14 project on the lot. If the property owned is unable to secure a human service use to occupy the 15 space, after a six-month period, if the space remains unoccupied, it may be used for non-profit 16 purposes as a community and/or public area, under the following conditions: 17 1) The space shall be made available to community and charitable 18 organizations and is not to be used for profit-making activities; 19 2) The space shall be made available for both day and evening use; 20 3) The space shall be made available on a first-come, first-served 21 basis to community and charitable organizations; 22 4) There shall be no charge for use of the space, except for any
 - 4) There shall be no charge for use of the space, except for any costs that may be necessary by the interim use; and

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1	5) Availability of the space and the contact persons shall be made
2	known to community and charitable groups through means such as newspaper articles, radio
3	announcements, flyers to organizations, and contacts with umbrella organizations such as the
4	University District Conversation on Homelessness.
5	e. The property owner shall maintain all elements of the human service
6	space, including but not limited to landscaping, seating, and lighting, in a safe, clean, and well-
7	maintained condition, and the following shall apply:
8	1) Any additional improvements beyond the minimum
9	requirements needed for specific service activities may be provided either by the applicant or the
10	agency. The specifics shall be included in the lease agreement. Depending on the terms of the
11	agreement, the tenant may be required to pay for utilities, insurance, taxes, and maintenance
12	expenses. In addition, the tenant may be required to pay for development costs specifically
13	required to meet the needs of the lessee.
14	2) Rent shall not be charged for use of the space.
15	f. No permit after the first building permit, no permit for any construction
16	activity other than excavation and shoring, and no permit for occupancy of existing floor area by
17	any use shall be issued for development that includes a human service use to gain the increase in
18	base FAR until the applicant has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Director that a lease with
19	a qualified human service agency has been secured to occupy the space for a minimum of five
20	years.
21	g. In the SM-U/R 75-240 zone, the additional increment of chargeable
22	floor area allowed above the base FAR shall be for residential use only.

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1	b. Private amenity area. Each dwelling unit provided to meet the minimum
2	number of units required in subsection 23.48.620.B.5.a shall have direct access to a private
3	amenity area, such as a private patio or roof deck, that is located either at ground-level or on the
4	roof of a story that is not above 45 feet in height and that has a minimum area of 150 square feet
5	and a minimum horizontal dimension of 8 feet. Private amenity area that is provided to meet the
6	conditions of this subsection 23.48.620.B.5.b shall be allowed to count as residential amenity
7	area required by Section 23.48.045; and
8	c. Common amenity area. All units provided to meet the minimum number
9	of units required in subsection 23.48.620.B.5.a shall have access to an outdoor common amenity
10	area that is located on the same story as the dwelling unit, is accessible only to the residents of
11	the building, and meets the following standards:
12	1) the common amenity area has a minimum area of 800 square
13	feet and a minimum horizontal dimension of 10 feet;
14	2) the common amenity area abuts and is visually or physically
15	accessible from the dwelling units that meet the standards of subsection 23.48.629.B.5.a, or the
16	private amenity area of these units, along at least 50 percent of its perimeter; and
17	3) the common amenity area includes space for children's play
18	equipment.
19	

Exhibit A for 23.48.620 Dwelling units and amenity area allowing additional increment of FAR



6. The additional chargeable floor area allowed as an increment above the base FAR for individual uses and features specified in this subsection 23.48.620.B may be combined, provided that in no case shall the total amount of additional chargeable floor area allowed above the base FAR exceed 1 FAR and in no case shall more than one increment of additional floor

7. Extra floor area achieved as provided for in Section 23.48.621 shall be chargeable floor area added above the increment of FAR allowed under the provisions of this subsection 23.48.620.B.

area be allowed for the same use or feature on the lot.

C. Floor area exempt from FAR. In addition to the exempt floor area identified in subsection 23.48.020.D, the following floor area is exempt from FAR limits:

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1	1. The floor area contained in a Landmark structure subject to controls and
2	incentives imposed by a designating ordinance if the owner of the Landmark has executed and
3	recorded an agreement acceptable in form and content to the Landmarks Preservation Board
4	providing for the rehabilitation and maintenance of the historically significant features of the
5	structure including but not limited to a certificate of approval for the modification of the
6	Landmark. This exemption does not apply to a lot from which a Landmark TDR or TDP has
7	been transferred under Chapter 23.58A and does not apply for purposes of determining TDR or
8	TDP available for transfer under Chapter 23.58A;
9	2. Except in the SM-U/R 75-240 zone, uses identified in subsection 23.48.005.D,
10	whether required or not, that meet the development standards of subsection 23.48.040.C;
11	3. Except in the SM-U/R 75-240 zone, uses identified in subsection 23.48.005.D
12	that abut and have access onto a mid-block corridor meeting the standards of subsection
13	23.48.640.F and the applicable standards in Section 23.58A.040;
14	4. Floor area for a preschool, an elementary school, or a secondary school, which
15	may include minimum space requirements for associated uses including but not limited to
16	academic core functions, child care, administrative offices, a library, maintenance facilities, food
17	service, interior recreation, and specialty instruction space, provided that;
18	a. Prior to issuance of a Master Use Permit, the applicant shall submit a
19	letter to the Director from the operator of the school indicating that, based on the Master Use

Permit plans, the operator has determined that the development would meet the operator's

specifications; and

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23.48.621 Mandatory housing affordability (MHA) in SM-U zones

SM-U zones located in the University Community Urban Center are subject to the requirements of Chapters 23.58B and 23.58C.

23.48.622 Extra floor area in SM-U zones

A. Means to achieve extra floor area above the base FAR, or above the additional increment of chargeable floor area allowed above the base FAR by subsection 23.48.620.B.

1. General. The applicant shall:

a. achieve 65 percent of the extra floor area on the lot by using bonus residential floor area for affordable housing pursuant to Section 23.58A.014 or bonus non-residential floor area for affordable housing and child care pursuant to Section 23.58A.024, except that the affordable housing requirements of Sections 23.58A.014 and 23.58A.024 shall be satisfied solely by compliance with the requirements of Chapter 23.58B and/or Chapter 23.58C according to subsections 23.58B.020.D and 23.58C.025.D; and

b. Achieve 35 percent of the extra floor area through the use of one or more of the following options:

1) Acquiring open space, Landmark, or vulnerable masonry TDR or TDP according to Sections 23.48.623 and 23.58A.042; or

2) Providing open space amenities according to Sections 23.48.624

2. Extra floor area in mixed-use projects. In a project that exceeds the base FAR, or exceeds the increment of additional chargeable floor area allowed above the base FAR under subsection 23.48.620.B, and that includes both residential and non-residential uses, the amount

and 23.58A.040.

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1	of extra residential floor area and extra non-residential floor area to be obtained shall be
2	calculated as follows:
3	a. Relative to the total chargeable gross floor area of all uses in the project,
4	determine the percentage that is in residential use and the percentage that is in non-residential
5	use.
6	b. Determine the total amount of extra floor area in the project above the
7	base FAR, or above the increment of additional chargeable floor area allowed above the base
8	FAR under subsection 23.48.620.B, and, using the percentages derived in subsection
9	23.48.622.B.1, divide this total amount to determine the share of extra floor area that is to be
10	obtained as extra residential floor area and the share that is to be obtained as extra non-residential
11	floor area according to the applicable provisions of the zone.
12	B. LEED requirement. Development containing any extra floor area in SM-U zones
13	shall earn a LEED Gold rating or meet a substantially equivalent standard, and shall
14	demonstrate compliance with that commitment, in accordance with the provisions of
15	subsection 23.48.021.D.2.
16	23.48.623 Transfer of development rights (TDR) and potential (TDP) in SM-U zones
17	A. General standards
18	1. For the purposes of this Section 23.48.623, the transfer of development rights
19	to gain extra non-residential floor area in a project on a receiving site is TDR and the transfer of
20	development potential to gain extra residential floor area in a project on a receiving site is TDP.
21	2. The following types of TDR and TDP may be transferred to the extent
22	permitted in Table A for 23.48.623, subject to the limits and conditions of this Chapter 23.48 and
23	the standards for the use of TDR and TDP in Section 23.58A.042:

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- a. Landmark TDR and TDP;
- b. Open space TDR and TDP; and
- c. Vulnerable masonry structure TDR and TDP.

Table A for 23.48.623 Permitted use of TDR and TDP

Zone	Type of TDR or TDP		
	Landmark	Open space	Vulnerable masonry structure
SM-U 85, SM-U 75-240, and SM-U 95-320	S, R	S, R	S, R
SM-U/R 75-240	S, R ¹	S, R ¹	S, R ¹
NC3-55 ² , NC3-65 ²	S	S	S

S = Eligible sending lot location

Footnotes to Table A for 23.48.623

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B. Sending sites. Eligible sending site locations are shown on Table A for 23.48.623.

- Eligible TDR and TDP sending sites shall meet the definition of an open space, vulnerable masonry structure, or Landmark TDR or TDP sending site in Chapter 23.84A and comply with all applicable standards in this Chapter 23.48 and Section 23.58A.042.
- C. Receiving sites. Receiving site location are shown on Table A for 23.48.623. Only lots zoned SM-U within the University Community Urban Center west of 15th Avenue NE are eligible receiving sites, and the amount of extra floor area that can be gained through the use of TDR and TDP on an eligible receiving site is specified in Section 23.48.622.
- D. Except as provided in subsection 23.47A.009.E.2.b, the maximum amount of TDR and TDP that can be transferred from an eligible sending site shall not exceed an amount of floor area equivalent to the numerical value of the base FAR of the zone in which the sending site is

R = Eligible receiving lot location

¹Only TDP can be used on receiving lots

²Only lots located within the University Community Urban Center west of 15th Avenue NE.

- 2. Green street improvements on designated Neighborhood Green Streets shown on Map A for 23.48.640;
- 3. Green street setback on lots abutting a designated Neighborhood Green Street shown on Map A for 23.48.640; and
 - 4. Mid-block corridor.

C. To be eligible for a floor area bonus, open space amenities shall comply with the applicable development standards and conditions specified in Section 23.58A.040, except that for a mid-block corridor, in addition to the conditions of Section 23.58A.040, the provisions of subsection 23.48.640.E apply.

23.48.627 Combined lot development in SM-U zones

A. Lots located on the same block in any SM-U zone may be combined, whether contiguous or not, solely for the purpose of allowing some or all of the capacity for chargeable

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floor area on one or more such lots under this Chapter 23.48 to be used on one or more other lots, according to the provisions of this Section 23.48.627.

- B. The applicable FAR for all lots in a combined lot development where all lots are located in the same zone shall be based on the height limit that applies to the tallest structure proposed in the combined lot development.
- C. If the lots of a combined lot development are located in different zones, the FAR for any lot shall be the applicable FAR of the zone in which it is located, based on the height of the structure proposed on the lot.
- D. In the SM-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones, any structure exceeding the height limit for midrise structures in a combined lot development must be located on a lot that meets the minimum size requirements of subsection 23.48.615.A.2.
- E. In a combined lot development that includes a lot in the SM-U/R zone, the amount of floor area in non-residential uses on any lot in the SM-U/R zone cannot exceed the FAR limit for non-residential uses on Table B for 23.48.620.
- F. Within the combined lot, the permitted chargeable floor area from one lot, referred to in this Section 23.48.627 as the "reduced lot," may be allowed on one or more other lots on the same block, referred to in this Section 23.48.627 as the "increased lot(s)," up to the maximum FAR limit.
- G. Gross floor area allowed on the increased lot shall be allowed in the following order:
- 1. The first amount of gross floor area allowed on the increased lot shall be the chargeable floor area allowed up to the base FAR calculated on the increased lot, minus any existing chargeable floor area on the lot, and shall not be considered extra floor area.

increased lot and shall be considered extra floor area.

reduced lot and shall be considered extra floor area.

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23.48.627.

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2. The second amount of gross floor area allowed on the increased lot shall be

3. The third amount of gross floor area allowed on the increased lot shall be all

4. The last amount of gross floor area allowed on the increased lot shall be all

all gross floor area allowed above the base FAR up to the maximum FAR calculated on the

gross floor area allowed above the base FAR up to the maximum FAR calculated on the

gross floor area allowed below the base FAR calculated on the reduced lot, minus any existing

instrument, which shall include the legal descriptions of each lot and shall be recorded in the

acknowledge the extent to which development capacity on the reduced lot shall be reduced by

the use of chargeable floor area on the increased lot. The agreement or instrument shall also

provide that such standards and conditions in this Section 23.48.627 shall covenant and run

with the land and shall be specifically enforceable by the parties and by The City of Seattle.

from height limits or other development standards, except as specified in this Section

23.48.630 Adoption of vulnerable masonry structures rules

I. Development on any lot in a combined lot development shall not exceed or deviate

A. The Director shall promulgate a rule listing the structures that meet the following

eligibility criteria as a "vulnerable masonry structure" (VMS) TDR or TDP sending site under

King County real property records. In the agreement or instrument, the owners shall

H. The fee owners of each lot within the combined lot shall execute an agreement or

chargeable floor area on the lot, and shall not be considered extra floor area.

subsection 23.58A.042.F and that, as a voluntary masonry structure, are exempt from the calculations chargeable FAR in subsection 23.48.620.C.7:

- 1. The structure is included in the Department of Neighborhoods Historic Resource Survey and has an assigned status classification as either Yes-Inventory or Yes-Hold; and
- 2. The structure has unreinforced masonry bearing walls and is included in the list of unreinforced masonry structures (URMs) identified by the Department in April 2016, with a classification of Critical Risk (C), High Risk (H), or Medium Risk (M).
- B. The Director shall periodically update the list to respond to changed conditions and remove or add structures to the list to maintain consistency with the criteria specified in subsection 23.48.630.A.

23.48.635 Maximum width and depth limits in SM-U zones

A. The maximum width and depth limit of a structure is 250 feet, except as otherwise provided in this Section 23.48.635. The width and depth limits do not apply to below-grade or partially below-grade stories with street-facing facades that do not extend more than 4 feet above the sidewalk, measured at any point above the sidewalk elevation to the floor above the partially below-grade story, excluding access.

B. For the stories of a structure subject to width and depth limits, all portions of the same story that are horizontally contiguous, including any portions connected by doorways, ramps, bridges, elevated stairways, and other such devices, shall be included in the measurement of width and depth. The width and depth limit of stories in separate structures or structures on the same lot that abut but are not internally connected shall be measured separately, except that designated Landmark structures and structures that qualify as vulnerable masonry buildings

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according to Section 23.48.630 that are retained on the lot are excluded from the width and depth measurement, whether internally connected to a new structure or not.

C. Width and depth limits do not apply to stories of a structure with more than 50 percent of the total gross floor area occupied by any of the following uses:

- 1. Community clubs or community centers;
- 2. Religious facilities;
- 3. Arts facilities;
- 4. Preschool, elementary, or secondary schools; or
- 5. Performing arts theaters.
- D. Width and depth limits do not apply to the portion of a structure that is 55 feet or less in height on a lot that includes a light rail transit station.

23.48.640 Street-level development standards in SM-U zones

A. Required street-level setbacks in SM-U zones

1. In the SM-U 85, SM-U 75-240, and SM-U 95-320 zones, a street-level setback is required at grade from specified street lot lines as shown on Table A for 23.48.640. If the required setback allows for averaging the depth of the setback from the street lot line, any setback area further than 10 feet from the street lot line shall not be included in the averaging calculation.

Table A for 23.48.640 Required street-level setbacks in the SM-U 85, SM-U 75-240, and SM-U 95-320 zones	
Street requiring setback from abutting street lot line:	Required setback measured from street lot line
NE 42 nd Street	3 feet average
NE 43 rd Street	3 feet average
NE 45 th Street	8 feet minimum

Table A for 23.48.640 Required street-level setbacks in SM-U 95-320 zones	n the SM-U 85, SM-U 75-240, and
Street requiring setback from abutting street lot line:	Required setback measured from street lot line
NE 50 th Street	5 feet minimum

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2. The following standards apply to the street-level setback area required in subsection 23.48.640.A.1:

a. All setback areas required by subsection 23.48.640.1 shall either be part

- of a usable open space or landscaped according to standards in subsection 23.48.055.A.3, except that for setbacks required from lot lines abutting NE 45th Street and NE 50th Street, no landscaping is required if the setback area is paved to match the abutting sidewalk, and the Director, after consulting with the Director of the Department of Transportation, determines that the paved set back area will not conflict with Seattle Department of Transportation standards for the abutting sidewalk.
- 3. Required street-level setbacks in the SM-U/R 75-240 zone. On all streets in the SM-U/R 75-240 zone, an average street-level setback of 5 feet is required from all street lot lines, subject to the following:
- a. No setback shall be less than 3 feet from the street lot line, and any setback area further than 10 feet from the street lot line shall not be included in the averaging calculation.
- b. The setback area shall either be part of a usable open space or landscaped according to standards in subsection 23.48.055.A.3.
 - 4. Underground structures are permitted in all required setback areas.

- 5. Bay windows, canopies, horizontal projection of decks, balconies with open railings, eaves, cornices, gutters, and other similar architectural features that are at least 13 feet above the sidewalk elevation are permitted to extend up to 4 feet into the required setback.
- 6. Setback areas eligible for floor area bonus. Areas provided as required street-level setbacks under this subsection 23.48.640.A that abut a designated Neighborhood Green Street shown on Map A for 23.48.640 are eligible for a floor area bonus as a green street setback, provided that the setback area complies with the development standards and conditions in Section 23.58A.040 for a green street setback.
- B. Facade requirements for street-level residential units and live-work units. In all SM-U zones, the street-facing facades of street-level residential units and live-work units shall set back an average of 7 feet from the street lot line, subject to the following:
- 1. No setback shall be less than 5 feet from the street lot line, and any setback area further than 15 feet from the street lot line is not be included in the averaging calculation.
 - 2. The following is permitted in the required setback area:
- a. Landscaped area accessible from individual dwelling units or from the principal entrance to the structure;
 - b. Private or common useable open space or amenity area; and
- c. Unenclosed stoops, steps, decks, or porches related to the abutting residential or live-work units that are no higher than four feet above sidewalk grade, excluding hand rails and guard rails.
- 3. Bay windows, canopies, horizontal projection of decks, balconies with open railings, eaves, cornices, gutters, and other similar architectural features that are at least 13 feet above the sidewalk elevation are permitted to extend up to 4 feet into the required setback.

streets shown on Map A for 23.48.640.

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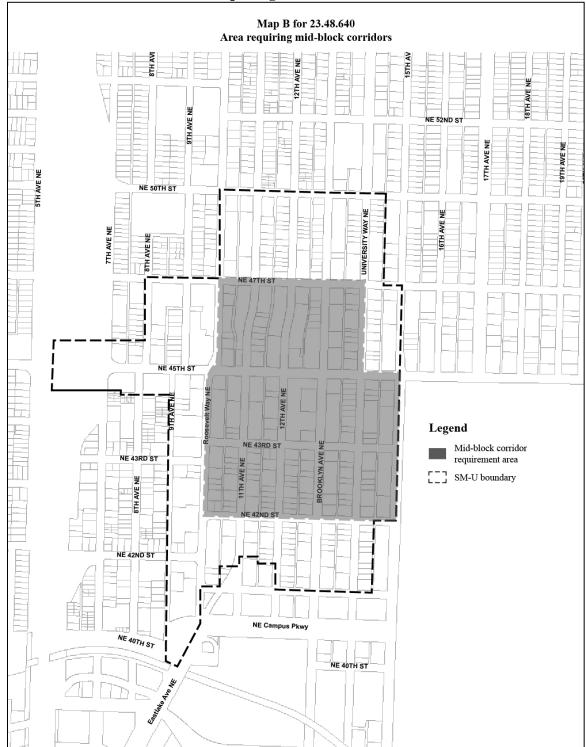
Map A for 23.48.640 Street-level development standards



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E. Mid-block corridor
1. Required mid-block corridor
a. In the area shown on Map B for 23.48.640, lots that meet the following
criteria are required to provide a mid-block corridor:
1) The lot exceeds 30,000 square feet in area and abuts two
north/south streets. Lots exceeding 30,000 square feet that are separated only by an alley and that
are developed as a combined lot development under Section 23.48.627 are also required to
provide a mid-block corridor to connect the two abutting north/south streets; and
2) The lot has a street frontage that exceeds 250 feet on at least one
of the abutting north/south streets.

Map B for 23.48.640 Area requiring mid-block corridors



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b. On lots where a mid-block corridor is required in subsection
.640.E.1, the following standards shall apply:
1) The mid-block corridor shall provide an unobstructed,
nuous pedestrian pathway that extends across the lot and any separating alley to connect
of the abutting streets, and if entrances include doors or gates, public access shall be
led as required for a mid-block corridor eligible for a floor area bonus in subsection
A.040.C.5.a;
2) The alignment of the pedestrian corridor and the point at which
rsects each street shall be no closer than 150 feet to an east/west street abutting the block;
3) Entrances to the corridor at the street shall be accessible to
trians at grade level from the sidewalk, and the length of the corridor shall be at ground
except that minor changes in grade are permitted to accommodate conditions on sloping
provided that all segments of the corridor are physically and visually connected and
sible to persons with disabilities;
4) The average width of the corridor shall be 25 feet, with a
num width of 15 feet. Any segment of the pedestrian corridor that is covered from side to
hall have a minimum width of 20 feet;
5) The corridor shall include at least one open space with a
num area of 1,500 square feet and a minimum horizontal dimension of 30 feet;
6) The corridor shall be open to the sky, except that up to 35
nt of the length of the corridor may be covered and enclosed if located on private property,
led the minimum height of covered portions is 13 feet;

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1	7) If the pedestrian corridor crosses an alley, the alley right-of-way
2	shall be improved for pedestrian safety and to reinforce the connection between portions of the
3	corridor on either side of the alley; and
4	8) The corridor shall include lighting for pedestrian safety during
5	all hours that the corridor is available for public use.
6	c. The Director may allow modifications from the standards for mid-block
7	corridors in subsection 23.48.640.E.1.b as a Type I decision if the applicant demonstrates that
8	alternative treatments will better serve the development by enhancing pedestrian comfort, better
9	integrating the feature as part of the surrounding pedestrian network, and promoting greater use
10	of the connection.
11	d. The mid-block corridor requirement may be waived by the Director as a
12	Type I decision if the Director has determined that one or more of the following conditions
13	apply:
14	1) A mid-block corridor already exists on the block and, given the
15	proximity to the proposed development site, an additional corridor would not significantly
16	enhance pedestrian circulation in the area and could detract from pedestrian activity on the street;
17	or
18	2) The location of existing buildings or amenities retained on the
19	lot, such as a Landmark structure, make the inclusion of a mid-block corridor impractical or
20	undesirable
21	2. Optional mid-block corridor. A mid-block corridor that is provided on a lot in
22	an SM-U/R 75-240, SM-U 75-240, or SM-U 95-320 zone that is not within the area shown of
23	Map B for 23.48.640, or that is on a lot within the area shown on Map B for 23.48.640 but is not

required because of the lot size, is eligible for the mid-block corridor floor area bonus under the provisions of Section 23.48.622, provided that the corridor meets the standards in subsection 23.48.640.E.1.b and applicable standards in Section 23.58A.040.

3. A mid-block corridor provided under this subsection 23.48.640.E, whether required or not, are eligible to qualify as amenity area for residential uses under Section 23.48.045, or required usable open space under subsection 23.48.650.C, or both, provided the applicable standards of Section 23.48.045 and subsection 23.48.650.C are met.

F. Overhead weather protection

- 1. Continuous overhead weather protection, provided by such features as canopies, awnings, marquees, and arcades, is required along at least 60 percent of the street frontage of a structure, except that any portions of the street frontage occupied by residential dwelling units and any portion of a designated Landmark structure or vulnerable masonry structure shall not be included as part of the street frontage subject to this requirement.
- 2. The covered area shall extend a minimum of 6 feet into the sidewalk width, unless otherwise provided in this subsection 23.48.640.F, and unless there is a conflict with existing or proposed street trees or utility poles, in which case the width may adjusted to accommodate such features as provided for in subsection 23.48.640.F.6.
- 3. The overhead weather protection must be provided over the sidewalk, or over a walking area within 10 feet immediately adjacent to the sidewalk. When provided adjacent to the sidewalk, the covered walking area must be within 18 inches of sidewalk grade and meet Washington State requirements for barrier-free access.
- 4. For overhead weather protection extending up to 6 feet from the structure, the lower edge of the overhead weather protection shall be a minimum of 8 feet and a maximum of 13 feet above the sidewalk. For weather protection extending more than 6 feet from the structure,

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- the lower edge of the weather protection shall be a minimum of 10 feet and a maximum of 15 feet above the sidewalk.
 - 5. Lighting for pedestrians shall be provided. The lighting may be located on the facade of the building or on the overhead weather protection.
 - 6. Where the standards listed in this subsection 23.48.640.F conflict with the vertical and horizontal clearance requirements in the street right-of-way, the standards may be modified by the Director in consultation with the Director of Transportation.

23.48.645 Upper-level development standards in SM-U zones

- A. Highrise floor area limits. All highrise structures are subject to a limit on the floor area of stories above 45 feet in height except that, on a lot that includes a light rail transit station, the limit on floor area only applies to stories above 55 feet in height.
- 1. The height above which the highrise floor area limit applies is measured from the midpoint of the sidewalk elevation. Stories that do not exceed 45 feet in height or, on a lot that includes a light rail transit station, stories that do not exceed 55 feet in height, are not subject to a floor area limit.
- 2. Highrise floor area limits in the SM-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones are shown on Table A for 23.48.645.

Table A for 23.48.645			
Highrise floor area limits in the SM-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones			
Height of structure	Average gross floor area for	Maximum gross floor area of	
	all stories above 45 feet ¹	any single story above 45 feet ¹	
Greater than the first	20,000 square feet for stories in	24,000 square feet for stories in	
height limit of the	non-residential use, except as	non-residential use; or	
height suffix,	provided in subsection		
excluding rooftop	23.48.645.A.5; or		
features, but not			
exceeding 160 feet in	12,000 square feet for stories in	13,000 square feet for stories in	
height	residential use ²	residential use ²	

Table A for 23.48.645			
Highrise floor area limits in the SM-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones			
Height of structure	Average gross floor area for	Maximum gross floor area of	
	all stories above 45 feet ¹	any single story above 45 feet ¹	
Greater than 160 feet			
but not exceeding 240	10,500 square feet	11,500 square feet	
feet in height			
Greater than 240 feet			
in height	9,500 square feet	10,500 square feet	
T T 11 4 C	20 10 615		

Footnotes to Table A for 23.48.645

¹On a lot that includes a light rail transit station, the limit on the floor area of stories applies to stories above 55 feet in height

²For stories that include a mix of non-residential and residential uses, the applicable floor area limit shall be the limit that applies to the use that accounts for more than 50 percent of the total floor area of the story, or the greater of the two floor area limits if the story includes equal amounts of residential and non-residential uses.

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- 3. In the SM-U/R 75-240 zone, for highrise structures, the gross floor area limit of stories or portions of stories that extend above 45 feet in height is 10,500 square feet.
- 4. In the SM-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones, for stories subject to a floor area limit under subsection 23.48.645.A.2, the average and maximum gross floor area limit is 24,000 square feet up to 160 feet if the following apply:
- a. For each story subject to a floor area limit up to 160 feet in height, a minimum of 50 percent of the floor area is in research and development laboratory uses; and
- b. The minimum floor-to-floor height of each story subject to a floor area limit up to 160 feet in height is 14 feet.
- B. Upper-level setbacks in SM-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones. The following upper-level setbacks are required, and the height above which the setback is required shall be measured from the mid-point of the street lot line:

- 1. On lots that do not include highrise structures, an average setback of 10 feet is required from all abutting street lot lines for any portion of a structure that exceeds 65 feet in height. The maximum depth of a setback that can be used for calculating the average is 20 feet.
- 2. For a lot that is across a street from a lot in a LR zone or a MR zone, portions of any structure above 65 feet in height are required to set back an average of 10 feet from any portion of the street lot line that abuts the separating street. The maximum depth of a setback that can be used for calculating the average is 20 feet.
- 3. For a lot in the SM-U 95-320 zone that abuts a lot in a MR zone, portions of any structure above 65 feet in height are required to set back a minimum of 15 feet from the abutting lot line.
- C. Upper-level setbacks in SM-U 85 zone. For a lot in the SM-U 85 zone that abuts University Way NE, portions of a structure above 45 feet in height are required to set back an average of 15 feet from the street lot line abutting University Way NE. The maximum depth of a setback that can be used for calculating the average is 20 feet.
- D. Upper-level setbacks in the SM-U/R 75-240 zone. The minimum required upper-level setbacks in the SM-U/R 75-240 zone are shown on Table B for 23.48.645.

Table B for 23.48.645 Required upper-level setbacks	in the SM-U/R 75-240 zone
Lot line from which required setback is measured:	Minimum setback required for portions of a structure at or above specified heights
Rear lot line that abuts an alley	Portions of a structure 45 feet or less in height: None required;
	Portions of a structure greater than 45 feet in height: 10 feet minimum

Table B for 23.48.645 Required upper-level setbacks in the SM-U/R 75-240 zone			
Lot line from which required setback is measured:	Minimum setback required for portions of a structure at or above specified heights		
Lot line that abuts neither a street nor an alley	For structures 75 feet in height or less: 7 feet average; 5 feet minimum For structures that exceed 75 feet in height, portions of structure 45 feet or less in height: 7 feet average; 5 feet minimum and		
	Portions of a structure greater than 45 feet in height: 15 feet minimum		
Footnotes to Table B for23.48.64 ¹ No setback is required along line	15 lot lines where an existing structure is built to the abutting lot		

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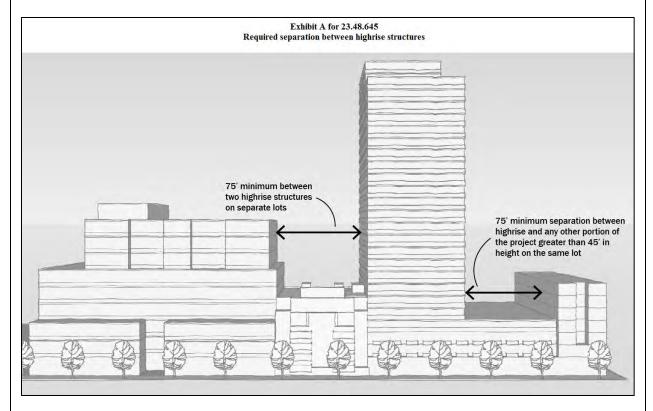
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setback of 15 feet is required from any side lot line that is not a street or alley lot line for all portions of a highrise structure exceeding the midrise height limit of the zone.

- F. Separation. On lots with structures that exceed the midrise height limit, excluding rooftop features otherwise allowed above the height limit by subsection 23.48.025.C, separation between structures or portions of the same structure is required as follows:
- 1. A minimum separation of 75 feet is required between highrise portions of structures on a lot and any existing highrise structures located on a separate lot in the same block, as shown on Exhibit A for 23.48.645; and
- 2. If more than one structure, or portions of the same structure, on a lot are highrise structures, a minimum separation of 75 feet is required between any highrise portion of a structure and all portions of other structures on the lot that exceed 45 feet in height, as shown on Exhibit A for 23.48.645.

Exhibit A for 23.48.645 Required separation between highrise structures



lots separated by an alley that are combined under the provisions of Section 23.48.627 shall be applied according to subsection 23.48.645.F.1, as if the lots were separate lots on the same block.

3. For the purposes of this subsection 23.48.625.F, the separation requirements for

4. If the presence of an existing highrise structure would preclude the addition of another highrise structure on a different block front of the same block, the Director may, as a special exception according to Chapter 23.76, reduce the required separation of this subsection 23.48.645.F by up to 20 percent. In determining the amount of reduction in separation allowed, the Director shall consider the following factors that may support the reduction in separation between structures and offset any related impacts:

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1	a. The potential impact of the additional highrise structure on adjacent
2	structures located within the same block and on adjacent blocks, in terms of views, privacy,
3	and shadows;
4	b. Potential public benefits related to the development that offset the
5	impact of the reduction in required separation between structures, such as the provision of
6	public open space, improvements to a designated green street, or other streetscape
7	improvements, or the preservation of a Landmark structure;
8	c. The potential impact on the public environment, including shadow
9	and view impacts on nearby streets and public open spaces; and
10	d. Design characteristics of the additional structure, such as overall bulk
11	and massing, orientation, facade treatments and transparency, visual interest, and other
12	features that address the relationship between the two structures.
13	5. For the purposes of this subsection 23.48.645.F, a highrise structure is
14	considered to be "existing" and must be taken into consideration when other highrise structures
15	are proposed if any of the following apply:
16	a. The highrise structure is physically present, except that the structure is
17	not considered "existing" if the owner of the lot where the structure is located has applied to the
18	Director for a permit to demolish the structure and that application is pending or a permit issued
19	for that demolition is in effect, but any permit decision or permit for any structure that would not
20	be permitted under this subsection 23.48.645.E.6 if such structure were considered "existing"
21	may be conditioned upon the actual demolition of such structure;
22	b. The highrise structure is a proposed structure that has not yet been
23	constructed but has been issued a building permit that has not expired;

c. The highrise structure is a proposed structure for which a complete building permit application has been submitted, provided the application has not been d. The highrise structure is a proposed structure for which a Master Use Permit decision has been published, unless and until either: 1) the Master Use Permit issued pursuant to such a decision expires or is cancelled, or the related application is withdrawn by the applicant, without the 2) a ruling by a hearing examiner or court reversing or vacating such a decision, or determining such decision or the Master Use Permit issued thereunder to be invalid, becomes final and no longer subject to judicial review; e. The highrise structure is a proposed structure for which a complete application for early design guidance has been filed, provided that the early design guidance application will not qualify the proposed structure as an existing structure if a Master Use Permit application is not submitted within 90 days of the date of the early design guidance public meeting if one is required, or within 90 days of the date the Director provides guidance if no early design meeting is required, or within 150 days of the first early design guidance public meeting if more than one early design guidance public meeting is held.

G. Projections. The first 4 feet of horizontal projection of decks, balconies with open railings, eaves, cornices, gutters, and similar architectural features are permitted in the upperlevel setbacks required in subsections 23.48.645.B, 23.48.645.C, 23.48.645.D and 23.48.645.E, and in the separation area required in subsections 23.48.645.F.

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23.48.646. Facade modulation in SM-U zones

A. In all SM-U zones, for all structures on lots exceeding 12,000 square feet, facade modulation is required for the street-facing facade within 10 feet of a street lot line, except as specified in subsection 23.48.646.B.

- B. Modulation is not required for the following:
- 1. For portions of the street-facing facade of a story that is less than 4 feet above sidewalk grade, as measured to the top of the floor above the partially below-grade story;
- 3. For stories above street level that include parking that is separated from the street lot line by other uses along all street frontages; and
- 4. For the portion of the street-facing facade that does not exceed a width of 100 feet above 45 feet in height.
- C. The maximum length of an unmodulated facade for midrise structures in SM-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones and for all structures in the SM-U 85 zone is prescribed in Table A for 23.48.646, and the maximum length of an unmodulated facade for highrise structures in the SM-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones is prescribed in Table B for 23.48.646. This maximum length shall be measured parallel to each street lot line, and shall apply to any portion of a facade, including projections such as balconies, that is located within 10 feet of street lot lines.

Table A for 23.48.646 Facade modulation for midrise structures in S for structures in SM-U 85 zone	M-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones and
Height of street-facing portion of structure	Maximum length of unmodulated facade within 10 feet of street lot line
Stories up to 45 feet in height ¹	120 feet

Table A for 23.48.646

Facade modulation for midrise structures in SM-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones and for structures in SM-U 85 zone

Height of street-facing portion of structure	Maximum length of unmodulated facade within 10 feet of street lot line
Stories above 45 feet in height, up to the midrise height limit of the zone	80 feet

Footnotes to Table A for 23.48.646

¹On a lot with a light rail transit station, the height for the modulation standard is increased from 45 feet to 55 feet.

Table B for 23.48.646

Facade modulation for highrise structures in SM-U 75-240 and SM-U 95-320 zones

Height of street-facing portion of structure	Maximum length of unmodulated facade within 10 feet of street lot line
Stories up to 45 feet in height ¹	160 feet
Stories above 45 feet in height, up to the midrise height limit of the zone	120 feet
Stories above the midrise height limit of the zone	80 feet

Footnotes to Table B for 23.48.646

¹On a lot with a light rail transit station, the height for the modulation standard is increased from 45 feet to 55 feet.

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D. If a portion of a street-facing facade within 10 feet of the street lot line extends to the

- maximum length permitted for an unmodulated facade, any further increase in the length of the
- 5 | facade is allowed only if the additional portions of the facade set back a minimum of 10 feet
- 6 from the street lot line for a minimum length of 20 feet. If the required setback is provided,
- 7 additional portions of the facade may be located within 10 feet of the street lot line. Permitted
- 8 projections within the setback area are limited to the following:
 - 1. Roof eaves, including gutters and roof cornices and other similar architectural
- 10 | features, that may extend a maximum of 18 inches into the setback area; and

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2. Overhead weather protection, whether required by subsection 23.48.640.H or

not.

23.48.650 Required open space for large lot developments in SM-U zones

- A. Open space meeting the standards of this Section 23.48.650 is required in all SM-U zones for development on a lot exceeding 30,000 square feet.
 - B. Open space required by subsection 23.48.650.A shall meet the following standards:
- 1. The minimum amount of required open space shall be equal to 15 percent of the lot area.
- 2. Area qualifying as required open space may include both unenclosed usable open space and limited amounts of enclosed areas, as provided for in this subsection 23.48.650.B and as specified in Table A for 23.48.650.

Table A for 23.48.650 Limits on open space allowed as enclosed and unenclosed areas		
Type of open space	Minimum amount required	Maximum amount allowed
Usable open space open to the sky subject to subsection 23.48.650.B.5	60 percent	No limit
Open space covered overhead by the structure, such as an arcade or building cantilever, and subject to subsection 23.48.650.B.6	None	20 percent
Enclosed open space providing amenity features such as a public atrium, a shopping atrium, winter garden, or covered portion of a midblock pedestrian corridor and subject to subsection 23.48.650.B.7	None	35 percent

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3. Minimum area. The required open space shall generally be provided as one

connected area that is accessible at street level, with variations in elevation allowed to

accommodate changes in topography or to provide for features such as ramps that improve

- access for persons with disabilities. If the required amount of open space exceeds 4,500 square feet, open space areas may be provided at separate locations on the lot, provided that no separate area is less than 2,000 square feet.
 - 4. The average horizontal dimension for an area qualifying as the required unenclosed usable open space is 20 feet, and the minimum horizontal dimension is 10 feet.
 - 5. Area provided as usable open space shall be open to the sky and directly accessible from an abutting street, with no structures containing floor area separating this portion of the required open space area from the street frontage, in order to allow both visual and physical access to the space for pedestrians from the street.
 - 6. Open space provided as unenclosed space covered overhead by the structure for weather protection shall abut a street lot line and be open and accessible to pedestrians along the sidewalk. The area shall have an average horizontal dimension of 10 feet and a minimum horizontal dimension of 5 feet, and the minimum vertical clearance of the covered space shall be 20 feet.
 - 7. Open space provided as enclosed interior space, such as a public atrium, a shopping atrium, winter garden, or covered portion of a mid-block pedestrian corridor, shall meet all of the following requirements:
 - a. The space shall have direct access for pedestrians, including persons with disabilities, from the street, or from an outdoor, usable public open space abutting the street;
 - b. The space shall be provided as one continuous area that is a minimum of 2,000 square feet in size, with an average horizontal dimension of 20 feet and a minimum horizontal dimension of 10 feet. Enclosed area that abuts and is accessible to exterior open space

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1	is not considered a separate area for the purposes of determining the minimum area requirements
2	of subsection 23.48.650.B.3;
3	c. The minimum floor-to-ceiling height of any enclosed area is 15 feet;
4	and
5	d. Space, such as lobby area and corridors used solely to provide access
6	between the structure's principal street entrance and elevators, does not qualify as enclosed
7	interior open space for the purposes of this subsection 23.48.650.B.7.
8	8. All areas provided as open space under this Section 23.48.650 shall be
9	accessible to persons with disabilities.
10	9. Features provided under this subsection 23.48.650.B are eligible to qualify as
11	amenity area for residential uses required by Section 23.48.045, provided the standards of that
12	Section 23.48.045 are met.
13	10. Features provided under this subsection 23.48.650.B that satisfy the
14	requirements for open space amenities in Section 23.48.624 and Section 23.58A.040 are eligible
15	for a floor area bonus to gain extra floor area according to the provisions of Section 23.48.621.
16	11. Usable open space satisfying the requirements of this subsection 23.48.650.B
17	may be provided on a site other than the project site, provided that the following conditions are
18	met:
19	a. The alternate open space site is located within an SM-U zone and within
20	500 feet of the project site;
21	b. The minimum area of the usable open space at the alternate site is 4,500
22	square feet;

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c. The minimum size of the open space on an alternates site and the maximum distance from the project may be increased or decreased for a project if the Director determines, as a Type I decision, that such adjustments are reasonably necessary to provide for open space that will meet the additional need for open space caused by the project, enhance public access to the open space, and/or allow for a significant share of the required open space to also be accommodated on the project site.

d. The owner of any lot on which off-site open space is provided to meet the requirements of this subsection 23.48.650.B shall execute and record an easement in a form acceptable to the Director assuring compliance with the requirements of this Section 23.48.650. The Director is authorized to accept such an easement, provided that the terms do not impose any costs or obligations on the City.

12. Usable open space provided on a site other than the project site according to subsection 23.48.650.B.11 that satisfies the requirements for a neighborhood open space in Section 23.58A.040 is eligible for a floor area bonus to gain extra floor area according to the provisions of Section 23.48.621.

23.48.680 Parking quantity in SM-U zones

A. Off street parking spaces and bicycle parking are required according to Section 23.54.015.

- B. Maximum parking limit for non-residential uses
- 1. Except as provided in subsection 23.48.680.B.2, parking for non-residential uses is limited to one parking space per every 1,000 square feet of gross floor area in non-residential use.

2. If on or before September 1, 2012, a lot is providing legal off-site parking for another lot, by means such as a recorded parking easement or off-site accessory parking covenant on the subject lot, then the number of such off-site parking spaces is allowed on the off-site lot in addition to one space per 1,000 square feet for non-residential uses on the subject lot.

23.48.685 Parking location in SM-U zones

- A. Parking location within structures
- 1. Except as provided in subsection 23.48.685.A.2, parking within structures, excluding driveway access and garage doors or openings, shall be located below the street-level story or separated from the street along all street frontages by another use. There is no limit on the number of stories of parking above the street-level story if the parking is separated along all street frontages of the structure by another use.
- 2. On lots that are less than 24,000 square feet in size, or that are 103 feet in depth or less as measured from the lot line with the greatest street frontage, parking is permitted within structures above the street-level story as follows:
- a. One story of parking is permitted above the street-level story for every two stories of parking located below grade that, in combination, provide at least twice the capacity of the above grade story, up to a maximum of two stories of parking above the street-level story.
- b. Parking located on stories above the street-level story of a structure shall be separated by other uses and screened as follows:
- 1) A minimum of 30 percent of the length of the parking area measured along each street frontage shall be separated from the street by another use. For

structures located at street intersections, the separation by another use shall be provided at the corner portion(s) of the structure.

2) Any parking area that is not separated from the street by another use shall be enclosed by facades along all street frontages. Facades shall be designed to minimize the impacts of glare from vehicle headlights and interior garage lighting on pedestrian views from the street.

3) The Director may permit more than two stories of parking above the street-level story of the structure, or waive the amount of parking required to be located below grade when parking is provided above the street-level story, or permit other exceptions to this subsection 23.48.685.A.2, as a Type I decision, if the Director finds that locating parking below grade is infeasible due to physical site conditions such as a high water table or proximity to a tunnel. In such cases, the Director shall determine the maximum feasible amount of parking that can be provided below grade, if any, and the amount of additional parking to be permitted above street level based on an assessment of the conditions that restrict an applicant from providing the parking below grade, such as the depth and dimensions of an underground tunnel. The rationale that a site is too small to accommodate parking below grade is not a basis for granting an exception under this subsection 23.48.685.A.2.b.3.

B. Accessory surface parking shall be separated from all street lot lines by another use within a structure, except that driveway access need not be separated.

23.48.690 Development agreements in SM-U zones

A. The Director may recommend that the Council approve a development agreement pursuant to chapter 36.70B RCW for real property that includes land zoned SM-U within the University Community Urban Center.

1	B. The Director's recommendation shall be informed by an urban design framework
2	that the Director has developed through a community involvement process.
3	C. The proposed development agreement shall be for the development of real property
4	that achieves one of more of the following key design and development objectives of the
5	urban design framework:
6	1. The addition of significant public open space in the neighborhood core near
7	the proposed transit station;
8	2. Better integration of new development with light rail transit facilities;
9	3. Enhanced pedestrian circulation;
10	4. Retention of key elements defining neighborhood character, including
11	designated Landmark structures and other historic resources;
12	5. Strengthening and revitalization of the historic pedestrian-oriented business
13	district;
14	6. Green storm water infrastructure exceeding requirements in Chapter 22.800
15	of the Stormwater Code;
16	7. District heating and cooling;
17	8. Improved urban form; and
18	9. Increased diversity in building types, mix of activities, and the range of
19	employment activities and household types accommodated in the area.
20	D. Nothing in this Section 23.48.690 limits the Council's authority to enter into a
21	development agreement authorized by chapter 36.70B RCW in situations other than those
22	described in subsection 23.48.690.C.

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1	c. ((green)) Green street improvements;
2	d. ((mid-block)) Mid-block corridor; and
3	e. ((hillside)) <u>Hillside</u> terrace.
4	2. The amenities listed in subsection 23.58A.040.B.1 are referred to as "open
5	space amenities" in this Section 23.58A.040. Mitigation of impacts identified in subsection
6	23.58A.040.A may be achieved by providing the amenity on the same lot as the development
7	using the bonus floor area or, for green street improvements, in the right-of-way within ((two
8	blocks))1/4 mile of the development using the bonus floor area (the performance option), by a
9	payment-in-lieu of providing the amenity on- or off-site (payment option), or both.
10	3. Amenities provided as part of street vacations may not be counted as amenities
11	for the purpose of achieving extra floor area.
12	C. Performance option
13	1. General provisions
14	a. An applicant electing to use the performance option shall provide the
15	amenity on the same lot as the development using the bonus floor area, except ((to the extent a
16	combined lot development is expressly permitted by the provisions of the zone and except for
17	green street improvements that shall be provided within two blocks of the lot.)) as follows:
18	1) The amenity is located on a lot that is included in a combined
19	lot development or a lot that is specified according to a Council approved development
20	agreement that is expressly permitted by the provisions of the zone;
21	2) The amenity is a green street improvement that is provided on a
22	designated green street within 1/4 of a mile of the lot; or

1	3) The amenity is a neighborhood open space in an SM-U zone
2	that is provided to satisfy the open space requirement for a large lot development under Section
3	23.48.650 on a site other than the project site in accordance with subsection 23.48.650.B.11. The
4	off-site open space provided to meet the open space requirement on the project site shall not be
5	used to meet the open space requirement or to provide a bonus for extra floor area for any other
6	lot other than the project site.
7	b. The maximum area of any amenity or combination of amenities
8	provided on a lot eligible for a bonus is established in this subsection 23.58A.040.C and may be
9	further limited by Sections 23.58A.012, 23.58A.022, or the provisions of the zone. Open space
10	amenities shall meet the standards of this subsection 23.58A.040.C in order to qualify for bonus
11	floor area, except as may be authorized by the Director under subsection ((23.58A.040.C.4))
12	23.58A.040.C.5. An open space amenity may also qualify as a required residential amenity or
13	other open space requirement to the extent permitted by the provisions of the zone.
14	((b)) 2. Amenities in Downtown zones in South Downtown:
15	((1)) <u>a.</u> In Downtown zones in South Downtown, in order to qualify for
16	bonus residential floor area, amenity features shall satisfy the eligibility conditions of the
17	Downtown Amenity Standards, except as provided in subsection ((23.58A.040.C.1.b.2))
18	23.58A.040.C.2.b, and shall be consistent with the guidelines of the Downtown Amenity
19	Standards.
20	((2))) <u>b.</u> The Director may allow ((departures)) <u>modifications</u> from the
21	eligibility conditions of the Downtown Amenity Standards, as a Type I decision, if the applicant
22	demonstrates that the amenity better achieves the intent of the Downtown Amenity Standards for

amount of open space required to mitigate that impact in the Highrise zone is 0.14 square feet of

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open space amenity per square foot of bonus residential floor area, unless the Director

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determines, as a Type I decision, that a different ratio applies based on consideration of one or both of the following:

a. ((the)) The overall number or density of people anticipated to use or occupy the structure in which bonus floor area will be located, in relation to the total floor area of the structure, is different from the density level of approximately 1.32 persons per 1,000 residential gross square feet, which was used to establish the ratio in subsection 23.58A.040.C, such that a different amount of open space is needed to mitigate the impacts of development;

b. ((characteristics)) Characteristics or features of the development mitigate the impacts that the anticipated population using or occupying the structure in which bonus floor area will be located would otherwise have on open space needs.

((4))5. Standards for open space amenities. The following standards apply to open space amenities, except as otherwise specifically stated in the provisions of the zone.

a. Public access

1) Public access for open space amenities in Downtown zones is regulated pursuant to subsection ((23.58A.040.C.1.b)) 23.58A.040.C.2.

2) Except for green street improvements, open space amenities not in Downtown zones shall be open to the public, without charge, each day of the year for a minimum of ten hours each day for a neighborhood open space and for a mid-block corridor in SM-U zones in the University Community Urban Center, and 24 hours each day of the year for a green street setback. The hours of public access identified above shall be during daylight hours, unless there are insufficient daylight hours, in which case the open space shall also be open during nighttime hours for the balance of the hours the open space is to remain open. Public

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access may be limited temporarily during hours that are otherwise required to be open to the public for necessary maintenance or for reasons of public safety.

3) Within the open space, property owners, tenants, and their agents shall allow members of the public to engage in activities allowed in the public sidewalk environment, except that those activities that would require a street use permit if conducted on the sidewalk may be excluded or restricted. Free speech activities such as hand billing, signature gathering, and holding signs, all without obstructing access to the space, any building, or other adjacent features, and without unreasonably interfering with the enjoyment of the space by others, shall be allowed. While engaged in allowed activities, members of the public may not be asked to leave for any reason other than conduct that unreasonably interferes with the enjoyment of the space by others unless the space is being closed to the general public consistent with this subsection 23.58A.040.C. No parking, storage, or other use may be established on or above the surface of the open space except as provided in subsection ((23.58A.040.C.4.b.2.f)) 23.58A.040.C.5.b.2.f. Use by motor vehicles of open space for which bonus floor area is granted is not permitted. The open space shall be identified clearly with the City's public open space logo on a plaque placed at a visible location at each street entrance providing access to the amenity. The plaque shall indicate, in letters legible to passersby, the nature of the bonus amenity, its availability for general public access, and additional directional information as needed.

b. Standards for neighborhood open space

1) Neighborhood open space in Downtown zones in South

Downtown ((are)) is regulated pursuant to subsection ((23.58A.040.C.1.b)) 23.58A.040.C.2.

2) Neighborhood open space not in Downtown zones used to qualify for bonus floor area shall meet the conditions in this subsection ((23.58A.040.C.4.b.2))

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1	23.58A.040.C.5.b.2, unless ((an exception)) a modification is ((granted)) allowed by the Director
2	as a Type I decision, based on the Director's determination that, relative to the strict application
3	of the standards, the exception will result in improved public access and use of the space or a
4	better integration of the space with surrounding development.
5	a) The open space shall comply with the applicable
6	provisions of this Section 23.58A.040. The open space shall consist of one continuous area with
7	a minimum of 3,000 square feet and a minimum horizontal dimension of 10 feet.
8	b) A minimum of 35 percent of the open space shall be
9	landscaped with grass, ground cover, bushes, and/or trees.
10	c) Either permanent or movable seating in an amount
11	equivalent to 1 lineal foot for every 200 square feet of open space shall be available for public
12	use during hours of public access.
13	d) The open space shall be located and configured to
14	maximize solar exposure to the space, allow easy access from streets or other abutting public
15	spaces, including access for persons with disabilities, and allow convenient pedestrian circulation
16	through all portions of the open space. The open space shall have a minimum frontage of 30 feet
17	at grade abutting a sidewalk, and be visible from sidewalks on at least one street.
18	e) The open space shall be provided at ground level, except
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	that in order to provide level open spaces on steep lots, some separation of multiple levels may
20	be allowed, provided they are physically and visually connected and accessible to persons with
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	be allowed, provided they are physically and visually connected and accessible to persons with
21	be allowed, provided they are physically and visually connected and accessible to persons with disabilities.

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structures, such as retail kiosks, pavilions, or pedestrian shelters; structural overhangs; overhead arcades or other forms of overhead weather protection; and any other features approved by the Director that contribute to pedestrian comfort and active use of the space. The following elements within the open space area may count as open space and are not subject to the percentage coverage limit: temporary kiosks and pavilions, public art, permanent seating that is not reserved for any commercial use, exterior stairs and mechanical assists that provide access to public areas and are available for public use, and any similar features approved by the Director. Seating or tables, or both, may be provided and reserved for customers of restaurants or other uses abutting the open space, but the area reserved for customer seating shall not exceed 15 percent of the open space area or 500 square feet, whichever is less. c. Standards for green street setbacks 1) Green street setbacks in Downtown zones in South Downtown are regulated pursuant to subsection ((23.58A.040.C.1.b)) 23.58A.040.C.2. 2) Green street setbacks in Downtown zones outside South Downtown are regulated pursuant to Section 23.49.013. 3) Green street setbacks not in Downtown zones shall meet the following standards: a) Where permitted by the provisions of the zone, bonus floor area may be gained for green street setbacks by development on lots abutting those street segments that are listed or shown as green streets in the provisions of the zone. b) A green street setback shall be provided as a setback from a lot line abutting a designated green street. The setback shall be continuous for the length of the frontage of the lot abutting the green street, and a minimum of 50 percent of the setback

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1	area ((eligible for a bonus)) shall be landscaped. The area of any driveways in the setback area is	
2	not included in the bonusable area. For area eligible for a bonus, the average setback from the	
3	abutting green street lot line shall not exceed 10 feet, with a maximum setback of 15 feet. The	
4	design of the setback area shall allow for public access, such as access to street_level uses in	
5	abutting structures or access to areas for seating. The Director may ((grant an exception))	
6	approve a modification to the standards in this subsection ((23.58A.040.C.4.e.3.b))	
7	23.58A.040.C.5.c.3.b as a Type I decision, based on the Director's determination that the	
8	((exception)) modification is consistent with a green street concept plan, if one exists, established	
9	in accordance with ((Directors Report DR)) Director's Rule 11-2007, or a successor rule.	
10	d. Standards for green street improvement. Green street improvements	
11	used to qualify for bonus floor area shall be located on a designated green street and shall meet	
12	the standards of a city-approved streetscape concept plan or other design document approved by	
13	the Director.	
14	e. Standards for mid-block corridor((-))	
15	1) Mid-block corridors used to qualify for bonus floor area in	
16	Downtown zones in South Downtown are regulated pursuant to subsection ((23.58A.040.C.1.b))	
17	<u>23.58A.040.C.2</u> .	
18	2) Mid-block corridors used to qualify for bonus floor area in the	
19	Mount Baker Station Area must meet the requirements in the Downtown Amenity Standards.	
20	3) Mid-block corridors used to qualify for bonus floor area in the	
21	SM-U zones within the University Community Urban Center shall meet the applicable	
22	requirements of subsection 23.58A.040.C and the requirements of subsection 23.48.640.E.	

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f. Standards for hillside terrace. A hillside terrace used to qualify for bonus floor area in South Lake Union <u>Urban Center</u> or in Downtown zones in South Downtown ((are)) is regulated pursuant to subsection ((23.58A.040.C.1.b)) 23.58A.040.C.2.

g. Declaration. If open space is to be provided for purposes of obtaining bonus floor area, the owners of the lot using the bonus floor area, and of the lot where the open space is provided, if different, shall execute and record a declaration and voluntary agreement in a form acceptable to the Director identifying the bonus amenities; acknowledging that the right to develop and occupy a portion of the gross floor area on the lot using the bonus floor area is based upon the long-term provision and maintenance of the open space and that development is restricted in the open space; and committing to provide and maintain the open space.

h. Identification

1) Open space amenities in Downtown zones in South Downtown shall meet the identification conditions of the Downtown Amenity Standards.

2) Open space amenities not in Downtown zones shall be identified clearly with the City's public open space logo on a plaque placed at a visible location at each street entrance providing access to the amenity. The plaque shall indicate, in letters legible to passersby, the nature of the bonus amenity, its availability for general public access, and additional directional information as needed.

i. Duration; alteration. Except as provided for in this subsection ((23.58A.040.C.4.i)) 23.58A.040.C.5.i, the owners of the lot using the bonus floor area and of the lot where the open space amenity is located, if different, including all successors, shall provide and maintain the open space amenities for which bonus floor area is granted, in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Section 23.58A.040, for as long as the bonus

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1 floor area gained by the open space amenities exists. An open space amenity for which bonus

2 | floor area has been granted may be altered or removed only to the extent that either or both of the

following occur, and alteration or removal may be further restricted by the provisions of the zone

and by conditions of any applicable permit:

1) The bonus floor area permitted in return for the specific open space amenity is removed or converted to a use for which bonus floor area is not required under the provisions of the zone; or

2) An amount of bonus floor area equal to that allowed for the open space amenity that is to be altered or removed is provided through alternative means consistent with the provisions of the zone and provisions for allowing bonus floor area in this Chapter 23.58A.

D. Payment option

- 1. There is no payment_in_lieu option for open space amenities other than neighborhood open space.
 - 2. Payment_in_lieu of providing neighborhood open space:

a. In lieu of all or part of the performance option for neighborhood open space, an applicant may pay to the City an amount determined pursuant to this subsection 23.58A.040.D if the Director determines that the payment will contribute to public open space improvements abutting the lot or in the vicinity; that the improvements will meet the additional need for open space caused by the development and are feasible within a reasonable time; and that the applicant agrees to the specific improvements or to the general nature and location of the improvements.

1	b. The amount of the payment is determined by multiplying the number of
2	square feet of land that would be provided as neighborhood open space, by the sum of an
3	estimated land value per square foot based on recent transactions in the area and an average
4	square foot cost for open space improvements. The dollar amount per square foot shall be
5	determined by the Director based on any relevant information submitted by the applicant, and
6	any other data related to land values and costs that the Director considers reliable.
7	c. Cash payments shall be made prior to issuance and as a condition to
8	issuance of any permit after the first building permit for a development and before any permit for
9	any construction activity other than excavation and shoring is issued.
10	d. Any payment-in-lieu of providing neighborhood open space shall be
11	deposited in a dedicated fund or account solely to support acquisition or development of public
12	open space within $((0.25))$ $1/4$ mile of the lot using the bonus floor area, or within another area
13	prescribed by the provisions of the zone, or at another location where the applicant and the
14	Director agree that it will mitigate the direct impacts of the development, and the payment shall
15	be expended within five years of receipt for such purposes.
16	Section 25. Section 23.58A.042 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
17	124172, is amended as follows:
18	23.58A.042 Transferable development potential (TDP) and rights (TDR)
19	A. Scope and applicability
20	1. This Section 23.58A.042 contains rules for TDP and TDR when their transfer
21	or use is authorized by other provisions of this Title 23 that specifically refer to provisions of this
22	Chapter 23.58A.

2. Whether a lot may be eligible as a TDP or TDR sending site is determined by the provisions of the zone in which the lot is located. To be eligible as a sending lot for a specific category of TDP or TDR defined in this Chapter 23.58A, the lot shall satisfy the applicable conditions of this Section 23.58A.042 and definitions in Chapter 23.84A except to the extent otherwise expressly stated in the provisions of the zone. Whether a lot is eligible as a TDP or TDR receiving lot, whether the lot may receive TDP or TDR from another lot, and what categories of TDP or TDR the lot may receive are determined by the provisions of the zone. The transfer and use of TDP or TDR on any receiving lot are subject to the limits and conditions in this Chapter 23.58A, the provisions of the zone, and all other applicable provisions of this Title 23.

B. General standards for sending lots

- 1. TDP calculation. The maximum amount of TDP floor area that may be transferred from a sending lot is the amount by which the residential floor area allowed under the base floor area ratio (FAR), or floor area that could be allowed under the base residential height as determined by the Director if no base residential floor area exists, exceeds the sum of:
 - a. ((any)) Any nonexempt floor area existing on the sending lot; plus
 - b. ((any)) Any TDP or TDR previously transferred from the sending lot.
- 2. TDR calculation. The maximum amount of TDR floor area that may be transferred from a sending lot is the amount by which the non-residential floor area allowed under the base ((floor area ratio)) FAR of the sending lot exceeds the sum of:
 - a. ((any)) Any nonexempt floor area existing on the sending lot; plus
 - b. ((any)) Any TDP or TDR previously transferred from the sending lot.

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1	3. Floor area limit after transfer. After TDP or TDR is transferred from a sending	
2	lot, the total amount of residential and non-residential floor area that may then be established on	
3	the sending lot, other than floor area exempt from limits on floor area under the provisions of the	
4	zone, shall be as follows:	
5	a. The amount of residential floor area that may be established shall be the	
6	base residential floor area, or floor area that could be allowed under the base residential height as	
7	determined by the Director if no base residential floor area exists, plus any net amount of TDP	
8	previously transferred to that lot, minus the total of the existing nonexempt floor area on the lot	
9	and the amount of TDP or TDR transferred from the lot; and	
10	b. The amount of non-residential floor area that may be established shall	
11	be the base non-residential floor area, plus any net amount of TDR previously transferred to that	
12	lot, minus the total of the existing nonexempt floor area on the lot and the amount of TDP or	
13	TDR transferred from the lot.	
14	C. Standards for Landmark TDP or TDR sending lots. Landmark structures on sending	
15	lots from which Landmark TDP or TDR is transferred shall be rehabilitated and maintained as	
16	required by the Landmarks Preservation Board.	
17	D. Standards for open space TDP or TDR sending sites. The following standards apply	
18	unless provisions of the zone state otherwise:	
19	1. General conditions. Open space TDP or TDR sites shall meet the following	
20	conditions, unless an exception is granted by the Director through subsection 23.58A.042.D.2:	
21	a. Each portion of the open space shall be accessible from each other	
22	portion of the open space without leaving the open space.	
23	b. The open space shall have a minimum area of 5,000 square feet.	

during hours that are otherwise required to be open to the public for necessary maintenance or for reasons of public safety.

k. Within the open space, property owners, tenants, and their agents shall allow members of the public to engage in activities allowed in the public sidewalk environment, except that those activities that would require a street use permit if conducted on the sidewalk may be excluded or restricted. Free speech activities such as hand billing, signature gathering, and holding signs, all without obstructing access to the space, any building, or other adjacent features, and without unreasonably interfering with the enjoyment of the space by others, shall be allowed. While engaged in allowed activities, members of the public may not be asked to leave for any reason other than conduct that unreasonably interferes with the enjoyment of the space by others unless the space is being closed to the general public consistent with subsection 23.58A.042.D.1.j.

l. The open space shall be identified clearly with the City's public open space logo on a plaque placed at a visible location at each street entrance providing access to the amenity. The plaque shall indicate, in letters legible to passersby, the nature of the bonus amenity, its availability for general public access, and additional directional information as needed.

m. Unless the open space will be in public ownership, the applicant shall make adequate provision to ensure the permanent maintenance of the open space.

2. Special exception for open space TDP or TDR sites. The Director may grant, or grant with conditions, an exception to the standards for open space TDP or TDR sites in this subsection 23.58A.042.D and any applicable Director's ((Rules)) rules, as a special exception pursuant to Chapter 23.76, Procedures for Master Use Permit and Council Land Use Decisions.

In determining whether to grant, grant with conditions, or deny a request for special exception under this subsection 23.58A.042.D.2, the Director shall consider:

a. ((the)) The extent to which the exception would result in an open space TDP or TDR site that better meets the intent of the provisions of this subsection 23.58A.042.D; and

b. ((the)) The extent to which the exception would allow the design of the open space to take advantage of unusual site characteristics or conditions in the surrounding area, such as views and relationship to surroundings.

3. After any TDP or TDR is transferred from an open space TDP or TDR site, lot coverage by structures shall be permanently limited to 20 percent, or any greater amount that was allowed as a special exception prior to the transfer, and no development shall be permitted that would be inconsistent with the standards under which it was approved as an open space TDP or TDR sending site.

E. Standards for ((Housing)) housing TDR sending lots

- 1. Housing on lots from which housing TDR is transferred shall be rehabilitated to the extent required to provide decent, sanitary, and habitable conditions, in compliance with applicable codes, and so as to have an estimated minimum useful life of at least 50 years from the time of the TDR transfer, as approved by the Director of Housing. If housing TDR is proposed to be transferred prior to the completion of work necessary to satisfy this subsection 23.58A.042.E, the Director of Housing may require, as a condition to such transfer, that security be deposited with the City to ensure the completion of such work.
- 2. The housing units on a lot from which housing TDR is transferred, and that are committed to affordable housing as a condition to eligibility of the lot as a TDR sending site,

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1	shall be generally comparable in their average size and quality of construction to other housing
2	units in the same structure, in the judgment of the Director of Housing, after completion of any
3	rehabilitation or construction undertaken in order to qualify as a TDR sending lot.
4	3. For transfers of housing TDR, the owner of the sending lot shall execute and
5	record an agreement, with the written consent of all holders of encumbrances on the sending lot,
6	unless such consent is waived by the Director of Housing for good cause, to provide for the
7	maintenance of the required housing on the sending lot for a minimum of 50 years. Such
8	agreement shall commit to limits on rent and occupancy consistent with the definition of housing
9	TDR site and acceptable to the Director of Housing.
10	F. Standards for vulnerable masonry structure TDR or TDP sending lots. Within the
11	portion of the University Community Urban Center west of 15th Avenue NE, TDR and TDP may
12	be transferred from lots that comply with the following conditions:
13	1. The sending lot is located in an SM-U zone or an NC3 or NC3P zone with a
14	mapped height limit of 55 feet or greater;
15	2. The lot includes a structure that contributes to the historic architectural context
16	of the neighborhood, as indicated by being included in the Department of Neighborhood's
17	(DON) Historic Resource Survey, and is structurally at risk, as indicated by being included on a
18	list of structures meeting specific criteria in a rule promulgated by the Director according to
19	Section 23.48.627; and
20	3. The qualifying structure on the sending lot shall be retained as follows for a
21	minimum of 50 years:
22	a. The structure shall be rehabilitated and maintained to comply with all

applicable codes;

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1	b. All exterior facades shall be retained; except that portions of a new
2	structure may abut facades that are not street-facing facades or that set back a minimum of 30
3	feet from a street lot line that is generally parallel to the facade, and connections between the
4	new structure and the facades of the retained structure are allowed; and
5	c. Additions or alterations to the structure that extend the useful physical
6	life or economic viability of the structure are permitted, provided that:
7	1) The additions do not significantly alter the original structural
8	system or result in significant alterations to any historic or architectural characteristics of the
9	exterior appearance of the structure as documented in the DON historic resource survey, except
10	as may be required to comply with applicable codes; and
11	2) The total floor area of any additions to the original structure,
12	excluding floor area added to reclaim floor area that may have been removed from the original
13	structure over time, does not exceed one story in height and the equivalent of 0.5 FAR, as
14	calculated on the lot on which the structure was originally permitted.
15	4. If development rights from a lot certified by the Department as a vulnerable
16	masonry structure sending site have not been sold within three years of certification, the lot must
17	be recertified by the Department to determine that the structure continues to qualify as an eligible
18	sending site; and
19	5. The owner of the sending site must notify the Director when the initial sale of
20	development rights has occurred, and the rehabilitation work necessary to satisfy this subsection
21	23.58A.042.F must be completed within five years after this initial transaction. If the work is not
22	completed within the five-year period, the Director may allow one extension with the

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requirement that a security be deposited with the City in an amount determined by the Director to
ensure that the work is completed within a specified time.

6. For transfers of vulnerable masonry structure TDR and TDP, the owner of the sending lot shall execute and record an agreement, with the written consent of all holders of encumbrances on the sending lot, unless such consent is waived by the Director for good cause, to provide for the maintenance of the required structure on the sending lot a minimum of 50 years. Such agreement shall commit to limits on additions and modifications to the structure consistent with the provisions of this subsection 23.58A.042.F and acceptable to the Director.

((23.58A.042.F)) <u>23.58A.042.G</u> applies to TDP sending lots in South Downtown, in addition to the general provisions in this Section 23.58A.042.

1. Limit on open space TDP. The maximum amount of open space TDP that may be transferred from a sending lot is the amount by which three times the lot area exceeds the total gross floor area of all uses on the lot.

2. South Downtown Historic TDP

a. Only lots in the Pioneer Square Preservation District or the International Special Review District may qualify as sending lots for South Downtown Historic TDP.

b. In order to be eligible to send South Downtown Historic TDP, a lot shall contain a structure that includes at least 5,000 gross square feet in above-grade floor area and has been finally determined to be a contributing structure under Section 23.66.032 within no more than three years prior to the recording of the deed conveying the TDP from the sending lot.

- c. Contributing structures on a sending lot from which South Downtown
- 2 Historic TDP is transferred shall be rehabilitated and maintained in accordance with an
- 3 | agreement pursuant to subsection ((23.58A.042.J.3)) 23.58A.042.K.3.
 - d. South Downtown Historic TDP shall not be transferred from a lot from which South Downtown Historic TDR has been transferred or from a lot on which any bonus floor area has been established based on the presence of a contributing structure.
 - 3. Limit on combined TDR and TDP. A cumulative combination of TDR and TDP exceeding a total of six times the lot area may not be transferred from any lot.
 - ((G)) <u>H</u>. TDP or TDR required before construction. No permit after the first building permit, no permit for any construction activity other than excavation and shoring, and no permit for occupancy of existing floor area by any use based upon TDP or TDR will be issued for development that includes TDP or TDR until the applicant's possession of TDP or TDR is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Director.
 - ((H)) <u>I</u>. Time of determination of TDP or TDR eligible for transfer. The eligibility of a sending lot to transfer TDP or TDR, and the amount transferable from a sending lot, shall be determined as of the date of transfer from the sending lot and shall not be affected by the date of any application, permit decision, or other action for any development seeking to use the TDP or TDR.
 - ((1)) <u>J.</u> Reservation in deed. Any TDP or TDR eligible for transfer may be reserved in the conveyance of title to an eligible sending lot, by the express terms of the deed or other instrument of conveyance reserving a specified amount of TDP or TDR, provided that an instrument acceptable to the Director is recorded binding the lot to the terms and conditions for eligibility to send TDP or TDR under this Section 23.58A.042. Any TDP or TDR so reserved

shall be considered transferred from that lot and later may be conveyed by deed without participation of the owner of the lot.

((J)) K. TDP or TDR deeds and agreements

- 1. The fee owners of the sending lot shall execute a deed and shall obtain the release of the TDP or TDR from all liens of record and the written consent of all holders of encumbrances on the sending lot other than easements and restrictions, unless the requirement for a release or consent is waived by the Director for good cause. The deed shall be recorded in the King County real property records. If TDP or TDR is conveyed to the owner of a receiving lot described in the deed, the TDP or TDR shall pass with the receiving lot, whether or not a structure using the TDP or TDR shall have been permitted or built prior to any conveyance of the receiving lot, unless otherwise expressly stated in the deed or any subsequent instrument conveying the lot or the TDP or TDR. Any subsequent conveyance of TDP or TDR previously conveyed to a receiving lot shall require the written consent of all parties holding any interest in or lien on the receiving lot from which the conveyance is made. If the TDP or TDR is transferred other than directly from the sending lot to the receiving lot using the TDP or TDR, then after the initial transfer, all subsequent transfers also shall be by deed, duly executed, acknowledged and recorded, each referring by King County recording number to the prior deed.
- 2. Any person may purchase any TDP or TDR that is eligible for transfer by complying with the applicable provisions of this Section 23.58A.042, whether or not the purchaser is then an applicant for a permit to develop real property or is the owner of any potential receiving lot. Any purchaser of the TDP or TDR (including any successor or assignee) may use the TDP or TDR to obtain floor area above the applicable base height limit or base floor area limit on a receiving lot to the extent that use of TDP or TDR is permitted under the Land

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Use Code provisions applicable with respect to the issuance of permits for development of the development intended to use the TDP or TDR. The Director may require, as a condition of processing any permit application using TDP or TDR or for the release of any security posted in lieu of a deed for TDP or TDR to the receiving lot, that the owner of the receiving lot demonstrate that the TDP or TDR has been validly transferred of record to the receiving lot, and that the owner has recorded in the real estate records a notice of the filing of such permit application, stating that the TDP or TDR is not available for retransfer.

3. As a condition to the effective transfer of Landmark TDP or TDR or South Downtown Historic TDP, except from a City-owned sending lot, the fee owner of the sending lot shall execute and record an agreement running with the land, in form and content acceptable to, and accepted in writing by, the Director of Neighborhoods, providing for the rehabilitation and maintenance of the historically significant or other relevant features of the structure or structures on the lot and acknowledging the restrictions on future development resulting from the transfer. The Director may require evidence that each holder of a lien has effectively subordinated the lien to the terms of the agreement, and that any holders of interests in the property have agreed to its terms. To the extent that a Landmark structure on the sending lot, or a contributing structure on a sending lot in a special review district requires restoration or rehabilitation for the long-term preservation of the structure or its historically or architecturally significant features, the Director of Neighborhoods may require, as a condition to acceptance of the necessary agreement, that the owner of the sending site apply for and obtain a certificate of approval from the Landmarks Preservation Board, or from the Director of Neighborhoods after review by the Pioneer Square Preservation Board or International Special Review District Board, as applicable, for the

Table A for 23.58B.040

Payment calculation amounts:

In Downtown, ((and)) SM-SLU, and SM-U zones

Zone	Payment calculation amount per square foot
DH1/45	Not applicable
DH2/55	\$14.25
DH2/65	\$15.00
DH2/85	\$15.25
DMC-65	\$8.25
DMC-85	\$8.00
DMC 85/65-150	\$11.75
DMC-125	\$10.00
DMC-160	\$8.00
DMC 240/290-400	\$10.00
DMC 340/290-400	\$12.50
DOC1 U/450/U	\$14.75
DOC2 500/300-500	\$14.25
DRC 85-150	\$13.50
DMR/C 65/65-85	\$9.75
DMR/C 65/65-150	\$9.75
DMR/C 85/65	\$17.50
DMR/C 125/65	\$17.50
DMR/C 240/125	\$14.25
DMR/R 85/65	\$14.00
DMR/R 125/65	\$16.00
DMR/R 240/65	\$16.00
All IDM zones	\$8.00
IDR 45/125-240	\$10.00
IDR 150	\$10.00
IDR/C 125/150-240	\$8.00
PMM-85	Not applicable

Table A for 23.58B.040

Payment calculation amounts:

In Downtown, ((and)) SM-SLU, and SM-U zones

Zone	Payment calculation amount per square foot
PSM 100/100-120	\$11.00
PSM 100/100-130	\$11.00
PSM 100/120-150	\$11.00
PSM-100	\$11.00
PSM-245	\$10.25
PSM-85-120	\$12.25
SM-SLU 85/65-125	\$8.00
SM-SLU 85/65-160	Not applicable
SM-SLU 85-240	Not applicable
SM-SLU 160/85-240	\$11.25
SM-SLU 240/125-400	\$10.00
SM-SLU/R 55/85	\$8.25
SM-85	\$8.00
SM-125	\$8.00
SM-U 85	[RESERVED]
SM-U/R 75-240	[RESERVED]
SM-U 75-240	[RESERVED]
SM-U 95-320	[RESERVED]

Table B for 23.58B.040

Payment calculation amounts:

Outside Downtown, ((and)) SM-SLU, and SM-U zones

Zone	Payment calculation amount per square $foot^{\underline{1}}$		
	Low	Medium	High
All ((industrial buffer)) Industrial Buffer zones (IB)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Table B for 23.58B.040

Payment calculation amounts:

Outside Downtown, ((and)) SM-SLU, and SM-U zones

Zone	Payment calculation amount per square foot $\frac{1}{2}$		
	Low	Medium	High
All ((industrial general)) Industrial General zones (IG)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
All ((master planned communities)) Master Planned Communities – Yesler Terrace zones (MPC-YT)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
IC 85-160	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00
Zones with a (M) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]
Zones with a (M1) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]
Zones with a (M2) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]
Other zones where provisions refer to Chapter 23.58B	\$5.00	\$7.00	\$8.00

Footnote to Table B for 23.58B.040

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2. Automatic adjustments to payment amounts. On March 1, 2016, and on the

same day each year thereafter, the amounts for payment calculations according to Table A and

Table B for 23.58B.040 shall automatically adjust in proportion to the annual change for the

previous calendar year (January 1 through December 31) in the Consumer Price Index, All

Urban Consumers, Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA, All Items (1982-1984 = 100), as determined

by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics or successor index.

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¹Area within the University Community Urban Center is medium.

- 1 conversion factor for unit size as determined by the Director, the applicant shall provide a cash
- 2 | contribution using the payment option according to subsection 23.58B.040.A.

Table A for 23.58B.050 Performance calculation amounts: In Downtown, ((and)) SM-SLU, and SM-U zones

Zone	Performance calculation amount per square foot
DH1/45	Not applicable
DH2/55	8.6%
DH2/65	9.1%
DH2/85	9.2%
DMC-65	5.0%
DMC-85	5.0%
DMC 85/65-150	7.1%
DMC-125	6.1%
DMC-160	5.0%
DMC 240/290-400	6.1%
DMC 340/290-400	7.6%
DOC1 U/450/U	8.9%
DOC2 500/300-500	8.6%
DRC 85-150	8.2%
DMR/C 65/65-85	5.9%
DMR/C 65/65-150	5.9%
DMR/C 85/65	10.6%
DMR/C 125/65	10.6%
DMR/C 240/125	8.6%
DMR/R 85/65	8.5%
DMR/R 125/65	9.7%
DMR/R 240/65	9.7%
All IDM zones	5.0%
IDR 45/125-240	6.1%

Table A for 23.58B.050

Performance calculation amounts:

In Downtown, ((and)) SM-SLU, and SM-U zones

Zone	Performance calculation amount per square foot
IDR 150	6.1%
IDR/C 125/150-240	5.0%
PMM-85	Not applicable
PSM 100/100-120	6.7%
PSM 100/100-130	6.7%
PSM 100/120-150	6.7%
PSM-100	6.7%
PSM-245	6.2%
PSM-85-120	7.4%
SM-SLU 85/65-125	5.0%
SM-SLU 85/65-160	Not applicable
SM-SLU 85-240	Not applicable
SM-SLU 160/85-240	6.8%
SM-SLU 240/125-400	6.1%
SM-SLU/R 55/85	5.0%
SM-85	5.0%
SM-125	5.0%
<u>SM-U 85</u>	[RESERVED]
SM-U/R 75-240	[RESERVED]
SM-U 75-240	[RESERVED]
<u>SM-U 95-320</u>	[RESERVED]

Table B for 23.58B.050

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Outside Downtown, ((and))

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		Low	<u>Medium</u>	<u>High</u>
Per	Ormance calculation amounts SM-SLU Industrial Buffer zones (IB)	<u>, and SM-U</u> zones Not applicable e calculation amount per square fo	Not applicable	Not applicable
	All ((industrial general)) Industrial General zones (IG)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	All ((master planned communities)) Master Planned Communities – Yesler Terrace zones (MPC-YT)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	IC 85-160	6.1%	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]
	Zones with a (M) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]
	Zones with a (M1) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]
	Zones with a (M2) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]
	Other zones where provisions refer to Chapter 23.58B	5.0%	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]

Footnotes to Table B for 23.58B.050

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2 Map A for 23.58B.050
3 Payment and performance areas: high, medium, and low

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[RESERVED]

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¹Area within the University Community Urban Center is medium.

Section 28. Section 23.58C.035 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 125108, is amended as follows:

23.58C.035 Modification of payment/performance amounts

A. General

- 1. An applicant may request a modification, according to this Section 23.58C.035, of the amount of payment required according to subsection 23.58C.040.A or the amount of performance required according to subsection 23.58C.050.A.
- 2. An applicant requesting a modification according to subsection

 ((23.58C.035.B)) 23.58C.035.B.2 shall have requested any available relief according to [CODE SECTION RESERVED], and the Director will evaluate relief according to [CODE SECTION RESERVED] before evaluating a modification according to subsection ((23.58C.035.B))

 23.58C.035.B.2. An applicant requesting a modification according to subsection 23.58C.035.C shall have requested ((any available relief according to [CODE SECTION RESERVED] and))

 any available modification according to subsection 23.58C.035.B, and the Director will evaluate ((relief according to [CODE SECTION RESERVED] and))) a modification according to subsection 23.58C.035.B before evaluating a modification according to subsection 23.58C.035.C.
- 3. The decision on any modification according to subsection 23.58C.035.B or subsection 23.58C.035.C shall specify a per-square-foot payment amount for the development and/or a percentage of units in each structure that shall meet the requirements of subsection 23.58C.050.C, as applicable, that can be applied to the final plans for the development or, in the case of a modification according to subsection 23.58C.035.C, an absolute payment amount for the development or number of units in each structure that shall meet the requirements according

economically beneficial use of the property; or

b. Create severe economic impact, not reaching deprivation of all economically beneficial use, but reaching the level of an undue burden that should not be borne by the property owner.

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1	4. In determining whether there is a severe economic impact reaching the level of
2	an undue burden that should not be borne by the property owner, the Director may weigh the
3	following nonexclusive factors:
4	a. The severity of the economic impact caused by the application of the
5	requirements of this Chapter 23.58C;
6	b. The degree to which the requirements of this Chapter 23.58C were or
7	could have been anticipated;
8	c. The extent to which alternative uses of the property or configurations of
9	the proposed development would alleviate the need for the requested waiver or reduction;
10	d. The extent to which any economic impact was due to decisions by the
11	applicant and/or property owner; and
12	e. Other factors relevant to whether the burden should be borne by the
13	property owner.
14	5. The waiver or reduction may be approved only to the extent necessary to grant
15	relief from the severe economic impact.
16	6. A request to the Director for a modification according to this subsection
17	23.58C.035.C shall include, at a minimum, all of the following:
18	a. A description of the requested waiver or reduction, including the
19	proposed payment or performance amount;
20	b. Documentation showing that any relief available according to [CODE
21	SECTION RESERVED] or subsection 23.58C.035.B would not eliminate the need for the
22	requested waiver or reduction;

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1	c. The identity of the property owner and the date of the owner's
2	acquisition of the property;
3	d. Documentation showing the use of the property at the time of the
4	request or, if the property is vacant at that time, the use of the property prior to commencement
5	of vacancy;
6	e. Documentation explaining and supporting the claim of economic
7	impact; and
8	f. Documentation showing that a different development configuration that
9	satisfied the requirements of this Chapter 23.58C would not alleviate the need for the requested
10	waiver or reduction.
11	7. The applicant shall provide any additional information as may be required by
12	the Director to make a determination on the request. The applicant shall have the burden of
13	proving by a preponderance of the evidence that a waiver or reduction authorized according to
14	this subsection 23.58C.035.C is justified.
15	8. None of the following, standing alone and without consideration of the full
16	range of relevant factors including those according to subsection 23.58C.035.C.4, shall be a
17	sufficient basis for the Director to grant a waiver or reduction authorized according to this
18	subsection 23.58C.035.C:
19	a. The fact of a decrease in property value;
20	b. The fact that a property owner is unable to utilize the full amount of any
2.1	increase in residential development capacity enacted in connection with implementation of this

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Chapter 23.58C in the zone in which the property is located; or

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1	c. The fact that any such increase in residential development capacity,
2	combined with the requirements of this Chapter 23.58C, did not leave the property owner in a
3	better financial position than would have been the case with no increase in residential
4	development capacity and no application of the requirements of this Chapter 23.58C.
5	9. In any appeal to the Hearing Examiner, the parties will have an additional
6	opportunity to make a record on the factual issues consistent with due process.
7	Section 29. Subsection 23.58C.040.A of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was
8	enacted by Ordinance 125108, is amended as follows:
9	23.58C.040 Affordable housing – ((Payment)) payment option
10	A. Payment amount
11	1. An applicant complying with this Chapter 23.58C through the payment option
12	shall provide a cash contribution to the City, calculated by multiplying the payment amount per
13	square foot according to Table A or Table B for 23.58C.040 and Map A for 23.58C.050, as
14	applicable, by the total gross floor area in the development, excluding the floor area of parking
15	located in stories or portions of stories that are underground, as follows:
16	a. In the case of construction of a new structure, the gross floor area in
17	residential use and the gross floor area of live-work units;
18	b. In the case of construction of an addition to an existing structure that
19	results in an increase in the total number of units within the structure, the gross floor area in
20	residential use and the gross floor area of live-work units in the addition;
21	c. In the case of alterations within an existing structure that result in an
22	increase in the total number of units within the structure, the gross floor area calculated by
23	dividing the total gross floor area in residential use and gross floor area of live-work units by the

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- 1 total number of units in the proposed development, and multiplying that quotient by the net
- 2 increase in units in the structure;
 - d. In the case of change of use that results in an increase in the total
- 4 number of units, the gross floor area that changed to residential use or live-work units; or
 - e. Any combination of the above.

Table A for 23.58C.040 Payment calculation amounts: ((inside)) In Downtown, ((and)) SM-SLU, and SM-U zones		
Zone ((category))	((Dollars per square foot of gross floor area according to subsection 23.58C.040.A.1)) Payment calculation amount per square foot	
(([RESERVED])) <u>SM-U 85</u>	[RESERVED]	
SM-U/R 75-240	[RESERVED]	
SM-U 75-240	[RESERVED]	
SM-U 95-320	[RESERVED]	

Table B for 23.58C.040

Payment ((calculation amounts)) <u>Calculation Amount</u>:

((outside)) Outside Downtown, ((and)) SM-SLU, and SM-U zones

Zone((-category))	((Dollars per square foot of gross floor area according to subsection 23.58C.040.A.1))Payment calculation amount per square foot ¹		
	Low	Medium	High
(([RESERVED])) Zones	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]
with a (M) suffix			
Zones with a (M1) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]
Zones with a (M2) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]

Footnotes to Table B for 23.58C.040

((The location of the zone, by low, medium, or high area, is as shown on Map A for 23.58C.050.))

¹Area within the University Community Urban Center is medium.

2. Automatic adjustments to ((initial)) payment amounts. On March 1, 2017, and

on the same day each year thereafter, the amounts for payment calculations according to Table A

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1 3. If the number of units that meet the requirements according to subsection 2 23.58C.050.C calculated according to subsection 23.58C.050.A.1 equals two or more and 3 includes a fraction of a unit, the applicant shall: 4 a. Round up to the nearest whole unit; or 5 b. Round down to the nearest whole unit and pay a cash contribution for 6 the fraction of a unit not otherwise provided, calculated by multiplying the amount per square 7 foot according to Table A or Table B for 23.58C.040 and Map A for 23.58C.050, as applicable, 8 by the total gross floor area to be developed as measured according to subsection 9 23.58C.040.A.1, multiplying that product by the fraction of a unit not provided, and dividing the 10 resulting number by the total number of units required to be provided based on the calculation 11 according to subsection 23.58C.050.A.1. Use of cash contributions according to this subsection 12 23.58C.050.A.3.b shall be governed according to subsection 23.58C.040.B. 13 4. When the applicant elects to comply with this Chapter 23.58C through the 14 performance option for a development that contains multiple structures and the calculation 15 according to subsection 23.58C.050.A.1 results in fractions of units in more than one structure, 16 the Director may, as a Type I decision in consultation with the Director of Housing, allow such 17 fractions of units to be combined, provided: 18 a. If the sum of the combined fractions of units calculated according to this subsection 23.58C.050.A.4 equals fewer than two, the applicant shall: 19 20 1) Round up to two units; or 21 2) Provide one dwelling unit that meets the requirements according 22 to subsection 23.58C.050.C that is three bedrooms or larger, as determined by the Director of Housing; 23

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b. If the sum of the c

b. If the sum of the combined fractions of units calculated according to this subsection 23.58C.050.A.4 equals two or more and includes a fraction of a unit, the applicant shall:

1) Round up to the nearest whole unit; or

2) Round down to the nearest whole unit and pay a cash contribution for the fraction of a unit not otherwise provided, calculated according to subsection 23.58C.050.A.3.b; and

c. The construction of the structure(s) containing the units that meet the requirements according to subsection 23.58C.050.C shall be completed at the same time or at an earlier time than completion of construction of other structures in the development containing units.

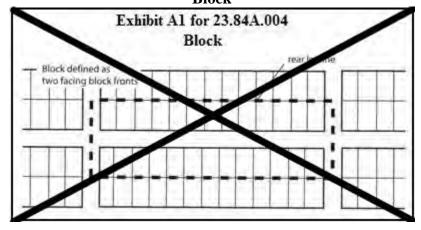
Table A for 23.58C.050 ((Affordable housing to be provided (performance option))) Performance calculation amounts: ((inside)) In Downtown, ((and)) SM-SLU, and SM-U zones		
Zone ((category))	Percentage of total units	
(([RESERVED])) <u>SM-U 85</u>	[RESERVED]	
SM-U/R-75-240	[RESERVED]	
SM-U 75-240	[RESERVED]	
SM-U 95-320	[RESERVED]	

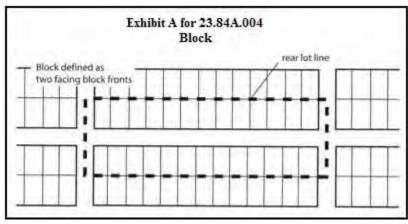
2 3

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Table B for 23.58C.050			
((Affordable housing to be provided (performance option))) Performance calculation amounts:			
((outside)) Outside Downtown, ((and)) SM-SLU, and SM-U zones			
Zone((-category))	Percentage of total		IIiah
(([RESERVED])) Zones	Low [RESERVED]	Medium [RESERVED]	High [RESERVED]
with a (M) suffix	[1120211 22]	[1000211, 22]	
Zones with a (M1) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]
Zones with a (M2) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]
Footnotes to Table B for 2	3.58C.050		
((The location of the zone, by low, medium, or high area, is as shown on Map A for			
$\frac{23.58C.050.}{1}$ Area within the University	sity Community Urb	on Center is medium	
Area within the University	sity Community C10a	an Center is medium.	
Payment of	Map A for 2	3.58C.050 eas: high, medium, ar	ad low
rayment a	mu performance are	eas: mgn, meulum, ar	iu iow
	[RESER	VED]	
	* * :	*	
Saatian 21 Saatian 20	0.61.000 - 6.4 641	- Manifelia I Cada I are	
Section 31. Section 23	0.01.008 of the Seattl	e Municipai Code, iast	amended by Ordinance
122311, is amended as follow	vs:		
23.61.008 Prohibited ((Uses	s)) <u>uses</u>		
The following uses are prohibited within an underlying commercial zone as both			
principal and accessory uses,	except as otherwise	noted:	
A. Drive-in businesses((, except as provided in 23.61.014, Nonconforming uses));			
* * *			
Section 32. Section 23.61.014 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance			
122311, is amended as follows:			
23.61.014 Nonconforming uses((;))			
((A. Expansion. Uses)) Within the station a	area overlay districts sh	nown in subsection
23.61.014.A, uses listed in ((his)) subsection 23.6	1.014.B may be expan	ded or extended by an

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1	5. The use at the new location is limited to one drive in lane; and		
2	6. The drive-in lane may not be located between the structure containing the bank		
3	use and a street right-of way.))		
4	Section 33. Section 23.84A.004 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by		
5	Ordinance 124883, is amended as follows:		
6	23.84A.004 "B((=))"		
7	* * *		
8	"Block((-))" In areas outside downtown and Seattle Mixed ((South Lake Union (SM-		
9	SLU))) SM zones, a block consists of two facing block fronts bounded on two sides by alleys or		
10	rear lot lines and on two sides by the centerline of platted streets, with no other intersecting		
11	streets intervening, as depicted in Exhibit ((A1)) A for 23.84A.004.		

Exhibit ((A1)) \underline{A} for 23.84A.004 Block





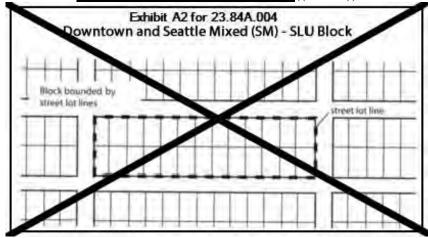
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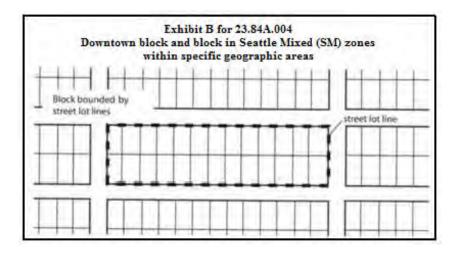
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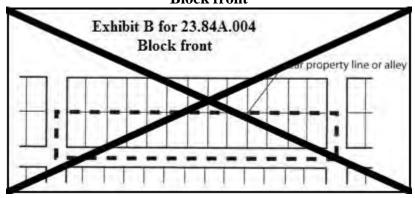
In downtown and Seattle Mixed ((South Lake Union (SM-SLU))) (SM) zones within specific geographic areas, a block consists of the area bounded by street lot lines, and may or may not be bisected by an alley, as depicted in Exhibit ((A2)) B for 23.84A.004.

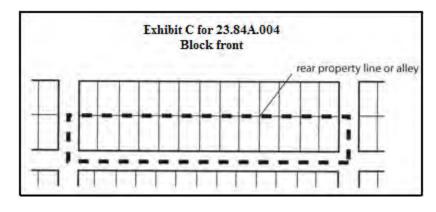




"Block front" means the land area along one side of a street bound on three sides by the centerline of platted streets and on the fourth side by an alley or rear lot lines (Exhibit ((B)) C for 23.84A.004). For blocks in Downtown zones and all Seattle Mixed (SM) zones within specific geographic areas, if there is no alley or rear lot line, a line that approximates the centerline of the block shall be used to establish the line dividing the two block fronts of the block, taking into consideration the location of vacated alleys on the block, if any, and the location and orientation of alleys and rear lot lines on surrounding blocks.

Exhibit ((B)) <u>C</u> for 23.84A.004 Block front





* * *

Section 34. Section 23.84A.025 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by

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8 **23.84A.025**((-)) "M"

Ordinance 124969, is amended as follows:

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* * *

"Mid-block corridor" means an amenity feature that provides open space and ((public access and circulation)) publicly accessible connections across extremely long blocks to mitigate transportation impacts of new development by improving pedestrian circulation in high density areas, including ((located in)) the South Lake Union Urban Center, the University Community

Urban Center west of 15th Avenue NE, and the Downtown Urban Center east of Interstate 5.

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1	Section 35. Section 23.84A.028 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by		
2	Ordinance 124952, is amended as follows:		
3	23.84A.028((-)) "O"		
4	***		
5	"Open space, landscaped" means exterior space, at ground level, predominantly open to		
6	public view and used for the planting of trees, shrubs, ground cover, and other natural vegetation		
7	and the installation of bioretention facilities.		
8	"Open space, neighborhood" means an amenity feature that provides usable open space		
9	to mitigate the impacts of new development on open space resources in high density areas and		
10	that promotes good urban form by including open space as an element of large scale		
11	development in such areas.		
12	* * *		
13	Section 36. Section 23.84A.038 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by		
14	Ordinance 124883, is amended as follows:		
15	23.84A.038 "T"		
16	"Tandem houses" means two unattached single-family dwelling units occupying the same		
17	lot.		
18	"Tandem parking" means one $(((1)))$ car parked behind another where aisles are not		
19	provided.		
20	"TDP" or "((transferable)) Transferable development potential" means base residential		
21	floor area, measured in square feet of gross floor area, that may be transferred from one lot to		

another according to provisions of this Title 23. These terms do not denote or imply that the

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owner of TDP has a legal or vested right to construct or develop any development or to establish any use.

"TDP, Landmark" means TDP transferred from, or transferable from, a lot based on its status as a Landmark TDP site.

"TDP, open space" means TDP transferred from, or transferable from, a lot based on its status as an open space TDP site.

"TDP, South Downtown Historic" means TDP transferred from, or transferable from, a lot based on its status as a South Downtown Historic TDP site.

"TDP, vulnerable masonry structure" means TDP transferred from, or transferable from, a lot based on its status as a vulnerable masonry structure TDP site.

"TDP site, Landmark" means a lot, in an area where the applicable provisions of the zone permit Landmark TDP to be transferred from a lot, that includes one or more structures designated wholly or in part as a ((landmark)) Landmark under Chapter 25.12 or its predecessor ordinance, if the owner of the ((landmark)) Landmark has executed and recorded an agreement acceptable in form and content to the Landmarks Preservation Board, providing for the restoration and maintenance of the historically significant features of the structure, and which lot includes no other structure that is not accessory to one or more of such structures.

"TDP site, open space" means a lot, in an area where the provisions of the zone permit open space TDP to be transferred from a lot, that satisfies the applicable standards for an open space TDP site in Chapter 23.58A and the provisions of the zone to the extent that an exception from those standards has not been granted.

"TDP site, South Downtown Historic" means a lot within the Pioneer Square

Preservation District or the International Special Review District that satisfies the conditions to
be a sending lot for South Downtown Historic TDP under Chapter 23.58A.

"TDP site, vulnerable masonry structure" means a lot in an area where the applicable provisions of the zone permit vulnerable masonry structure TDP to be transferred from a lot that satisfies the applicable standards for a vulnerable structure TDP site in subsection 23.58A.042.F and the provisions of the zone, to the extent that an exception from those standards has not been granted.

"TDR" or "Transferable development rights" means development potential, measured in square feet of gross floor area, that may be transferred from a lot pursuant to provisions of this Title 23. Such terms do not include regional development credits, nor do they include development capacity transferable between lots pursuant to Planned Community Development provisions. These terms do not denote or imply that the owner of TDR has a legal or vested right to construction or develop any development or to establish any use.

"TDR, arts facility" means either TDR from a major performing arts facility that are transferable pursuant to ((Section 23.49.014 G)) subsection 23.49.014.G; or TDR that are eligible for transfer based on the status of the sending lot as an arts facility TDR site, and if they are eligible for transfer on any other basis, are designated by the applicant seeking to use such TDR on a receiving lot as arts facility TDR.

"TDR, DMC housing" means TDR that are eligible for transfer based on the status of the sending lot as a DMC housing TDR site and, if they would be eligible for transfer on any other basis, are designated by the applicant seeking to use such TDR on a receiving lot as DMC housing TDR.

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1	"TDR, housing" means TDR that are eligible for transfer based on the status of the
2	sending lot as a housing TDR site and, if they would be eligible for transfer on any other basis,
3	are designated by the applicant seeking to use such TDR on a receiving lot as housing TDR.
4	"TDR, Landmark" means TDR that are eligible for transfer based on the fact that the
5	sending lot or a structure on such lot is designated as a ((landmark)) Landmark or as part of a
6	((landmark)) Landmark under Chapter 25.12 or its predecessor ordinance, except Landmark
7	housing TDR.
8	"TDR, Landmark housing" means TDR that are eligible for transfer based on the status of
9	the sending lot as a Landmark housing TDR site and, if they would be eligible for transfer on any
10	other basis, are designated by the applicant seeking to use such TDR on a receiving lot as
11	Landmark housing TDR.
12	"TDR, open space" means TDR that may be transferred from, or transferable from, a lot
13	based on its status as an open space $TD((P))\underline{R}$ site.
14	"TDR, South Downtown Historic" means TDR, except Landmark TDR, that are eligible
15	for transfer based on the status of a structure on the sending lot as contributing to the
16	architectural or historic character of the Pioneer Square Preservation District or the International
17	Special Review District pursuant to Section 23.66.032.
18	"TDR, vulnerable masonry structure" means TDR that are eligible for transfer based on
19	the status of the sending lot as a vulnerable masonry structure TDR site and, if they would be
20	eligible for transfer on any other basis, are designated by the applicant seeking to use such TDR
21	on a receiving lot as vulnerable masonry structure TDR.
22	"TDR site, arts facility" means a lot meeting the following requirements:

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1	memorialized in a recorded agreement between the owner of such low-income and very low-
2	income housing and the Director of the Office of Housing.
3	"TDR site, housing" means a lot meeting the following requirements:
4	1. The lot is located in any Downtown zone except PMM, DH-1, and DH-2 zones
5	or is located in the South Lake Union Urban Center in any SM zone with a height limit of 85 fee
6	or higher;
7	2. Each structure on the lot has a minimum of 50 percent of total gross above-
8	grade floor area committed to low-income housing for a minimum of 50 years;
9	3. The lot has above-grade gross floor area equivalent to at least 1 FAR
10	committed to very low-income housing use for a minimum of 50 years;
11	4. The above-grade gross floor area on the lot committed to satisfy the conditions
12	in subsections 2 and 3 of this definition is contained in one or more structures existing as of July
13	27, 2001, and the area was in residential use as of that date; and
14	5. The low-income housing and very low-income housing commitments on the lo
15	comply with the standards in subsection 23.49.012.B.1.b and are memorialized in a recorded
16	agreement between the owner of the low-income and very low-income housing and the Director
17	of Housing.
18	"TDR site, Landmark housing" means a lot meeting the following requirements:
19	1. The lot is located in any Downtown zone except IDM, IDR, PSM, PMM, DH-
20	1, and DH-2 zones;
21	2. The lot contains a designated ((landmark)) Landmark under ((SMC)) Chapter
22	25.12 and such structure will be renovated to include a minimum of ((fifty ())50(())) percent of

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1	total gross above-grade floor area committed to low-income housing for a minimum of ((fifty
2	(+))50((+)) years;
3	3. The lot has or will have above-grade gross floor area equivalent to at least ((one
4	())1(())) FAR committed to very low-income housing use for a minimum of ((fifty ())50(()))
5	years;
6	4. The low-income housing and very low-income housing commitments on the lot
7	comply with the standards in ((Section 23.49.012 B1b)) subsection 23.49.012.B.1.b and are
8	memorialized in a recorded agreement between the owner of such low-income and very low-
9	income housing and the Director of the Office of Housing.
10	"TDR site, open space" means a lot that has been approved by the Director as a sending
11	lot for open space TDR, which approval is still in effect, and for which all the conditions to
12	transfer open space TDR have been satisfied.
13	(("TDR, South Downtown Historic" means TDR, except Landmark TDR, that are eligible
14	for transfer based on the status of a structure on the sending lot as contributing to the
15	architectural or historic character of the Pioneer Square Preservation District or the International
16	Special Review District pursuant to Section 23.66.032.))
17	"TDR site, South Downtown Historic" means a lot eligible to transfer South Downtown
18	Historic TDR, located within the Pioneer Square Preservation District or the International
19	Special Review District, that includes one or more structures determined to be contributing to the
20	architectural or historic character of the district pursuant to Section 23.66.032.
21	"TDR site, vulnerable masonry structure" means a lot that satisfies the standards to be a
22	sending lot for vulnerable masonry structure TDR in subsection 23.58A.042.F and the standards
23	of the zone to the extent that an exception from those standards has not been granted.

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1	* * *		
2	Section 37. Section 23.84A.042 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by		
3	Ordinance 122935, is amended as follows:		
4	23.84A.042((-)) "V((-))"		
5	* * *		
6	"Vocational or fine arts school." See "Institution."		
7	"Vulnerable masonry structure" means a structure in specified zones within the		
8	University Community Urban Center west of 15 th Avenue NE that is identified in a Director's		
9	rule because it meets criteria for being included on the list of unreinforced masonry structures		
10	(URM) identified by Seattle DCI and is also classified in the Department of Neighborhood's		
11	Historic Resource Survey as a structure likely to qualify for nomination as a Seattle Landmark.		
12	Section 38. Section 23.84A.048 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by		
13	Ordinance 124883, is amended as follows:		
14	23.84A.048 ((-))"Z"		
15	* * *		
16	"Zone, commercial" means a zone with a classification that includes one of the		
17	following: NC1, NC2, NC3, C1, C2, SM, SM-SLU, SM-D, ((and)) SM-NR, and SM-U, which		
18	classification also may include one or more suffixes.		
19	* * *		
20	"Zone, residential" means a zone with a classification that includes any of the following:		
21	SF9600, SF7200, SF5000, RSL, LR1, LR2, LR3, MR, HR, RC, DMR, IDR, ((and)) SM/R, SM-		
22	<u>SLU/R</u> , and <u>SM-U/R</u> which classification also may include one or more suffixes, but not		
23	including any zone with an RC designation.		

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1	Section 39. This ordinance shall take 6	effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by	
2	the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it		
3	shall take effect as provided by Seattle Munic	cipal Code Section 1.04.020.	
4	Passed by the City Council the	day of, 2016,	
5	and signed by me in open session in authentic	eation of its passage this day of	
6	, 2016.		
7			
8		President of the City Council	
9	Approved by me this day of	f, 2016.	
10			
11	I	Edward B. Murray, Mayor	
12	Filed by me this day of	, 2016.	
13	_		
14	I	Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk	
15 16 17 18 19 20	(Seal)		
20 21 22	Exhibit A: Rezone Map Exhibit B: Station Area Overlay removal		

Template last revised August 15, 2016