Seattle Sweetened Beverage Tax Community Advisory Board (CAB)

2025 Briefing Book







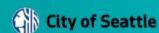
Outline

- Background on the Sweetened Beverage Tax (SBT)
- Role of the SBT Community Advisory Board (CAB)
- Summary of SBT-funded Programs and Services
- Current CAB budget recommendations and policy priorities

Background on the Seattle Sweetened Beverage Tax (SBT)

SBT Fact Sheet





Sweetened Beverage Tax



Beginning in 2018, Seattle started taxing sugar-sweetened beverage products distributed within the city (Ordinance 125324). The Sweetened Beverage Tax (SBT) is not a sales tax charged directly on consumers. Instead, this tax makes distributors pay a tax (of 1.75 cents per ounce) on sugar-sweetened beverage products they distribute within the City of Seattle.

Why did Seattle pass this tax?

The tax was designed to improve the health of Seattle residents by reducing the sales and consumption of sugary drinks. In addition, the tax revenue is primarily used to support healthy food access, child development, and early learning programs. Research has shown that sugary drinks can lead to long-term weight gain, which can increase risk of developing type 2 diabetes, high blood pressure, and heart disease. Sugary drinks also lead to cavities. A 20-ounce bottle of soda can pack over 15 teaspoons of added sugar and over 250 calories with poor nutritional value.





TAX EXEMPT BEVERAGES Plus powders and concentrates mixed by the end

consumers and beverages for medical use.

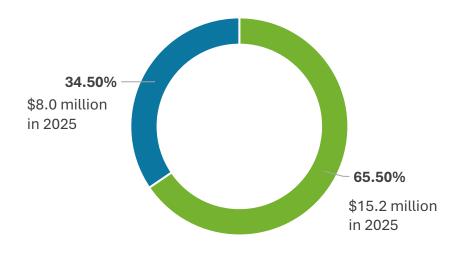
teaspoons of added sugar and

JUST 1-2 CANS

of soda per day INCREASES RISK OF type 2 diabetes

About the Sweetened Beverage Tax

Where does SBT revenue go?



- Food Security & Access Programs
- Child Development & Early Learning Programs

- SBT started in 2018
- Tax is levied on distributors of sugary beverages (1.75 cents per ounce)
- Designed to improve the health of Seattle residents by reducing the sales and consumption of sugary drinks
- Raises revenue (~\$21m/year) that "shall expand" programs that increase food security and access to healthy food and support children's health and early learning (SMC 5.53.055)









Community Efforts to Protect SBT Revenues

- In 2017, before the SBT was passed, community coalitions led efforts to ensure SBT revenue would have a direct benefit in communities most impacted by a regressive tax.
- In 2019, then Mayor Durkan tried to use higher than expected SBT revenues to balance the city budget by *swapping* General Fund revenue that already supported food programs and replacing them with the "extra" SBT revenues. The effect funding for food and early learning programs would not increase.
- Community advocates led the fight to ensure SBT revenue would be spent as intended and reinvested into communities long affected by food insecurity and education divestments.





Photo credits: Got Green (left); PubliCola (right).

Today, SBT is a Restricted Revenue Source (and should remain restricted)

- In 2019, City Council passed legislation that established the SBT Fund 00155, clarified and strengthened SBT spending guidance, and codified SBT allocation of proceeds in the Seattle Municipal Code.
- All proceeds of the tax shall support either the expansion or creation of new programs that address:
 - Access to healthy, affordable food and close the food security gap
 - Prenatal-to-age-three and kindergarten readiness for populations facing disparities based on race, gender, or other socioeconomic factors.

Local News | Local Politics

Seattle City Council locks in fund for soda-tax revenue, overriding Mayor Durkan's veto

The Seattle Times

Aug. 12, 2019 at 5:51 pm | Updated Aug. 12, 2019 at 9:26 pm



SMC 5.53.055 –Sweetened beverage tax—Allocation of proceeds

SBT at 7 Years Old

Read the <u>CAB's January 2024 blog post</u> and the SBT <u>evaluation reports</u> more information

The SBT is working as intended!

- Sales of sugary drinks are down (yet an evaluation showed no negative economic impacts on small businesses)
- <u>People are more aware</u> that sugary drinks increase the risk of serious health problems.
- Revenue from the tax about \$21 million annually

 is equitably invested in communities long
 affected by food insecurity, education
 divestments, and poor nutrition and their long-term.









SBT Works – And People are Noticing

Seattle's sweetened beverage tax is funding food sovereignty





KNKX Public Radio | By Bellamy Pailthorp

Published August 18, 2023 at 4:35 AM PDT





COMMUNITY

Food Equity Fund Supports Intergenerational, Multicultural Food and Farm Projects

O OCTOBER 4, 2022 ≜ EDITOR



Seattle Turns Soda Tax Revenue into Emergency Grocery Vouchers During Pandemic

\$5 million generated from the soda tax was quickly deployed to provide much-needed assistance.



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United States Conference of Mayors · Follow

Published in United States Conference of Mayors · 4 min read · Jan 2, 2024

The Seattle Times

Opinio

Sweet success: Seattle's sugary drink tax is reducing health inequities

Feb. 3, 2023 at 1:11 pm | Updated Feb. 3, 2023 at 2:11 pm

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NEWS & STORIES

Seattle's low income communities benefit from soda tax revenue, UW study says









Role of the SBT Community **Advisory Board**

Ordinance 125324



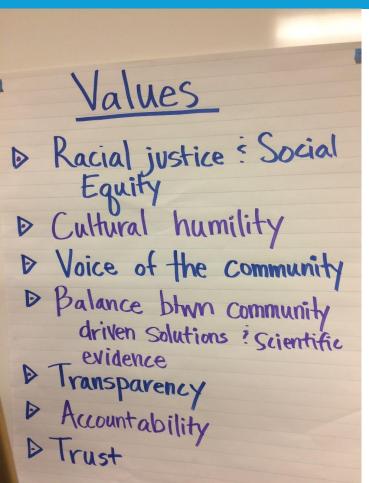
Section 4. Sweetened Beverage Tax Community Advisory Board. There is hereby established a Sweetened Beverage Tax Community Advisory Board that shall advise and make recommendations to the Mayor and City Council. The Board shall make recommendations on how and to what extent the Mayor and City Council should establish and/or fund programs and activities consistent with the intent of this ordinance that benefit Seattle's populations who experience the greatest education and *health inequities.* The Board shall make recommendations to the Mayor and City Council on elements of an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Tax, including impacts on sweetened beverage sales and consumption, public attitudes towards sweetened beverage consumption, and job and economic indicators and of the process of implementing the tax. The Office of Sustainability and the Environment shall provide administrative support for the Board.

Role of the SBT Community Advisory Board (CAB)



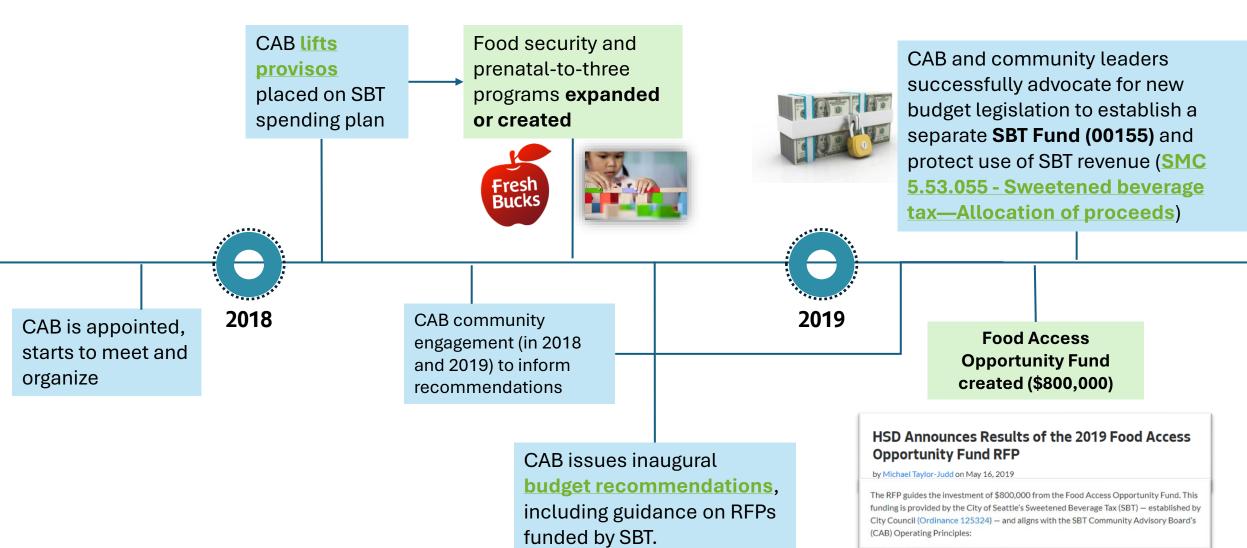
- Established by <u>Ordinance 125324</u>
- Advises and makes <u>recommendations</u> to the Mayor and City Council on programs and services supported by the SBT
 - Budget
 - Policy
 - Program implementation
- Serves as a conduit and voice for community priorities

CAB's Process and Approach



- Monthly meetings, open to the public
 - The last several years, the CAB's meeting cadence is 6-8 times per year and scheduled to align with the City's budget process
- Values-driven facilitation and decision making
 - Vision, Values, Budget Principles
 - Bylaws
- Informed by community priorities, current context, and program information

Timeline of CAB's Impact



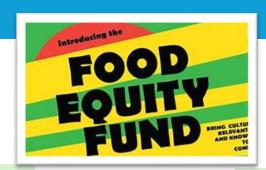
Timeline of CAB's Impact

Seattle Turns Soda Tax Revenue into Emergency Grocery Vouchers During Pandemic

\$5 million generated from the soda tax was quickly deployed to provide much-needed assistance.



GREGORY SCRUGGS MARCH 30, 2020



Food Equity Fund

created (\$1.5 million/year)

Food Equity Fund

restored to \$3 million/year



COVID EMERGENCY

2021



2022

\$5 million SBT provides the seed funding to launch the City's **Emergency Grocery Vouchers** program

Prenatal-to-Three (PN3)
Community Grant Program created
(\$1.5 million one-time)

PN3 Community Grant
Program maintained
(\$1.5 million/year)



Timeline of CAB's Impact

5th Year of SBT Implementation

2023

August budget forecast is lower than projected

November budget forecast is lower than projected

CAB presents at Finance and Housing Committee on the **need for stable revenue** for SBT-funded programs and services. See the slides.



2022

CAB works with the Executive departments to recommend strategic and surgical reductions to SBT spending that do not impact direct services.

Rather than making additional cuts, Council balances the SBT Fund in 2023 and 2024 with other fund sources. See CAB response.



2024

NEW

Anticipated Revenue Drop From Sweetened Beverage Tax May Disrupt Food Security and Early Childhood

☼ FEBRUARY 15, 2023 ♣ EDITOR

by Lauryn Bray

SBT Programs

Photo credits: Public Health – Seattle & King County (upper right), Food Equity Fund (lower right), stock image (lower left).





Please see our most recent 2023 Annual Report for more information.

2024 Annual Report forthcoming

The Need

Food Security Programs

- Food and nutrition security are essential to health, wellbeing, and child development.
- 10% of Seattle adults experience food insecurity. Due to socioeconomic inequities, rates of food insecurity are three to four times higher households of color.
- High food prices is making it even harder for lower income Seattle residents. Food prices have increased 30% since 2019.
- Hunger relief organizations are reporting visits to food banks are up 25%.

Child Development Programs

- Prenatal to age three period of development sets the foundation for all future health and wellbeing.
- Infants and toddlers need loving, stimulating, stable, and secure care environments.
- Social, economic, and environmental disparities and adversity in the early years of a child's life lead to disparities in health and educational outcomes later.
- Seattle-area childcare is scarce, costly, and out of reach for many.

Meanwhile, the social safety net is under attack by the Trump administration with unprecedent cuts to SNAP, SNAP-Ed, Child Care Development Fund, and Head Start.

Programs/Services Supported by SBT

Food Security Programs - \$15m

- Fresh Bucks[^]
- Food Equity Fund*
- Food banks and meal programs^{*}
- Farm to Preschool[^]
- Healthy Food in Schools*
- Food and recreational programming

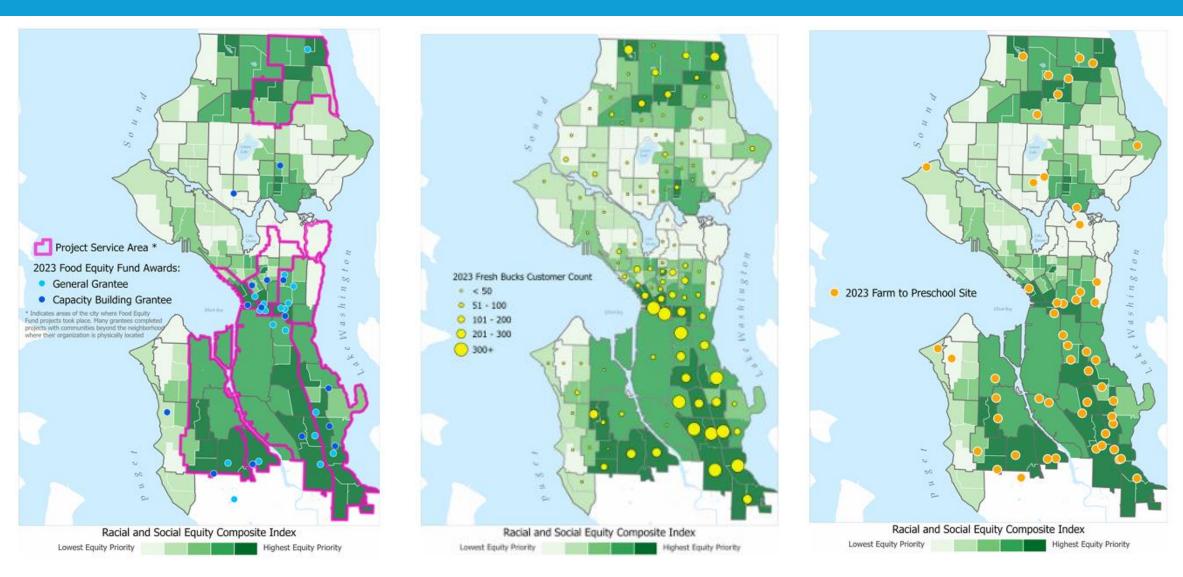
Child Development Programs - \$8m

- Child Care Assistance Program
- Prenatal-to-Three Grant Program*
- Health and Developmental Supports[^]
- Coaching and Training for Providers[^]
- Home Visiting[^]
- Family Child Care Support[^]

^{*}Created in direct response to CAB recommendations

[^]Expanded with endorsement by the CAB

Focused and Equitable Investments



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Outcomes

Food Security Investments

- **12,000** lower income households redeemed **\$4.8m** in Fresh Bucks benefits, generating **\$7.6m** in the local economy
- 37 community-based organizations awarded \$2.3m through the Food Equity Fund
- 22 food banks served over 765k visitors, focusing on nutritious, culturally relevant foods
- 3,209,296 meals provided in community and congregate settings
- **6,678** students at **27** income-eligible schools (34 sites) received extra fruit and veggie snacks twice a week
- **32,442** produce bags (85% local, 34% BIPOC farms) distributed at **45** preschool sites





SBT Partners - Food Security Programs

SBT supported the work of 100+ community-based organizations

African Community Housing & Development

Alimentando al Pueblo

American Polynesian Organization

Ammana Warehouse & Grocer*

Asian Counseling and Referral Service

Atlantic Street Center

Backpack Brigade Ballard Food Bank

Basilica Bio

Black Dollar Days Task Force

Black Farmers Collective

Bridging Wisdom

Byrd Barr Place

Casa Latina

Central Co-op

Cham Refugees Community

Children's Home Society of Washington

Chinatown International District PDA

Chinese Information and Service Center

Choose to Win Transitional Housing

City Fruit

Community House Mental Health Agency, Inc.

Community Lunch on Capitol Hill Concord International Elementary

Cultivate South Park

Delridge Grocery Co-op

Duwamish Valley Sustainability Association

El Centro de la Raza

Eritrean Community in Seattle and Vicinity

Ethiopian Community in Seattle

FamilyWorks FareStart

Farmstand Local Foods LLC

FEEST

Filipino Community of Seattle

First Tongan Senior Nutrition Association

Food Lifeline

For All's

Freeway Park Association's

Friendly Hmong Farms

Friendly Island of Tongan Seniors, Youth, and Family

Fruteria Sandoval

Got Green

Hand and Hand Community Development

Harameyn Halal Grocer
Harboryiew Medical Center

Horn of Africa Services

Hunger Intervention Program

InterIm CDA

International Community Health Services

It Takes a Village

Jewish Family Service of Seattle

Kaiser Permanente

Kandelia

Lake City Collective

Latino Community Fund

Lee's Produce

Lifelong

Local Yokels

Look, Listen, & Learn TV

Marvin Memorial Fund's

Mary's Place

Mendoza's Mexican Mercado

Mercy Housing Na'ah Illahee Fund

Neighborcare Health Systems

Neighborhood Farmers Market Alliance

Neighborhood House

North Helpline

Nourishian for Life

Odessa Brown Children's Clinic

OSL

Pacific Coast Harvest

Phinney Neighborhood Association

Pike Market Senior Center

Pike Place Market Foundation

Pike Place Market PDA

Public Health Seattle & King County

Puget Sound Labor Agency

Queen Anne Farmers Market

Queer the Land

Rainier Beach Action Coalition

Rainier Valley Food Bank

Recovery Café

Restaurant 2 Garden

Roni LifeWorks

ROOTS

Safeway Corporation

Seattle Farmers Market Association

Seattle Indian Center

Seattle Indian Health Board

Seattle Public Schools – Culinary Services

Serve Ethiopians Washington

Society of St. Vincent de Paul

Solid Ground

Somali Health Board

Sound Generations

South Park Senior Citizens

The Food Bank at St. Mary's

Tilth Alliance

Ukrainian Community Center of WA-Seattle

Union Cultural Center

United Indians of All Tribes Foundation

University District Service League

Villa Comunitaria

Voice of South Pacific

Wa Na Wari

West Seattle Food Bank

yəhaw Indigenous Creatives Collective

Young Adult Shelter Seattle

Young Women-Empowered (Y-WE)

2023 Annual Report

(pages 13-39)

Outcomes

Child Development Investments

- 709 children from 521 income-eligible families (76% BIPOC)
 received \$4.4 million in subsidies to help cover the cost of
 child care
- 5 grassroots organizations awarded \$1.4 million in funding to provide prenatal and perinatal supports to underserved families
- 185 families served with intensive developmental support
- 827 families served with home visiting supports through Nurse Family Partnerships and ParentChild+
- 70 birth-to-three classrooms received high-quality coaching and professional development on child development





SBT Partners – Child Development Programs

SBT supported the work of 20+ community-based organizations

Atlantic Street

CISC

Congolese Integration Network

El Centro de la Raza

Families of Color Seattle

First Place - Main

Global Perinatal Services

Horn of Africa Services

Hummingbird Indigenous Family Services

InterCultural Children & Family Services

Iraqi Community Center of Washington

Learning Way School & Daycare

Neighborhood House

Primm ABC Child Care

Sea Mar Child Development Center

Sound Child Care Solutions – Pinehurst

Southeast Youth & Family Services

Tiny Tots – Othello

United Way of King County

Voices of Tomorrow

YWCA Seattle, King, Snohomish

Current CAB recommendations and policy priorities

Photo credits: Public Health – Seattle & King County (upper right), Food Equity Fund (lower right), stock image (lower left).





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2024 Annual Report forthcoming

CAB 2025 Priorities

- Ensure SBT-funded programs continue to focus on communities most impacted by health and educational injustices.
- Channel the voices, values, and priorities of communities most impacted, and the community-based organizations (CBOs) that serve them, into our recommendations.
- Protect existing food and early learning programs: no cuts to programs/services, even during SBT revenue downturns.
- Ensure SBT revenue is solely used in accordance with Seattle Municipal Code 5.53.055 - Sweetened beverage tax-Allocation of proceeds) – no SBT swaps or supplantation.
- Remain aware of other funding sources/impacts and track how CBOs are impacted.
- Remain aware of how immigrants and refugees are being targeted by federal immigration policy.







CAB 2025 Budget Recommendations

- 1. Prioritize investments in food and childcare programs, regardless of their City funding source.
- 2. Use other revenue sources to balance the SBT Fund and bolster SBT investments in food assistance, prenatal-to-three services, and childcare assistance. On this point, the CAB supports amendments to the FEPP Levy package that would include food assistance and Fresh Bucks for families with children.
- 3. Maintain spending restrictions on the SBT Fund, established by <u>SMC 5.53.055 Sweetened beverage tax—Allocation of proceeds</u>. Do not use SBT for swaps or supplantation.
- 4. Increase investments in food and childcare assistance to address worsening food and nutrition insecurity and access to affordable childcare.
- 5. Pursue new and progressive local revenue options.

Sweetened Beverage Tax Community Advisory Board

Webpage | Briefing Book | Latest SBT Annual Report

Date: May 30, 2025

To: Mayor Bruce Harrell

From: The Sweetened Beverage Tax Community Advisory Board

Subject: 2025 and 2026 Budget Recommendations from the Sweetened Beverage Tax

Community Advisory Board

Cc: Council President Sara Nelson, Councilmember Alexis Mercedes Rinck,

Councilmember Rob Saka, Councilmember Mark Solomon, Councilmember Joy Hollingsworth, Councilmember Maritza Rivera, Councilmember Cathy Moore, Councilmember Dan Strauss, Councilmember Robert Kettle, and Acting City

Budget Director Dan Eder

Dear Mayor Harrell,

Enclosed are our recommendations regarding the Sweetened Beverage Tax (SBT) Fund and the City of Seattle's 2025 and 2026 budget. As legislated in Ord. 125324, we have been advising Seattle's elected officials on the SBT budget since 2017, when the Sweetened Beverage Tax Community Advisory Board was first established. However, this year is different and especially urgent.

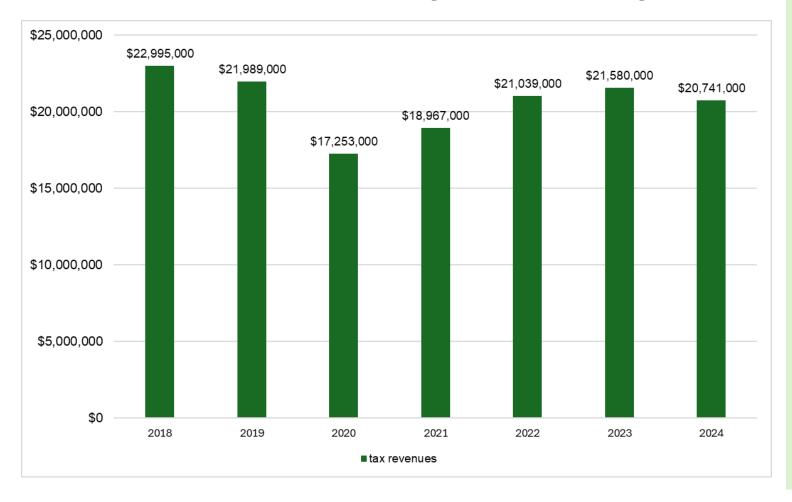
Seattle's working families and individuals are facing a crisis of COVID-level proportions; however, the situation today is worse from an economic perspective because there is no stimulus or aid coming. Instead, the social safety net is under attack by the Trump administration, which is actively working to gut programs that address basic needs for low-income families and remove protections for older adults, children, immigrants, and people with disabilities. Working Seattleites already cannot afford healthy food, rent, childcare, and healthcare. Food prices are up 30% since 2019. Hunger relief agencies were already reporting that food bank visits are up 25% when the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), under the Trump administration, cut food assistance funding in March. Fresh Bucks has received over 3,500 waitlist applications, for just \$40/month in benefits. The Food Equity Fund received funding requests that were five times the funds available for community grants. Childcare is already out of reach for too many in Seattle and Trump's dismantling of Head Start and cuts to the Child Care Development Fund will make it worse.

Read the recommendations



SBT's new policy challenge – unstable revenue

SBT Collections (2018-2024)



- SBT revenue forecasts and actual revenue collections have been volatile.
- 2020-21 dip is related to COVID lockdowns and decreased consumption of fountain drinks.
- 2024 revenue was 9.8% lower than 2018
- The SBT Fund has faced budget deficits since 2022 planned program spending outpaces revenues collected.
- 2025 collections will be an important data point in monitoring revenue trends.

SBT's new policy challenge – unstable revenue

Challenges

- SBT is an excise tax a tax on a specific good or service. Excise taxes often have small taxpayer bases, which makes them volatile.
- The purpose of SBT to curb sales and consumption of sugary drinks. If lower revenues reflect lower consumption, this is good news. The issue that is that critical food and early learning programs should not have to rely on a revenue source that is intended to decline by design.
- SBT does not adjust for inflation and the tax rate cannot be changed to an industry-backed initiative (WA I-1624) that prohibits local governments from enacting sugary beverage taxes and prohibits any existing taxes from being increased after January 15, 2018.
- The SBT Fund has faced budget deficits since 2022—planned program spending outpaces revenues collected. Cut have already been made to SBT programs/services.

The CAB has been speaking out about these challenges for years. See our <u>2023 presentation to the Finance & Housing Committee</u>.

SBT's new policy challenge – unstable revenue

Food security and prenatal-to-three programs/services need diverse and progressive revenue streams to meet urgent need in communities.

Recommendations

- Identify alternative revenue sources to address shortfalls in the SBT Fund, e.g.:
 - Families, Education, Preschool, and Promise (FEPP) Levy
 - Other City funds (General Fund, Jumpstart/Payroll Expense Tax Fund)
- Pursue new and progressive local revenue options and ensure food and childcare assistance are part of the spending plan.



Photo credits: Field trip with HSD Senior Meals program (middle); Farm-to-Preschools (right).

The End. Thank you!

Sweetened
Beverage Tax
Community
Advisory Board

