

BUSINESS STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION

Best Management Practices: Kitchen Hood Cleaners

Rain that falls on streets and parking lots, also known as stormwater, can carry oils, detergents, pesticides, and other toxic chemicals from the ground and into storm drains that lead straight to lakes, streams, or Puget Sound. This can pose health and safety risks to our community and environment.

As a kitchen/restaurant hood cleaning business, it's your duty to prevent debris, oils and spills from polluting our waters.

Take action to prevent pollution at its source to keep our waters safe and clean!



Learn more about pollution prevention requirements in [Seattle's Stormwater Code](#).

Best Management Practices (BMPs) for Kitchen Hood Cleaning Businesses



- ✓ Wash hood filters and ducts indoors, at a utility sink or near a floor drain. Do not clean equipment in the alley, street, driveway or elsewhere outside.
- ✓ Before washing, first scrape grease and solids off hood filters.
- ✓ Ensure that no washwater or process water is discharged to roof drains, outside storm drains, sidewalks, streets, or ditches.
- ✓ When disposing of wash water to the sanitary sewer system ensure:
 - Wash water passes through a grease interceptor
 - Solids are strained out and placed into the garbage
- ✓ Collect and store grease from the duct and fan system in a watertight, intact, and non-combustible container and dispose of properly.

See the [next page](#) for general BMPs to prevent stormwater pollution. ►



General Best Management Practices (BMPs)

BMPs are processes that businesses, individuals and responsible parties in Seattle should implement to prevent pollutants from contaminating stormwater runoff and entering receiving waters. General BMPs are required for all real property, and additional BMPs are recommended for specific pollution generating activities.



Find and Protect Onsite Storm Drains

Find where water will flow from your work site and protect your storm drains to prevent pollutants from entering local waterways. Best practice is to move activities that could release oils, chemicals, detergents, or other pollutants away from locations that could lead to a storm drain, and properly contain pollutants.



Train Employees

Ensure your staff are properly trained in the following key practices:

- How to safely store and use chemicals and hazardous materials so they do not pollute the ground, drains, or waterways
- What can be washed and where so that soap, soil, oil, and other chemicals do not enter storm drains
- How to create a spill plan and clean all spills promptly



Order a
FREE
spill kit

Prevent and Clean Up Spills

Create and follow your spill prevention and clean-up plan. A spill can be a one-time event, a continuous leak, or frequent small spills. All types must be addressed.

If you have a spill, call Seattle Public Utilities at (206) 386-1800.



Dispose of Fluids and Wastes

Responsible parties must properly dispose of solid and liquid waste, as well as contaminated stormwater and street waste. Depending on the type of waste, there are a few options for disposal:

1. Permitted centralized waste treatment facilities
2. Municipal solid waste and recycling facilities
3. Hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal facilities

CLICK HERE TO READ THE FULL LIST OF POLLUTION PREVENTION BMPs

Language Support

For interpretation services please call 206-684-3000.

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통역 서비스를 원하시면 206-684-3000번으로 전화해 주십시오.

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