

# **Asthma Care Plan Request Form**

Child's name:
Child's date of birth:
The child listed above attends our child care or early learning program. We have been informed that they have been diagnosed with asthma.
Child Care Program Director:
Child Care Program:
Mailing Address:
Phone Number:
Fax Number:

**Healthcare Provider:** As a licensed child care program, we are required to meet state licensing standards (WAC 110-300-0215 and 110-300-0300). Please complete the following My Asthma Plan and, if necessary, a Medication Authorization Form and a 3-Day Critical Medication Authorization Form. We need to know what triggers the child's asthma, steps to take to manage it, and what to do in an emergency.

By signing below, I give permission to my child's healthcare provider to release the information requested above to my child care program.

Parent or Guardian Name (Printed):	
Parent or Guardian Signature:	
Date:	
Parent or Guardian Phone Number:	

## My Asthma Plan ENGLISH

Patient Name:

Medical Record #:

Provider's Name:		DOB:		
Provider's Phone #:	Completed by:		Date:	
Controller Medicines	How Much to Take	How Often	Other Instructions	
		times per day EVERY DAY!	Gargle or rinse mouth after use	
		times per day EVERY DAY!		
		times per day EVERY DAY!		
		times per day EVERY DAY!		
Quick-Relief Medicines	How Much to Take	How Often	Other Instructions	
<ul> <li>Albuterol (ProAir, Ventolin, Proventil)</li> <li>Levalbuterol (Xopenex)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2 puffs</li> <li>4 puffs</li> <li>1 nebulizer treatment</li> </ul>	Take ONLY as needed (see below — starting in Yellow Zone or before excercise)	NOTE: If you need this medicine more than two days a week, call physician to consider increasing controller medica- tions and discuss your treatment plan.	
Special instructions when I am	odoing well,	getting worse,	having a medical alert.	
<ul> <li>Doing well.</li> <li>No cough, wheeze, chest tightness, or shortness of breath during the day or night.</li> <li>Can do usual activities.</li> <li>Peak Flow (for ages 5 and up): is or more. (80% or more of personal best)</li> <li>Personal Best Peak Flow (for ages 5 and up):</li> </ul>		<b>PREVENT</b> asthma symptoms every day:         Take my controller medicines (above) every day.         Before exercise, takepuff(s) of         Avoid things that make my asthma worse. (See back of form.)		
<ul> <li>Getting worse.</li> <li>Cough, wheeze, chest tightness, shortness of breath, or</li> <li>Waking at night due to asthma symptoms, or</li> <li>Can do some, but not all, usual activities.</li> <li>Peak Flow (for ages 5 and up): <ul> <li>to(50 to 79% of personal best)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		<ul> <li>CAUTION. Continue taking every day controller medicines, AND:</li> <li>Takepuffs orone nebulizer treatment of quick relief medicine. If I am not back in the <i>Green Zone</i> within 20-30 minutes take more puffs or nebulizer treatments. If I am not back in the <i>Green Zone</i> within one hour, then I should:</li> <li>Increase</li> <li>Add</li> <li>Call</li> <li>Continue using quick relief medicine every 4 hours as needed. Call provider if not improving indays.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Medical Alert</li> <li>Very short of breath, or</li> <li>Quick-relief medicines have not helped, or</li> <li>Cannot do usual activities, or</li> <li>Symptoms are same or get worse after 24 hours in Yellow Zone.</li> <li>Peak Flow (for ages 5 and up): less than(50% of personal best)</li> </ul>		MEDICAL ALERT! Get help!         Take quick relief medicine: puffs every minutes and get help immediately.         Take         Call		
Danger! Get help immediately! Call 911 if trouble walking or talking due to shortness of breath or if lips or fingernails are gray or blue. For child, call 911 if skin is sucked in around neck and ribs during breaths or child doesn't respond normally.				

**Health Care Provider:** My signature provides authorization for the above written orders. I understand that all procedures will be implemented in accordance with state laws and regulations. Student may self carry asthma medications: Yes No self administer asthma medications: Yes No (This authorization is for a maximum of one year from signature date.)

Healthcare Provider Signature

Date

### **Controlling Things That Make Asthma Worse**

#### SMOKE

- Do not smoke. Attend classes to help stop smoking.
- Do not allow smoking in the home or car. Remaining smoke smell can trigger asthma.
- Stay away from people who are smoking.
- If you smoke, smoke outside.

#### DUST

- Vacuum weekly with a vacuum with a high efficiency filter or a central vacuum. Try to make sure people with asthma are not home during vacuuming.
- Remove carpet if possible. Wet carpet before removing and then dry floor completely.
- Damp mop floors weekly.
- Wash bedding and stuffed toys in hot water every 1-2 weeks. Freeze stuffed toys that aren't washable for 24 hours.
- · Cover mattresses and pillows in dust-mite proof zippered covers.
- Reduce clutter and remove stuffed animals, especially around the bed.
- Replace heating system filters regularly.

#### **PESTS**

- Do not leave food or garbage out. Store food in airtight containers.
- Try using traps and poison baits, such as boric acid for cockroaches. Instead of sprays/bombs, use baits placed away from children, such as behind refrigerator.
- Vacuum up cockroach bodies and fill holes in with caulking or copper wool.
- Fix leaky plumbing, roof, and other sources of water.

#### MOLD

- Use exhaust fans or open windows for cross ventilation when showering or cooking.
- Clean mold off hard surfaces with detergent in hot water and scrub with stiff brush or cleaning pad, then rinse clean with water. Absorbent materials with mold may need to be replaced.
- Make sure people with asthma are not in the room when cleaning.
- · Fix leaky plumbing or other sources of water or moisture.

#### **ANIMALS**

- Consider not having pets. Avoid pets with fur or feathers.
- Keep pets out of the bedroom of the person with asthma.
- Wash your hands and the hands of the person with asthma after petting animals.

#### ODORS/SPRAYS

- Avoid using strongly scented products, such as home deodorizers and incense, and perfumed laundry products and personal care products.
- Do not use oven/stove for heating.
- When cleaning, keep person with asthma away and don't use strong smelling cleaning products.
- Avoid aerosol products.
- Avoid strong or extra strength cleaning products.
- Avoid ammonia, bleach, and disinfectants.

#### **POLLEN AND OUTDOOR MOLDS**

- Try to stay indoors when pollen and mold counts are high.
- Keep windows closed during pollen season.
- Avoid using fans; use air conditioners.

#### COLDS/FLU

- Keep your body healthy with enough exercise and sleep.
- Avoid close contact with people who have colds.
- Wash your hands frequently and avoid touching your hands to your face.
- Get an annual flu shot.

#### **WEATHER AND AIR POLLUTION**

- If cold air is a problem, try breathing through your nose rather than your mouth and covering up with a scarf.
- Check for Spare the Air days and nights and avoid strenuous exercise at those times.
- On very bad pollution days, stay indoors with windows closed.

#### **EXERCISE**

- Warm up before exercising.
- Plan alternate indoor activities on high pollen or pollution days.
- If directed by physician, take medication before exercise. (See Green Zone of Asthma Action Plan.)











