1 BEFORE THE PUBLIC SAFETY CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF SEATTLE 2 In the Matter of the Appeal of 3 ALAN BERNSTEIN OPINION OF COMMISSIONER JAMES A. FOSSSOS 4 5 I. INTRODUCTION 6 On November 17, 1999 and February 2, 2000 hearings were held by the Public 7 Safety Civil Service Commission to hear the appeal of Alan Bernstein a Police 8 Sergeant in the Seattle Police Department. Sergeant Bernstein contended that 9 the Seattle Police Department violated "Section IV" (Presumably - Chapter 4.08 of the Seattle Municipal Code) by failing to promote him to Lieutenant, 10 "disregarded the Public Safety Civil Service eligibility list and promoted a 11 less qualified candidate." 12 1.1 APPEARANCES 13 1.1.1 Appellant: The appellant was represented by J. C. Becker, 14 Attorney, The Law Offices of J.C.Becker, Inc. P.S. 15 1.1.2 Department: The Seattle Police Department was represented 16 Leigh Ann Tift, Assistant City Attorney, City of Seattle 17 Law Department. 1.1.3 Commission: James A. Fossos, Commissioner; Barbara 18 Laners, Commissioner; and Noreen Skagen, Commission Chair; 19 and Ruby Dell Harris, Secretary and Chief Examiner. 20 1.1.4 Witnesses: Police Chief Norm Stamper, Seattle Police 21 Department; Janice Corbin, Director, Human Resources 22 Division, Seattle Police Department; Dan Bryant, Assistant 23 Chief, Seattle Police Department; Nancy McPherson, 24 Director, Community and Information Services Bureau, 25 Seattle Police Department; Mike Edwards, President, Seattle

Police Officers Guild; and Alan Bernstein, Appellant.

1.1.5 Commission. Testimony, documentary evidence, memoranda and arguments have been received and evaluated. The Commission now makes the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order.

II. FINDINGS OF FACT

- 2.1 Alan Bernstein is a Police Sergeant with the Seattle Police Department.
- 2.2 On March 22, 1997, Sergeant Bernstein took the Commission examination for Police Lieutenant.
- 2.3 Exam results were published on August 29, 1997 and Sergeant Bernstein was among the candidates in the top 25% of the eligibility register.
- 2.4 Sergeant Bernstein appeared before the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) but was not promoted to the position of police Lieutenant.
 - 2.5 In all matters before the Public Safety Civil Service Commission Rules of Practice and Procedure: Page 58, starting on the 3rd paragraph on the page,
 - 3) ...Examinations for all classes shall be timely prepared and administered by the Commission so as to provide at all times current registers for all classifications.* Eligible registers shall remain in effect for a time determined by the Commission; provided, that no

^{*}An exception was made to extend the current registers for Fire Lieutenant, Fire Captain, and Police Sergeant.

eligible register shall remain in effect for more than two years.

- 4) Provide notice of the time and place and general scope of every examination to be held by publication in the City official newspaper not less than 10 days preceding such examinations and for promotional exams by posting in the Commission office and in Police and Fire Department offices for not less than ninety (90) days, and by other notice deemed reasonable or necessary by the Commission.
- 5) Prepare a register for each class of positions in this system from the returns or reports of the examiners of the persons whose standing upon examination for such class is not less than the minimum established by the Commission.

Persons, when graded, shall take rank upon the register as candidates in the order of their relative excellence as determined by competitive examination. Veteran's preference in examination and appointment shall be granted as required by Federal and State law including RCW 41.08.040 and RCW 41.12.040; provided, a person shall be entitled to use such preference only once to successfully attain an appointment or promotion to a position.

6) When a vacant position is to be filled, certify to the appointing authority the names of the candidates in the top 25% of the eligible register, or the top five (5) candidates, whichever number is larger, subject to affirmative action requirements.

Where more than one position in a class is to be filled, certify one additional name of the person standing next highest on the register for each additional position. The appointing authority shall fill such positions by appointment only from the persons certified by the Commission.

1 These promotions are also governed by ordinance and in accordance with the powers granted to the Commission by RCW 41.08,41.12,41.56 and the Seattle 2 Municipal Code. 3 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS, Page 1 4 AUTHORITY AND APPLICATION. These rules are promulgated pursuant to the 5 authority granted by the Charter of The City of Seattle, the 1978 City of 6 Seattle Public Safety Civil Service Ordinance (Ordinance 107791, as amended) 7 and the Administrative Code of The City of Seattle (Ordinance 102228, as 8 amended). These rules are applicable to the proceedings before the Public 9 Safety Civil Service Commission and should be read in conjunction with the specific provisions of the City Charter and the Public Safety Civil Service 10 Ordinance. 11 1.3 SCOPE AND PURPOSE. These rules govern the continuing administration of 12 the public safety personnel system of The City of Seattle. The purpose of 13 these rules is to assure that the public safety personnel system in The City 14 of Seattle is administered in accordance with the Charter and ordinances of 15 The City of Seattle, and that all (proceedings before the Commission) are 16 conducted in an orderly, fair and timely manner. 17 In the Public Safety Civil Service Commission Rules of Practice and 18 Procedure, Page 54, Appendix A Ordinance 107791 establishes a Civil Service 19 System for Police and Fire of The City of Seattle, i.e., under 20 Section 2. PURPOSE: The general purpose of this Ordinance is to establish a 21 civil service system for employees in the Police and Fire Departments of The 22 City of Seattle, governing appointments, promotions, layoffs, recruitment, 23 retention, classifications, removals and discipline, pursuant to Charter 24 Article XVI*, all in substantial compliance with RCW Chapters

41.08,41.12,41.56. All appointments and promotions to Police and Fire

25

Department positions, retention therein and removal therefrom shall be made 1 on the basis and policies hereinafter specified as in said State Law. 2 On page 60, it reads: 3 FILLING OF VACANCIES: PROBATIONARY PERIOD: Whenever a position Section 11. 4 covered by this system becomes vacant, the appointing authority, if it 5 desires to fill the vacancy, shall make requisition upon the Commission for 6 the names and addresses of persons eligible for and willing and able to 7 accept said appointment. The appointing authority shall fill such vacancies 8 by appointment from the register of persons certified by the Commission 9 therefor. To facilitate the selection of appointees from the persons so certified, the appointing authority may require such persons to come before 10 him/her and shall be entitled to inspect such persons' application and 11 examination papers, and may fill such positions by appointment from the 12 persons so certified without regard to their order of certification. 13 Simply said, the appointing authority in this instance, The Police Chief, can 14 examine the applications and exam papers. 15 16 In testimony given by Janice Corbin, Police Human Resources Director, she 17 described the SLT process that was used and said scores were destroyed; charts with names were considered a working tool; and that the Seattle Police 18 Officers' Guild (SPOG) does not have an agreement with SPD on the SLT 19 process. 20 21 In Chief Stamper's testimony he stated that SPOG had contested the SLT 22 process but that there is an implicit agreement to use the system. (This will 23 become important later because the Guild President testified to the 24 contrary). The Chief also spoke to keeping scores on the candidates.

25

In Nancy McPherson's testimony, she stated that SLT would identify strengths 1 and weaknesses of candidates. She further stated she was very pleased with 2 Bernstein's work. 3 4 Mike Edwards, President of the Seattle Police Officers Guild was originally 5 called as a witness for Alan Bernstein, but, he was later dropped from the 6 list and was called by the City to testify. In his testimony, Mr. Edwards 7 stated that the promotional process was a mandatory collective bargaining 8 issue. He further gave testimony that would contradict statements of Chief 9 Stamper that there was an implied agreement with SPOG re: the promotional process. Mr. Edwards stated that there was no implicit agreement. He went 10 on to say that there was a current lawsuit pending on the promotional process 11

and had been advised by the Guild Counsel not to discuss.

Alan Bernstein testified that he had served as an Acting Lieutenant for a period of 3 years, cumulative over a nine/ten year period. (Much testimony was given regarding Mr. Bernstein's very good work as an Acting Lieutenant). He spoke to the fact that he was never told of any issues why he didn't get promoted to lieutenant. He had many flattering commendations (Chief Stamper included).

19

20

13

14

15

16

17

18

Finally, facts presented to the Commission showed that although the ultimate decision to promote rests with the appointing authority, Chief Stamper testified he relies on his SLT to reach a consensus on candidates.

CONCLUSION

22

21

23

24

25

After careful and exhaustive review of all the evidence in this matter, I find the following: That Alan Bernstein, appellant, was a candidate for

III.

Police Lieutenant. He was not promoted because the Seattle Police Department did not follow the City of Seattle Public Safety Civil Service Commission Rules of Practice and Procedure, RCW 41.08, 41.012 and 41.56, Charter XVI* City of Seattle and City Ordinances that govern promotions. Instead, and without the expressed approval of this Commission, the Seattle Police Department gave an unauthorized second test (SLT Test) that was scored and candidates ranked by SLT members.

Promotions are be to made by the appointing authority and not other persons in the chain of command. Further, as has been demonstrated earlier only the commission can administer tests. Quite frankly, I am very alarmed by the actions of the Police Department in this matter and believe based on the facts that this practice (SLT Testing) violates the very essence of Civil Service and the whole purpose of having the testing responsibility resting with the Commission. Further testimony should that Sergeant Bernstein's work performance was well respected and that he had been put in a trusted capacity as an Acting Lieutenant for a number of years. One must ask why was he not promoted?

The Public Safety Civil Service Commission and Article XVI of the City's Personnel System, Seattle Ordinance 107791 and all other references to the powers of the Commission charge the Commission with the duty to ensue that appointments in the police and fire civil service (PSCSC) are made using a uniform procedure, free of political discrimination and a system based on merit.

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

It is crystal clear to me that all promotional testing of police and fire persons must be done by Public Safety Civil Service Commission to insure that the rules of this Commission are followed to the letter of the law. Our very existence bears this out and should be noted. Based on the information provided in this matter, I can only conclude that in the City's attempt to justify its position it has misread the rules and has caused Alan Bernstein irreparable harm.

Therefore, I find the following:

- 1) The Seattle Police Department has violated the rules and practice that govern the promotions in the Seattle Police Department.
- 2) Sergeant Alan Bernstein has been severely impacted by the action taken by the Seattle Police Department and based on all of the evidence presented in this case I find that Chief Stamper did knowingly violate the rules and ordinances as set forth in this ruling and has caused harm to all those who were impacted by said violations.
- 3) Thus it is my ruling that Alan Bernstein, a Sergeant in the Seattle Police Department, was wronged by the Seattle Police Department, specifically, by not being promoted to Police Lieutenant by Chief Stamper. Accordingly, I rule in favor of the appellant Alan Bernstein and order Sergeant Bernstein to be promoted to Police Lieutenant with all back pay and allowances as well as pension benefits, longevity and all other benefits that go with

| 1 | the rank of Police Lieutenant, and further, that all probation time be |
|----|--|
| 2 | waived. |
| 3 | |
| 4 | 4) This order to be implemented post haste. |
| 5 | |
| 6 | Signed at Seattle, Washington this 31st day of May, 2000. |
| 7 | |
| 8 | PUBLIC SAFETY CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF SEATTLE |
| 9 | |
| 10 | James A. Fossos, Commissioner |
| 11 | James A. Fossos, Commissioner |
| 12 | |
| 13 | (Appeals/Bernstein-Dissent053000) |
| 14 | |
| 15 | si k |
| 16 | |
| 17 | |
| 18 | |
| 19 | |
| 20 | × |
| 21 | |
| 22 | |
| 23 | |
| 24 | |
| 25 | |
| i | |