## **AGREEMENT**

by and between

# THE CITY OF SEATTLE

and

TEAMSTERS LOCAL UNION No. 117

EVIDENCE CONTROL SPECIALIST AND COMMUNITY SERVICE OFFICER UNIT

Effective January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2026

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## **ARTICLE 1 - NONDISCRIMINATION**

1.1 The City and the Union shall not unlawfully discriminate against any employee by reason of race, creed, age, color, sex, national origin, religious belief, marital status, sexual orientation, gender identity, political ideology, ancestry, veteran status, or the presence of any sensory, mental or physical handicap, unless based on a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the operations of the City. Allegations of discrimination shall not be a proper subject for the grievance procedure herein, but may instead be addressed by a charge with the appropriate human rights agency.

# ARTICLE 2 - RECOGNITION, BARGAINING UNIT, AND TEMPORARY EMPLOYMENT

- 2.1 The City recognizes the Union as the exclusive collective bargaining representative for the purpose stated in Chapter 108, Extra Session Laws of 1967 of the State of Washington, for employees employed within the bargaining unit defined in Appendix "A", "B" and "C" of this Agreement. For purposes of this Agreement and the bargaining unit described herein, the following definitions shall apply:
- 2.1.1 The term "employee" shall be defined to include probationary employees, regular employees, full-time employees, part-time employees, and temporary employees not otherwise excluded or limited in the following Sections of this Article.
- 2.1.2 The term "probationary employee" shall be defined as an employee who is within their first twelve (12) month trial period of employment following their initial regular appointment within the Civil Service.
- 2.1.3 The term "regular employee" shall be defined as an employee who has successfully completed a twelve (12) month probationary period and who has had no subsequent break in service as occasioned by quit, resignation, discharge for just cause, or retirement.
- 2.1.4 The term "full-time employee" shall be defined as an employee who has been regularly appointed and who has a usual work schedule of forty (40) hours per week.
- 2.1.5 The term "part-time employee" shall be defined as an employee who has been regularly appointed and who has a usual work schedule averaging at least twenty (20) hours, but less than forty (40) hours per week.
- 2.1.6 A temporary employee is an employee assigned in a temporary assignment defined as one of the following types:
  - A. <u>Position Vacancy</u>: An interim assignment(s) of less than one (1) year to a vacant regular position to perform work associated with a regularly budgeted position that is temporarily vacant and has no incumbent; or
  - B. <u>Incumbent Absence</u>: An interim assignment for short-term replacement of a regular employee of up to one (1) year when the incumbent is temporarily absent; or
  - C. <u>Short-term Assignment</u>: An assignment of up to one (1) year to perform work in response to emergency or unplanned needs such as peak

- workload, special project, or other short-term work that does not recur and does not continue from year to year; or
- D. <u>Less than Half-time Assignment</u>: A less than half-time assignment for seasonal, on-call, intermittent or regularly scheduled work that may be ongoing or recur from year to year, but does not exceed one thousand forty (1040) hours per year except as provided in Personnel Rule 11; or
- E. <u>Term-limited Assignment</u>: A term-limited assignment for a period of more than one (1) year but fewer than three (3) years for time-limited work related to:
  - A specific project, grant or other non-routine substantial body of work, or for the replacement of a regularly appointed employee when that employee is absent on long-term disability, time loss, medical or military leave of absence.
  - 2. Replacement of a regularly appointed employee who is assigned to special term-limited project work; or
  - 3. Replacement of a regularly appointed employee who has been released for Union Leave pursuant to Section 13.18.
- 2.1.7 The term "interim basis" shall be defined as an assignment of an employee or employees to fill a vacancy in a budgeted position for a short period while said position is waiting to be filled by a regularly appointed employee.
- Temporary employees shall be exempt from all provisions of this Agreement except Sections 2.2; 2.2.1; 2.2.2; 2.2.2.1; 2.2.2.2; 2.2.3; 2.2.4; 2.2.5 (only applies if Temporary Employees are benefited); 2.2.6; 2.2.7; 2.2.8; 2.2.9; 2.2.10; 2.2.11; 2.5; 4.1; 6.2; 6.2.1; 6.16; 13.1; 13.2 through 13.5; 13.8 for temporary employees as defined under Sections 2.1.6A, 2.1.6B, 2.1.6C, and 2.1.6E;16.1; 16.1.1; 16.2; 16.11; 16.3.2, and Article 5; provided, however, temporary employees shall be covered by the Grievance Procedure solely for purposes of adjudicating grievances relating to Sections identified within this Section.
- 2.2.1 Temporary employees who are not in benefits-eligible assignments shall be paid for all hours worked at the first pay step of the hourly rates of pay set forth within the Appendix covering the classification of work in which they are employed. Temporary employees who are in a benefits-eligible assignment shall receive step increases consistent with Article 10.3.1., 10.3.2. and 10.3.3.
- 2.2.2 <u>Premiums Applicable Only to City Of Seattle Temporary Employees</u>: Each temporary employee shall receive premium pay, as hereinafter set forth,

based upon the corresponding number of cumulative non-overtime hours worked by the temporary employee:

0001st hour through 0520th hour 5% premium pay

0521st hour through 1,040th hour 10% premium pay

1,041st hour through 2,080th hour 15% premium pay (If an employee

worked 800 hours or more in the previous twelve [12] months, they shall receive 20% premium pay.)

2,081st hour + 20% premium pay (If an employee

worked eight hundred [800] hours or more in the previous twelve [12] months, they shall receive 25%

premium pay.)

The appropriate percentage premium payment shall be applied to all gross earnings.

- 2.2.2.1 Once a temporary employee reaches a given premium level, the premium shall not be reduced for that temporary employee as long as the employee continues to work for the City without a voluntary break in service, as set forth within Section 2.2.8. Non-overtime hours already worked by an existing temporary employee shall apply in determining the applicable premium rate. In view of the escalating and continuing nature of the premium, the City may require that a temporary employee be available to work for a minimum number of hours or periods of time during the year.
- 2.2.2.2 The premium pay in Section 2.2.2 does not include either increased vacation pay due to accrual rate increases or the City's share of any retirement contributions. Any increase in a temporary employee's vacation accrual rate percentage shall be added on to the premium pay percentages for that employee to whom it applies.
- 2.2.3 Medical, Dental and Vision Coverage to Temporary Employees Who Receive Premium Pay: Once a temporary employee has worked at least one thousand forty (1,040) cumulative non-overtime hours and at least eight hundred (800) non-overtime hours or more in the previous twelve (12) months, the employee may, within ninety (90) calendar days thereafter, elect to participate in the City's medical, dental and vision insurance programs by agreeing to pay the required monthly premium. To participate, the temporary employee must agree to a payroll deduction equal to the amount necessary to pay the monthly health care premiums, or the City, at its discretion, may reduce the premium pay of the employee who chooses this option in an

amount equal to the insurance premiums. The temporary employee must continue to work enough hours each month to pay the premiums and maintain eligibility. This shall be a one-time election while employed by the City as a temporary. The temporary employee may not forego this election and later decide to change their mind. An employee who elects to participate in these insurance programs and fails to make the required payments in a timely fashion shall be dropped from City medical dental and vision coverage and shall not be able to participate again while employed by the City as temporary unless the employee is converted from receiving premium pay to receiving benefits. If a temporary employee's hours of work are insufficient for their pay to cover the insurance premium, the temporary employee may, on no more than one occasion, pay the difference, or self-pay the insurance premium, for up to three (3) consecutive months.

- 2.2.4 Temporary Employee Holiday Work Premium Pay: A temporary employee who works on any of the specific calendar days designated by the City as paid holidays shall be paid at the rate of one and one-half (1-1/2) times their regular straight-time hourly rate of pay for hours worked during their scheduled shift. When a specific holiday falls on a weekend day and most regular employees honor the holiday on the preceding Friday or following Monday adjacent to the holiday, the holiday premium pay of one and one-half (1-1/2) times the employee's regular straight-time rate of pay shall apply to those temporary employees who work on the weekend day specified as the holiday.
- 2.2.5 <u>Temporary, Benefits Eligible Employee Holiday Pay</u>: A temporary employee shall be compensated at their straight-time rate of pay for all officially recognized City holidays that occur subsequent to the employee becoming eligible for fringe benefits, for as long as they remain in such eligible assignment.
  - 1. To qualify for a paid holiday, the employee must be on active pay status the normal scheduled workday before or after the holiday, as provided in Section 12.2.
  - 2. Officially recognized City holidays that fall on Saturday shall be observed on the preceding Friday. Officially recognized City holidays that fall on Sunday shall be observed on the following Monday. If the City's observance of a holiday falls on a temporary employee's normal day off, the employee shall be eligible for another day off, with pay during the same workweek.
  - 3. Temporary employees who work less than eighty (80) hours per pay period shall have their holiday pay pro-rated, based on the number of straight-time hours compensated during the preceding pay period.

- 4. A temporary employee shall receive two (2) personal holidays immediately upon becoming eligible for fringe benefits, they have has not already received personal holidays in another assignment within the same calendar year.
- 5. Personal holidays cannot be carried over from calendar year to calendar year, nor can they be cashed out.
- 6. A temporary employee must use any personal holidays before their current eligibility for fringe benefits terminates. If an employee requests and is denied the opportunity to use their personal holidays during the eligibility assignment, the employing unit must permit them to use and be compensated for the holidays immediately following the last day worked in the assignment, prior to termination of the assignment.
- 2.2.6 Except for paid sick leave, premium pay set forth within Section 2.2.2 shall be in lieu of the base level of vacation and all other fringe benefits, such as holiday pay, bereavement leave, military leave, jury duty pay, disability leave, and medical and dental insurance, except as otherwise provided in Sections 2.2.2.2, 2.2.3, and 2.2.4. Further, temporary employees shall be eligible for shift pay differential set forth in Section 16.3.2; and overtime meal reimbursement set forth in Section 16.11.
- 2.2.7 The City may, at any time after ninety (90) calendar days' advance notification to and upon consultation with the affected collective bargaining representative, provide all fringe benefits covered by the premium pay set forth within Section 2.2.2 to all or some groups (departmental or occupational) of temporary employees to the same extent that they are available to regular employees within the same group, and in such event the premium pay provision in Section 2.2.2 shall no longer be applicable to that particular group of temporary employees. The City, at its discretion, may also after ninety (90) calendar days' advance notification to and upon consultation with the affected collective bargaining representative, provide paid vacation benefits to all or some groups (departmental or occupational) of temporary employees to the same extent that they are available to regular employees without providing other fringe benefits, and in such event the premium pay in Section 2.2.2 shall be reduced by a percentage amount equivalent to the value of vacation benefits. The applicable amount for base-level vacation shall be recognized as four-point eight one percent (4.81%), which could be higher dependent upon accrual rate increases. The City shall not use this option to change to and from premiums and benefits on an occasional basis. The City may also continue to provide benefits in lieu of all or part of the premiums in Section 2.2.2 where it has already been doing so, and it may in such cases reduce the premium paid to the affected employees by the applicable percentage.

- 2.2.8 A temporary employee who is assigned to a benefits eligible assignment will receive fringe benefits in-lieu-of premium pay until the assignment is converted or terminated.
- 2.2.9 The premium pay provisions set forth within Section 2.2.2 shall apply to cumulative non-overtime hours that occur without a voluntary break in service by the temporary employee. A voluntary break in service shall be defined as quit, resignation, service retirement, or failure to return from an unpaid leave. If the temporary employee has not worked for at least one (1) year (twelve [12] months or twenty-six [26] pay periods) it shall be presumed that the employee's break in service was voluntary.
- 2.2.10 The City may work temporary employees beyond one thousand forty (1,040) regular hours within any twelve (12) month period; provided, however, the City shall not use temporary employees to supplant budgeted positions. The City shall not assign or schedule temporary employees (or fail to do so) solely to avoid accumulation of regular hours that would increase the premium pay provided for in Section 2.2.2, or solely to avoid considering creation of regular positions.
- 2.2.11 In the event that an interim assignment of a temporary employee to a vacant regular position accrues more than one thousand five hundred (1500) hours, the City shall notify the union that a labor-management meeting shall take place within two (2) weeks for the purpose of discussing the status of filling the vacant position prior to one (1) year.
- 2.2.11.1 A temporary employee not working in a term-limited assignment, who has worked in excess of five hundred twenty (520) regular hours, and who is appointed to a regular position without a voluntary break in service greater than thirty (30) days, shall have their temporary service counted towards salary placement (where appropriate) and eligibility for medical, vision and dental benefits under Article 14, provided the service was in a job title corresponding to the same or higher classification in the same series as the regular appointment. In addition, a temporary employee who is in a limited-term assignment shall receive service credit for layoff purposes if the employee is immediately hired (within seven (7) business days without a break in service) into the same job title and position after the term is completed.
- 2.2.11.2 Temporary employees covered by this Agreement are eligible to apply for all positions advertised internally.
- 2.3 The City may establish on-the-job training program(s) in a different classification and/or within another bargaining unit for the purpose of providing individuals an opportunity to compete and potentially move laterally and/or upward into new career fields. Prior to implementation of such a

program(s) relative to bargaining unit employees, the City shall discuss the program(s) with the appropriate Union or Unions and the issue of bargaining unit jurisdiction and/or salary shall be a proper subject for negotiations at that time upon the request of either party.

- As part of its public responsibility, the City may participate in or establish public employment programs to provide employment and/or training for and/or service to the City by various segments of its citizenry. Such programs may result in individuals performing work for the City which is considered bargaining unit work pursuant to RCW 41.56. Such programs have included and may include student intern programs, court-ordered community service programs, and other programs with similar purposes. Individuals working for the City pursuant to such a program shall be exempt from all provisions of this Agreement.
- 2.4.1 The City shall have the right to implement new public employment programs or expand its current programs beyond what exists as of the signature date of this Agreement, but where such implementation or expansion involves bargaining unit work and results in a significant departure from existing practice, the City shall give thirty (30) days' advance written notice to the Union of such and upon receipt of a written request from the Union thereafter, the City shall engage in discussions with the Union on concerns raised by the Union. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the expanded use of individuals under such a public employment program that involves the performance of bargaining unit work within a given City department, beyond what has traditionally existed, shall not be the cause of (1) a layoff of regular employees covered by this Agreement; or (2) the abrogation of a regular budgeted full-time position covered by this Agreement that recently had been occupied by a regular full-time employee who performed the specific bargaining unit work now being or about to be performed by an individual under one of the City's public employment programs.
- 2.5 Cumulative sick leave with pay computed at the same rate and with all benefits and conditions required by Seattle Municipal Code (SMC), Chapter 14.6 and any other applicable laws, such as RCW 49.46.210, shall be granted to all temporary employees not eligible for fringe benefits pursuant to SMC subsection 4.20.055(C).
- 2.6 The City's temporary employment philosophy and practices will be part of the Labor Management Leadership Committee (LMLC) workplan.

#### ARTICLE 3 - MANAGEMENT RIGHTS

- 3.1 The management of the City and the direction of the work force are vested exclusively in the City, except as may be limited by an express provision of this Agreement. Without limitation, implied or otherwise, all matters not specifically and expressly covered by this Agreement shall be administered by the City in accordance with such policy or procedure as the City from time to time may determine.
- 3.2 Except where limited by an express provision of this Agreement, the City reserves the right to manage and operate the department at its discretion. Examples of such rights include the right:
  - A. To recruit, hire, assign, transfer, promote, or lay off employees;
  - B. To suspend, demote, and/or discharge employees for just cause;
  - C. To determine the methods, processes, means, and personnel necessary for providing service, including the increase or diminution or change of operations or equipment, in whole or in part, including the introduction of any and all new, improved, automated methods of equipment; the assignment of employees to specific jobs; the determination of job content and/or job duties; and the combination or consolidation of jobs;
  - D. To determine work schedules and the location of departmental headquarters and facilities;
  - E. To determine the amount of voluntary job-related education expenses to be reimbursed by the Employer, including tuition and other course or seminar fees, books, and travel:
  - F. To determine the extent to which any employee benefit, employment practice, or working condition not specifically mentioned in this Agreement shall be continued, revised, discontinued, and the extent to which same shall be funded within the department budget;
  - G. To control the departmental budget;
  - H. To temporarily assign employees to a specific job or position outside the bargaining unit;
  - I. To determine appropriate work out-of-class assignments; and
  - J. To determine rules relating to acceptable employee conduct.

- 3.3 The City further reserves the right to take whatever actions are necessary in emergencies in order to assure the proper functioning of the department.
- The City will make every effort to utilize its employees to perform all work, but the City reserves the right to contract out for bargaining unit work on a short-term, temporary basis under the following guidelines: (1) required expertise is not available within the City work force, or (2) the occurrence of peak loads above the work force capability. Determination as to (1) or (2) above shall be made by the department head involved; provided, however, prior to approval by the department head involved to contract out work under this provision, the Union will be notified thirty (30) days prior to the start of any new contract or as soon as the department is aware of the need to contract. This notification shall include:
  - 1. A detailed justification for the proposed contracting;
  - 2. A labor force analysis demonstrating why the current workforce cannot complete the work;
  - 3. The location where the work will be performed;
  - 4. A description of the work to be contracted;
  - 5. The estimated duration and amount of the contract;
  - 6. The intended start date; and
  - 7. The date the work must be completed, if applicable.

The City will, during its budget process, review the use of contractors in terms of nature of work, the duration, and the number of hours of contractor work being performed in conjunction with affected Union(s). Based on the review, if the City and Union(s) determine(s) there is an ongoing need, the Parties will, in good faith, collaboratively determine whether the circumstances warrant the proposal of additional regular positions.

The Union may grieve contracting out for work as described herein, if such contract involves work normally performed by employees covered by this Agreement.

#### ARTICLE 4 - UNION ENGAGEMENT AND PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS

- 4.1 The City agrees to deduct from the paycheck of each employee, who has so authorized it, the regular initiation fee, regular monthly dues, assessments and other fees as certified by the Union. The amounts deducted shall be transmitted monthly to the Union on behalf of the employees involved. The performance of this function is recognized as a service to the Union by the City and The City shall honor the terms and conditions of each worker's Union payroll deduction authorization(s) for the purposes of dues deduction only.
- 4.2 The Union agrees to indemnify and hold the City harmless from all claims, demands, suits or other forms of liability that arise against the Employer for deducting dues from Union members, including those that have communicated a desire to revoke a previous deduction authorization, along with all other issues related to the deduction of dues or fees.
- 4.3 The City will provide the Union access to all newly hired employees and/or persons entering the bargaining unit within thirty (30) days of such hire or entry into the bargaining unit. The Union and a shop steward/member leader will have at least thirty (30) minutes with such individuals during the employee's normal working hours and at their usual worksite or mutually agreed upon location.
- The City will require all new employees to attend a New Employee Orientation (NEO) within thirty (30) days of hire. The NEO will include an atminimum thirty (30) minute presentation by a Union representative to all employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement. At least five (5) working days before the date of the NEO, the City shall provide the Union with a list of names of their bargaining unit attending the Orientation.
- 4.5 The individual Union meeting and NEO shall satisfy the City's requirement to provide a New Employee Orientation Union Presentation under Washington State law. The City of Seattle, including its officers, supervisors, managers and/or agents, shall remain neutral on the issue of whether any bargaining unit employee should join the Union or otherwise participate in Union activities at the City of Seattle.
- 4.6 New Employee and Change in Employee Status Notification: The City will notify the Union with New Hire information as soon as possible. The City will supply the Union with the following information on a monthly basis for new employees:
  - A. Name
  - B. Home address
  - C. Personal phone
  - D. Personal email (if a member offers)

- E. Job classification and title
- F. Department and division
- G. Work location
- H. Date of hire
- I. FLSA status: Hourly or salary
- J. Compensation rate

The City will also notify the Union on a monthly basis regarding employee status changes for employees who have transferred into a bargaining unit position and of any employees who are no longer in the bargaining unit.

- 4.6.1 Adoption of New Personnel Management System (Workday): Upon transition to a new Personnel Management System (Workday), the City agrees to notify the appropriate Union with New Hire information no later than one work week after the employee's first day of work. In the event that transition is delayed, or the system is unable to send weekly notification, the Parties agree to meet to discuss an alternative notification process no later than May 1, 2024.
- 4.7 Any employee may revoke their authorization for payroll deduction of payments to their Union by written notice to the Union in accordance with the terms and conditions of their dues authorization. Every effort will be made to end the deductions effective on the first payroll, and not later than the second payroll, after receipt by the City of confirmation from the union that the terms of the employee's authorization regarding dues deduction revocation have been met. The City will refer all employee inquiries or communications regarding union dues to the appropriate Union.

See Also: APPENDIX D - Memorandum of Agreement, 2018

## ARTICLE 5 - GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE

- Any dispute between the City and the Union or between the City and any employee covered by this Agreement concerning the interpretation, application, claim of breach or violation of the express terms of this Agreement shall be deemed a grievance. An employee may initiate a grievance to the City and have the grievance adjusted without the assistance of the Union. However, the adjustment must be consistent with the expressed terms of this Agreement, the Union must be given notice and a reasonable opportunity to be present at any meeting called for the resolution of such grievance and the Union must be notified in writing of any resolution. The following outline of procedure is written as for a grievance of the Union/employee against the City, but it is understood the steps are similar for a grievance of the City against the Union.
- 5.2 Every effort will be made to settle grievances at the lowest possible level of supervision with the understanding grievances will be filed at the step in which there is authority to adjudicate, provided the immediate supervisor is notified. Employees will be unimpeded and free from restraint, interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal in seeking adjudication of their grievance.
- Grievances processed through Step 3 of the grievance procedure shall be heard during normal City business hours unless stipulated otherwise by the parties. Employees involved in such grievance meetings during their normal City working hours shall be allowed to do so without suffering a loss in pay. No more than one (1) shop steward, other than the grievant, shall attend the grievance meeting, except through prior approval of the City official convening the meeting.
- Any time limits stipulated in the grievance procedure may be extended for stated periods of time by the appropriate parties by mutual agreement in writing.

Failure by an employee and/or the Union to comply with any time limitation of the procedure in this Article shall constitute withdrawal of the grievance. Failure by the City to comply with any time limitation of the procedure in this Article shall allow the Union and/or the employee to proceed to the next step without waiting for the City to reply at the previous step, except that employees may not process a grievance beyond Step 3.

5.5 A grievance in the interest of a majority of the employees in a bargaining unit shall be reduced to writing by the Union and may be introduced at Step 3 of the grievance procedure and be processed within the time limits set forth herein.

As a means of facilitating settlement of a grievance, either party may by mutual consent include an additional member on its committee.

- 5.6 A grievance shall be processed in accordance with the following procedure:
- 5.6.1 Step 1: A grievance shall be submitted in writing by the aggrieved employee or the employee and/or Shop Steward within twenty (20) business days of the alleged contract violation to the individual in charge of the unit. The grievance shall include a description of the incident, alleged contract violation, and the date it occurred. The individual in charge of the unit should consult and/or arrange a meeting with their supervisor(s) if necessary to resolve the grievance. If requested by a Shop Steward or union representative, the Parties will convene a meeting. The Parties agree to make every effort to settle the grievance at this stage promptly. The individual in charge of the unit shall answer the grievance, in writing, within ten (10) business days after being notified of the grievance.
- 5.6.2 Step 2: If the grievance is not resolved as provided in Step 1, or if the grievance is initially submitted at Step 2 per Section 5.2, it shall be reduced to written form, citing the section(s) of the Agreement allegedly violated, the nature of the alleged violation and the remedy sought. The Secretary-Treasurer or designee and/or aggrieved employee shall then forward the written grievance to the individual in charge of the bureau with a copy to the City Director of Labor Relations within ten (10) business days after the Step 1 answer.

#### With Mediation

At the time the aggrieved employee and/or the Union submits the grievance to the individual in charge of the bureau, the Secretary-Treasurer or designee or the aggrieved employee or the individual in charge of the bureau may submit a written request for voluntary mediation assistance, with a copy to the Office of the Employee Ombud (OEO) Director, the City Director of Labor Relations and the Secretary-Treasurer or designee. If the OEO Director determines that the case is in line with the protocols and procedures of the OEO process, within fifteen (15) business days from receipt of the request for voluntary mediation assistance, the OEO Director or their designee will schedule a mediation conference and make the necessary arrangements for the selection of a mediator(s). The mediator(s) will serve as an impartial third party who will encourage and facilitate a resolution to the dispute. The mediation conference(s) will be confidential and will include the parties. The Secretary-Treasurer or designee and a Labor Negotiator from City Labor Relations may attend the mediation conference(s). Other persons may attend with the permission of the mediator(s) and both parties. If the parties agree to settle the matter, the mediator(s) will assist in drafting a settlement agreement, which the parties shall sign. An executed copy of the settlement agreement shall be provided to the parties, with either a copy or a signed statement of the disposition of the grievance submitted to the City Director of Labor Relations and the Union. The relevant terms of the settlement agreement shall be provided by the parties to the department's designated officials who need to assist in implementing the agreement. If the grievance is not settled within ten (10) business days of the initial mediation conference date, the City Director of Labor Relations, the individual in charge of the bureau and the Secretary-Treasurer or designee shall be so informed by the OEO Director or designee.

The parties to a mediation shall have no power through a settlement agreement to add to, subtract from, alter, change, or modify the terms of the collective bargaining agreement or to create a precedent regarding the interpretation of the collective bargaining agreement or to apply the settlement agreement to any circumstance beyond the explicit dispute applicable to said settlement agreement.

If the grievance is not resolved through mediation, the individual in charge of the bureau shall convene a meeting within ten (10) business days after receipt of notification that the grievance was not resolved through mediation between the aggrieved employee, Shop Steward and/or Secretary-Treasurer or designee, together with the individuals in charge of the bureau and the section and/or unit, and departmental human resources staff. The City Director of Labor Relations or their designee may attend said meeting. Within ten (10) business days after the meeting, the individual in charge of the bureau shall forward a reply to the Union.

#### Without Mediation:

The individual in charge of the bureau shall convene a meeting within ten (10) business days after receipt of the grievance between the aggrieved employee, Shop Steward and/or Secretary-Treasurer or designee, together with the individuals in charge of the bureau and the section and/or unit, and departmental human resources staff. The City Director of Labor Relations or designee may attend said meeting. Within ten (10) business days after the meeting, the individual in charge of the bureau shall forward a reply to the Union.

5.6.3 Step 3: If the grievance is not resolved as provided in Step 2 above or if the grievance is initially submitted at Step 3 per Sections 5.2 or 5.5, the grievance shall be reduced to written form, which shall include the same information specified in Step 2. The grievance shall be forwarded within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Step 2 answer or if the grievance was initially submitted at Step 3 it shall be submitted within twenty (20) business days of the alleged contract violation. Said grievance shall be submitted by the

Secretary Treasurer or designee and/or aggrieved employee to the City Director of Labor Relations with a copy to the appropriate department head.

Mediation can be requested at Step 3 in the same manner as outlined in Step 2. The grievance must be filed in the time frame specified in Step 3 and responded to in the time frame specified in Step 3 after receipt of notification from the OEO Director or designee that the grievance was not resolved through mediation.

The Director of Labor Relations or designee shall investigate the grievance and, they shall convene a meeting between the appropriate parties. The Director or designee shall thereafter make a confidential recommendation to the affected department head who shall, in turn, give the Union a detailed answer in writing ten (10) business days after receipt of the grievance or the meeting between the parties.

- 5.6.4 <u>Step 4</u>: If the grievance is not settled at Step 3, either of the signatory parties to this Agreement may submit the grievance to binding arbitration.
- 5.6.4.1 Within twenty (20) business days of the Union's receipt of the City's Step 3 response or the expiration of the City's time frame for responding at Step 3, the Union shall file a Demand for Arbitration with the City Director of Labor Relations.
- 5.6.4.2 Mediation can be requested at Step 4 in the same manner as outlined in Step 2. The grievance must be submitted to binding arbitration within the time frame specified in Step 4 and processed within the time frame specified in Step 4 after receipt of notification from the OEO Director or designee that the grievance was not resolved in mediation.
- 5.6.4.3 After the Demand for Arbitration is filed, the City and the Union will meet to select, by mutual agreement or by alternately striking names, an arbitrator to hear the parties' dispute. The City and the Union hereby agree to formulate and maintain a list of mutually acceptable arbitrators from which the selection will be made. This list shall be valid for the term of this Agreement and any extensions thereof shall be subject to modification by mutual written agreement of the City and Union.
- 5.6.4.4 Demands for Arbitration will be accompanied by the following information:
  - A. Identification of sections of the Agreement allegedly violated;
  - B. Nature of the alleged violation; and
  - C. Remedy sought
- 5.6.4.5 In connection with any arbitration proceeding held pursuant to this Agreement, it is understood as follows:

- A. The arbitrator shall have no power to render a decision that will add to, subtract from, alter, change, or modify the terms of this Agreement, and their power shall be limited to the interpretation or application of the express terms of this Agreement, and all other matters shall be excluded from arbitration.
- B. The decision of the arbitrator shall be final, conclusive and binding upon the City, the Union, and the employee involved.
- C. The cost of the arbitrator shall be borne equally by the City and the Union, and each party shall bear the cost of presenting its own case.
- D. The arbitrator's decision shall be made in writing and shall be issued to the parties within thirty (30) calendar days after the case is submitted to the arbitrator.
- E. Any arbitrator selected under Step 4 of this Article shall function pursuant to the voluntary labor arbitration regulations of the American Arbitration Association unless stipulated otherwise in writing by the parties to this Agreement.
- An employee covered by this Agreement must upon initiating objections relating to disciplinary action or other actions subject to appeal through either the contract grievance procedure or pertinent Civil Service appeal procedures use either the grievance procedure contained herein or pertinent procedures regarding such appeals to the Civil Service Commission. Under no circumstances may an employee use both the contract grievance procedure and Civil Service Commission procedures relative to the same action. If there are dual filings with the grievance procedure and the Civil Service Commission, the City will send a notice of such dual filings by certified mail to the employee(s) and the Union. The Union will notify the City within fifteen (15) calendar days from receipt of the notice if it will use the grievance procedure. If no such notice is received by the City, the contractual grievance shall be deemed to be withdrawn.
- 5.8 Arbitration awards or grievance settlements shall not be made retroactive beyond the date of the occurrence or non-occurrence upon which the grievance is based, that date being twenty (20) business days or less prior to the initial filing of the grievance.
- A reclassification grievance will be initially submitted by the Union, in writing, to the Director of Labor Relations, with a copy to the Department. The Union will identify in the grievance letter the name(s) of the grievant(s), their current job classification, and the proposed job classification. The Union will include with the grievance letter a Position Description Questionnaire (PDQ) completed and signed by the grievant(s). At the time of the initial filing, if the PDQ is not submitted, the Union will have sixty (60) business days to submit the PDQ to Labor Relations. After initial submittal of the grievance, the procedure will be as follows:

- 1. The Director of Labor Relations or designee will notify the Union of such receipt and will provide a date not to exceed six (6) months from the date of receipt of the grievance) when a proposed classification determination report responding to the grievance will be sent to the Union. The Director of Labor Relations or designee will provide notice to the Union when, due to unforeseen delays the time for the classification review will exceed the six (6) month period.
- 2. The Department Director, upon receipt of the proposed classification determination report from the Director of Labor Relations or designee, will respond to the grievance in writing.
- 3. If the grievance is not resolved, the Union may, within twenty (20) business days of the date the grievance response is received, submit to the Director of Labor Relations a letter designating one of the following processes for final resolution.
  - A. The Union may submit the grievance to binding arbitration, per Article 5, Section 5.6.4; or
  - B. The Union may request the classification determination be reviewed by the Classification Appeals Board, consisting of two members of the Classification/Compensation Unit and one Human Resource professional from an unaffected department. The Classification Appeals Board will, whenever possible, within ten (10) business days of receipt of the request, arrange a hearing; and, when possible, convene the hearing within thirty (30) business days. The Board will make a recommendation to the Seattle Human Resources Director within forty-five (45) business days of the appeal hearing. The Director of Labor Relations or designee will respond to the Union after receipt of the Seattle Human Resources Director's determination. If the Seattle Human Resources Director affirms the Classification Board's recommendation, that decision shall be final and binding and not subject to further appeal. If the Seattle Human Resources Director does not affirm the Classification Appeals Board recommendation within fifteen (15) business days, the Union may submit the grievance to arbitration per Article 5, Section 5.6.4.

## 5.10 Property Interest Discipline Grievance:

- A. The burden of proof in disciplinary procedures shall be upon the City.
- B. Where an Appointing Authority or designee imposes or intends to impose property level discipline, a preliminary notice of discipline shall be given to the employee. This preliminary notice of discipline shall contain (a) charges; (b) general description of the alleged acts and/or conduct upon which the charge is based and (c) the penalty to be imposed. A copy of the preliminary notice of discipline shall be concurrently provided to the local Union office. Upon request of the Union, the City shall provide a complete copy of the investigation files in advance of any Loudermill hearing requested and in advance of issuing the formal discipline. The Union may also request a meeting to review the investigation file with the City's investigator and Labor Relations. Both requests must be made timely and may not unduly delay the City's disciplinary processes.

## ARTICLE 6 - GENERAL CONDITIONS

- A Union business representative may, after giving prior notice to the individual in charge (or their designee) of the work unit of the employees covered by this Agreement, visit the work location during work hours. The area of the work location where evidence is actually stored is a restricted area and shall not be accessible to the Union business representative. The Union business representative shall limit their activities during such visit to matters relating to this Agreement. Such visits shall not interfere with the work functions of the department. City work hours shall not be used by employees and/or the Union representative for the conduct of Union business or the promotion of Union affairs other than those related to the administration of this Agreement, except as provided by Section 6.1.1.
- 6.1.1 The parties to this agreement recognize the value to both the Union and the City of having employees express their perspective(s) as part of the negotiations process. Therefore, employees who participate in bargaining as part of the Union's bargaining team during the respective employee's work hours shall remain on paid status, without the Union having to reimburse the City for the cost of their time, PROVIDED the following conditions are met:
  - A. Bargaining preparation and meetings of the Union's bargaining team other than actual negotiations shall not be applicable to this provision;
  - B. No more than an aggregate of one hundred fifty (150) hours of paid time for the negotiation sessions resulting in a labor agreement, including any associated overtime costs, shall be authorized under this provision.
  - C. If the aggregate of one hundred fifty (150) hours is exceeded, the Union shall reimburse the City for the cost of said employee(s)' time, including any associated overtime costs
- The Union may appoint one (1) shop steward in each bargaining unit. In addition, the Union may appoint one (1) alternate shop steward, who may perform in the absence of the appointed shop steward. Immediately after appointment of its shop steward and the alternate, the Union must furnish the City Director of Labor Relations and the Police Department's Director of Human Resources with the names of the employee(s) designated as shop steward(s). Failure to provide such a list shall result in non-recognition by the City of the shop steward(s). Shop steward(s) shall be regular full-time employees and shall perform their regular duties. They shall inform the Union of any alleged violations of this Agreement and process grievances, except as may be limited by this Agreement. The shop steward shall be allowed reasonable time, at the discretion of the City, to process contract grievances during regular working hours. Shop stewards shall not interfere with the Employer's operation in any way or change working conditions.

- 6.2.1 Shop stewards shall not be discriminated against for making a complaint or giving evidence with respect to an alleged violation of any provision of this Agreement, but under no circumstances shall shop stewards interfere with orders of the Employer or change working conditions.
- 6.3 The City shall provide a transit subsidy benefit consistent with SMC 4.20.370.
- All work shall be done in a competent and safe manner, and in accordance with the W.I.S.H.A. and O.S.H.A. Safety Codes. Where higher standards are specified by the City than called for as minimum by state or federal codes, City standards shall prevail.
- At the direction of the City, it is the duty of every employee covered by this Agreement to comply with established Safety rules, promote safety and to assist in the prevention of accidents. All employees covered by this Agreement are expected to participate and cooperate in the overall City Safety Program.
- 6.4.2 <u>Citywide Health and Safety Committee</u>: The Employer and the Coalition of City Unions ("CCU") shall form a City-wide Health and Safety Committee. The CCU member unions shall appoint no more than ten (10) members of the Committee. The Employer shall appoint a maximum of 10 members of the Committee. The Committee shall convene at least quarterly. The Parties may meet more frequently by mutual agreement.
- 6.4.3 <u>Departmental Health and Safety Committee</u>: Each City department will form joint safety committees in accordance with WISHA requirements at each permanent work location where there are eleven (11) or more employees. Where there is need, safety committees may also be formed at division levels, and/or unit levels, however these shall not replace the departmental joint safety committee.

When a department is setting up safety committee elections, it will notify the unions represented at that location and the union shall have 14 days to provide the City with a list of union appointed members proportionate to their representation at the location. Meetings will be conducted in accordance with WAC 296-800-13020. Committee recommendations will be forwarded to the appropriate Appointing Authority for review and action, as necessary. The Appointing Authority or designee will report follow-up action/information to the Safety Committee.

6.4.4 The Union shall be notified in advance and included in any processes that are used by the Seattle Police Department to determine employee membership on all departmental, divisional, and sectional Safety

Committees. Union notification and engagement protocols will be facilitated through departmental labor management committees.

- 6.4.5 Employee Workplace Safety: The City shall make reasonable efforts to provide an environment free from violence, harassment, and other hazardous conditions When the Union or employee(s) report hazardous conditions in the City operated workplace, the City shall conduct a risk assessment to identify potential hazards and make efforts to mitigate any findings. Both the risk assessment and mitigation plan will be shared with the impacted Union(s).
- 6.4.6 Recognizing the Health and Safety Impacts of Climate Change to Workers and the Community: City Departments shall follow OSHA/WISHA guidelines and recommendations in order to create written worksite safety plans to prevent heat-related illness and ensure emergency preparedness for employees in the event of extreme outdoor heat.
- 6.4.7 <u>Ergonomic Assessments</u>: At the request of an employee, the Employer will ensure that an ergonomic assessment of the employee's workplace is completed in City facilities. Solutions to identified issues/concerns will be implemented within available resources.
- 6.4.8 <u>Air Quality Assessments</u>: Air quality concerns brought to the Safety Committee will be evaluated and processed in accordance with the safety committee section above.
- 6.4.9 <u>Pandemic Health and Safety</u>: The City will follow guidelines as set by the CDC and local Public Health entities with regard to any pandemic or disease outbreak.
- Bulletin Boards: The City, upon written request from the Union, shall provide bulletin board space for the use of the Union in an area accessible to employees covered by this Agreement; provided, however, said space shall not be used for notices that are controversial or political in nature. All material posted by the Union shall be officially identified as such.
- 6.6 Investigatory Interviews: When an employee is required by the City to attend an interview conducted by the City for purposes of investigating an incident that may lead to discipline/discharge of that employee because of that particular incident, the employee shall have the right to request that they be accompanied at the investigatory interview by a representative of the Union. If the employee makes such a request, the request shall be made to the City representative conducting the investigatory interview. The City, when faced with such a request, may:

A. Grant the employee's request, or

- B. Deny the employee's request but, in doing so, stop and/or cancel the investigatory interview.
- 6.6.1 In construing this Section, it is understood that:
  - A. The City is not required to conduct an investigatory interview before disciplining or discharging an employee.
  - B. The City does not have to grant an employee's request for Union representation when the meeting between the City and the employee is not investigatory, but is solely for the purpose of informing an employee of a disciplinary/discharge decision that the City has already made relative to that employee.
  - C. The employee must make immediate arrangements for Union representation when their request for representation is granted.
  - D. An employee shall attend investigatory interviews scheduled by the City at reasonable times and reasonable places.
- 6.6.2 The City may suspend, demote, or discharge an employee for just cause.
- 6.6.3 The Parties agree that in their respective roles primary emphasis shall be placed on preventing situations requiring disciplinary actions through effective employee/management relations. The primary objective of discipline shall be to correct and rehabilitate, not to punish or penalize. To this end, in order of increasing severity, the disciplinary actions that the City may take against an employee include:
  - A. Oral reprimand;
  - B. Written reprimand;
  - C. Suspension;
  - D. Demotion; or
  - E. Termination.
- 6.6.4 Disciplinary action will normally be progressive in nature, but the level of discipline taken depends upon the circumstances, including the seriousness of the employee's misconduct.
- 6.7 <u>Labor-Management Committees</u>: The City and Union agree to hold labormanagement meetings as necessary. These meetings will be called upon request of either party to discuss any subject of a general nature affecting employees covered by this Agreement. The purpose of departmental labormanagement meetings is to deal with matters of general concern to the Union

and a particular department. It is understood that such meetings are consultative in nature.

- 6.7.1 When issues to be discussed pertain to a single department, representatives of the affected department can attend such meetings and shall be able to set such meetings independently with the Union with the concurrence of the Director of Labor Relations. The Union shall be permitted to designate members and/or stewards in affected departments to assist its staff representatives in such meetings.
- 6.7.2 Subjects for discussion at labor-management meetings during the term of this Agreement shall be as agreed by the parties.
- 6.7.3 <u>Labor-Management Leadership Committee</u>: The Labor-Management Leadership Committee will be a forum for communication and cooperation between labor and management to support the delivery of high-quality, cost-effective service to the citizens of Seattle while maintaining a high-quality work environment for City employees.

The management representatives to the Committee will be determined in accordance with the Labor Management Leadership Committee Charter. The Coalition of City Unions will appoint a minimum of six (6) labor representatives and a maximum equal to the number of management representatives on the Committee. The Co-Chairs of the Coalition will be members of the Leadership Committee.

6.7.4 Employment Security: Labor and management support continuing efforts to provide the best service delivery and the highest quality service in the most cost-effective manner to the citizens of Seattle. Critical to achieving this purpose is the involvement of employees in sharing information and creatively addressing workplace issues, including administrative and service delivery productivity, efficiency, quality controls, and customer service.

Labor and management agree that in order to maximize participation and results from the Employee Involvement Committees ("EICs"), no one will lose employment or equivalent rate of pay with the City of Seattle because of efficiencies resulting from an EIC initiative.

In instances where the implementation of an EIC recommendation does result in the elimination of a position, management and labor will work together to find suitable alternative employment for the affected employee. An employee who chooses not to participate in and/or accept a reasonable employment offer, if qualified, will terminate their rights under this employment security agreement.

- 6.8 An employee covered by this Agreement who is required by the City to provide a personal automobile for use in City business shall be reimbursed for such use in accordance with SMC 4.70.025.
- 6.9 <u>OEO/HRIU</u>: The City and the Union encourage the use of the City's Office of the Employee Ombud (OEO) and Human Resources Investigation Unit (HRIU) to resolve non-contractual workplace conflicts/disputes. Participation in these processes is entirely voluntary and confidential.
- Ethics and Elections Commission: Nothing contained within this Agreement shall prohibit the Seattle Ethics and Elections Commission from administering the Code of Ethics, including, but not limited to, the authority to impose monetary fines for violations of the Code of Ethics. Such fines are not discipline under this Agreement, and as such, are not subject to the grievance procedure contained within this Agreement. Records of any fines imposed or monetary settlements shall not be included in the employee's personnel file. Fines imposed by the Commission shall be subject to appeal on the record to the Seattle Municipal Court.

In the event the Employer acts on a recommendation by the Commission to discipline an employee, the employee's contractual rights to contest such discipline shall apply. No record of the disciplinary recommendations by the Commission shall be placed in the employee's personnel file unless such discipline is upheld or unchallenged. Commission hearings are to be closed if requested by the employee who is the subject of such hearing.

- 6.11 <u>Correction of Payroll Errors</u>: In the event it is determined there has been an error in an employee's paycheck, an underpayment shall be corrected within two pay periods, and upon written notice an overpayment shall be corrected as follows:
  - A. If the overpayment involved only one (1) paycheck;
    - 1. By payroll deductions spread over two (2) pay periods; or
    - 2. By payments from the employee spread over two (2) pay periods.
  - B. If the overpayment involved multiple paychecks, by a repayment schedule through payroll deduction not to exceed twenty-six (26) pay periods in duration, with a minimum payroll deduction of not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) per pay period.
  - C. If an employee separates from the City service before an overpayment is repaid, any remaining amount due the City will be deducted from his/her final paycheck(s).

D. By other means as may be mutually agreed between the City and the employee. The Union Representative may participate in this process at the request of the involved employee. All parties will communicate/cooperate in resolving these issues.

## 6.12 <u>Employee Parking</u>:

- A. If the City intends to implement a flexcar program in a manner that would constitute a benefit for any employee(s), the parties agree to open negotiations to establish the elements of said program that are mandatory subjects of bargaining prior to program implementation.
- B. The City shall take such actions as may be necessary so that employee costs directly associated with their City employment for public transportation and/or parking in a City owned facility paid through payroll deduction will be structured in a manner whereby said costs are tax exempt, consistent with applicable IRS rules and regulations.
- C. The parties hereby acknowledge and affirm that a past practice shall not have been established obligating the City to continue to provide employee parking in an instance where employees were permitted to park on City property at their work location if the City sells the property, builds on existing parking sites, or some other substantial change in circumstance occurs. However, the City shall be obligated to bargain the impacts of such changes.
- 6.13 <u>Meal Reimbursement while on Travel Status</u>: An employee shall be reimbursed for meals while on travel status at the federal per diem rate. An employee will not be required to submit receipts for meals and may retain any unspent portion of an advance cash allowance for meals.
- 6.14 <u>Supervisor's Files</u>: Files maintained by supervisors regarding an employee are considered part of the employee's personnel file and subject to the requirements of state law, RCW 49.12.240, RCW 49.12.250 and RCW 49.12.260, including allowing employee access to such files.
- 6.15 The discretionary fund equivalent to fifty dollars (\$50.00) per employee per year shall be administered by the Department for job related needs or job-related matters.
- 6.16 <u>Uniforms</u>: The City will reimburse up to six hundred dollars (\$600.00) in 2023; up to six hundred twenty-five dollars (\$625.00) in 2024; up to six hundred fifty dollars (\$650.00) in 2025 and up to six hundred seventy-five (\$675.00) in 2026 for an employee's uniform allotment to be available -on the employee's anniversary date. New employees will be reimbursed up to five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for the purchase of their initial uniforms after six (6) months

of employment. For 2023, employees may submit receipts for their corresponding annual reimbursements at the 2024 annual reimbursement amounts and may rollover any remaining balance to the next year for use during the term of this agreement, including into the ensuing year after the expiration of the agreement. In the event a successor agreement is not in place January 1, 2027, the reimbursement rate will be maintained at \$675.00.

The Police Department will make available a list of vendors that may be used for the purchase of uniforms and when any part or all of the uniform must be replaced. The City will reimburse the employee for the repair or replacement of uniforms that are damaged in the line of duty in accordance with Section 1.193, IV, of the Police Department Manual, except when caused by the employee's own negligence. If/when the Police Department makes a change in the uniform or vendor, the impact of such change must be negotiated. Employees are expected to report for duty in a full and presentable uniform. The makeup of the uniform shall be determined by the Police Department management, with input from a joint labor/management team. The reimbursements set forth in this Section will be made upon presentation of an itemized receipt from the vendor.

- 6.17 The Union and the City agree to the following:
  - A. A re-opener on impacts associated with any revisions made to the Affordable Care Act (ACA);
  - B. No later than sixty (60) days after the full ratification of this Agreement, the Parties agree to initiate interest-based bargaining (IBB) on the subject of Change Team co-lead compensation, workload balance, and workplace protections. The Parties further agree that both the Director of Human Resources or designee(s), equal numbers of management and labor representatives and up to six (6) members of department Change Teams will be members of the IBB negotiation team. Upon completion of IBB, the Parties may agree by mutual consent to reopen this Agreement to incorporate agreed upon language. The Parties acknowledge that any new or modified language developed in IBB may need parameter approval from the LRPC and adoption by the Seattle City Council in order to be enforceable.
  - C. A reopener on impacts arising from or related to changes to the Washington Paid Family and Medical Leave Program (Title 50A RCW) including, but not limited to, changes to the City's current paid leave program benefit which may arise as a result of final rulemaking from the State of Washington, which may include changes to the draw down requirements associated with the City's Paid Family and Parental Leave programs.

- D. Either party may reopen the collective bargaining agreement for the limited purpose of discussing and addressing the impact of any terms and conditions of work for Community Service Officers and/or CSO Supervisors not otherwise covered by the terms of the collective bargaining agreement effective January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2026.
- E. <u>Dependent Care Task Force</u>: The City and the Coalition of City Unions recognize a common interest in supporting employees by increasing access to safe, affordable, and quality dependent care services.

To meet this interest, the Parties will convene a joint Task Force to study options for a possible child and dependent care benefit program, including the possibility of a multi-employer dependent care voucher program. The joint Task Force shall be made up of equal numbers of labor representatives and representatives of the City. The Task Force assessment should include an analysis of the need for dependent care by City employees, affordability, quality, location of child and adult care providers, and the administrative infrastructure needed to oversee the program. The assessment should also include an analysis of the costs and benefits of a dependent care benefit program and possible revenue sources such as the potential excess Health Insurance Rate Stabilization Fund. By mutual agreement, the Task Force may consult with outside experts to help with the assessment. The Task Force shall provide a written report, with its analysis and recommendations, no later than end of year 2024.

F. Encampment Clean-Up Safety and Compensation: The Parties agree to examine the City's safety protocols and encampment premium as each relates to homeless encampment clean-up. During the term of this Agreement, the City and impacted Coalition unions agree to meet and discuss existing practices and to consider potential improvements to the existing safety protocols and encampment premium. Should the Parties reach an agreement in principle on any changes to the safety protocols, the City agrees, subject to the approval of the City Council and the Mayor, to reduce such agreement to writing.

## ARTICLE 7 - WORK STOPPAGES

- Work Stoppages: The City and the Union signatory to this Agreement agree that the public interest requires the efficient and uninterrupted performance of all City service, and to this end pledge their best efforts to avoid or eliminate any conduct contrary to this objective. During the term of this Agreement, the Union and/or the employees covered by this Agreement shall not cause or engage in any work stoppage, strike, slowdown, or other interference with City functions. Employees covered by this Agreement who engage in any of the foregoing actions may be subject to such disciplinary actions as may be determined by the City.
- 7.1.1 In the event, however, that there is a work stoppage or any other interference with City functions that is not authorized by the Union, the City agrees that there shall be no liability on the part of the Union, its officers or representatives, provided that in the event of such unauthorized action they first shall meet the following conditions:
  - A. Within not more than twenty-four (24) hours after the occurrence of any such unauthorized action, the Union shall publicly disavow the same by posting a notice on the bulletin boards available, stating that such action is unauthorized by the Union;
  - B. The Union, its officers and representatives shall promptly order its members to return to work, notwithstanding the existence of any wildcat picket line;
  - C. The Union, its officers and representatives shall, in good faith, use every reasonable effort to terminate such unauthorized action;
  - D. The Union shall not question the unqualified right of the City to discipline or discharge employees engaging in or encouraging such action. It is understood that such action on the part of the City shall be final and binding upon the Union and its members and shall be in no case construed as a violation by the City of any provision in this Agreement.

#### ARTICLE 8 - PROBATIONARY PERIOD AND TRIAL SERVICE PERIOD

8.1 The following shall define terms used in this Article:

<u>Probationary Period</u>: A twelve (12) month trial period of employment following an employee's initial regular appointment within the Civil Service to a position.

Regular Appointment: The authorized appointment of an individual to a position in the Civil Service.

<u>Trial Service Period/Regular Subsequent Appointment</u>: A twelve (12) month trial period of employment of a regular employee beginning with the effective date of promotion or transfer to a classification in which the employee has not successfully completed a probationary or trial service period or rehire from a Reinstatement Recall List to a department other than that from which the employee was laid off.

Regular Employee: An employee who has successfully completed a twelve (12) month probationary period and has had no subsequent break in service as occasioned by quit, resignation, discharge for just cause, or retirement.

<u>Revert</u>: To return an employee who has not successfully completed their trial service period to a vacant position in the same class and former department (if applicable) from which they were appointed.

Reversion Recall List: If no such vacancy exists to which the employee may revert, the employee will be removed from the payroll and their name placed on a Reversion Recall List for the class/department from which the employee was removed.

- 8.2 <u>Probationary Period/Status of Employee</u>: Employees who are initially appointed to a position shall serve a probationary period of twelve (12) months.
  - A. The probationary period shall provide the department with the opportunity to observe a new employee's work, to train and aid the new employee in adjustment to the position, and to terminate any employee whose work performance fails to meet the required standards.
  - B. An employee shall become regular after having completed their probationary period unless the individual is dismissed under provisions of Section 8.3 and 8.3.1.
- 8.3 <u>Probationary Period/Dismissal</u>: An employee may be dismissed during their probationary period after having been given written notice five (5) working

days prior to the effective date of dismissal. However, if the department believes the best interest of the City requires the immediate dismissal of the probationary employee, written notice of only one (1) full working day prior to the effective date of the dismissal shall be required. The reasons for the dismissal shall be filed with the Seattle Human Resources Director and a copy sent to the Union.

- 8.3.1 An employee dismissed during their probationary period shall not have the right to appeal the dismissal. When proper advance notice of the dismissal is not given, the employee may enter an appeal (for payment of up to five (5) days' salary), which the employee would have otherwise received had proper notice been given. If such a claim is sustained, the employee shall be entitled to the appropriate payment of salary but shall not be entitled to reinstatement.
- 8.4 <u>Trial Service Period</u>: An employee who has satisfactorily completed their probationary period and who is subsequently promoted or transferred to a position in another classification shall serve a twelve (12) month trial service period, in accordance with Section 8.1.
  - A. The trial service period shall provide the department with the opportunity to observe the employee's work and to train and aid the employee in adjustment to the position, and to revert such an employee whose work performance fails to meet required standards.
  - B. An employee who has been promoted or transferred to a from one classification to another classification within the same or different department and who fails to satisfactorily complete the trial service period shall be reverted to a vacant position within that department and classification from which they were appointed.
  - C. Where no such vacancy exists, such employee shall be given fifteen (15) calendar days written notice prior to being placed on a Reversion Recall List for their former department and former classification and being removed from the payroll.
  - D. An employee's trial service period may be extended up to three (3) additional months by written mutual agreement between the department, the employee and the Union, subject to approval by the Seattle Human Resources Director prior to expiration of the trial service period.
  - E. Employees who have been reverted during the trial service period shall not have the right to appeal the reversion.
  - F. The names of regular employees who have been reverted for purposes of re-employment in their former department shall be placed upon a Reversion Recall List for the same classification from which they were

promoted or transferred for a period of one (1) year from the date of reversion.

- G. If a vacancy is to be filled in a department and a valid Reversion Recall List for the classification for that vacancy contains the name(s) of eligible employees who have been removed from the payroll from that classification and from that department, such employees shall be reinstated in order of their length of service. The employee who has the most service shall be the first reinstated.
- H. Any employee whose name is on a valid Reversion Recall List who accepts employment with the City in that same job classification shall have their name removed from the Reversion Recall List. Refusal to accept placement from a Reversion Recall List to a position the same, or essentially the same, as that which the employee previously held shall cause an employee's name to be removed from the Reversion Recall List, which shall terminate rights to re-employment under this Reversion Recall List provision.
- I. A reverted employee shall be paid at the step of the range that they normally would have received had they not been promoted or transferred.
- 8.5 <u>Subsequent Appointments During Probationary Period or Trial Service Period</u>: If a probationary employee is subsequently appointed to a different classification in the same or different department, the employee shall serve a complete twelve (12) month probationary period in the new classification. If a regular employee is subsequently appointed to a different classification in the same or different department, the employee shall serve a complete twelve (12) month trial service period in the new classification.

Within the same department, if a regular employee is appointed to a higher classification while serving in a trial service period, the trial service period for the lower classification and the new trial service period for the higher classification shall overlap provided that the higher and lower classifications are in the same or a closely related field. The employee shall complete the terms of the original trial service period and be given regular status in the lower classification. Such employee shall also be granted the rights normally accruing to trial service for the remainder of the trial service period in the higher classification.

Within the same department, if a probationary employee is regularly appointed to a higher classification while serving in a probationary period, the probationary period and the new trial service period for the higher classification shall overlap provided the higher and the lower classifications are in the same or a closely related field. The employee shall complete the term of the original probationary period and be given regular standing in the

lower class. Such employee shall also be granted the rights normally accruing to trial service for the remainder of the trial service period in the higher classification.

- The probationary period shall be equivalent to twelve (12) months of service following regular appointment. Occasional absences due to illness or other allowable use of paid leave, vacations, jury duty, and military leaves shall not result in an extension of the probationary period, but upon approval of the Seattle Human Resources Director, an employee's probationary period may be extended so as to include the equivalent of a full twelve (12) months of actual service where there are numerous absences.
- 8.7 Nothing in this Article shall be construed as being in conflict with provisions of Article 17.

## ARTICLE 9 - CLASSIFICATIONS AND RATES OF PAY

- 9.1 The classifications of employees covered under this Agreement and the corresponding rates of pay are set forth within Appendix "A" attached hereto and made a part of this Agreement.
- 9.1.1 Effective January 4, 2023, employees' base wages will be increased by five percent (5%).
- 9.1.2 Effective January 3, 2024, employees' base wages will be increased by four and one half percent (4.5%)
- 9.1.3 Effective January 4, 2025, employees' base wages will be increased by one hundred percent (100%) of the annual average growth rate of the bi-monthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue area Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the period June 2023 through June 2024 to the period June 2024 through June 2025. However, this percentage increase shall not be less than two percent (2%) nor shall it exceed four percent (4%).
- 9.1.4 Effective January 10, 2026, employees' base wages will be increased one hundred percent (100%) of the annual average growth rate of the bi-monthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue area Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the period June 2024 through June 2025 to the period June 2025 through June 2026. However, this percentage increase shall not be less than two percent (2%) nor shall it exceed four percent (4%). After calculating the new base wage for 2026 using the formula above, the base wage will have an additional one-point-zero-percent (1.0%) added, the total not to exceed five percent (5%).
- 9.1.5 Employees will pay the employee portion of the required premium [listed as the WA Paid Family Leave Tax and the WA Paid Medical Leave Tax on an employee's paystub] of the Washington State Paid Family and Medical Leave Program effective December 25, 2019.
- 9.2 An employee, upon first appointment, shall receive at least the minimum rate of the salary range fixed for the position as set forth within Appendix A and B.
- 9.2.1 An employee shall be granted the first automatic step increase in salary rate upon completion of six (6) months of "actual service" when hired at the first step of the salary range, and succeeding automatic step increases shall be granted after twelve (12) months of "actual service" from the date of eligibility for the last step increase to the maximum of the range. Actual service for purposes of this Section shall be defined in terms of one (1) month's service for each month of full-time employment, including paid

absences. This provision shall not apply to work outside of classification or to temporary employees prior to regular appointment except as otherwise provided for in Section 2.2.10, and except that step increments in the outof-class title shall be authorized when a step increase in the primary title reduces the pay differential to less than what the promotion rule permits. provided that such increment shall not exceed the top step of the higher salary range. Further, when an employee is assigned to perform the same out-of-class duties on a full-time, continuous basis for twelve (12) or more months, they will receive one step increment in the higher paid title, provided that they have not received a step increment based on changes to the primary pay rate within the previous twelve (12) months, and that such increment does not exceed the top step of the higher salary range. However, an employee who has been reclassified shall be given credit for pay step purposes for the continuous time worked immediately preceding the reclassification for which they were properly paid "work outside of classification pay" provided for in Section 10.1.

- 9.2.2 For employees assigned salary steps other than the beginning step of the salary range, subsequent salary increases within the salary range shall be granted after twelve (12) months of "actual service" from the appointment or increase, then at succeeding twelve (12) month intervals to the maximum of the salary range established for the class.
- 9.2.3 In determining "actual service" for advancement in salary step, a protected absence due to sickness or injury, or other protected basis under City Ordinance and state or federal law/regulations, for which the employee does not receive compensation will be credited at the rate of thirty (30) calendar days per year unless otherwise required by such ordinance, law or regulation. Unpaid absences due to other causes may, at the discretion of the City, be credited at the rate of fifteen (15) calendar days per year. For the purposes of this paragraph, time lost by reason of disability for which an employee is compensated by Workers' Compensation or Charter disability provisions shall not be considered absence. An employee who returns after layoff, or who is reduced in rank to a position in the same or another department, may be given credit for such prior service.
- 9.2.4 Any increase in salary based on service shall become effective upon the first day immediately following completion of the applicable period of service.
- 9.2.5 <u>Changes in Incumbent Status Transfers</u>: An employee transferred to another position in the same class or having an identical salary range shall continue to be compensated at the same rate of pay until the combined service requirement is fulfilled for a step increase and shall thereafter receive step increases as provided in Section 9.5.1.

- 9.2.6 Promotions: An employee appointed to a position in a class having a higher maximum salary shall be paid at the nearest step in the higher range which (1) provides the employee who is not at the top step of their current salary range a dollar amount at least equal to the next step increase of the employee's current salary range, or (2) provides the employee who is at the top step of their current salary range an increase in pay through placement at the salary step in the new salary range that is closest to a four percent (4%) increase, provided that such increase shall not exceed the maximum step established for the higher paying position, and provided further, that this provision shall apply only to appointments of employees from regular full-time positions and shall not apply to appointments from positions designated as "intermittent" or "as needed" or to "temporary assignments" providing pay "over regular salary while so assigned."
- 9.2.6.1 Hours worked out of class shall apply toward salary step placement if the employee is appointed, or their position reclassified, to the same title as the out-of-class assignment within twelve (12) months of the end of such assignment.
- 9.2.7 An employee demoted because of inability to meet established performance standards from a regular full-time or part-time position to a position in a class having a lower salary range shall be paid the salary step in the lower range determined as follows:
  - A. If the rate of pay received in the higher class is above the maximum salary for the lower class, the employee shall receive the maximum salary of the lower range.
  - B. If the rate of pay received in the higher class is within the salary range for the lower class, the employee shall receive that salary rate for the lower class that, without increase, is nearest to the salary rate to which such employee was entitled in the higher class; provided, however, the employee shall receive not less than the minimum salary of the lower range.
- 9.2.8 An employee reduced because of organizational change or reduction in force from a regular full-time or part-time position to a position in a class having a lower salary range shall be paid the salary rate of the lower range that is nearest to the salary rate to which they were entitled in their former position without reduction; provided, however, such salary shall in no event exceed the maximum salary of the lower range. If an employee who has completed twenty-five (25) years of City service and who within five (5) years of a reduction in lieu of layoff to a position in a class having a lower salary range, such employee shall receive the salary they were receiving prior to such second reduction as an "incumbent" for so long as the employee remains in such position or until the regular salary for the lower class exceeds the "incumbent" rate of pay.

9.2.9 When a position is reclassified by ordinance to a new or different class having a different salary range, the employee occupying the position immediately prior to and at the time of reclassification shall receive the salary rate which shall be determined in the same manner as for a promotion; provided, however, if the employee's salary prior to reclassification is higher than the maximum salary of the range for such new or different class, they shall continue to receive such higher salary as an "incumbent" for so long as they remain in such position or until the regular salary for the classification exceeds the "incumbent" rate of pay.

#### ARTICLE 10 - WORK OUTSIDE OF CLASSIFICATION

- 10.1 <u>Work Outside of Classification</u>: Out-of-Class is a management tool, the purpose of which is to complete essential public services. Whenever an employee is assigned by the department head or designee to perform the normal ongoing duties of and accept responsibility of a position when the duties of the position are clearly outside of the scope of an employee's regular classification for a period of four (4) consecutive hours or longer, the employee shall be paid at the out-of-class salary rate while performing such duties and accepting such responsibility. The out-of-class salary rate shall be determined in the same manner as for a promotion.
- An employee may be temporarily assigned to perform the duties of a lower classification without a reduction in pay. At management's discretion, an employee may be temporarily assigned the duties of a lower-level class, or the duties of a class with the same pay rate range as their primary class, across Union jurisdictional lines, with no change to their regular pay rate. Out-of-class provisions related to threshold for payment, salary step placement, service credit for salary step placement, and payment for absences do not apply in these instances.
- 10.3 The City shall have the sole authority to direct its supervisors as to when to assign employees to a higher classification. Employees must meet the minimum qualifications of the higher class and must have demonstrated or be able to demonstrate their ability to perform the duties of the class. The City may work employees out of class across bargaining unit jurisdictions for a period not to exceed six (6) continuous months. The six (6) month period may be exceeded under the following circumstances: (1) a hiring freeze exists and vacancies cannot be filled; (2) extended industrial or off-the-job injury or disability; (3) a position is scheduled for abrogation; or (4) a position is encumbered (an assignment in lieu of a layoff). When such circumstances require that an out-of-class assignment be extended beyond six (6) months. the City shall notify the Union or Unions that represent the employee who is so assigned and/or the body of work that is being performed on an out-ofclass basis. After nine (9) months, the Union that represents the body of work being worked out of class must concur with any additional extension of the assignment. The Union that represents the body of work will consider all requests on a good-faith basis.
- 10.3.1 When an employee is assigned to perform the same out-of-class duties in the same title for a total of twelve (12) or more months of actual service (each 2080 hours), the employee will receive one (1) step increment in the higher-paid title, provided that the employee has not received a step increment in the out-of-class title based on changes to the primary pay rate within the previous twelve (12) months, and that such increment does not exceed the top step of the higher salary range.

- 10.3.2 Out-of-class shall be formally assigned in advance of the out-of-class opportunity created in normal operating conditions. Where the work is not authorized in advance, it is the responsibility of the proper authority to determine immediately how to accomplish the duties that would otherwise constitute an out-of-class assignment. Any employee may request that this determination be made. The employee will not carry out any duty of the higher-level position when such duty is not also a duty of their own classification, if the employee is not formally assigned to perform the duties on an out-of-class basis.
- 10.3.3 No employee may assume the duties of the higher-paid position without being formally assigned to do so, except in a bona fide emergency. When an employee has assumed an out-of-class role in a bona fide emergency, the individual may apply to their department director for retroactive payment of out-of-class pay. The decision of the department director as to whether the duties were performed and whether performance thereof was appropriate shall be final.
- An employee who is temporarily unable to perform the regular duties of their classification due to an off-the-job injury or illness may opt to perform work within a lower-paying classification, dependent upon the availability of such work and subject to the approval of the City. The involved employee shall receive the salary rate for the lower class that, without increase, is nearest to the salary rate to which such employee was entitled in the higher class.

#### ARTICLE 11 - ANNUAL VACATIONS

- 11.1 Annual vacations with pay shall be granted to eligible employees computed at the rate shown in Section 11.3 for each hour on regular pay status as shown on the payroll, but not to exceed eighty (80) hours per pay period.
- 11.2 "Regular pay status" is defined as regular straight-time hours of work plus paid time off such as vacation time, holiday time off, compensatory time, and sick leave. At the discretion of the City, up to one hundred sixty (160) hours per calendar year of unpaid leave of absence may be included as service for purposes of accruing vacation.
- 11.3 The vacation accrual rate shall be determined in accordance with the rates set forth in Column No. 1. Column No. 2 depicts the corresponding equivalent annual vacation for a regular full-time employee. Column No. 3 depicts the maximum number of vacation hours that can be accrued and accumulated by an employee at any time.

COLUMN NO. 1		COLUMN NO. 2			COLUMN NO. 3
ACCRUAL RATE		EQUIVALENT ANNUAL VACATION FOR FULL-TIME EMPLOYEE			MAXIMUM VACATION BALANCE
Hours on Regular <u>Pay Status</u>	Vacation Earned <u>Per Hour</u>	Years of <u>Service</u>	Working Days <u>Per Year</u>	Working Hours <u>Per Year</u>	<u>Maximum</u> <u>Hours</u>
0 through 08320 08321 through 18720 18721 through 29120 29121 through 39520 39521 through 41600 41601 through 43680 43681 through 45760 45761 through 47840 47841 through 52000 52001 through 54080 54081 through 56160 56161 through 58240	0460 0577 0615 0692 0769 0807 0846 0885 0923 0961 1000 1038 1076	0 through 4 5 through 9 10 through 14 15 through 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	12 15 16 18 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(96) (120) (128) (144) (160) (168) (176) (184) (192) (200) (208) (216) (224)	192 240 256 288 320 336 352 368 384 400 416 432 448
58241 through 60320 60321 and over	1115 1153	29 30	29 30	(232) (240)	464 480

Effective sixty (60) calendar days after full ratification of this replacement contract, the above table shall be superseded and replaced with the following vacation accrual rate table:

Accrual Years/Hours	Vacation	Hours per	Maximum
	Days	Year	Hours
Year 0-3 / 0-6,240	12	96	192
Year 4-7 / 6,241-14,560	16	128	256
Year 8-13 / 14,561-27,040	20	160	320
Year 14-18 / 27,041-37,440	23	184	368
Year 19 / 37,441 -39,520	24	192	384
Year 20 / 39,521-41,600	25	200	400
Year 21 / 41,601-43,680	26	208	416
Year 22 / 43,681-45,760	27	216	432
Year 23 / 45,761-47,840	28	224	448
Year 24 / 47,841-49,920	29	232	464
Year 25+ / 49,921+	30	240	480

- An employee who is eligible for vacation benefits shall accrue vacation from the date of entering City service or the date upon which they become eligible and may accumulate a vacation balance that shall never exceed at any time two (2) times the number of annual vacation hours for which the employee is currently eligible. Accrual and accumulation of vacation time shall cease at the time an employee's vacation balance reaches the maximum balance allowed and shall not resume until the employee's vacation balance is below the maximum allowed.
- Employees may, with department approval, use accumulated vacation with pay after completing one thousand forty (1040) hours on regular pay status. Effective December 25, 2019, the requirement that the employee must complete 1040 hours on regular pay status prior to using paid vacation, shall end.
- In the event that the City cancels an employee's already scheduled and approved vacation, leaving no time to reschedule such vacation before the employee's maximum balance will be reached, the employee's vacation balance shall be permitted to exceed the allowable maximum and the employee shall continue to accrue vacation for a period of up to three (3) months if such exception is approved by both the department head and the Seattle Human Resources Director in order to allow rescheduling of the employee's vacation. In such cases the department head shall provide the Seattle Human Resources Director with the circumstances and reasons leading to the need for such an extension. No extension of this grace period shall be allowed.

- 11.7 The minimum vacation allowance to be taken by an employee shall be one (1) hour, or at the discretion of the department head, such lesser amount as may be approved by the department head.
- An employee who leaves City service for any reason shall be paid in a lump sum for any unused vacation that the employee has accrued.
- 11.9 Upon the death of an employee in active service, pay shall be allowed for any vacation earned and not taken prior to the death of such employee.
- 11.10 An employee granted an extended leave of absence that includes the next succeeding calendar year shall be paid in a lump sum for any unused vacation they have previously accrued or, at the City's option, the employee shall be required to exhaust such vacation time before being separated from the payroll.

Where the terms of this Section 11.10 are in conflict with the City of Seattle family and medical leave ordinance cited at SMC 4.26, as it exists or may be hereafter modified, the ordinance shall apply.

11.11 Where an employee has exhausted their sick leave balance, the employee may use vacation for further leave for medical reasons subject to verification by the employee's medical care provider. However, such medical provider verification is not required for absences due to medical reasons of less than four (4) consecutive workdays. In all other instances, employees must use all accrued vacation prior to beginning a leave of absence, except that employees who are called to active military service or who respond to requests for assistance from Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) may, at their option, use accrued vacation in conjunction with a leave of absence.

Where the terms of this Section 11.11 are in conflict with the City of Seattle family and medical leave ordinance cited at SMC Chapter14.16 and other applicable laws, such as RCW 49.46.210, as it exists or may be hereafter modified, the ordinance and other applicable laws shall apply.

11.12 The department head shall arrange vacation time for employees on such schedules as will least interfere with the functions of the department, but which accommodate the desires of the employees to the greatest degree feasible.

## **ARTICLE 12 - HOLIDAYS**

12.1 The following days, or days in lieu thereof, shall be recognized as paid holidays:

New Year's Day

Martin Luther King, Jr's Birthday

Presidents' Day Memorial Day Juneteenth Day Independence Day

Labor Day

Indigenous Peoples' Day

Veterans' Day Thanksgiving Day

Day after Thanksgiving Day

Christmas Day

Two (2) Personal Holidays (0-9 Years of Service)

Four (4) Personal Holidays (10+ Years of Service)

Third Monday in January
Third Monday in February
Last Monday in May
June 19
July 4

First Monday in September Second Monday in October

November 11

January 1

Fourth Thursday In November Day after Thanksgiving Day

December 25

Employees who have completed eighteen thousand seven hundred and twenty (18,720) hours or more on regular pay status (Article 11.2) on or before December 31<sup>st</sup> of the current year shall receive an additional two (2) personal holidays for a total of four (4) personal holidays to be added to their leave balance on the pay date of the first full pay period in January of the following year.

- 12.1.1 Whenever any paid holiday falls upon a Sunday, the following Monday shall be recognized as the paid holiday. Whenever any paid holiday falls upon a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be recognized as the paid holiday; provided, however, paid holidays falling on Saturday or Sunday shall be recognized and paid pursuant to Section 12.4 on those actual days (Saturday or Sunday) for employees who are regularly scheduled to work those days. Payment pursuant to Section 12.4 shall be made only once per affected employee for any one (1) holiday.
- 12.1.2 A regular, part-time employee shall receive paid holiday time off (or paid time off in lieu thereof) based upon straight-time hours compensated during the pay period immediately prior to the pay period in which the holiday falls. The amount of paid holiday time off for which the part-time employee is eligible shall be in proportion to the holiday time off provided for full-time employees. For example, a full-time employee working eighty (80) hours per pay period would be eligible for eight (8) hours off with pay on a holiday, while a part-time employee who works forty (40) hours during the pay period preceding the holiday would be eligible for four (4) hours off with pay.

- 12.1.3 During the term of this Agreement, and upon 60 days' notice, either Party may request to reopen the collective bargaining agreement for the limited purpose of addressing the impacts of any changes resulting from modifications to the City's Personnel Rules resulting in payment of more than 8 hours of holiday pay for official and personal holidays.
- To qualify for holiday pay, City employees shall have been on the payroll for a period of thirty (30) calendar days and shall have been on pay status their normal day before or their normal work day following the holiday; provided, however, employees returning from non-pay leave who start work the day after a holiday shall not be entitled to pay for the holiday preceding their first day of work.
- 12.3 Personal Holidays may be used in the same manner as an earned vacation day. Use of a Personal Holiday shall be requested in writing. When a Personal Holiday has been approved in advance and is later canceled by the City with less than a thirty (30) day advance notice, the employee shall have the option of rescheduling the day or receiving holiday premium pay pursuant to Section 12.4 for all time worked on the originally scheduled Personal Holiday.
- An employee who has been given at least forty-eight (48) hours' advance notice and who is required to work on a holiday shall be paid for the holiday at their regular straight-time hourly rate of pay and, in addition, the employee shall receive one and one-half (1-1/2) times their regular straight-time hourly rate of pay for those hours worked on the holiday or, by mutual agreement between the affected employee and the City, the employee may receive one and one-half (1-1/2) times those hours worked in the form of compensatory time off to be taken at another mutually agreed-upon date.
- 12.5 In the event an employee is required to work without having been given at least a forty-eight (48) hour advance notification on a holiday that the employee normally would have off with pay, said employee shall be paid for the holiday at their regular straight-time hourly rate of pay and, in addition, the employee shall receive two (2) times their regular straight-time hourly rate of pay for those hours worked on the holiday or, by mutual agreement between the affected employee and the department, the employee may receive two (2) times those hours worked in the form of compensatory time off to be taken at another mutually agreed-upon date.

#### ARTICLE 13 - LEAVES AND VEBA

- Sick Leave: Sick leave shall be defined as paid time off from work for a qualifying reason under Section 13.1 of this agreement. Employees covered by this Agreement shall accumulate sick leave credit at the rate of .046 hours for each hour on regular pay status as shown on the payroll, but not more than forty (40) hours per week. If an employee's overall accrual rate falls below the accrual rate required by SMC Chapter 14.16 (Paid Sick and Safe Time Law), the employee shall be credited with sick leave hours so that the employee's total sick leave earned per calendar year meets the minimum accrual requirements of Chapter 14.16. Unlimited sick leave credit may be accumulated. New employees entering City service shall not be entitled to use sick leave with pay during the first thirty (30) days of employment but shall accrue sick leave credits during such thirty (30) day period. An employee is authorized to use paid sick leave for hours that the employee was scheduled to have worked for the following reasons:
  - An absence resulting from an employee's mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition; to accommodate the employee's need for medical diagnosis, care, treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition, or preventive care; or as otherwise required by any other applicable laws such as RCW 49.46.210; or
  - To allow the employee to provide care for an eligible family member as defined by Seattle Municipal Code Chapter 4.24.005 with a mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition; or care for a family member who needs preventative medical care, or as otherwise required by any other applicable laws such as RCW 49.46.210; or
  - 3. When the employee's place of business has been closed by order of a public official for any health-related reason, or when an employee's child's school or place of care has been closed for such reason, or as otherwise required by Chapter 14.16 and other applicable laws such as RCW 49.46.210, or
  - 4. Absences that qualify for leave under the Domestic Violence Leave Act, chapter 49.76 RCW, or
  - 5. The non-medical care of a newborn child of the employee or the employee's spouse or domestic partner; or
  - The non-medical care of a dependent child placed with the employee or the employee's spouse or domestic partner for purposes of adoption, including any time away from work prior to or

following placement of the child to satisfy legal or regulatory requirements for the adoption.

Sick leave used for the purposes contemplated by Article 13.1, paragraph 5 and 13.1, paragraph 6 must end before the first anniversary of the child's birth or placement.

Abuse of paid sick leave or use of paid sick leave not for an authorized purpose may result in denial of sick leave payment and/or discipline up to and including dismissal.

- 13.2 RETIREMENT VEBA: Employees who are eligible to retire shall participate in a vote administered by the union to determine if the Voluntary Employee Benefits Association (VEBA) benefit shall be offered to employees who elect to retire. The VEBA benefit allows employees who are eligible to retire from City Service to cash out their unused sick leave balance upon retirement and place it in a VEBA account to be used for post-retirement healthcare costs as allowed under IRS regulations. Upon the death of an employee, either by accident or natural causes, twenty-five percent (25%) of such employee's accumulated sick leave credits shall be paid to his/her designated beneficiary.
  - A. <u>VEBA Contributions from Unused Paid Time off at Retirement</u> (Retirement Eligible Members of Bargaining Unit)
  - 1. Eligibility-to-Retire Requirements:
    - a. 5-9 years of service and are age 62 or older,
    - b. 10-19 years of service and are age 57 or older.
    - c. 20-29 years of service and are age 52 or older, or
    - d. 30 years of service and are any age
  - 2. The City will provide each bargaining unit with a list of its members who are expected to meet any of the criteria in paragraph A above as of the end of each calendar year.
  - 3. If the members of the bargaining unit who have met the criteria described in paragraph A above vote to require VEBA contributions from unused paid time off, then all members of the bargaining unit who are deemed eligible to retire and those who will become eligible during the life cycle of this contract shall, as elected by the voting members of the bargaining unit:
    - a. Contribute 35% of their unused sick leave balance into the VEBA upon retirement; or
    - b. Contribute 50% of their unused vacation leave balance into the

VEBA upon retirement; or

c. Contribute both 35% of their unused sick leave balance and 50% of their unused vacation leave balance upon retirement.

Following any required VEBA contribution from a member's unused sick leave, the remaining balance will be forfeited; members may not contribute any portion of their unused sick leave balance to the City of Seattle Voluntary Deferred Compensation Plan or receive cash.

- 4. If the members of the bargaining unit who have satisfied the eligibility-toretire requirements described in paragraph A above do not vote to require VEBA contributions from unused sick leave, members may either:
  - a. Transfer 35% of their unused sick leave balance to the City of Seattle Voluntary Deferred Compensation Plan, subject to the terms of the Plan and applicable law; or
  - b. Cash out their unused sick leave balance at 25% to be paid on their final paycheck.

In either case, the remaining balance of the member's unused sick leave will be forfeited.

- 13.2.1 <u>ACTIVE EMPLOYEES' VEBA Contributions</u>: Active regular bargaining unit employees shall participate annually in a vote administered by the union to determine if the bargaining unit will participate in a Voluntary Employee Benefits Association (VEBA). If the bargaining unit votes to require VEBA contributions from employee wages, then all members of the bargaining unit shall, as elected by the bargaining unit as to all of its members, make a mandatory employee contribution of one of the amounts listed below into the VEBA while employed by the City:
  - 1. \$25 per month; or
  - 2. \$50 per month.
- Sick Leave Transfer Program: Employees may donate and/or receive sick leave in accord with the terms and conditions of the City's Sick Leave Transfer Program. This program is established and defined by City ordinance and may be amended or rescinded at any time during the term of this Agreement. Any disputes that may arise concerning the terms, conditions and/or administration of such program shall be subject to the Grievance Procedure in Article 5 of this Agreement through Step 3 of Section 5.6.3. Grievances over Sick Leave Transfer Program disputes shall not be subject to Step 4 (Arbitration) of Section 5.6.4.

- 13.4 Change in position or transfer to another City department shall not result in a loss of accumulated sick leave. Regular or benefits eligible temporary employees who are reinstated or rehired within 12 months of separation in the same or another department after any separation, including dismissal for cause, resignation, or quitting, shall have unused accrued sick leave reinstated as required by Seattle Municipal Code 14.16 and other applicable laws, such as RCW 49.46.210.
- 13.5 In order to receive paid sick leave for reasons provided in Article 13.1.A.1 A.6, an employee shall be required to provide verification that the employee's use of paid sick leave was for an authorized purpose, consistent with SMC Chapter 14.16 and other applicable laws, such as RCW 49.46.210. However, an employee shall not be required to provide verification for absences of less than four (4) consecutive days.

### 13.6 <u>Prerequisites For Payment:</u>

- A. <u>Prompt Notification</u>: The employee shall promptly notify their immediate supervisor, by telephone or otherwise, on their first day off due to illness and each day thereafter unless advised otherwise by the immediate supervisor or unless physically impossible to do so. If an employee is on a special work schedule, particularly where a relief replacement is necessary if they are absent, the employee shall notify their immediate supervisor as far as possible in advance of their scheduled time to report for work.
- B. Notification While on Paid Vacation or Compensatory Time Off: If an employee is injured or is taken ill while on paid vacation or compensatory time off, the employee shall notify their department on the first day of disability that they will be using paid sick leave. A doctor's statement or other acceptable proof of illness or disability, while on vacation or compensatory time off, must be presented.
- C. <u>Filing Application</u>: Unless there are extenuating circumstances, the employee shall submit the required application for sick leave pay within sixteen (16) working hours after their return to duty. However, if the employee is absent because of illness or injury for more than eighty (80) working hours, they shall then file an application for Family Medical Leave. Each supervisor shall obtain the necessary forms provided by the Seattle Human Resources department and make them available to the employee.
- D. <u>Claims to be in Fifteen Minute Increments</u>: Sick leave shall be claimed in fifteen (15) minute to the nearest eight (8) minutes. Separate portions of an absence interrupted by a return to work shall be claimed on separate application forms.

- E. <u>Limitations of Claims</u>: All sick leave claims shall be limited to the actual amount of time lost due to illness or disability. The total amount of sick leave claimed in any pay period by an employee shall not exceed the employee's sick leave accumulation as shown on the payroll for the pay period immediately preceding their illness or disability. It is the responsibility of their department to verify that sick leave accounts have not been overdrawn, and if a claim exceeds the number of hours an employee has to their credit, the department shall correct their application.
- F. Rate of Pay for Sick Leave Used: An employee who uses paid sick leave shall be compensated at the straight-time rate of pay as required by SMC Chapter 14.16, and other applicable laws, such as RCW 49.46.210. For example, an employee who misses a scheduled night shift associated with a graveyard premium pay would receive the premium for those hours missed due to sick leave. For employees who use paid sick leave hours that would have been overtime if worked, the City will apply requirements of SMC 14.16 and applicable laws such as RCW 49.46.210. See also Articles 10 and 13 for sick leave use and rate of pay for out-of-class assignments and standby duties.
- G. Any sick leave taken in lieu of working a scheduled out-of-class assignment must be paid at the same rate as the out-of-class assignment. Such paid sick leave shall count towards salary step placement for the out-of-class assignment or in the event of a regular appointment to the out-of-class title within 12 months of the out-of-class assignment.

## 13.7 <u>Industrial Injury or Illness</u>:

- A. Any employee who is disabled in the discharge of their duties and if such disablement results in absence from their regular duties, shall be compensated, except as otherwise hereinafter provided, in the amount of eighty percent (80%) of the employee's normal hourly rate of pay, not to exceed two hundred and sixty-one (261) regularly scheduled work days counted from the first regularly scheduled work day after the day of the on-the-job injury, provided the disability sustained must qualify the employee for benefits under State Industrial Insurance and Medical Aid Acts.
- B. Whenever an employee is injured on the job and compelled to seek immediate medical treatment, the employee shall be compensated in full for the remaining part of the day of injury without effect to their sick leave or vacation account. Scheduled work days falling within only the first three (3) calendar days following the day of injury shall be compensable through accrued sick leave. Any earned vacation may be used in a like

manner after sick leave is exhausted, provided that, if neither accrued sick leave nor accrued vacation is available, the employee shall be placed on no-pay status for these three (3) days.

If the period of disability extends beyond fourteen (14) calendar days, then (1) any accrued sick leave or vacation leave utilized that results in absence from their regular duties (up to a maximum of eighty percent [80%] of the employee's normal hourly rate of pay per day) shall be reinstated, or (2) if no sick leave or vacation was available to the employee at that time, then the employee shall thereafter be compensated for the three (3) calendar days at the eighty percent (80%) compensation rate described in Section 13.6.A.

- C. In no circumstances will the amount paid under these provisions exceed an employee's gross pay minus mandatory deductions. This provision shall become effective when SMC 4.44, Disability Compensation, is revised to incorporate this limit.
- D. Employees must meet the standards listed in SMC 4.44.020 to be eligible for the benefit amount provided herein, which exceeds the rate required to be paid by state law, hereinafter referred to as supplemental benefits. These standards require that employees: (1) comply with all Department of Labor and Industries rules and regulations and related City of Seattle and employing department policies and procedures; (2) respond, be available for, and attend medical appointments and treatments and meetings related to rehabilitation, and work hardening, conditioning, or other treatment arranged by the City and authorized by the attending physician; (3) accept modified or alternative duty assigned by supervisors when released to perform such duty by the attending physician; (4) attend all meetings scheduled by the City of Seattle Workers' Compensation unit or employing department concerning the employee's status or claim when properly notified at least five (5) working days in advance of such meeting, unless other medical treatment conflicts with the meeting and the employee provides twenty-four (24) hours' notice of such meeting or examination.

The City will provide a copy of the eligibility requirements to employees when they file a workers' compensation claim. If records indicate two (2) no-shows, supplemental benefits may be terminated no sooner than seven (7) days after notification to the employee.

E. Such compensation shall be authorized by the Seattle Human Resources Director or their designee with the advice of such employee's department head on request from the employee supported by satisfactory evidence

- of medical treatment of the illness or injury giving rise to such employee's claim for compensation under SMC 4.44, as now or hereafter amended.
- F. Compensation for holidays and earned vacation falling within a period of absence due to such disability shall be at the normal rate of pay but such days shall not be considered as regularly scheduled work days as applied to the time limitations set forth within Section 13.6.A. Disabled employees affected by the provisions of SMC 4.44 shall continue to accrue vacation and sick leave as though actively employed during the period set forth within Section 13.6.A.
- G. Any employee eligible for the benefits provided by this Ordinance whose disability prevents the employee from performing their regular duties but, in the judgment of their physician could perform duties of a less strenuous nature, shall be employed at their normal rate of pay in such other suitable duties as the department head shall direct, with the approval of such employee's physician until the Seattle Human Resources Director requests closure of such employee's claim pursuant to SMC 4.44, as now or hereafter amended.
- H. Sick leave shall not be used for any disability herein described except as allowed in Section 13.6.A.
- I. The afore-referenced disability compensation shall be understood to be in lieu of State Industrial Insurance Compensation and Medical Aid.
- J. Appeals of any denials under this Article shall be made through the Department of Labor and Industries as prescribed in Title 51 R.C.W.

#### 13.8 Bereavement Leave:

All employees covered by this Agreement are allowed forty (40) hours off without salary deduction for bereavement purposes in the event of the death of any relative. Bereavement leave may be used in full day increments or increments of one (1) hour, at the employee's discretion. Bereavement leave must be used within one (1) year; employees may submit for exceptions to this within thirty (30) days (requests that come in after the 30 days will be considered) of the death if they know they will need longer than one (1) year to use leave for that event. This benefit is prorated for less-than-full-time employees.

For purposes of this Section, "relative" is defined as any person related to the employee by blood, marriage, adoption, fostering, guardianship, in loco parentis, or domestic partnership.

#### 13.9 Leaves of Absence:

- A. A leave of absence without pay for a period not exceeding sixty (60) consecutive days may be granted by the appointing authority of a department.
- B. A request for a leave of absence longer than sixty (60) days bearing the favorable recommendation of the employee's appointing authority may be granted by the City Seattle Human Resources Director.
- C. No employee shall be given leave to take a position outside the City service for more than sixty (60) days in any calendar year, except where it appears in the best interests of the City.

All requests for leaves of absence are to be requested in writing as far in advance as possible, stating all pertinent details and the amount of time requested.

At the expiration of the authorized leave of absence, a member of the bargaining unit shall resume their same class of work; however, standing and service credit shall be frozen at the commencement of the leave of absence and shall not continue to accrue until the employee returns from said leave.

When required by the department, employees will comply with Section 1.257 (Illness and Injury) of the Seattle Police Department Manual.

- 13.10 <u>Emergency Leave</u>: One (1) day or a portion thereof per Agreement year without loss of pay may be taken off subject to approval of the employee's supervisor and/or department head when it is necessary that the employee be immediately off work to attend to one of the following situations, either of which necessitates immediate action on the part of the employee:
  - A. The employee's spouse, child, parents or grandparents has unexpectedly become seriously ill or has had a serious accident; or
  - B. An unforeseen occurrence with respect to the employee's household; e.g., fire or flood. "Household" shall be defined as the physical aspects, including pets, of the employee's residence or vehicle.
  - C. The "day" of emergency leave may be used in one (1) hour increments. The total hours compensated under this provision, however, shall not exceed eight (8) hours in a contract year.

#### 13.11 Pay for Deployed Military:

A. An employee in the Reserves, National Guard, or Air National Guard who is deployed on extended unpaid military leave of absence and whose

military pay (plus adjustments) is less than one hundred percent (100%) of their base pay as a City employee shall receive the difference between one hundred percent (100%) of their City base pay and their military pay (plus adjustments).

City base pay shall include every part of wages except overtime.

- B. An employee who is ordered to active military duty by the United States government and who has exhausted their annual paid military leave benefit and is on unpaid military leave of absence shall be eligible to retain the medical, dental and vision services coverage and optional insurance coverage for the member's eligible dependents provided as a benefit of employment with the City of Seattle, at the same level and under the same conditions as though the member was in the City's employ, pursuant to program guidelines and procedures developed by the Seattle Human Resources Director and pursuant to the City's administrative contracts and insurance policies. Optional insurance includes but is not necessarily limited to Group Term Life (Basic and Supplemental), Long Term Disability, and Accidental Death and Dismemberment. Eligibility for coverage shall be effective for the duration of the employee's active deployment.
- 13.12 <u>Sabbatical Leave</u>: Regular employees covered by this Agreement shall be eligible for sabbatical leave under the terms of Seattle Municipal Code Chapter 4.33.
- 13.13 <u>Paid Parental Leave</u>: Employees who meet the eligibility requirements of the Seattle Municipal Code Chapter 4.27, "Paid Parental Leave," may take leave for bonding with their new child.
- 13.14 <u>Paid Family Care Leave</u>: SMC 4.29, Paid Family Care Leave, which includes "Bea's Law" is here by incorporated by reference into this Agreement.
- 13.15 Reinstatement: An employee who goes on leave does not have a greater right to reinstatement or other benefits and conditions of employment than if the employee had been continuously employed during the leave period, except as otherwise provided by SMC 14.16 and applicable laws such as RCW 49.46.210.
- 13.16 <u>Sick Leave Donation Program</u>: The City will standardize the current sick leave transfer ("donation") program across all City departments through the following actions:
  - Standardization of:
    - Forms
    - Processing templates

- o FAQs
- Interdepartmental donation of sick leave
- Anonymizing sick leave requests for potential recipients
- Anonymizing sick leave donations from contributors

The intent of the program is to create a mandatory and uniform system that will function across departments as the established protocol for all sick leave donation requests and donations. The City agrees to perform this standardization using a Labor-Management Committee ("LMC") meeting, which will work in consultation with appropriate subject matter experts ("SMEs"), including but not limited to Seattle Human Resources, FAS Citywide Payroll and Business Systems, ITD HRIS and Race and Social Justice SMEs. The City further agrees to convene the LMC no later than 90 days from execution of this Agreement and to meet no less than monthly on the standardization process beginning in the month following the initial convening of the LMC.

13.17 <u>State Paid Family Medical Leave ("SPFML") Top-Up</u>: Employees receiving SPFML may use any of their accrued paid and/or granted leave ("leave") to supplement the SPFML benefit payment, up to 100% of their weekly salary paid by the City of Seattle. The use of such leave to augment the SPFML benefit shall be called "supplemental leave pay." Use of Leave by an employee to supplement SPFML is strictly voluntary. The City cannot require an employee to use accrued Leave to supplement SPFML benefits.

#### 13.17.1 Supplemental Leave Pay Utilization Process:

- A. Leave for the purposes of this proposal, is defined as all accrued and/or granted leave as set forth and defined in the City of Seattle Municipal Code Title 4 (Personnel) Sections 4.24 through 4.34 (vacation, sick leave, floating holidays, merit, comp time, executive, etc.).
- B. Supplemental leave pay may be accessed starting the first pay period after the City has received the final SPFML claim determination notice from the Washington State Employment Security Department ("ESD").
- C. Supplemental leave can be used by employees based on the date range signified in the SPFML eligibility letter. For instances in which that date has passed, employees can submit time sheet correction requests to add the use of supplemental leave, as defined above. No time sheet corrections or reactivity shall be applied to any date or SPFML prior to the execution of this Agreement.
- D. The use of supplemental leave to "top-up" an employee's SPFML benefit shall not exceed the amount of accrued and/or granted leave the employee has available in their balances.

- E. The use of accrued and/or granted paid leave to supplement the SPFML benefit will be available in 15 minute increments, except for when the accrued and/or granted paid Leave the employee requests to be used to supplement the SPFML must be used in full day increments as specified by a given collective bargaining agreement or by City code or Personnel rules (e.g. personal holidays), and then shall be only available in full-day increments.
- F. An employee must have already accrued the paid/granted leave they seek to use for the pay period in which they seek to use it.
- G. It is the employee's responsibility for determining whether they have the accrued/ and or granted leave they seek to use in a given pay period to supplement the SPFML.

#### 13.18 Union Leave:

Upon written request, a regular employee elected or appointed to a Union office that requires all of their time will be given a leave of absence without pay from work, not to exceed one (1) year, with approval of the appointing authority based on the business needs of the department. The appointing authority will respond to such requests in writing within fourteen (14) calendar days. Should the appointing authority reject a request for Union Leave, the written response will include an explanation of the business need for the denial. Requests for Union Leave will not be unreasonably denied.

Leave may not be approved for more than one (1) employee at a time per Department. To be eligible for union leave under this provision, the employee must not currently be serving a probation or trial service period.

A regular employee designated by the Union to serve on official union business that requires a part of their time will be given a leave of absence without pay from work, provided it can be done without detriment to City services and at least forty-eight (48) hours written notice is given to the Director. The employee will not suffer a loss of bargaining unit seniority rights and will accumulate the same during such leave.

The parties agree that at the City's sole discretion, the leave may be terminated in the event of layoff. The City will provide one month notice before recalling an employee. The parties further agree that the City may at its sole discretion hire term-limited temporary employees to backfill for the absent employee.

## ARTICLE 14 - HEALTH CARE, DENTAL CARE, LIFE INSURANCE, AND LONG TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

- 14.1 Effective January 1, 2023, the City shall provide medical, dental, and vision plans (initially Kaiser Standard, Kaiser Deductible, Aetna Traditional and Aetna Preventive as self-insured plans, Delta Dental of Washington, Dental Health Services and Vision Services Plan) for all regular employees (and eligible dependents) represented by unions that are a party to the Memorandum of Agreement established to govern the plans. For the duration of this agreement, the selection, addition and/or elimination of medical, dental and vision benefit plans, and changes to such plans including, but not limited to, changes in benefit levels, copays and premiums, shall be established through the Labor-Management Health Care Committee in accordance with the provisions of the Memorandum of Agreement established to govern the functioning of said Committee.
- 14.2 For the 2023 contract term, employee premium sharing and the status of the Rate Stabilization Fund shall be maintained as determined by the Health Care Committee at the last meeting of the Committee in September, 2004.
- 14.3 The parties agree: to amend for the 2015 2018 contract years the Memorandum of Agreement previously established by the parties to govern the Joint Labor-Management Health Care Committee process as follows:
  - A. The City shall pay up to one hundred seven percent (107% of the City's previous year's costs to the extent required to cover increases in the total health care costs for a given program year;
  - B. The RSF shall be utilized for any given program year until it is exhausted to cover costs in excess of the City's obligation identified in 1, above;
  - C. After the RSF has been exhausted, additional costs shall be shared by the City paying eighty-five percent (85%) of the excess costs and employees paying fifteen percent (15%) of the excess costs;
  - D. Plan designs are to be maintained during this Contract, not to be diminished. The respective health care plan benefit designs may only be modified by the Health Care Committee for either contract year by the written, mutual agreement of the parties (Coalition of City Unions and the City);
  - E. Should the parties agree to reduce premium costs, the reduction would apply to City as well as employee premiums. Use of resources from the RSF during either contract year to reduce projected increase in health care costs that exceed the resources provided through 1, above shall be

- authorized only if applied to the total, annual premiums of the respective health care plan(s); and
- F. No decision by the Health Care Committee shall be permitted that modified the established percentages established in c).
- 14.4 Employees who retire and are under the age of sixty-five (65) shall be eligible to enroll in retiree medical plans that are experience-rated with active employees.
- 14.5 New, regular employees are eligible for benefits the first month following the date of hire (or immediately, if hired on the first working day of the month).
- 14.6 <u>Life Insurance</u>: The City shall offer a voluntary Group Term Life Insurance option to eligible employees. The employee shall pay sixty percent (60%) of the monthly premium and the City shall pay forty percent (40%) of the monthly premium at a premium rate established by the City and the carrier. Premium rebates received by the City from the voluntary Group Term Life Insurance option shall be administered as follows:
- 14.6.1 Future premium rebates shall be divided so that forty percent (40%) can be used by the City to pay for the City's share of the monthly premiums, and sixty percent (60%) shall be used for benefit of employees participating in the Group Term Life Insurance Plan in terms of benefit improvements, to pay the employee's share of the monthly premiums or for life insurance purposes otherwise negotiated.
- 14.6.2 Whenever the Group Term Life Insurance Fund contains substantial rebate monies that are earmarked pursuant to Section 14.6 to be applied to the benefit of employees participating in the Group Term Life Insurance Plan, the City shall notify the Union of that fact and the parties, through the Labor-Management Health Care Committee shall determine how said money shall be utilized.
- 14.6.3 The City will offer an option for employees to purchase additional life insurance coverage for themselves and/or their families.
- 14.7 Long Term Disability: The City shall provide a Long Term Disability (LTD) insurance program for all eligible employees for occupational and non-occupational accidents or illnesses. The City shall pay the full monthly premium cost of a base plan with a ninety (90) day elimination period, which insures sixty percent (60%) of the employee's first six hundred sixty seven dollar (\$667.00) base monthly wage. Employees may purchase through payroll deduction, an optional buy-up plan with a ninety (90) day elimination period, which insures sixty percent (60%) of the remainder of the employee's base monthly wage (up to a maximum eight thousand three hundred thirty

three dollars [\$8,333.00] per month). Benefits may be reduced by the employee's income from other sources as set forth within the plan description. The provisions of the plan shall be further and more fully defined in the plan description issued by the Standard Insurance Company.

- 14.7.1 During the term of this Agreement, the City may, at its discretion change or eliminate the insurance carrier for any long-term disability benefits covered by this Section and provide an alternative plan either through self-insurance or another insurance carrier; however, the long-term disability benefit level shall remain substantially the same.
- 14.7.2 The maximum monthly premium cost to the City shall be no more than the monthly premium rates established for calendar year 2023 for the base plan; provided further, such cost shall not exceed the maximum limitation on the City's premium obligation per calendar year as set forth within Section 14.7.
  - <u>Long-Term Care</u>: The City may offer an option for employees to purchase a new long-term care benefit for themselves and certain family members.
- 14.8 <u>State and Federal Health Care Legislation</u>: If state and/or federal health care legislation is enacted, the parties agree to negotiate the impact of such legislation. The parties agree that the intent of this Agreement to negotiate the impact shall not be to diminish existing benefit levels and/or to shift costs.
- 14.9 <u>Labor-Management Health Care Committee</u>: A Labor-Management Health Care Committee was established by the parties. This Committee shall be responsible for governing the medical, dental and vision benefits for all regular employees represented by Unions that are subject to the relevant Memorandum of Agreement.

## **ARTICLE 15 - RETIREMENT**

- 15.1 Pursuant to Ordinance 78444 as amended, all employees shall be covered by the Seattle City Employees Retirement System.
- 15.2 Effective January 1, 2017 consistent with Ordinance No. 78444, as amended, the City shall implement a new defined benefit retirement plan (SCERS II) for new employees hired on or after January 1, 2017.

#### ARTICLE 16 - HOURS OF WORK AND OVERTIME

#### **EVIDENCE CONTROL SPECIALISTS, CHIEFS (assigned to SPD)**

- The work day of Evidence Control Specialists and Senior Evidence Control Specialists shall consist of eight (8) consecutive hours. Employees may apply for and management may approve alternative work schedules, including but not limited to 4/10 schedules. Denial of alternative work schedules may not be grieved.
- 16.1.1 Employees covered by this Agreement may take a fifteen (15) minute rest period during each half of their work day, provided such rest breaks have been approved by the Sergeant in charge of the Evidence Unit or their designee.
- All work performed in excess of the employee's regularly scheduled shift of not less than eight (8) hours in any work day or forty (40) hours in any work week shall be considered as overtime and shall be paid at the overtime rate of one and one-half (1-1/2) times the straight-time hourly rate of pay or by mutual consent between the employee and the Unit Sergeant or designee in compensatory time off at the applicable overtime rate, except as provided in Appendix C.
- 16.2.1 The Unit Sergeant, or designee, shall determine when overtime work is required of employees, as well as which employees will be assigned to work overtime.
- 16.2.2 Standby Duty: Whenever an employee is placed on standby duty by the City, the employee shall be available at a predetermined location to respond to emergency calls and, when necessary, return immediately to work. Employees who are placed on standby duty by the City shall be paid at the rate of ten percent (10%) of the employee's straight-time hourly rate of pay. An employee may use paid sick leave to be compensated for eligible sick leave absences from scheduled standby duties. When an employee is required to return to work while on standby duty, the standby duty pay shall be discontinued for the actual hours on work duty, and compensation shall be provided in accordance with Section 16.2.3.
- Overtime Minimum Pay: In the event overtime is not an extension either at the beginning or end of a normal shift, the minimum pay shall be three (3) hours at the time and one-half (1-1/2) rate, except as provided in Appendix C. A shift extension is defined as reporting for duty within three (3) hours preceding or within one (1) hour following a regularly scheduled shift. There will be no pyramiding of callback overtime pay within a three (3) hour period.

- 16.2.4 Overtime Assignment: Overtime will ordinarily be assigned to full-time, permanent, non-probationary employees. In circumstances where full-time, permanent, non-probationary employees are not available to work assigned overtime, the Employer may assign overtime work to probationary employees.
- 16.3 Shift hours may be established by the Unit Sergeant or designee. Any change from existing shifts shall be discussed with the Union.
- 16.3.1 The Sergeant in Charge of the Evidence Unit, or designee, shall determine which employees are to be assigned to a shift and which employees will be required to rotate through the shifts. The method and timing of rotation shall be determined by the Unit Sergeant or designee. Any change from the existing method and timing of rotation shall be discussed with the Union.
- 16.3.2 Effective January 1, 2023, a shift differential of one dollar and twenty-five cents (\$1.25) per hour, for hours actually worked and for paid sick leave, shall be paid to employees who work or are paid sick leave for the absence from the 3:30 p.m. to 11:30 p.m. shift. A shift differential of one dollar and seventy-five cents (\$1.75) per hour, for hours actually worked or sick leave paid, shall be paid to employees who work the 11:30 p.m. to 7:30 a.m. shift; and if an employee works a shift that overlaps either of the two (2) shifts for which a shift differential is paid, such employee shall be paid the appropriate shift differential assigned to the hours of work. Provided, under no circumstances will employees be paid a shift differential for hours worked or sick leave paid for the absence from work between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. and shift differential shall not be paid unless an employee works at least four (4) hours into a shift that has a differential.
- 16.3.3 The shift premium shall apply only to time actually worked by an employee and will not apply to time off with pay, with the exception of paid sick leave. For example, the shift premium shall not apply to vacation, holiday pay, funeral leave, etc. The shift differential will be paid to employees who are assigned to work overtime only if they work four (4) or more consecutive overtime hours into the swing or graveyard shift, in which case the appropriate shift differential will be paid for all hours of overtime worked during that swing or graveyard shift.
- 16.3.4 Alternative work schedules may be arranged through the mutual agreement of the parties.
- 16.3.4.1 Notwithstanding provisions in this Article to the contrary, the parties agree to continue the 9/80 alternative work schedule, as set forth in a separate Memorandum of Agreement (MOA).

#### **COMMUNITY SERVICE OFFICERS AND SUPERVISORS**

- Overtime: Except as otherwise provided in this Article, all work performed in excess of the employee's regularly scheduled shift of not less than eight (8) hours in any workday or forty (40) hours in any work week shall be considered as overtime. Such overtime work shall be either paid for at the rate of one and one-half (1-1/2) times the employee's regular straight-time rate of pay or compensated for by compensatory time off at a rate of one and one-half (1-1/2) times the overtime hours worked. Compensation in the form of compensatory time must be agreeable to both the affected employee and the City. The Department will develop a policy to determine the maximum amount of compensatory time that may be accumulated. Such policy may also set a date or time period by which compensatory time will be used and if not used that it will be paid for at the prescribed rate. Until such policy has been developed, accrual of compensatory time will be in compliance with the requirements set forth in the FLSA.
- 16.4.1 Overtime Minimum Pay: In the event overtime is not an extension either at the beginning or end of a normal shift, the minimum pay shall be three (3) hours at the time and one-half (1-1/2) rate. A shift extension is defined as reporting for duty within three (3) hours preceding or within one (1) hour following an officer's regularly scheduled shift. In the event an individual is called back to work overtime or for a court appearance, the employee shall not normally be required to perform duties unrelated to the particular reasons for which they were called back to duty. In the event an employee has, by their own action, failed to submit reports, statements, etc., concerning an event during their previous tour of duty and has failed to have reports properly approved by their supervisor, then and in that event the City will not be obligated to pay any callback or overtime payments; nor shall the City be obligated to make any overtime payments when employees by their own action fail to properly perform other assigned duties. Callbacks of an employee will be made only when it is impractical to fulfill the purpose of the callback at the employee's next regular shift. There will be no pyramiding of callback overtime pay within a three (3) hour period.
- 16.5 Overtime Pay for Court Appearances: The following schedule depicts minimum time allowed for court appearances or at any pre-trial hearing or conference. Any additional time beyond the minimums will be paid hour for hour.
  - A. If the session starts less than two and one-half (2-1/2) hours before or after their shift, it will be considered a shift extension for court. Employees will be compensated for the amount of time spent before or after their shift at the straight-time rate of pay and for the time spent in court at the time and one-half (1-1/2) rate of pay on an hour-by-hour basis.

- B. If the session starts two and one-half (2-1/2) or more hours before or after their shift, compensation will be for a minimum of three (3) hours at the time and one-half (1-1/2) rate of pay.
- C. An employee on scheduled time off, vacation, or holiday, and subpoenaed for court or otherwise called in for court-related hearings, shall receive a minimum of three (3) hours' overtime at the rate of time and one-half (1-1/2) their regular rate of pay.
- D. There will be no pyramiding of overtime minimum pay within a three (3) hour period or continuous to a three (3) hour period ending as such relates to court appearances described above. For example, if an employee is called in for a court-related hearing on their scheduled furlough day at 1100 hours, is released at 1200 hours, and then called back in at 1400 hours for a new case, the employee will receive three (3) hours of overtime minimum pay to cover the time between 1100 hours and 1400 hours and then will receive overtime pay at the time and one-half (1-1/2) rate on an hour-by-hour basis after that. Or, alternatively, if an employee is called in for a court-related hearing on their furlough day at 1100 hours, is released at 1200 hours, and then called back in at 1500 hours for a new case, the employee will receive three (3) hours of overtime minimum pay to cover the time between 1100 hours and 1400 hours and then will receive another three (3) hours of overtime minimum pay to cover the time between 1500 hours and 1800 hours. (In the second example, an additional three (3) hours of overtime minimum pay begins at 1500 hours since there is a break in time between the expiration of the initial three (3) hours of overtime minimum pay and when the employee is called back to court. There is no pay for the time not worked between 1400 hours and 1500 hours.
- When management deems it necessary, work schedules may be established other than Monday through Friday; provided, however, that where work weeks other than the basic departmental work week schedules in force on the effective date of this Agreement are deemed necessary, the change(s) and reason therefore shall be provided to the Union in advance where practical and, upon request, such change(s) shall be discussed with the Union. Where practical, at least forty-eight (48) hours' advance notification shall be afforded the Union and the affected employees when shift changes are required by the City. In instances where forty-eight (48) hours' advance notification is not provided to an employee, said employee shall be compensated at the overtime rate of pay for the first shift worked under the new schedule unless said notification was impractical.
- 16.7 <u>Assignment and Shift Trades</u>: By mutual agreement and subject to management's approval, employees other than Supervisors may exchange geographic assignments or, for the balance of the duration of a shift rotation,

- exchange shifts. Approval by management shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- A subject for discussion at labor-management meetings during the term of this Agreement shall be developing procedures for the purpose of attempting to provide employees an equitable opportunity to fill vacant positions, to be assigned scheduled overtime or work on holidays, and to be granted their vacation requests.
- 16.9 <u>Standby Duty</u>: Whenever an employee is placed on Standby Duty by the City, the employee shall be available at a predetermined location to respond to emergency calls and, when necessary, return immediately to work. Employees who are placed on Standby Duty by the City shall be paid at the rate of ten percent (10%) of the employee's straight-time hourly rate of pay. When an employee is required to return to work while on Standby Duty, the Standby Duty pay shall be discontinued for the actual hours on work duty and compensation shall be provided in accordance with Section 16.5.1.
- Shift Differential: Effective January 1, 2023, a shift differential of one dollar and twenty-five cents (\$1.25) per hour, for hours actually worked, shall be paid to employees who work the 3:30 p.m. to 11:30 p.m. shift. A shift differential of one dollar and seventy-five cents (\$1.75) per hour, for hours actually worked, shall be paid to employees who work the 11:30 p.m. to 7:30 a.m. shift; and if an employee works a shift that overlaps either of the two (2) shifts for which a shift differential is paid, such employee shall be paid the appropriate shift differential assigned to the hours of work. Provided, under no circumstances will employees be paid a shift differential for hours worked between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. and shift differential shall not be paid unless an employee works at least four (4) hours into a shift that has a differential.
- 16.10.1 The shift premium shall apply only to time actually worked by an employee and will not apply to time off with pay. For example, the shift premium shall not apply to, vacation, holiday pay, funeral leave, etc. The shift differential will be paid to employees who are assigned to work overtime only if they work four (4) or more consecutive overtime hours into the swing or graveyard shift, in which case the appropriate shift differential will be paid for all hours of overtime worked during that swing or graveyard shift.

# EVIDENCE CONTROL SPECIALISTS, CHIEFS AND COMMUNITY SERVICE OFFICERS, SUPERVISORS

- Meal Reimbursement: When an employee is specifically directed by the City to work two (2) hours or longer at the beginning or end of their normal work shift away from their place of residence of not less than eight (8) hours or otherwise works under circumstances for which meal reimbursement is authorized per Ordinance 111768, and the employee actually purchases a reasonably priced meal away from their place of residence as a result of such additional hours of work, the employee shall be reimbursed for the "reasonable cost" of such meal in accordance with Ordinance 111768. In order to receive reimbursement, the employee must furnish the City with a dated original itemized receipt from the establishment for said meal no later than the end of the following pay period; otherwise, the employee shall be paid twenty dollars (\$20.00) in lieu of reimbursement for the meal.
- 16.11.1 To receive reimbursement for a meal under this provision, the following rules shall be adhered to:
  - A. Said meal must be eaten within a reasonable time after completion of the overtime work. Meals shall not be saved, consumed and claimed at some later date.
  - B. In determining "reasonable cost," the following shall also be considered:
    - 1. The time period during which the overtime is worked; and
    - 2. The availability of reasonably priced eating establishments at that time; and
    - 3. The employee's dietary needs.
  - C. The City shall not reimburse for the cost of alcoholic beverages.
- 16.11.2 In lieu of any meal compensation as set forth within this Section, the City may, at its discretion, provide a meal.
- 16.11.3 When an employee is called out to the field or a City facility in an emergency to work two (2) hours or longer of unscheduled overtime immediately prior to their normal shift of not less than eight (8) hours, said employee shall be eligible for meal reimbursement pursuant to Sections 16.11, 16.11.1, and 16.11.2; provided, however, if the employee is not given time off to eat a meal within two (2) hours after completion of the overtime, the employee shall be paid twenty dollars (\$20.00) in lieu of reimbursement for the meal. Any time spent consuming a meal during working hours shall be without compensation.

Any past, present, or future work schedule in which an employee, by action of the City, receives eight (8) hours' pay for less than eight (8) hours' work per day may be changed by the City, at any time, so as to require such an employee to work eight (8) hours per day for eight (8) hours' pay.

## 16.13 Scheduling Changes:

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>: For the purpose of this section the following definitions shall apply:
  - a. Work Schedule This is an employee's assigned workdays, work shift, and days off.
  - b. Workday This is an employee's assigned day(s) of work.
  - c. Work Shift This is an employee's assigned hours of work in a workday.
  - d. Days Off This is an employee's assigned non-working days.
- 2. Extended Notice Work Schedule Change: At least fourteen (14) calendar days' advance notification shall be afforded affected employees when work schedule changes lasting longer than thirty (30) calendar days are required by the City. The fourteen (14) calendar day advance notice may be waived by mutual agreement of the employee and management, with notice to the Union.
- 3. Short Notice Work Schedule Change: At least forty-eight (48) hours advance notification shall be afforded affected employees when work schedule changes lasting less than thirty (30) calendar days are required by the City. In instances where forty-eight (48) hours advance notification is not provided to an employee, said employee shall be compensated at the overtime rate of pay for the first work shift worked under the new schedule.
- 4. Short Notice Work Shift Change: At least forty-eight (48) hours advance notification shall be afforded affected employees when work shift changes lasting less than thirty (30) calendar days are required by the City. In instances where forty-eight (48) hours advance notification is not provided to an employee, said employee shall be compensated at the overtime rate of pay for the first work shift worked under the new schedule.
- 16.14 <u>Telecommuting</u>: Nothing in this Article abridges the Employer's rights enumerated within this Agreement.

Telecommuting is an arrangement in which an employee's job duties may be performed at an alternative worksite, such as the employee's residence or a satellite office located closer to the employee's residence than the primary worksite where the employee is regularly assigned.

Telework is recognized by the City and its employees as a practical, feasible and durable work alternative when it benefits the City of Seattle in one (1) or more of the following ways:

- A. Maintains and enhances the delivery and resilience of City services;
- B. Improves employee effectiveness, productivity and morale;
- C. Maximizes utilization of City of Seattle office facilities;
- D. Reduces absenteeism;
- E. Promotes employee health and wellness, including ergonomic health;
- F. Improves employee recruitment and retention;
- G. Improves air quality and reduce traffic congestion;
- H. Enhances the working life and opportunities of persons with disabilities; and
- I. Other reasons as defined by the appointing authority.

Telecommuting is encouraged but not mandated for employees, including temporary employees. Each employee will have the opportunity to request a Telecommuting Agreement. The employee must submit the request in writing to the City.

The City and the employee will evaluate the feasibility of a request through an interactive process consistent with Personnel Rule 9.2 - Telecommuting. The City will consider all information provided by the employee, including but not limited to health and safety, childcare, elder care and other family care, equity and transportation needs when making a decision on whether to grant a request.

When reporting to a primary worksite is required by an "in-office" weekly minimum policy, four (4) hours work shall constitute an "in office" shift and the minimums may be met based on an average within a pay period. "In office" will include field work such as, but not limited to, inspections, public meetings, trainings, events and work at City designated facilities, provided the employee is in paid status and performing work on behalf of the City.

The employee shall report to the employing unit's primary worksite for public-facing services when so directed.

The employee shall take reasonable precautions to protect City owned equipment, if any, from theft, damage, or misuse. It remains the employer's responsibility to insure equipment used for approved telecommuting purposes.

The decision of whether or not to grant a Telecommuting Agreement must be stated in writing and must include the reason(s) for the denial or approval, and be provided to the employee.

Supervisors will add information about telecommuting eligibility to position descriptions and job postings.

A working relationship between supervisor and employee, negative performance reviews and/or employee disciplinary history unrelated to telecommuting may not be considered as the sole basis for denial of a Telecommuting Agreement request unless the City has documented a nexus between the performance/discipline and the telecommuting agreement request.

Denied Telecommuting Agreement requests will be reported to the Union. The employee will have the opportunity to request a reconsideration of a denial to the Appointing Authority or designee.

16.14.1 Changes to Agreed Telecommuting Agreements: Employees approved for telecommuting acknowledge and recognize that business and/or employee needs arise that may necessitate a temporary deviation from an approved telecommuting agreement. The City or employee shall provide as much advance notice as possible. Alternative deviations may be considered and such deviations, whenever possible, should be infrequent.

The terms and conditions of individual telecommuting agreements shall be set forth in completed and signed telecommuting agreements with a copy provided to the Union.

The City or the employee may terminate a telecommuting agreement, in writing, with a minimum advance notice of thirty (30) calendar days. When the City terminates a telecommuting agreement, the employee must receive written notification stating the reason(s) for the termination. Upon receiving written notification of termination, the employee may appeal the termination of the Telecommuting Agreement to the department head. The employee may have union representation during an appeal meeting.

## ARTICLE 17 - TRANSFERS, VOLUNTARY REDUCTION, LAYOFF, AND RECALL

- 17.1 <u>Transfers</u>: The transfer of an employee shall not constitute a promotion except as provided in Section 17.1.2.D.
- 17.1.1 <u>Intra-departmental Transfers</u>: A department head may transfer an employee from one position to another position in the same class in their department without prior approval of the Seattle Human Resources Director, but must report any such transfer to the Seattle Human Resources Department within five (5) days of its effective date.
- 17.1.2 Other transfers may be made upon consent of the department head of the departments involved and with the Seattle Human Resources Director's approval as follows:
  - A. Transfer in the same class from one department to another.
  - B. Transfer to another class in the same or a different department in case of injury in line of duty either with the City service or with the armed forces in time of war, resulting in permanent partial disability, where showing is made that the transferee is capable of satisfactorily performing the duties of the new position.
  - C. Transfer, in lieu of layoff, may be made to a single position in another class in the same or a different department, upon showing that the transferee is capable of satisfactorily performing the duties of the position, and that a regular employee or probationary employee is not displaced.
  - D. Transfer, in lieu of layoff, may be made to a single position in another class when such transfer would constitute a promotion or advancement in the service, provided a showing is made that the transferee is capable of satisfactorily performing the duties of the position and that a regular employee or probationary employee is not displaced and when transfer in lieu of layoff under Section 17.1.2.C is not practicable.
  - E. The Seattle Human Resources Director may approve a transfer under Sections 17.1.2 A, B, C, or D, with the consent of the department head of the receiving department only, upon a showing of the circumstances justifying such action.
  - F. Transfer may be made to another similar class with the same maximum rate of pay in the same or a different department upon the Seattle Human Resources Director's approval of a written request by the appointing authority.

- 17.1.2.1 Employees transferred pursuant to the provisions of Section 17.1.2 shall serve probationary and/or trial service periods as may be required in Article 8, Section 8.5.
- 17.2 <u>Voluntary Reduction</u>: A regularly appointed employee may be reduced to a lower class upon the employee's written request stating their reason for such requested reduction, if the request is concurred in by the department head and is approved by the Seattle Human Resources Director. Such reduction shall not displace any regular employee or any probationary employee.
- 17.2.1 An employee so reduced shall be entitled to credit for previous regular service in the lower class and to other service credit in accordance with Section 17.3.5. Upon a showing, concurred in by the department head that the reason for such voluntary reduction no longer exists, the Seattle Human Resources Director may restore the employee to their former status.
- 17.3 <u>Layoff</u>: Layoff shall be defined as the interruption of employment and suspension of pay of any regular or probationary employee because of lack of work, lack of funds or through reorganization. Reorganization when used as a criterion for layoff shall be based upon a specific policy decision by legislative authority to eliminate, restrict, or reduce functions or funds of a particular department.
- 17.3.1 Employees within a given class in a department shall be subject to layoff in accordance with the following order:
  - A. Interim appointees;
  - B. Temporary or intermittent employees not earning service credit;
  - C. Probationary employees (except as their layoff may be affected by military service during probation);
  - D. Regular employees in order of their length of service, the one with the least amount of service being laid off first.
- 17.3.2 The City may lay off out of the order set forth within Section 17.3.1 upon a showing by the department head that the operating needs of the department require a special experience, training, or skill.
- 17.3.3 The City shall notify the Union and the affected employee in writing at least two (2) weeks in advance whenever possible, when a layoff is imminent within the bargaining unit. However, in the event of a temporary layoff of less than fifteen (15) days, no advance notice need be provided to either the Union or the laid-off employee.

- 17.3.4 At the time of layoff, a regular employee or a promotional probationary employee shall be given an opportunity to accept reduction to the next lower class in a series of classes in their department or they may be transferred as provided in Section 17.1.2.C. An employee so reduced shall be entitled to credit for any previous regular service in the lower class and to other service credit in accordance with Section 17.3.5.
- 17.3.5 For purposes of layoff, service credit in a class for a regular employee shall be computed in that class and shall be applicable in the department in which employed as follows:
  - A. After completion of the probationary period, service credit shall be given for employment in the same, equal, or higher class, including service in other departments, and shall include temporary or intermittent employment in the same class under regular appointment prior to appointment.
  - B. A regular employee who receives an appointment to a position exempt from Civil Service shall be given service credit in the former class for service performed in the exempt position.
  - C. Service Credit shall be given for previous regular employment of an incumbent in a position that has been reallocated and in which they have been continued with recognized standing.
  - D. Service credit shall be given for service prior to an authorized transfer.
  - E. Service credit shall be given for time lost during:
    - 1. Jury Duty;
    - 2. Disability incurred in line of service;
    - 3. Illness or disability compensated for under any plan authorized and paid for by the City:
    - 4. Service as a representative of a Union affecting the welfare of City employees:
    - 5. Service with the armed forces of the United States, including but not to exceed twenty-one (21) days prior to entry into active service and not to exceed ninety (90) days after separation from such service.
- 17.3.5.1 Service credit for purposes of layoff shall not be recognized for the following:
  - A. For service of a regular employee in a lower class to which they have been reduced and in which they have not had regular standing, except from the time of such reduction.
  - B. For any employment prior to a separation from the Civil Service other than by a resignation that has been withdrawn within sixty (60) days from the

- effective date of the resignation and bears the favorable recommendation of the department head and is approved by the Seattle Human Resources Director.
- C. For service of a regular employee while in a lower class prior to the time when the employee was transferred or promoted to a higher class.
- 17.4 Recall: The names of regular employees who have been laid off or when requested in writing by the department head, probationary employees who have been laid off, shall be placed upon a Reinstatement Recall List for the same class and for the department from which laid off for a period for one (1) year from the date of layoff. Provided that for the names of regular, trial service, or probationary employees who have been laid off as part of the process for establishing the City's 2003 general fund budget shall be placed upon a Reinstatement Recall List for the same class and for the department from which laid off for a period of two (2) years from the date of the layoff.
- 17.4.1 Upon request of the department head, the Seattle Human Resources Director may approve the certification of anyone on such a Reinstatement Recall List as eligible for appointment on an open competitive basis in the department requesting certification.
- 17.4.2 Anyone on a Reinstatement Recall List who becomes a regular employee in the same class in another department shall lose their reinstatement rights in their former department.
- 17.4.3 Anyone accepting an appointment in the class from which they were laid off and, in a department other than that from which they were laid off, shall not be certified to their former department unless eligibility for that department is restored.
- 17.4.4 Refusal to accept work from a Reinstatement Recall List shall terminate all rights granted under this Agreement; provided, however, no employee shall lose reinstatement eligibility by refusing to accept appointment in a department other than the one from which the employee was laid off.
- 17.4.5 If a vacancy is to be filled in a given department and a Reinstatement Recall List for the classification for that vacancy contains the names of eligible employees who were laid off from that classification and from that department, the following shall be the order of certification:
  - A. Regular employees in the order of their length of service. The regular employee on the Reinstatement Recall List who has the most service credit shall be first reinstated.

- B. Probationary employees without regard to length of service. The names of all probationary employees upon the Reinstatement Recall List shall be certified together.
- 17.4.5.1 If a vacancy is to be filled in a department and a Reinstatement Recall List for the classification for that vacancy contains the names of eligible employees who were laid off from that classification and from a different department, the following shall be the order of certification:
  - A. Regular employees in the order of their length of service.
  - B. The regular employee on the Reinstatement Recall List who has the most service credit and who at the time of layoff was performing services essentially the same as required by the vacancy shall be offered employment on a trial basis in said vacancy.
  - C. A department may refuse to employ a person referred to it pursuant to this Section upon providing a reasonable justification therefore in writing to the Seattle Human Resources Director and the Union.
  - D. This Section shall only be applicable to those positions that are covered by this Agreement.
- 17.4.5.2 The City reserves the right to implement a recall procedure for all employees in the non-uniformed classified service as described in Section 17.4.5.1, Subparts A, B, and C on a Citywide basis. In the event and at such time that the City implements such a procedure on a Citywide basis, the procedure set forth in Section 17.4.5.1 shall no longer be restricted only to those positions that are covered by this Agreement but shall cover all positions within the non-uniformed classified service.
- 17.4.6 The City may recall laid-off employees out of the order set forth within Section 17.4.5 upon showing by the department head that the operating needs of the department require such experience, training, or skill.
- 17.4.7 Nothing in this Article shall prevent the reinstatement of any regular employee or probationary employee for the purpose of transfer to another department, either for the same class or for voluntary reduction in class as provided in this Article.
- 17.5 The City agrees to support employees facing layoff by providing the Project Hire program during the term of this Agreement. If a department is hiring for a position in which the employee is qualified, and if no business reason would otherwise make the employee unsuitable for employment, the employee will be interviewed for the vacancy. This provision does not create any guarantee or entitlement to any position. The Project Hire guidelines apply.

## ARTICLE 18 - SUBORDINATION OF AGREEMENT

- The parties hereto and the employees of the City are governed by the provisions of applicable federal law, state law, and the City Charter. When any provision thereof is in conflict with the provisions of this Agreement, the provisions of said federal law, state law, or City Charter are paramount and shall prevail.
- The parties hereto and the employees of the City are governed by applicable City Ordinances and said Ordinances are paramount except where they conflict with the express provisions of this Agreement.

	ARTICLE 19 - ENTIRE AGREEMENT
19.1	The Agreement expressed herein in writing constitutes the entire Agreement between the parties, and no oral statement shall add to or supersede any of its provisions.

## **ARTICLE 20 - SAVINGS CLAUSE**

20.1 If an Article of this Agreement or the Appendix attached hereto should be held invalid by operation of law or by any tribunal of competent jurisdiction, or if compliance with or enforcement of any Article should be restrained by such tribunal, the remainder of this Agreement and Appendix shall not be affected, and the parties shall enter into immediate collective bargaining negotiations for the purpose of arriving at a mutually satisfactory replacement for such Article.

## **ARTICLE 21 - TERM OF AGREEMENT**

- All terms and provisions of this Agreement shall become effective on January 1, 2023, or upon signing by both the City and the Union, whichever is later, and shall remain in full force and effect through December 31, 2026. Written notice of intent to terminate or modify this Agreement must be served by the requesting party at least ninety (90), but not more than one hundred twenty (120), days prior to December 31, 2026. Any modifications requested by either party must be submitted to the other party no later than sixty (60) days prior to the expiration date of this Agreement, and any modifications requested at a later date shall not be subject to negotiations unless mutually agreed upon by both parties.
- In the event negotiations for a new Agreement extend beyond the anniversary date of this Agreement, all of the terms and provisions of this Agreement shall continue to remain in full force and effect until a new Agreement is consummated or unless, consistent with RCW 41.56.123, the City serves the Union with ten (10) days' notification of intent to unilaterally implement its last offer and terminate the existing Agreement.
- 21.3 Either party may reopen this Agreement for the purpose of negotiating a restructuring of the Evidence Control Specialist Unit and/or a random drug testing program.

Signed this 30th day of April	, 2024.
INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD TEAMSTERS, LOCAL UNION NO. 1	
Poul Daul  Paul Dascher  Secretary-Treasurer	Buil Hanil Bruce Harrell, Mayor
	Shaun Van Eyk, Labor Relations Director

### APPENDIX A

# EVIDENCE CONTROL SPECIALISTS AND EVIDENCE CONTROL SPECIALIST CHIEFS

<u>Section 1</u> Effective January 4, 2023, the classifications and the corresponding hourly rates of pay for each classification covered by this Appendix shall be as follows:

	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
Evidence Control Specialist	33.35	34.62	36.01	-N/A-	-N/A-
Evidence Control Specialist, Senior	36.73	38.12	39.61	-N/A-	-N/A-
Evidence Control Specialist, Chief	38.28	39.72	41.29	42.85	44.43

<u>Section 1.1</u> Effective January 3, 2024, the classifications and the corresponding hourly rates of pay for each classification covered by this Appendix shall be as follows:

	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
Evidence Control Specialist	38.90	40.38	42.00	-N/A-	-N/A-
Evidence Control Specialist, Senior	42.82	44.47	46.20	-N/A-	-N/A-
Evidence Control Specialist, Chief	44.65	46.33	48.16	49.99	51.82

<u>Section 1.2</u> Effective January 4, 2025, wages will be increased by one hundred percent (100%) of the annual average growth rate of the bi-monthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue Area Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the period June 2023 through June 2024 to the period June 2024 through June 2025. However, this percentage increase shall not be less than two percent (2%) and a maximum of four percent (4%).

Hourly Base Wage Rates as of January 4, 2025 will be adjusted based on the formula noted above, which is also noted in Article 9.1.3. However, the following titles in this bargaining unit will first have their 2024 base rate adjusted as follows before the formula above and in Article 9.1.3 is applied:

	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
Evidence Control Specialist	40.84	42.40	44.10	-N/A-	-N/A-
Evidence Control Specialist, Senior	44.99	46.68	48.50	-N/A-	-N/A-
Evidence Control Specialist, Chief	46.88	48.64	50.56	52.48	54.41

Section 1.3 Effective January 10, 2026, wages will be increased by one hundred percent (100%) of the annual average growth rate of the bi-monthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue Area Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the period June 2024 through June 2025 to the period June 2025 through June 2026. However, this percentage increase shall not be less than two percent (2%) and a maximum of four percent (4%). After calculating the new base wage for 2026 using the formula above, the base wage will have an additional one-point-zero-percent (1.0%) added, the total not to exceed five percent (5%).

## APPENDIX B

## COMMUNITY SERVICE OFFICERS AND COMMUNITY SERVICE OFFICER SUPERVISORS

<u>Section 1</u> Effective January 4, 2023, the classifications and the corresponding hourly rates of pay for each classification covered by this Appendix shall be as follows:

	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
Community Service Officer (CSO)	39.15	40.64	42.26	43.87	45.65
Community Service Officer, Supervisor	44.69	46.43	48.31	50.21	-N/A-

<u>Section 1.1</u> Effective January 3, 2024, the classifications and the corresponding hourly rates of pay for each classification covered by this Appendix shall be as follows:

	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
Community Service Officer (CSO)	41.84	43.44	45.18	46.89	48.80
Community Service Officer, Supervisor	47.77	49.63	51.64	53.68	-N/A-

Section 1.2 Effective January 4, 2025, wages will be increased by one hundred percent (100%) of the annual average growth rate of the bi-monthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue Area Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the period June 2023 through June 2024 to the period June 2024 through June 2025. However, this percentage increase shall not be less than two percent (2%) and a maximum of four percent (4%). minimum 1.5%, maximum 4%.

Hourly Base Wage Rates as of January 4, 2025 will be adjusted based on the formula noted above, which is also noted in Article 9.1.3. However, the following titles in this bargaining unit will first have their 2024 base rate adjusted as follows before the formula above and in Article 9.1.3 is applied:

Community Service	<u>Step 1</u>	<u>Step 2</u>	<u>Step 3</u>	<u>Step 4</u>	<u>Step 5</u> 50.00
Officer (CSO)	42.87	44.51	46.29	48.04	
Community Service Officer, Supervisor	48.94	50.85	52.91	54.99	-N/A-

Section 1.3 Effective January 10, 2026, wages will be increased by one hundred percent (100%) of the annual average growth rate of the bi-monthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue Area Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the period June 2024 through June 2025 to the period June 2025 through June 2026. However, this percentage increase shall not be less than two percent (2%) and a maximum of four percent (4%). minimum 1.5%, maximum 4%. After calculating the new base wage for 2026 using the formula above, the base wage will have an additional one-point-zero-percent (1.0%) added, the total not to exceed five percent (5%).

## APPENDIX C

# EVIDENCE CONTROL SPECIALIST, CHIEF POSITIONS AT SEATTLE POLICE DEPARTMENT EVIDENCE WAREHOUSE

The bargaining unit transfer of the Chief Warehouser positions assigned to the SPD Evidence Warehouse from the Union's bargaining unit under the terms of the JCC collective bargaining agreement to the Union's Evidence Warehouser bargaining unit became effective January 1, 2020 with status quo wage rates and overtime provisions as stated in the JCC collective bargaining agreement effective January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2021.

In the event that a successor bargaining agreement for the Evidence Control Specialist unit has not been ratified by December 31, 2026, the overtime provisions applicable to the Evidence Control Specialist, Chief positions, based on the JCC contract, Appendix F will not be considered "status quo" and considered excluded for purposes of RCW 41.56.123(1), as allowed under RCW 41.56.123 (2). In that event, the Evidence Control Specialist, Chiefs will be subject to the overtime provisions of the Evidence Control Specialist collective bargaining agreement, Article 16.2,16.2.3, 16.4, 16.4.1 and 16.5, effective January 1, 2023 until a successor agreement has been ratified or otherwise implemented in accordance with RCW 41.56.123 (1).

## APPENDIX D

The following MOU attached hereto as Appendix C and signed by the City of Seattle and Local 77 ("Parties"), is adopted and incorporated as an Appendix to this Agreement to address certain matters with respect to membership and payroll deductions after the U.S. Supreme Court's decision in Janus v. AFSCME. The Agreement is specific and limited to the content contained within it. Nothing in the MOU is intended, nor do the Parties intend, for the MOU to change the ability to file a grievance on any matter of dispute which may arise over the interpretation or application of the collective bargaining agreement itself. Specifically, nothing in the MOU is it intended to prevent the filing of a grievance to enforce any provision of Article 3, Union Membership and Dues. Any limitations on filing a grievance that are set forth in the MOU are limited to actions that may be taken with respect to the enforcement of the MOU itself, and limited specifically to Section B of the MOU. The Parties agree that the attached MOU shall last through the term of this Agreement, December 31, 2022.

Section A of the MOU has been incorporated into the collective bargaining as Article 4 – Union Membership and Dues.

### MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

### By and Between

### THE CITY OF SEATTLE

And

#### COALITION OF CITY UNIONS

(Amending certain collective bargaining agreements)

Certain Unions representing employees at the City of Seattle have formed a coalition (herein referred to as "Coalition of City Unions") to collectively negotiate the impacts of the *Janus v. AFSCME* Supreme Court decision and other conditions of employment with the City of Seattle (herein referred to as "City;" together the City and this Coalition of City Unions shall be referred to as "the Parties"); and

This Coalition of City Unions for the purpose of this Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) shall include the following individual Unions, provided that the named Unions are also signatory to this MOU: the International Brotherhood of Boilermakers, Iron Ship Builders, Blacksmiths, Forgers and Helpers, Local 104: the International Union of Painters and Allied Trades District Council #5; the Inlandboatmen's Union of the Pacific; Professional and Technical Engineers, Local 17; the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Local 117; the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, Local 46; the United Association of Journeymen and Apprentices of the Plumbing and Pipe Fitting Industry, Local 32; the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Local 763; the International Union of Operating Engineers, Local 286; the UNITE Hotel Employees & Restaurant Employees, Local 8; the Public Service & Industrial Employees, Local 1239; the Washington State Council of County and City Employees, Local 21; the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees and Moving Picture Technicians, Artists and Allied Crafts of the United States and Canada, Local 15; the Sheet Metal Workers International Association, Local 66; the Seattle Municipal Court Marshals' Guild; the Pacific Northwest Regional Council of Carpenters; the International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers, District Lodge 160, Local 289; the Seattle Parking Enforcement Officers Guild; the Seattle Police Dispatchers' Guild; the Seattle Police Management Association; and the Seattle Police Officers' Guild.

### Background

In June of 2018, the United States Supreme Court issued the *Janus v. AFSCME decision*. In response to this change in circumstances, this Coalition of City Unions issued demands to bargain regarding the impacts and effects of the *Janus v. AFSCME* Supreme Court decision.

Coalition of City Unions Memorandum of Understanding

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Included in the Parties collective bargaining agreements is a subordination of agreement clause that in summary states, It is understood that the parties hereto and the employees of the City are governed by the provisions of applicable federal law, City Charter, and state law. When any provisions thereof are in conflict with or are different from the provisions of this Agreement, the provisions of said federal law, City Charter, or state law are paramount and shall prevail.

The parties have agreed to engage in negotiations over the impacts and effects of this change in circumstances to reflect compliance with the Janus v. AFSCME Supreme Court decision.

#### Agreements

Section A. Amended Union Dues and Membership Language

The Parties agree to amend and modify each of the Parties' collective bargaining agreements as follows:

Article X - Union Engagement and Payroll Deductions

The City agrees to deduct from the paycheck of each employee, who has so authorized it, the regular initiation fee, regular monthly dues, assessments and other fees as certified by the Union. The amounts deducted shall be transmitted monthly to the Union on behalf of the employees involved. The performance of this function is recognized as a service to the Union by the City and The City shall honor the terms and conditions of each worker's Union payroll deduction authorization(s) for the purposes of dues deduction only. The Union agrees to indemnify and hold the Employer hamnless from all claims, demands, suits or other forms of liability that arise against the Employer for deducting dues from Union members, including those that have communicated a desire to revoke a previous deduction authorization, along with all other issues related to the deduction of dues or fees.

The City will provide the Union access to all newly hired employees and/or persons entering the bargaining unit within thirty (30) days of such hire or entry into the bargaining unit. The Union and a shop steward/member leader will have at least thirty (30) minutes with such individuals during the employee's normal working hours and at their usual worksite or mutually agreed upon location.

The City will require all new employees to attend a New Employee Orientation (NEO) within thirty (30) days of hire. The NEO will include an at-minimum thirty (30) minute presentation by a Union representative to all employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement. At least five (5) working days before the date of the NEO, the City shall provide the Union with a list of names of their bargaining unit attending the Orientation.

The individual Union meeting and NEO shall satisfy the City's requirement to provide a New Employee Orientation Union Presentation under Washington State law. The City of Seattle,

including its officers, supervisors, managers and/or agents, shall remain neutral on the issue of whether any bargaining unit employee should join the Union or otherwise participate in Union activities at the City of Seattle.

New Employee and Change in Employee Status Notification: The City shall supply the Union with the following information on a monthly basis for new employee's: name, home address, personal phone and email (if a member offers), job classification and title, department, division, work location, date of hire, hourly or salary status, compensation rate.

Any employee may revoke their authorization for payroll deduction of payments to their Union by written notice to the Union in accordance with the terms and conditions of their dues authorization. Every effort will be made to end the deductions effective on the first payroll, and not later than the second payroll, after receipt by the City of confirmation from the union that the terms of the employee's authorization regarding dues deduction revocation have been met. The City will refer all employee inquiries or communications regarding union dues to the appropriate Union.

Section B. Agreement on Impacts of the Janus v. AFSCME Supreme Court Decision

The Parties further agree:

- 1. Member Training: During each year of this agreement a Union's principal officer may request that Union members be provided with at least eight (8) hours or one (1) day, whichever is greater, of paid release time to participate in member training programs sponsored by the Union. The Parties further agree that the release of employees shall be three (3) employee representatives per each Union in an individual Department; or two percent (2%) of a single Union's membership per each department, to be calculated as a maximum of two percent (2%) of an individual Union's membership in that single department (not citywide), whichever is greater. The approval of such release time shall not be unreasonably denied for arbitrary and/or capricious reasons. When granting such requests, the City will take into consideration the operational needs of each Department. At its sole discretion, the City may approve paid release time for additional employee representatives from each Department on a case-by-case basis.
- The Unions shall submit to the Office of Labor Relations and the Department as far in advance as possible, but at least fourteen (14) calendar days in advance, the names of those members who will be attending each training course. Time off for those purposes shall be approved in advance by the employee's supervisor.

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- 3. New Employees: The City shall work with the Seattle Department of Technology to develop an automated system to provide the Union with the following information within ten (10) working days after a new employee's first day of work: name, home address, personal phone and email (if a member offers), job classification and title, department, division, work location, date of hire, hourly or salary status, compensation rate, FTE status. Until the process has been automated the departments may provide the Union notice at the same time the department notifies SDHR benefits, by sending an email to the Union providing the notice of hire. Upon automation departments may elect to not provide notice to the Unions and official notice will only be given by SDHR. The Parties agree to continue to work with departments to provide notice of new hires to the Union no later than 10 working days from the employee first day of work.
- 4. This agreement is specific and limited to the referenced demand to bargains and the associated negotiations related to the impacts regarding the Jams v. AFSCME decision and sets no precedent or practice by the City and cannot be used or introduced in any forum or proceeding as evidence of a precedent or a practice.
- Issues arising over the interpretation, application, or enforceability of the provisions of this agreement shall be addressed during the Coalition labor management meetings and shall not be subject to the grievance procedure set forth in the Parties' collective bargaining agreements.
- The provisions contained in "Section B" of this MOU will be reviewed when the current collective bargaining agreements expire. The Parties reserve their rights to make proposals during successor bargaining for a new agreement related to the items outlined in this MOA.
- This Parties signatory to this MOU concur that the City has fulfilled its bargaining obligations regarding the demand to bargains filed as a result of the Janus v. AFSCME Supreme Court decision.

SIGNED this day of	2018.
Executed under the Authority	
of Ordinance No	
Coalition of City Unions Memorandum of Understanding	

FOR THE CITY OF SEATTLE:

Jenny A. Dunkarj,

Susan MoNab Boldy Humes

Mayor

Interim Seattle Human Resources Director

Laura A. Southard,

Deputy Director/Interim Labor Relations Director

SIGNATORY UNIONS:

Elizabeth Rockett, Field Representative IU Painters and Allied Trades,

District Council #5

Natalie Kelly, Business Representative

HERE, Local 8

Andrea Friedland, Business Representative

IATSE, Local 15

Amy Bowles, Union Representative

PTE, Local 17

Professional, Technical, Senior Business, Senior Professional Administrative Support

Ray Sugarman, Union Representative PTE, Local 17

Professional, Technical, Senior Business, Senior Professional Administrative Support Shaun Van Eyk, Union Representative

PTE, Local 17

Professional, Technical, Senior Business, Senior Professional Administrative Support, & Probation Counselors

Mark Watson, Union Representative WSCCCE, Council 2, Local 21, 21C, 21Z, 2083 & Local 21-PA Assistant Steven Pray, Union Representative PTE, Local 17

Professional, Technical, Senior Business, Senior Professional Administrative Support, &

Probation Counselors

Kurt Swanson, Business Representative UA Plumbers and Pipefitters Local 32 Janet Lewis, Business Representative

IBEW, Local 46

Kal Rohde, Business Representative Sheet Metal Workers, Local 66 Brian Self, Business Representative Boilermakers Union, Local 204

Mike Bolling, Business Representative

John Scearcy, Secretary-Leasurer

Teamsters, Local 147; ICC and Community Service Officers & Evidence Warehousers

IU Operating Engineers, Local 286

Brandon Hemming, Business Representative IAMAW, District Lodge 160, Local 289 & 79

Scott A. Sullivan, Secretary-Treasurer Teamsters, Local 763; JCC

lan Gordon, Business Manager PSIE, Local 1239 and Local 1239 Security Officers (JCC); Local 1239 Recreation Unit Peter Hart, Regional Director Inland Boatmen's Union of the Pacific

Scott Fuguay, President

IUPA, Local 600

Dave Quinn, Business Representative Pacific Northwest Regional Council of Carpenters

Michael Cunningham, President Seattle Police Dispatchers' Guild Nanette Toyosbima, President SPEOG, Seattle Parking Enforcement Officers' Guild

Seattle Municipal Court Marshals' Guild

Scott Bachler, President

Seattle Police Management Association

Kevin Stuckey, President Seattle Police Officers' Guild

Hemmins, Business Representative Scott A. Sullivan, Secretary-Treasurer IAMAW, District Lodge 160, Local 289 Teamsters, Local 763; JCC lan Gordon, Business Manager Peter Hart, Regional Director PSIE, Local 1239 and Local 1239 Security Inland Boatmen's Union of the Pacific Officers (JCC); Local 1239 Recreation Unit Dave Quinn, Business Representative Scott Fuguay, President Pacific Northwest Regional Council of Seattle Municipal Court Marshals' Guild IUPA, Local 600 Carpenters Michael Cunningham, President Nanette Toyoshma, President Seattle Police Dispatchers' Guild

Scott Bachler, President

Seattle Police Management Association

Kevin Stuckey, President Seattle Police Officers' Guild

Guild

SPEOG, Seattle Parking Enforcement Officers'