# **Basic Vision Retirees Plan**

# Booklet

# Prepared exclusively for:

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# Third Party Administrative Services provided by Aetna Life Insurance Company

# Welcome

Thank you for choosing Aetna®.

This is your booklet. It is one of two documents that together describe the benefits covered by your Employer's self-funded health benefit plan.

This booklet will tell you about your **covered benefits** – what they are and how you get them. It takes the place of all booklets describing similar coverage that were previously sent to you. The second document is the schedule of benefits. It tells you how we share expenses for **eligible vision services** and tells you about limits – like when your plan covers only a certain number of visits.

Each of these documents may have amendments attached to them. They change or add to the documents they're part of.

Where to next? Flip through the table of contents or try the *Let's get started!* section right after it. The *Let's get started!* section gives you a thumbnail sketch of how your plan works. The more you understand, the more you can get out of your plan.

Welcome to your Employer's self-funded health benefit plan.

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## Schedule of benefits

Issued with your booklet

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# Let's get started!

Here are some basics. First things first – some notes on how we use words. Then we explain how your plan works so you can get the most out of your coverage. But for all the details – and this is very important – you need to read this entire booklet and the schedule of benefits. And if you need help or more information, we tell you how to reach us.

#### Some notes on how we use words

- When we say "you" and "your", we mean both you and any covered dependents.
- When we say "us", "we", and "our", we mean **Aetna** when we are describing administrative services provided by **Aetna** as Third Party Administrator.
- Some words appear in **bold** type. We define them in the *Glossary* section.

Sometimes we use technical vision language that is familiar to vision providers.

### What your plan does - providing covered benefits

Your plan provides **covered benefits**. These are **eligible vision services** for which your plan has an obligation to pay for **eligible vision services**.

#### How your plan works – starting and stopping coverage

Your coverage under the plan has a start and an end. You start coverage after you complete the eligibility and enrollment process. To learn more see the *Who the plan covers* section.

Your coverage typically ends when you leave your job. Family members can lose coverage for many reasons, such as growing up and leaving home. To learn more see the *When coverage ends* section.

Ending coverage under the plan doesn't necessarily mean you lose coverage with us. See the *Special coverage options after your plan coverage ends* section.

### How your plan works while you are covered

Your plan provides **covered benefits**. These are **eligible vision services**. Your plan has an obligation to pay for **eligible vision services**.

#### **Eligible vision services**

So what are **eligible vision services**? They are vision care services that meet these three requirements:

- They appear in the *Eligible vision services under your plan* section.
- They are not listed in the *What your plan doesn't cover eligible vision service exclusions* section.
- They are not beyond any limits in the schedule of benefits.

#### Providers

You may choose any **vision provider** for the care you need.

For more information about the role of your **vision provider**, see the *Who provides the care* section.

#### Paying for eligible vision services- sharing the expense

Generally your plan and you will share the expense of your **eligible vision services** when you meet the general requirements for paying.

But sometimes your plan will pay the entire expense; and sometimes you will. For more information see the *What the plan pays and what you pay* section, and see the schedule of benefits.

## How to contact us for help

We are here to answer your questions. You can contact us by:

- Logging in to your member website at <a href="https://www.aetna.com/">https://www.aetna.com/</a>
- Registering for our Internet access to reliable vision information, tools and resources

Online tools will make it easier for you to make informed decisions about your vision care, view claims, research care and treatment options, and access information.

You can also contact us by:

- Calling Aetna Member Services
- Writing us at Aetna Life Insurance Company, 151 Farmington Ave, Hartford, CT 06156

# Who the plan covers

You will find information in this section about:

- Who is eligible
- When you can join the plan
- Who can be on your plan (who can be your dependent)
- Adding new dependents
- Special times you and your dependents can join the plan

# Who is eligible

Your Employer decides and tells us who is eligible for vision care coverage.

## When you can join the plan

As an employee you can enroll yourself and your dependents:

- At the end of any waiting period the Employer requires
- Once each **calendar year** during the annual enrollment period
- At other special times during the year (see the *Special times you and your dependents can join the plan* section below)

If you do not enroll yourself and your dependents when you first qualify for vision benefits, you may have to wait until the next annual enrollment period to join.

# Who can be on your plan (who can be your dependent)

You can enroll the following family members:

- Your legal spouse
- Your domestic partner who meets any Employer rules and requirements under state law
- Your dependent children yours or your spouse's or partner's
  - Dependent children must be:
    - Under age 26
  - Dependent children include:
    - o Natural children
    - Stepchildren
    - Adopted children including those placed with you for adoption
    - Foster children
    - o Children you are responsible for under a qualified medical support order or court-order
    - Grandchildren in your legal custody

#### Effective date of coverage

Your coverage will be in effect as of the date you become eligible for vision benefits.

**Important note:** You may continue coverage for a disabled child past the age limit shown above. See *Continuation of coverage for other reasons* in the *Special coverage options after your plan coverage ends* section for more information.

You can't have coverage as an employee and a dependent and you can't be covered as a dependent of more than one employee on the plan.

# Adding new dependents

You can add the following new dependents any time during the year:

- A spouse If you marry, you can put your spouse on your plan.
  - We must receive your completed enrollment information not more than 31 days after the date of your marriage.
  - Ask your Employer when benefits for your spouse will begin.
    - If we receive your completed enrollment information by the 15<sup>th</sup> of the month, coverage will be effective no later than the first day of the following month.
    - If we receive your completed enrollment information between the 16th and the last day of the month, coverage will be effective no later than the first day of the second month.
- A domestic partner If you enter a domestic partnership, you can enroll your domestic partner on your health plan. See *Who can be on your plan (Who can be your dependent)* section for more information.
  - We must receive your completed enrollment information not more than 31 days after the date you file a Declaration of Domestic Partnership, or not later than 31 days after you provide documentation required by your Employer.
  - Ask your Employer when benefits for your domestic partner will begin. It will be on the date your Declaration of Domestic Partnership is filed or the first day of the month following the qualifying event date.
- A newborn child or grandchild Your newborn child or grandchild is covered on your vision plan for the first 31 days after birth.
  - To keep your newborn covered, we must receive your completed enrollment information within 31 days of birth.
  - You must still enroll the child within 31 days of birth even when coverage does not require payment of an additional contribution for the covered dependent.
  - If you miss this deadline, your newborn will not have vision benefits after the first 31 days.
- An adopted child See *Who can be on your plan (who can be your dependent)* section for more information. An adopted child is covered on your plan for the first 31 days after the adoption is complete or the date the child is placed for adoption. "Placed for adoption" means the assumption and retention of a legal obligation for total or partial support of a child in anticipation of adoption of the child.
  - To keep your adopted child covered, we must receive your completed enrollment information within 31 days after the adoption or the date the child was placed for adoption.
  - If you miss this deadline, your adopted child will not have vision benefits after the first 31 days.
- A foster child A foster child is covered on your plan for the first 31 days after obtaining legal responsibility as a foster parent. A foster child is a child whose care, comfort, education and upbringing is left to persons other than the natural parents.
  - To keep your foster child covered, we must receive your completed enrollment information within 31 days after the date the child is placed with you.
- If you miss this deadline, your foster child will not have vision benefits after the first 31 days
- A stepchild You may put a child of your spouse or domestic partner on your plan.
  - You must complete your enrollment information and send it to us within 31 days after the date of your marriage or your Declaration of Domestic Partnership with your stepchild's parent.
  - Ask your Employer when benefits for your stepchild will begin. It is the date of your marriage, the date of your Declaration of Domestic Partnership or the first day of the month following the qualifying event.

# Inform us of any changes

It is important that you inform us of any changes that might affect your benefit status. This will help us effectively deliver your benefits. Please contact us as soon as possible with changes such as:

- Change of address or phone number
- Change in marital status
- Change of covered dependent status
- A covered dependent who enrolls in any other group vision plan

## Special times you and your dependents can join the plan

You can enroll in these situations:

- You have added a dependent because of marriage, birth, adoption or foster care. See the *Adding new dependents* section for more information.
- You did not enroll in this plan before because:
  - You were covered by another group vision plan, and now that other coverage has ended
  - You had COBRA, and now that coverage has ended
- A court orders that you cover a current spouse, domestic partner, or a child on your vision plan.

We must receive your completed enrollment information from you within 31 days of the event or the date on which you no longer have the other coverage mentioned above.

#### Effective date of coverage

Your coverage will be in effect on the first date of the month based on when we receive your completed enrollment application.

Eligible vision services include services provided by an ophthalmologist or optometrist.

You may get vision services and supplies from any **vision providers**. Refer to your schedule of benefits for more information.

You may use vision providers of your choice for eligible vision services and supplies under this plan.

## Vision care services and supplies

Eligible vision services and supplies include:

- Eyeglass frames, **prescription** lenses or **prescription** contact lenses that are prescribed by a **vision provider**
- Aphakic lenses prescribed after cataract surgery
- Contact lenses required to correct visual acuity to 20/40 or better in the better eye if such correction cannot be made with conventional lenses

# What your plan doesn't cover -eligible vision service exclusions

We already told you about the many vision care services and supplies that are eligible for coverage under your plan in the *Eligible vision services under your plan* section. In that section we also told you that some vision care services and supplies have exclusions. For example, **cosmetic** surgery is never covered. This is an exclusion.

In this section we tell you about the exclusions that apply to your plan.

And just a reminder, you'll find benefit and coverage limitations in the schedule of benefits.

### **Exclusions**

The following are not **eligible vision services** under your plan except as described in the *Eligible vision services under your plan* section of this booklet, or by an amendment included with this booklet:

#### **Cornea transplants**

• Cornea (corneal graft with amniotic membrane)

#### **Cosmetic services and plastic surgery**

• Any treatment, surgery (cosmetic or plastic), service or supply to alter, improve or enhance the shape or appearance of the body

#### **Court-ordered services and supplies**

• Includes those court-ordered services and supplies, or those required as a condition of parole, probation, release or as a result of any legal proceeding

#### Examinations

Any vision examinations needed:

- During your stay in a hospital or other facility for medical care
- For the purpose of the fitting of contact lenses
- Because a third party requires the exam. Examples include examinations to get or keep a job, and examinations required under a labor agreement or other contract
- To buy insurance or to get or keep a license
- To travel
- To go to a school, camp, or sporting event, or to join in a sport or other recreational activity

#### Laser in-situ keratomileusis (LASIK)

• Including related procedures designed to surgically correct refractive errors

**Orthoptics** (a technique of eye exercises designed to correct the visual axes of eyes not properly coordinated for binocular vision)

#### Personal care, comfort or convenience items

 Any service or supply primarily for your convenience and personal comfort or that of a third party

#### Services provided by a family member

• Services provided by a spouse, civil union partner, domestic partner, parent, child, step-child, brother, sister, in-law, or any household member

#### Treatment in a federal, state, or governmental entity

• Any care in a hospital or other facility owned or operated by any federal, state or other governmental entity, unless coverage is required by applicable laws

#### Vision care services and supplies

- Orthoptic or vision training, subnormal vision aids, and any associated supplemental testing
- Aniseikonic lenses
- Medical and/or surgical treatment of the eye, eyes, or supporting structures
- Any vision examination, or any corrective eyewear required by an Employer as a condition of employment, and safety eyewear
- Services provided as a result of any workers' compensation law, or similar legislation, or required by any governmental agency or program whether federal, state or subdivisions thereof
- Plano (non-prescription) lenses
- Non-prescription sunglasses
- Services provided after the date you're no longer covered under the plan, except for vision materials that:
  - Were ordered before coverage ended
  - Are delivered and eligible vision services are provided to you for the ordered materials within 31 days from the date of the order
- Services or materials provided by any other group benefit plan providing vision care

## **Vision providers**

When you need vision services or supplies, you can go to any vision provider.

You may have to pay for services at the time that they are provided. You are responsible for completing and submitting claim forms for reimbursement of **eligible vision services** that you paid directly to a **vision provider**.

We will tell you what we have paid for **eligible vision services** and supplies. Our notice will tell you if you owe any amounts or if any services or supplies are not covered. You can receive this notice from us by e-mail or through the mail.

Who pays for your **eligible vision services** – this plan, both of us, or just you? That depends. This section gives the general rule and explains the vision supply maximums listed in your schedule of benefits.

We also remind you that sometimes you will be responsible for paying the entire bill – for example, if you get care that is not an **eligible vision service**.

# Special financial responsibility

You are responsible for the entire expense of cancelled or missed appointments.

Neither you nor we are responsible for:

- Charges for which you have no legal obligation to pay
- Charges that would not be made if you did not have coverage
- Charges, expenses, or costs in excess of any maximum

## Where your schedule of benefits fits in

#### How your vision supply maximum works

The maximum is the most your plan will pay for **eligible vision services** incurred by a covered person per 12 consecutive month period. You are responsible for any amounts above the maximum.

#### Important note:

See the schedule of benefits for maximums that apply.

# When you disagree - claim decisions and appeals procedures

In the previous section, we explained how you and the plan share responsibility for paying for your **eligible** vision services.

When a claim comes in, we review it, make a decision and tell you how you and we will split the expense. We also explain what you can do if you think we got it wrong.

# **Claim procedures**

You or your **vision provider** are required to send us a claim in writing. You can request a claim form from us. We will review that claim for payment to the **vision provider** or to you as appropriate.

Notice	Requirement	Deadline
Submit a claim	<ul> <li>You should notify and request a claim form from your employer.</li> <li>The claim form will provide instructions on how to complete and where to send the form(s).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>You must send us notice and proof within 90 days</li> <li>If you are unable to complete a claim form, you may send us:         <ul> <li>A description of services</li> <li>Bill of charges</li> <li>Any vision documentation you received from your vision provider</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Proof of loss (claim) When you have received a service from an eligible <b>vision</b> <b>provider</b> , you will be charged. The information you receive for that service is your proof of loss.	<ul> <li>A completed claim form and any additional information required by your employer.</li> </ul>	• You must send us notice and proof within 90 days
Benefit payment	<ul> <li>Written proof must be provided for all benefits.</li> <li>If any portion of a claim is contested by us, the uncontested portion of the claim will be paid promptly after the receipt of proof of loss.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Benefits will be paid as soon as the necessary proof to support the claim is received.</li> </ul>

If, through no fault of your own, you are not able to meet the deadline for filing a claim, your claim will still be accepted if it is filed as soon as possible. Unless you are legally incapacitated, late claims will not be covered if they are filed more than 2 years after the deadline.

# Communicating our claim decisions

The amount of time that we have to tell you about our decision on a claim is shown below.

#### **Post-service claim**

A post service claim is a claim that involves vision care services you have already received.

Type of notice	Post-service claim
Initial decision by us	30 days
Extensions	15 days
If we request more	30 days
information	
Time you have to send us	45 days
additional information	

### Adverse benefit determinations

Sometimes we pay only some of the claim. And sometimes we don't pay at all. Any time we don't pay even part of the claim that is an "adverse benefit determination" or "adverse decision". It is also an "adverse benefit determination" if we rescind your coverage entirely.

If we make an adverse benefit determination, we will tell you in writing.

# The difference between a complaint and an appeal

#### A Complaint

You may not be happy about a **vision provider** or an operational issue, and you may want to complain. You can call or write Member Services. Your complaint should include a description of the issue. You should include copies of any records or documents that you think are important. We will review the information and provide you with a written response within 30 calendar days of receiving the complaint. We will let you know if we need more information to make a decision.

#### An Appeal

You can ask us to review an adverse benefit determination. This is called an appeal. You can appeal to us verbally or in writing.

#### Appeals of adverse benefit determinations

You can appeal our adverse benefit determination. We will assign your appeal to someone who was not involved in making the original decision. You must file an appeal within 180 calendar days from the time you receive the notice of an adverse benefit determination.

You can appeal by sending a written appeal to the address on the notice of adverse benefit determination. Or you can call Member Services at the number on your ID card. You need to include:

- Your name
- The employer's name
- A copy of the adverse benefit determination
- Your reasons for making the appeal
- Any other information you would like us to consider

Another person may submit an appeal for you, including a **vision provider**. That person is called an authorized representative. You need to tell us if you choose to have someone else appeal for you (even if it is your **vision provider**). You should fill out an authorized representative form telling us that you are allowing someone to appeal for you. You can get this form by contacting us. You can use an authorized representative at any level of appeal.

You can appeal two times under this plan. If you appeal a second time you must present your appeal within 60 calendar days from the date you receive the notice of the first appeal decision.

### **Timeframes for deciding appeals**

The chart below shows a timetable view of the type of notice and how much time we have to tell you about our decision.

Type of notice	Post-service appeal
Initial decision by us	30 days
Extensions	15 days
If we request more	30 days
information	
Time you have to send us	45 days
additional information	

## **Exhaustion of appeals process**

In most situations you must complete the one level of appeal with us before you can take these other actions:

- Appeal through an external review process.
- Pursue arbitration, litigation or other type of administrative proceeding.

#### **External review**

External review is a review done by people in an organization outside of **Aetna**. This is called an External Review Organization (ERO). Sometimes, this is called an Independent Review Organization (IRO).

You have a right to external review only if:

- Our claim decision involved medical judgment.
- We decided the service or supply is not appropriate.
- We decided the service or supply is experimental or investigational.
- You have received an adverse determination.

If our claim decision is one for which you can seek external review, we will say that in the notice of adverse benefit determination or final adverse benefit determination we send you. That notice also will describe the external review process. It will include a copy of the Request for External Review form at the final adverse determination level.

You must submit the Request for External Review Form:

- To Aetna
- Within 123 calendar days (four months) of the date you received the decision from us
- And you must include a copy of the notice from us and all other important information that supports your request

You will pay for any information that you send and want reviewed by the ERO. We will pay for information we send to the ERO plus the cost of the review.

#### Aetna will:

- Contact the ERO that will conduct the review of your claim.
- Assign the appeal to one or more independent clinical reviewers that have the proper expertise to do the review.
- Consider appropriate credible information that you sent.
- Follow our contractual documents and your plan of benefits.
- Send notification of the decision within 45 calendar days of the date we receive your request form and all the necessary information.

We will stand by the decision that the ERO makes, unless we can show conflict of interest, bias or fraud.

#### How long will it take to get an ERO decision?

We will tell you of the ERO decision not more than 45 calendar days after we receive your Notice of External Review Form with all the information you need to send in.

### Recordkeeping

We will keep the records of all complaints and appeals for at least 10 years.

#### Fees and expenses

We do not pay any fees or expenses incurred by you when you submit a complaint or appeal.

# When coverage ends

Coverage can end for a number of reasons. This section tells you how and why coverage ends. And when you may still be able to continue coverage.

## When will your coverage end?

Your coverage under this plan will end if:

- This plan is no longer available
- The group contract ends
- You voluntarily stop your coverage
- You are no longer eligible for coverage
- Your employment ends
- You do not make any required contributions
- We end your coverage
- You become covered under another vision plan offered by your employer

# When coverage may continue under the plan

Your coverage under this plan will continue if:

Your coverage under this plan will continue if:	
Your employment ends because of illness,	If required contributions are made for you,
injury, sabbatical or other authorized leave as	you may be able to continue coverage under
agreed to by your employer and us.	the plan as long as your employer agrees to do
	so and as described below:
	<ul> <li>Your coverage may continue, until</li> </ul>
	stopped by your employer.
Your employment ends because of a	If contributions are made for you, you may be
temporary lay-off, temporary leave of	able to continue coverage under the plan as
absence, sabbatical, or other authorized leave	long as your employer agrees to do so and as
as agreed to by your employer.	described below:
	• Your coverage will stop on the date
	that your employment ends.
Your employment ends because:	You may be able to continue coverage. See the
Your job has been eliminated	Special coverage options after your plan
• You have been placed on severance, or	coverage ends section.
• This plan allows former employees to	
continue their coverage.	
Your employment ends because of a paid or	If contributions are made for you, you may be
unpaid medical leave of absence	able to continue coverage under the plan as
	long as your employer agrees to do so and as
	described below:
	Your coverage may continue until
	stopped by your employer.
Your employment ends because of a leave of	If contributions are made for you, you may be
absence that is not a medical leave of absence	able to continue coverage under the plan as
	long as your employer agrees to do so and as
	described below:
	Your coverage may continue until
	stopped by your employer but not
	beyond 1 month from the start of the
	absence.

Your employment ends because of a military leave of absence.	If contributions are made for you, you may be able to continue coverage under the plan as long as your employer agrees to do so and as described below:	
	<ul> <li>Your coverage may continue until stopped by your employer but not beyond 18 months from the start of the absence.</li> </ul>	

It is your employer's responsibility to let us know when your employment ends. The limits above may be extended only if your employer agrees in writing to extend them.

# When will coverage end for any dependents?

Coverage for your dependent will end if:

- Your dependent is no longer eligible for coverage.
- Your group contract ends
- You do not make the required contribution toward the cost of dependents' coverage.
- Your coverage ends for any of the reasons listed above

In addition, coverage for your domestic partner or civil union partner will end on the earlier of:

- The date this plan no longer allows coverage for domestic partners or civil unions.
- The date the domestic partnership or civil union ends. For domestic partnerships, you should provide the employer a completed and signed Declaration of Termination of Domestic Partnership.

## What happens to your covered dependents if you die?

Coverage for dependents may continue for some time after your death. See the *Special coverage options after your plan coverage ends* section for more information.

### Why would we end your coverage?

We will give you 31 days advance written notice before we end your coverage because you commit fraud or intentionally misrepresent yourself when you applied for or obtained coverage. You can refer to the *General provisions – other things you should know* section for more information on loss of coverage. On the date your coverage ends, we will refund to your employer any prepayments for periods after the date your coverage ended.

# Special coverage options after your plan coverage ends

This section explains options you may have after your coverage ends under this plan. Your individual situation will determine what options you will have.

# **Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) Rights**

The federal COBRA law usually applies to employers of group sizes of 20 or more. It gives employees and most of their covered dependents the right to keep their vision coverage for 18, 29 or 36 months after a qualifying event. The qualifying event is something that happens that results in you losing your coverage.

The qualifying events are:

- Your active employment ends for reasons other than gross misconduct
- Your working hours are reduced
- You divorce or legally separate and are no longer responsible for dependent coverage
- You become entitled to benefits under Medicare
- Your covered dependent children no longer qualify as dependents under the plan
- You die
- You are a retiree eligible for retiree health coverage and your former employer files for bankruptcy.

Talk with your employer if you have questions about COBRA or to enroll.

#### Continuation of coverage for other reasons

To request an extension of coverage, just call Member Services.

#### How can you extend coverage for vision care services and supplies when coverage ends?

If your coverage ends while you are not totally disabled, your plan will cover vision services and supplies for eyeglasses and contact lenses within 30 days after your coverage ends if:

- A complete vision exam was performed in the 30 days before your coverage ended, and the exam included refraction
- The exam resulted in contact or frame lenses being prescribed for the first time, or new contact or frame lenses ordered due to a change in **prescription**

#### How can you extend coverage for your disabled child beyond the plan age limits?

You have the right to extend coverage for your dependent child beyond the plan age limits if your disabled child:

- Is not able to be self-supporting because of mental or physical disability
- Depends mainly (more than 50% of income) on you for support

The right to coverage will continue only as long as a **physician** certifies that your child still is disabled.

We may ask you to send us proof of the disability within 90 days of the date coverage would have ended. Before we extend coverage, we may ask that your child get a physical exam. We will pay for that exam.

We may ask you to send proof that your child is disabled after coverage is extended. We won't ask for this proof more than once a year. You must send it to us within 31 days of our request. If you don't, we can terminate coverage for your dependent child.

## Administrative information

#### Who's responsible to you

We are responsible to you for what our employees and other agents do.

We are not responsible for what is done by your vision providers. They are not our employees or agents.

## **Coverage and services**

#### Your coverage can change

Your coverage is defined by the group vision plan. This document may have amendments too. Under certain circumstances, we or the customer or the law may change your plan. When an emergency or epidemic is declared, we may modify or waive requirements under the plan or your cost share if you are affected. Only **Aetna** may waive a requirement of your plan. No other person – including the employer or **vision provider** – can do this.

#### **Financial sanctions exclusions:**

If coverage provided under this booklet violates or will violate any economic or trade sanctions, the coverage will be invalid immediately. For example, we cannot pay for **eligible vision services** if it violates a financial sanction regulation. This includes sanctions related to a person or a country under sanction by the United States, unless it is allowed under a written license from the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC). Visit <u>https://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/Pages/default.aspx</u> to find out more.

#### Legal action

You are encouraged to complete the appeal process before you take any legal action against us for any expense or bill. You cannot take any action until 60 days after we receive written submission of claim.

No legal action can be brought to recover payment under any benefit after 3 years from the deadline for filing claims.

#### **Records of expenses**

You should keep complete records of your expenses. They may be needed for a claim.

Things that would be important to keep are:

- Names of physicians, vision providers and others who furnish services
- Dates expenses are incurred
- Copies of all bills and receipts

# Honest mistakes and intentional deception

#### **Honest mistakes**

You or your employer may make an honest mistake when you share facts with us. When we learn of the mistake, we may make a fair change in contributions or in your coverage. If we do, we will tell you what the mistake was. We won't make a change if the mistake happened more than 2 years before we learned of it.

#### Intentional deception

If we learn that you defrauded us or you intentionally misrepresented material facts, we can take actions that can have serious effects on your coverage. These include, but are not limited to:

- Loss of coverage, starting at some time in the past. If we paid claims for your past coverage, we will want the money back.
- Loss of coverage going forward.
- Denial of benefits.
- Recovery of amounts we already paid.

We also may report fraud to criminal authorities.

# **Financial information**

#### Assignment of benefits

When you see a **vision provider** they will usually bill us directly. We may choose to pay you or to pay the **vision provider** directly.

#### **Recovery of overpayments**

If a benefit payment is made by the Plan, to you or on your behalf, which exceeds the benefit amount that you are entitled to receive, the Plan has the right to require the return of the overpayment. The Plan has the right to reduce by the amount of the overpayment, any future benefit payment made to or on behalf of a Participant in the Plan. Another way that overpayments are recovered is by reducing future payments to the provider by the amount of the overpayment. These future payments may involve this Plan or other health plans that are administered by the Plan's third-party administrator - Aetna. Under this process, Aetna reduces future payments to providers by the amount of the overpayment they received, and then credit the recovered amount to the plan that overpaid the provider. Payments to providers under this Plan are subject to this same process when Aetna recovers overpayments for other plans administered by Aetna.

This right does not affect any other right of recovery the Plan may have with respect to overpayments.

# Glossary

## Aetna®

Aetna Life Insurance Company, an affiliate, or a third-party vendor under contract with Aetna.

## **Calendar Year**

A period of 12 months that begins on January 1<sup>st</sup> and ends on December 31<sup>st</sup>.

## Cosmetic

Services, drugs or supplies that are primarily intended to alter, improve or enhance your appearance.

## **Covered benefits**

Eligible vision services that meet the requirements for coverage under the terms of this plan.

## Effective date of coverage

The date your coverage begins under this booklet as noted in our records.

## **Eligible vision services**

The vision care services and supplies listed in the *Eligible vision services under your plan* section and not listed or limited in the *What your plan doesn't cover – eligible vision service exclusions* section or in the schedule of benefits.

### Physician

A skilled health care professional trained and licensed to practice medicine under the laws of the state where they practice; specifically, doctors of medicine or osteopathy.

## Prescription

A written order for the dispensing of **prescription** lenses or **prescription** contact lenses by an ophthalmologist or optometrist.

### **Vision provider**

Any individual legally licensed to provide vision services or supplies.