An aerial photograph of a public plaza in Seattle. The plaza features a paved area with a pattern of light and dark grey tiles. In the center, a set of stairs with a metal handrail leads up. Several people are walking on the plaza, and a group of people is sitting on a ledge to the right. A person is pushing a stroller. There are trees in circular planters and a person standing near a trailer in the top left corner. A blue semi-transparent banner is overlaid on the image, containing the title and subtitle.

Public Life Study in Seattle

Measuring Public Space Vibrancy

Our mission, vision, and core values

Mission: deliver a high-quality transportation system for Seattle

Vision: connected people, places, and products

Committed to **5 core values** to create a city that is:

- Safe
- Interconnected
- Affordable
- **Vibrant**
- Innovative

For all

A **vibrant city** is one where
the streets and sidewalks
hum with activity.

Public Life is...

“Activity that takes place in everyday public spaces – on streets, in parks and plazas, and in spaces between buildings”
-Gehl Institute



Public space is the backdrop for our:

- Everyday routines
- Culture
- Community
- Social activities
- Physical activity
- Civic life

Positive Public Life Encourages:

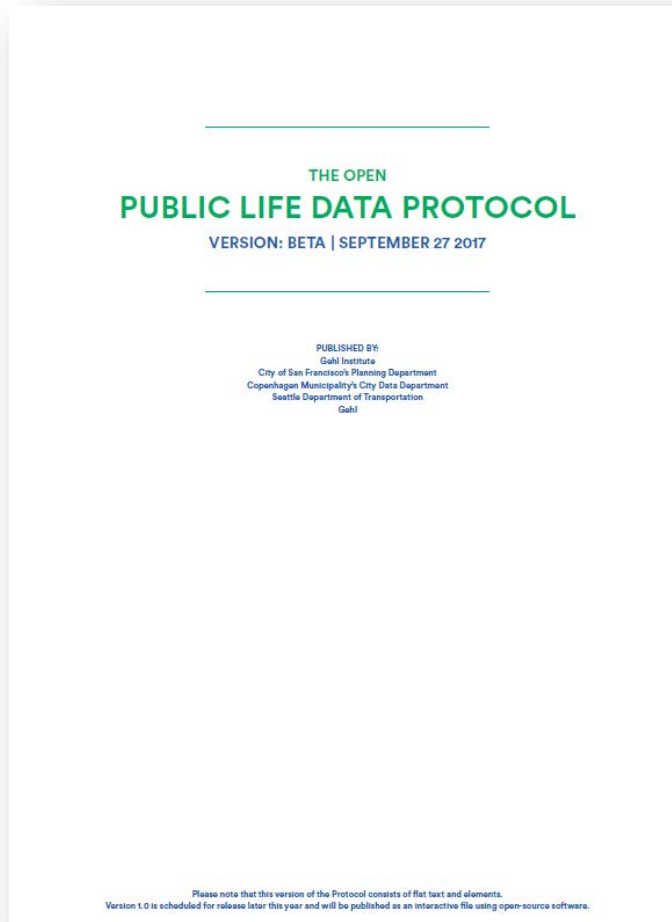
- Social interactions
- Improved health & well-being
- Economic benefits



Opportunity Statement

- Measure SDOT's core value of vibrancy to provide initial benchmark to track the performance of public space activity
- Equip SDOT with data to inform public realm investments, compare across neighborhoods, and understand what makes a successful public space

Public Life Data Protocol



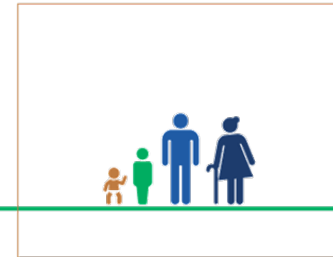
GENDER

Applies to people staying and moving



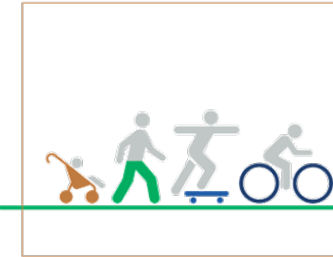
AGE

Applies to people staying and moving



MODE

Applies to people moving



GROUPS

Applies to people staying and moving



POSTURE

Applies to people staying



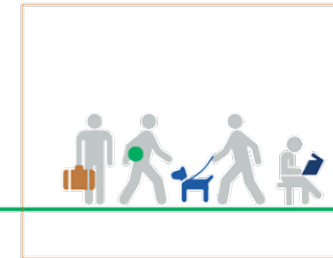
ACTIVITIES

Applies to people staying and moving



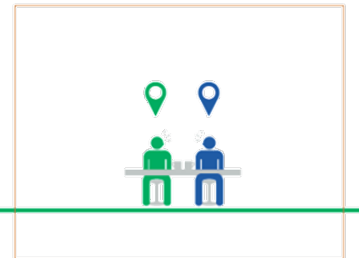
OBJECTS

Applies to people staying and moving

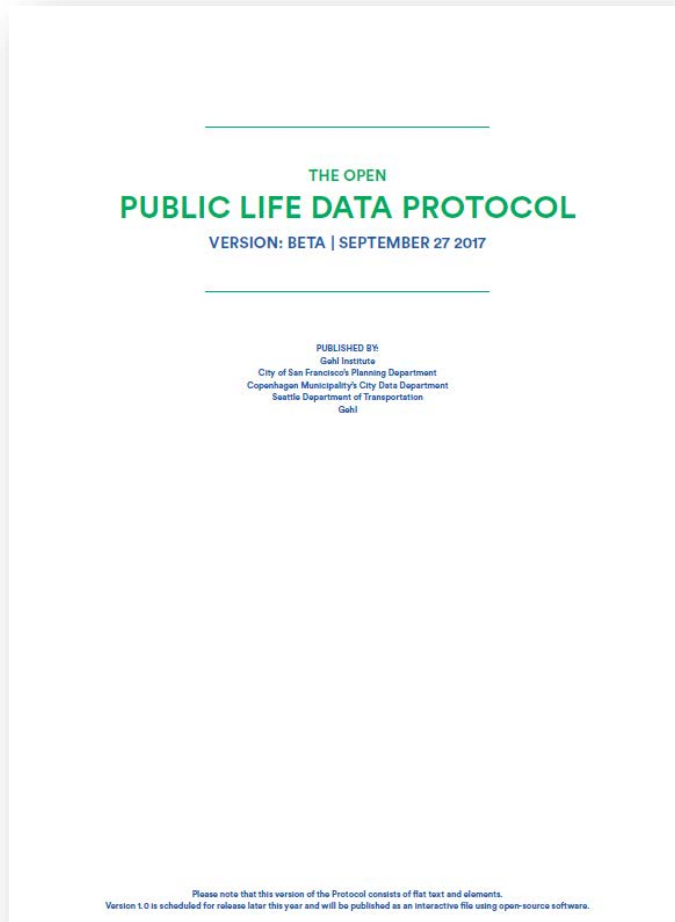


GEOTAG

Applies to people staying



Public Life Data Protocol



SPECIFICATION

SURVEY COMPONENT: ACTIVITY ENGAGEMENT

FIELD NAME	FIELD DESCRIPTION	DATA TYPE	CONTENT STRUCTURE	RECOMMENDATIONS
commercial	Commercial activity, both people providing a commercial service and people purchasing or showing interest in a commercial service.	integer	n/a	<p>Several tiers are available. The preferred tier for medium density area locations is presented here. If they survey focuses on people moving (line locations), other activities may be selected.</p> <p>Counts are non-exclusive. One person can have several attributes.</p>
consuming	Consuming food and beverages, or preparing to consume food or beverages.			
conversing	Conversing with one another.			
cultural	Cultural activities, both people providing a cultural activity (performing) and people participating in or observing a cultural activity.			
recreation_active	Active recreation, play, exercise.			
waiting_transfer	Waiting for transportation at designated waiting areas, both public and private.			

2017 Beta Phase

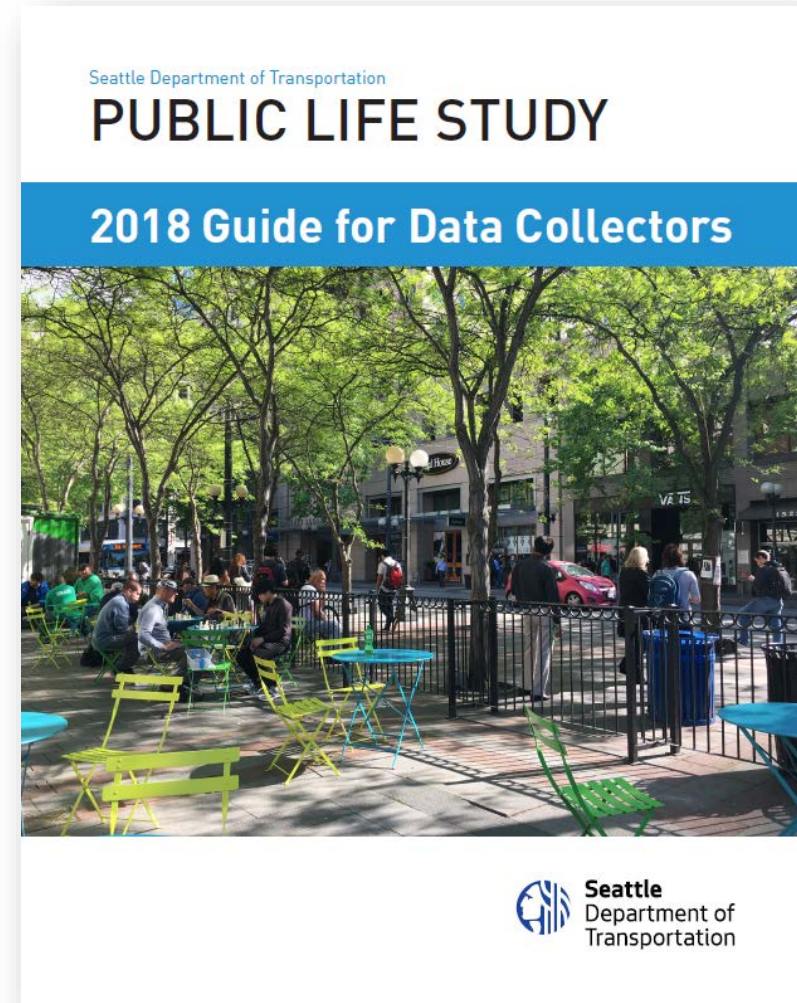
- Initial test of PLDP on small number of block faces in center city
- Key findings
 - Users of the space
 - S Jackson St had high age diversity (21% youth and senior)
 - Bell St had low female presence (24% of all staying still)
 - Use of infrastructure
 - Similar stationary activity levels, even though more pedestrian activity and seating available on Bell St



2018 Study Objectives

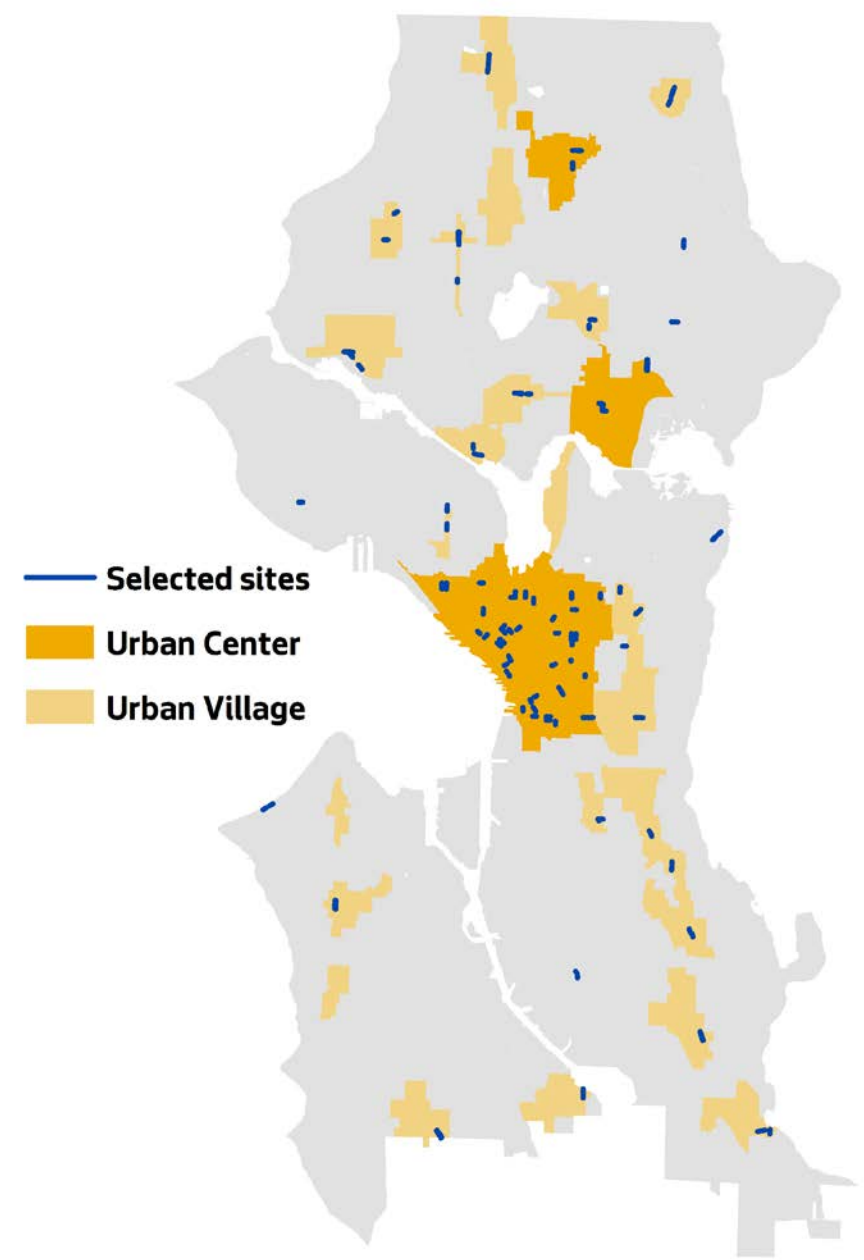
To understand:

- How many people are passing through? How many are lingering?
- What types of activities are observed?
- How is pedestrian infrastructure utilized?

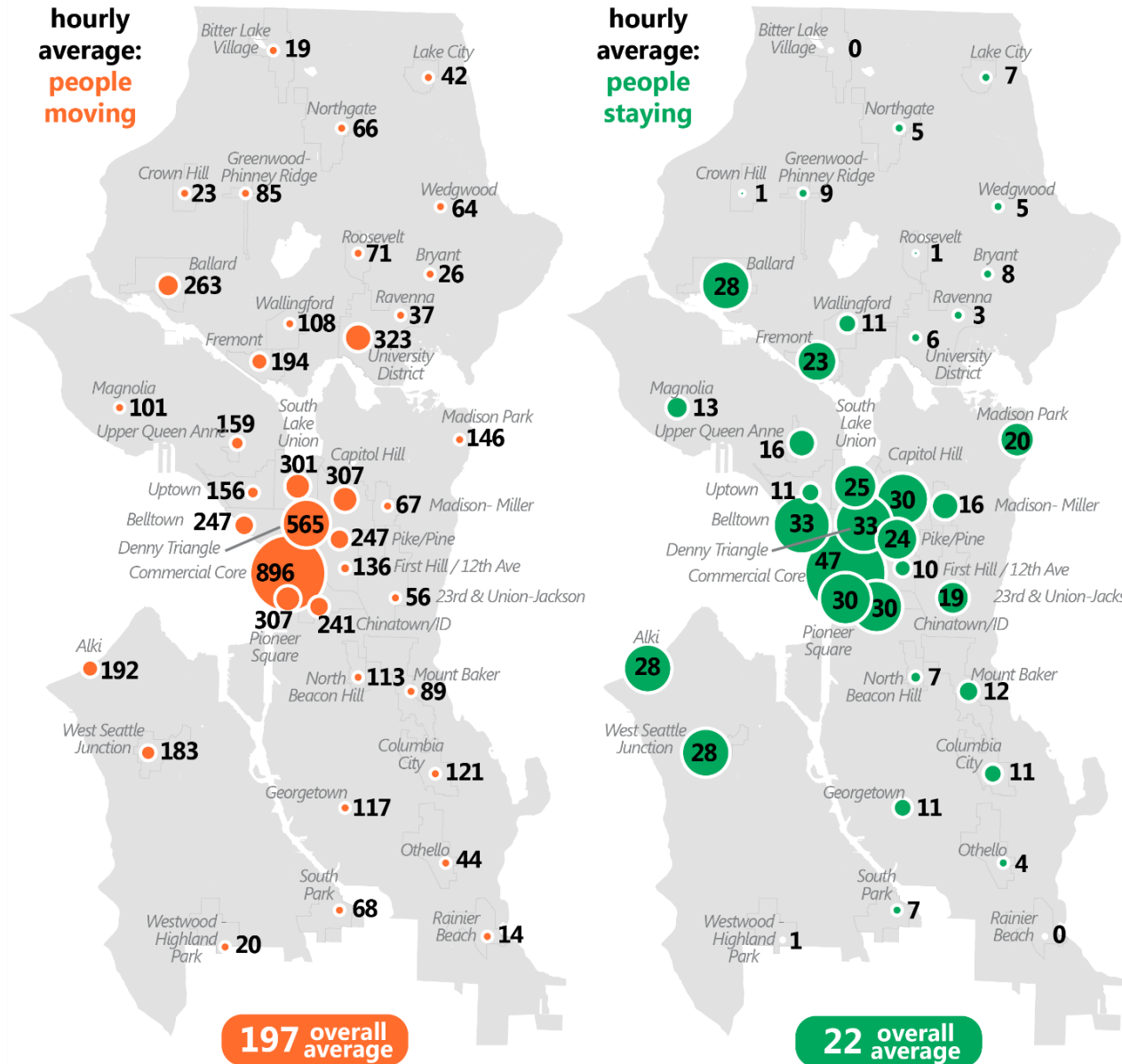


2018 Study Design

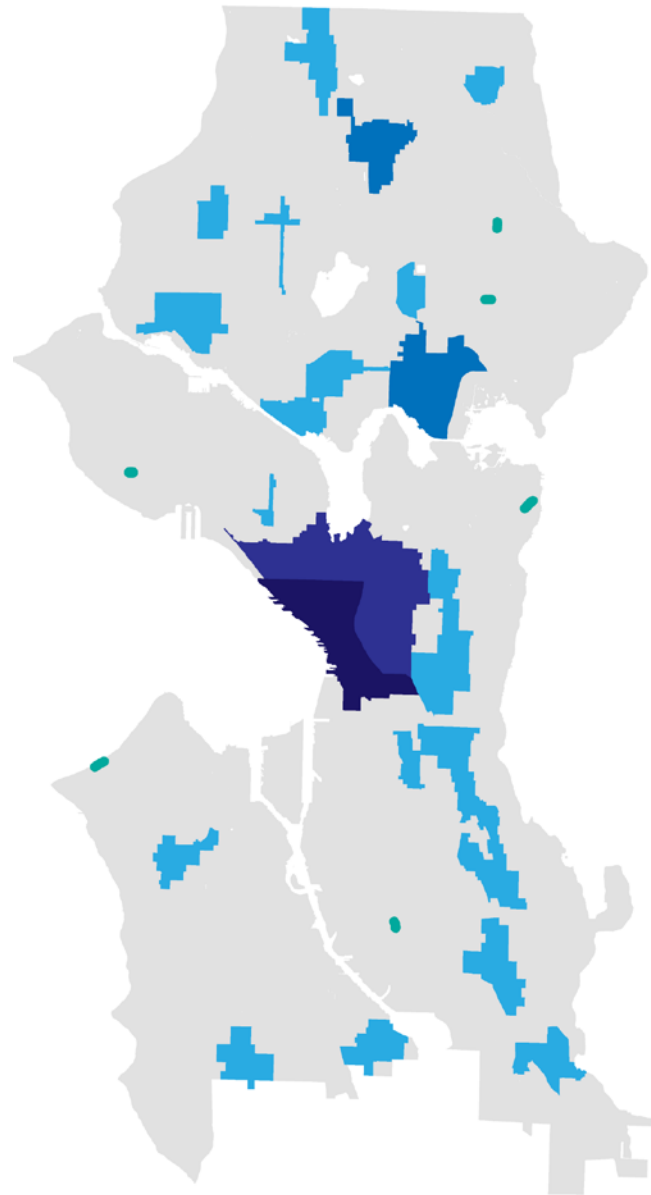
- Data collection: July – September
- 108 block faces across 38 neighborhoods
- Each block face visited 8 times during peak periods (weekends and weekdays)



Activity volumes



Activity Volumes



Downtown Urban Center

Belltown, Chinatown/ International District, Commercial Core, Denny Triangle, Pioneer Square
20 sites total

hourly average: **people moving**

● 451

hourly average: **people staying**

● 35

Center City Urban Center

Capitol Hill, First Hill/12th Ave, Pike/Pine, South Lake Union, Uptown
20 sites total

● 229

● 20

Urban Center

Northgate, Ravenna, University District
10 sites total

● 157

● 4

Urban Village

23rd Union/Jackson, Ballard, Beacon Hill, Bitter Lake Village, Columbia City, Crown Hill, Fremont, etc.*
46 sites total

● 103

● 11

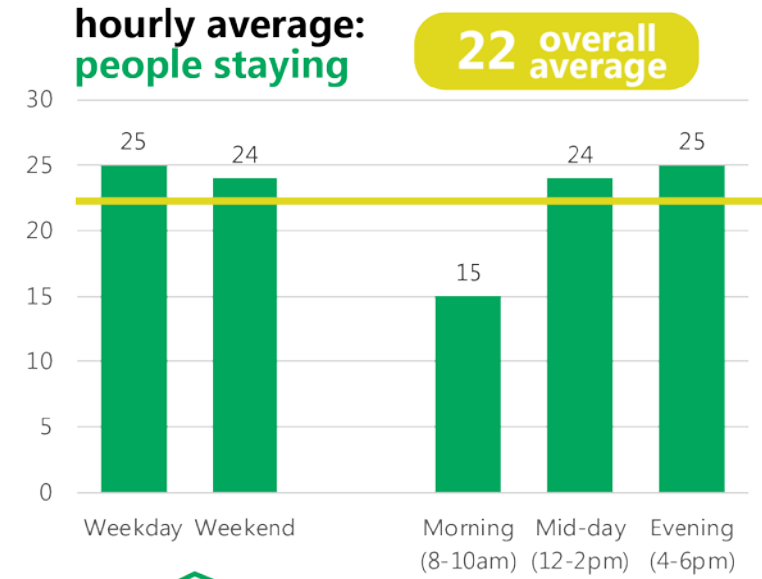
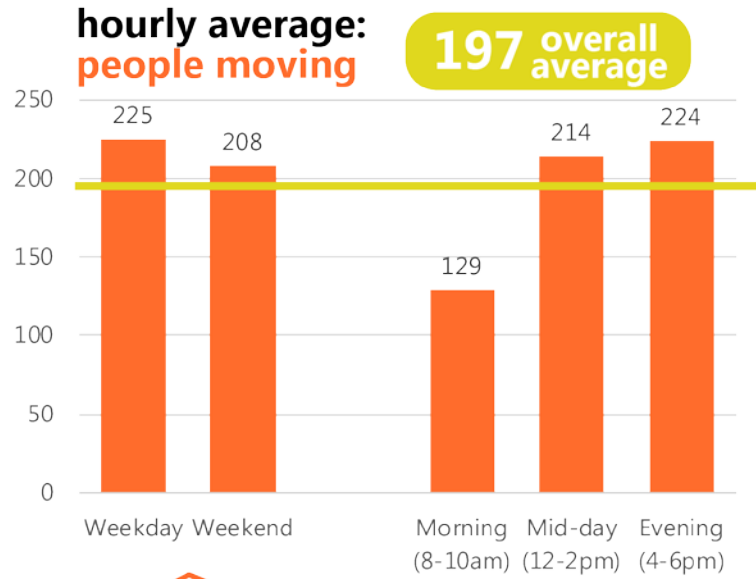
Outside Neighborhood

Alki, Bryant, Georgetown, Madison Park, Magnolia, Wedgwood
12 sites total

● 108

● 14

Activity Volumes

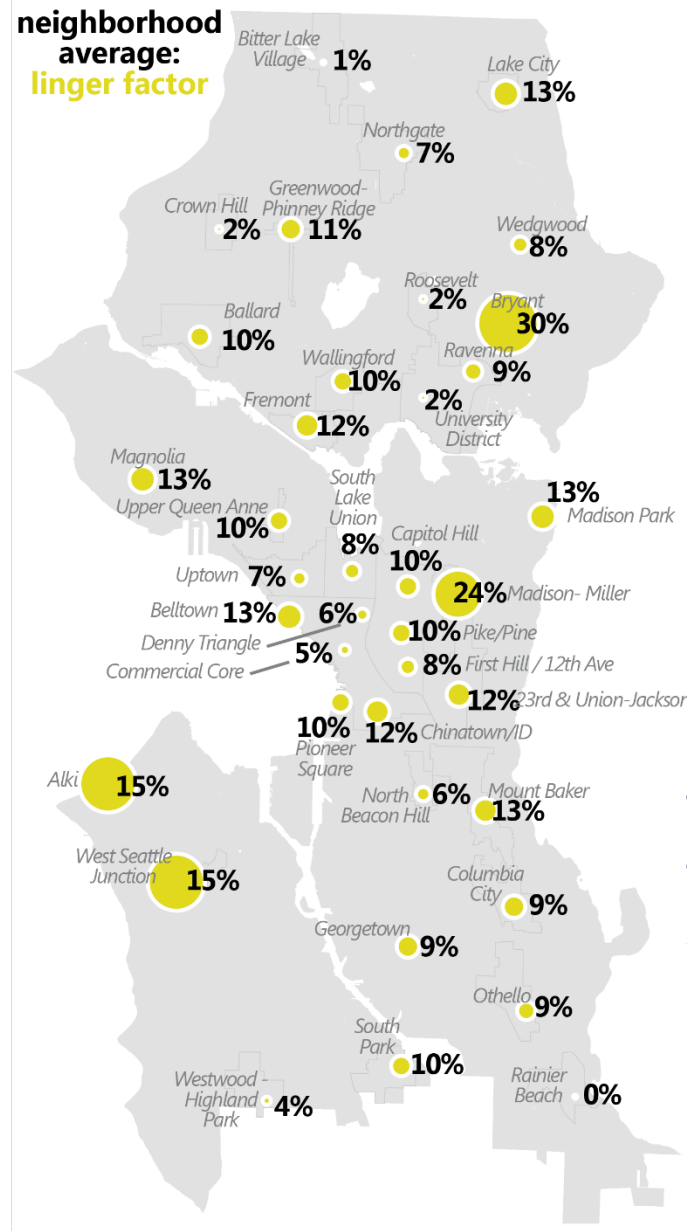


↓ **7%** fewer **people moving** observed on weekends **overall**

↓ **3%** fewer **people staying** observed on weekends **overall**

neighborhood type	people moving	people staying	
● Downtown Urban Center	-20%	-15%	↓ fewer people observed on weekends
● Center City Urban Center	-16%	-8%	
● Urban Center	-32%	-15%	
● Urban Village	+17%	+4%	↑ more people observed on weekends
● Outside Neighborhood	+73%	+61%	

Linger Factor



9% overall average

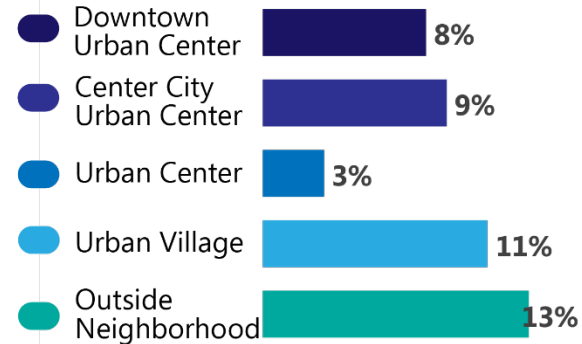
Highest Linger Factor

- Bryant (30%)
- Madison Miller (24%)
- Alki (15%)
- West Seattle Junction (15%)
- Belltown (13%)
- Lake City (13%)
- Mount Baker (13%)
- Magnolia (13%)
- Madison Park (13%)

Lowest Linger Factor

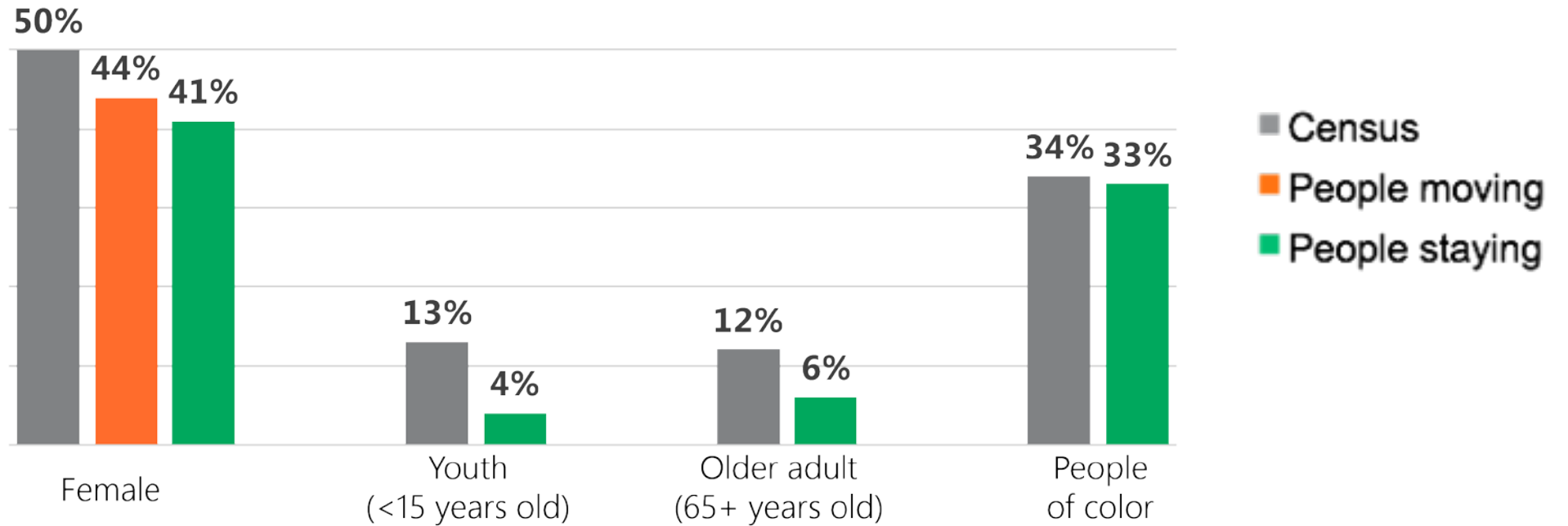
- University District (2%)
- Commercial Core (5%)
- Denny Triangle (6%)
- Beacon Hill (6%)
- Uptown Northgate (7%)

Average by neighborhood type:



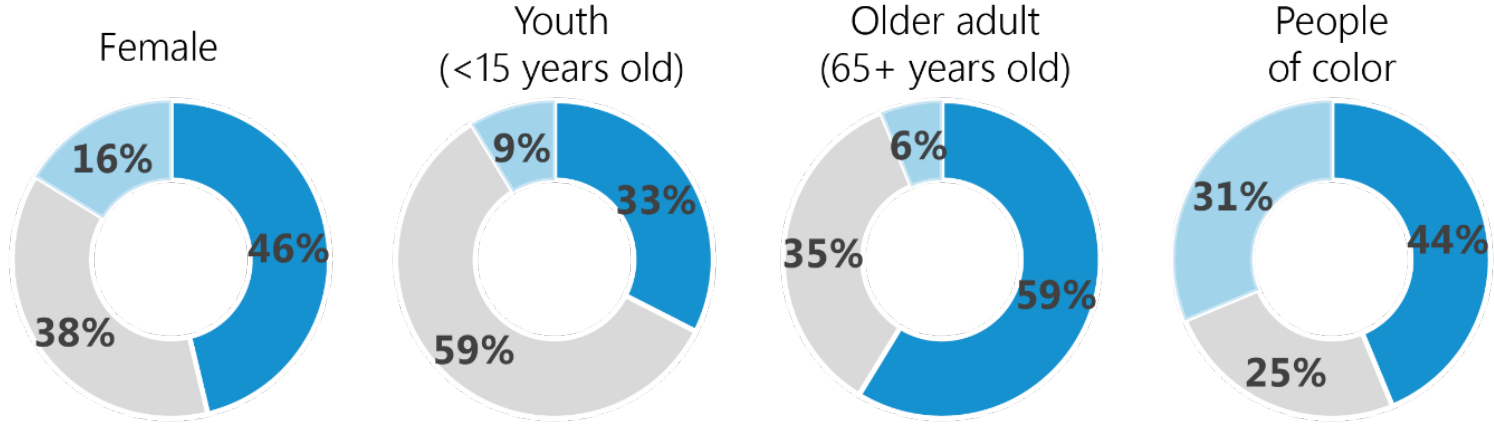
Public Space Users




Local resident demographics (Census data)
compared to **people moving*** and **people staying**



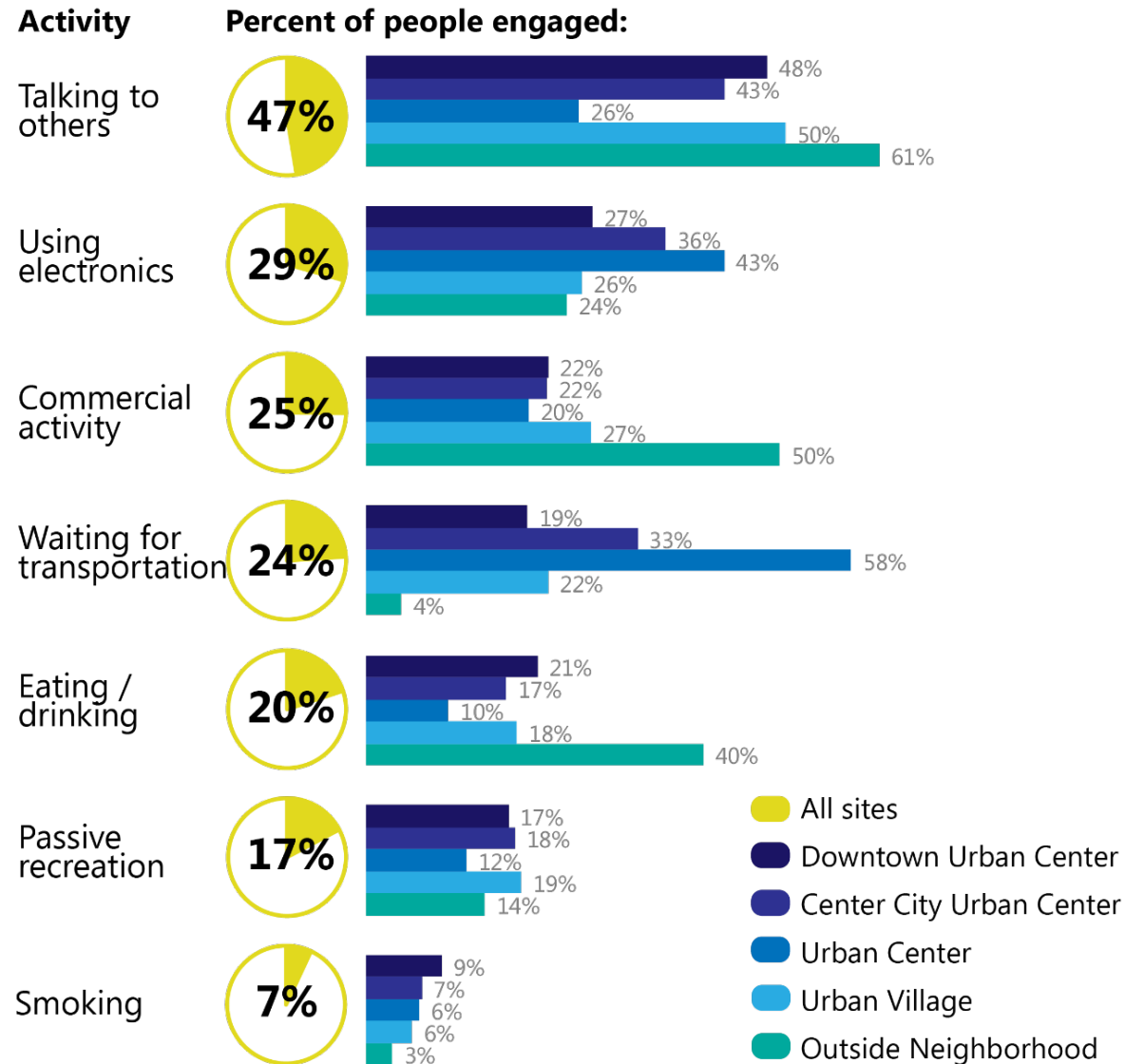
* Demographics of people moving counts consisted only of gender breakdown.

Public Space Users



-  Proportion of sites where user group was **underrepresented** (fewer observed compared to Census data)
-  Proportion of sites where user group was **evenly represented** (equal proportion observed compared to Census data)
-  Proportion of sites where user group was **overrepresented** (more observed compared to Census data)

Activities



<5% of people were recorded doing the following activities: Living in public (3%), Civic work (2%), Active recreation (2%), Soliciting (1%), Cultural activity (<1%), and Disruptive activity (<1%).

Chinatown/ID: Maynard Ave S








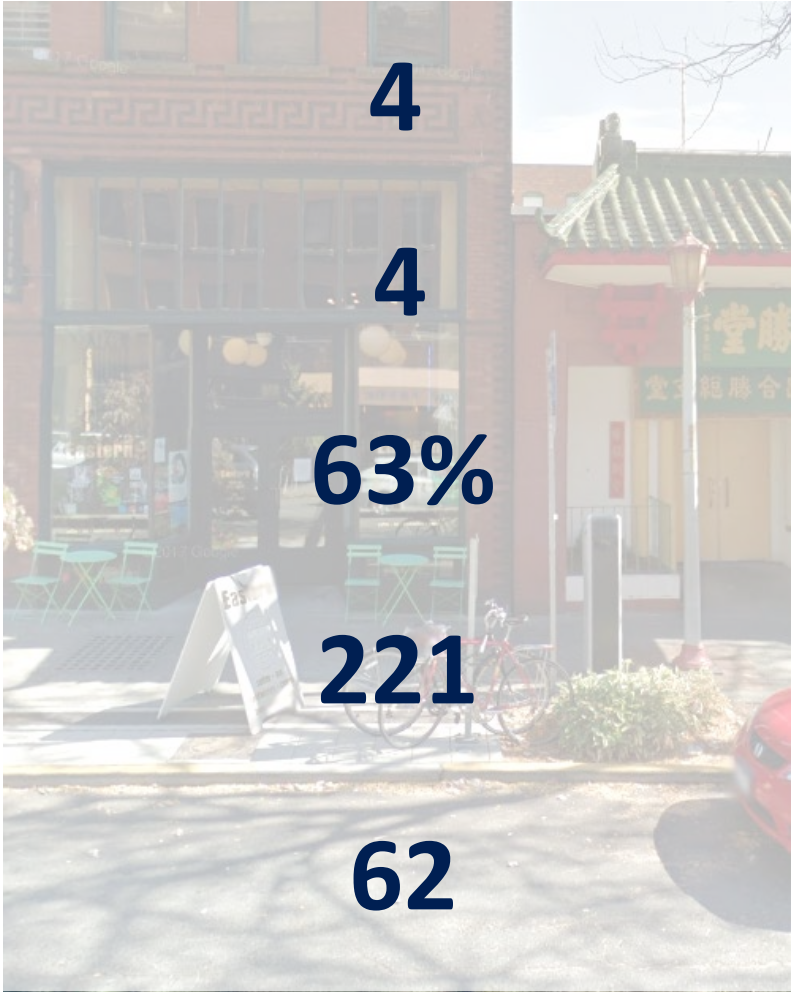
South Lake Union: Fairview Ave N



Chinatown/ID: Maynard Ave S

South Lake Union: Fairview Ave N

- Customer-facing businesses 
- Public seats present 
- Average seat occupancy 
- Hourly ped average 
- Stationary activity 



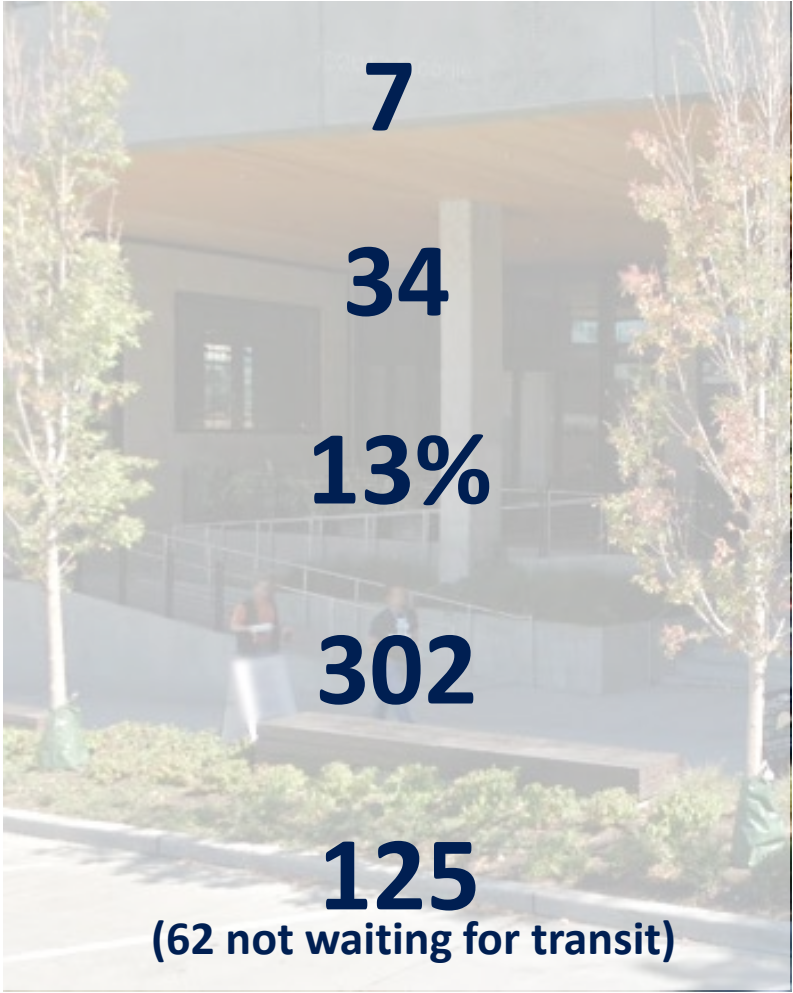
4

4

63%

221

62



7

34

13%






302

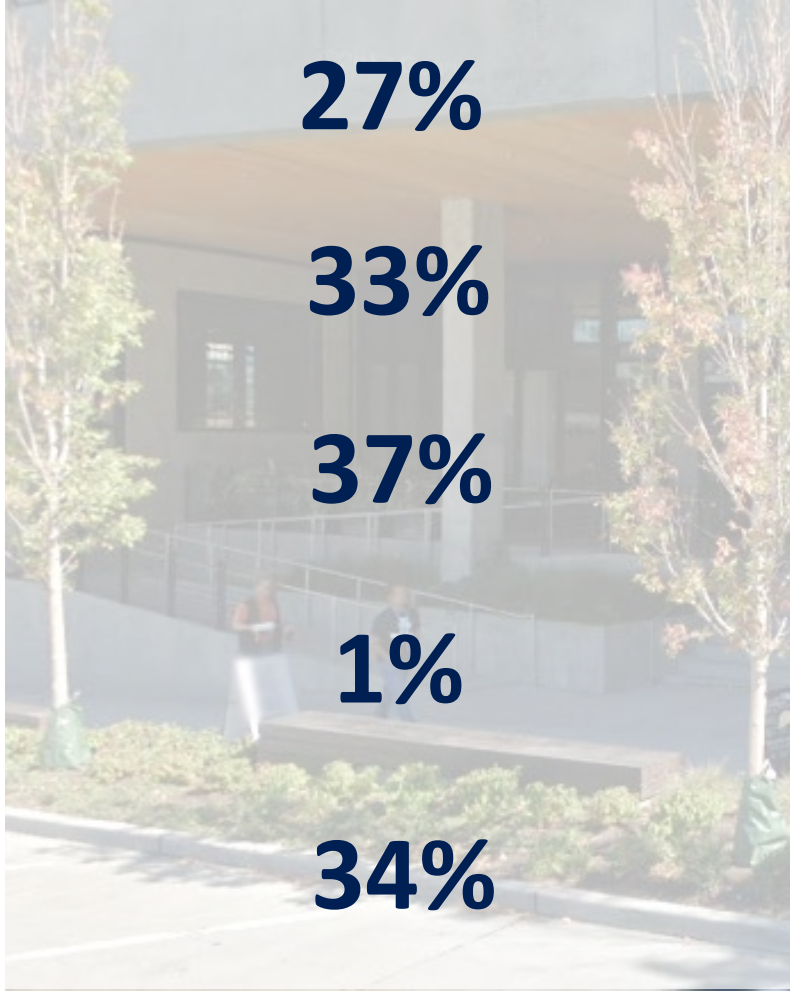
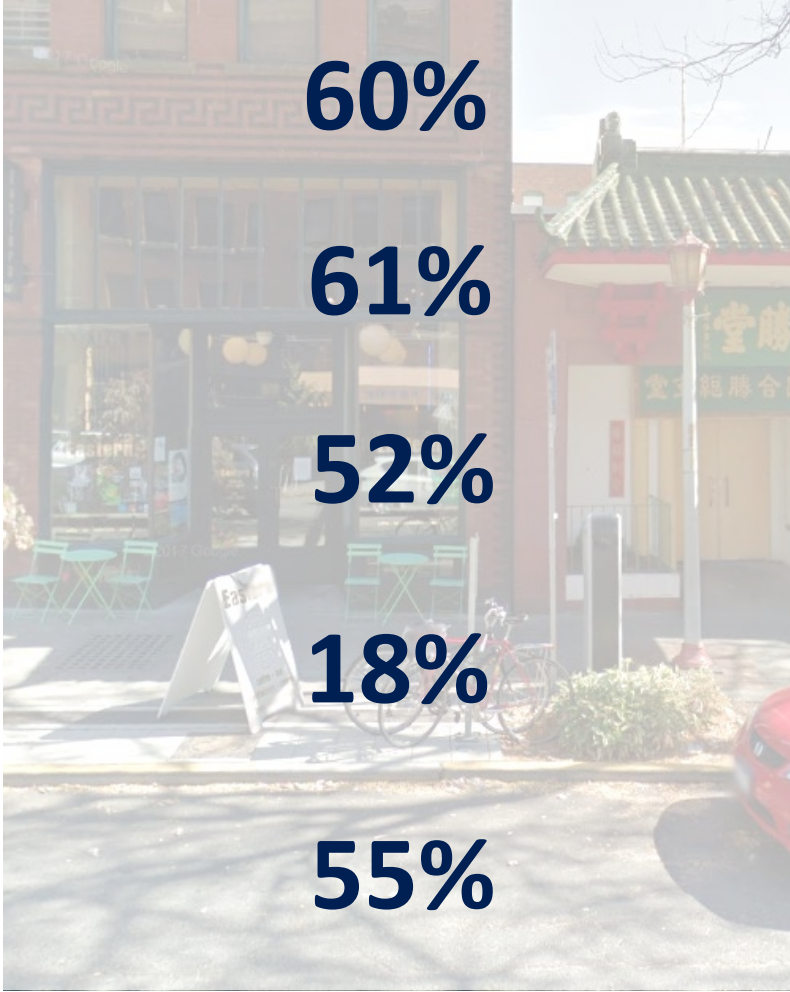
125

(62 not waiting for transit)

Chinatown/ID: Maynard Ave S

South Lake Union: Fairview Ave N

- Extroverted activity 
- Traveling in groups 
- Female presence 
- Youth and elderly presence 
- Persons of color presence 



Gehl's 12 urban quality criteria

Protection

Without basic protection from cars, noise, rain, and wind, people will avoid spending time in a space. Protection from these things is mandatory for a place to be used.

Protection
against
traffic

Protection
against
crime

Protection
against
sensory
experiences

Comfort

A space with elements that make walking, standing, sitting, seeing, and conversing comfortable, invite people to spend time there.

Opportunities
to walk/cycle

Opportunities
to stop & stay

Opportunities
to sit

Opportunities
to see

Opportunities
to talk & listen

Opportunities
for play &
exercise

Delight

A good place becomes great by including elements that delight - they invite people to be active and make use of the positive aspects of micro-climates and the human scale.

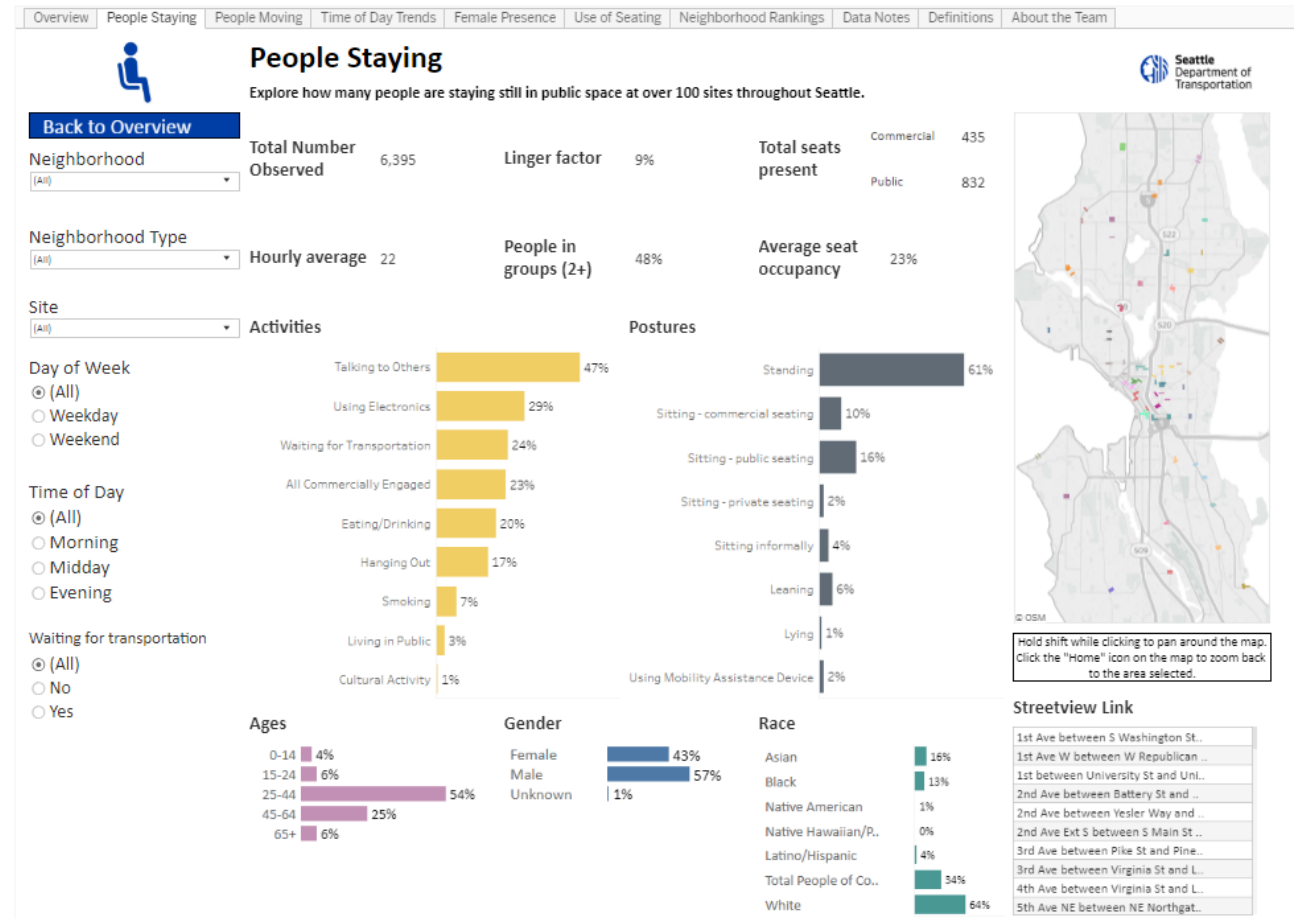
Dimensioned
at human
scale

Opportunities
to enjoy
climate

Aesthetic
qualities

Making Public Life Data Useable and Available

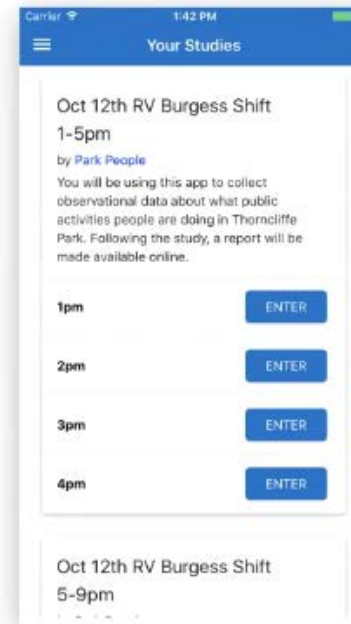
- Sharing data
 - User-friendly interface
 - Open Data Portal (Socrata)
- Applying data to SDOT work
 - Strategic Metrics
 - Complete Streets
 - Data driven prioritization of pedestrian realm improvements



2019 Program - Next Steps

- Pursue collaboration opportunities with community partners (DSA, UW, CHH)
- Advance technology innovations with our Gehl partners
- Serve as central repository for data collected across the city
- Establish a framework for Public Realm Action Plans

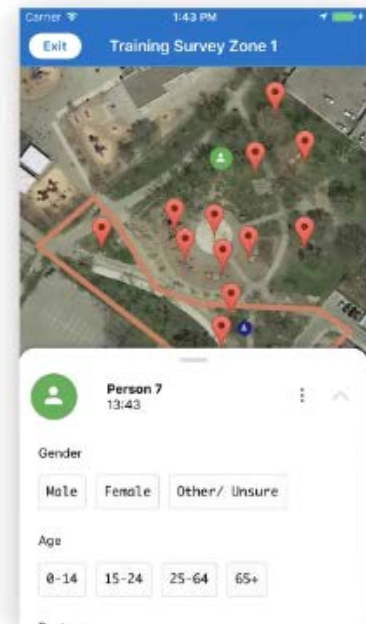
Stationary Activity Mapping



Volunteers are assigned surveys



Add a new count by holding on the map



Notate observed traits for each count

Sidewalk Labs data collection app (CommonSpace)

Questions?

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www.seattle.gov/transportation

