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CITY OF SEATTLE

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The Official Land Use Map, Chapter 23.32 of the Seattle Municipal Code, is amended to rezone land located on pages xx of the Official Land Use Map, all as shown on Exhibit A1 attached to this ordinance.

Section 2. Section 23.30.010 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 125267, is amended as follows:

23.30.010 Classifications for the purpose of this Subtitle III

A. General zoning designations. The zoning classification of land shall include one of the designations in this subsection 23.30.010.A. Only in the case of land designated "RC," the classification shall include both "RC" and one additional multifamily zone designation in this subsection 23.30.010.A.

Zones	Abbreviated
Residential, Single-family 9,600	SF 9600
Residential, Single-family 7,200	SF 7200
Residential, Single-family 5,000	SF 5000
Residential Small Lot	RSL
Residential, Multifamily, Lowrise 1	LR1
Residential, Multifamily, Lowrise 2	LR2
Residential, Multifamily, Lowrise 3	LR3
Residential, Multifamily, Midrise	MR
Residential, Multifamily, Highrise	HR
Residential-Commercial	RC
Neighborhood Commercial 1	NC1
Neighborhood Commercial 2	NC2
Neighborhood Commercial 3	NC3
Master Planned Community - Yesler Terrace	MPC-YT
Seattle Mixed	SM
Seattle Mixed-South Lake Union	SM-SLU
Seattle Mixed-Dravus	SM-D
Seattle Mixed-North Rainier	SM-NR
Seattle Mixed-University District	SM-U
Seattle Mixed-Uptown	SM-UP

Zones	Abbreviated
Commercial 1	C1
Commercial 2	C2
Downtown Office Core 1	DOC1
Downtown Office Core 2	DOC2
Downtown Retail Core	DRC
Downtown Mixed Commercial	DMC
Downtown Mixed Residential	DMR
Pioneer Square Mixed	PSM
International District Mixed	IDM
International District Residential	IDR
Downtown Harborfront 1	DH1
Downtown Harborfront 2	DH2
Pike Market Mixed	PMM
General Industrial 1	IG1
General Industrial 2	IG2
Industrial Buffer	IB
Industrial Commercial	IC

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Section 3. Section 23.48.002 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance

125267, is amended as follows:

23.48.002 Scope of provisions

A. This Chapter 23.48 identifies uses that are or may be permitted in Seattle Mixed (SM) zones and establishes development standards. The SM zone boundaries are shown on the Official Land Use Map. SM zone designations for specific geographic areas are identified in Table A for 23.48.002. The SM-SLU designation with a height limit suffix may be applied to SM zoned land in the South Lake Union Urban Center. The SM-D designation with a height limit range may be applied to SM zoned land in the West Dravus area. The SM-NR designation with a height limit suffix may be applied to SM zoned land in the North Rainier area. The SM-U designation with a height limit suffix may be applied to SM-U zoned land in the University Community Urban

Center. The SM-UP designation with a height limit suffix may be applied to SM-UP zoned land 1

in the Uptown Urban Center.

Table A for 23.48.002 SM zone designations for geographic areas	
Zone designation	Geographic area
SM-SLU	South Lake Union Urban Center
SM-D	West Dravus area
SM-NR	North Rainier area
SM-U	University Community Urban Center
SM-UP	<u>Uptown Urban Center</u>

* * *

* * *

required at street level along the street-facing facade abutting streets designated as Class 1

((and)) at street-level along the street-facing facades abutting streets shown on Map A for

Pedestrian Streets shown on Map A for 23.48.240, except as required in subsection 23.48.205.C,

23.48.640, and at street-level along the street-facing facades abutting streets designated as Class

Section 4. Subsection 23.48.005.D of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was last

1. One or more of the following uses listed in this subsection 23.48.005.D.1 are

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6 amended by Ordinance 125267, is amended as follows:

7 23.48.005 Uses

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D. Required street-level uses

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a. General sales and service uses;

b. Eating and drinking establishments;

c. Entertainment uses;

1 or Class 2 streets shown on Map A for 23.48.740:

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1	d. Public libraries;
2	e. Public parks;
3	f. Arts facilities;
4	g. Religious facilities;
5	h. Human services uses;
6	i. Child care facilities; and
7	j. Light rail transit stations.
8	* * *
9	Section X. Section 23.48.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
10	125267, is amended as follows:
11	23.48.020 Floor area ratio (FAR)

12 ***

B. FAR limits. The FAR limits for SM zones, excluding SM zones in specific geographic areas as set forth in the applicable subchapter of this Chapter 23.48, are shown in Table A for 23.48.020.

Table A for 23.48.020 SM FAR limits

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Zone	FAR limits for all uses		
	Base	Maximum ¹	
SM 40	3	3.5	
SM 65	3.5	5	
SM 85 ⁽⁽²⁾⁾	4.5	6	
SM 125	5	8	
SM 160	5	9	

Table A for 23.48.020 SM FAR limits

Zone	FAR limits for all uses		
	Base	Maximum ¹	
SM 240	6	13	

Footnotes to Table A for 23.48.020

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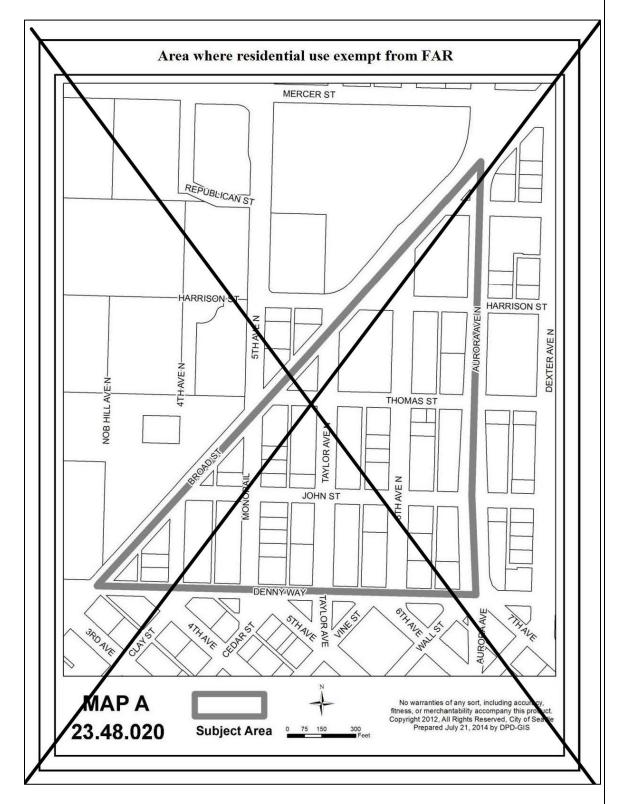
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¹See subsection 23.48.020.C for requirements for achieving maximum FAR.

^{((&}lt;sup>2</sup>In the SM 85 zone within the area shown on Map A for 23.48.020, residential uses are exempt from FAR calculations.))

((Map A for 23.48.020

Area where residential use exempt from FAR))



E. Minimum FAR

1. A minimum FAR shown in Table B for 23.48.020 is required whenever more than 1,000 square feet of gross floor area is added to or removed from a lot located in a Station Area Overlay District or on a lot abutting a Class 1, ((ex)) Class 2, or Class 3 Pedestrian Street or a Neighborhood Green Street, as shown on Map A for 23.48.240 for SM-SLU zones, Map A for 23.48.440 for SM-NR zones, ((and)) Map A for 23.48.640 for SM-U zones((-)), and Map A for 23.48.740 for SM-UP zones.

Table B for 23.48.020 Minimum FAR)			
Height limit (in feet)	40	65, 75, 85, or 95	125 or 160	240 or greater
Minimum FAR	1.5	2	2.5	3

2. The minimum FAR requirement provided in subsection 23.48.020.E.1 does not apply if:

- a. Additional floor area is added to an existing structure on a lot that is nonconforming with respect to the minimum FAR shown in Table B for 23.48.020;
- b. The lot is larger than five acres;
 - c. All existing gross floor area is demolished to create a vacant lot; or
 - d. Parks and open space is the principal use of the lot.
 - 3. Portions of the lot designated as a steep slope, wetland, or riparian corridor or as a buffer to one of these areas, as defined in Chapter 25.09, are not included when calculating lot size for the purpose of determining the minimum FAR requirement provided in subsection 23.48.020.E.1.
 - 4. The Director, in consultation with the Director of the Department of Neighborhoods, may waive the minimum FAR requirement in subsection 23.48.020.E.1 for lots

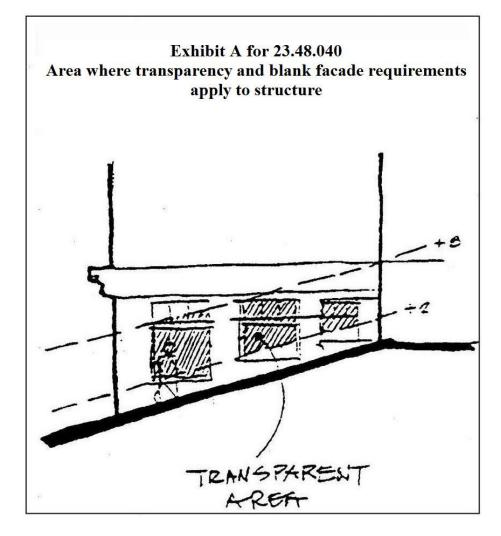
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1	that contain a designated Landmark, or for lots within a Landmark District pursuant to Title 25
2	or within a Special Review District pursuant to Chapter 23.66, if the Director determines a
3	waiver is necessary to preserve the integrity of a Landmark or meet adopted District design and
4	development guidelines.
5	5. All gross floor area is counted toward the minimum FAR requirement provided
6	in subsection 23.48.020.E.1, except the following:
7	a. Gross floor area below grade, including all underground stories or
8	portions of stories; and
9	b. Gross floor area containing parking.
10	Section X. Section 23.48.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
11	125267, is amended as follows:
12	23.48.040 Street-level development standards
13	A. Street-facing facade requirements. For SM zones in the SM-SLU, ((and)) SM-NR, and
14	<u>SM-UP</u> geographic areas, the following street-facing facade requirements apply to Class 1
15	((and)), Class 2, and Class 3 Pedestrian Streets, Neighborhood Green Streets, and all other
16	streets, as shown on Map A for 23.48.240, ((and)) Map A for 23.48.440, and Map A 23.48.740:
17	1. Primary pedestrian entrance. Each new structure facing a Class 1 Pedestrian
18	Street and in the Uptown Urban Center a Class 2 Pedestrian Street is required to provide a
19	primary building entrance for pedestrians from the street or a street-oriented courtyard that is no
20	more than 3 feet above or below the sidewalk grade.
21	2. Minimum facade height. A minimum facade height is required for the street-
22	facing facades of new structures, unless all portions of the structure are lower than the required
23	minimum facade height listed below.

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1	a. On Class 1 Pedestrian Streets the minimum height for street-facing
2	facades is 45 feet.
3	b. On Class 2 and Class 3 Pedestrian Streets and Neighborhood Green
4	Streets the minimum height for street-facing facades is 25 feet.
5	c. On all other streets, the minimum height for street-facing facades is 15
6	feet.
7	B. Transparency and blank facade requirements. For SM zones in the SM-SLU, SM-NR,
8	((and)) SM-U, and the SM-UP geographic areas, the provisions of this subsection 23.48.040.B
9	apply to the area of a street-facing facade between 2 feet and 8 feet above a sidewalk, as shown
10	on Exhibit A for 23.48.040, but do not apply to portions of a structure in residential use.

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Exhibit A for 23.48.040

Area where transparency and blank facade requirements apply to structure



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1. Transparency requirements

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a. In SM zones in the SM-SLU, SM-NR,((and)) SM-U, and SM-UP

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geographic areas, on Class 1, ((and)) Class 2, and Class 3 Pedestrian Streets and Neighborhood

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Green Streets, a minimum of 60 percent of the street-facing facade must be transparent, except

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that if the slope of the street frontage of the facade exceeds 7.5 percent, the required amount of

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transparency shall be reduced to 45 percent of the street-facing facade.

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all other streets not specified in subsection 23.48.040.B.1.a, a minimum of 30 percent of the street-facing facade must be transparent, except that if the slope of the street frontage of the facade exceeds 7.5 percent, the minimum amount of transparency required shall be reduced to 22 percent of the street-facing facade.

b. In all SM zones either within or outside specific geographic areas, for

c. Only clear or lightly tinted glass in windows, doors, and display windows is considered transparent. Transparent areas shall be designed and maintained to provide views into and out of the structure. Except for institutional uses, no permanent signage, window tinting or treatments, shelving, other furnishings, fixtures, equipment, or stored items shall completely block views into and out of the structure between 4 feet and 7 feet above adjacent grade. The installation of temporary signs or displays that completely block views may be allowed if such temporary installations comply with subsection 23.55.012.B.

- 2. Blank facade limits. Any portion of the street-facing facade that is not transparent is considered to be a blank facade and is subject to the following:
- a. In SM zones in the SM-SLU, SM-NR, ((and)) SM-U, and SM-UP geographic areas, for Class 1 ((and)), Class 2, and Class 3 Pedestrian Streets and Neighborhood Green Streets, the following apply:
- 1) Blank facades are limited to segments 15 feet wide, except segments with garage doors, which may exceed a width of 15 feet and may be as wide as the driveway plus 5 feet. Blank facade width may be increased to 30 feet if the Director determines that the facade is enhanced by architectural detailing, artwork, landscaping, or other similar features that have visual interest.

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1	2) The total width of all blank facade segments, including garage
2	doors, shall not exceed 40 percent of the width of the street-facing facade of the structure on each
3	street frontage, or 55 percent of the width of the street-facing facade if the slope of the street
4	frontage of the facade exceeds 7.5 percent.
5	b. In all SM zones either within or outside specific geographic areas, all
6	other streets not specified in subsection 23.48.040.B.2.a are subject to the following:
7	1) Blank facades are limited to segments 30 feet wide, except for
8	garage doors, which may be exceed a width of 30 feet and may be as wide as the driveway plus 5
9	feet. Blank facade width may be increased to 60 feet if the Director determines as a Type I
10	decision that the facade is enhanced by architectural detailing, artwork, landscaping, or other
11	similar features that have visual interest.
12	2) The total width of all blank facade segments, including garage
13	doors, shall not exceed 70 percent of the width of the street-facing facade of the structure on each
14	street frontage; or 78 percent if the slope of the street frontage of the facade exceeds 7.5 percent.
15	c. Any blank segment of a street-facing facade shall be separated by
16	transparent areas that are at least 2 feet wide.
17	C. Development standards for required street-level uses. Street-level uses that are
18	required by subsection 23.48.005.D, and street-level uses exempt from FAR calculations under
19	the provisions of subsection 23.48.220.B.2, ((OF)) 23.48.620.B.2, or 23.48.720.B.2, whether
20	required or not, shall meet the following development standards:
21	1. Where street-level uses are required, a minimum of 75 percent of the street-
22	facing facade of each street frontage requiring street-level uses shall be occupied by uses listed in

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1	subsection 23.48.005.D.1. The remaining street-facing facade may contain other permitted uses
2	or pedestrian or vehicular entrances.
3	2. There is no minimum frontage requirement for street-level uses provided at
4	locations where they are not required but are exempt from FAR calculations under the provisions
5	of subsection 23.48.220.B.2 or 23.48.620.B.2.
6	3. The space occupied by street-level uses shall have a minimum floor-to-floor
7	height of 13 feet and extend at least 30 feet in depth at street level from the street-front facade.
8	4. If the minimum requirements of subsection 23.48.040.C.1 and the depth
9	requirements of subsection 23.48.040.C.2 would require more than 50 percent of the structure's
10	footprint to be occupied by required uses in subsection 23.48.005.D, the Director may modify the
11	street-facing facade or depth requirements, or both, so that no more than 50 percent of the
12	structure's footprint is required to be occupied by the required uses in subsection 23.48.005.D.
13	((3))) 5. Street-level uses shall be located within 10 feet of the street lot line,
14	except for the following:
15	a. Required street-level uses may be located more than 10-feet from the
16	applicable street lot line if they abut an outdoor amenity area provided to meet the requirements
17	of Section 23.48.045, or other required or bonused amenity area or open space provided for in
18	this Chapter 23.48 that separates the portion of the street-facing facade including the required
19	street-level uses from the street lot line;
20	b. If a street-level setback is required from the street lot line by the
21	provisions of this Chapter 23.48 or Chapter 23.53, the 10-foot distance that the street-level use is
22	allowed to set back from the street lot line shall be measured from the line established by the

required setback; and

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1	c. If development standards in this Chapter 23.48 require modulation of
2	the street-facing facade at street level, the required street-level uses may abut the street-level
3	setback area provided to comply with the modulation standards.
4	6. Pedestrian access to street-level uses shall be provided directly from the street,
5	from permitted outdoor common amenity area, or from ((required or bonused)) open space
6	abutting the street. Pedestrian entrances shall be located no more than 3 feet above or below
7	sidewalk grade or at the same elevation as the abutting permitted outdoor common amenity area
8	or required or bonused open space.
9	Section X. Section 23.48.055 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
10	125267, is amended as follows:
11	23.48.055 Landscaping and screening standards
12	* * *
13	C. Screening for specific uses
14	1. Gas stations shall provide 3-foot high screening along lot lines abutting all
15	streets, except within required sight triangles.
16	2. Surface parking areas
17	a. Surface parking areas abutting streets. Surface parking areas shall
18	provide 3_foot high screening along the lot lines abutting all streets, except within required sight
19	triangles.
20	b. Surface parking areas abutting alleys. Surface parking areas shall

provide 3_foot high screening along the lot lines abutting an alley. The Director may reduce or

waive the screening requirement for part or all of the lot line abutting the alley when required

parking is provided at the rear lot line and the alley is necessary to provide aisle space.

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3. Parking in structures. Except as provided for by subsection 23.48.085.B,

parking located at or above street level in a garage shall be screened as follows:

a. On Class 1 and Class 2 Pedestrian Streets_and Neighborhood Green Streets shown on Map A for 23.48.240 and Map A for 23.48.440, and on all streets in SM-U, and SM-UP zones, parking is not permitted at street level unless separated from the street by other uses, provided that garage doors need not be separated. The facade of the separating uses shall be subject to the transparency and blank facade standards in Section 23.48.040.

b. On all other streets, parking is permitted at street level if at least 30 percent of the street frontage of the parking area, excluding that portion of the frontage occupied by garage doors, is separated from the street by other uses. The facade of the separating uses shall be subject to the transparency and blank facade standards in Section 23.48.040. The remaining parking shall be screened from view at street level and the street facade shall be enhanced by architectural detailing, artwork, landscaping, or similar visual interest features.

- c. The perimeter of each floor of parking above street level shall have an opaque screen at least 3.5 feet high, except in the SM-SLU ((and)) SM-U, and SM-UP zones, where specific requirements for the location and screening of parking located on stories above the street level apply.
- 4. Fences or free-standing walls associated with utility services uses may obstruct or allow views to the interior of a site. Where site dimensions and site conditions allow, applicants are encouraged to provide both a landscaped setback between the fence or wall and the right-of-way, and a fence or wall that provides visual interest facing the street lot line, through the height, design, or construction of the fence or wall, including the use of materials,

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1	architectural detailing, artwork, vegetated trellises, decorative fencing, or similar features. Any
2	fence or free-standing wall for a utility service use shall provide either:
3	a. A landscaped area a minimum of 5 feet in depth between the wall or
4	fence and the street lot line; or
5	b. Architectural detailing, artwork, vegetated trellises, decorative fencing,
6	or similar features to provide visual interest facing the street lot line, as approved by the Director.
7	* * *
8	Section X. Section 23.48.085 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
9	125267, is amended as follows:
10	23.48.085 Parking and loading location, access, and curb cuts
11	* * *
12	C. Accessory surface parking is permitted under the following conditions, except as
13	provided by Sections 23.48.285, ((and)) 23.48.685, and 23.48.785:
14	1. All accessory surface parking shall be located at the rear or to the side of the
15	principal structure.
16	2. The amount of lot area allocated to accessory surface parking shall be limited
17	to 30 percent of the total lot area. For parking that is accessory to a use on another site, this
18	requirement is applied to the lot on which the parking is located.
19	D. Parking and loading access. If a lot abuts more than one right-of-way, the location of
20	access for parking and loading shall be determined by the Director, depending on the
21	classification of rights-of-way according to the following:

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1. Access to parking and loading shall be from the alley when the lot abuts an alley improved to the standards of subsection 23.53.030.C and use of the alley for parking and loading access would not create a significant safety hazard as determined by the Director.

2. If the lot does not abut an improved alley, or use of the alley for parking and loading access would create a significant safety hazard as determined by the Director, parking and loading access may be permitted from the street. If the lot abuts more than one street, the location of access is determined by the Director, as a Type I decision, after consulting with the Director of Transportation. For SM zone designations in the SM-SLU, SM-NR, ((and)) SM-U, and SM-UP geographic areas with pedestrian street classifications, unless the Director otherwise determines under subsection 23.48.085.D.3, access is allowed only from a right-of-way in the category preferred among the categories of rights-of-way abutting the lot, according to the ranking set forth below, from most to least preferred (a portion of a street that is included in more than one category is considered as belonging only to the least preferred of the categories in which it is included)($(\frac{1}{2})$):

- a. An undesignated street;
- b. Class 2 Pedestrian Street;
- c. Class 1 Pedestrian Street;
- d. Neighborhood Green Street.
- 3. The Director may allow or require access from a right-of-way other than one indicated as the preferred category in this subsection 23.48.085.D if, after consulting with the Director of Transportation, the Director finds that an exception to the access requirement is warranted. The Director shall base the decision on granting an exception on any of the following: whether and to what extent alternative locations of access would enhance pedestrian safety and

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1	comfort, facilitate transit operations, facilitate the movement of vehicles, minimize the on-street
2	queuing of vehicles, enhance vehicular safety, or minimize hazards Curb cut controls on
3	designated Neighborhood Green Streets shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis, but generally
4	access from Neighborhood Green Streets is not allowed if access from any other right-of-way is
5	possible.
6	* * *
7	Section X. A new Subchapter VI, is added to Chapter 23.48 of the Seattle Municipal
8	Code as follows:
9	Subchapter VI Uptown
10	23.48.702 Scope of provisions for SM-UP zones
11	The provisions in this Subchapter V of Chapter 23.48 establish regulations for SM-UP
12	zones. The SM-UP zone designation refers to all zones in the SM category in the Uptown Urban
13	Center. The provisions in this Subchapter VI of Chapter 23.48 supplement the provisions of
14	Subchapter I of Chapter 23.48. In cases of conflicts between the provisions in Subchapter I of
15	Chapter 23.48 and this Subchapter VI of Chapter 23.48, the provisions in this Subchapter VI
16	shall govern.
17	23.48.705 Uses in SM-UP zones street
18	A. Prohibited uses. Principal use parking.
19	23.48.720 Floor area ratio (FAR) in Uptown Urban Center
20	Except as otherwise specified in this subsection 23.48.720.A, FAR limits for
21	specified SM zones within the Uptown Urban Center are as shown in Table A for 23.48.720.

Table A for 23.48.720 FAR limits for specified zones in the Uptown Urban Center			
Zone	Base FAR limit for all uses	FAR limits for non- residential uses	Maximum FAR for structures that include residential use
SM-UP 65	4.5	4.5	4.5
SM-UP 85	5	5	5
SM-UP 125	5	7	7
SM-UP 160 ¹	5	2	7

Footnotes to Table A for 23.48.720

23.48.721 Mandatory housing affordability (MHA) in SM-UP zones

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SM-UP zones located in the Uptown Urban Center are subject to the provisions of chapters 23.58.B and 23.48.C

23.48.722 Extra floor area in SM-UP zones

A. Means to achieve extra floor area above the base FAR, or above the additional increment of chargeable floor area allowed above the base FAR by subsection 23.48.720.B

1. General. The applicant shall:

a. Achieve 65 percent of the extra floor area on the lot by using bonus residential floor area for affordable housing pursuant to Section 23.58A.014 or bonus non-residential floor area for affordable housing and child care pursuant to Section 23.58A.024; and

b. Achieve 35 percent of the extra floor area through the use of one or more of the following options:

¹ In the SM-UP 160 zone structures that do not exceed 125 feet in height are permitted the same FAR limits as are structures in the SM-UP 125 zone.

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1	1) Acquiring open space, Landmark, or vulnerable masonry TDR
2	or TDP according to Sections 23.48.723 and 23.58A.042; or
3	2) Providing open space amenities according to Sections 23.48.724
4	and 23.58A.040.
5	2. Extra floor area in mixed-use projects. In a project that exceeds the base FAR,
6	or exceeds the increment of additional chargeable floor area allowed above the base FAR under
7	subsection 23.48.720.B, and that includes both residential and non-residential uses, the amount
8	of extra residential floor area and extra non-residential floor area to be obtained shall be
9	calculated as follows:
10	a. Relative to the total chargeable gross floor area of all uses in the project,
11	determine the percentage that is in residential use and the percentage that is in non-residential
12	use.
13	b. Determine the total amount of extra floor area in the project above the
14	base FAR, or above the increment of additional chargeable floor area allowed above the base
15	FAR under subsection 23.48.720.B, and, using the percentages derived in subsection
16	23.48.722.B.1, divide this total amount to determine the share of extra floor area that is to be
17	obtained as extra residential floor area and the share that is to be obtained as extra non-residential
18	floor area according to the applicable provisions of the zone.
19	B. LEED requirement. Development containing any extra floor area in SM-UP zones
20	shall earn a LEED Gold rating or meet a substantially equivalent standard, and shall
21	demonstrate compliance with that commitment, in accordance with the provisions of
22	subsection 23.48.021.D.2.

- C. Floor area exempt from FAR. In addition to the exempt floor area identified in subsection 23.48.020.D, the following floor area is exempt from FAR limits:
- 1. The floor area contained in a Landmark structure subject to controls and incentives imposed by a designating ordinance if the owner of the Landmark has executed and recorded an agreement acceptable in form and content to the Landmarks Preservation Board providing for the rehabilitation and maintenance of the historically significant features of the structure including but not limited to a certificate of approval for the modification of the Landmark. This exemption does not apply to a lot from which a Landmark TDR or TDP has been transferred under Chapter 23.58A and does not apply for purposes of determining TDR or TDP available for transfer under Chapter 23.58A;
- 2. Floor area for a preschool, an elementary school, or a secondary school, which may include minimum space requirements for associated uses including but not limited to academic core functions, child care, administrative offices, a library, maintenance facilities, food service, interior recreation, and specialty instruction space, provided that;
- a. Prior to issuance of a Master Use Permit, the applicant shall submit a letter to the Director from the operator of the school indicating that, based on the Master Use Permit plans, the operator has determined that the development would meet the operator's specifications; and
- b. Prior to issuance of a building permit, the applicant shall submit a written certification by the operator to the Director that the operator's specifications have been met;
- 3. Floor area used for theaters or arts facilities, which for the purposes of this Section 23.48.720 may be operated either by for-profit or not-for-profit organizations;

TDR or TDP sending site in Chapter 23.84A and comply with all applicable standards in this

Chapter 23.48 and Section 23.58A.042.

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for a mid-block corridor, in addition to the conditions of Section 23.58A.040, the provisions of subsection 23.48.740.E apply.

23.48.730 Adoption of vulnerable masonry structures rules

A. The Director shall promulgate a rule listing the structures that meet the following eligibility criteria as a "vulnerable masonry structure" (VMS) TDR or TDP sending site under subsection 23.58A.042.F and that, as a vulnerable masonry structure, are exempt from the calculations for chargeable FAR under subsection 23.48.720.C.4:

- 1. The structure has unreinforced masonry bearing walls and is included in the list of unreinforced masonry structures (URMs) identified by the Department in April 2016, with a classification of Critical Risk (C), High Risk (H), or Medium Risk (M).
- B. The Director shall periodically update the list to respond to changed conditions and remove or add structures to the list to maintain consistency with the criteria specified in subsection 23.48.730.A.

23.48.732 Maximum width and depth limits in SM-UP zones

A. The maximum width and depth limit of a structure is 250 feet, except as otherwise provided in this Section 23.48.732. The width and depth limits do not apply to below-grade or partially below-grade stories with street-facing facades that do not extend more than 4 feet above the sidewalk, measured at any point above the sidewalk elevation to the floor above the partially below-grade story, excluding access.

B. For the stories of a structure subject to width and depth limits, all portions of the same story that are horizontally contiguous, including any portions connected by doorways, ramps, bridges, elevated stairways, and other such devices, shall be included in the measurement of width and depth. The width and depth limit of stories in separate structures or structures on the

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1	same lot that abut but are not internally connected shall be measured separately, except that
2	designated Landmark structures and structures that qualify as vulnerable masonry buildings
3	according to Section 23.48.730 that are retained on the lot are excluded from the width and depth
4	measurement, whether internally connected to a new structure or not.
5	C. Width and depth limits do not apply to stories of a structure with more than 50 percent
6	of the total gross floor area occupied by any of the following uses:
7	1. Community clubs or community centers;
8	2. Religious facilities;
9	3. Arts facilities;
10	4. Preschool, elementary, or secondary schools; or
11	5. Performing arts theaters.
12	D. Width and depth limits do not apply to the portion of a structure that is 55 feet or less
13	in height on a lot that includes a light rail transit station.
14	23.48.735 Upper-level setback requirements in the Uptown Urban Center
15	A. The following requirements for upper-level setbacks in this subsection 23.48.735.A
16	apply to structures on lots abutting a street shown on Map A for 23.48.735.
17	1. In all zones any portion of a structure greater than 45 feet in height is required
18	to set back from a lot line abutting a street shown on Map A for 23.48.735.
19	2. A setback of 1 foot for every 2 additional feet of height is required for any
20	portion of a structure exceeding the maximum height permitted without a setback according to
21	subsection 23.48.735.A.1, up to a maximum setback of 15 feet measured from the street lot line,
22	as shown in Exhibit A for 23.48.735.

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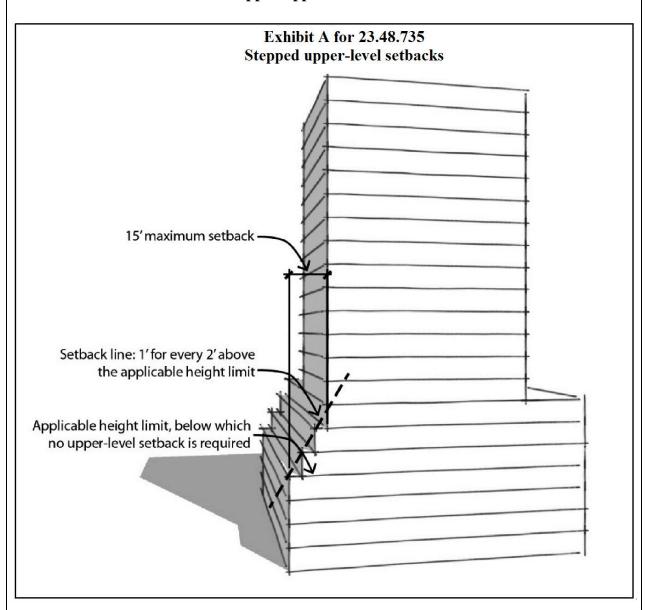
Map A for 23.48.735

Upper-level setbacks

* * *

Exhibit A for 23.48.735

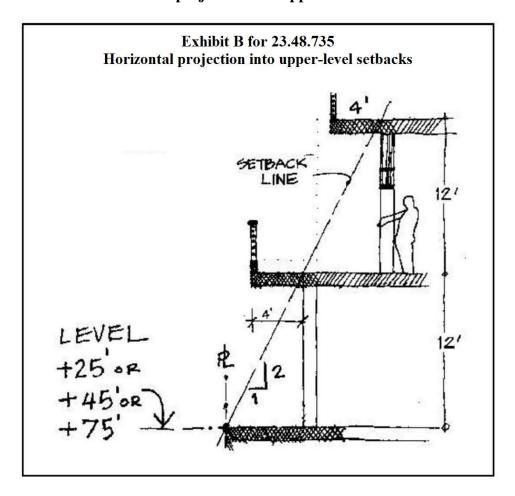
Stepped upper-level setbacks



B. Projections permitted in required upper-level setbacks. Horizontal projections, including decks, balconies with open railings, eaves, cornices, and gutters are permitted to extend a maximum of 4 feet in required setbacks as shown in Exhibit C for 23.48.735.

Exhibit B for 23.48.735

Horizontal projection into upper-level setbacks



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23.48.740 Street-level development standards in the Uptown Urban Center

A. Street-level development standards in Section 23.48.040 apply to all streets in SM-UP zones designated as Class 1 Pedestrian Streets, Class 2 Pedestrian Streets, Class 3 Pedestrian Streets, or Neighborhood Green Streets as shown on Map A for 23.48.740.

B. General facade requirements

Permitted setbacks from street lot lines. Street-facing facades of a structure are permitted to set back from the street lot line as follows:

a. The street-facing facades of structures abutting Class 1 Pedestrian Streets, as shown on Map A for 23.48.740, shall be built to the street lot line for a minimum of 70 percent of the facade length, provided that the street frontage of any required outdoor amenity area, or other required open space, or usable open space provided in accordance with subsections 23.48.740.E, 23.48.740.F, or 23.48.745.B.4.c is excluded from the total amount of frontage required to be built to the street lot line.

Map A for 23.48.740

Pedestrian street classifications in Uptown

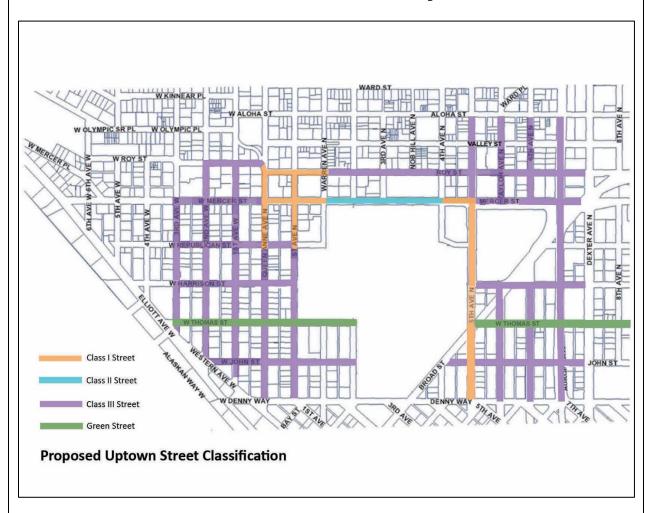
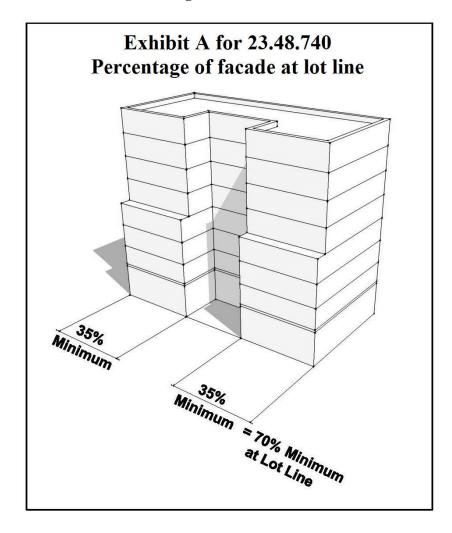


Exhibit A for 23.48.740

Percentage of facade at lot line



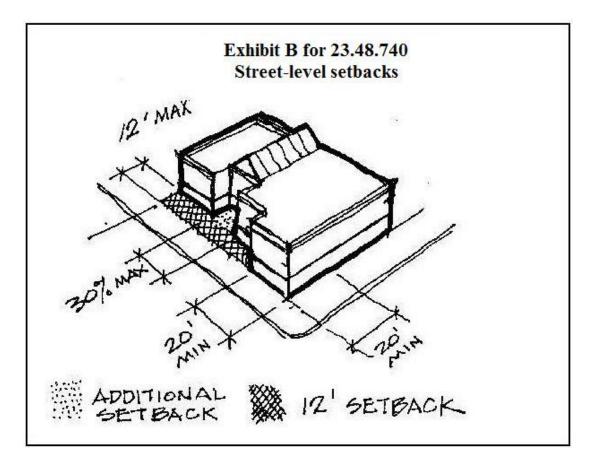
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2	b. Except on Class 1 Pedestrian Streets, as shown on Map A for 23.48.740,
3	and as specified in subsection 23.48.740.B.1, the street-facing facade of a structure may be set
4	back up to 12 feet from the street lot line subject to the following (Exhibit B for 23.48.740):
5	1) The setback area shall be landscaped according to the provisions
6	of subsection 23.48.055.B.2;
7	2) Additional setbacks are permitted for up to 30 percent of the
8	length of portions of the street-facing facade that are set back from the street lot line, provided
9	that the additional setback is located 20 feet or more from any street corner; and
10	3) Any required outdoor amenity area, or other required open
11	space, or usable open space provided in accordance with subsections 23.48.740.E, or
12	23.48.745.B.4.c is not considered part of the setback area and may extend beyond the limit on
13	setbacks from the street lot line that would otherwise apply under subsections 23.48.740.B.1.b or
14	23.48.740.B.1.b.2.
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Exhibit B for 23.48.740

Street-level setbacks



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C. Required usable open space in the SM-UP 65, SM-UP 85, and SM-UP 160 zones

1. In the SM-UP 65, SM-UP 85, SM-UP 125, SM-UP 160 zones, on lots exceeding 30,000 square feet in area, proposed development shall provide usable open space as follows:

a. The minimum amount of required usable open space shall be equal to 15 percent of the lot area and shall generally be accessible at street level, with variations in elevation allowed to accommodate changes in topography;

b. The average horizontal dimension for any area qualifying as required usable open space is 20 feet, and the minimum horizontal dimension is 10 feet., except that there

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1	is no minimum horizontal dimension for additional pedestrian area abutting a sidewalk that is
2	provided according to subsection 23.48.740.C.1.c;
3	c. A minimum of 45 percent of the required usable open space shall be
4	exterior space open to the sky and shall abut a street along at least one street frontage and
5	provide both visual and physical access from the street to pedestrians, including persons with
6	disabilities;
7	d. Up to a maximum of 20 percent of the required usable open space may
8	be covered overhead to provide weather protected space and a widened sidewalk area, if the
9	following conditions are met:
10	1) The open space abuts a street lot line and is open and accessible
11	to pedestrians along the sidewalk and,
12	2) If the space is covered by portions of the structure above, or is
13	provided as an arcade open to the street, the minimum vertical clearance is 20 feet;
14	e. Up to a maximum of 35 percent of the required usable open space may
15	be provided as enclosed space, such as a public atrium, a shopping atrium, wintergarden, or
16	covered portion of a through-block pedestrian connection, if the enclosed open space meets all of
17	the following requirements:
18	1) Direct access is provided to pedestrians, including persons with
19	disabilities, from the street, or from an outdoor, usable public open space abutting the street;
20	2) The space is provided as one continuous area that is a minimum
21	of 2,000 square feet in size. Space, such as lobby area, that is used solely to provide access
22	between the structure's principal street entrance and elevators, does not qualify as required usable
23	open space;

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1	3) The minimum floor-to-ceiling height is 15 feet;
2	4) The space is accessible to the public during normal business
3	hours; and
4	f. Up to a maximum of ten percent of the required usable open space may
5	be provided as an area abutting a sidewalk that extends the pedestrian area onto the lot or
6	accommodates landscaping or extensions of right-of-way green factor treatment pursuant to
7	Section 23.86.019. Minor changes between the sidewalk elevation and the elevation of the
8	abutting sidewalk area are permitted to accommodate changes in topography, or to provide for
9	features such as ramps that improve access for persons with disabilities.
10	2. Usable open space provided under this subsection 23.48.740.G is eligible to
11	qualify as either amenity area for residential uses under Section 23.48.045 or open space required
12	for office use under Section 23.48.750, or all three, provided the applicable standards of these
13	sections are met.
14	D. Through-block pedestrian connections for large lot developments
15	1. A through-block pedestrian connection meeting the standards of subsection
16	23.48.740.H.2 is required in the SM-UP 65, SM-UP 85, SM-UP 125, and SM-UP 160 zones for
17	development described as follows:
18	a. Within the block defined as the area enclosed by street rights-of-way,
19	the lot area of the development is a minimum of 40,000 square feet, except that the area of lots
20	separated only by an alley right-of-way may be combined for the purposes of calculating the
21	minimum required lot area;
22	b. The lot area of the development abuts the two north/south avenues for a
23	minimum linear distance of 120 feet along each avenue.

- 2. The required through-block pedestrian connection shall meet the following development standards:
- a. A continuous pedestrian passageway shall extend across the development lot to both abutting avenues. The alignment of the pedestrian connection and the point at which it intersects each avenue shall be no closer than 100 feet to a street intersection, and the connection of the passageway to abutting sidewalks shall be accessible at grade level.
- b. The required pedestrian connection shall have an average width of 25 feet and a minimum width of 15 feet. Any segment of the pedestrian passage that is covered from side to side shall have a minimum width of 20 feet.
- c. The pedestrian passage shall be open to the sky, except that up to 35 percent of the length of the passageway may be covered and enclosed, provided the minimum height of covered portions is 13 feet. Unenclosed area of the pedestrian connection may be counted as required open space; and
- d. If the pedestrian passage crosses an alley, the alley right-of-way shall be improved to ensure pedestrian safety and to reinforce the relationship between portions of the passageway on either side of the alley.
- 3. The Director may allow modifications or waiver from the standards for thoughblock pedestrian connections as a Type I decision, if the applicant demonstrates that alternative treatments will better serve the development by enhancing pedestrian comfort and promoting greater use of the connection.
- 4. For development providing a through-block pedestrian connection on blocks with an alley, the allowed FAR from any lot included in the development may be transferred to any other lot of the development across the alley, provided the receiving site is in a SM-UP zone.

23.48.745 Upper-level development standards in Uptown Urban Center

Lots in the SM-UP 160 zone are subject to upper-level development standards that may include upper-level floor area limits, podium heights limits, upper-level setbacks, facade modulation, maximum facade widths, a limit on the number of towers per block, and tower separation requirements, as specified in this Section 23.48.745. For the purpose of this Section 23.48.745, a tower is a structure that exceeds a height of 125 feet.

A. Upper-level floor area limit. For towers, the average gross floor area of all stories above the podium height shall not exceed 50 percent of the lot area.

- B. Floor area limits. For structures that exceed 125 feet in height, the maximum floor area is 12,500 square feet.
- C. Podium standards. The standards for podiums apply only to structures or portions of structures that include a tower that is subject to a floor area limit.
 - a. Height limit for podiums. Podium heights are limited to 45 feet.
- b. Podium floor area limits. The average floor area coverage of required lot area, pursuant to subsection 23.48.745.A, for all the stories below the podium height specified in section 23.48.745.C.A shall not exceed 75 percent of the lot area, except that floor area is not limited for each story if the total number of stories below the podium height is three or fewer stories.
- c. The floor area limit on podiums in subsection 23.48.745.B apply if a lot includes one of the following:
- 1) Usable open space that meets the provisions of subsection

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1	2) A structure that has been in existence prior to 1965 and the
2	following conditions are met;
3	a) The structure is rehabilitated and maintained to comply
4	with applicable codes and shall have a minimum useful life of at least 50 years from the time that
5	it was included on the lot with the project allowed to waive the podium area limit;
6	b) The owner agrees that the structure shall not be
7	significantly altered for at least 50 years from the time that it was included on the lot with the
8	project allowed to waive. Significant alteration means the following:
9	i. Alteration of the exterior facades of the structure,
10	except alterations that restore the facades to their original condition;
11	ii. Alteration of the floor-to-ceiling height of the
12	street-level story, except alterations that restore the floor-to-ceiling height to its original
13	condition; or
14	iii. The addition of stories to the structure, unless
15	the proposed addition is no taller than the maximum height to which the structure was originally
16	built, or the addition is approved through the design review process as compatible with the
17	original character of the structure and is necessary for adapting the structure to new uses; or
18	c) If the structure is removed from the lot, then any use of
19	the portion of the lot previously occupied by the structure shall be limited to usable open space.
20	The portion of the lot previously occupied by the structure shall be defined by a rectangle
21	enclosing the exterior walls of the structure as they existed at the time it was included on the lot
22	with the project allowed to waive the podium area limit, with the rectangle extended to the
23	nearest street frontage.

D. Facade modulation. For all structures with non-residential uses exceeding 85 feet in height, facade modulation is required for the street-facing portions of a structure located within 15 feet of a street lot line and exceeding the podium height specified for the lot in subsection 23.48.745 B. No modulation is required for portions of a facade set back 15 feet or more from a street lot line.

1. The maximum length of a facade without modulation is prescribed in Table B for 23.48.745, Facade Modulation. This maximum length shall be measured parallel to each street lot line, and shall apply to any portion of a facade, including projections such as balconies, that is located within 15 feet of street lot lines.

Table B for 23 Facade mode	
Height of street-facing portion of structure	Maximum length of unmodulated facade within 15 feet of street lot line
For stories above the podium height of 45 feet specified on Map A for 23.48.745 up to 125 feet	150 feet
For stories above 125 feet	120 feet

- 2. If a portion of a facade that is within 15 feet of the street lot line is the maximum length permitted for an unmodulated facade, the length of the facade may be increased only if additional portions of the facade are set back a minimum of 15 feet from the street lot line for a minimum distance of 40 feet. If the required setback is provided, additional portions of the facade may be located within 15 feet of the street lot line.
 - F. Limit on tower structures per block
 - 1. Only one structure exceeding 85 feet in height, is permitted on a single block.
 - 2. For purposes of this subsection 23.48.745.F an existing tower is either:

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1	a. A tower that is physically present, except as provided below in
2	subsection 23.48.745.F.2.b; or
3	b. A proposed tower for which a Master Use Permit decision has been
4	issued, unless and until either:
5	1) the Master Use Permit issued pursuant to such a decision
6	expires or is cancelled, or the related application is withdrawn by the applicant, without the
7	tower having been constructed; or
8	2) a ruling by a hearing examiner or court reversing or vacating
9	such a decision, or determining such decision or the Master Use Permit issued thereunder to be
10	invalid, becomes final and no longer subject to judicial review.
11	23.48.750 Open space requirement for office uses in the Uptown Urban Center
12	A. Finding. The City Council finds that:
13	1. With the increase in office development and the Comprehensive Plan's
14	significant employment growth targets for the South Lake Union Urban Center, office workers
15	will increasingly become major users of open space in the area.
16	2. Additional major office projects in the Uptown Urban Center will result in
17	increased use of public open space. If additional major office projects in the Uptown Urban
18	Center do not provide open space to offset the additional demands on public open space caused
19	by such projects, the result will be overcrowding of public open space, adversely affecting the
20	public health, safety, and welfare.
21	3. Recent and projected office development in the Uptown Urban Center is
22	generally comparable to office development in the abutting Downtown Urban Center in terms of

tenant characteristics, density, and open space need. Therefore, the findings that support the

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1	current open space requirement in major downtown office projects are applicable to conditions in
2	the Uptown Urban Center.
3	4. The additional open space needed to accommodate office workers is at least 20
4	square feet for each 1,000 square feet of office space.
5	5. As in Downtown, smaller office developments in the Uptown Urban Center
6	may encounter design problems in incorporating open space, and the sizes of open spaces
7	provided for office projects under 85,000 square feet may make them less attractive and less
8	likely to be used. Therefore, and in order not to discourage small scale office development,
9	projects involving less than 85,000 square feet of new office space should be exempt from any
10	open space requirement.
11	B. Quantity of open space. Open space in the amount of 20 square feet for each 1,000
12	square feet of gross office floor area is required for the following projects:
13	1. The project is on a lot located in an SM-UP zone that has a height limit for non-
14	residential uses that exceeds 85 feet; and
15	2. The project includes 85,000 or more square feet of gross office floor area.
16	C. Standards for open space. Open space may be provided on-site or off-site, as follows:
17	1. On-site open space
18	a. Open space on site or on an adjacent lot directly accessible from the
19	project site shall satisfy the requirement of this Section 23.48.750 if it meets the standards of
20	subsection 23.48.740.C and the open space is accessible to all occupants of the building.
21	b. Open space provided on-site under this requirement is eligible for
22	amenity feature bonuses, where allowed in Section 23.48.021 or 23.48.721 when the following
23	standards are met:

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1) The space has a minimum horizontal dimension of 20 feet and a minimum floor-to-ceiling height of 13 feet;

2) The space is directly accessible to pedestrians, including persons with disabilities, from the street, or from an outdoor usable open space abutting the street;

- 3) The space is available for use during normal business hours;
- 4) Enclosed areas providing the connection between the structure's primary pedestrian access to the street and elevator cores, such as lobby space, do not qualify as required open space.

2. Off-site public open space

a. Open space satisfying the requirement of this Section 23.48.750 may be on a site other than the project site, provided that it is within an SM-UP zone and within one-quarter mile of the project site, open to the public without charge, and at least 3,000 square feet in contiguous area. The minimum size of off-site open space and maximum distance from the project may be increased or decreased for a project if the Director determines that such adjustments are reasonably necessary to provide for open space that will meet the additional need for open space caused by the project and enhance public access.

b. Open space that is open to the public and provided on a site other than the project site may qualify for a development bonus for the project if the open space meets the standards of Section 23.49.013.

3. Easement for off-site open space. The owner of any lot on which off-site open space is provided to meet the requirements of this Section 23.48.750 shall execute and record an easement in a form acceptable to the Director assuring compliance with the requirements of this

Section 23.48.750. The Director is authorized to accept such an easement, provided that the terms do not impose any costs or obligations on the City.

4. Open space provided under this Section 23.48.750 shall qualify as the open space required under subsections 23.48.740.C, and Section 23.48.750 if within one-quarter mile of the sending site.

D. Payment in lieu. In lieu of providing open space required under this Section 23.48.750, an owner may make a payment to the City if the Director determines that the payment will contribute to the improvement of a designated Neighborhood Green Street or to other public open space improvements abutting the lot or in the vicinity, in an amount sufficient to develop improvements that will meet the additional need for open space caused by the project, and that completion of the improvement within a reasonable time is feasible. Any such payment shall be placed in a dedicated fund or account and used within five years of receipt for the development of such improvements, unless the property owner and the City agree upon a different improvement involving the acquisition or development of public open space that will mitigate the impact of the project. A bonus may be allowed for a payment in lieu of providing the improvement made wholly or in part to satisfy the requirements of this Section 23.48.750, pursuant to Section 23.49.013.

E. Limitations. Open space satisfying the requirement of this Section 23.48.750 for any project shall not be used to satisfy the open space requirement for any other project, nor shall any bonus be granted to any project for open space meeting the requirement of this Section 23.48.750 for any other project. When a transmitting antenna is sited or proposed to be sited on a rooftop where required open space is located, see Section 23.57.013. Open space on the site of any building for which a Master Use Permit decision was issued or a complete building permit

Uptown Urban Center:

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a. Except as provided in subsection 23.48.785.B for parking partially

above street level and partially below street level, parking within structures is permitted above

the street level under the following conditions:

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1) One story of parking is permitted above the first story of a

5 structure for each story of parking provided below grade that is of at least equivalent capacity, up

to a maximum of two stories of parking above the first story.

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2) For parking located on a story above the first story of a

structure, a minimum of 30 percent of the length of the parking area measured along each street

frontage shall be separated from the street by another use. On lots located at street intersections,

the separation of parking area by another use shall be provided at the corner portion(s) of the

structure.

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3) The parking area on a story above the first story of the structure

that is not separated from the street by another use shall be enclosed by facades along all street

frontages. Facades shall be designed to minimize the impacts of glare from vehicle headlights

and interior garage lighting on pedestrian views from the street.

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b. The Director may permit more than two stories of parking above the

first story of the structure, or may permit other exceptions to subsection 23.48.785.A.1, as a Type

I decision, if the Director finds that locating parking below grade is infeasible due to physical

site conditions such as a high water table or proximity to a tunnel. In such cases, the Director

shall determine the maximum feasible amount of parking that can be provided below grade, if

any, and the amount of additional parking to be permitted above street level. Site size is not a

basis for granting an exception under this subsection 23.48.785.A.1.b.

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1	B. In the SM-UP 65, SM-UP 85, SM-UP 126 and the SM-UP 160 zones in the South
2	Lake Union Urban Center, accessory surface parking is prohibited unless separated from all
3	street lot lines by another use within a structure.
4	Section X. Section 23.58A.042 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
5	125267, is amended as follows:
6	23.58A.042 Transferable development potential (TDP) and rights (TDR)
7	* * *
8	G. Standards for TDP sending lots in South Downtown. This subsection 23.58A.042.G
9	applies to TDP sending lots in South Downtown, in addition to the general provisions in this
10	Section 23.58A.042.
11	1. Limit on open space TDP. The maximum amount of open space TDP that may
12	be transferred from a sending lot is the amount by which three times the lot area exceeds the total
13	gross floor area of all uses on the lot.
14	2. South Downtown Historic TDP
15	a. Only lots in the Pioneer Square Preservation District or the International
16	Special Review District may qualify as sending lots for South Downtown Historic TDP.
17	b. In order to be eligible to send South Downtown Historic TDP, a lot
18	shall contain a structure that includes at least 5,000 gross square feet in above-grade floor area
19	and has been finally determined to be a contributing structure under Section 23.66.032 within no
20	more than three years prior to the recording of the deed conveying the TDP from the sending lot.
21	c. Contributing structures on a sending lot from which South Downtown
22	Historic TDP is transferred shall be rehabilitated and maintained in accordance with an

agreement pursuant to subsection 23.58A.042.K.3.

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d. South Downtown Historic TDP shall not be transferred from a lot from
which South Downtown Historic TDR has been transferred or from a lot on which any bonus
floor area has been established based on the presence of a contributing structure.
3. Limit on combined TDR and TDP. A cumulative combination of TDR and
TDP exceeding a total of six times the lot area may not be transferred from any lot.
H. Standards for vulnerable masonry structure TDR or TDP sending lots within the
Uptown Urban Center. Within the Uptown Urban Center TDR and TDP may be transferred from
lots that comply with the following conditions:
1. The sending lot is located in an SM-UP zone or LR, LR,2 or MR zone;
2. The lot includes a structure that contributes to the historic architectural context
of the neighborhood, as indicated by being included in the Department of Neighborhood's
(DON) Historic Resource Survey, and is structurally at risk, as indicated by being included on a
list of structures meeting specific criteria in a rule promulgated by the Director according to
Section 23.48.727; and
3. The qualifying structure on the sending lot shall be retained as follows for a
minimum of 50 years:
a. The structure shall be rehabilitated and maintained to comply with all
applicable codes;
b. All exterior facades shall be retained; except that portions of a new

b. All exterior facades shall be retained; except that portions of a new structure may abut facades that are not street-facing facades or that set back a minimum of 30 feet from a street lot line that is generally parallel to the facade, and connections between the new structure and the facades of the retained structure are allowed; and

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c. Additions or alterations to the structure that extend the useful physical

life or economic viability of the structure are permitted, provided that:

1) The additions do not significantly alter the original structural system or result in significant alterations to any historic or architectural characteristics of the exterior appearance of the structure, except as may be required to comply with applicable codes; and

2) The total floor area of any additions to the original structure, excluding floor area added to reclaim floor area that may have been removed from the original structure over time, does not exceed one story in height and the equivalent of 0.5 FAR, as calculated on the lot on which the structure was originally permitted.

4. If development rights from a lot certified by the Department as a vulnerable masonry structure sending site have not been sold within three years of certification, the lot must be recertified by the Director to determine that the structure continues to qualify as an eligible sending site; and

5. The owner of the sending site must notify the Director when the initial sale of development rights has occurred, and the rehabilitation work necessary to satisfy this subsection 23.58A.042.F must be completed within five years after this initial transaction. If the work is not completed within the five-year period, the Director may allow one extension with the requirement that a security be deposited with the City in an amount determined by the Director to ensure that the work is completed within a specified time.

6. For transfers of vulnerable masonry structure TDR and TDP, the owner of the sending lot shall execute and record an agreement, with the written consent of all holders of encumbrances on the sending lot, unless such consent is waived by the Director for good cause,

to provide for the maintenance of the required structure on the sending lot a minimum of 50

years. Such agreement shall commit to limits on additions and modifications to the structure

consistent with the provisions of this subsection 23.58A.042.F and acceptable to the Director.

- ((H)) I. TDP or TDR required before construction. No permit after the first building permit, no permit for any construction activity other than excavation and shoring, and no permit for occupancy of existing floor area by any use based upon TDP or TDR will be issued for development that includes TDP or TDR until the applicant's possession of TDP or TDR is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Director.
- ((1)) <u>J</u>. Time of determination of TDP or TDR eligible for transfer. The eligibility of a sending lot to transfer TDP or TDR, and the amount transferable from a sending lot, shall be determined as of the date of transfer from the sending lot and shall not be affected by the date of any application, permit decision, or other action for any development seeking to use the TDP or TDR.
- ((J)) K. Reservation in deed. Any TDP or TDR eligible for transfer may be reserved in the conveyance of title to an eligible sending lot, by the express terms of the deed or other instrument of conveyance reserving a specified amount of TDP or TDR, provided that an instrument acceptable to the Director is recorded binding the lot to the terms and conditions for eligibility to send TDP or TDR under this Section 23.58A.042. Any TDP or TDR so reserved shall be considered transferred from that lot and later may be conveyed by deed without participation of the owner of the lot.
 - ((K)) <u>L</u>. TDP or TDR deeds and agreements
- 1. The fee owners of the sending lot shall execute a deed and shall obtain the release of the TDP or TDR from all liens of record and the written consent of all holders of

encumbrances on the sending lot other than easements and restrictions, unless the requirement for a release or consent is waived by the Director for good cause. The deed shall be recorded in the King County real property records. If TDP or TDR is conveyed to the owner of a receiving lot described in the deed, the TDP or TDR shall pass with the receiving lot, whether or not a structure using the TDP or TDR shall have been permitted or built prior to any conveyance of the receiving lot, unless otherwise expressly stated in the deed or any subsequent instrument conveying the lot or the TDP or TDR. Any subsequent conveyance of TDP or TDR previously conveyed to a receiving lot shall require the written consent of all parties holding any interest in or lien on the receiving lot from which the conveyance is made. If the TDP or TDR is transferred other than directly from the sending lot to the receiving lot using the TDP or TDR, then after the initial transfer, all subsequent transfers also shall be by deed, duly executed, acknowledged and recorded, each referring by King County recording number to the prior deed.

2. Any person may purchase any TDP or TDR that is eligible for transfer by complying with the applicable provisions of this Section 23.58A.042, whether or not the purchaser is then an applicant for a permit to develop real property or is the owner of any potential receiving lot. Any purchaser of the TDP or TDR (including any successor or assignee) may use the TDP or TDR to obtain floor area above the applicable base height limit or base floor area limit on a receiving lot to the extent that use of TDP or TDR is permitted under the Land Use Code provisions applicable with respect to the issuance of permits for development of the development intended to use the TDP or TDR. The Director may require, as a condition of processing any permit application using TDP or TDR or for the release of any security posted in lieu of a deed for TDP or TDR to the receiving lot, that the owner of the receiving lot demonstrate that the TDP or TDR has been validly transferred of record to the receiving lot, and

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that the owner has recorded in the real estate records a notice of the filing of such permit application, stating that the TDP or TDR is not available for retransfer.

3. As a condition to the effective transfer of Landmark TDP or TDR or South Downtown Historic TDP, except from a City-owned sending lot, the fee owner of the sending lot shall execute and record an agreement running with the land, in form and content acceptable to, and accepted in writing by, the Director of Neighborhoods, providing for the rehabilitation and maintenance of the historically significant or other relevant features of the structure or structures on the lot and acknowledging the restrictions on future development resulting from the transfer. The Director may require evidence that each holder of a lien has effectively subordinated the lien to the terms of the agreement, and that any holders of interests in the property have agreed to its terms. To the extent that a Landmark structure on the sending lot, or a contributing structure on a sending lot in a special review district requires restoration or rehabilitation for the long-term preservation of the structure or its historically or architecturally significant features, the Director of Neighborhoods may require, as a condition to acceptance of the necessary agreement, that the owner of the sending site apply for and obtain a certificate of approval from the Landmarks Preservation Board, or from the Director of Neighborhoods after review by the Pioneer Square Preservation Board or International Special Review District Board, as applicable, for the necessary work, or post security satisfactory to the Director of Neighborhoods for the completion of the restoration or rehabilitation, or both.

Section x. Subsection 23.58C.040.A of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was enacted by Ordinance 125267, is amended as follows:

23.58C.040 Affordable housing –payment option

A. Payment amount

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1. An applicant complying with this Chapter 23.58C through the payment option 2 shall provide a cash contribution to the City, calculated by multiplying the payment calculation 3 amount per square foot according to Table A or Table B for 23.58C.040 and Map A for 4 23.58C.050, as applicable, by the total gross floor area in the development, excluding the floor

a. In the case of construction of a new structure, the gross floor area in residential use and the gross floor area of live-work units;

area of parking located in stories or portions of stories that are underground, as follows:

b. In the case of construction of an addition to an existing structure that results in an increase in the total number of units within the structure, the gross floor area in residential use and the gross floor area of live-work units in the addition;

c. In the case of alterations within an existing structure that result in an increase in the total number of units within the structure, the gross floor area calculated by dividing the total gross floor area in residential use and gross floor area of live-work units by the total number of units in the proposed development, and multiplying that quotient by the net increase in units in the structure;

d. In the case of change of use that results in an increase in the total number of units, the gross floor area that changed to residential use or live-work units; or

e. Any combination of the above.

Table A for 23.58C.040
Payment calculation amounts:
In Downtown, SM-SLU, and SM-U 85 zones

Zone
Payment calculation amount per square foot

\$13.25

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SM-U 85

Table B for 23.58C.040

Payment calculation amounts:

Outside Downtown, SM-SLU, and SM-U 85 zones

Zone	Payment calculation amount per square foot ¹		
	Low	Medium	High
Zones with an (M) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	(([RESERVED])) <u>\$20.75</u>
Zones with an (M1) suffix	[RESERVED]	\$20.00	(([RESERVED])) <u>\$29.75</u>
Zones with an (M2) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]

Footnotes to Table B for 23.58C.040

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by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, or successor index.

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same day each year thereafter, the amounts for payment calculations according to Table A and Table B for 23.58C.040 shall automatically adjust in proportion to the annual change for the previous calendar year (January 1 through December 31) in the Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA, All Items (1982-84 = 100), as determined

2. Automatic adjustments to payment amounts. On March 1, 2017, and on the

* * *

Section x. Section 23.58C.050 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 125267, is amended as follows:

23.58C.050 Affordable housing –performance option

A. Performance amount

1. An applicant complying with this Chapter 23.58C through the performance option shall provide, as part of the units to be developed in each structure, a number of units that meet the requirements according to subsection 23.58C.050.C calculated by multiplying the

¹ Area within the Uptown Urban Center is high.

	James Holmes OPCD Uptown Rezone March 21, 2017 v5
1	percentage set aside according to Table A or Table B for 23.58C.050 and Map A for 23.58C.050
2	as applicable, by the total number of units to be developed in each structure.
3	2. If the number of units that meet the requirements according to subsection
4	23.58C.050.C calculated according to subsection 23.58C.050.A.1 equals less than two, the
5	applicant shall:
6	a. Round up to two units; or
7	b. Provide one dwelling unit that meets the requirements according to
8	subsection 23.58C.050.C that is three bedrooms or larger, as determined by the Director of
9	Housing.
10	3. If the number of units that meet the requirements according to subsection
11	23.58C.050.C calculated according to subsection 23.58C.050.A.1 equals two or more and
12	includes a fraction of a unit, the applicant shall:
13	a. Round up to the nearest whole unit; or
14	b. Round down to the nearest whole unit and pay a cash contribution for
15	the fraction of a unit not otherwise provided, calculated by multiplying the performance
16	calculation amount per square foot according to Table A or Table B for 23.58C.040 and Map A
17	for 23.58C.050, as applicable, by the total gross floor area to be developed as measured
18	according to subsection 23.58C.040.A.1, multiplying that product by the fraction of a unit not
19	provided, and dividing the resulting number by the total number of units required to be provided
20	based on the calculation according to subsection 23.58C.050.A.1. Use of cash contributions
21	according to this subsection 23.58C.050.A.3.b shall be governed according to subsection
22	23.58C.040.B.

	James Holmes OPCD Uptown Rezone March 21, 2017 v5
1	4. When the applicant elects to comply with this Chapter 23.58C through the
2	performance option for a development that contains multiple structures and the calculation
3	according to subsection 23.58C.050.A.1 results in fractions of units in more than one structure,
4	the Director may, as a Type I decision in consultation with the Director of Housing, allow such
5	fractions of units to be combined, provided:
6	a. If the sum of the combined fractions of units calculated according to this
7	subsection 23.58C.050.A.4 equals fewer than two, the applicant shall:
8	1) Round up to two units; or
9	2) Provide one dwelling unit that meets the requirements according
10	to subsection 23.58C.050.C that is three bedrooms or larger, as determined by the Director of
11	Housing;
12	b. If the sum of the combined fractions of units calculated according to
13	this subsection 23.58C.050.A.4 equals two or more and includes a fraction of a unit, the
14	applicant shall:
15	1) Round up to the nearest whole unit; or
16	2) Round down to the nearest whole unit and pay a cash
17	contribution for the fraction of a unit not otherwise provided, calculated according to subsection
18	23.58C.050.A.3.b; and
19	c. The construction of the structure(s) containing the units that meet the
20	requirements according to subsection 23.58C.050.C shall be completed at the same time or at an
21	earlier time than completion of construction of other structures in the development containing

units.

Table A for 23.58C.050			
Performance calculation amounts:			
In Downtown, SM-SLU, and SM-U zones			
Zone	Percentage set-aside per total number of units to be developed in each structure		
SM-U 85	6.0%		

Table B for 23.58C.050
Performance calculation amounts
Outside Downtown, SM-SLU, and SM-U zones

Zone	Percentage set-aside per total number of units to be developed in each structure ¹			
	Low	Medium	High	
Zones with an (M) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	(([RESERVED])) <u>7.0%</u>	
Zones with an (M1) suffix	[RESERVED]	9.0%	(([RESERVED])) <u>10.0%</u>	
Zones with an (M2) suffix	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	[RESERVED]	

Footnotes to Table B for 23.58C.050

Map A for 23.58C.050 Payment and performance areas: high, medium, and low

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¹ Area within the Uptown Urban Center is high