

## City of Seattle General Fund: 2011 Yearend Results & 2012 Outlook

Presentation to the Seattle City Council Budget Committee City Budget Office and Department of Finance & Administrative Services – March 12, 2012

#### Overview

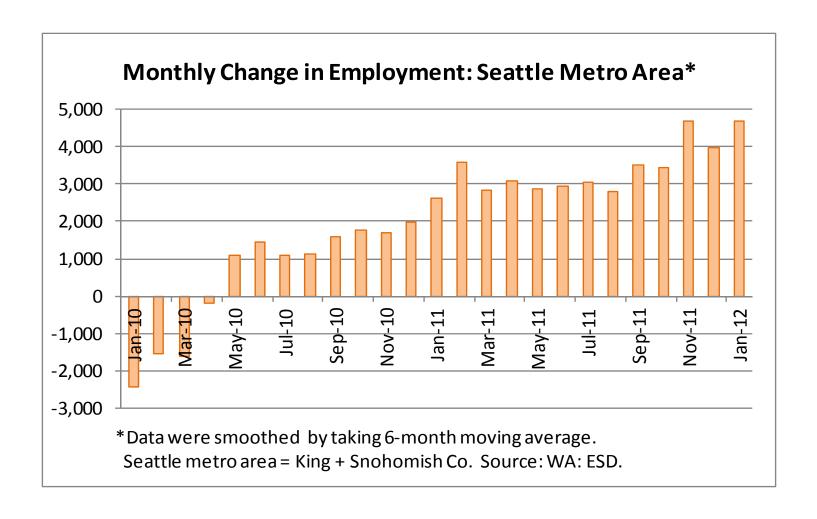


- Purpose of Today's Briefing
  - Update on the Economy
  - Preliminary 2011 Yearend Results
  - Preliminary 2012 Budget Outlook



- Last revenue forecast update was in November
  - ▶ U.S. economy was looking shaky in October
    - Growth was slow
    - ▶ Fear of recession was high (Global Insight, 40%)
    - ▶ Debt ceiling debacle had nearly pushed economy into recession
  - Since October economy has performed better than expected
    - ▶ Causing City revenue to exceed November forecast
    - Note 2011 revenue is not final until year-end process completed







#### 2011 Revenue: Preliminary Actual vs. Forecast

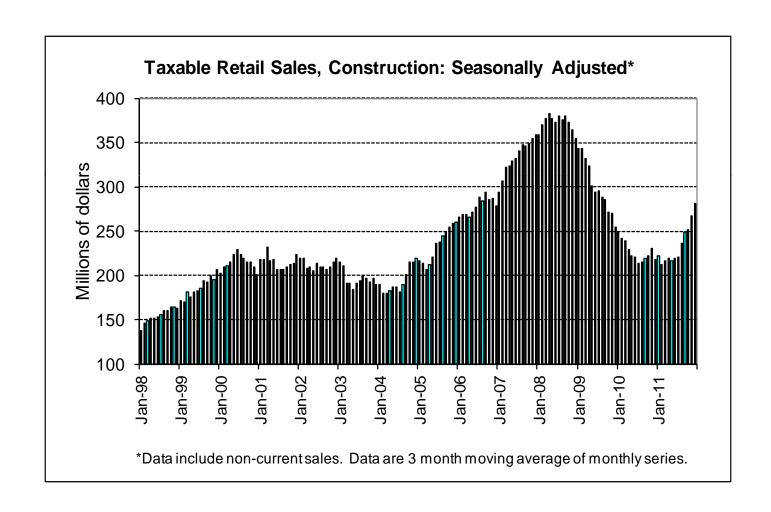
	Preliminary				
General Fund	Forecast	Actual*	Difference	Percent	
Property taxes	256,086,000	257,816,000	1,730,000	0.7%	
Retail sales taxes	155,077,000	157,055,000	1,978,000	1.3%	
B&O tax	167,583,000	168,701,000	1,118,000	0.7%	
Utility tax	170,628,000	169,445,000	-1,183,000	-0.7%	
Other	75,438,000	76,346,000	908,000	1.2%	
TOTAL	824,812,000	829,363,000	4,551,000	0.6%	
Other Funds					
Real estate excise tax	29,101,000	30,109,000	1,008,000	3.5%	
Commercial parking tax	29,435,000	28,212,000	-1,223,000	-4.2%	
*2011 revenue figures are not final.					



#### ▶ 2011 Revenue Highlights

- Economically sensitive sales and B&O receipts ended 2011
  \$3.1 million (1.0%) above forecast
- ▶ REET finished 2011 with a strong 4<sup>th</sup> quarter; fairly large commercial transactions were the cause
- The commercial parking tax shortfall is due at least in part to accounting issues
  - FAS will continue to monitor this revenue carefully; with possible adjustments before year-end during the accrual process
- Revenue from construction activity is rebounding







	2011				
General Fund	2010	Preliminary*	Difference	Percent	
Property taxes	254,959,000	257,816,000	2,857,000	1.1%	
Retail sales taxes**	145,341,000	157,055,000	11,714,000	8.1%	
B&O tax	_ 158,213,000	168,701,000	10,488,000	6.6%	
Utility tax	171,669,000	169,445,000	-2,224,000	-1.3%	
Other	72,903,000	76,346,000	3,443,000	4.7%	
TOTAL	803,085,000	829,363,000	26,278,000	3.3%	
Other Funds					
Real estate excise tax	23,632,000	30,109,000	6,477,000	27.4%	
Commercial parking tax	24,117,000	28,212,000	4,095,000	17.0%	

<sup>\*2011</sup> revenue figures are not final.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Revenue boosted by state amnesty. Without amnesty growth would be approx. 6.3%.



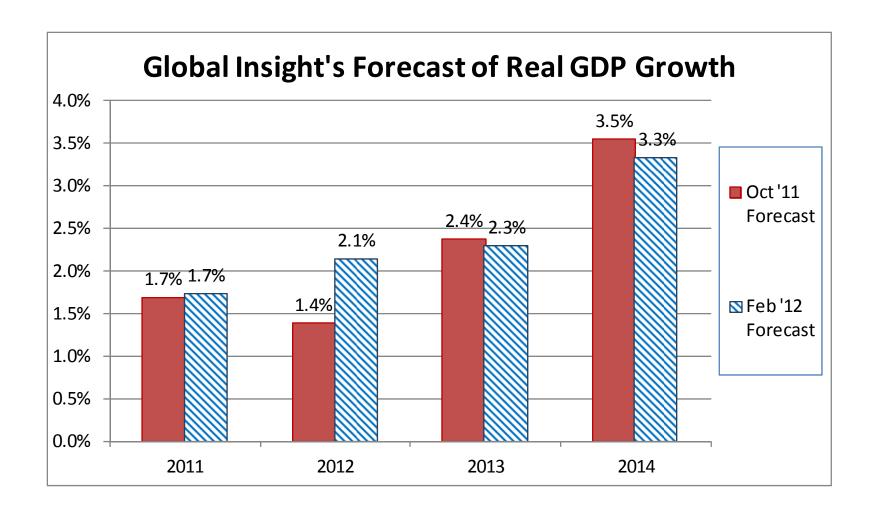
- How have economic forecasts changed since October?
  - ▶ Global Insight's U.S. forecast: change from Oct 'II to Feb. 'I2
    - Forecast for 2012 has been revised upward
    - Probability of a recession has been reduced to 25%
  - Washington Economic & Revenue Forecast Council
    - ▶ February state forecast little changed from November
      - □ WA job growth for 2012 raised from 1.2% to 1.7%
      - □ Personal Income forecast virtually unchanged



- "Outlook remains extremely uncertain"
- "We continue to believe WA will outperform U.S."
- Puget Sound Economic forecast
  - March forecast is a bit stronger than September and December forecasts
    - □ Expects 2012 growth of 2.5% for employment, 5.4% for personal income

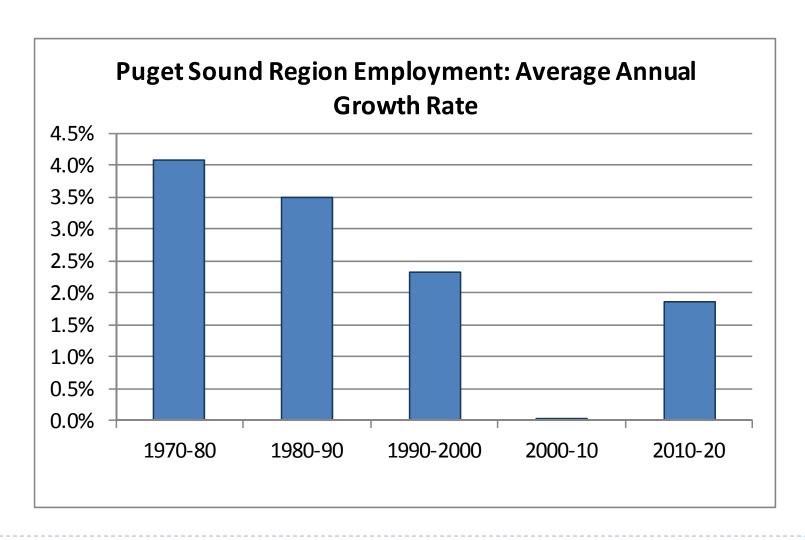














#### Risks

- From Olympia:
  - The proposed budget from the House puts some state-shared revenues in jeopardy
    - ☐ Criminal Justice revenues: \$2.5 million annual loss
    - □ Beer taxes (Part of Liquor Board Profits): \$0.6 million annual loss
    - ☐ Liquor Excise Tax: \$3.0 million annual loss
  - ▶ The budget as passed by the Senate takes only liquor excise taxes
  - May be some potential for additional revenue authority

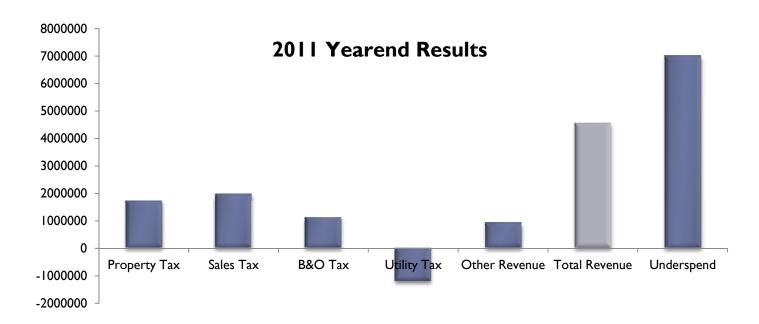


- From elsewhere:
  - Eurozone crisis
  - Middle east / oil prices
    - ☐ Anxiety about a potential supply disruption has pushed up world oil prices, as tensions have mounted over Iran's nuclear ambitions
    - □ Rule of thumb: each 10 cent rise in gasoline prices subtracts 0.1% from disposable income
- Upside risks
  - ▶ Construction

# What Do These Results Mean for the Budget?



- 2011 will end with an undesignated balance of about \$17 million, about \$12 million better than expected\*
  - ▶ \$5 million as a result of revenue
  - > \$7 million as a result of underspend



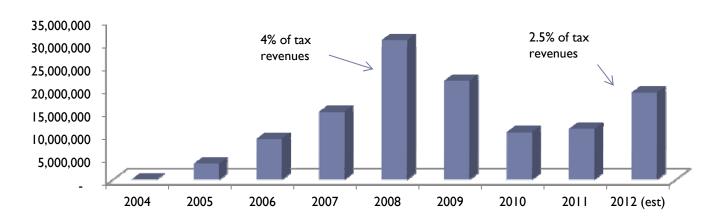
Final 2011 results will not be available until the end of March, so these figures are subject to revision

# What Do These Results Mean for the Budget?



- Rainy Day Fund\*
  - Half (less carry forwards) of the \$12 million balance transferred to the Rainy Day Fund
  - Rainy Day Fund will total approximately \$19 million
    - ▶ \$4 million greater than what would have achieved under the old Rainy Day Fund policies





- Remaining 2011 balance (\$6 million) serves as a cushion for 2012\*
- Final 2011 results will not be available until the end of March, so these figures are subject to revision

#### 2012 Outlook



- State budget will likely weaken the City's 2012 budget picture
  - Could result in \$3.6 million in hits for 2012 and \$7.5 million for 2013
- Combination of 2011 results and the potential for a modest upward revision to 2012 revenues in April should buffer the City in 2012 from these impacts
- No mid-year reduction process for 2012
- ▶ But, challenges for 2013 remain
  - To prepare for 2013, setting a 1% underspend target for most General Fund-dependent departments; 0.5% for Police, Fire and Human Services





- April Forecast will provide more information about the 2012 and 2013 outlook
- Budget Challenges for 2013 Likely to Remain
  - Even if revenue outlook improves, still potential risks, including
    - State budget
    - ▶ Implementation costs resulting from the DOJ review

## Questions?

