What is COBRA continuation coverage?
Congress passed COBRA (Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act) in 1986 so that covered employees and/or their dependents can continue health care coverage following certain life events.

Who is entitled to this benefit?
Health care coverage under COBRA is available to Qualified Beneficiaries who experienced a Qualifying Event.

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Qualified Beneficiaries - An individual covered by a group health plan on the day before a qualifying event who is either an employee, the employee's spouse/domestic partner or an employee's dependent child. A retired employee, the retired employee's spouse/domestic partner, and the retired employee's dependent children may be qualified COBRA beneficiaries. Any child born to or placed for adoption with a covered employee during COBRA coverage is also qualified.

Non-Qualified Beneficiaries – A new spouse of dependent (except a child born to or placed for adoption with a covered employee) acquired during the COBRA coverage period and after the initial qualifying event may be added to the plan, but they are not qualified beneficiaries because the marriage or addition of the new dependent occurred after the initial qualifying event. A non-qualified beneficiary is not eligible for continued COBRA coverage should a second qualifying event occur during the coverage period.

Qualifying Events - Specific events that cause an individual to lose eligibility for health coverage. The type of qualifying event will determine who the qualified beneficiaries are and the amount of time they may access COBRA continuation coverage.

Employee Qualifying Events:
- Termination of employment for reasons other than gross misconduct
- Reduction in work hours

Spouse/Domestic Partner Qualifying Events:
- Termination of the covered employee's employment for any reason other than gross misconduct
- Reduction in the covered employee’s work hours
- Covered employee becomes entitled to Medicare
- Divorce or legal separation from the covered employee
- Death of covered employee
**Dependent Children Qualifying Events:**
- Loss of dependent child status under the plan rules
- Termination of the covered employee's employment for any reason other than gross misconduct
- Reduction in the covered employee’s work hours
- Covered employee becomes entitled to Medicare
- Divorce or legal separation of the covered employee
- Death of covered employee

**How do I elect COBRA coverage?**
You must notify your department of a qualifying event within 60 days after your divorce or legal separation or when your child ceases to be covered as a dependent under plan rules. The City of Seattle must notify health care plan administrators of a qualifying event within 30 days after an employee's death, termination of employment, employment hour reduction or entitlement to Medicare.

The City of Seattle Benefits Unit will send you a COBRA election notice within 14 days after your qualifying event has been reported. You then have 60 days to decide whether to elect COBRA continuation coverage and 45 days after electing coverage to pay the first premium.

- Coverage not continued until payment received
- Claims may be initially denied or pended; they will be retroactively processed after your payment is received.

**Can individuals qualify for longer periods?**
Yes, disability can extend the 18 month period of continuation coverage in the event of termination of employment or reduction of hours. To qualify for additional months of disability COBRA continuation coverage, the qualified beneficiary must:

- Have a ruling from the Social Security Administration that he or she became disabled within the first 60 days of COBRA continuation coverage.
- Send the plan a copy of the Social Security ruling letter within 60 days of receipt, but prior to expiration of the 18-month period of coverage.

If these requirements are met, the entire family qualifies for an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage. An extended period of coverage costs 150% of the premium.

**What if I experience another qualifying event?**
If you experience another qualifying event during the first 18 months of coverage, you will be eligible for an additional 18 months (up to 36 months total). These events include covered employee’s death, divorce or legal separation, the covered employee’s becoming entitled to Medicare benefits or a dependent child’s ceasing to be eligible for coverage as a dependent under the Plan. You must notify the City of Seattle within 60 days after a second qualifying event occurs if you want to extend COBRA coverage.

**If I waive COBRA coverage during the election period, can I get coverage at a later date?**
Once the 60-day election period is over, you cannot get coverage later. If you waive COBRA coverage during the 60-day election period, you may revoke your waiver before the end of the election period. You may then elect COBRA coverage.
What if I become eligible for Medicare?
You may still enroll in COBRA if you were Medicare eligible before you were eligible for COBRA. You must enroll in Medicare Part B in order to maintain your COBRA coverage. If you become eligible for Medicare after you are on COBRA, you are no longer eligible for COBRA coverage and may select a retiree medical and dental plan.

Who pays for COBRA coverage?
Beneficiaries are required to pay for COBRA coverage. The premium is 102 percent of the total active plan cost. For qualified beneficiaries receiving the 11 month disability extension of coverage, the premium for those additional months is increased to 150 percent of the cost.

Is the rate the same if I cover more than one dependent?
Yes, the COBRA rate is the same regardless of how many dependents you cover.

When are COBRA premiums due?
You have 45 days from the date you elect COBRA coverage to make your first payment, retroactive to the date your coverage would have otherwise ended. After the first payment, you must make subsequent premium payments by 15 days before each month of coverage. Your COBRA coverage will be canceled if your payment is not received within 30 days of the due date.

Can I pay for multiple months in advance?
Yes, you can pay for multiple months in advance. If you pre-pay your COBRA and decide to cancel your COBRA coverage, you will be refunded any unused months. For example, if you pre-pay your COBRA to May and cancel in March, you will be refunded for April and May. The City cannot refund the current month of coverage.

Will I receive new identification cards for my COBRA coverage?
Yes, you will receive new identification cards when you enroll in COBRA. They are mailed to you within 2-3 weeks after your COBRA coverage begins.

How can I apply for the COBRA premium subsidy?
If you were covered by one of the City of Seattle’s medical plans on the last day of a City employee’s employment, the City will send you a notice of your eligibility to elect COBRA coverage and to receive the premium reduction. The notice will include the necessary forms.

I have more questions about COBRA – who do I contact?

City of Seattle
Seattle Department of Human Resources
Attn: Benefits Unit
PO Box 34028
Seattle, WA 98124-4028

Or call the Benefits Unit at (206) 615-1340