### PROJECT TEAM

### Owner:

Chainqui Development Harborview, LLC. 2401 3rd Avenue, Suite 1212 Seatte. WA 98121 Contact: Jenny Tsen jenny.tsen@chainqui.com 206.660.4300

### Owner's Rep:

OAC Services, Inc. 2200 1st Avenue, Suite 200 Seatte, WA 98134 Contact: Taryn Rehn trehn@oacsvcs.com 206.413.7317

### Architect:

Jensen Design Architects 7730 Leary Way NE Redmond, WA 98052 Contact: Kurt Jensen kurtj@jd-arch.com 206.660.2528

### Civil Engineer:

The BlueLine Group 25 Central Way, Suite 400 Kirkland, WA 98033 Contact: Kimberly McNabb kmcnabb@thebluelinegroup.com 425.216.4051

### Structural Engineer:

Swenson Say Faget 2124 Third Avenue, Suite 100 Seattle, WA 98121 Contact: Blaze Bresko bbresko@ssfengineers.com 206.956.3735

### Landscape Architect:

Root of Design P.O.Box #232 Stanwood, WA 98292 Contact: Devin Peterson devin@rootofdesign.com 206.491.9545

### Surveyer:

Bush, Roed & Hitchings, Inc. Land Surveyers & Civil Éngineers 2009 Minor Avenue East Seattle, WA 98102 206.323.4144

### Interior Designer:

600 108th Ave NE, Suite 108 Bellevue, WA 98004 425.559.7888









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  - 4.3 Site Survey / Topography
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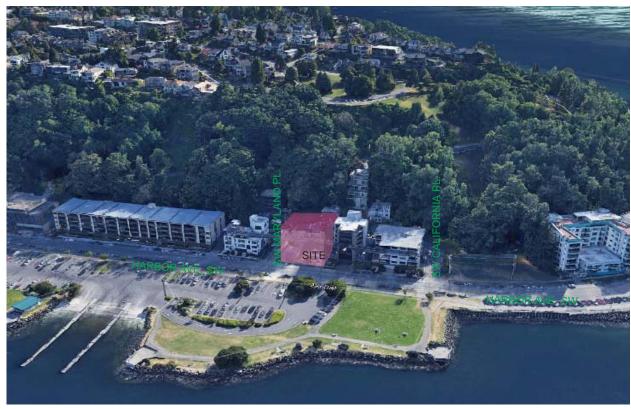
HARBOR AVENUE CONDOMINIUMS

1123 Harbor Ave. SW Seattle, WA 98116

w/ Chainqui Development Harborview, LLC.

Project #: 3035991-EDG

ADMINISTRATIVE DESIGN REVIEW 11.10.2020



AERIAL VIEW

**Site Address:** 1123 Harbor Avenue SW

Seattle, WA 98116

**Zoning Designation:** MR-MID RISE

**Lot Size:** 7,502 SF

Parcel Numbers/

927220-2395

**Legal Descriptions:** W S L & I COS 1ST PLAT OF PLAT BLOCK: 18 PLAT LOT: 8

927220-2400

W S L & I COS 1ST PLAT OF PLAT BLOCK: 18 PLAT LOT: 9

927220-2410

W S L & I COS 1ST PLAT OF E 1/2 PLAT BLOCK: 18 PLAT LOT: 10

927220-2405

W S L & I COS 1ST PLAT OF W 1/2 PLAT BLOCK: 18 PLAT LOT:10

**FAR (SMC 23.45.510):** 4.50 x 7,502 = 33,759 SF

Allowable FAR: 33,759 SF

Proposed Units: 18

Proposed Parking 27

Number of Residential Units: 18 CONDO UNITS in 6 stories of residential over / 2 levels of parking

**Square Footage:** 33,718 SF RESIDENTIAL with PARKING

Parking Stalls: 27 Total

16 in Basement Level off Harbor Avenue SW

11 on Floor 1 off Elm Place SW

**Parking Calculations:** To develop high quality condominium units to compliment and enhance the neighborhood fabric of older multi-family buildings along Harbor

the neighborhood fabric of older multi-family buildings along Harbor Avenue SW. We strive to be sensitive to nearby residences with widened view corridors toward the east, increased building setbacks and significant

building articulation to reduce the building's massing.

The condo will be built to an elevated Green Building Standard to help minimize impacts on the environment. In concert with that goal, we intentionally selected a high-density, infill lot which has strong transit

infrastructure (bus, ferry and bike lanes).

**Development Objectives:** Though the small site has limited width on Harbor Ave SW, a significant portion

of the street level façade will be the glass enclosed building entry located directly on the corner of the site. This feature lends visual interest between the two story

volume of the space and the street.

Through the use of high quality siding materials, significant massing breaks, wall plane offsets and balconies, the building bulk and scale is greatly reduced. Additionally, we have held back the northeast corner of the building in order to

increase sightlines and solar access to our northern neighbor.

### COMMUNITY OUTREACH

### Overview

Summary of design related comments received from community members during the on site meeting 2/05/2020, and collected through an online survey on 2/26/2020.

### **DESIGN RELATED**

### Views / Connections

The location should establish an architectural style for the neighborhood. However, other neighbors expressed privacy concerns with the number of decks, balconies and possible terraces on the project and expressed a desire for some sort of buffer between the building and SW Maryland Place.

### Materials / Design

The neighbors voiced a strong preference for the proposed project to have character, suggesting a unique and interesting look.

### Street Improvements

The neighbors requested well-lit pedestrian paths.

### TARGET MARKET / PROJECT TYPE

### Views / Connections

The neighbors would like the developer to entertain building luxury condominiums or townhouses instead, expressing concern that low /medium income apartments are not appropriate for the neighborhood, as the site serves as a gateway to the more affluent Alki neighborhood.

### **Project Improvements**

- The neighbors expressed a common desire to have the powerlines relocated underground along Harbor Ave SW and SW Maryland Place.
- Pedestrian lighting along Harbor Ave SW and SW Maryland.
- Protect the nearby bus stop.
- Greenery and landscape at street level. Additionally, landscaping should not block site views or overhang sidewalk.
- Parking! Many in the community were concerned about the project's parking impacts.
- Attractive finishes and building materials.

### Construction

The neighbors expressed concern about how to keep access and roads open to the neighborhood during construction and concerns regarding construction noise.

## (16)24'DWY Existing 7-story Multi-Family Building ASPH CONC 15'-0" CW <u>N73°2<del>8</del>'53"E 100.04</u>' †25.47 50' OVERHEAD POWER LINES **PROPOSED NEW** SW 10' ACCESS CLEARANCE **BUILDING** SW AVENUE LEVEL 1 **BASEMENT** LEVEL +16.30 OR XC +28<sup>|</sup> 1" $\mathbf{\Omega}$ HA (1/2) ASPH (46) **SW MARYLAND PLACE** ASPH "NO PARKING" N73°28'53"E ASPH 165.00 21+00 (24) (18)XC (16)CS XC FFE: 23.26' Existing 4-story Multi-Family Building ASPH \* SEE LANDSCAPE PLANS ON FOLLOWING SHEETS

### **Legal Description:**

### **DESCRIPTION:**

LOT 8, BLOCK 18, FIRST PLAT OF WEST SEATTLE, BY THE WEST SEATTLE LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN VOLUME 3 OF PLATS, PAGE(S) 2, RECORDS OF KING COUNTY WASHINGTON;

### PARCEL A:

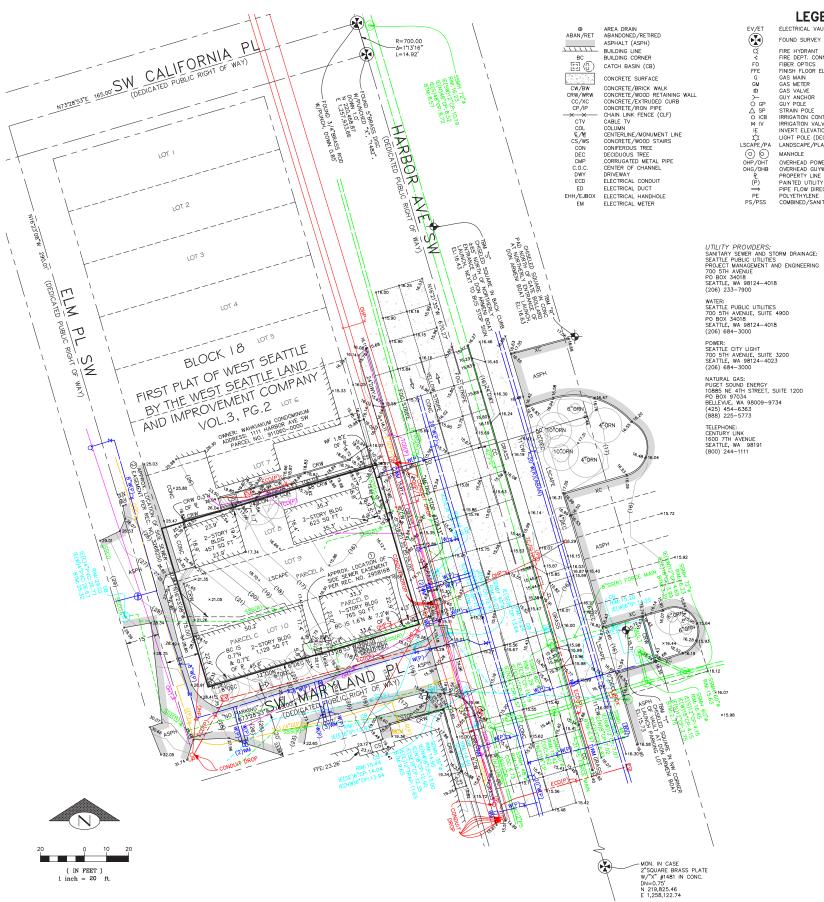
LOT 9, BLOCK 18, FIRST PLAT OF WEST SEATTLE BY THE WEST SEATTLE LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN VOLUME 3 OF PLATS, PAGE 2, RECORDS OF KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON.

### PARCEL B:

THE EAST ONE-HALF OF LOT 10, BLOCK 18, FIRST PLAT OF WEST SEATTLE BY THE WEST SEATTLE LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN VOLUME 3 OF PLATS, PAGE 2, RECORDS OF KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON.

### PARCEL C:

THE WEST ONE-HALF OF LOT 10, BLOCK 18, FIRST PLAT OF WEST SEATTLE BY THE WEST SEATTLE LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN VOLUME 3 OF PLATS, PAGE 2, RECORDS OF KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON.



### **LEGEND**

ELECTRICAL VAULT/TRANSFORMER	PSD	STORM DRAIN
FOUND SURVEY MONUMENT (AS NOTED)	(R)	PRIVATE CATCH BASIN RECORD DATA
FIRE HYDRANT FIRE DEPT. CONNECTION (FDC) FIRER OPTICS FINISH FLOOR ELEVATION GAS MAIN GAS METER GAS VALUE GAS VALUE FIRE DEPT.	SCL/CLHH SD CO SSS TC/SL	SIGN/STREET NAME SIGN
GUY ANCHOR GUY POLE	-	TEMPORARY BENCHMARK (TBM)
STRAIN POLE IRRIGATION CONTROL BOX IRRIGATION VALVE INVERT ELEVATION LIGHT POLE (DECORATIVE) LANDSCAPE/PLANTER	TCD TD TV TMH TS	TELEPHONE CONDUIT (BURIED) TELEPHONE DUCT TELEPHONE VAULT TELEPHONE MANHOLE TELEPHONE SENTRY TRAFFIC FLOW DIRECTION
MANHOLE	O UP	
OVERHEAD POWER/TELEPHONE OVERHEAD GUYWIRE/BUS (TROLLEY) PPOPERTY LINE (PL) PAINTED UTILITY LOCATION PIPE FLOW DIRECTION	w∨ wм ⋈	WATER VAULT WATER MAIN WATER METER WATER VALVE WATER GATE VALVE/CHAMBER
POLYETHYLENE COMBINED/SANITARY SEWER		VACATION/CONDEMNATION ORDINANCE WOOD FENCE (WF)

SITE NOTES

SITE ADDRESS:

TAX ACCOUNT NO .:

ZONING: MR - MIDRISE

ZONING AGENCY: CITY OF SEATILE SEATILE DEPARTMENT OF CONSTRUCTION AND INSPECTIONS 700 5TH AVENUE. SUITE 2000 SEATILE, WA 98104 (206) 684-8600

SETBACKS: CURRENT SETBACK REQUIREMENTS SUBJECT TO SITE PLAN REVIEW. CURRENT SETBACKS MAY DIFFER FROM THOSE IN EFFECT DURING DESIGN/CONSTRUCTION OF EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS.

THE ISSUANCE OF A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY BY THE GOVERNING JURISDICTION INDICATES THAT STRUCTURES ON THIS PROPERTY COMPUED WITH MINIMUM SETBACK AND HEIGHT REQUIREMENTS FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION.

FLOOD ZONE: THIS SITE APPEARS ON NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP, DATED MAY 16, 1995 COMMUNITY PANEL NO. 53033C0610F, AND IS SITUATED IN ZONE "X", AREA DETERMINED TO BE OUTSIDE THE 500-YEAR FLOODPLAIN.

HORIZONTAL DATUM: NAD 2011 EPOCH 2010.00

VERTICAL DATUM: NAVD 88

SITE AS SHOWN CONTAINS 7,502 SQUARE FEET OR 0.1722 ACRES, MORE OR LESS.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textit{PARKING SPACE COUNT:} \\ \textit{PARKING SPACES TOTAL 0 INCLUDING 0 DISABLED PARKING SPACES.} \end{array}$ 

SUBSTRUCTURES:
BURIED UTILITIES ARE SHOWN AS INDICATED ON RECORDS MAPS
FURNISHED BY OTHERS AND VERIFIED WHERE POSSIBLE BY FEATURES
LOCATED IN THE FIELD. WE ASSUME NO LIABILITY FOR THE ACCURACY
OF THOSE RECORDS. FOR THE FINAL LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES IN
AREAS CRITICAL TO DESIGN CONTACT THE UTILITY OWNER/AGENCY.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS/FIBER OPTIC DISCLAIMER: IELECOMMUNICA I IONS /FIBER OF IC DISCLAIMER:
RECORDS OF UNDERGROUND IELECOMMUNICATIONS AND/OR FIBER OPTIC
LINES ARE NOT ALWAYS AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC. BRH HAS NOT
CONTACTED EACH OF THE MANY COMPANIES, IN THE COURSE OF THIS
SURVEY, WHICH COULD HAVE UNDERGROUND LINES WITHIN ADJACENT
RIGHTS—OF—WAY. THEREFORE, BRH DOES NOT ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY
FOR THE EXISTENCE OF UNDERGROUND TELECOMMUNICATIONS/FIBER
OPTIC LINES WHICH ARE NOT MADE PUBLIC RECORD WITH ELOCAL
JURISDICTION. AS ALWAYS, CALL 1—800—424—5555 BEFORE
CONSTRUCTION.

DESCRIPTION:
LOT 8, BLOCK 18, FIRST PLAT OF WEST SEATTLE, BY THE WEST
SEATTLE LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN VOLUME 3 OF PLATS, PAGE(S) 2, RECORDS OF KING COUNTY WASHINGTON;

TITLE REPORT REFERENCE THILE KEPUNT KEPERKENCE:
HIS SURVEY WAS CONDUCTED ACCORDING TO THE DESCRIPTION SHOWN,
FURNISHED BY FIDELITY NATIONAL THILE INSURANCE COMPANY,
COMMITMENT NO. 61119355, DATED NOVEMBER 19, 2018. THE
EASEMENTS SHOWN OR NOTED HEREON RELATE TO THIS COMMITMENT.

NOTE: EASEMENTS CREATED OR RESCINDED AFTER THIS DATE ARE NOT SHOWN OR NOTED HEREON.

TITLE REPORT SCHEDULE B EXCEPTIONS: ITEMS CIRCLED ARE SHOWN ON MAP.

ITEMS CIRCLED ARE SHOWN ON MAP.

COVENANTS, CONDITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, RECITALS, RESERVATIONS, EASHENTS, CONSIGNOR, RESTRICTIONS, BUILDING SETBACK LESSINGS, CONSIGNOR, DEDICATIONS, BUILDING SETBACK LICES IN CONSIGNOR OF THE WATERS, WITHOUT SET AND THE WATERS, WITHOUT SHOWN OF THE WATERS, SEXUAL ORIENTATION, FAMILIAL STATUS, MARITAL STATUS, DISABILITY, HANDICAP, NATIONAL ORIGINA, ANCESTRY, OR SOURCE OF INCOME, AS SET FORTH IN APPLICABLE STATE OR FEDERAL LAWS, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT HAT SAID COVENANT OR RESTRICTION IS PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, AS SET FORTH ON THE PLAT OF FIRST PLAT OF WEST SEATTLEBY THE WEST SEATTLE LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY. RECORDING NO.: 23486 RECORDING NO.: 23486

SURVEYOR'S NOTE: NO PLOTTABLE ITEMS



### VERTICAL BENCHMARKS

HORIZONTAL BENCHMARKS:

OWNER.....CITY OF SEATTLE 

PARCEL A:
LOT 9, BLOCK 18, FIRST PLAT OF WEST SEATTLE BY THE WEST SEATTLE
LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF
RECORDED IN VOLUME 3 OF PLATS, PAGE 2, RECORDS OF KING COUNTY,

PARCEL C: THE WEST ONE—HALF OF LOT 10, BLOCK 18, FIRST PLAT OF WEST SEATILE BY THE WEST SEATILE LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN VOLUME 3 OF PL PAGE 2, RECORDS OF KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON.

### TITLE REPORT REFERENCE:

ITLE MEMOUR REPERENCE.

THIS SUPREY WAS CONDUCTED ACCORDING TO THE DESCRIPTION SHOWN

TURNISHED BY FIDELITY NATIONAL THILE INSURANCE COMPANY,

COMMITMENT NO, 611199353, DATED NOVEMBER 19, 2018. THE

EASEMENTS SHOWN OR NOTED HEREON RELATE TO THIS COMMITMENT.

NOTE: EASEMENTS CREATED OR RESCINDED AFTER THIS DATE ARE NOT SHOWN OR NOTED HEREON.

TITLE REPORT SCHEDULE B EXCEPTIONS: ITEMS CIRCLED ARE SHOWN ON MAP.

 SIDE SEWER EASEMENT
 RECORDING DATE: A AUGUST 2, 1937 RECORDING NO.: 2958168 6 FEET PARCEL B & C AFFECTS:

SAID EASEMENT CONTAINS A PROVISION FOR BEARING A PROPORTIONATE OR EQUAL COST OF MAINTENANCE, REPAIR OF RECONSTRUCTION OF SAID EASEMENT BY THE COMMON USERS. SIDE SEWER EASEMENT

NT
OCTOBER 1, 1942
3268250
4 FEET
AN UNDISCLOSED PORTION OF SAID LAND
ALONG THE LINE AS CONSTRUCTED

SAID EASEMENT CONTAINS A PROVISION FOR BEARING A PROPORTIONATE OR EQUAL COST OF MAINTENANCE, REPAIR OR RECONSTRUCTION OF SAID BY THE COMMON USERS.

RECONSTRUCTION OF SAID BY THE COMMON USERS.

COVENANTS, CONDITIONS, RESTRICTIONS, RECITALS, RESERVATIONS, EASEMENTS, EASEMENT PROVISIONS, DEDICATIONS, BUILDING SCHALLINES, NOTES, STATEMENTS, AND OTHER MATTERS, IF ANY, BUT OMITTING ANY COVENANTS OR RESTRICTIONS, IF ANY, NOTEDITION OF THOSE BASED UPON RACE, COLOR, RELIGIAL OF LIMITED TO THOSE BASED UPON RACE, COLOR, RELIGIAL OF LIMITED TO THOSE BASED UPON RACE, COLOR, RELIGIAL DESCRIPTION OF THE COLOR, RELIGIAL DESCRIPTION OF THE COLOR OF THE CASE OF THE COLOR OF THE PLANT OF THE STATE OF THE STAT RECORDING NO: 23486

SURVEYOR'S NOTE: NO PLOTTABLE ITEMS



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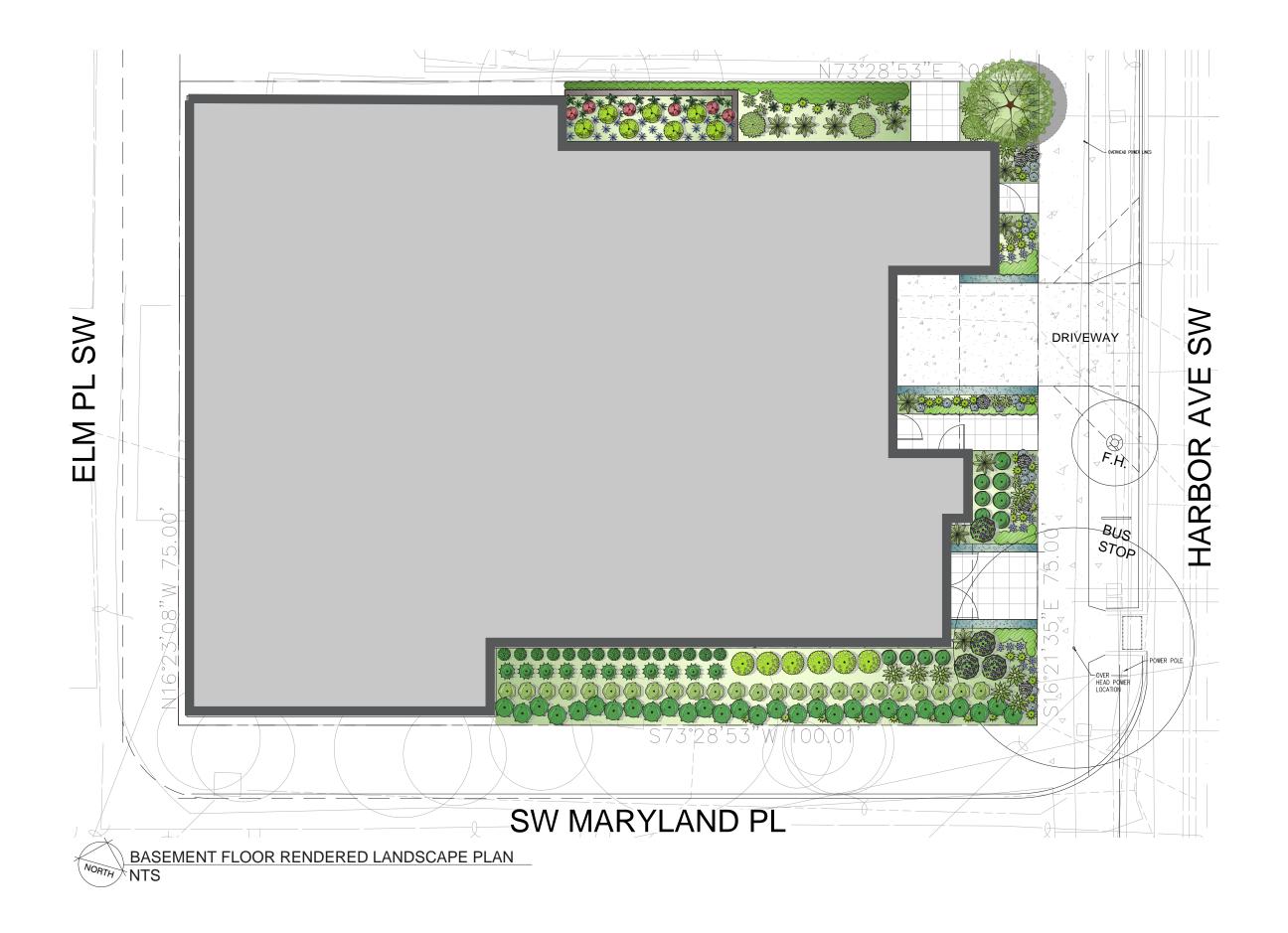
INC. HITCHINGS, I 323-935-323-(206) 1-800-FAX# (206)

ED & P

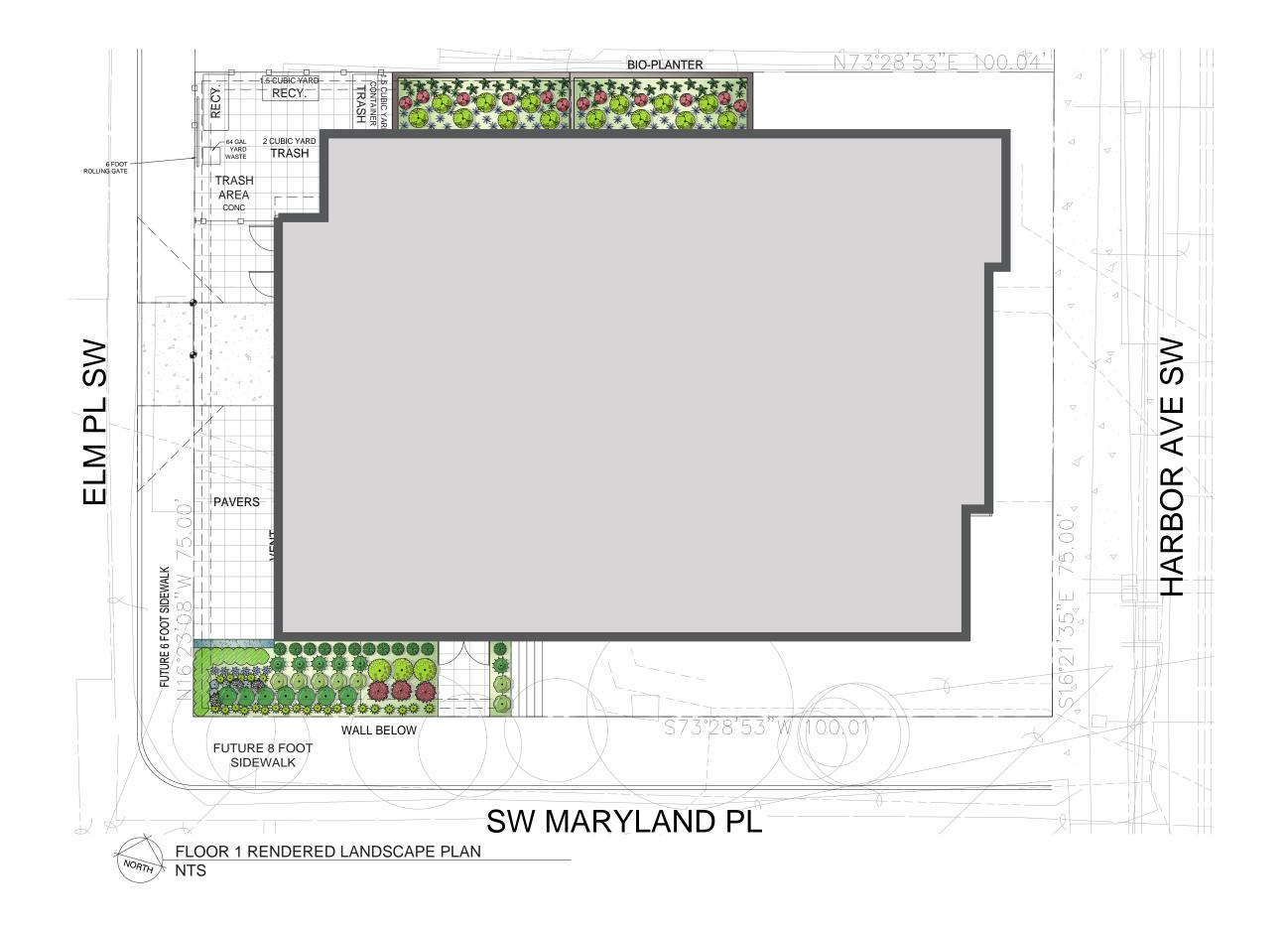
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┙ MARYLAND ARCHITECTURE AND TOPOGRAPHIC SW ⊗ CONFLUX AF IARBOR BOI TRS

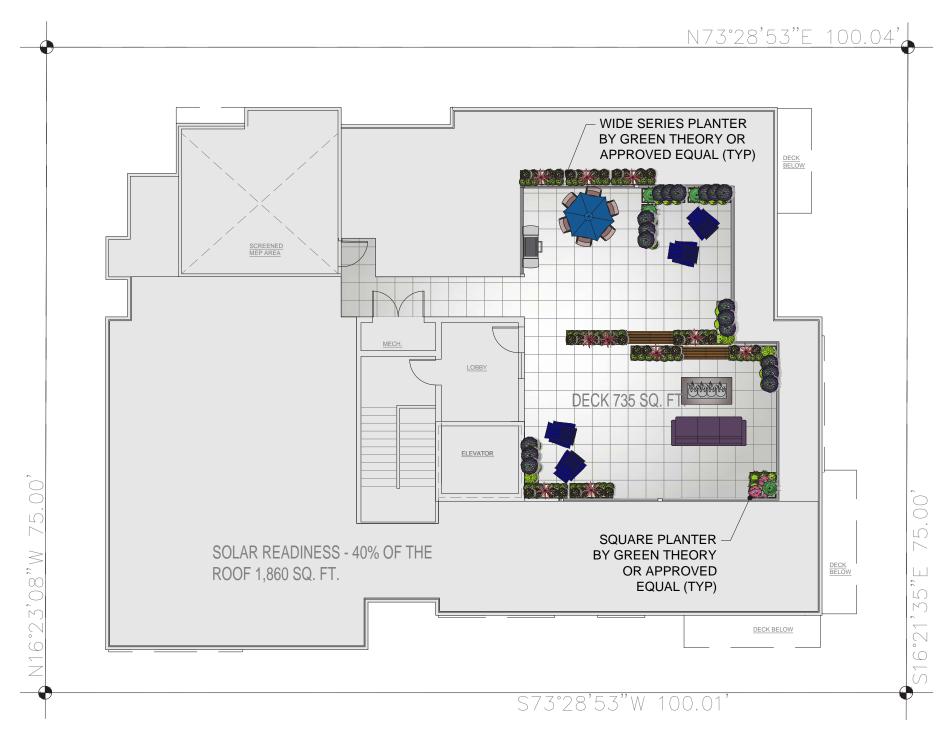
2019178.00















# Calamagrostis x 'Karl Foerster' Nandina d. 'Gulf Stream Hydrangea p. 'Limelight' Carex oshimensis 'Everillo'

Polystichum polyblepharum

Rhododendron x 'Ramapo'



Heuchera x 'Obsidian'





Sarcococca ruscifolia / Fragrant Sarcococca

Sedum x `Angelina` / Angelina Sedum

### PLANT\_SCHEDULE

BIORETENTION	BOTANICAL / COMMON NAME
	Cornus alba `Gouchaultii` / Goldenleaf Dogwood
	Cornus sericea `Kelseyi` / Kelseyi Dogwood
*	Juncus effusus / Soft Rush
*	Juncus inflexus `Blue Arrow` / Blue Arrow Juncus
*	Polygonatum odoratum / Solomon`s Seal
GROUND COVERS	BOTANICAL / COMMON NAME
	Pachysandra terminalis `Silver Edge` / Japanese Spurge
	Sagina subulata `Aurea` / Scotch Moss
SITE	BOTANICAL / COMMON NAME
. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.	2-3" Black Mexican Beach Pebbles



Category - Indicates if tree is significant or exception based on SDCI code.

**Exceptional size/grove** – indicates if tree meets exceptional definition based on size or grove status.

Tree number as shown on tag in the field, and on attached exhibit.

DBH Stem diameter in inches measured 4.5 feet from the ground.

QMD Multiple-stemmed trees are reported as a single integer, using quadratic mean based on Director's Rule.

Tree Species common name and latin binomial

**Exceptional Threshold** size threshold for exceptional status based on DBH.

**Dripline** average branch extension from the trunk as radius in feet.

Health and Structure ratings '1' indicates good to excellent condition; no visible health-related problems or structural defects, '2' indicates fair condition; minor visible problems or defects that may require attention if the tree is retained, and '3' indicates poor condition; significant visible problems or defects and tree removal is recommended.

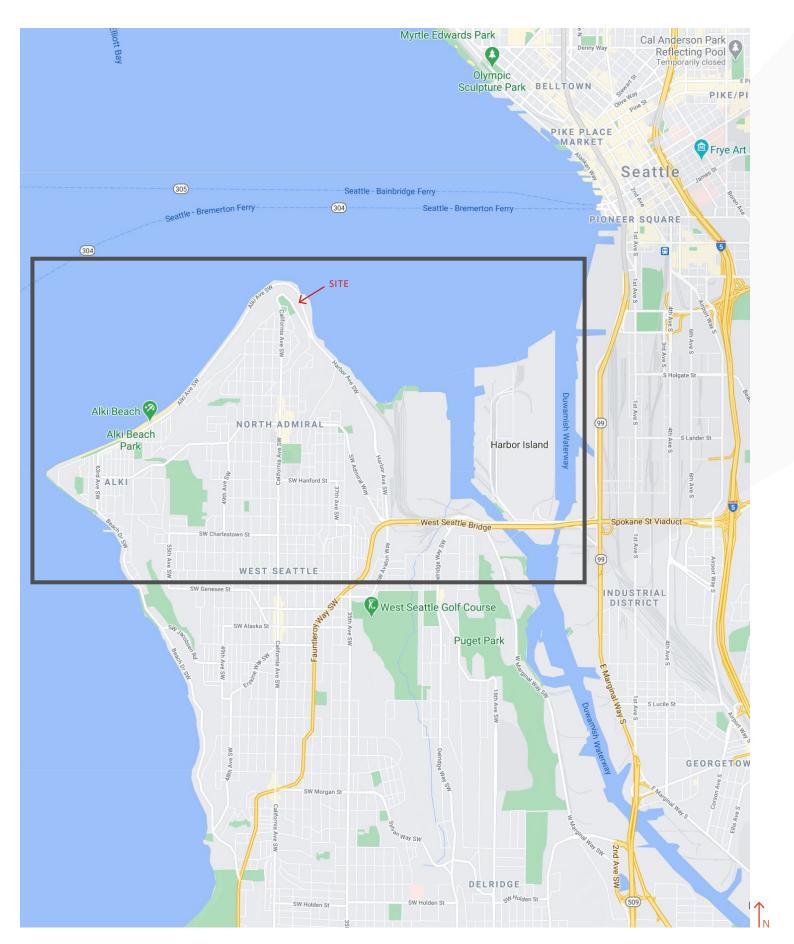
Comments on condition Obvious structural defects or diseases visible at time of inspection.

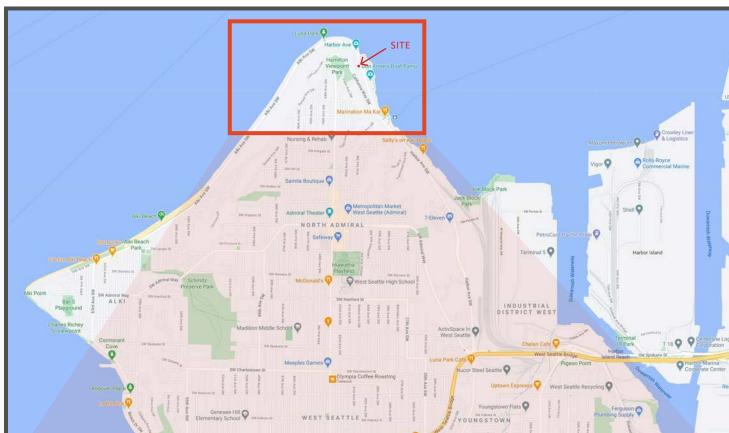
**Viability** - a determination by the arborist whether the tree is viable for retention.

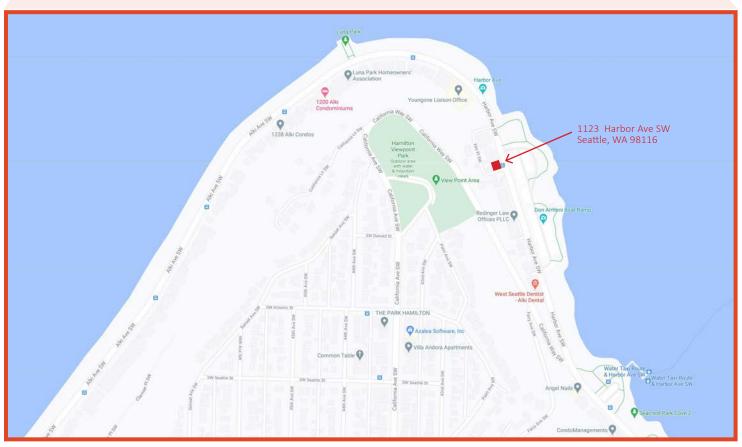


Category	Exceptional Size	Exceptional Grove	Tree No.	DBH (in)	QMD	Species	Exceptional Threshold	DL (ft radius)	Health	Structure	Comments on Condition	Viable Tree?
Significant	No	No	1	13.1"		Western red-cedar, Thuja plicata	30"	15'	1	1	Growth obstruction - retaining wall at property line	Yes
Significant	No	No	2	25"		Western red-cedar, Thuja plicata	30"	16'	1	1	Growth obstruction - retaining wall at property line	Yes
Significant	No	No	3	8.1,8.8"	12"	Fruiting cherry, Prunus avium	30"	8'	3	3	Topped, CBT infestation, growth obstruction - house foundation	No
Significant	No	No	4	8.5,5.2,6.8	12"	Fruiting cherry, Prunus avium	30"	8'	3	3	Topped, CBT infestation, growth obstruction - house foundation	No
Significant	No	No	5	15.7"		Fruiting cherry, Prunus avium	30"	16'	3	3	Topped, CBT infestation, growth obstruction - house foundation	No
	No	No	6	11.9"		Austrian black pine, Pinus nigra	24"	13'	1	3	Asymmetric canopoy - pruned from house, growth obstruction - house foundation	
Significant Significant	No	No	7	6.5"		Fruiting cherry, Prunus avium	30"	10'	3	3	Topped, CBT infestation, growth obstruction - house foundation	No

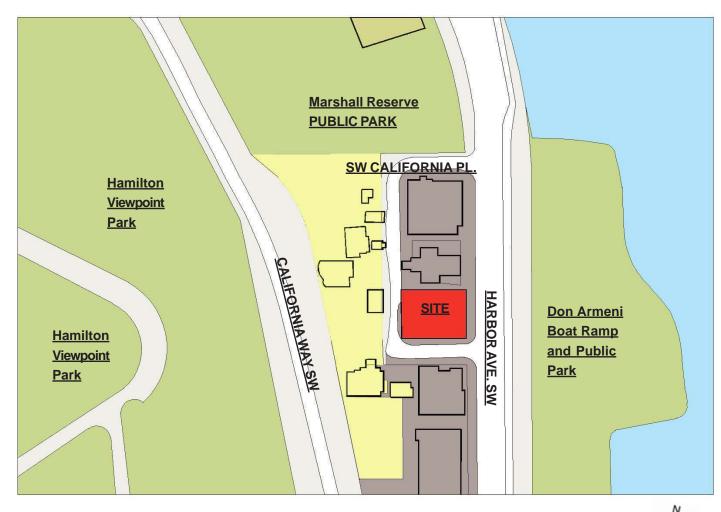












### **ZONING MAP**

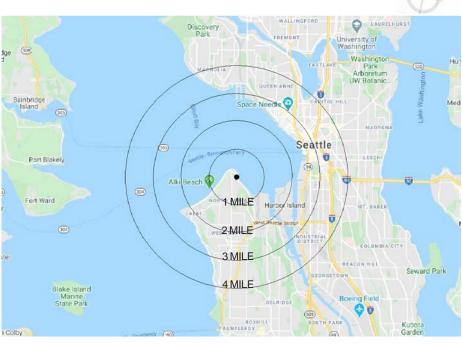
PROJECT SITE

PUBLIC PARK

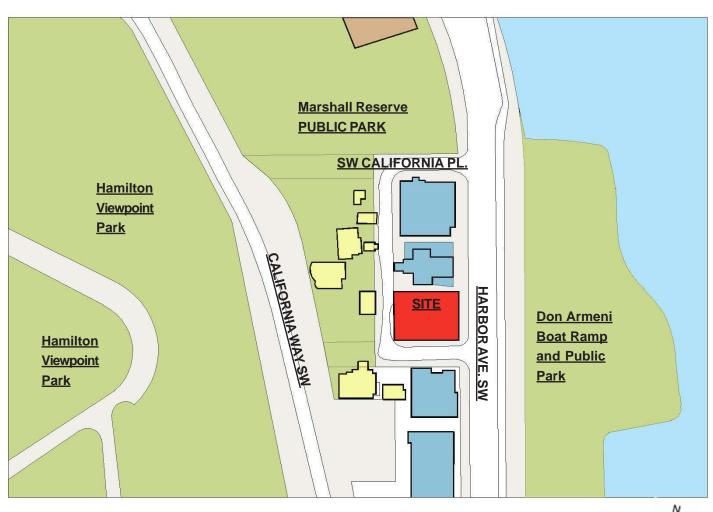
MULTI-FAMILY

SINGLE FAMILY





VICINITY MAP



### **EXISTING BUILDINGS / STREETSCAPE IN THIS AREA**

The 9-block neighborhood is comprised of multi-family structures of various vintages along Harbor Avenue SW with a pocket of single family residences scattered along the Elm Place SW and SW Maryland Place. The structures in the area appear to be exclusively residential. The entirety of the neighborhood is wrapped by park area on the West, North and East sides.

### TRAFFIC IN THIS AREA

Harbor Ave SW is a minor arterial so it has the occasional heavy traffic primarily during rush hour, or when Alki Beach traffic is heavy during nice weather.

### **PARKING**

There is street parking along both sides of Harbor Ave SW and there is additional parking in the park areas to the East of the project. Nearly all of the multi-family buildings fronting Harbor Ave SW have vehicular access off of Harbor (as many as four (4) curb cuts on one project). All of the buildings on the immediate block face have vehicular access off of both Harbor Ave SW and Elm Place SW.

13



HARBOR AVENUE SW FACING WEST



SW MARYLAND PLACE LOOKING NORTH



SW MARYLAND PLACE LOOKING SOUTH





**ELM PLACE SW FACING WEST** 



**ELM PLACE SW FACING EAST** 























### **TRANSPORTATION**

The site is served by three bus lines, the 773, 775 and 37, running EAST and WEST along Alki Ave SW and Harbor Ave SW. Additionally, the Water Taxi from the Seacrest Ferry Dock provides quick access to and from Downtown Seattle. The Alki Water Taxi circulator provides local area service and connection with the greater Metro bus service. The dedicated bike and pedestrian lanes along Alki Ave SW and Harbor Ave SW allow for alternative access to surrounding areas on Alki Point.

16





1 Existing Buildings On Site



2 Existing Buildings to the North of Site



3 Existing Buildings to the South of Site



4 View from Park across the Street



5 Marination - Restaurant



6 Salty's on Alki Beach - Restaurant



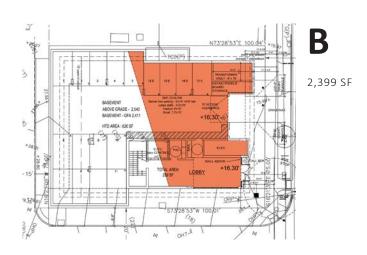
7 Don Armeni Boat Ramp



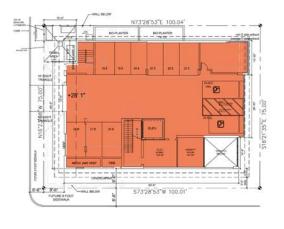
8 Water Taxi



9 Seacrest Park Cove 1

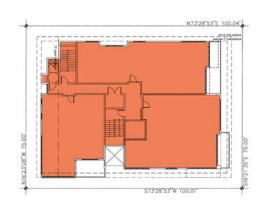






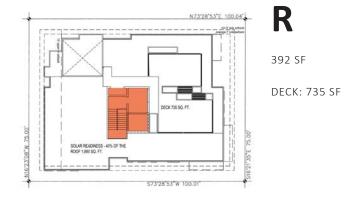








4,414 SF



### **FAR CALCULATIONS:**

Basement	2,399 SF	
Floor 1	4,414 SF	
Floor 2	4,376 SF	
Floor 3	4,415 SF	
Floor 4	4,446 SF	
Floor 5	4,415 SF	
Floor 6	4,446 SF	
Floor 7	4,415 SF	
Roof	392 SF	

TOTAL 33,718 SF < **33,759 ALLOWABLE** 

# **ZONING STANDARDS**

ZUNING STANDAR	KU3	
ZONING:	MID-RISE (M)	
SMC	REQUIREMENT	PROPOSED
23.45.504	Permitted and Prohibited Uses	Residential use permitted outright
23.45.510.C	Floor Area Ratio (FAR) Limits	FAR = 4.5 (4.5 x 7,502 = 33,759 GFA allowed) FAR proposed = 33,718 SF
23.45.512	Density Limits No density limits for MR zones	Density Limits No density limits for MR zones
23.45.514	Structure Height diagram Maximum 80' height limit, with exceptions for sloped roof, overhangs and parapets	Compliant: see elevations with height
23.45.518	Setbacks and Separations Front and Sides: 5' min, Sides: 7' avg. Int. side > 42' Ht. 7' min. and 10' avg.	Compliant: see for site plan and building location.
23.45.522.C	Amenity Area 5% of GFA in residential use; no more than 50% of amenity area may be enclosed	5% of GFA (residential) = 5% x 32,186 SF = 1,609 SF A minimum of 1,609 SF of amenity area will be provided in combination of indoor lobby lounge spaces / meeting room and outdoor roof deck and private resident decks (1,609 / 2 = 804.5 SF require outdoor amenity space).
23.45.522.B.4.c	Minimum 10' dimension common amenity area	9' minimum dimension public amenity area at groun floor / Departure requested / see page 35.

amenity area	floor / Departure requested / see page 35.

23.45.524	Landscaping: Min. 0.5 Green Factor	TBD / Will comply with minimum Green Factor
23.45.528	Structure Width and Facade Length Limits Max. Width: 120 ' Max Facade Length:	Max Structure Width: 75'-0" proposed Max Facade Length: 94'-0" proposed
23 54 015	Required Parking: 15 / Unit (Alki Over-	Compliant: 27 parking stalls on site / see Basement D

lay)	i	and Floor 1 Plan.

23.54.040	Solid Waste Storage and Access	Departure Requested / see page 36
	18 units 225 SF required	

CHAPTER		GUIDELINE	GUIDELINE RESPONSE	
CS2	B.2	B. ADJACENT SITES, STREETS AND OPEN SPACES  2. Connection to the Street: Identify opportunities for the project to make a strong connection to the street and carefully consider how the building will interact with the public realm. Consider the qualities and character of the streetscape— its physical features (sidewalk, parking, landscape strip, street trees, travel lanes, and other amenities) and its function (major retail street or quieter residential street)—in siting and designing the building.	Though the small site has limited width on Harbor Ave SW, a significant portion of the street level façade will be the glass enclosed building entry located directly on the corner of the site. This feature lends visual interest between the two story volume of the space and the street.	
CS2	C.1	C. RELATIONSHIP TO THE BLOCK  1. Corner Sites: Corner sites can serve as gateways or focal points; both require careful detailing at the first three floors due to their high visibility from two or more streets and	This corner site with three street frontages presents a unique opportunity to provide three facades that are designed to be visually interesting. On the	
		long distances. Consider using a corner to provide extra space for pedestrians and a generous entry, or build out to the corner to provide a strong urban edge to the block.	corner is a 2-story glass enclosed building lobby designed to be a warm and welcoming feature. This feature will allow visual access into the structure while adding visual depth to the façade experience. High quality finish materials and fixtures will be visible in this space.	
CS2	D.4	D. HEIGHT, BULK, AND SCALE  4. Massing Choices: Strive for a successful transition between zones where a project abuts a less intense zone. In some areas, the best approach may be to lower the building height, break up the mass of the building, and/or match the scale of adjacent properties in building detailing. It may be appropriate in other areas to differ from the scale of adjacent buildings but preserve natural systems or existing features, enable better solar exposure or site orientation, and/or make for interesting urban form.	Through the use of high quality siding materials, significant massing breaks, wall plane offsets and balconies, the building bulk and scale is greatly reduced. Additionally, we have held back the northeast corner of the building in order to increase sightlines and solar access to our northern neighbor.	
CS2	В.3	B. SAFETY AND SECURITY  3. Street-Level Transparency: Ensure transparency of street-level uses (for uses such as non-residential uses or residential lobbies), where appropriate, by keeping views open into spaces behind walls or plantings, at corners, or along narrow passageways. Choose semi-transparent rather than opaque screening.	Directly on the corner is a 2-story glass enclosed building lobby designed to be a warm and welcoming feature. This feature will allow visual access and will put "eyes on the street". Without being obtrusive, directed exterior lighting will act to convey security for pedestrians and residents alike.	
PL3	A.1.c	A. ENTRIES  1. Design Objectives: Design primary entries to be obvious, identifiable, and distinctive with clear lines of sight and lobbies visually connected to the street. Scale and detail them to function well for their anticipated use and also to fit with the building of which they are a part, differentiating residential and commercial entries with design features and amenities specific to each.	The corner located entry feature is a 2-story glass enclosed building lobby that is a warm and welcoming feature. This architectural element will allow visual access into the structure while adding visual depth to the façade experience. High quality finish materials and fixtures will be visible in this space.	

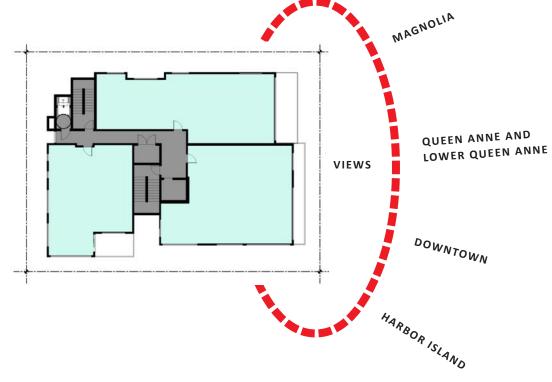
CHAPTER		GUIDELINE	GUIDELINE RESPONSE	
PL3 (continued)	A.1.c	c. Common entries to multi-story residential buildings need to provide privacy and security for residents but also be welcoming and identifiable to visitors. Design features emphasizing the entry as a semi-private space are recommended and may be accomplished through signage, low walls and/or landscaping, a recessed entry area, and other detailing that signals a break from the public sidewalk.		
PL4	В.3	B. PLANNING AHEAD FOR BICYCLISTS  3. Bike Connections: Facilitate connections to bicycle trails and infrastructure around and beyond the project. Design bicycling access points so that they relate to the street grid and include information about connections to existing trails and infrastructure where possible. Also consider signage, kiosks, building lobbies, and bicycle parking areas, where provided, as opportunities to share bicycling information.	As this building is very close to the official bike lane which serves Alki and downtown, we intend to take advantage of the perfect opportunity to encourage the use of bicycles for the residents and visitors alike. We have ample bike storage in the building for residents and a rack near the entry for visitors.	Garage  Driveway  Build. Lobby  Build. Lobby
PL4	C.1	C. PLANNING AHEAD FOR TRANSIT  1. Influence on Project Design: Identify how a transit stop (planned or built) adjacent to or near the site may influence project design, provide opportunities for place-making, and/or suggest logical locations for building entries, retail uses, open space, or land-scaping. Take advantage of the presence of transit patrons to support retail uses in the building.	Since buses also carry bicycles, they are a great complement to the bike infrastructure. There are several bus lines that access Alki, the Admiral District and Downtown. Additionally, the West Seattle Water Taxi is about 1/4 of a mile away! So we will have plenty of ways to take car trips off of the road.	
DC1	A.4	<ul> <li>A. ARRANGEMENT OF INTERIOR USES</li> <li>4. Views and Connections: Locate interior uses and activities to take advantage of views and physical connections to exterior spaces and uses, particularly activities along sidewalks, parks or other public spaces.</li> </ul>	The building layout is designed to take advantage of the views. This results in glass and exterior spaces on several of the building's facades.	
CDC2	A.2	A. MASSING  2. Reducing Perceived Mass: Use secondary architectural elements to reduce the perceived mass of larger projects. Consider creating recesses or indentations in the building envelope; adding balconies, bay windows, porches, canopies or other elements; and/or highlighting building entries.	Through the use of high quality siding materials, significant massing breaks, wall plane offsets and balconies, the building bulk and scale is greatly reduced.	
DC2	B.1	B. ARCHITECTURAL AND FAÇADE COMPOSITION  1. Façade Composition: Design all building facades—including alleys and visible roofs—considering the composition and architectural expression of the building as a whole. Ensure that all facades are attractive and well-proportioned through the placement and detailing of all elements, including bays, fenestration, and materials, and any patterns created by their arrangement. On sites that abut an alley, design the alley façade and its connection to the street carefully. At a minimum, consider wrapping the treatment of the street-facing façade around the alley corner of the building.	Though there are a few modern buildings along Harbor Ave. SW, the primary street context is one of older condominium projects. We are striving for a style that work with the more modern architectural vocabulary to enhance and update the existing neighborhood context. Since our building is located on a prominent corner with three street frontages, the structure is highly articulated on 3 sides with plane offsets, cantilevers and deck areas - all of which will soften the overall massing of the structure. Metal siding and glass are the primary exterior materials which contribute to the high quality exterior palette.	

### **SITE CONSIDERATIONS**

The existing site conditions present a few challenges that must be considered by any design scheme and inform the massing of all.

### **POTENTIAL VIEWS**

To the west of the site are single family homes. The building site being oriented along its narrow side can't really take advantage of the natural site slope by stepping down its massing towards Harbor Ave and the water and City views. Instead, the building's massing is weighted along Harbor Ave in an effort to be proportional with its neighboring multi-family housing along Harbor Ave.



### **ZONE TRANSITION**

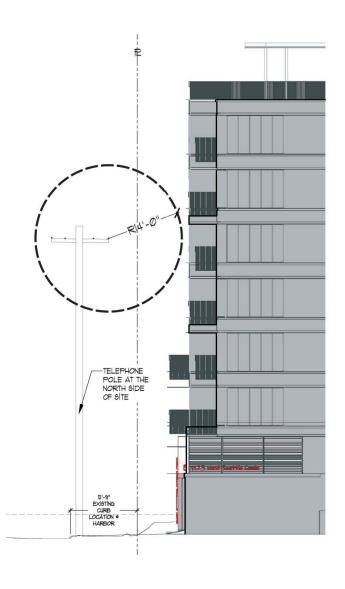
To the west of the site are single family homes built into and on the hillside. The building site being on the smaller side can't really take advantage of the natural site slope by stepping down its massing. Instead, the building's massing is balanced along Harbor Ave to be proportional to the neighboring multi-family housing

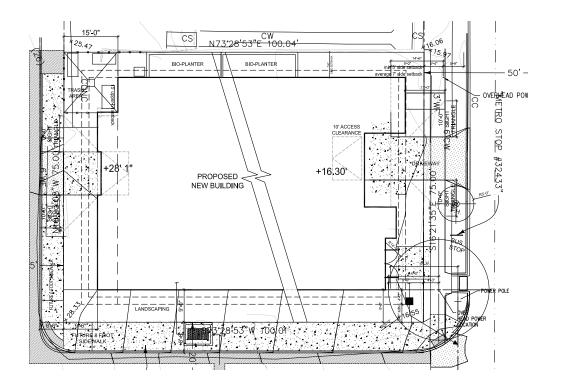
SF 5000

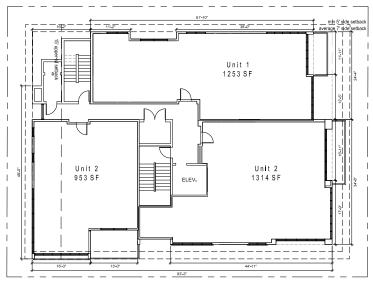
HARBOR AVE. SW

### **POWERLINES**

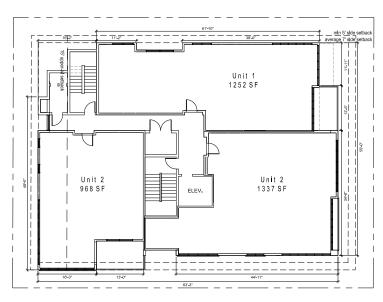
The high-voltage power lines running along Harbor Ave require a 14' offset from any proposed structure.



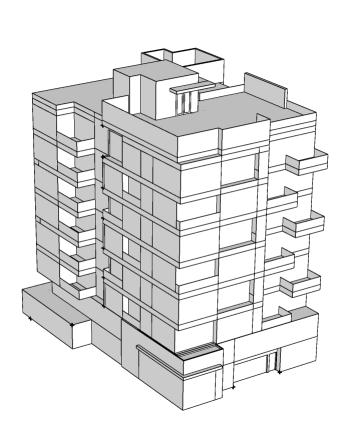


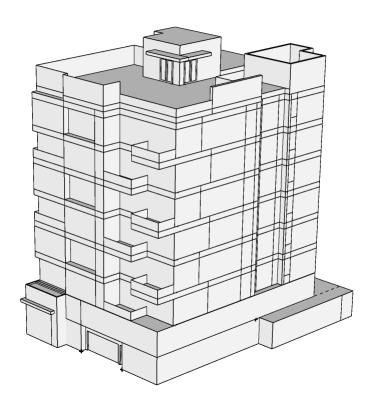


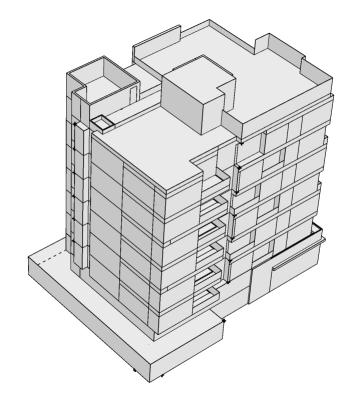




4,6







### **OPTION 1 (Preferred)**

### PROS:

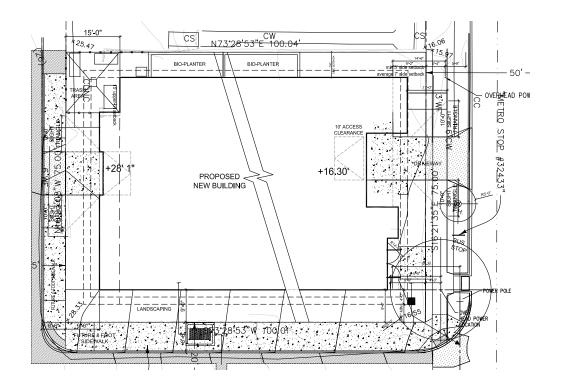
- Street-level corner is visually accessible / welcoming to the neighborhood.
- Highly active wall plane variation along primary street fronts.
- Greatest level of glass creates greatest interaction between the building and the neighborhood.
- 9' setback at the south side yard of the SE unit and the entire eastern setback increase the eastern view angles adjacent buildings and public areas.

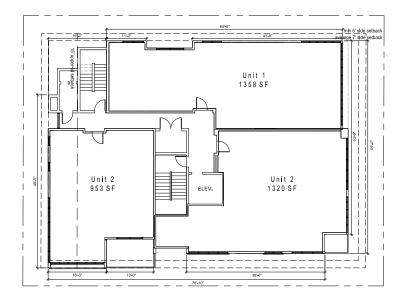
### CONS:

• To increase the eastern view angles the building massing of the south elevation is reduced.

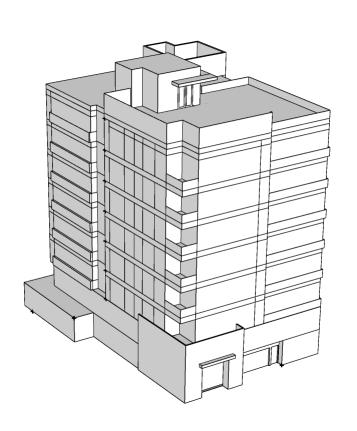
### **POTENTIAL DEPARTURES:**

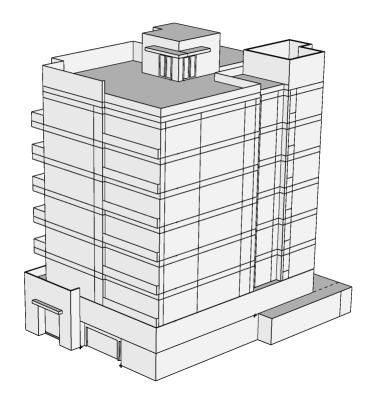
See pages 35 and 36.

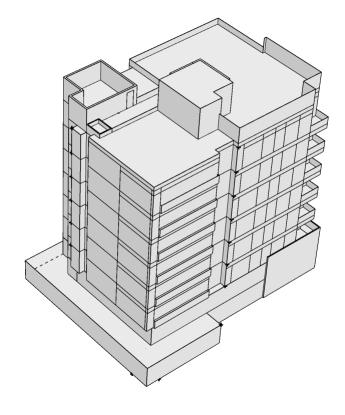




2-7







### OPTION 2

### PROS:

- Street-level corner is visually accessible / welcoming to the neighborhood.
- Largest Façade length along Harbor Ave increasesviews from the units.
- Large Decks at the NE corner foster outdoor interaction with street activities.

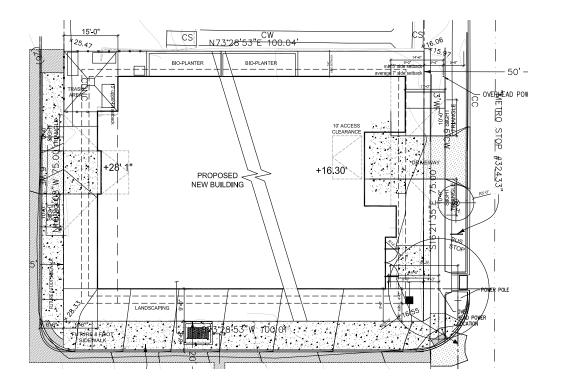
### CONS:

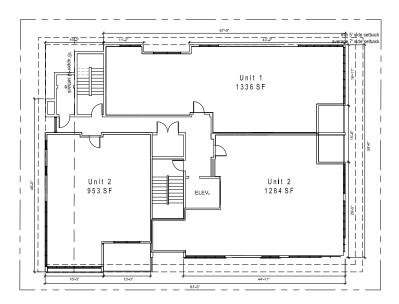
- The increased width of the eastern reduces view corridors from adjacent buildings
- Each floor is repetitive and lacking in visual interest and massing variation.

### **POTENTIAL DEPARTURES:**

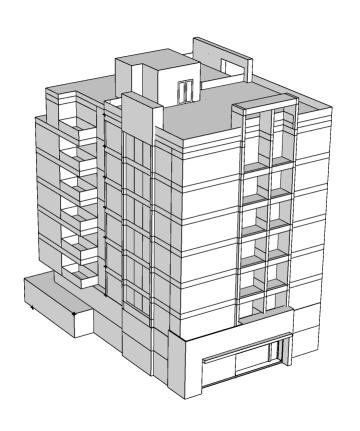
See pages 35 and 36.

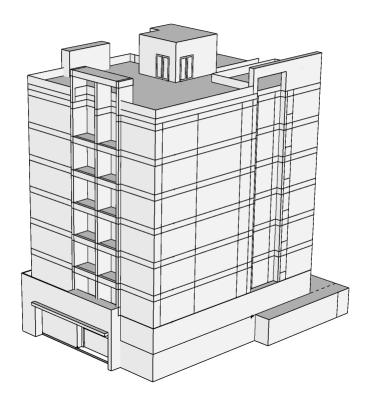
23

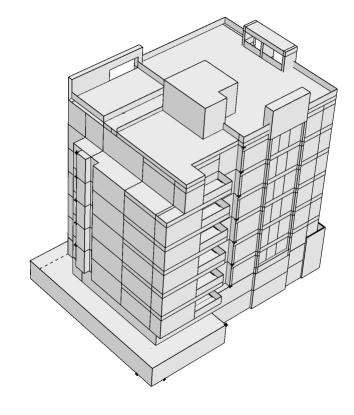




2-7







## **OPTION 3**

### PROS:

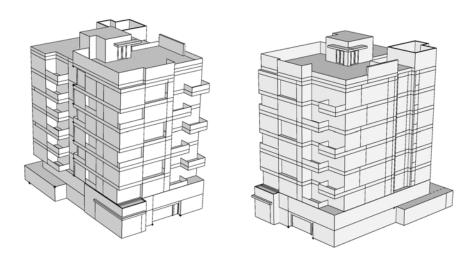
• Strong presence along Harbor Avenue with a sense of symmetry with a tower-like articulation.

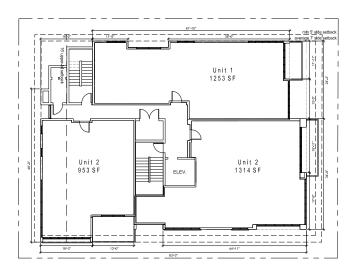
### CONS:

- $\bullet\,$  Top Floor setback at top floor west pushes more GFA into the main building mass.
- Due to top floor setback, top floor residents will have to access the trash chute at lower level- which will be a direct conflict to the luxury and convenience the residents will expect from the penthouse level of such a building.
- Least façade variation.

### POTENTIAL DEPARTURES:

None required.





### **OPTION 1 (Preferred)**

### PROS:

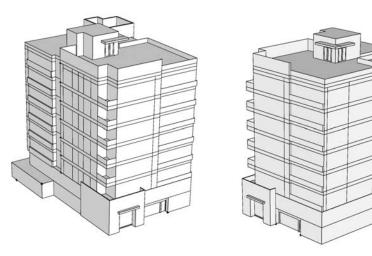
- Street-level corner is visually accessible / welcoming to the neighborhood.
- Highly active wall plane variation along primary street fronts.
- Greatest level of glass creates greatest interaction between the building and the neighborhood.
- 9' setback at the south side yard of the SE unit and the entire eastern setback increase the eastern view angles adjacent buildings and public areas.

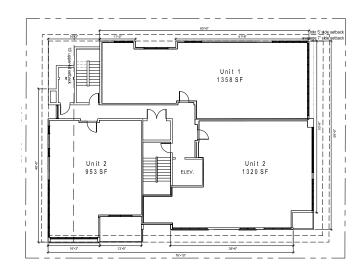
### CONS:

• To increase the eastern view angles the building massing of the south elevation is reduced.

### **POTENTIAL DEPARTURES:**

See pages 35 and 36.





### **OPTION 2**

### PROS:

- Street-level corner is visually accessible / welcoming to the neighborhood.
- Largest Façade length along Harbor Ave increasesviews from the units.
- Large Decks at the NE corner foster outdoor interaction with street activities.

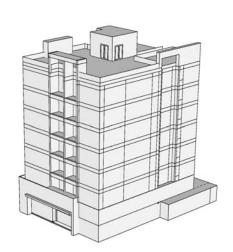
### CONS:

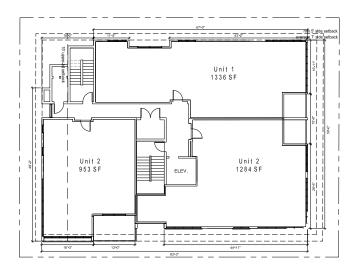
- $\bullet\,$  The increased width of the eastern reduces view corridors from adjacent buildings
- Each floor is repetitive and lacking in visual interest and massing variation.

### **POTENTIAL DEPARTURES:**

See pages 35 and 36.







### **OPTION 3**

### PROS:

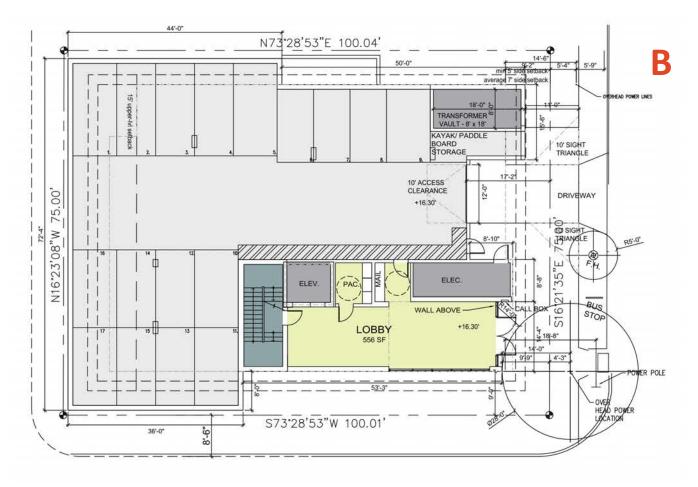
• Strong presence along Harbor Avenue with a sense of symmetry with a tower-like articulation.

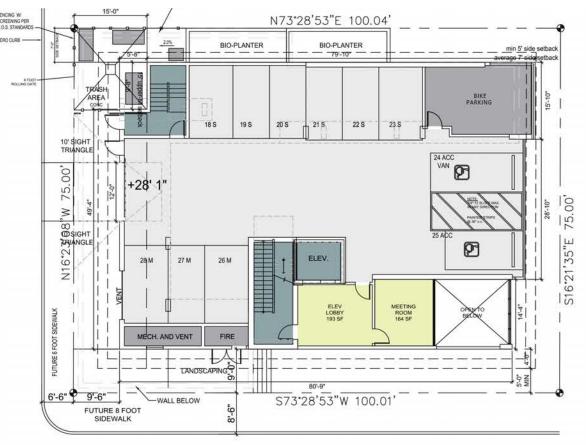
### CONS:

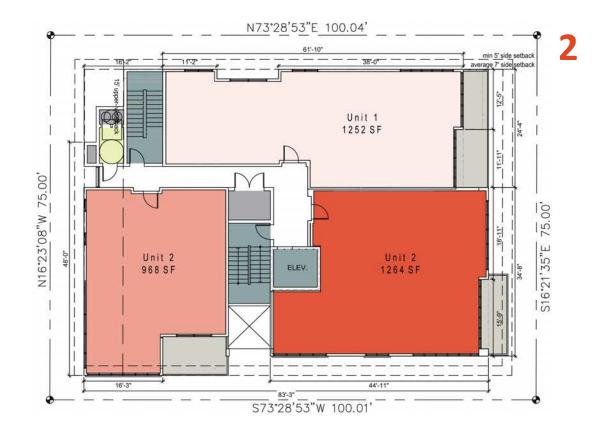
- Top Floor setback at top floor west pushes more GFA into the main building mass.
- Due to top floor setback, top floor residents will have to access the trash chute at lower level- which will be a direct conflict to the luxury and convenience the residents will expect from the penthouse level of such a building.
- Least façade variation.

### **POTENTIAL DEPARTURES:**

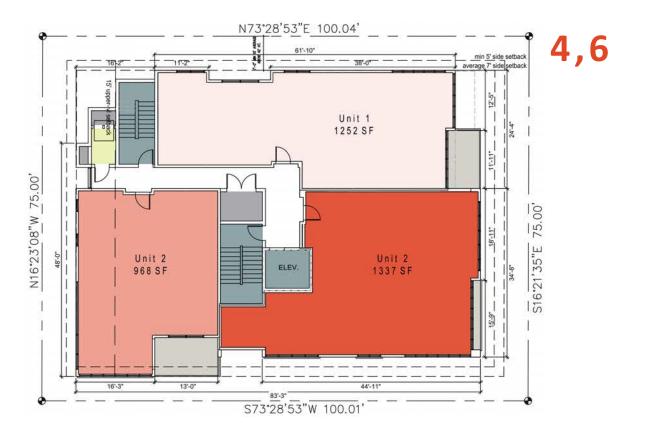
None required.

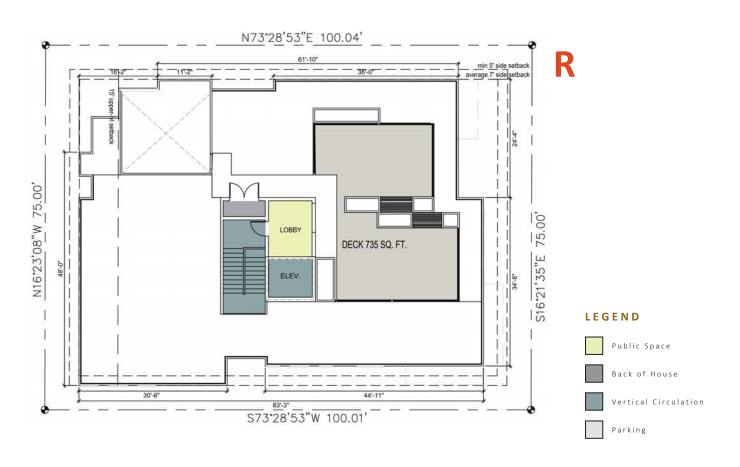














SOUTHEAST VIEW - AERIAL



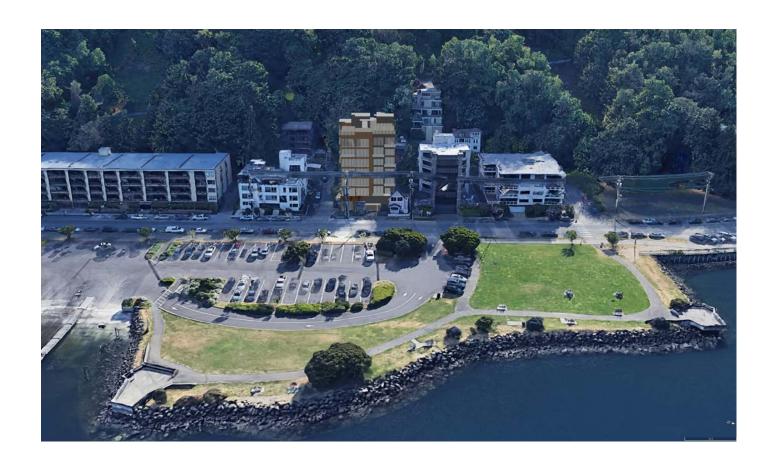
SOUTHEAST VIEW - HARBOR AVENUE SW



NORTHEAST VIEW - ALONG HARBOR AVENUE SW



NORTHEAST VIEW - STREET LEVEL











BREAK UP BUILDING MASSING



WINDOW WALL

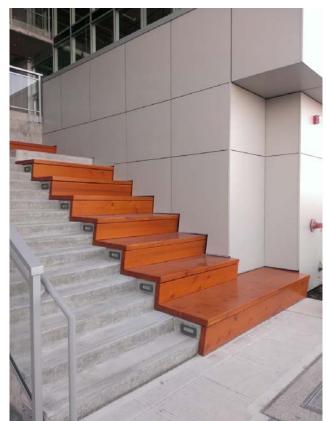


CLADDING PATTERN CONTRAST



VARIATION IN MATERIAL SCALE





LANDSCAPE / ARCHITECTURE INTEGRATION



INTRODUCTION OF MATERIAL DETAILS IN LANDSCAPE

BREAK UP BUILDING MATERIALS



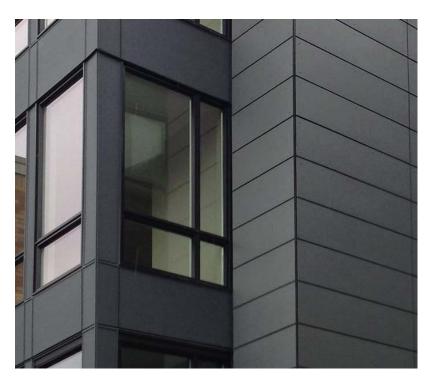
POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE SPACE



CLEAN LINES / CAREFUL DETAILING



DIFFERENT CLADDING TEXTURES

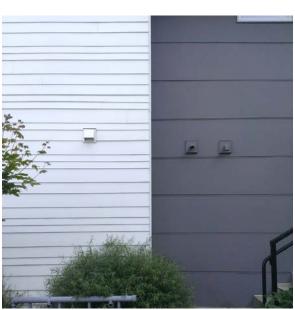


HARDI-PANEL AND METAL DETAIL





BREAK UP MONOLITHIC PLANES

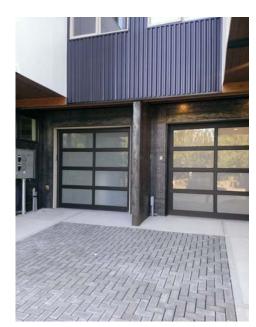


VARYING COLOR, MATERIAL PATTERN AND RHYTHM





RESIDENTIAL SCALE DESIGN



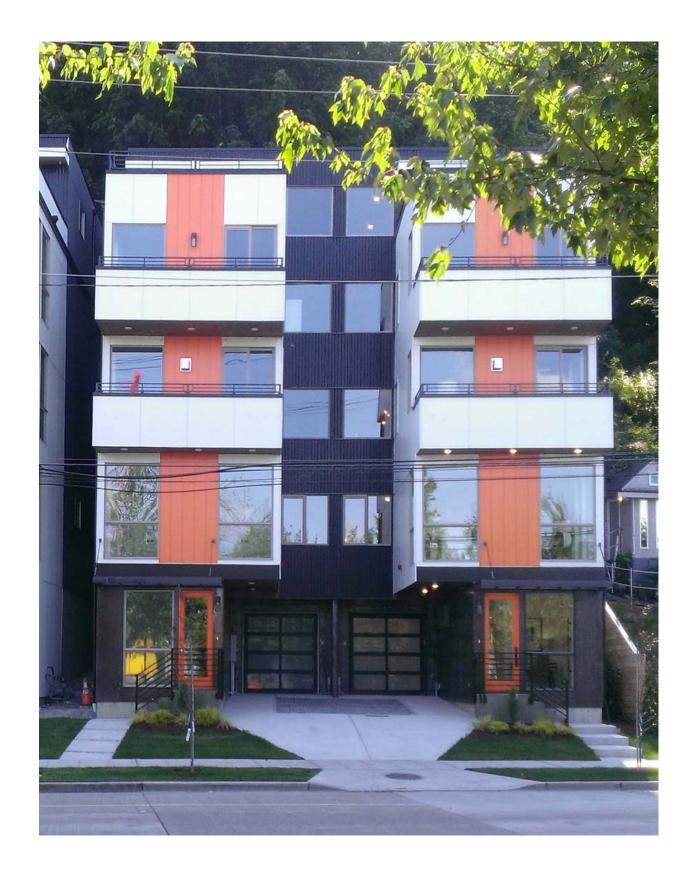
INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS

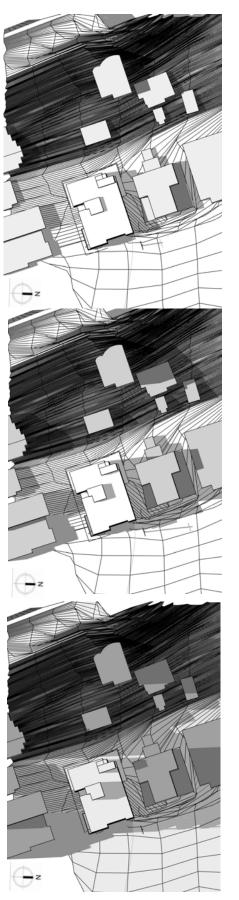


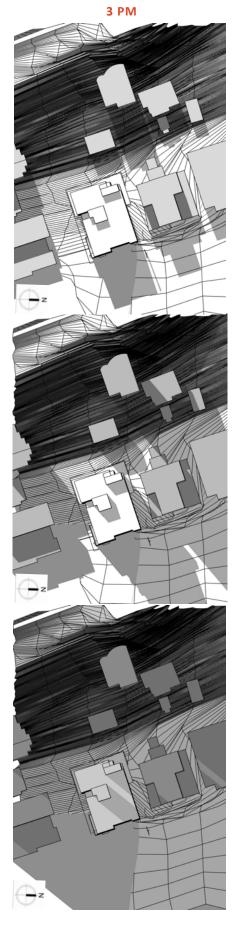
INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS



RESIDENTIAL SCALE









DEPARTURE #	CODE SECTION	CODE REQUIREMENT	REQUESTED DEPARTURE	DESIGN RATIONALE
1	23.45.518.I.10 & 11 Setbacks and separations	10. Above-grade green stormwater infrastructure (GSI) features are allowed without setback or separation restrictions if:  a. Each above-grade GSI feature is less than 4.5 feet tall, excluding piping; b. Each above-grade GSI feature is less than 4 feet wide; and c. The total storage capacity of all above-grade GSI features is no greater than 600 gallons.  11. Above-grade GSI features larger than what is allowed in subsection 23.45.518.I.10 are allowed within a required setback or separation if: a. Above-grade GSI features do not exceed ten percent coverage of any one setback or separation area; b. No portion of an above-grade GSI feature is located closer than 2.5 feet from a side lot line; and c. No portion of an above-grade GSI feature projects more than 5 feet into a front or rear setback area.	REQUESTED DEPARTURE: We request that we be allowed to place Stormwater features in the north setback which would extend to the property line and may be larger than 600 gallons and/or be up to 20% of the side yard setback area.	DEPARTURE IMPACT: Though the stormwater system is still under design, it seems that there is an opportunity to integrate Bio Planters into the 7 foot north setback. The neighboring property has an elevated concrete walkway / stairs above the adjacent site grade at this property line. Appropriately planted and sited features in this area should be an enhancement to the side yard, even if the stormwater features are slightly larger or have a smaller setback than listed in the code.
2	23.45.522.D.5.a Amenity Area	a. No common amenity area shall be less than 250 square feet in area, and common amenity areas shall have a minimum horizontal dimension of 10 feet.	REQUESTED DEPARTURE: The ground level Amenity Areas that we propose has a 9' dimension (structure to property line). We would like to have the option to include this area with a 9' minimum dimension in our Amenity Area calculations.	<b>DEPARTURE IMPACT:</b> As we would still meet a 250 sf minimum, it seems to meet the intent of the Amenity Area.
3	23.45.536 Parking location, access and screening	E. Other provisions. Garage doors in LR zones and MR zones facing the street shall be set back at least 18 feet from the street lot line, and shall be no closer to the street lot line than the street-facing facade of the structure.	REQUESTED DEPARTURE: We request a departure which would allow the garage door to be as close as 15' to the east property line and 9' to the west property line.	DEPARTURE IMPACT: The garage doors to each of the two parking areas are set back significantly from the adjacent building façade, greatly lessening the visual impact of the doors. Also of note, the parking areas served by the garage doors are relatively small (16 stalls and 11 stalls), so we do not anticipate heavy traffic at the garage doors.

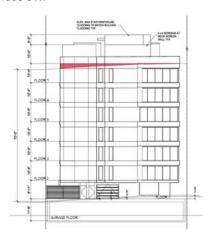
# **DEPARTURE # CODE SECTION** 23.45.518.B.2.a Setbacks and separations 23.54.040

### **CODE REQUIREMENT**

- 2. Upper-level setbacks in MR zones
- a. For lots abutting a street that is less than 56 feet in width, all portions of the structure above 70 feet in height must be set back 15 feet from the front lot line abutting that right-of-way
- d. Rooftop features are not allowed in upper-level setback except as follows:
- 1) Open railings may extend up to 4 feet above the height at which the setback
- 2) Parapets may extend up to 2 feet above the height at which the setback begins.

### REQUESTED DEPARTURE

**REQUESTED DEPARTURE:** A departure from the 15' setback standard for a small portion of the roof at Elm Place SW.



### **DESIGN RATIONALE**

**DEPARTURE IMPACT:** This site is technically a through lot, but due to its size, Elm Pl SW functions more like an alley. On previous projects where there is a clear front yard along a street, upper level street setbacks have been measured from the adjacent sidewalk (even when the walk is significantly below average grade). Sidewalk grade is still being determined through a SIP, but it appears that a 70' height limit above the anticipated sidewalk would require a sloped roof over the northern extent of the roof. As this would be the only sloped roof area, we believe the continuity of the roofline would outweigh a strict interpretation of the 15' setback. Please note that the stair penthouse on this façade is set back 15' from the property line.

# Solid waste and recyclable materials storage and access

E. The location of all storage spaces shall meet the following requirements:

1. The storage space shall be located on the lot of the structure it serves and, if located outdoors, shall not be located between a street-facing facade of the structure and the street;

### REQUESTED DEPARTURE:

To allow for an enclosed outdoor trash area between the building and a front property line.

**DESIGN RATIONALE:** Though Elm Pl SW is technically the secondary "front" yard of a through lot, it effectively functions as an alley for the through lots along Elm Pl SW.

23.54.040.I states that the Director, in consultation with the Director of Seattle Public Utilities, has the discretion to modify the requirements of this Section 23.54.040 as a Type I decision, if the applicant proposes alternative, workable measures that meet the intent of this Section 23.54.040 and if either:

- 1. The applicant can demonstrate difficulty in meeting any of the requirements of this Section 23.54.040; or
- the project has three street facing lot lines, and it is difficult to provide storage access not facing a street as required in 23.54.040.E.1. Elm is a nonarterial street and service access from there will provide min impact.
- 2. The applicant proposes to construct or expand a structure, and the requirements of this Section 23.54.040 conflict with opportunities to increase residential densities and/or retain ground-level
- if we are required to provide enclosed trash room within the building outline, we will eliminate min of 3 parking stalls and the project won't be able to meet the zoning parking requirements, 2 of the units will be without parking stalls, and in addition the project will need to apply for parking departure.

We contend that both of these exceptions apply.