832. SOUTH CLOVERDALE STREET.

PROJECT NUMBER: 3028009 | SDR GUIDANCE PACKET | OCTOBER 2017.

ARCHITECT:

DAVID VANDERVORT ARCHITECTS

CC: MARK WIERENGA 2000 FAIRVIEW AVE E, SUITE 103 SEATTLE, WA 98102 (206) 784-1614

PROPERTY OWNER:

CLOVERDALE MODERN TOWNHOMES

CC: PETR KISLYAK 6608 12TH STREET EAST FIFE, WA 98424



832 SOUTH CLOVERDALE STREET.

01.

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT DESCRIPTION.

The proposed townhome project is located on South Cloverdale Street in a LR-2 zone. The site is currently developed with a Single Family Residence and outbuildings on site. This project proposes to build (6) townhomes, (3) of which are to front South Cloverdale Street with the other (3) at the rear of the site. A total of (6) parking spaces will be provided, (1) for each residential unit. Parking will be accessed from the alley at the back of the site and the existing curb cut on South Cloverdale Street will be infilled.

02. SITE ANALYSIS

03.BUILDING DESIGN

04.DESIGN
STANDARDS

05.CODE
ADJUSTMENT

PROJECT #. 3028009 6,000 SF LOT AREA. PROPOSED COMMERCIAL UNITS. N/A N/A COMMERCIAL SQUARE FOOTAGE. PROPOSED DWELLING UNITS. 6 UNITS RESIDENTIAL UNIT # / TYPE. 6 TOWNHOMES 7,182 SF RESIDENTIAL SQUARE FOOTAGE. PARKING. 6 SPACES



CONTEXT ANALYSIS. 9-BLOCK STUDY.



CONTEXT ANALYSIS. ZONING DATA.

01. Lot Area: 6.000 SF **PROJECT** Zoning: LR-2

INFORMATION ECA: LIQUIFACTION

Residential Use:

Commercial Use: N/A

6 TOWNHOMES

FAR: 1.2* PER TABLE A 23.45.510

02. HEIGHT: 30' BASE HEIGHT

SITE 4' OF ADDITIONAL HEIGHT FOR RAILINGS / PARAPETS PER 23.45.514.J2

10' OF ADDITIONAL HEIGHT FOR STAIR PENTHOUSES PER 23.45.514.J4

FRONT: 7' AVERAGE / 5' MINIMUM PER TABLE A 23.45.518 SETBACKS:

SIDES: 5' FOR FACADES < 40' PER TABLE A 23.45.518

7' AVERAGE / 5' MINIMUM FOR FACADES > THAN 40' PER TABLE A 23.45.518

*THE HIGHER FAR LIMIT MEANS THIS PROJECT MUST MEET STANDARD OF 23.45.510.C

REAR: 7' AVERAGE / 5' MINIMUM PER TABLE A 23.45.518

PARKING: ONE SPOT PER DWELLING PER 23.54.015 TABLE B

PARKING ACCESS: ACCESS IS PROVIDED BY THE ALLEY AT THE REAR OF THE SITE BICYCLE PARKING: 1 BIKE PARKING SPACE PER 4 DWELLINGS PER 23.54.015 TABLE D.D2

AMENITY AREA: 25% OF THE LOT AREA PER 23.45.522A

50% OF THE REQUIRED AMENITY AREA MUST BE PROVIDED AT THE GROUND LEVEL

04. **EXCEPTIONAL TREE:**

DESIGN **GREEN FACTOR:** A GREEN FACTOR SCORE OF 0.6 IS REQUIRED FOR THIS SITE PER 23.45.524.A2

ANALYSIS

03.

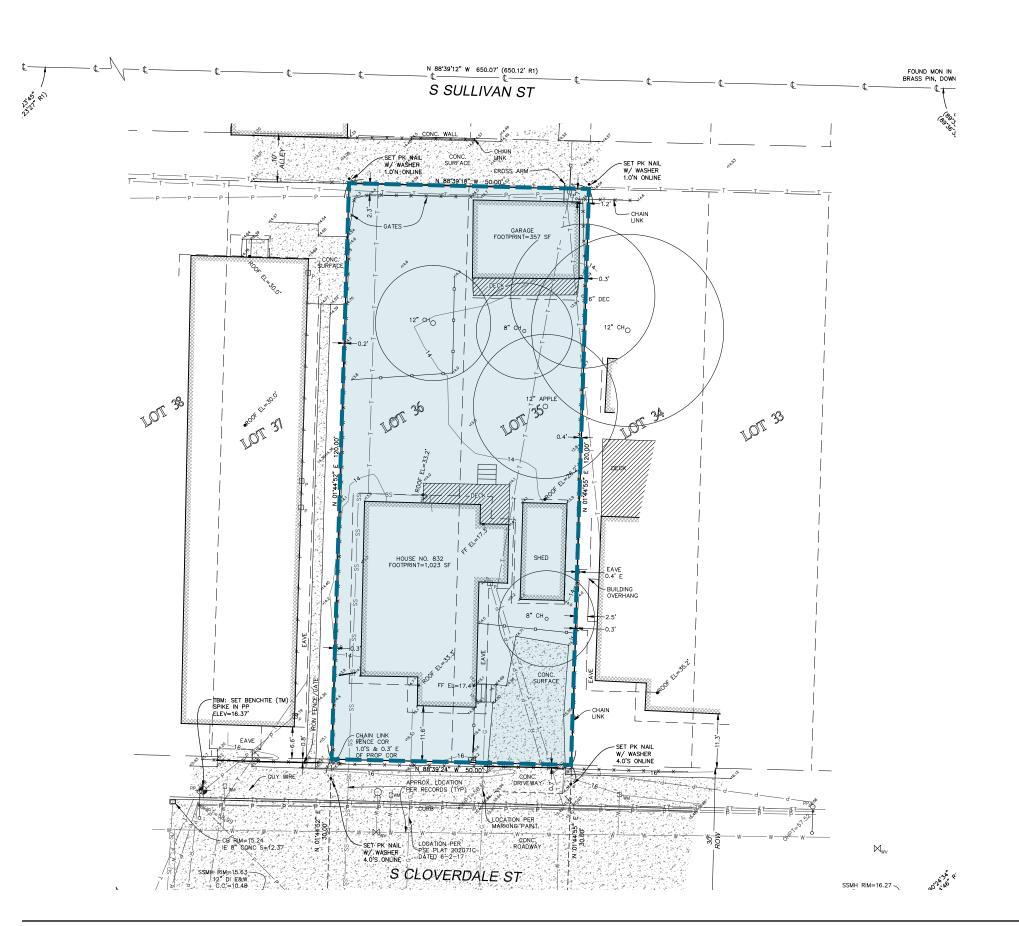
DESIGN

05.

ADJUSTMENT



PROJECT INFORMATION. SURVEY.







PROJECT INFORMATION

SITE ADDRESS.

832 SOUTH CLOVERDALE STREET SEATTLE. WA 98108 02. SITE ANALYSIS

PARCEL NUMBER.

788360-4245

LEGAL DESCRIPTION.

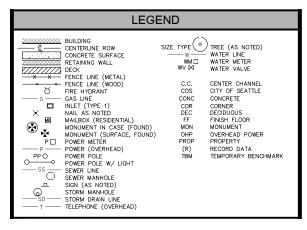
LOT 35 AND 36 IN BLOCK 22 OF SOUTH PARK, AS PER PLAT RECORDED IN VOLUME 4 OF PLATS, PAGE 87, RECORDS OF KING COUNTY AUDITOR; SITUATE IN THE CITY OF SEATTLE, COUNTY OF KING, STATE OF WASHINGTON.

03. BUILDING DESIGN

VERTICAL DATUM:

NAVD 88 PER CITY OF SEATTLE BENCHMARK 5286 BRASS CAP STAMPED COS 5286.

04. DESIGN STANDARDS



BLOCK FACE STUDY. SOUTH CLOVERDALE STREET.



02. SITE ANALYSIS



04.DESIGN STANDARDS

05.CODE
ADJUSTMENT

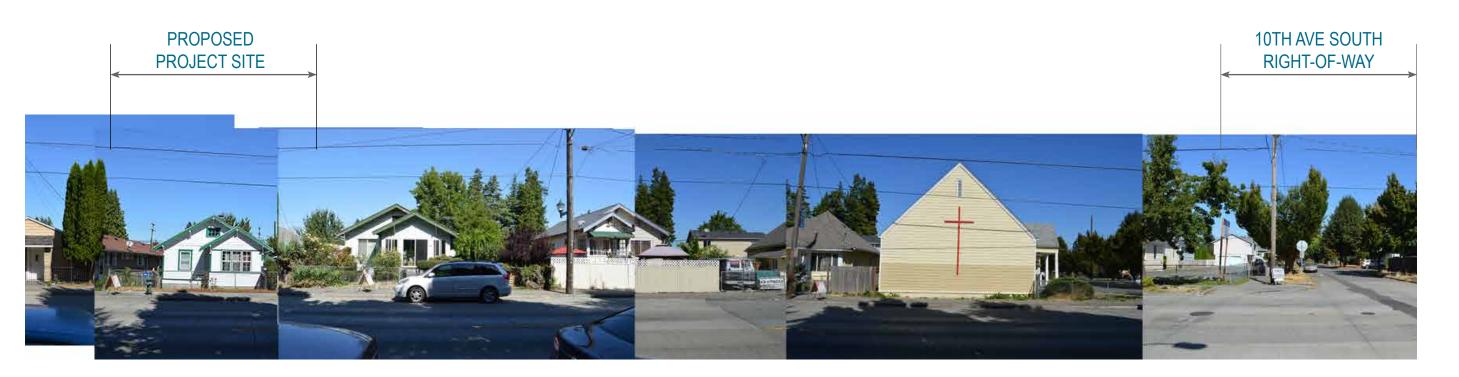


VIEW FROM S. CLOVERDALE. LOOKING NORTH.



VIEW FROM S. CLOVERDALE. LOOKING SOUTH.

BLOCK FACE STUDY. SOUTH CLOVERDALE STREET.



01.PROJECT INFORMATION

02. SITE ANALYSIS

VIEW FROM S. CLOVERDALE. LOOKING NORTH.

03. BUILDING DESIGN

8TH AVE SOUTH RIGHT-OF-WAY

> 04. DESIGN

DESIGN STANDARDS

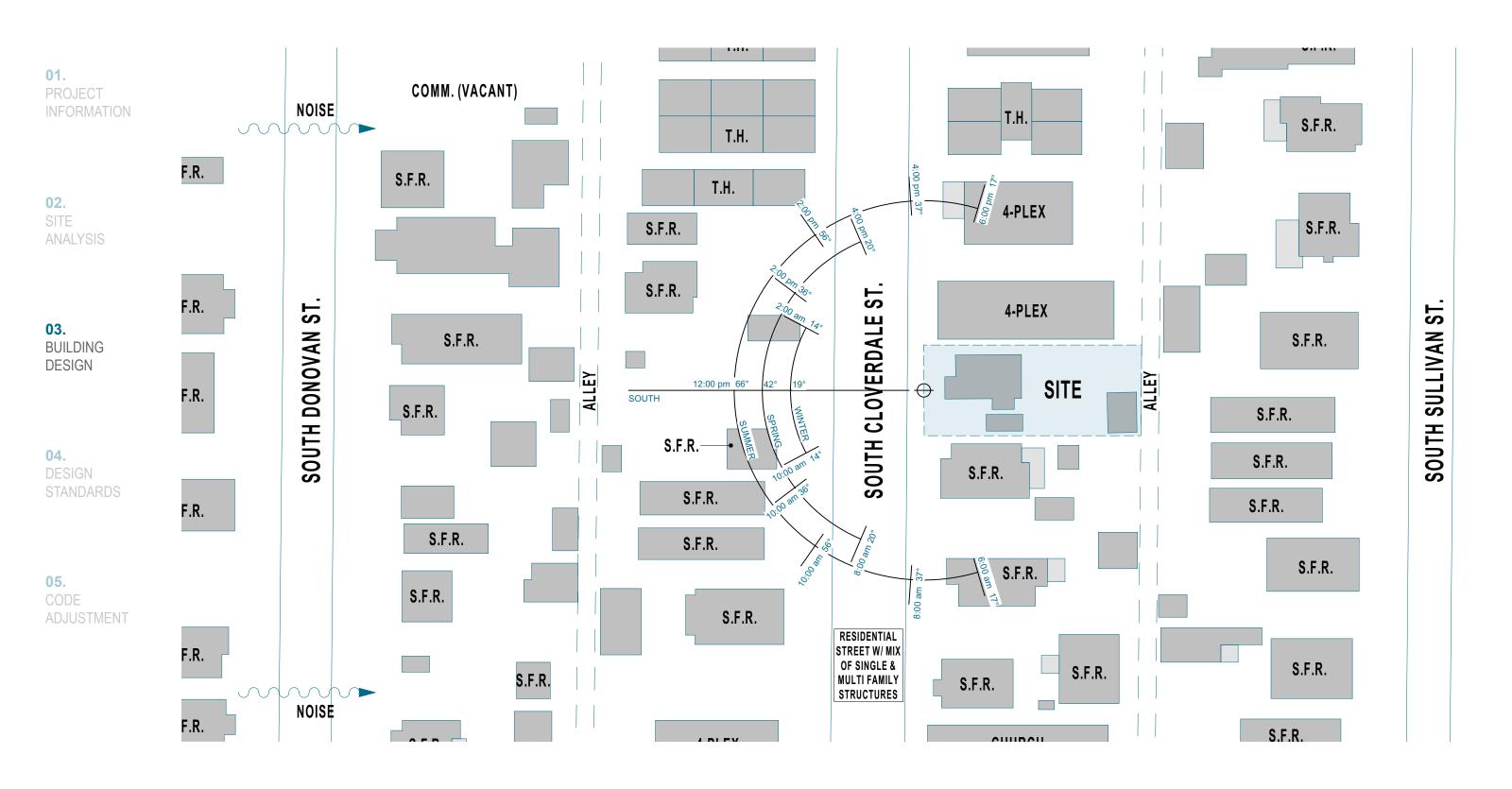
05.CODE
ADJUSTMENT



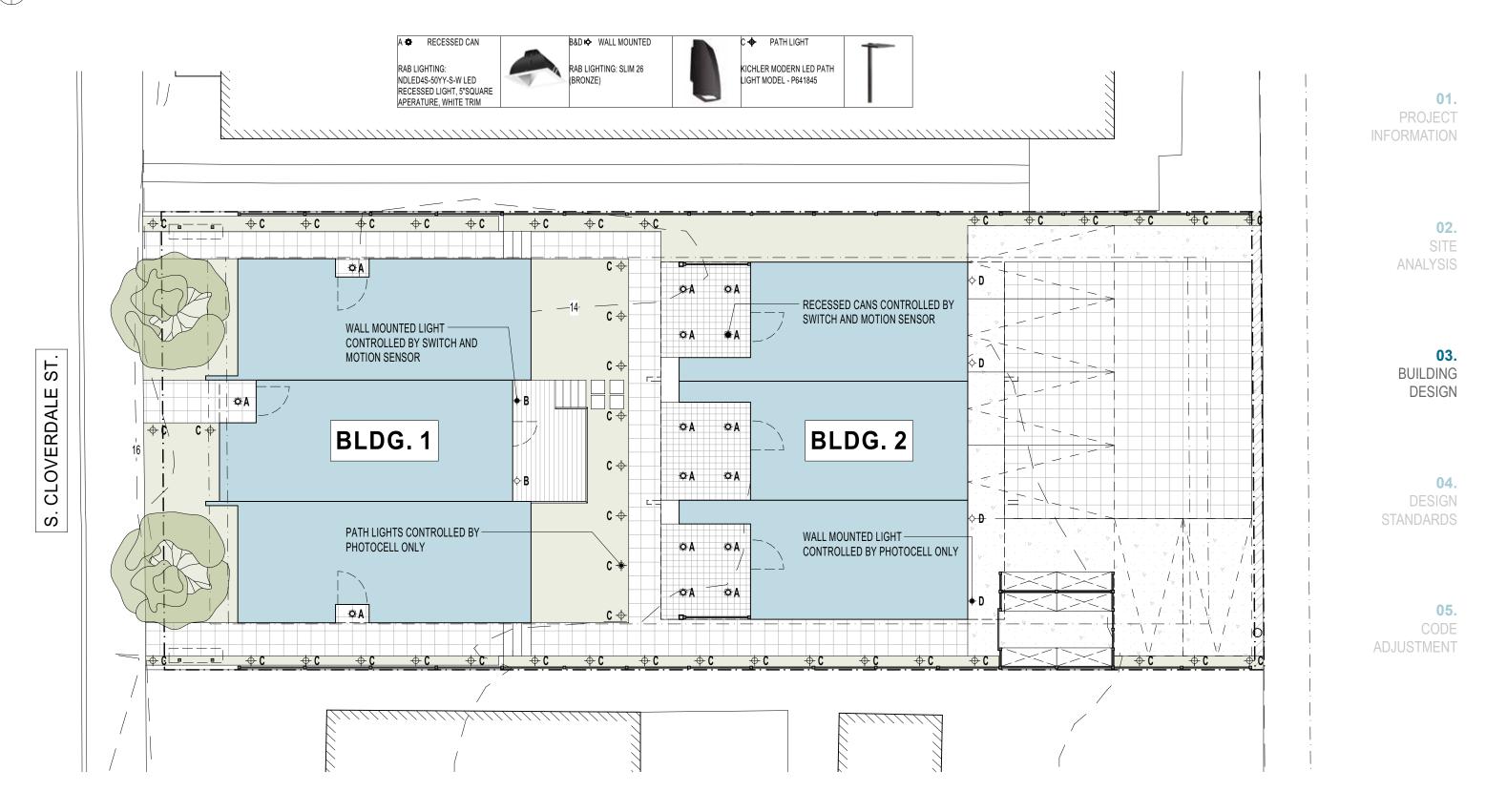
VIEW FROM S. CLOVERDALE. LOOKING SOUTH.







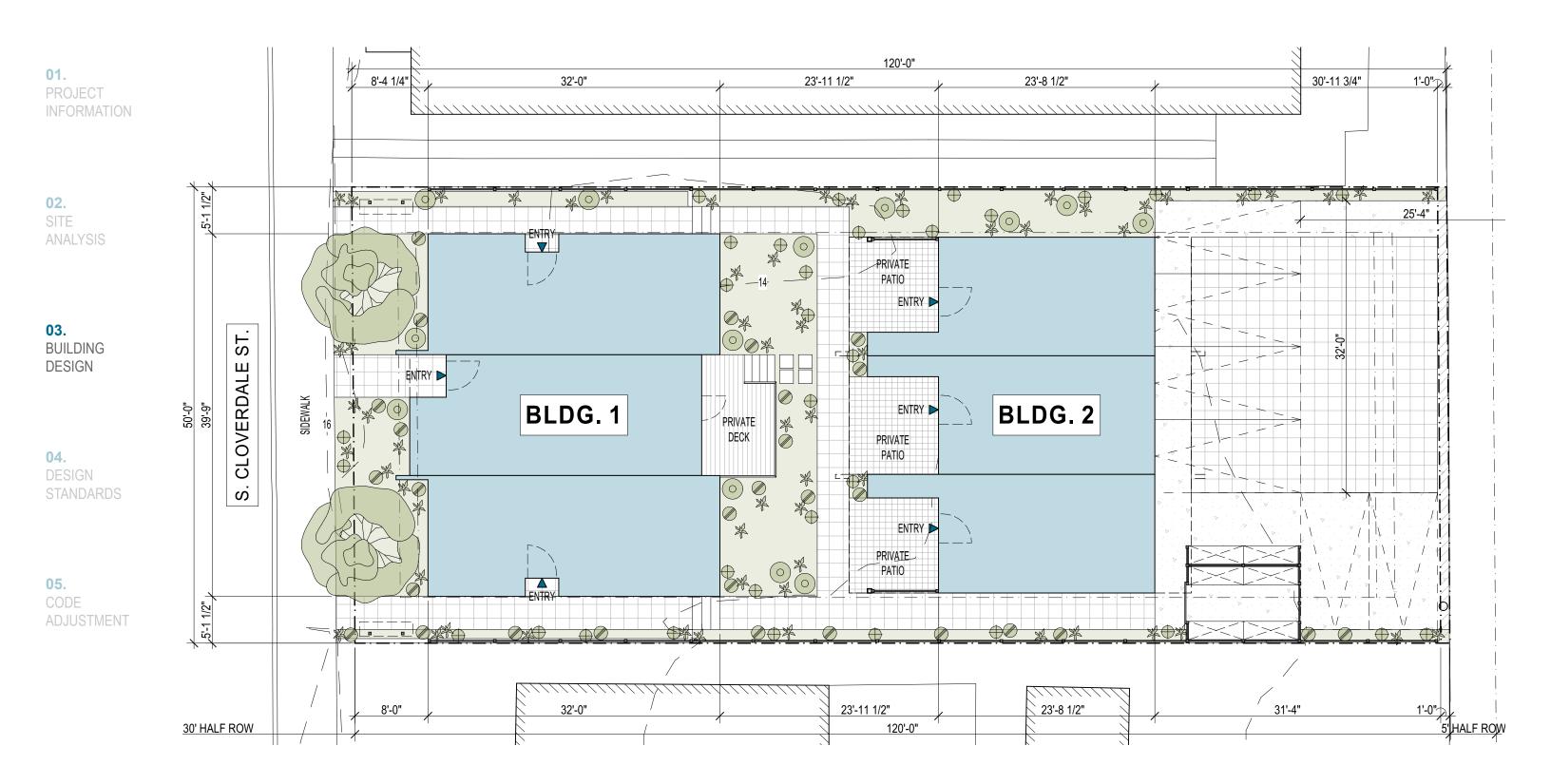




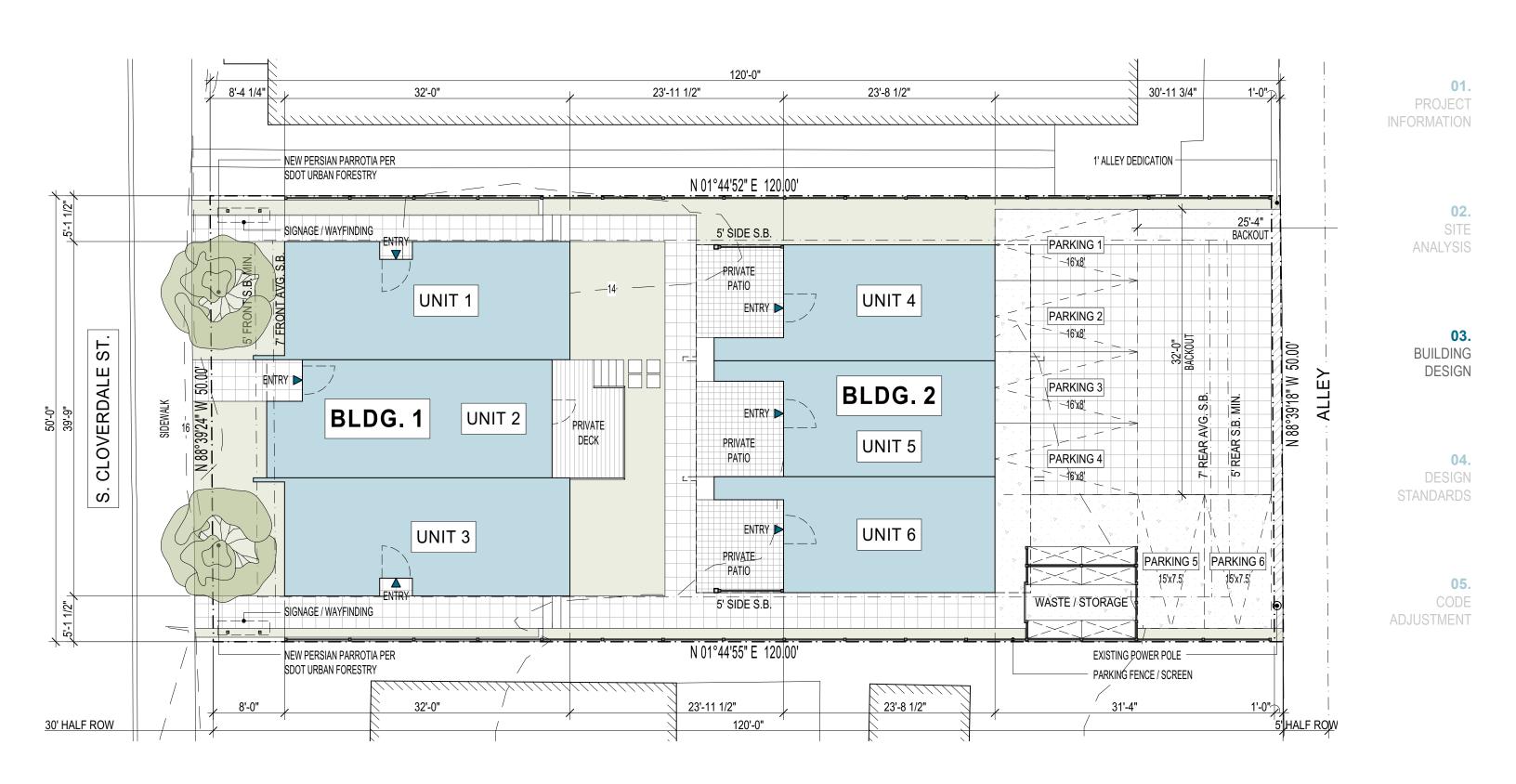
BUILDING DESIGN. LANDSCAPE PLAN.















01.PROJECT
INFORMATION

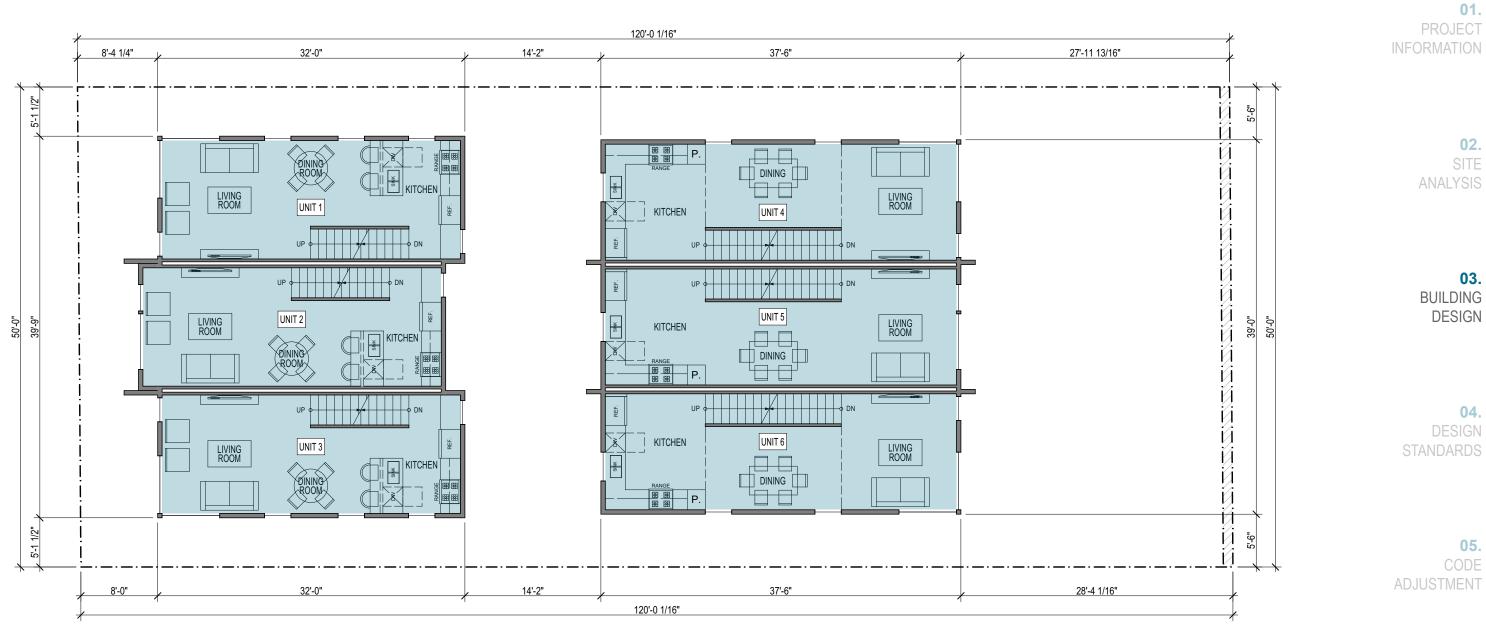
02. SITE ANALYSIS

03.BUILDING DESIGN

04.DESIGN
STANDARDS







PROJECT

02. SITE

03. BUILDING DESIGN

05.

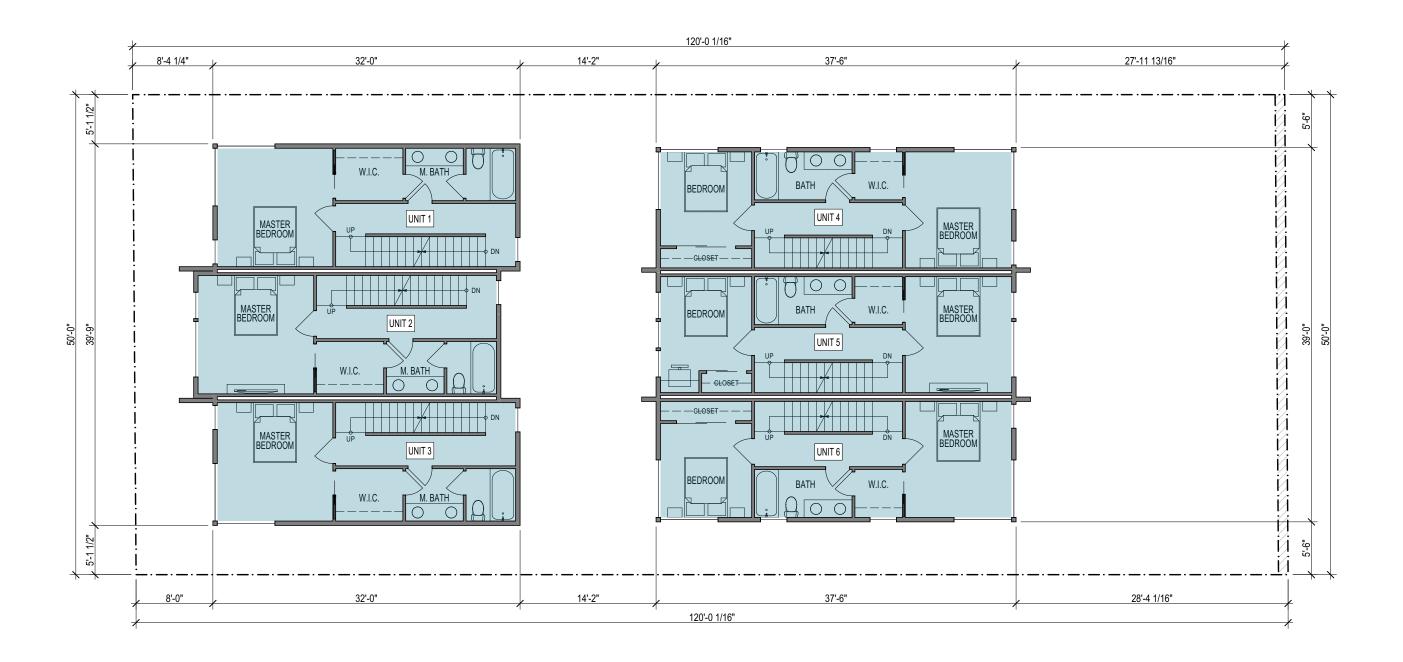


01.PROJECT
INFORMATION

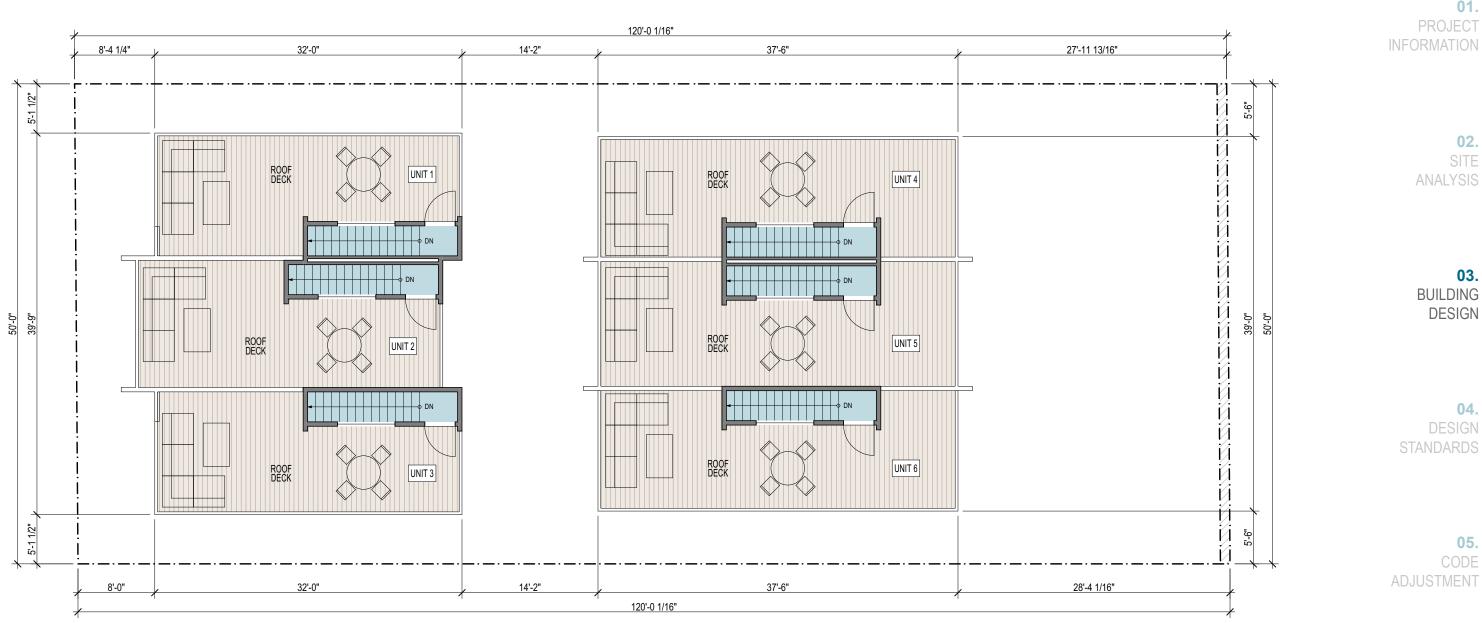
02.SITE
ANALYSIS

03.BUILDING DESIGN

04.DESIGN
STANDARDS







01. PROJECT

> 02. SITE

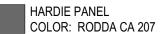
03. BUILDING

DESIGN

BUILDING DESIGN. ELEVATIONS.













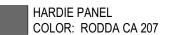
BUILDING 2. SOUTH ELEVATION

BUILDING 2. NORTH ELEVATION

BUILDING DESIGN. ELEVATIONS.











OVERALL. WEST ELEVATION

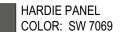


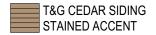
OVERALL. EAST ELEVATION

BUILDING DESIGN. ALTERNATE COLOR 1.











BUILDING 1. SOUTH ELEVATION - ALT. 1

BUILDING 1. NORTH ELEVATION - ALT. 1



BUILDING 1. SOUTH ELEVATION - ALT. 2

BUILDING 1. NORTH ELEVATION - ALT. 2

DESIGN STANDARDS. COMPLIANCE.

01.

PROJECT INFORMATION

02. ANALYSIS

03. DESIGN

04. **DESIGN** STANDARDS

05. CODE **ADJUSTMENT**

CS1: Natural Systems and Site Features

D. Plants and Habitat:

D.1 Onsite Features:

Two new Persia Parrotia trees will be planted on site alongside the sidewalk providing shade, vegetation and wildlife habitat. The site has several small fruiting trees on site that are not exceptional. Due to the density and parking requirements they will be removed. We will be working with a landscape designer to further develop our landscape planting strategy for the rest of the

CS2: Urban Pattern and Form

D. Height, Bulk and Scale: D 3 Zone Transitions:

Our site is located along a zone transition from LR-2 on our lot to SF-5000 on the other side of the shared alley. To address this transition we have stepped the back building following the contour shift 2' lower than the front building. We have also provided a large setback of over 28' from the face of our building to the property line at the alley meaning there is 38' to the SF-5000 rear lot line. This coupled with the rear setback for the SF-5000 lot means that there will be minimal if any impacts to future development of the lot.

PL3: Street Level Interaction

A. Entries:

B. Residential Edges:

Our project is composed of six townhomes, three of which face the street, three of which gain access from a shared central courtyard. Of the street facing units only one is able to enter directly off of the street as we will have two required street trees in front of the other which help to provide a buffer between the sidewalk and residential edge. To help clearly identify access to the other five units, we are using pathways along both edges of the site that have signage and pathway lighting to lead users to covered, individually lit unit entries.

To help lessen our impact on neighboring sites we will install fences and a vegetative buffer between our internal pathways and the side property lines in order to mitigate potential visual and noise impacts. To provide further privacy we have minimized the amount of glazing directed to the east and west at neighboring properties so that we will have minimal negative privacy impacts on existing and future developments.

DC1: Project Uses and Activities

A. Arrangement of Interior Uses:

B. Vehicular Access and Circulation:

Our design looks to maximize views and connections by orienting the views between building #1 and #2 away from each other and minimize the amount of glazing on facades that face each other. By having the buildings face in opposite directions each gets much longer sight lines and increased privacy looking out across the street / alley.

By removing the existing curb cut on site to South Cloverdale Street and providing parking off of the alley we establish clear pedestrian pathways along the east and west site edges. Vehicular parking is located at the rear of the site accessed via an alley and screened from neighboring properties.

DC2: Architectural Concept

A. Massing:

C. Secondary Architectural Features:

D. Scale and Texture:

By stepping at each unit along the street facing facade we reduce the perceived scale of the overall structure. Each dwelling is vertically expressed as independent from the others. This technique, paired with secondary archi-





DESIGN STANDARDS. COMPLIANCE.





tectural features such as a the dual purpose horizontal and vertical shading bands not only help to shade but also increase the visual facade depth and provide privacy between units.

At the rear building we are incorporating much of the same language but in a way that will maximize the ground level courtyard space between the buildings. By cantilevering the North and South ends of the building we create private at-grade patios and landscaping for the rear units while also making room for parking and service functions such as waste storage. The use of vertical fins much like the Building 1 help to provide privacy between units and focus views away other units. All of these massing techniques not only help to break down the mass but also help to add texture and scale to buildings in zones that are in transition from smaller-scale structures.

DC3: Open Space Concept

- A. Building-Open Space Relationship:
- B. Open Space Uses and Activities:

Given the fact that our project site area is very limited, we have endeavored to create a number of ground level and rooftop private spaces and a central community "flex" space. By creating diverse outdoor private amenity areas, our units can cater to different users / lifestyles. While all the units have large private roof decks, units 1 & 3 will also have private rear yards for growing vegetables or outdoor activities. Unit 2 has a raised deck and units 4-6 have covered patios. All units share a large vehicular parking area at the rear of the site which will feature 2 distinct paving types; a pervious concrete and a pervious unit paver. The small community of inhabitants will have a space to host group BBQ's and functions where they park cars along the street and enjoy group functions in their community "flex" space.

DC4: Exterior Elements and Finishes

- A. Building Materials:
- B. Signage:

C. Lighting:

D. Trees, Landscape & Hardscape:

For this project it was essential that we use a variety of materials not only to provide visual interest but also to help break down the scale of the façade, reducing perceived mass and providing a more human scale. We are proposing a mixture of cementitious lap/panel siding with accent areas of stained cedar cladding. This combination will provide a good balance between visual texture and low-maintenance for the building envelope. Signage is provided along the east and west pedestrian pathways near the sidewalk to help guide guests to their destination. Recessed exterior lighting, along with path lighting, will ensure a secure environment, and reduce glare and light pollution.

Our landscaping will be designed by a landscape professional and will be comprised of trees along the street frontage as well as a number of different native, drought tolerant species of shrubs and bushes throughout the site. Our hardscape will be made up of pervious pavers for site circulation and a mixture of pervious pavers and pavement in the parking / "flex" space.

01.PROJECT
INFORMATION

02. SITE ANALYSIS

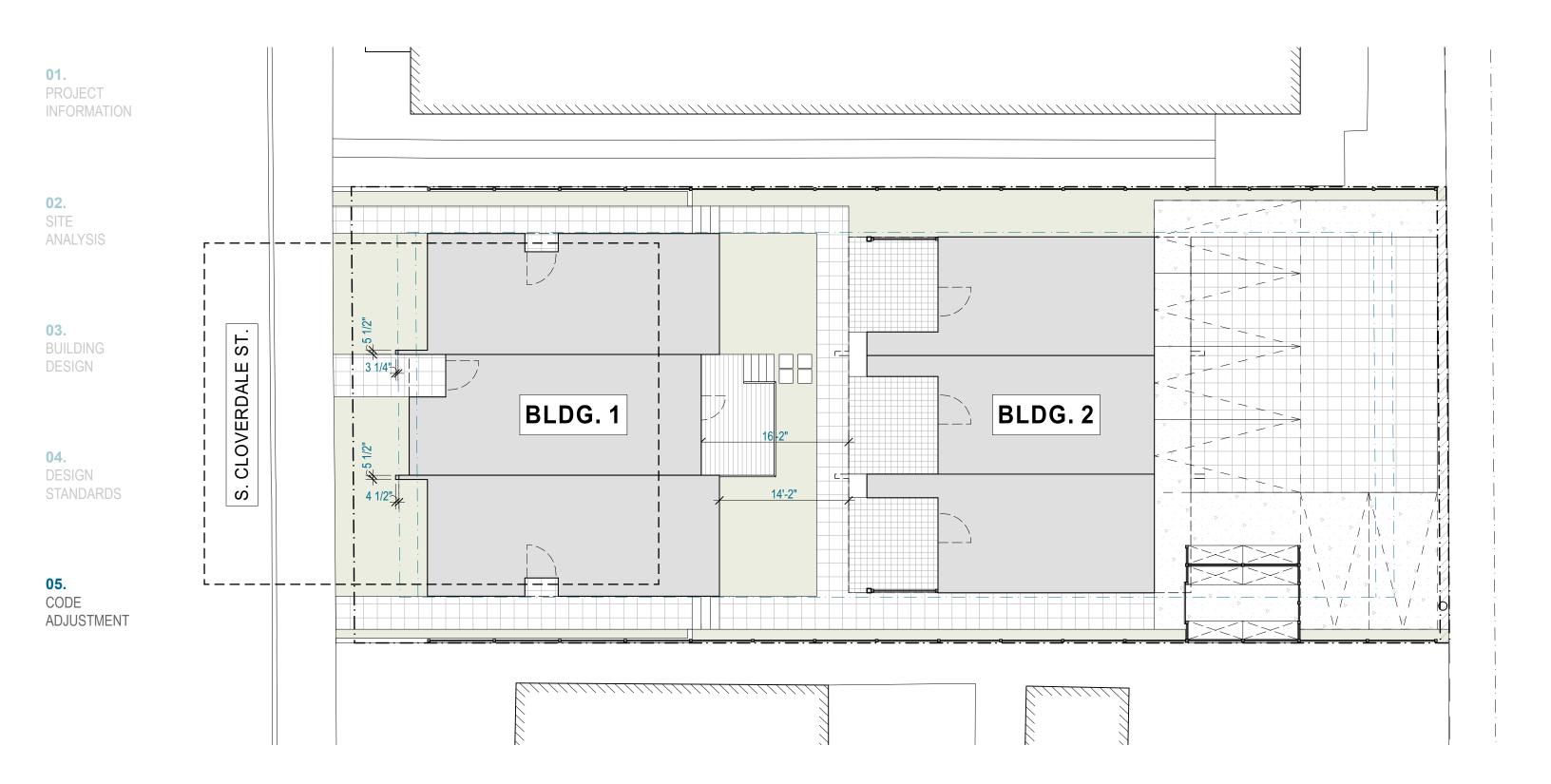
03. BUILDING DESIGN

04. DESIGN STANDARDS

SDR ADJUSTMENTS. FRONT SETBACK.







ADJUSTMENT

SETBACKS:

TO REDUCE THE FRONT YARD SETBACK.

CODE CITATION

SMC 23.45.518 TABLE A: FRONT SETBACK: 5' MINIMUM

PROPOSED MODIFICATION

FRONT SETBACK: 4'-6" MINIMUM FRONT SETBACK

REASON FOR REQUEST

WE ARE PROPOSING TO SET THE BUILDING BACK MORE THAN THE REQUIRED 7' AVERAGE ALONG THE STREET FRONTAGE. HOWEVER WE HAVE 2 ARCHITECTURAL PROJECTS THAT HELP TO BREAK DOWN OUR MASSING IN RELATIONSHIP TO THE SURROUNDING BUILDINGS AND CONTEXT THAT EXTEND INTO THE MINIMUM REQUIRED 5' SETBACK. WE WOULD LIKE TO MAINTAIN OUR CURRENT RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN BUILDING 1 & BUILDING 2 TO CREATE A BETTER LIVING ENVIORNMENT FOR THE INHABITENTS OF THE UNITS. GIVEN THE MINIMAL INTRUSION INTO THE SETBACK WE BELIEVE THE BENEFITS TO THE COMMUNITITY FROM A BULK / SCALE AND LIVEABILITY FROM A USER PERSPECTIVE JUSTIFY THIS ADJUSTMENT.

DESIGN GUIDELINES CITED

CS2.D.1: HEIGHT, BULK & SCALE DC2.C.1: VISUAL DEPTH & INTEREST DC3.A.1: BUILDING-OPEN SPACE RELATIONSHIP

