6541. 35TH AVE SW.

PROJECT NUMBER: 3024390 | SDR GUIDANCE PACKET | JULY 22.

ARCHITECT:

DAVID VANDERVORT ARCHITECTS

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PROPERTY OWNER:

YAKOR LLC

CC: VALENTIN STELMAKH 15232 SE 272ND ST. #98 KENT, WA 98024 (253) 709-6709



01.

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT DESCRIPTION.

02.SITE
ANALYSIS

The proposed live/work and townhome project is located on 35th Ave SW in an NC2-40 zone. The site currently has (1) single family residence, which will be removed prior to construction. This project proposes to build (2) live/work units along the street frontage, and (4) townhouse units behind. (5) parking stalls will be provided at the rear of the site, which will be accessed by way of the alley. Each townhouse unit, and one of the two live/work units will have a dedicated parking stall. The design intends to provide vibrant urban dwellings and work spaces that are relavent and appropriate to the surrounding neighborhood.

03.BUILDING DESIGN

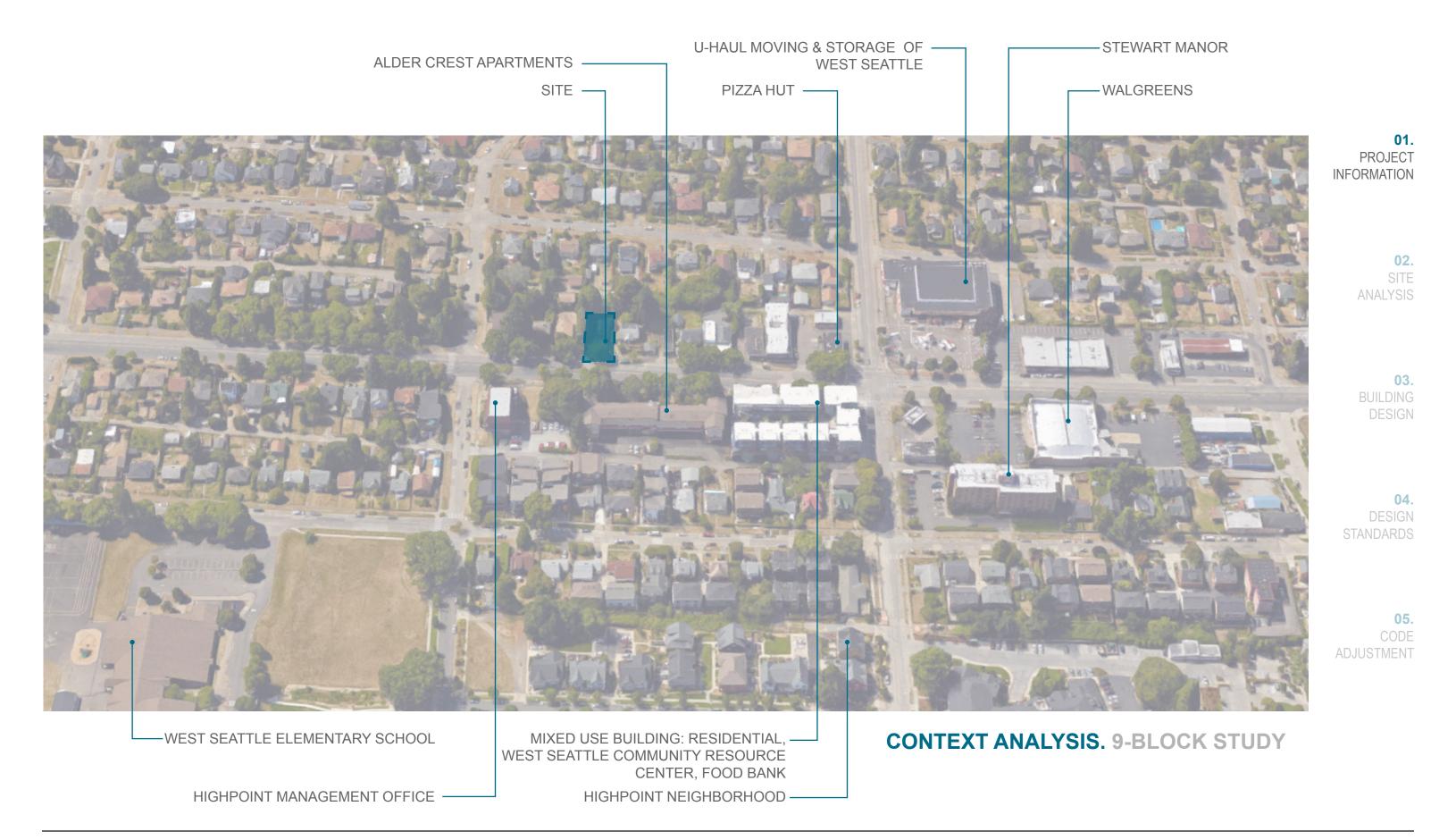
04.
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PROJECT#	3024390
LOT AREA.	6,040 SF
PROPOSED LIVE/WORK UNITS.	2 UNITS
LIVE/WORK SQUARE FOOTAGE.	3029 SF
PROPOSED TOWNHOUSE UNITS.	4 UNITS
RESIDENTIAL SQUARE FOOTAGE.	6480 SF
PARKING.	5 SPACES



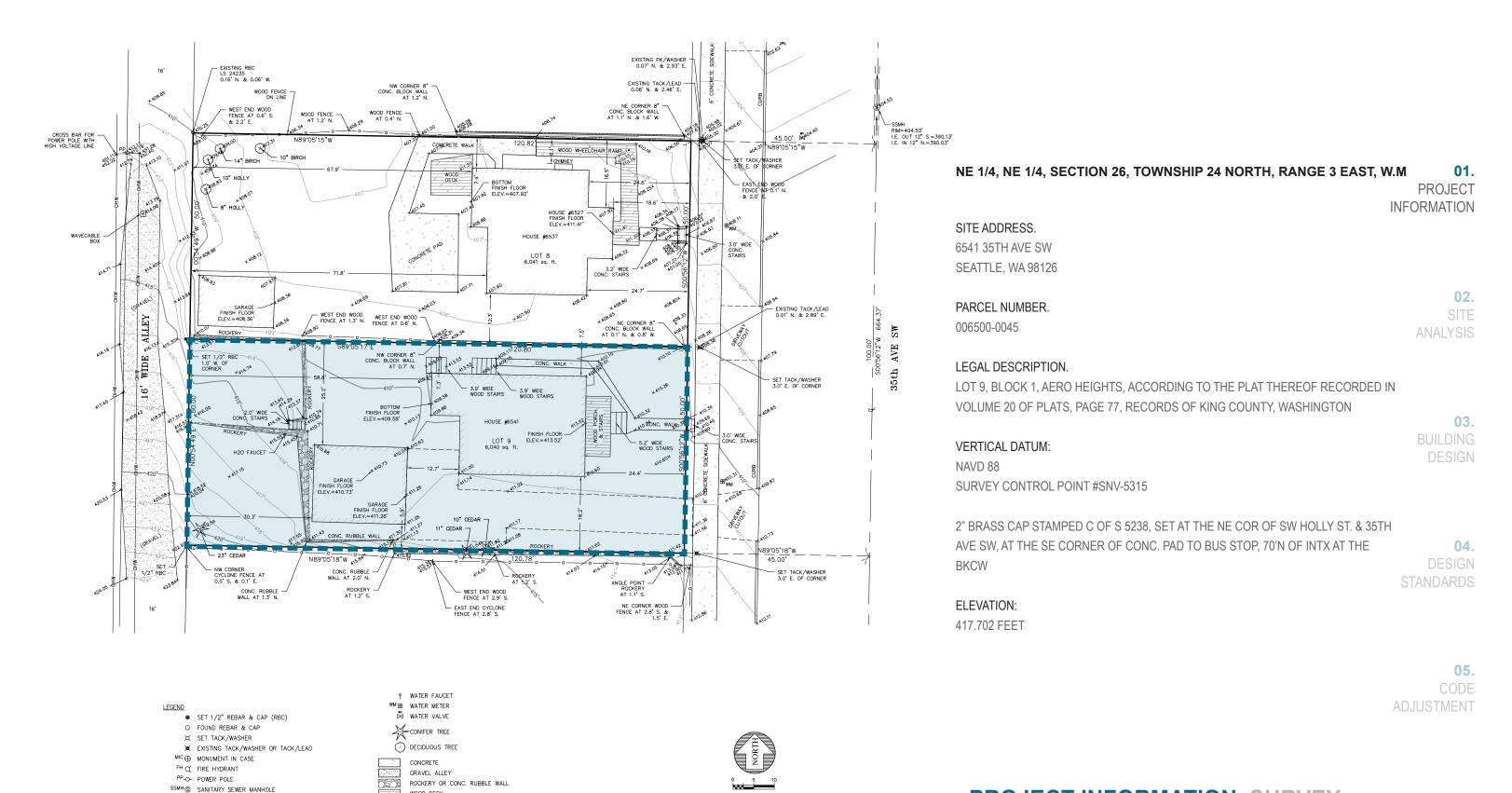
6541 35TH AVE SW.



SW Graham St 01. 6040 SF Lot Area: **PROJECT** NC2-40 Zoning: **INFORMATION** ECA: N/A Commercial Use: 2 LIVE WORK UNITS 4 TOWNHOME UNITS Residential Use: 35th FAR: 3.0 PER TABLE A 23.47A.013 HEIGHT: 40' BASE HEIGHT 02. 4' OF ADDITIONAL HEIGHT FOR RAILINGS / PARAPETS PER 23.47A.012.C.2 16' OF ADDITIONAL HEIGHT FOR STAIR PENTHOUSES PER 23.47A.012.C.4F ANALYSIS NC2P-40 **LR-1** SETBACKS: FRONT: 0' PER 23.47A.014 SIDES: 0' PER 23.47A.014 REAR: 0' FROM 0'-13' BUILDING HEIGHT PER 23.47A.014 EXHIBIT B SW Morgan St SW Morgan St 15' FROM 13'-40' BUILDING HEIGHT PER 23.47A.014 EXHIBIT B 03. PARKING: ONE SPACE PER DWELLING PER 23.54.015 TABLE B SITE * NO PARKING REQUIREMENT FOR LIVE WORK UNITS BELOW 1500 SF DESIGN **1ST REQUIRED PARKING PARKING SPACE FOR LIVE WORK UNITS MUST CONFORM WITH **RESIDENTIAL STANDARDS** PARKING ACCESS: ACCESS IS PROVIDED BY THE ALLEY AT THE REAR OF THE SITE BICYCLE PARKING: 1 BIKE PARKING SPACE PER 12,000 SF OF COMMERCIAL SPACE PER 23.54.015 04. 1 BIKE PARKING SPACE PER 4 DWELLINGS PER 23.54.015 TABLE D.D2 DESIGN SF-5000 AMENITY AREA: 5% OF THE TOTAL GROSS FLOOR AREA IN RESIDENTIAL USE PER 23.47A.024.A EXCEPTIONAL TREE: NO EXCEPTIONAL TREES ARE LOCATED ON SITE **GREEN FACTOR:** A GREEN FACTOR SCORE OF 0.3 IS REQUIRED FOR THIS SITE PER 23.47A.016.A.2 SW Holly St SWIF 5th 05. **ADJUSTMENT**

CONTEXT ANALYSIS. ZONING DATA

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PROJECT INFORMATION. SURVEY

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WOOD DECK

☑ WAVECABLE BOX



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VIEW FROM 35TH AVE SW. LOOKING WEST

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VIEW FROM 35TH AVE SW. LOOKING EAST



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VIEW FROM 35TH AVE SW. LOOKING WEST

SW HOLLY ST. RIGHT-OF-WAY

04. DESIGN STANDARDS





VIEW FROM 35TH AVE SW. LOOKING EAST



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VIEW FROM ALLEY. LOOKING EAST



VIEW FROM ALLEY. LOOKING WEST



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VIEW FROM ALLEY. LOOKING EAST

SW HOLLY ST.

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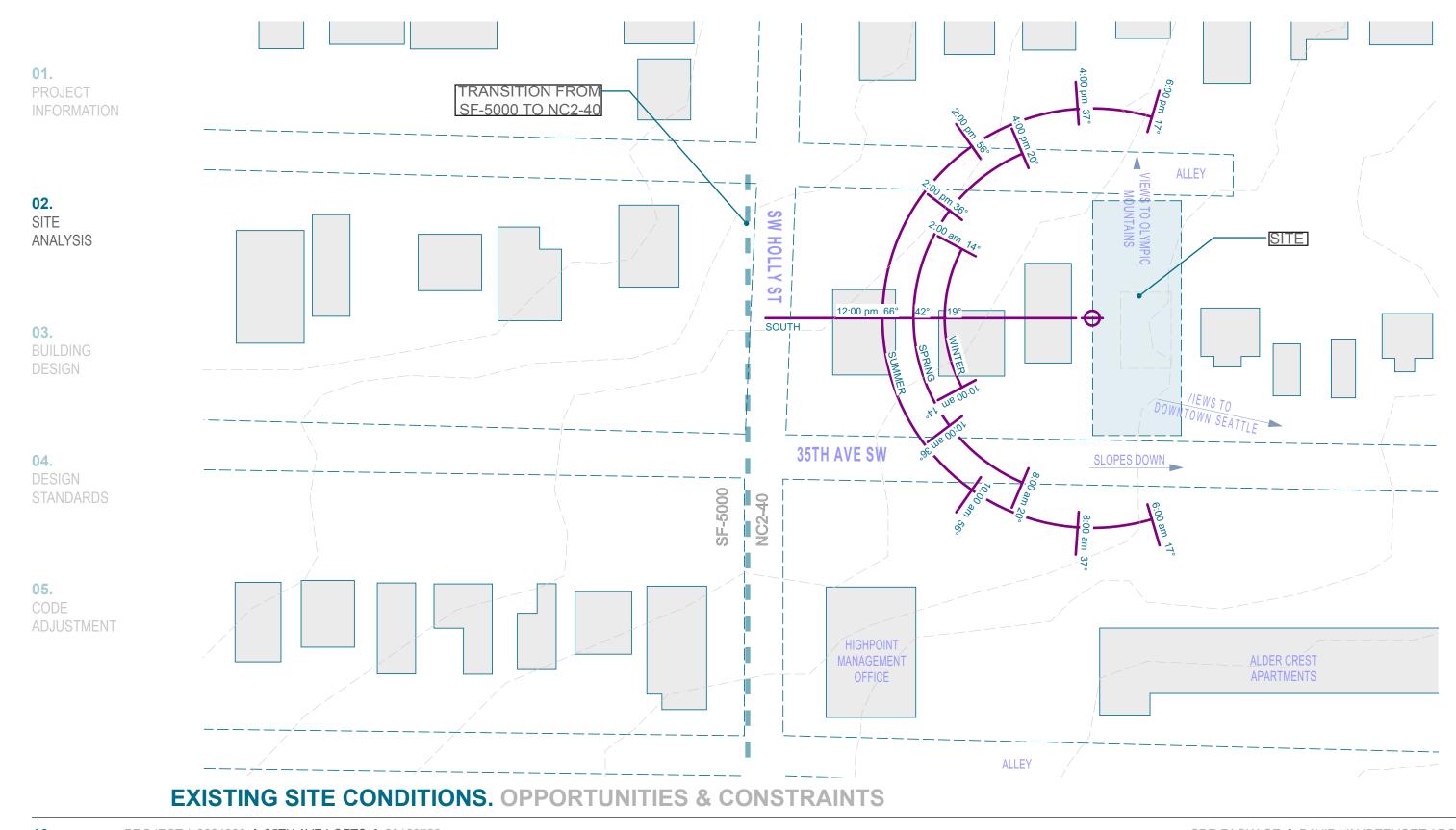
DESIGN STANDARDS

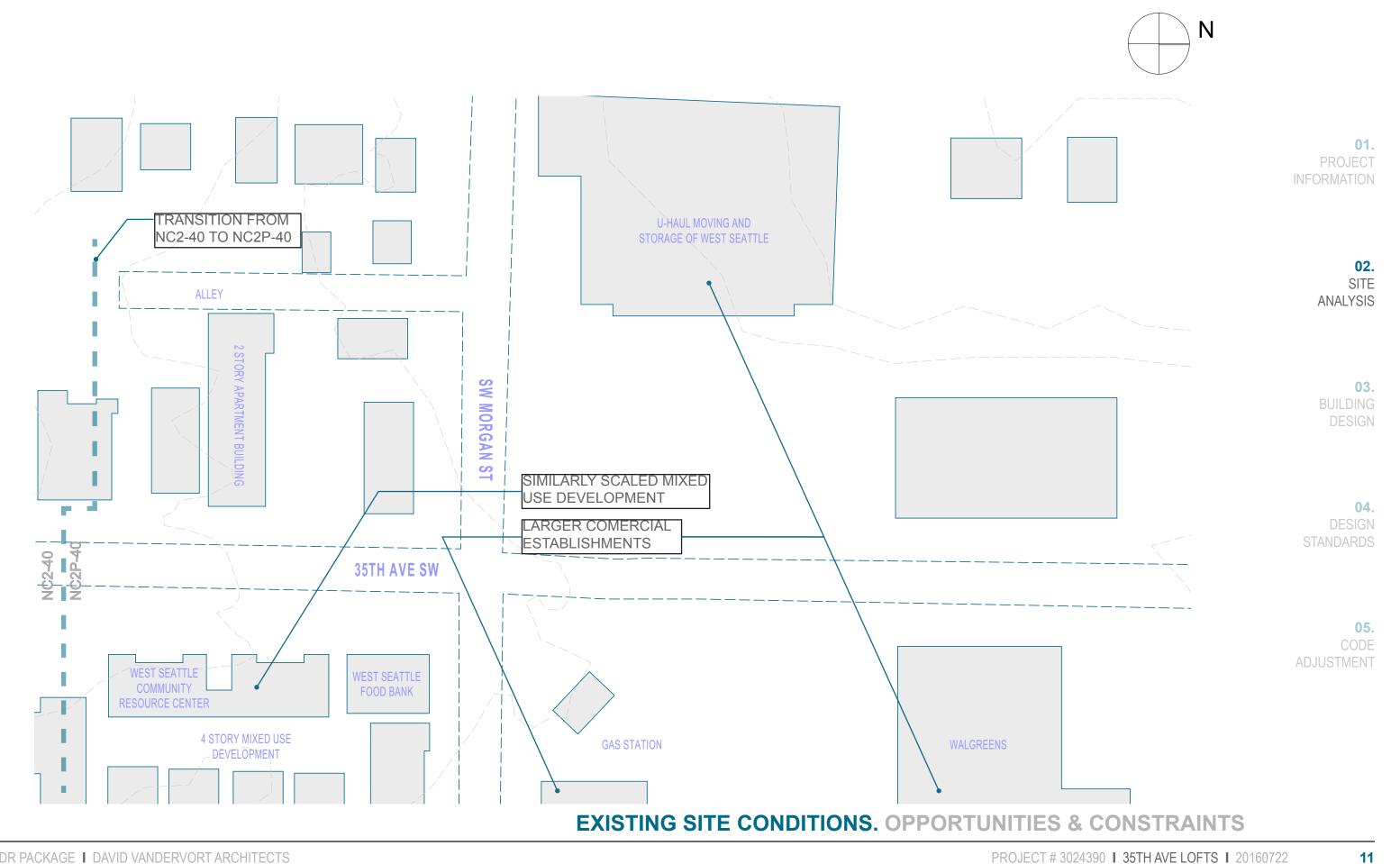


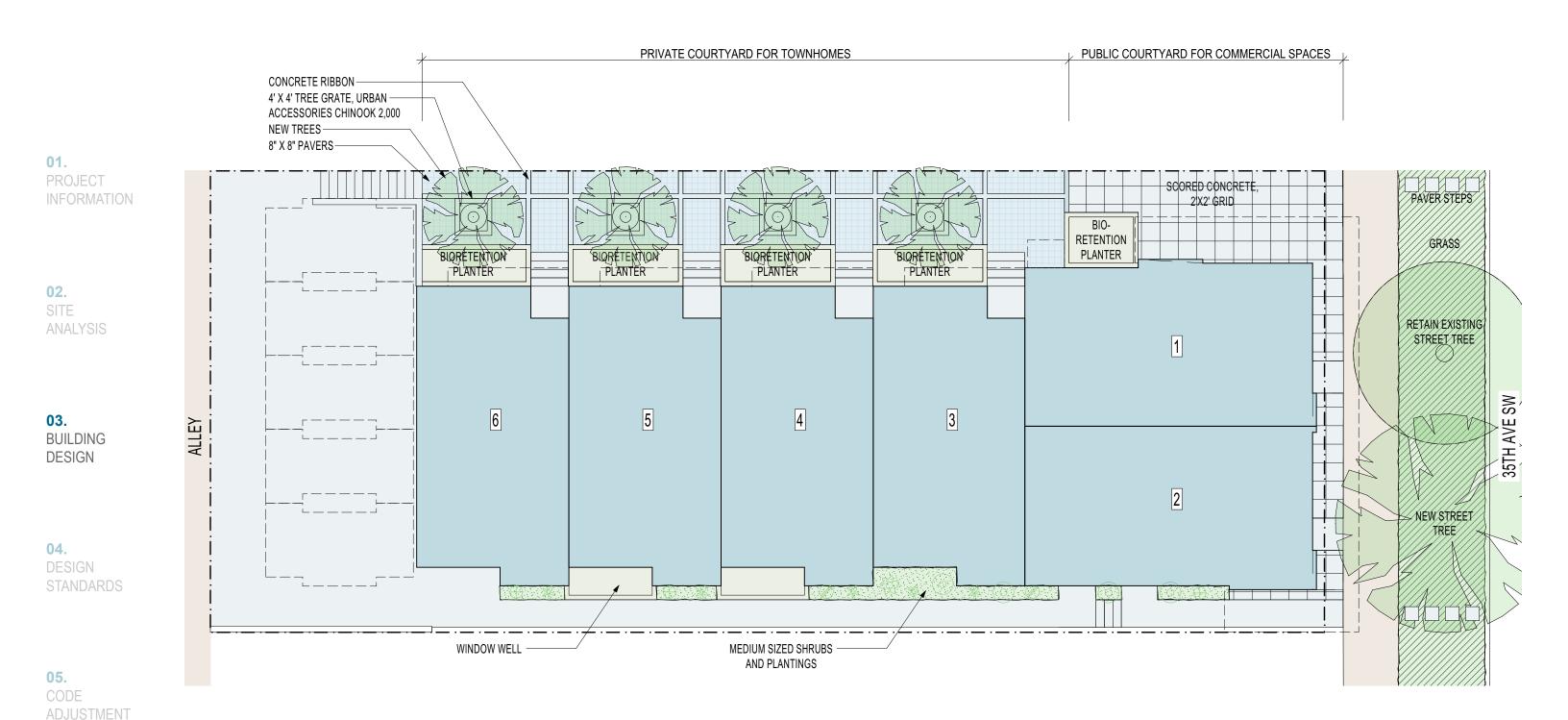
05.CODE
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VIEW FROM ALLEY. LOOKING WEST



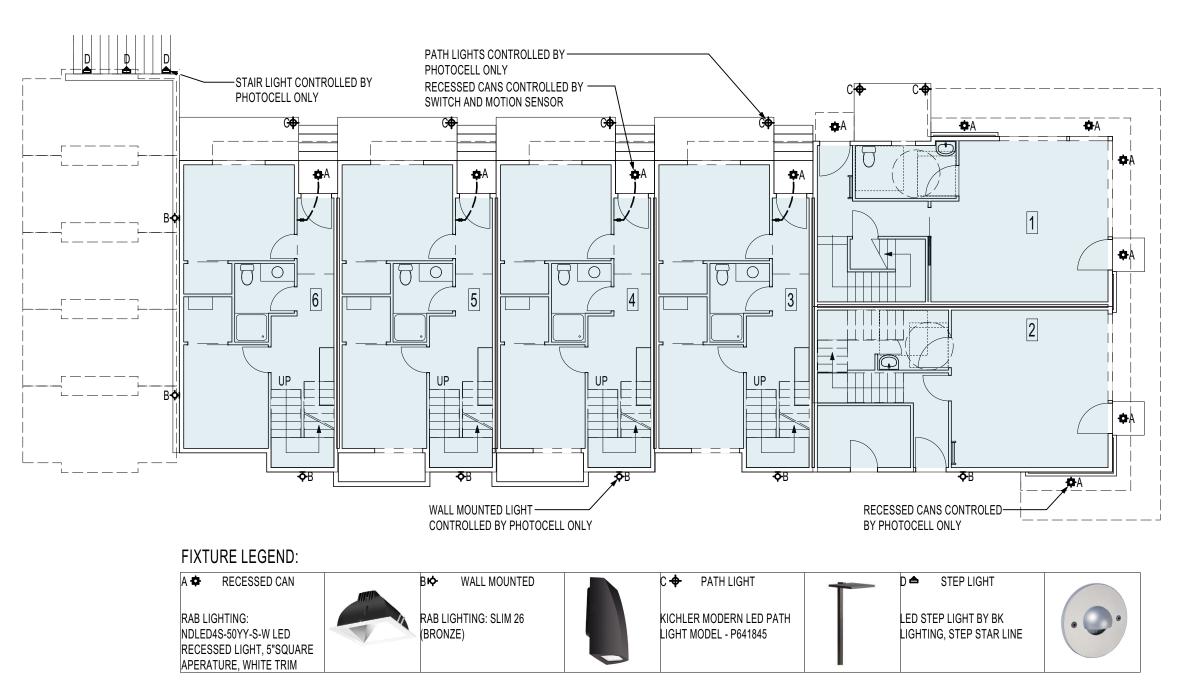






LANDSCAPE. LANDSCAPE PLAN

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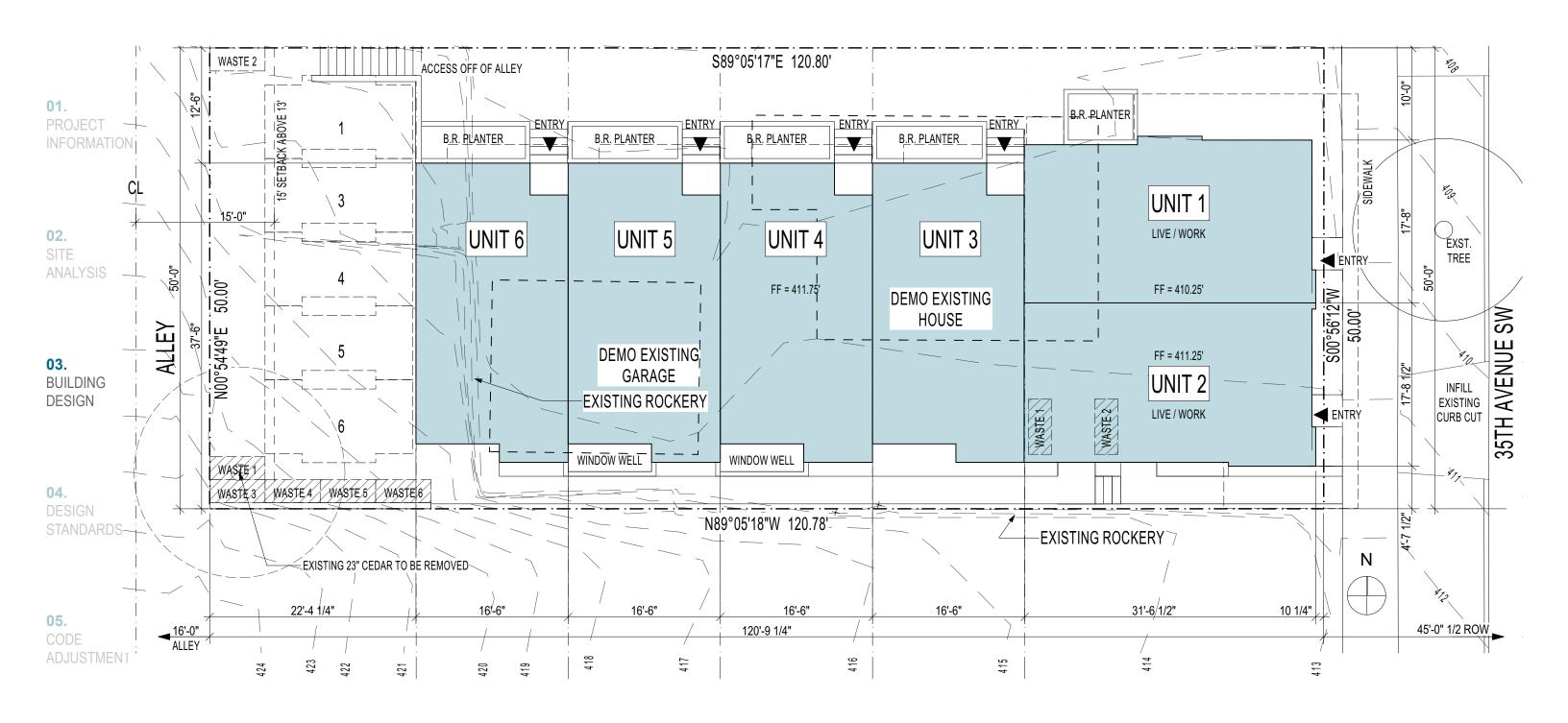
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LIGHTING: EXTERIOR LIGHTING PLAN

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BUILDING DESIGN. SITE PLAN



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BUILDING DESIGN. SECOND FLOOR PLAN

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UNIT 3 431 SF UNIT 4 431 SF

UNIT 5 431 SF UNIT 6 431 SF



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DWELLING AREAS:

UNIT 1	469 SF
UNIT 2	503 SF
UNIT 3	297 SF
UNIT 4	297 SF
UNIT 5	297 SF
UNIT 6	297 SF

BUILDING DESIGN. THIRD FLOOR PLAN

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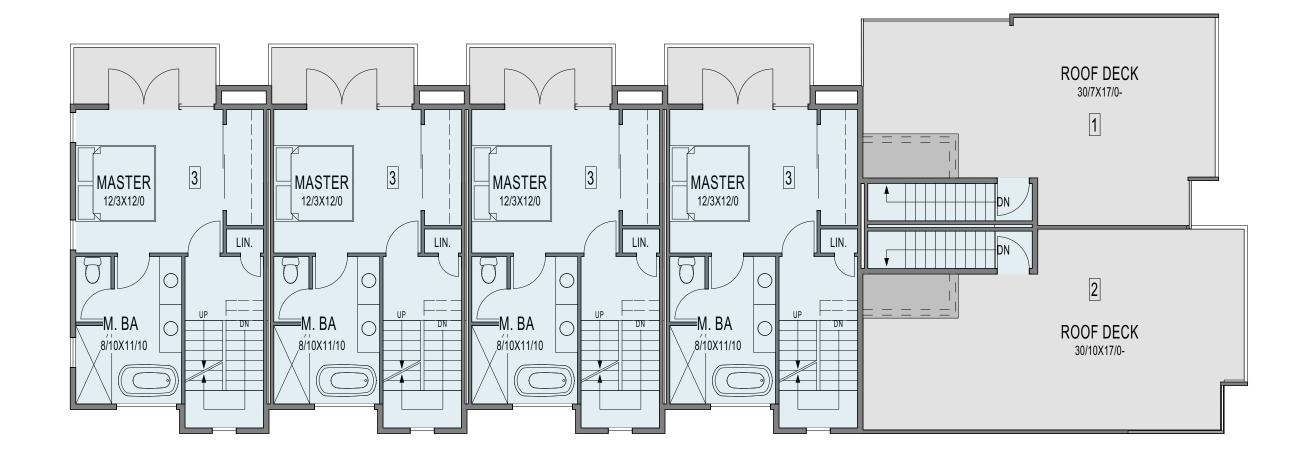


02. SITE ANALYSIS

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04. DESIGN STANDARDS

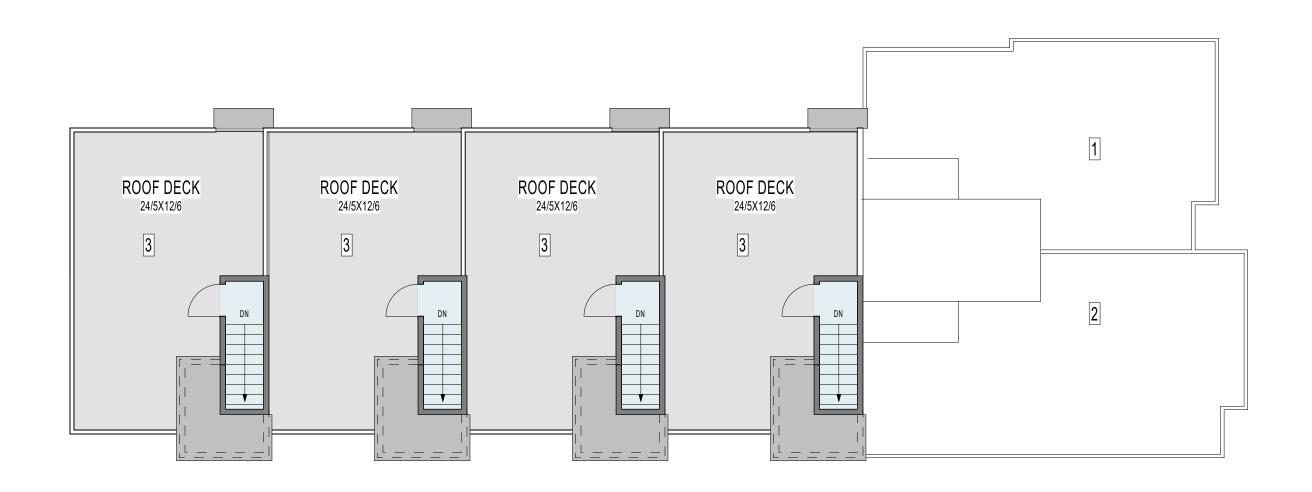
05. ADJUSTMENT



DWELLING AREAS:

UNIT 1 43 SF UNIT 2 43 SF UNIT 3 397 SF UNIT 4 397 SF UNIT 5 397 SF UNIT 6 397 SF

BUILDING DESIGN. FOURTH FLOOR PLAN



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DWELLING AREAS:

UNIII	
UNIT 2	
UNIT 3	34 SF
UNIT 4	34 SF
UNIT 5	34 SF
UNIT 6	34 SF

BUILDING DESIGN. ROOF DECK PLAN

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EAST ELEVATION



BUILDING DESIGN. ELEVATIONS

SOUTH ELEVATION 459.66' PENTHOUSE ROOF PROJECT INFORMATION 450.90' ROOF DECK 02. SITE ANALYSIS 439.91' 4TH FLOOR BUILDING **DESIGN** 430.85' 3RD FLOOR 420.80' 2ND FLOOR **05**. 411.75' 1ST FLOOR ADJUSTMENT

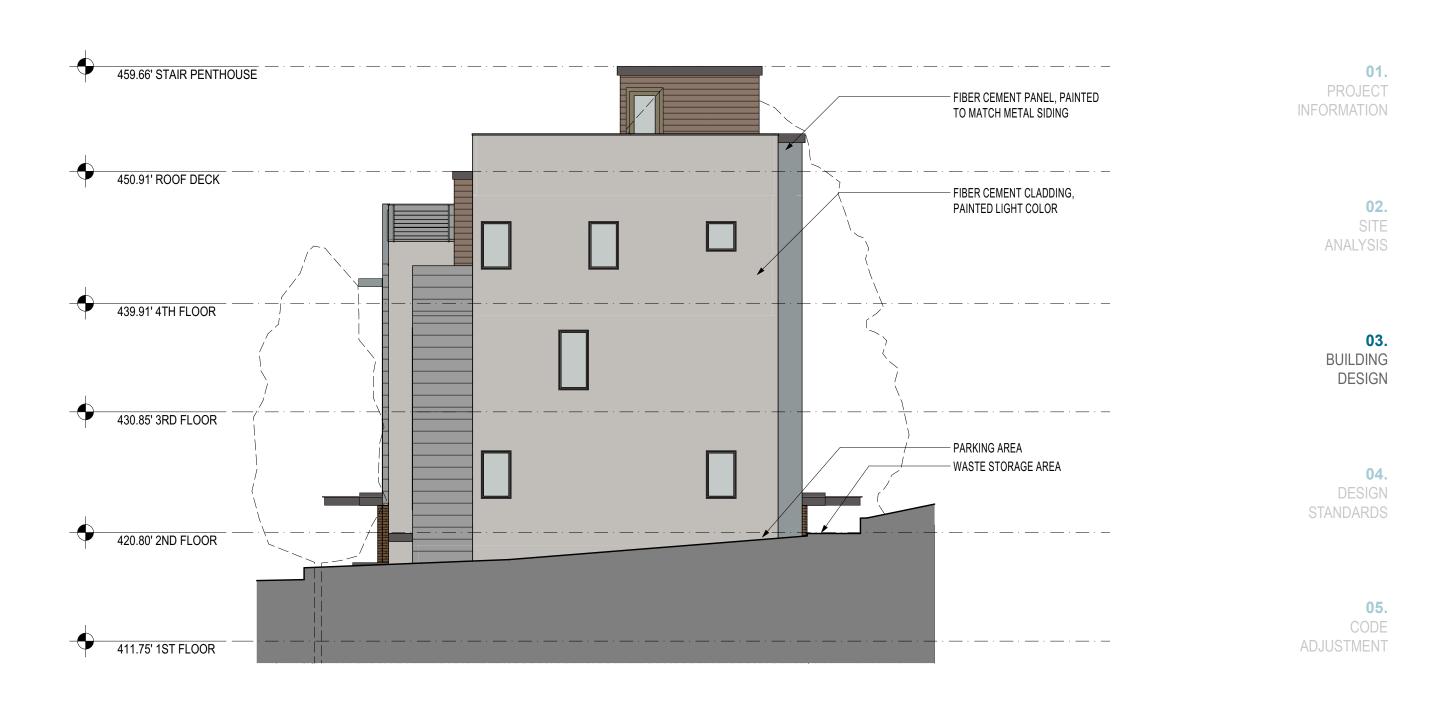
BUILDING DESIGN. ELEVATIONS

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BUILDING DESIGN. ELEVATIONS

WEST ELEVATION



BUILDING DESIGN. ELEVATIONS

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DESIGN STANDARDS. COMPLIANCE

CS2- Urban Pattern and Form:

B. Adjacent Sites, Streets, and Open Space

1. Site Characteristics:

The project gently steps down at an oblique angle with the slope of the site. The alley in the back is utilized to efficiently provide access to on-site parking that does not disrupt the street frontage of the block.

2. Connection to The Street:

The site inhabits a transitional space between an NC2P-40 zone to the North, which is occupied largely by small to medium commercial establishments, and a single family neighborhood to the South. This project helps facilitate this transition by providing small commercial spaces in the form of live work units on the street frontage, and townhouse units in the rear of the site. The open space of the sidewalk is extended into the site, creating an inviting space that serves as the access to the residential units.

3. Character of Open Space:

Open space is created along the street frontage of the project. Weather protection and landscaping help this space be inviting to the public. The open space continues into the site, where it provides access to the townhomes at the rear of the site. The access to the private residences is indicated by a change of paving and landscaping character. Both the public and private open spaces will enliven the pedestrian interaction with the site for residents and the general public alike.

PL2- Walkability:

C. Weather Protection:

1. Location and coverage: Weather protection canopies are incorporated into the design of the project. The live work street frontage is distinguished from the townhome units by a street front façade that is capped by a prominent canopy. This canopy extends the entire length of the building's street front façade. The entries to the residential units are both protected and distinguished by appropriately sized canopies.

2. Design Integration:

Weather protection canopies serve the functional purpose of protecting the entries of homes and their inhabitants from the elements. They also punctuate the façade of the building. On the street front they distinguish the commercial use on the ground level and the residential uses above. For the townhome units they help emphasize the rhythm and articulation of the façade.

3. People-Friendly Spaces:

Weather protection is integrated with landscaping and façade design to enliven the pedestrian experience along the street. The project creates pleasant outdoor spaces. The ample weather protection provided allows people to interact with the outdoor spaces in pleasant and unpleasant weather alike.

D. Wayfinding:

1. Design as Wayfinding:

The design of the project clearly communicates its nature and how to navigate the space. The commercial portions of the live work units are expressed through cladding, paving, and window configuration. The residential portion of the project is distinguished by denser landscaping, denser paving pattern, and residentially scaled façade articulation and rhythm. Entries of each dwelling are clearly indicated by protective canopies and recession in the façade.

PL3- Street Level Interaction:

A. Entries

1. Design Objectives:

The commercial portions of the live work units have entries that are appropriately sized to accommodate the anticipated traffic in and out of these small commercial spaces. They are protected from the weather and have a strong connection to the street. The residential entries of this project are appropriately scaled for individual residences. They are separated from the street, and recessed to create a more intimate and private entry. Weather protection is provided by canopies.

2. Ensemble of Elements:

The entries for both the commercial and residential spaces of this project are composed of multiple components that are incorporated into the entire design of the project. Recession of the façade, articulation of the landscaping, and stoops create a transitional space mediating between the interior and exterior of the townhome units. Canopies further indicate entries and provide weather protection. Exterior lighting on motion and photo sensors increase the safety and attractiveness of the spaces. The entries to the commercial spaces are along the street front, and are clearly indicated by appropriate material changes and transparency. Exterior lighting and weather protection at these entries extend the useful nature of the spaces in poor weather and darkness, and protect them from harm.

B. Residential Edges:

1. Security and Privacy:

The entries to the residential units are physically removed from the public realm of the street, and separated by landscaping which is transparent enough to facilitate safety, while clearly separating the private and public spaces.

2. Ground Level Residential:

The residential entries of the project are removed from the street frontage by differentiated hardscaping and landscaping. Modulation of the façade and material differences distinguish the entries from the rest of the building. Exterior lighting at the entries facilitates comfort, safety, and security.

3. Buildings with Live/Work Uses:

The commercial portions of the live work units in this project have transparent facades that are oriented towards the street. The first floor of these units provides an open, accessible space that can be adapted to any number of commercial uses that require a small space.

4. Interaction:

Communal open space is created outside of both the live/work and townhome units.

These outdoor spaces will foster interactions between neighbors and the general public.

DC1- Project Uses and Activities:

A. Arrangement of Interior Uses:

1. Visibility:

The commercial spaces are located along, and are oriented towards the street front, and have transparent facades. Their entries are clearly indicated by that material and form of the façade.

2. Gathering Places:

Open spaces are created outside of the live work spaces, near the street front. This open space will enliven the pedestrian experience of the neighborhood.

3. Flexibility:

The live work units are laid out in such a manner that they could be converted to commercial use in the future. A separate entry for the residential portion of the units is provided so that the residents may separate the work portion of their homes from the live portion. This will also allow the units to be altered in the future to be a strictly commercial space below a residence if that is desired.

4. Views and Connections:

The units have corner windows oriented towards both views along 35th Ave, where achievable, and out towards the street where the former is not achievable. This window arrangement maximizes view potential and creates a connection between the dwellings and the streetscape.

DC4 Exterior Elements and Finishes:

D. Trees, Landscape and Hardscape Materials

1. Choice of Plant Materials:

The project's design incorporates an open space populated with trees, as well as increased tress in the right of way. Tree species selection will be carefully made to ensure attractive trees that will thrive in this a dense urban environment. Smaller plantings will be native, drought resistant shrubs.

2. Hardscape Materials:

Hardscaping is used to distinguish the residential areas from the commercial areas of this project. Concrete scored on a medium grid, reminiscent of many commercial projects in Seattle, is used for the commercial portion of the site. As the site transitions to the residential portion in the rear, 8" x 8" pavers are used as a permeable ground surface that will facilitate the growth of trees.

3. Long Range Planning:

Trees will be selected with their longevity, tolerable growing conditions, and growth patterns in mind. Native, drought resistant shrubs will populate the smaller planting areas.

Place Makin

Tall columnar trees differentiate the more intimate residential space from the open commercial space.



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DESIGN CONFORMS TO THE LAND USE CODE; NO CODE ADJUSTMENTS ARE REQUESTED IN THIS SDR SUBMITAL

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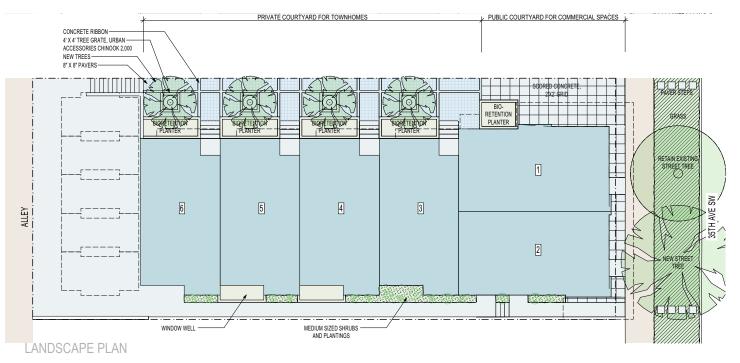
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CODE ADJUSTMENTS. NO ADJUSTMENTS REQUESTED