THE PARTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH		
	The state of	
	The state of the s	
	196//60	
	1000	1 500
		以 对
	42 E	DEVTED
	435	DEXTER
	707	CT TO THE PARTY OF
		Name of the last o
	-	
	· 是 经 计 。	The same of the sa
	0 3	S SERVICE .
	建	The second second
		-2-H-11-12-18
	COM WITH I	
	The same	
		新年上 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		1 2 2 5 4
	Late of the late o	
	1015	The state of the s
	2 77777	THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY
	100	
	The Paris of the last of the l	





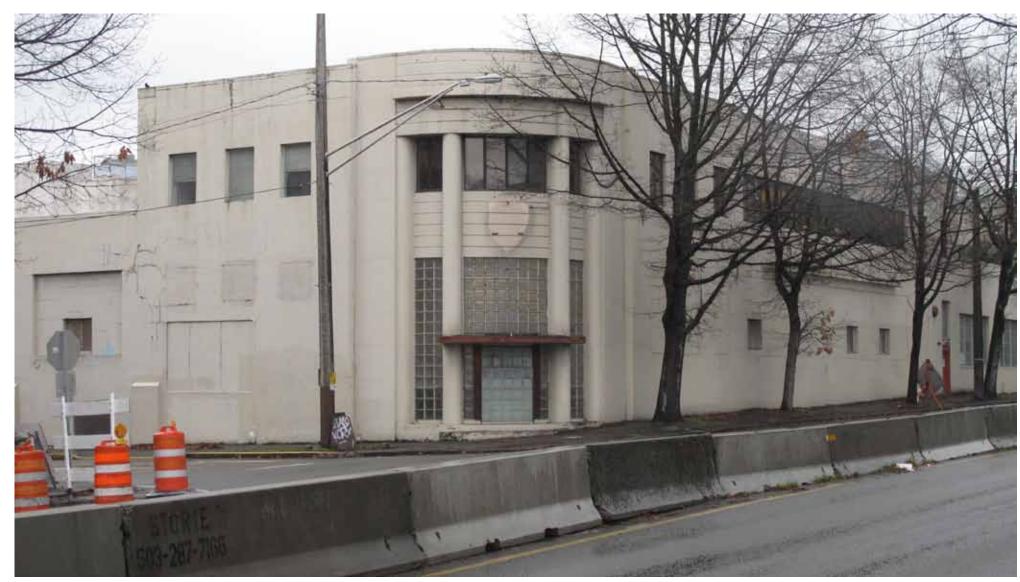
January 08, 2014

Early Design Guidance
DPD Project# 3016347



CENTER BOUNDARY



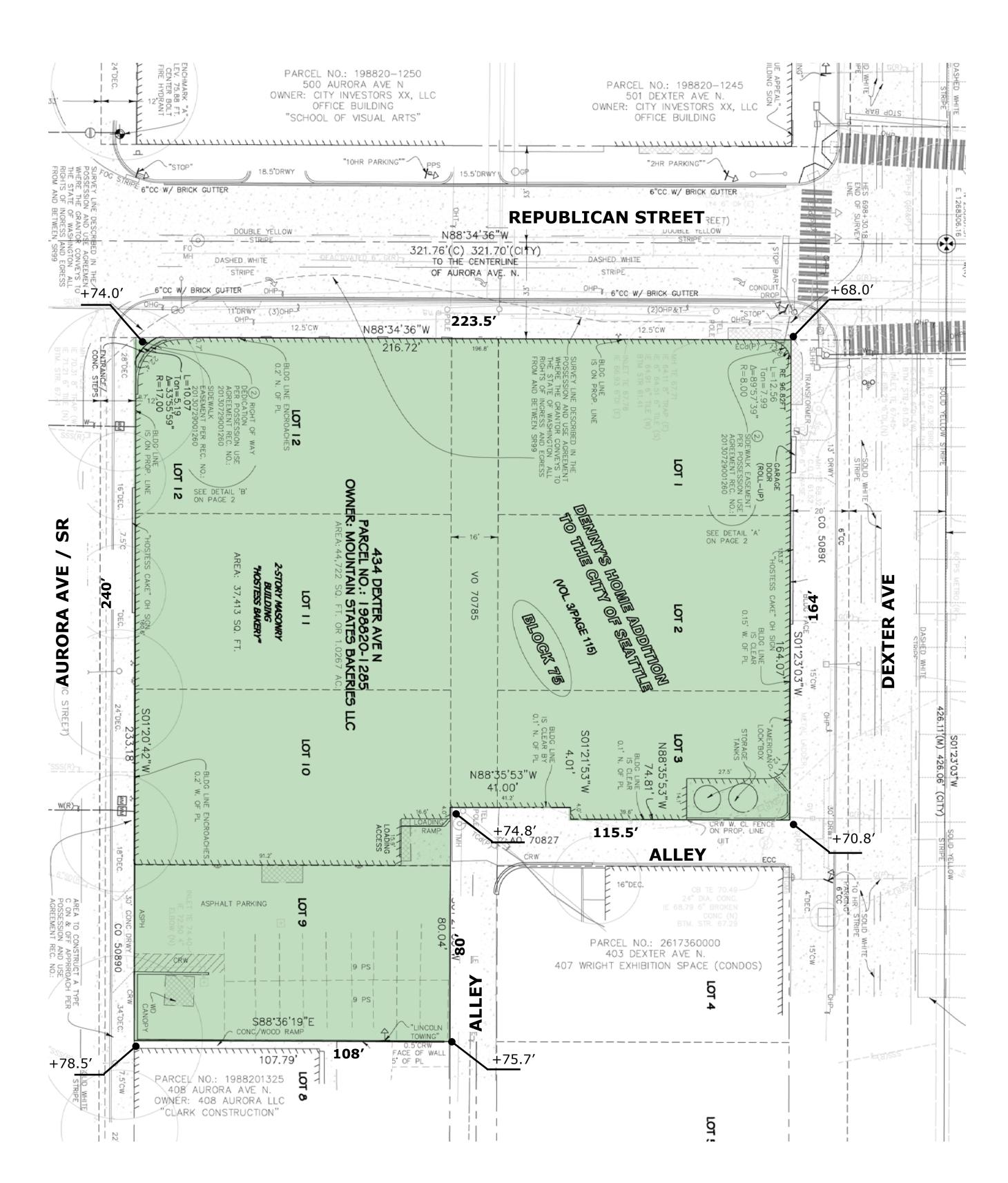


HOSTESS BUILDING FROM SR 99 & REPUBLICAN ST





HOSTESS BUILDING FROM DEXTER AVE





EXISTING SITE

435 Dexter

Development Objectives

- 294 Apartments
- 248 Parking stalls
- 70' Height from average grade
- 7 Stories above grade

Project Goals

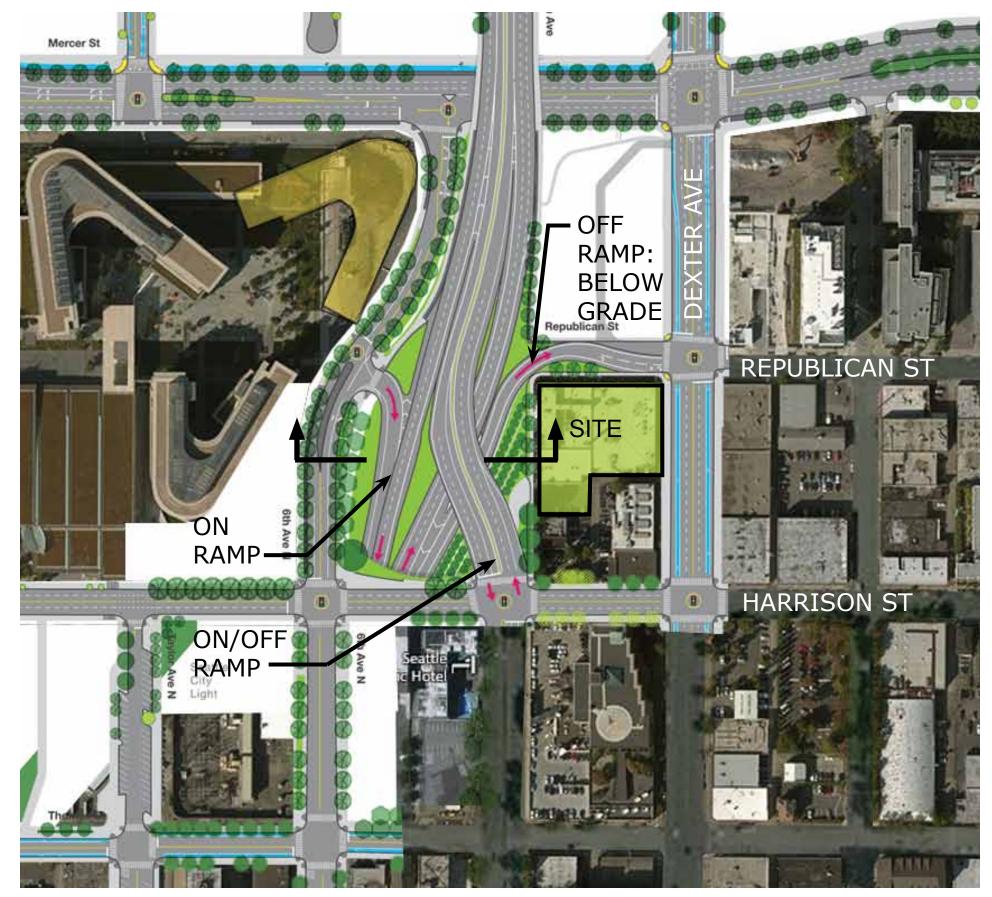
- Provide a building that responds to the changing architectural character and uses of the neighborhood
- Respond to the prominant edge condition of the reconfigured SR
 99 corridor
- Provide a safe, functional, attractive pedestrian environment along Dexter Ave





SITE PLAN





EXISTING ROAD CONDITIONS

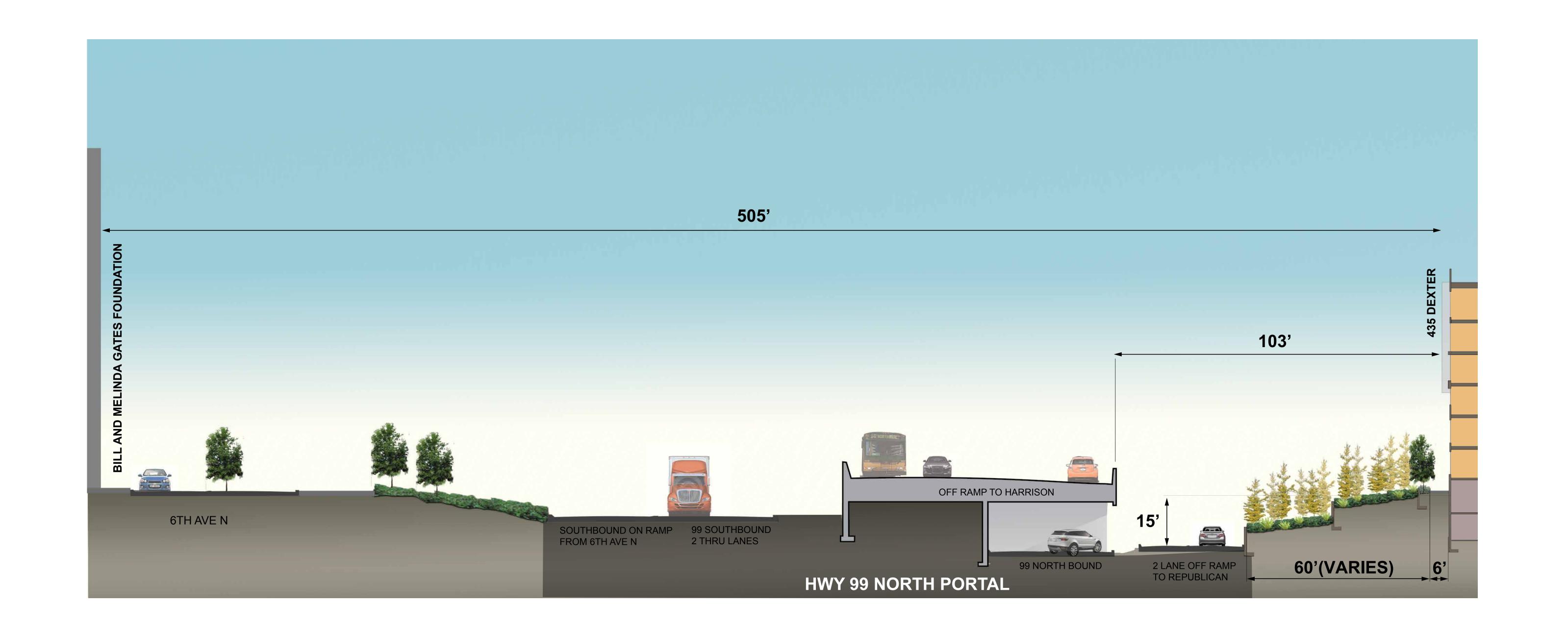




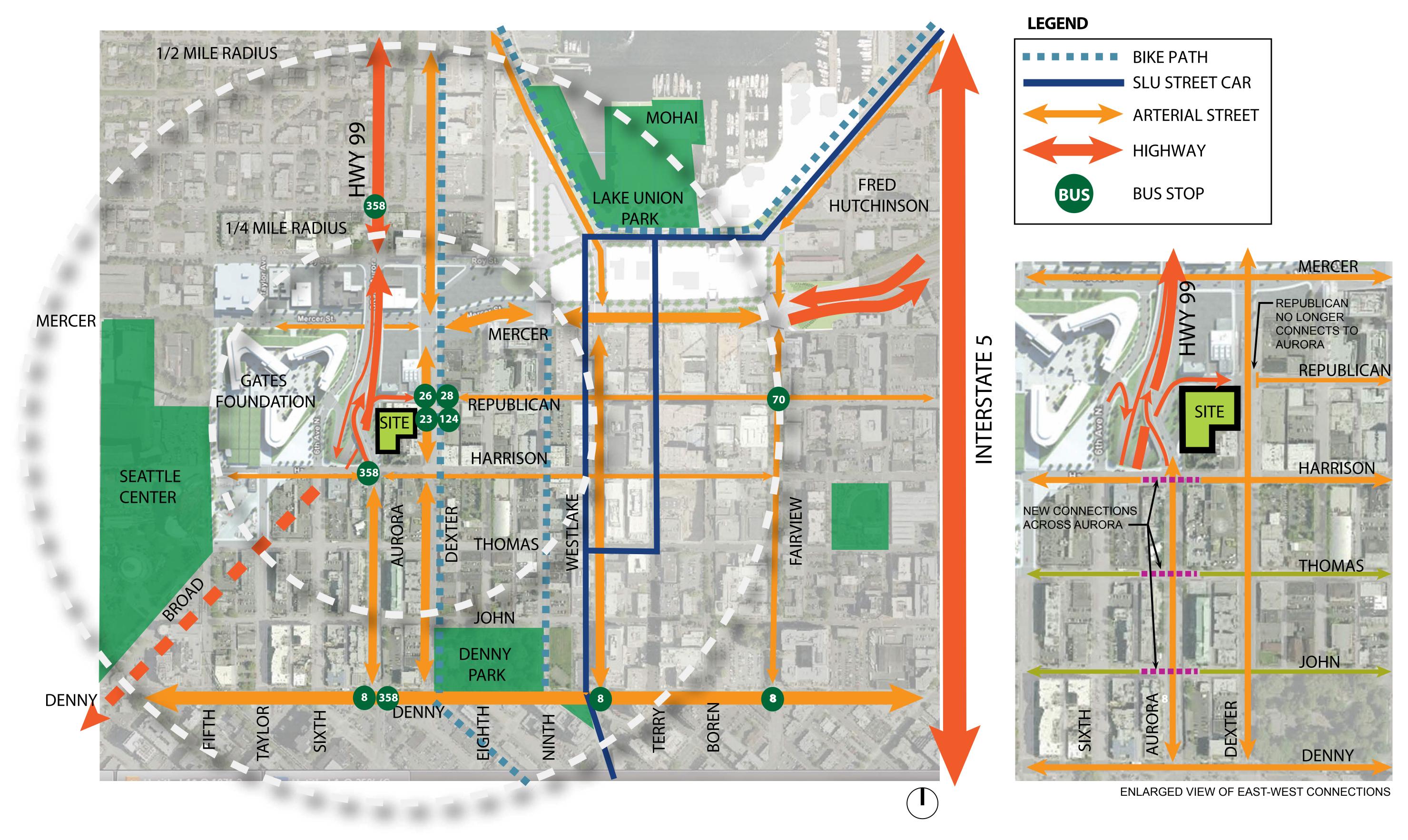
PERSPECTIVE VIEW LOOKING SOUTH

SR 99 NORTH PORTAL PROJECT

435 Dexter



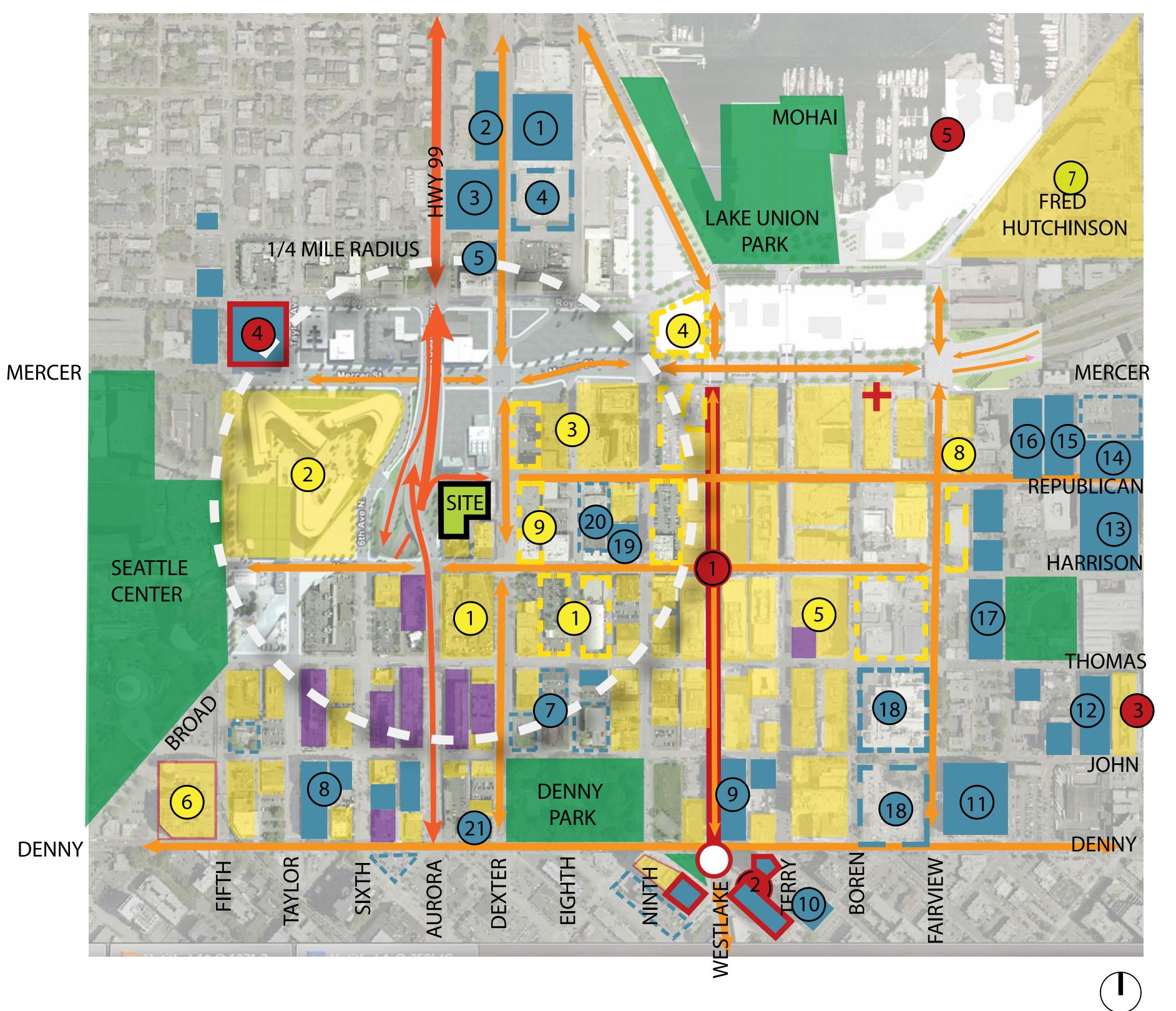
SR 99 NORTH PORTAL PROJECT: SECTION



FISH MACKAY ARCHITECTS LLC

SITE ANALYSIS: TRANSPORTATION & CIRCULATION

435 Dexter



IMERCIAL & ITUTIONAL

- 1 KING 5 TV
- 2 BILL AND MELINDA GATES FOUNDATION
- 3 UW MEDICINE LABS
- 4 FUTURE ALLEN INST. FOR BRAIN SCIENCE
- 5 AMAZON HEADQUARTERS
- 6 FISCHER PLAZA
- 7 300 & 333 8TH AVE N
- 8 500 FAIRVIEW
- 9 FUTURE OFFICE AND LAB SPACE
- 1 NEPTUNE APARTMENTS
- 2 UNION APARTMENTS
- 3 TRUE NORTH APARTMENTS
- 4 FUTURE MULTIFAMILY
- 5 HUE APARTMENTS
- 6 NOT USED
- 7 777 THOMAS APARTMENTS
- 8 TAYLOR 28 APARTMENTS
- 9 ROLLINS STREET APARTMENTS
- 10 2200 WESTLAKE HOTEL, CONDOS AND RETAIL
- 11 MIRABELLA SENIOR COMMUNITY
- 12 ALLEY 24 APARTMENTS
- 13 STACKHOUSE APARTMENTS
- 14 AMLI SLU APARTMENTS
- 15 AMLI 535
- 16 RIVET APARTMENTS
- 17 ALCYONE APARTMENTS
- 18 PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL TOWER
- 19 VEER LOFTS
- 20 8TH & REPUBLICAN
- 21 BOREALIS
- 1 WESTLAKE AND TERRY RETAIL NODE
- 2 2200 WESTLAKE -GROCERY AND RETAIL
- 3 REI FLAGSHIP STORE RETAIL AREA
- 4 QFC

RETAIL

OTELS

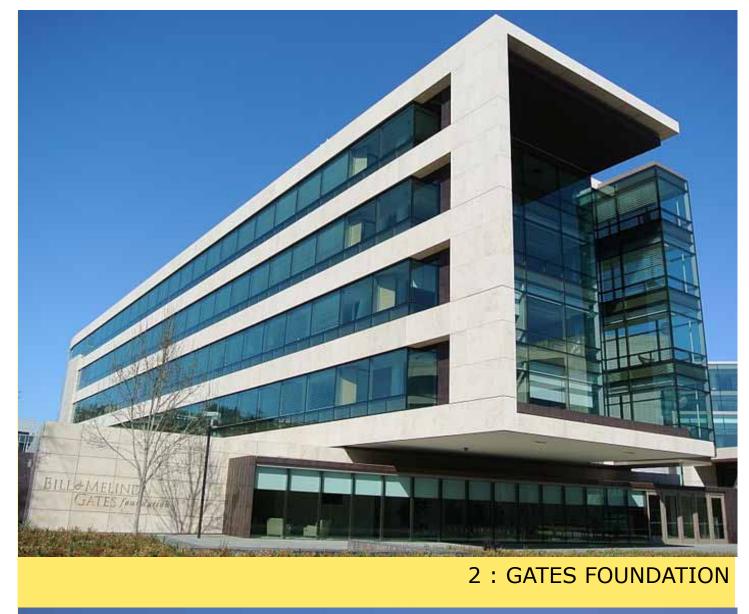
5 LAKE SIDE DINING- MULTIPLE

VARIOUS

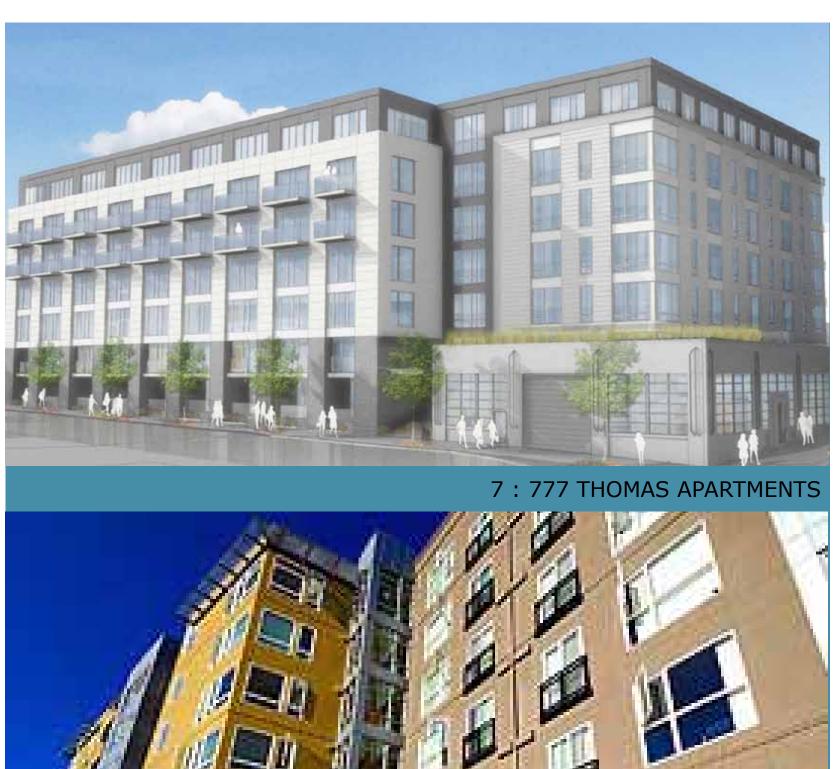
SITE ANALYSIS: NEIGHBORHOOD USES

435 Dexter













7: 300 & 333 8TH AVE N



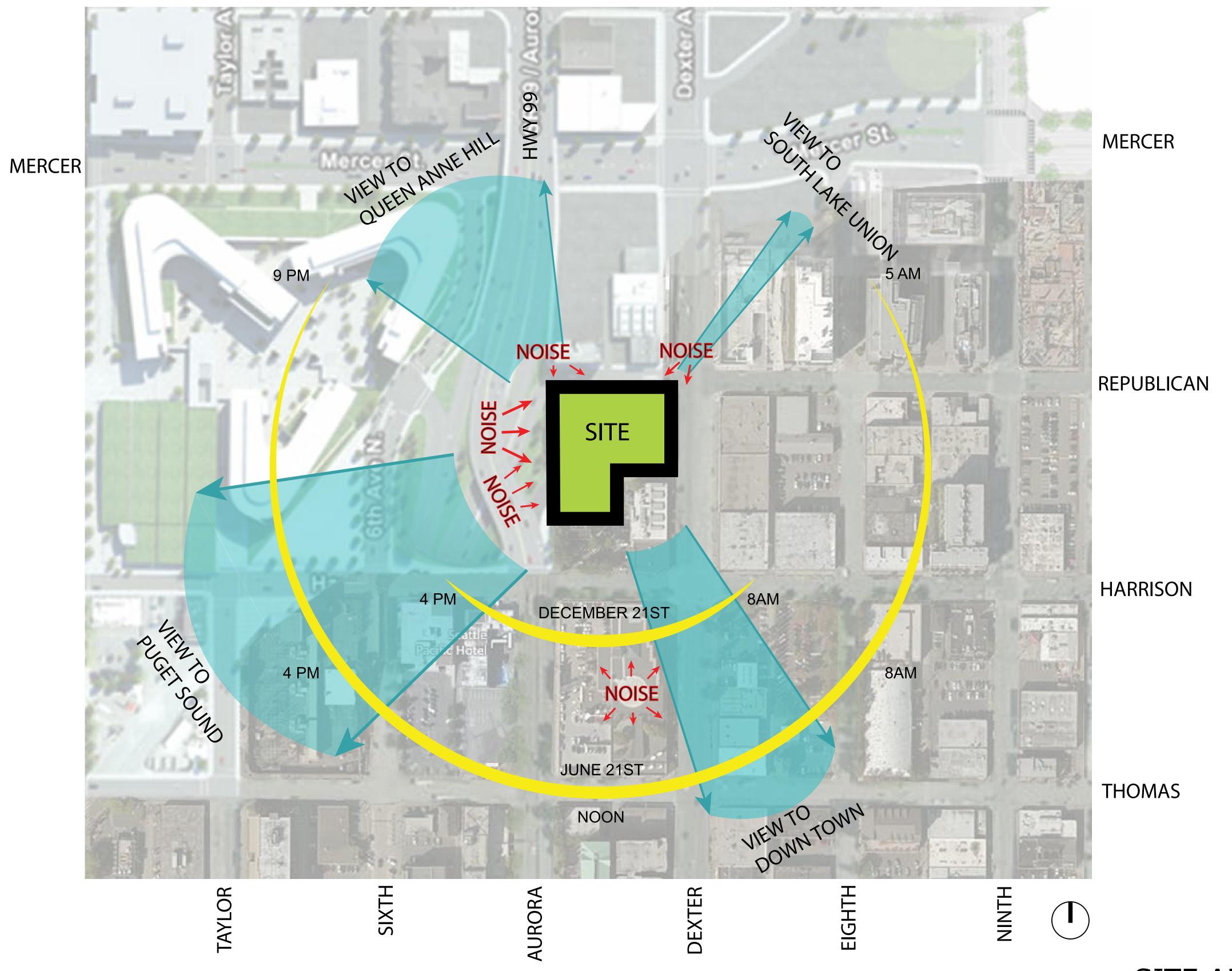




SITE ANALYSIS: NEARBY BUILDINGS

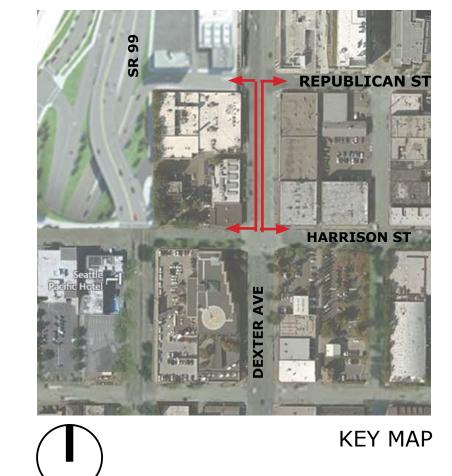
435 Dexter















VIEW TO THE EAST

EXISTING STREETSCAPE: DEXTER AVENUE

435 Dexter





VIEW TO THE SOUTH



VIEW TO THE NORTH

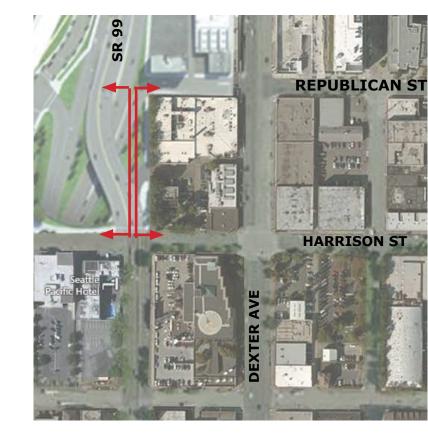
EXISTING STREETSCAPE: REPUBLICAN STREET

435 Dexter





VIEW TO THE EAST





KEY MAP





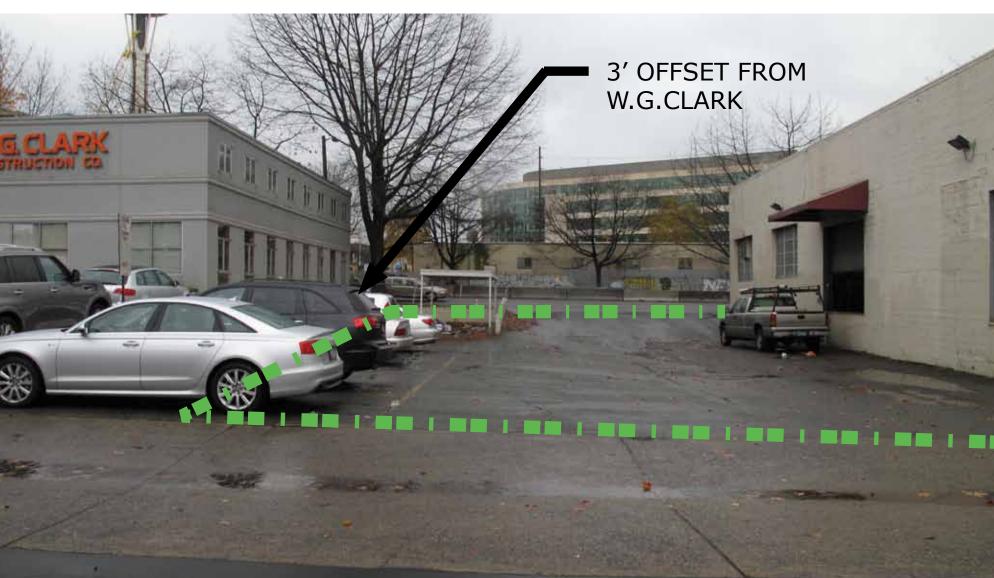
VIEW TO THE WEST

EXISTING STREETSCAPE: STATE ROUTE 99

435 Dexter







ALLEY LOOKING WEST TO AURORA



ALLEY LOOKING WEST TO AURORA







ALLEY LOOKING NORTH TOWARDS HOSTESS



ALLEY LOOKING NORTHEAST TOWARDS DEXTER

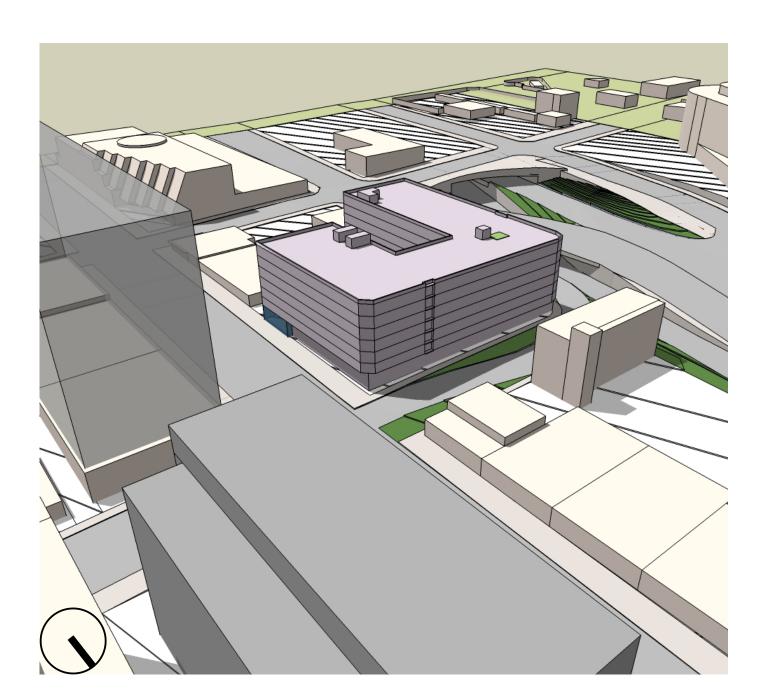




EXISTING STREETSCAPE: ALLEY

435 Dexter





ALTERNATIVE A

PROS

- Entire building mass oriented toward property lines allowing large podium courtyard-approx. 63'x165' (C-2 SLU Specific)
- No street-facing setbacks allow maximum building layout efficiency
- Parking access and services from alley minimizes traffic and pedestrian conflict (A-10, C-5, D-5)

CONS

- Large building mass with little articulation or human scale
- No enhancement of corners at Republican/SR99 and Republican/Dexter, misses opportunity to respond to gateway to Downtown Seattle
- Main building lobby at Dexter and alley does not address prominant corner of Dexter and Republican
- Scale of building appropriate to edge condition of SR 99, not Dexter
- Residential units oriented along Republican and SR 99 at street level susceptible to noise, headlights, and air-quality issues
- Residential amenity spaces located along SR 99 at street level impacted by traffic
- Rooftop terrace oriented toward West impacted by noise and air quality



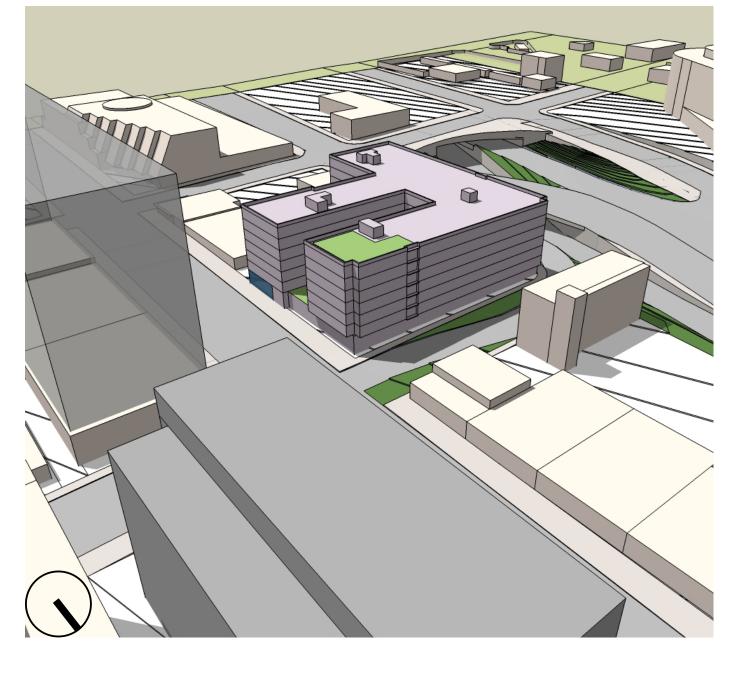
ALTERNATIVE B

PROS

- Setbacks distributed to North and West provide articulation and access to views of landscaped areas at SR 99 and Republican (A-1, B-1)
- Main building lobby entrance reinforces prominant corner of Dexter and Republican (A-1, A-3, A-10, D-1)
- Parking access and services from alley minimizes traffic and pedestrian conflict (A-10, C-5, D-5)

CONS

- 'H'-shaped building creates interior corners with inefficient building layout and loss of exterior walls with glazing
- Building articulation creates setbacks along SR 99 and Republican, less pedestrian oriented than Dexter and impacted more from traffic noise and air quality
- North-facing setback along Republican receives little sun
- Smaller South-facing courtyard-53'x115'
- Little articulation or scale breakdown along Dexter
- Street-level residential oriented along Republican offramp impacted by traffic exiting SR 99.
- Large setback along SR 99 impacted by traffic noise and air quality
- Rooftop terrace oriented toward Northwest impacted by noise and air quality



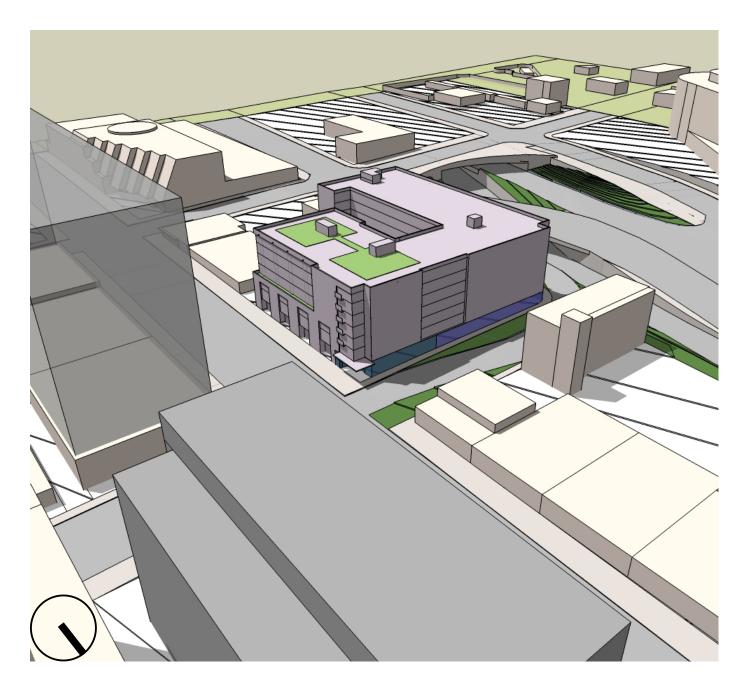
ALTERNATIVE F

PROS

- Setback at East creates modulation on Dexter and large podium courtyard-approx. 40'x136' (C-2 SLU Specific)
- Parking access and services from alley minimizes traffic and pedestrian conflict (A-10, C-5, D-5)

CONS

- 'F' shaped building creates additional inside corner units
- East facing courtyard has limited exposure to daylight
- No enhancement of corners at Republican/SR99 and Republican/Dexter, misses opportunity to respond to gateway to Downtown Seattle
- Main building lobby at Dexter and alley does not address prominant corner of Dexter and Republican
- Residential units oriented along Republican and SR 99 at street level susceptible to noise, headlights, and air-quality issues
- Residential amenity spaces located along SR 99 at street level impacted by traffic
- Rooftop terrace oriented toward Northwest impacted by noise and air quality



ALTERNATIVE C: PREFERRED

PROS

- Corners differentiated at Republican/SR 99 and Republican/Dexter to create gateway elements (A-10)
- Setback along Dexter to respond to smaller scale, lower speed, pedestrian/bicycle orientation (A-2, B-1)
- Main building lobby entrance reinforces prominant corner of Dexter and Republican (A-1, A-3, A-10, D-1)
- Street-level residential appropriately oriented toward Dexter, fewer traffic impacts than SR 99 or Republican (A-3, A-6)
- Parking access and services from alley minimizes traffic and pedestrian conflict (A-10, C-5, D-5)
- South-facing courtyard 53'x140'
- Rooftop terrace oriented toward Dexter, views to Lake Union and Downtown, mimimizes traffic impact from SR 99 and Republican (A-1, C-2 SLU Specific)

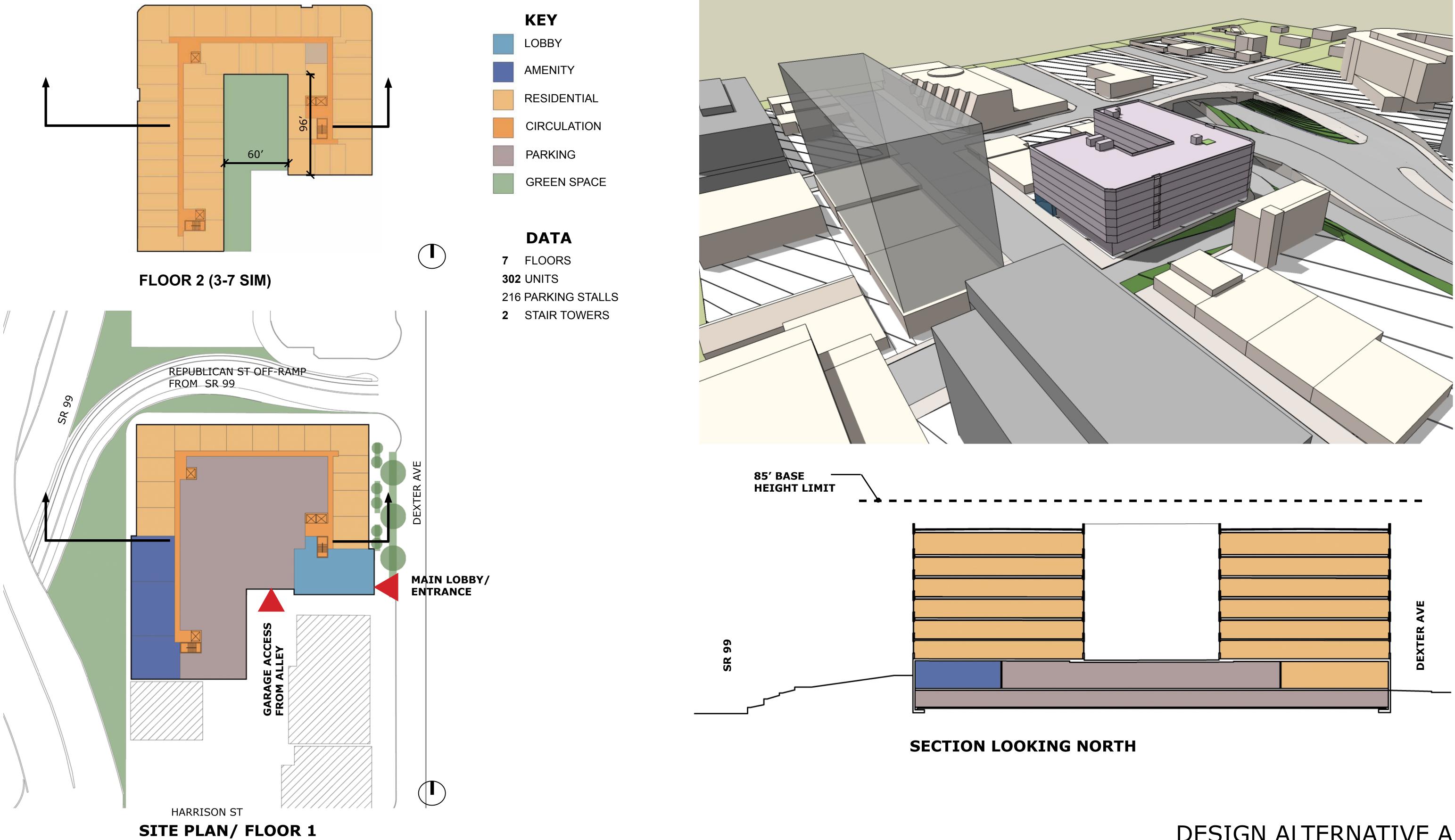
CONS

 Setbacks and articulation increase construction complexity, decrease building layout efficiency



435 Dexter







DESIGN ALTERNATIVE A

435 Dexter



BUILDING MASS ALONG DEXTER PUSHED TO PROPERTY LINE

MAIN BUIDING ENTRY AT CORNER **OF ALLEY & DEXTER**

STREET-LEVEL RESIDENTIAL ALONG **DEXTER & REPUBLICAN**

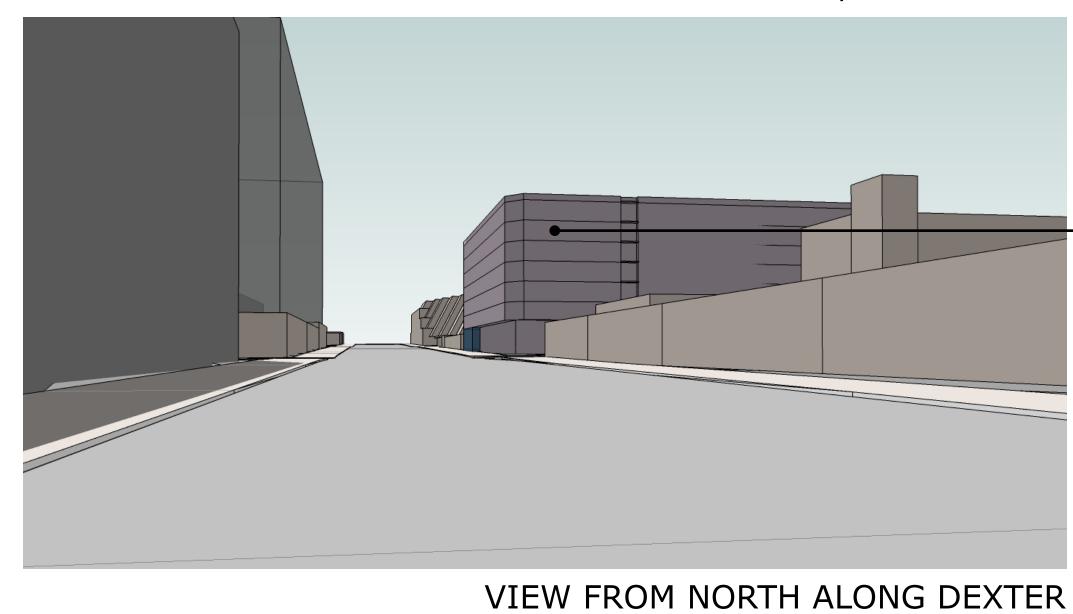
REPUBLICAN & SR 99

NITY SPACE ALONG SR 99



VIEW FROM NORTHWEST ON SR 99

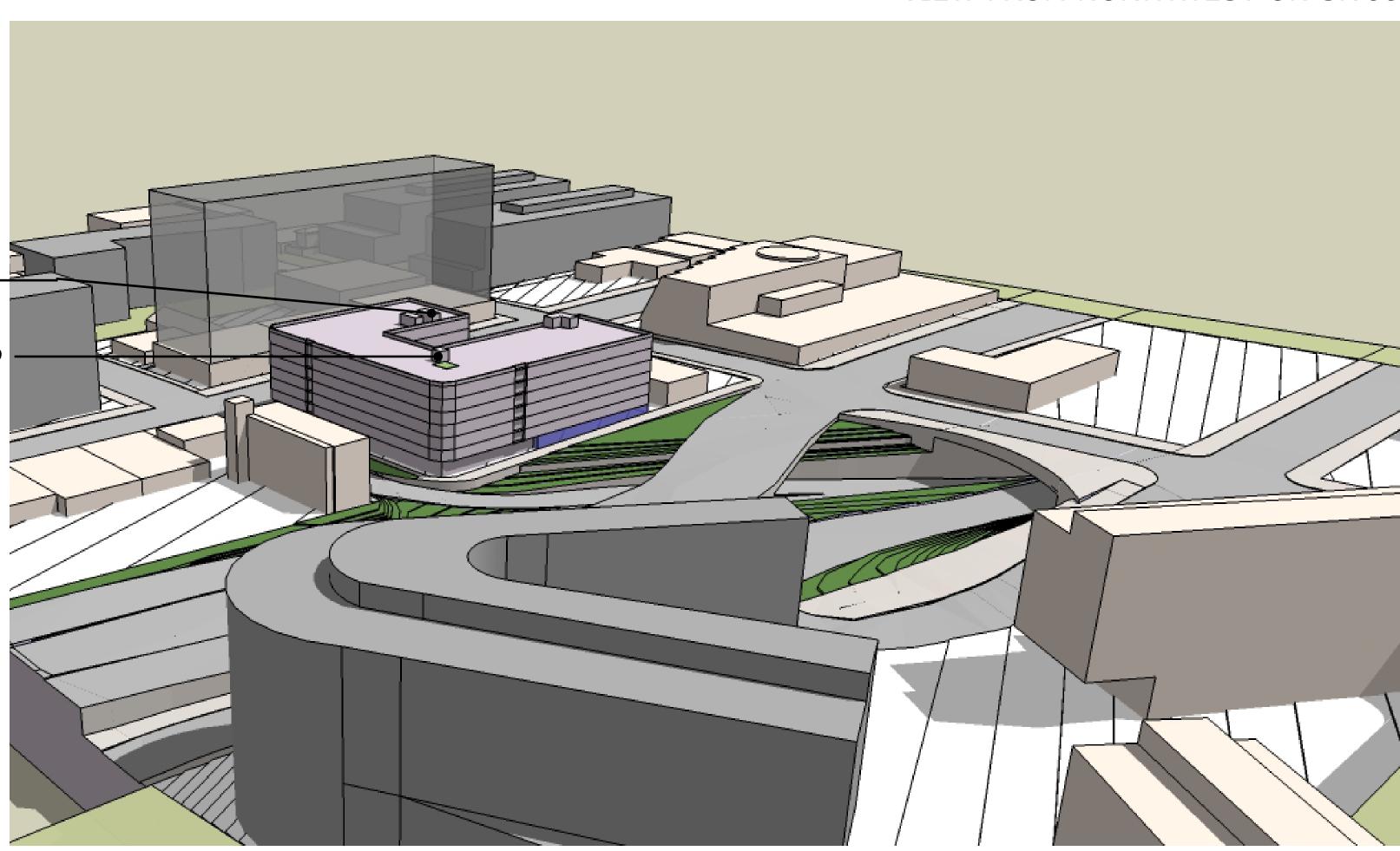




UNDIFFERENTIATED CORNER AT DEXTER & REPUBLICAN

LARGER COURTYARD ALLOWED BY — MINIMAL MODULATION FACING **STREETS**

ROOF TERRACE ORIENTED TO SR 99



AERIAL VIEW FROM NORTHWEST

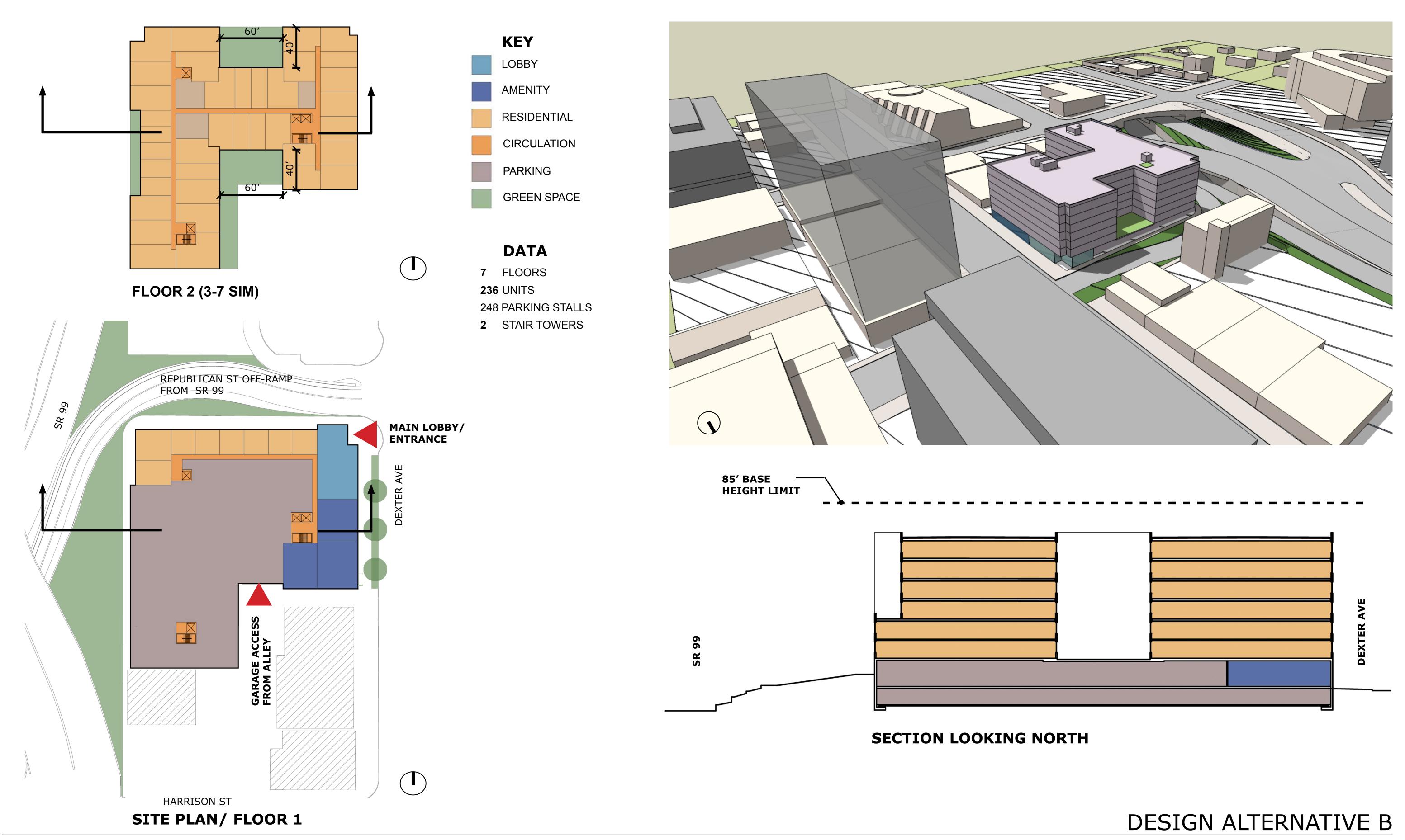


VIEW FROM SOUTH ALONG DEXTER

DESIGN ALTERNATIVE A

435 Dexter





FISH MACKAY ARCHITECTS LLC 435 Dexter



NORTH-FACING COURTYARD ALONG REPUBLICAN OFF-RAMP

BUILDING MASS ALONG DEXTER PUSHED TO PROPERTY LINE

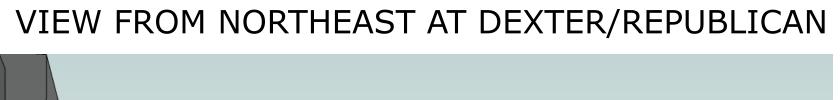
MAIN BUIDING ENTRY AT CORNER OF ALLEY & DEXTER

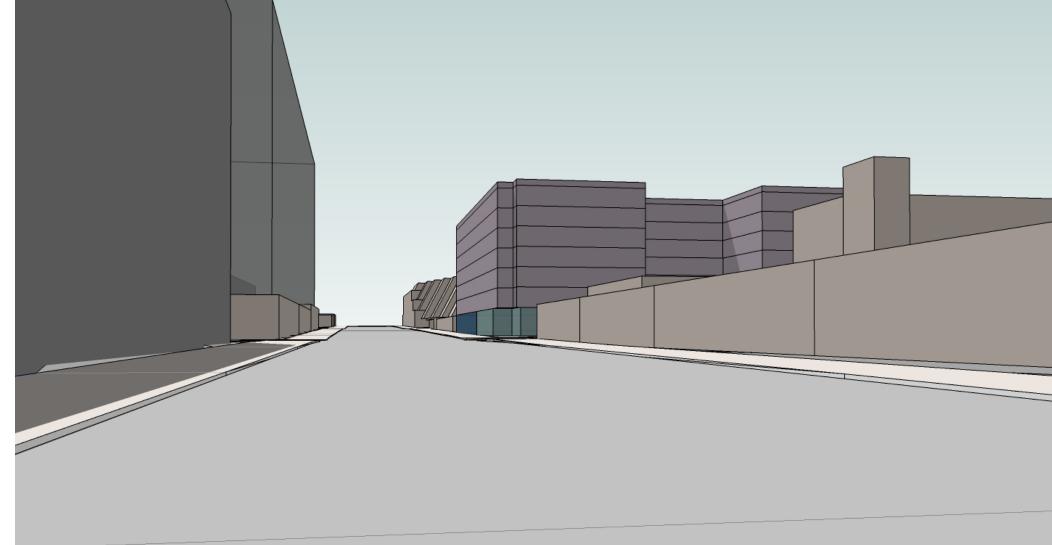
STREET-LEVEL RESIDENTIAL ALONG REPUBLICAN OFF-RAMP

REPUBLICAN & SR 99



VIEW FROM NORTHWEST ON SR 99

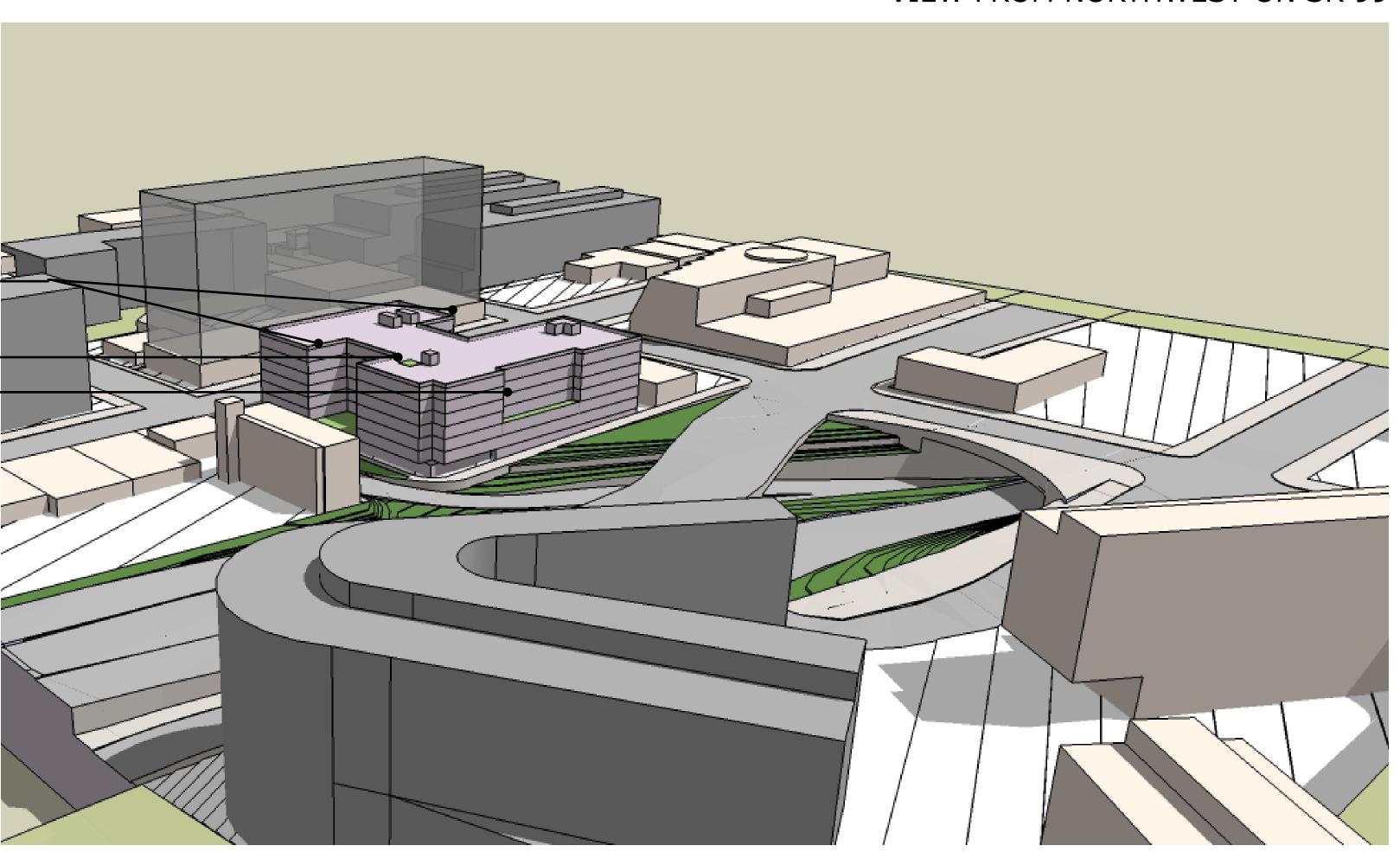




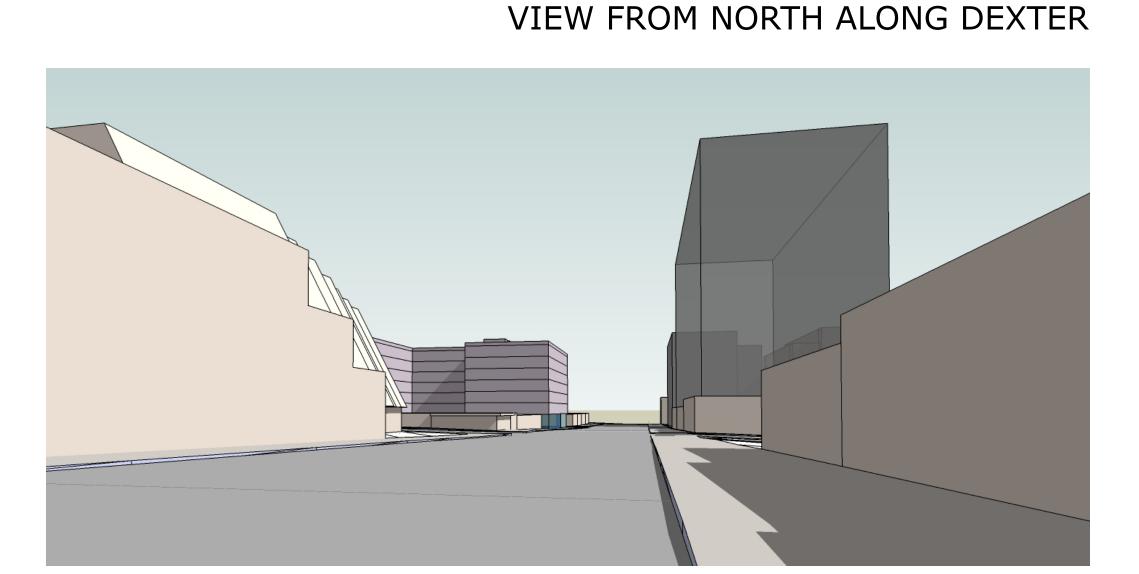
COURTYARDS BROKEN UP INTO NORTH & SOUTH FACING

ROOF TERRACE ORIENTED TO SR 99 & REPUBLICAN

UPPER-LEVEL SETBACK FACING SR



AERIAL VIEW FROM NORTHWEST

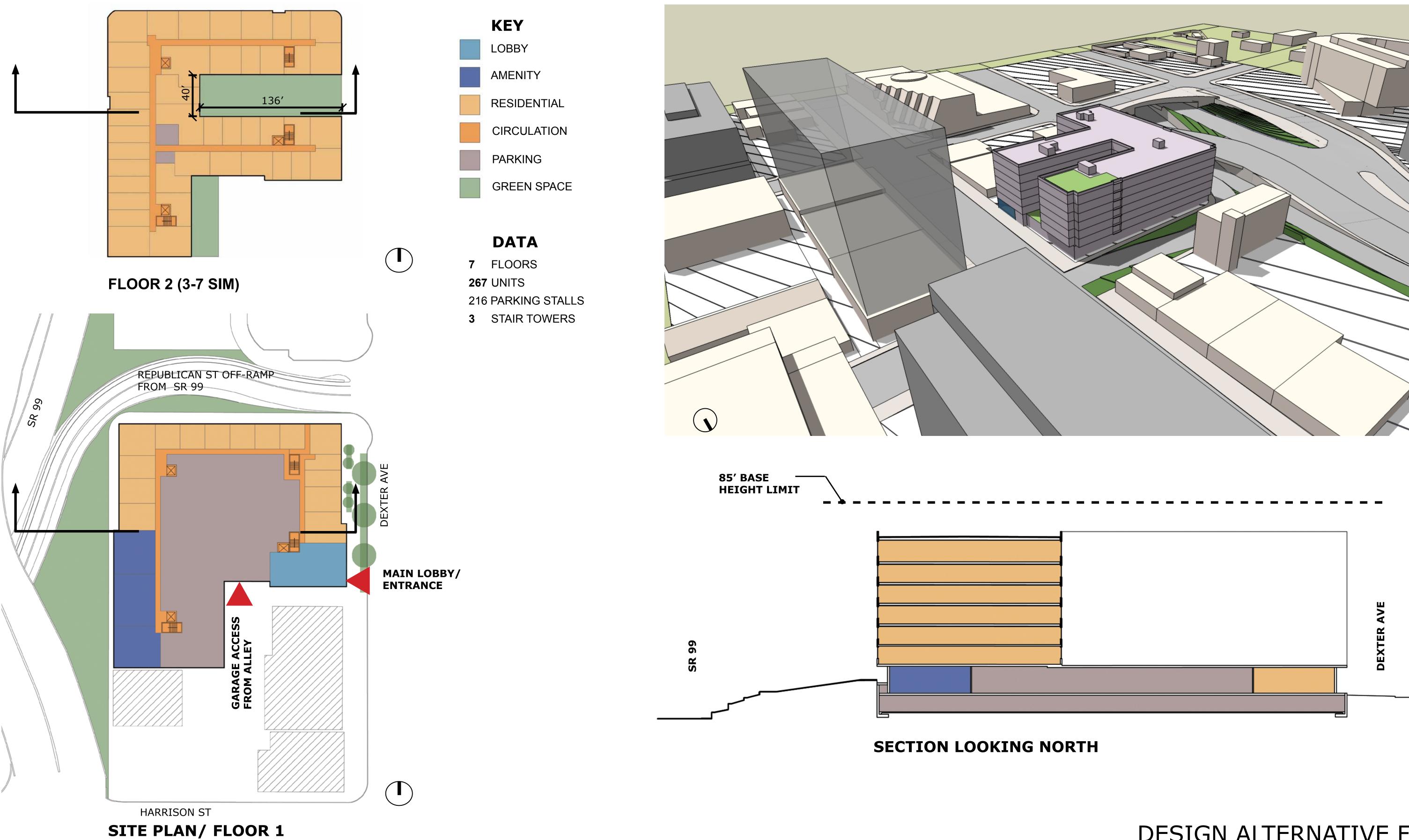


VIEW FROM SOUTH ALONG DEXTER

DESIGN ALTERNATIVE B

435 Dexter







DESIGN ALTERNATIVE F



BUILDING MASS ALONG DEXTER MODULATED BY EAST FACING COURTYARD

MAIN BUIDING ENTRY AT CORNER **OF ALLEY & DEXTER**

STREET-LEVEL RESIDENTIAL ALONG **DEXTER & REPUBLICAN**

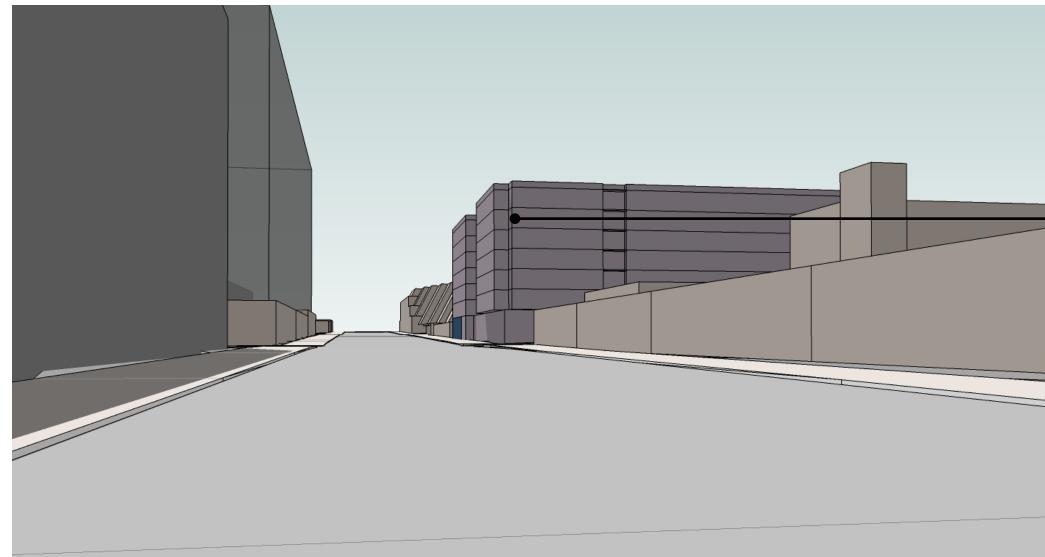
REPUBLICAN & SR 99

STREET-LEVEL RESIDENTIAL **AMENITY SPACE ALONG SR 99**



VIEW FROM NORTHWEST ON SR 99

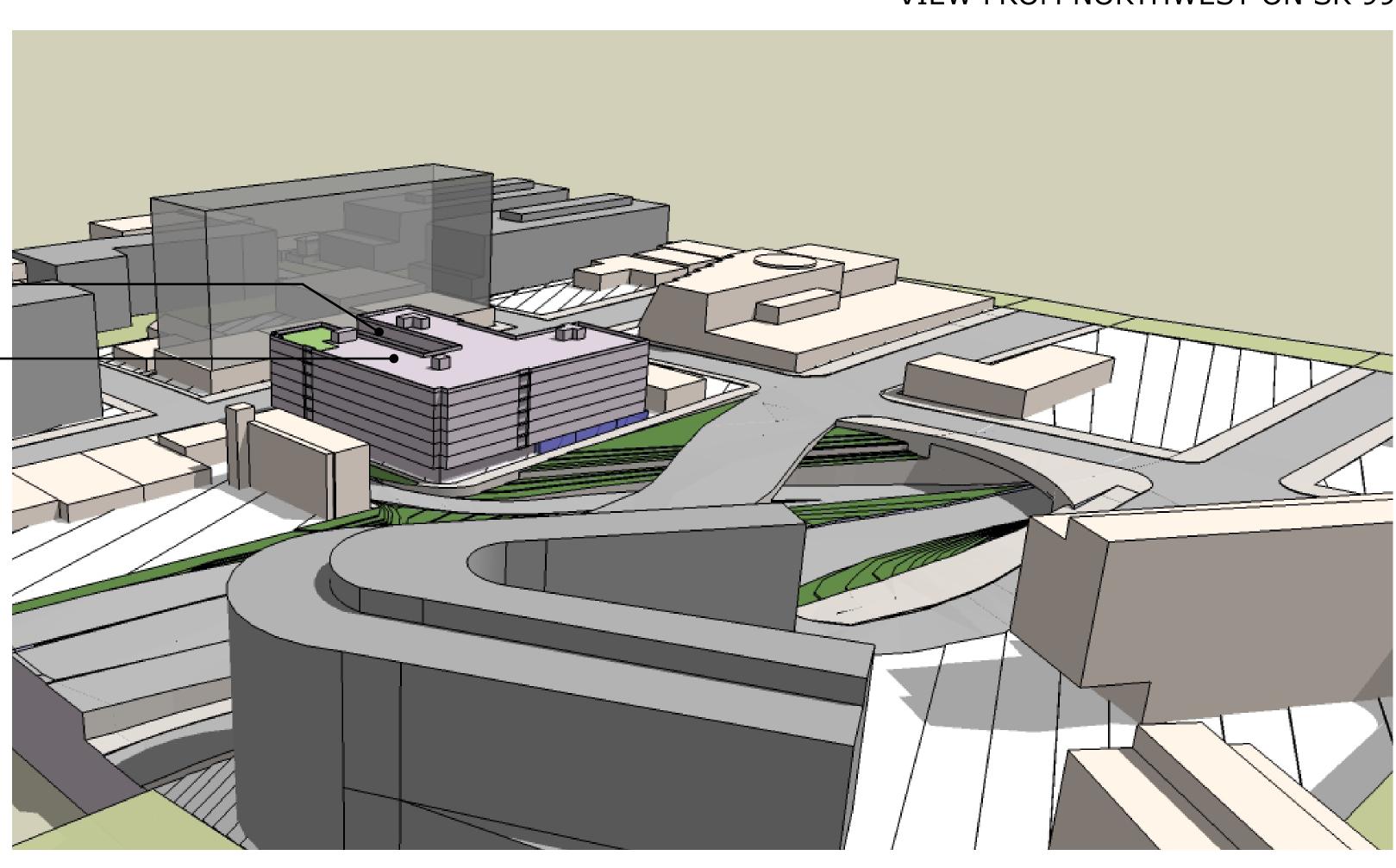




UNDIFFERENTIATED CORNER AT DEXTER & REPUBLICAN

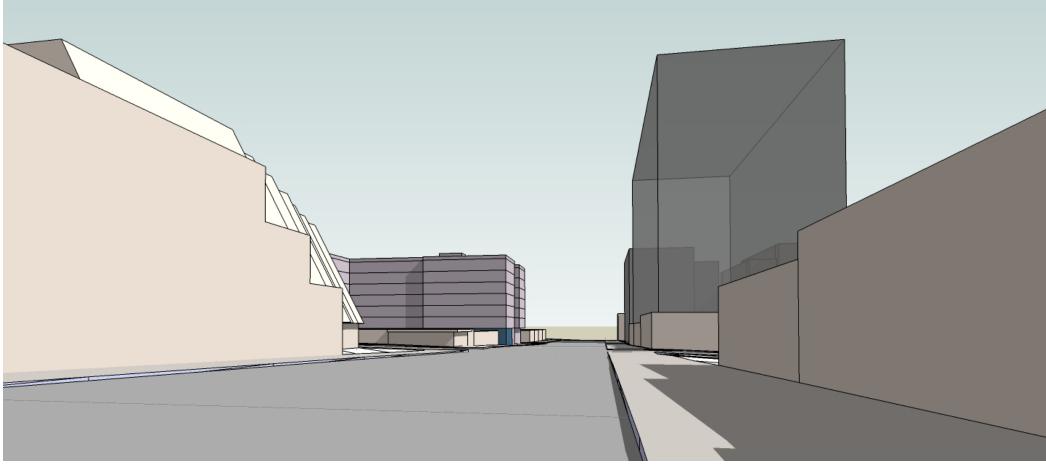
DEEP EAST FACING COURTYARD **ALLOWED BY MINIMAL MODULA-**TION AT FACING STREETS

ROOF TERRACE ORIENTED TO DEXTER AVE



AERIAL VIEW FROM NORTHWEST





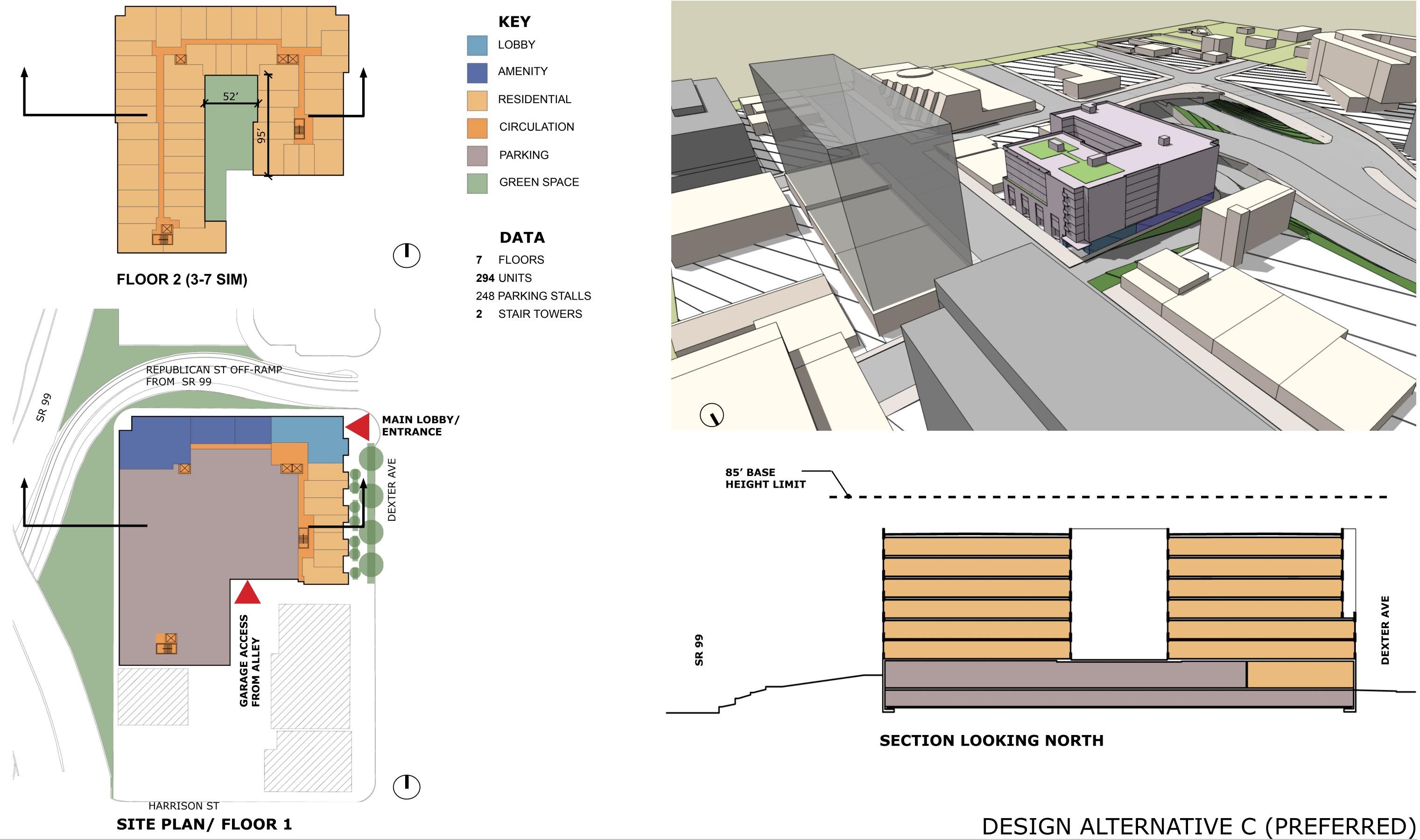
VIEW FROM SOUTH ALONG DEXTER

VIEW FROM NORTH ALONG DEXTER



435 Dexter





FISH MACKAY ARCHITECTS LLC

435 Dexter



UPPER-LEVEL SETBACK ALONG DEXTER

MAIN BUIDING ENTRY AT CORNER **OF ALLEY & DEXTER**

STREET-LEVEL RESIDENTIAL AME-**NITY ALONG REPUBLICAN**

STREET-LEVEL RESIDENTIAL ALONG **DEXTER WITH INDIVIDUAL EN-**TRIES ALONG SIDEWALK

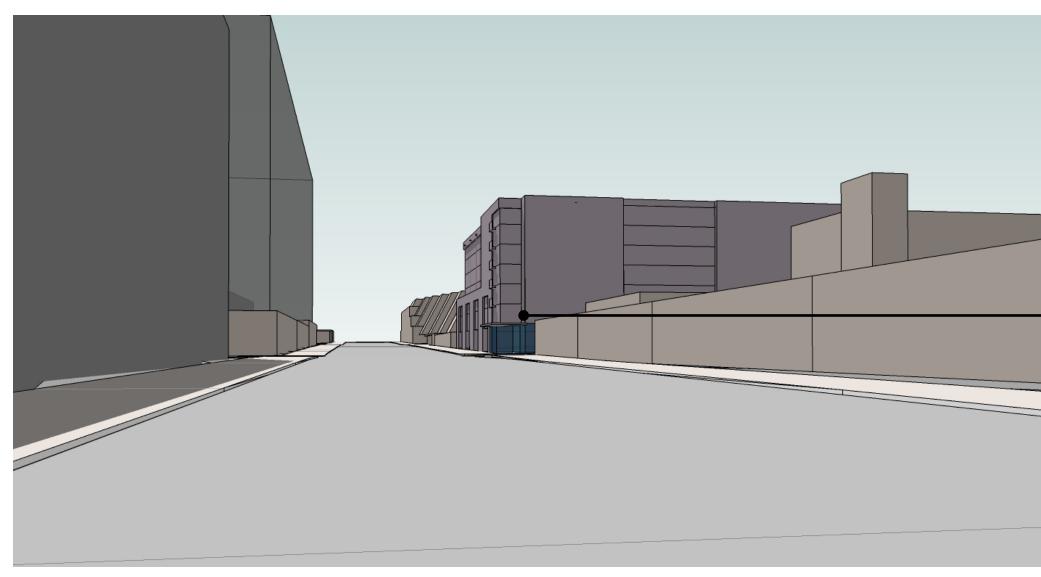
EDGE CONDITION ALONG SR 99-MA-JOR HIGHWAY, FEW PEDESTRIANS, **VISIBILITY FROM DISTANCE**

STREET-LEVEL RESIDENTIAL AMENI-TY SPACES ALONG REPUBLICAN

OPPORTUNITY FOR SCREENING BE-TWEEN PARKING & SR 99 ROW TO **DISCOURAGE GRAFITTI & PROVIDE VISUAL INTEREST**



VIEW FROM NORTHWEST ON SR 99



GATEWAY AT DEXTER & REPUBLI-

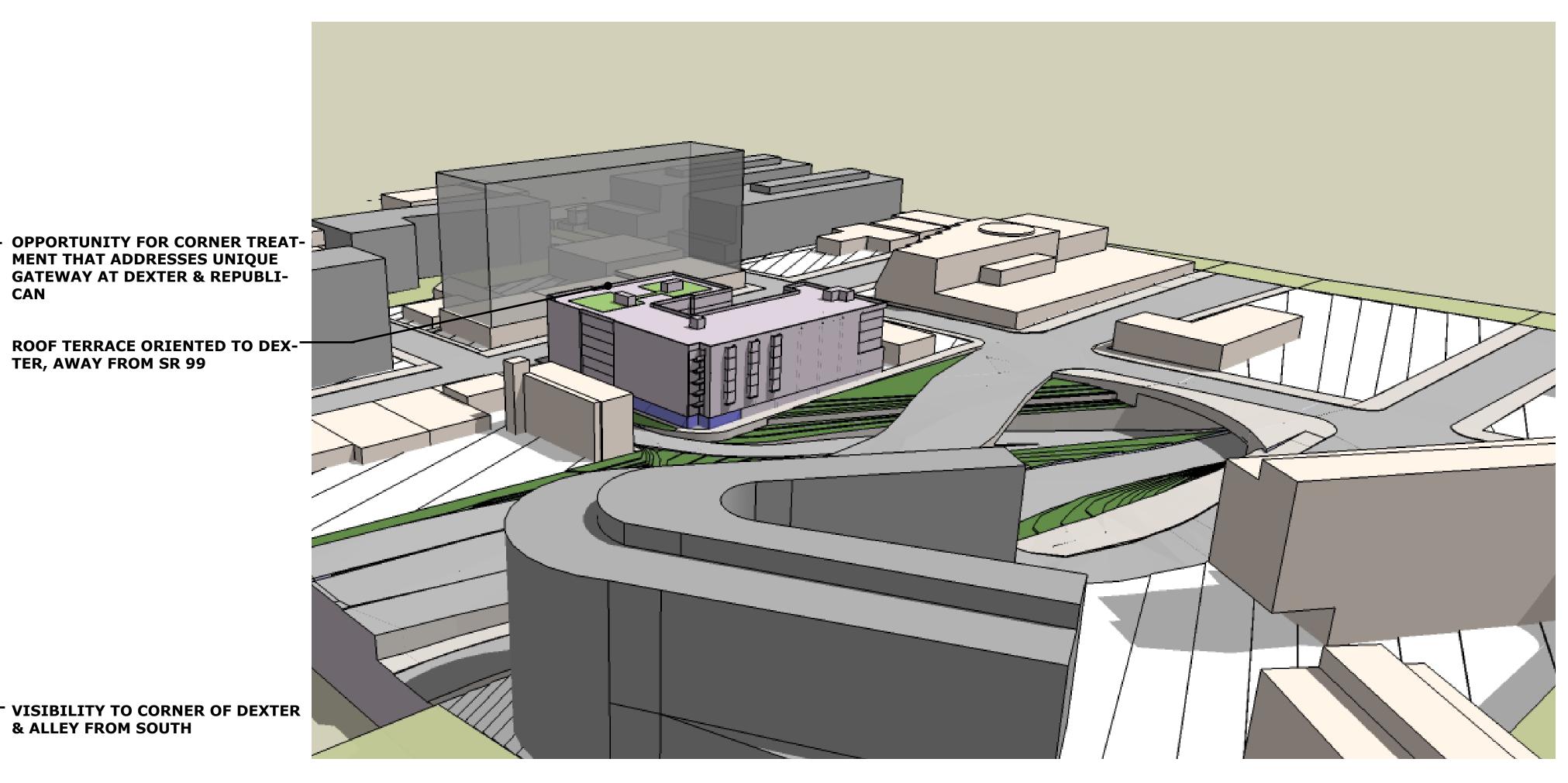
ROOF TERRACE ORIENTED TO DEX-TER, AWAY FROM SR 99







VIEW FROM SOUTH ALONG DEXTER



AERIAL VIEW FROM NORTHWEST

DESIGN ALTERNATIVE C (PREFERRED)

435 Dexter





VIEW FROM 6TH AVENUE LOOKING EAST

DESIGN ALTERNATIVE C (PREFERRED): BUILDING CHARACTER

435 Dexter





VIEW FROM DEXTER AND REPUBLICAN

DESIGN ALTERNATIVE C (PREFERRED): BUILDING CHARACTER

435 Dexter





VIEW ALONG DEXTER LOOKING NORTH

DESIGN ALTERNATIVE C (PREFERRED): STREETSCAPE CHARACTER

435 Dexter







ALTERNATIVE A ALTERNATIVE B ALTERNATIVE F ALTERNATIVE C: PREFERRED 9AM

SOLAR STUDIES: SUMMER

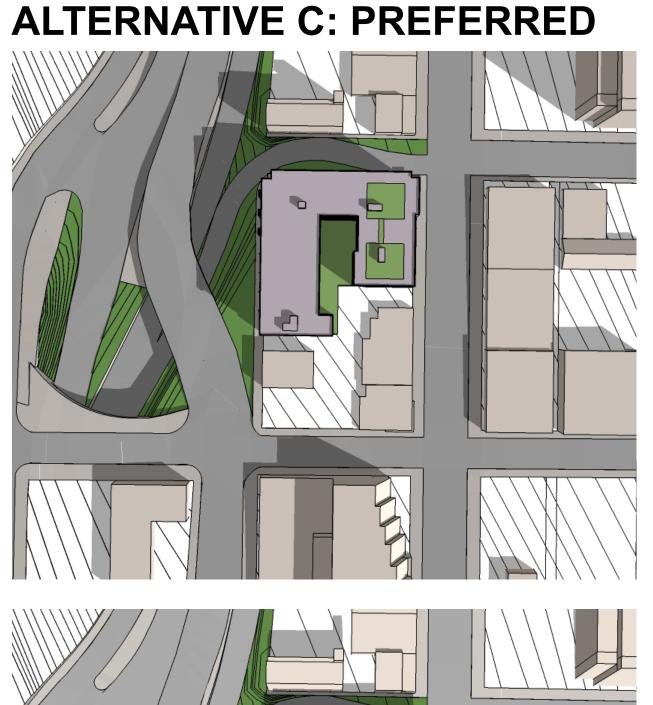
435 Dexter

Early Design Guidance: January 08, 2014

3PM

ALTERNATIVE A ALTERNATIVE B 9AM

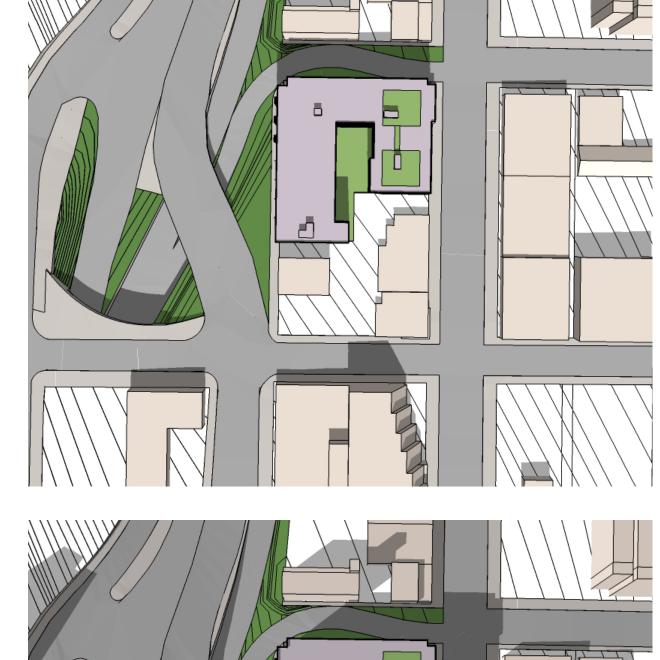


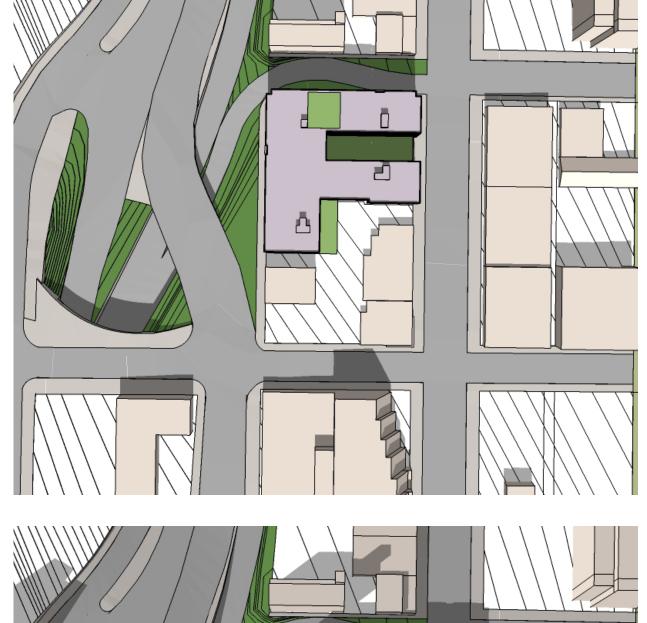


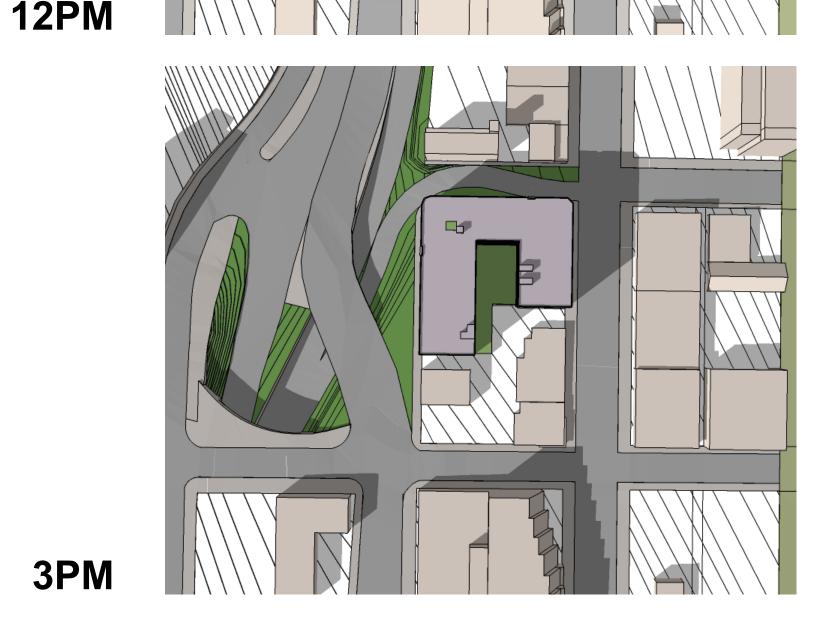


ALTERNATIVE F

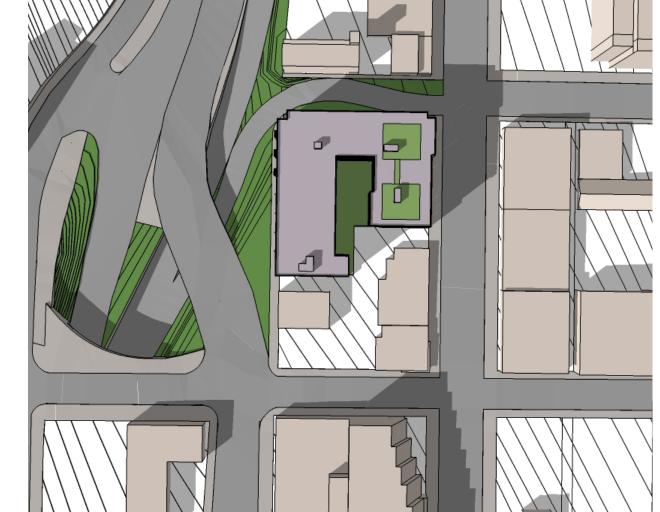












SOLAR STUDIES: EQUINOX

ALTERNATIVE A 9AM

ALTERNATIVE B

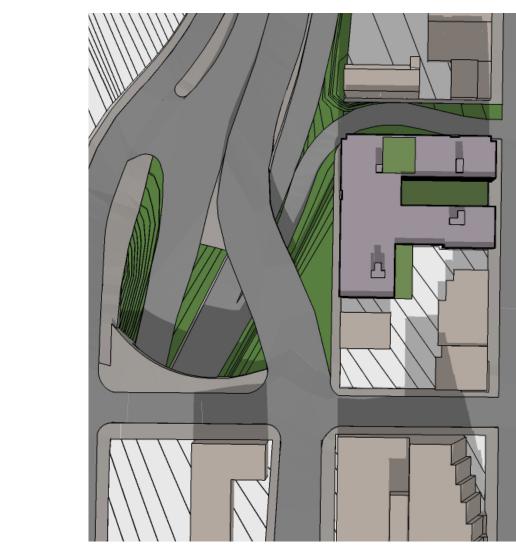


ALTERNATIVE C: PREFERRED

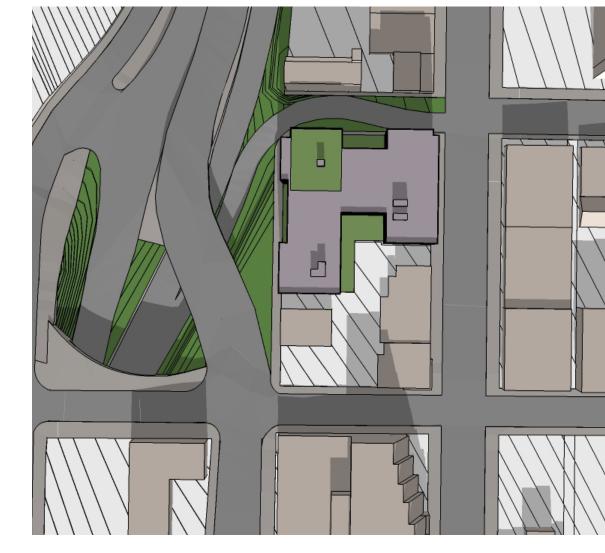
















3PM

SOLAR STUDIES: WINTER

435 Dexter

ZONING 435 Dexter CODE **SUMMARY ADDRESS** 435 Dexter Avenue North 98109 Parcel # 198820-1285 **Parcel** Land Sq. Ft.: 44,780 **Acres: 1.03** CODE: **SEATTLE LAND USE & ZONING CODE** ZONE: **Seattle Mixed 160/85-240 South Lake Union Urban Center** Overlay Republican and Dexter designated as Class II Pedestrian SECTION / TOPIC REQUIRED / ALLOWED Residential, retail, and parking permitted outright 23.48.004 **Permitted Uses** 23.48.009 FAR For nonresidential uses: Base FAR: 4.5, Max FAR: 7, Max FAR for structures that do not exceed base residential height limit and include any residential use: 6 extra floor area for nonresidential uses above base FAR (up to 6 development shall not exceed the lower of nonres max FAR or max FAR for structures not exceeding base residential height limit (so FAR max is 6) portions of a story that extend no more than 4' above grade (excluding access) is exempt from FAR limits of residential is directly allowance for mech. Equipment: 3.5% of GFA is exempt. Mech equipment on roof, enclosed or not, is not included. General sales and services, eating and drinking establishments at street level exempt 23.48.010 Maximum 85' base residential height, 240' if providing incentive housing Height Primary entrance required from street, no more than 3' above 23.48.014 or below sidewalk grade Minimum height of street facing facades on Class II Street-Level Development Pedestrian Streets 25'.

12' max setback from prop line (if landscaped)

wall, if setback located 20' min from street corner

Additional setbacks permitted up to 30% of setback street

Shall apply to area of façade from 2'-8' above sidewalk

raçade Requirements	structures in residential use, as follows: Class II street, min. 60% of street facing façade must be transparent, 30% other streets, 45% if Class II street if slope >7.5% for class II streets, blank facades limited to 15' wide, except garage doors, increased to 30' if director determines façade is enhanced by arch. Detailing, landscaping, art, or other sim features	Street trees requirements
	Blank segments to be separated by 2' transparent areas for other streets, blank facades limited to 30' wide, except garage doors, increased to 60' if director determines façade is enhanced by arch. Detailing, landscaping, art, or other sim features	
	Blank segments to be separated by 2' transparent areas	23.48.030 Light and glare
	does not apply to portions of structures in residential use	
23.48.014 E Development standards for street level uses excempt from FAR	75% min. of each street frontage occupied by sales/services, eating/drinking, entertainment. min. 13' flr to flr, extend at least 30' deep from street level façade	23.48.031 Solid waste and recyclable materials storage
excempt nom i Aix	max. 10' from street lot line unless outdoor amenity area abuts lot	
	line, then the street level use may abut amenity. pedestrian access directly from street, amenity area, or required open space. Entrances located no more than 3' above or below sidewalk grade	23.48.032 Required parking and loading (per 23.54.015 and 23.54.035)
23.48.020 Residential amenity area	5% of residential gross floor area	
	On-site, available to all residents, at or above ground level, max 50% enclosed, min. horiz. dimension 15', no amenity area < 225 sf, exterior portion landscaped with solar access and seating, ADA pedestrian access can count toward required area	23.48.034 Parking and loading location, access and curbcuts
		23.48.034 B
23.48.024 Screening and landscape standards	by other uses	Parking location within structures
	Other streets: Parking in structures-permitted at street level when at least 30% of the street frontage of the parking area (excluding garage doors) is separated from the street by other uses	
	· Facades of separating uses subject to transparency and blank wall standards.	
	Remaining parking shall be screened at street level and street façade shall be enhanced by architectural detailing, artwork, landscaping or similar visual interest features	
	Perimeter of each floor of parking garages above street level	

shall have opaque screen at least 3.5' high

applies to all street facing, street level facades, except for

structures in residential use, as follows: Class II street, min. 60% of

Transparency and Blank

Façade Requirements

23.48.024D		
Street trees requirements	1. Street trees shall be provided in all planting strips. Existing street trees may count toward meeting the street tree requirement.	
	2. Exceptions to street tree requirementsa. Street trees are not required when a change of use is the only permit requested.	
	b. Street trees are not required for temporary use permits.	
	3. If it is not feasible to plant street trees according to City standards, either a landscaped setback a minimum of 5 feet deep is required along the street lot line, or landscaping other than trees may be located in the planting strip according to Depa	
23.48.030 Light and glare	Exterior lighting must be shielded and directed away from adjacent uses, interior lighting in garages must be shielded to minimize nighttime glare affecting nearby uses.	
23.48.031 Solid waste and recyclable materials storage	Multifamily-575 sf for first 100 units plus 4 sf for each unit above 100	
	Commercial-82 sf up to 5,000 sf, 125 sf 5,001 -15,000 sf	
23.48.032 Required parking and loading (per 23.54.015 and 23.54.035)	No minimum requirement for Urban Centers	
	Loading may be waived if use less than 16,000 sf	
23.48.034 Parking and loading	· Access to parking and loading from alley	

loading may be on east/west street

from the street by other uses, if:

Parking at Street Level:

If lot fronts on an alley and an east/west street, parking and

b. Due to physical site conditions such as topographic or geologic

conditions, parking is permitted in stories that are partially below

street-level and partially above street level without being separated

1) The street front portion of the parking that is at or above street-

level does not abut a Class 1 Pedestrian Street requiring street-level

2) The street front portion of the parking that is at or above streetlevel, excluding garage and loading doors and permitted access to

3) The street-facing facade is enhanced by architectural detailing, artwork, landscaping, stoops and porches providing access to

parking, is screened from view at the street-level; and

residential uses, or similar visual interest features.

23.54.030.B2 23.54.030.B2

Bike Parking

ZONING SUMMARY

435 Dexter

Early Design Guidance: January 08, 2014

1 long term and 2 short term bike spaces required

35% LARGE REQUIRED, 35% SMALL REQUIRED 30% ANY SIZE

Residential: 1 long term/4 units

RESIDENTIAL PARKING RATIO

60% MEDIUM REQUIRED, 40% ANY SIZE

NON-RESIDENTIAL PARKING RATIO

Standards

23.48.014 D

The following Design Guidelines for Multi-family and Commercial building listed below have been identified by the design team as having the most relevance to this development site.

A-1 Responding to Site Characteristics

The siting of buildings should respond to specific site conditions and opportunities such as location on prominent intersection, unusual topography, and views.

SLU-specific supplemental guidance

Encourage "outlooks and overlooks": change the form or facade setbacks of the bulding to enhance opportunities for views.

Reinforce community gateways through landscaping, artwork, and historical references to create a sense of place.

A-2 Streetscape Compatibility

The siting of buildings should acknowledge and reinforce the existing desirable spatial characteristics of the right-of-way.

SLU-specific supplemental guidance

Provide pedestrian-friendly amenities.

A-3 Entrances Visible from the Street

Entries should be clearly identifiable and visible from the street.

A-4 Human Activity

New development should be sited and designed to encourage human activity on the street.

SLU-specific supplemental guidance

Create graceful transitions at streetscape level between public and private uses.

A-6 Transition between Residence and Street

For residential projects, the space between the building and the sidewalk should provide security and privacy for residents and encourage social interaction among residents and neighbors.

SLU-specific supplemental guidance

Design entries of residential buildings to enhance the character of the streetscape to create a transition between public and private areas.

A-10 Corner Lots

Buildings on corner lots should be oriented to the corner and public street fronts. Parking and automobile access should be located away from the corners.

B-1 Height, Bulk and Scale Compatibility

Projects should be compatible with the scale of development anticipated by the applicable Land Use Policies for the surrounding area and should be sited and designed to provide a sensitive transition to near-by, less intensive zones. Projects on zone edges should be developed in a manner that creates a step in perceived height, bulk and scale between the anticipated development potential of the adjacent zones.

SLU-specific supplemental guidance

Address both pedestrian and auto experience with specific attention to regional transportation corridors.

Relate proportions of building to width and scale of street.

Articulate facades to relate to existing pattern of developement in vicinity.

Consider architectural features to reduce buliding scale.



A-2 Streetscape Compatibility



A-3 Entrances Visible from Street

RELEVANT DESIGN GUIDELINES

435 Dexter



C-2 Architectural Concept and Consistency

Building design elements, details and massing should create a well-proportioned and unified building form and exhibit an overall architectural concept.

SLU-specific supplemental guidance

Design the roofscape in addition to the streetscape.

C-3 Human Scale

The design of new buildings should incorporate architectural features, elements, and details to achieve a good human scale.

C-5 Structured Parking Entrances

The presence and appearance of garage entrances should be minimized so that they do not dominate the street frontage of a building.

D-1 Pedestrian Open Space and Entrances

Convenient and attractive access to the building's entry should be provided.

SLU-specific supplemental guidance

Provide features that enhace the public realm-the transition zone between private property and and public right-of-way.

D-2 Blank Walls

Buildings should avoid large blank walls facing the street, especially near sidewalks. Where blank walls are unavoidable, they should receive design treatment to increase pedestrian comfort and interest.

D-5 Visual Impacts of Parking Structures

The visibility of all at-grade parking structures or accessory parking garages should be minimized. The parking portion of a structure should be architecturally compatible with the rest of the structure and streetscape.

D-7 Personal Safety and Security

Enhance personal safety and security in the environment under review.

SLU-specific supplemental guidance

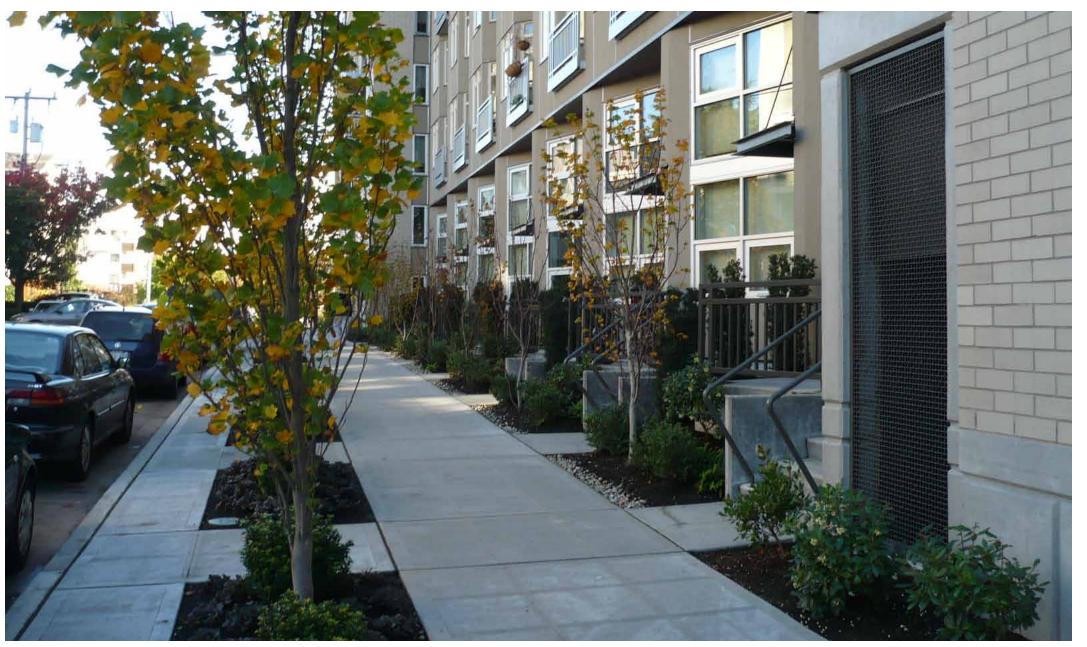
Enhance public safety throughout the neighborhood to foster 18-hour public activity.

E-2 Landscaping to Enhance the Building and/or Site

Landscaping should be incorporated into the design to enhance the project.

SLU-specific supplemental guidance

Consider integrating artwork and landscape that evokes the previous use of the area.



A-6 Transition between Residence and Street



C-2 Architectural Concept and Consistency

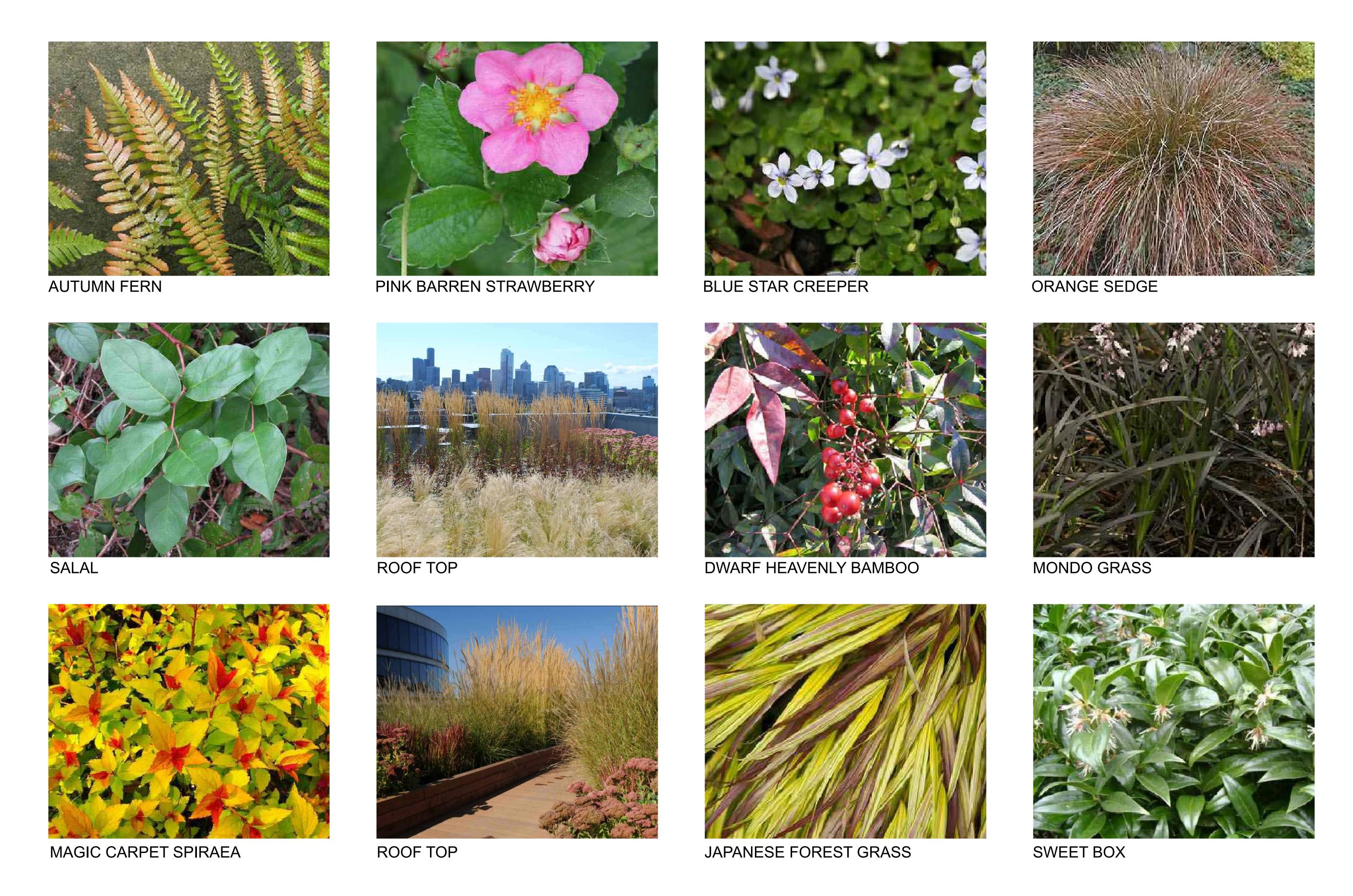


E-2 Landscaping to Enhance Building and Site

RELEVANT DESIGN GUIDELINES

435 Dexter





LANDSCAPE AND STREETSCAPE CONCEPTS

435 Dexter



ROOF TOP



LAVENDER



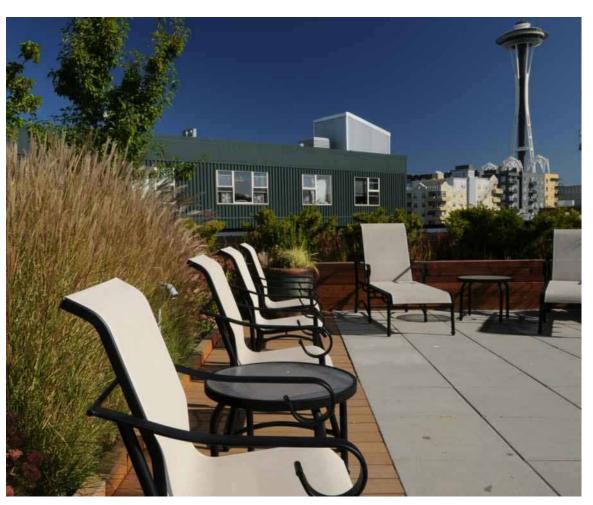
PAVERS



BIO RETENTION PLANTER



FIRE PIT



ROOF TOP



TUMBLED GLASS



FIRE PIT



ROOF TOP



BIO RETENTION PLANTER



