

1260 Republican Street Design Review Proposal Packet

Project Number: 3012256

DRB Date: Dec 15, 2011

Yale Campus, LLC.

Developer: AMLI Residential Partners LLC 535 Pontius Ave. N, Suite 120 Seattle, WA 98109 tel 206.621.5610 fax 206.621.1972

Architect, Interior Design and Landscape

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1260 Republican Street Design Review

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Base
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Development Information

struction Type:

tories) Type III-B wood frame over 2 stories Type I crete construction at-grade and sub-grade.

dential Uses:

residential market rate apartments, including studios, 1 room and 2 bedroom type units.

-Residential Uses:

rox. 4,000 sf commercial for use as retail or office, in ition to 5 dwelling units accessed at grade.

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Distribution by Floor:

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••
Basement:	Parking
Level 1 (Street Level):	Parking / Commercial /
	(5) Apartments
Level 2:	27 Apartments
Level 3:	30 Apartments
Level 4:	30 Apartments
Level 5:	30 Apartments
Level 6:	30 Apartments
Level 7 (Roof):	23 Apartments
Retail SF	4500 sf
Leasing SF	3600 sf
Residential SF	152,000 sf

Zoning - Land Use Summary

Site Address:

• 1260 Republican Street

Site Area:

• 0.71 acres (30,720 sf)

Tax Account #'s:

- 2925049041
- 2925049040
- 2925049042
- 2925049043
- 2925049044 •
- 2925049045 •
- 2925049099 .
- 2925049046

Zoning Designation:

• SM/R-55/75

Applicable Code:

• Seattle Municipal Code, Title 23 Land Use Code

Applicable Design Guidelines:

- City of Seattle Design Guidelines
- South Lake Union Design Guidelines

Overlays:

• South Lake Union Urban Center

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• Republican is a Class 2 Pedestrian Street, and a minor arterial street.

2 Urban Design Analysis

Required/Allowed	Proposed	Required/Allowed	Prop
23.48.004 Permitted Uses:		23.48.034 and 23.54.030 Parking Access and Curb Cuts:	
Multi-family Residential, Live-work, Retail Sales & Somicon Exting & Drinking Establishments and Parking	 Retail, Residential and Parking (all allowed without exception) 	Parking access permitted from Republican.	· 0
Services, Eating & Drinking Establishments and Parking, among others.		Max. 2 curb cuts <23' wide on Republican; max 2 curb cuts <10' elsewhere, and these two can be combined into one <20' wide.	• (' v
23.48.010 Structure Height:		23.54.032 Required Parking:	
 85 feet, contingent on meeting the following: (2) Floors must be a minimum of 14 feet Additional height accomodates mechanical 	 85 feet Level 1 and Level 7 designed to 14 feet Additional Height will accomodate retail/ 	 None. Project is located in Urban Center (SMC 23.54.015 Table A and B) 	• N
 equipment building limited to 7 floors minimum 80% residential use Railings, planters, parapets, etc. allowed 4 feet above maximum building height. Penthouses allowed 15 feet above maximum building height if less than 20 percent of roof area. 	 sales mechanical equipment and building conditioning / ventilation equipment Building limited to 7 floors Over 80% of building is residential Parapets using 4 foot allowance Penthouses using 15 foot allowance, area is less than 20 percent of roof. 	 Bicycle parking: 1 per 4 residential units. After the first 50 spaces, additional spaces are required at 1/2 the ratio shown in Section 23.54, Table E. Non-residential uses such as eating & drinking establishments and retail require 1 space / 4,000 sf of short term bike parking and 1 / 12,000 sf of long term bike parking. Approximately 49 spaces. 	• Bi
		23.54.035 Loading Berths:	
23.48.012 Setback Requirements:None required.	Not applicable to this site	1 loading berth required for 10,000-60,000 sf of medium demand uses such as drinking establishments and	• 1
23.48.014 Facade Height:		retail. For uses w/ less than 16,000 sf which provide	
 25 feet minimum on Class 2 Pedestrian Street (Republican) 	Over 25 feet of facade provided on Republican	a loading space on a street or alley, the loading berth requirements may be waived by the Director.	
 15 feet minimum on all other streets. 	Over 15 feet of facade provided on other streets	23.48.040 Solid Waste and Recycling:	
23.48.018.A Facade Transparency:		 575 sf plus 4 sf for each additional unit over 100 units. 82 sf for gross areas < 5,000 sf. 957 sf base requirment, 	• 98
 60% minimum for Class 2 Ped Street; 30% minimum on all other streets. 	 Over 60% of facade provided on Republican is transparent, over 30% of facade provided on other 	785 sf minimum after exceptions.	
 Does not apply to residential use. 	streets are transparent	23.53.015 Setback at Right of Way	
23.48.018.B Blank Facades:		• 3' street setback waved by DPD 9-8-2011 through street use exemption.	• N
 Maximum 15 feet segments for Class 2 Pedestrian Street; maximum 40% of total frontage. 	Less than 15 feet segments provided	Floor Area Ratio:	• N
 Maximum 30 feet segments on all other streets, maximum 70% of total frontage. 	 Minimum 2 feet transparent segments to be provided between blank areas 	None required. Departures:	
No blank facade limit for portions in residential use.		• 23.48.024 A2 Quantity of hardscape at setback.	• S
23.48.019 Street-Level Uses:		Departure for 23.48.014 D1 not required per zoning correction letter.	
 No limits (building can be 100% residential) 	Not applicable, no class 1 pedestrian street		<u> </u>
23.48.020 Residential Amenity Area:			
 Minimum of 5% of residential gross floor area, maximum 50% can be enclosed, minimum 15 feet 	 Approx . 11,888 SF (5%) of amenity space to be provided, approx. 3,285 SF (28%) enclosed. 		
23.48.024 Landscaping:			
Green Factor is not required in SM/R zone.	Not applicable		

Urban Design Analysis

Zoning - Land Use Summary

posed

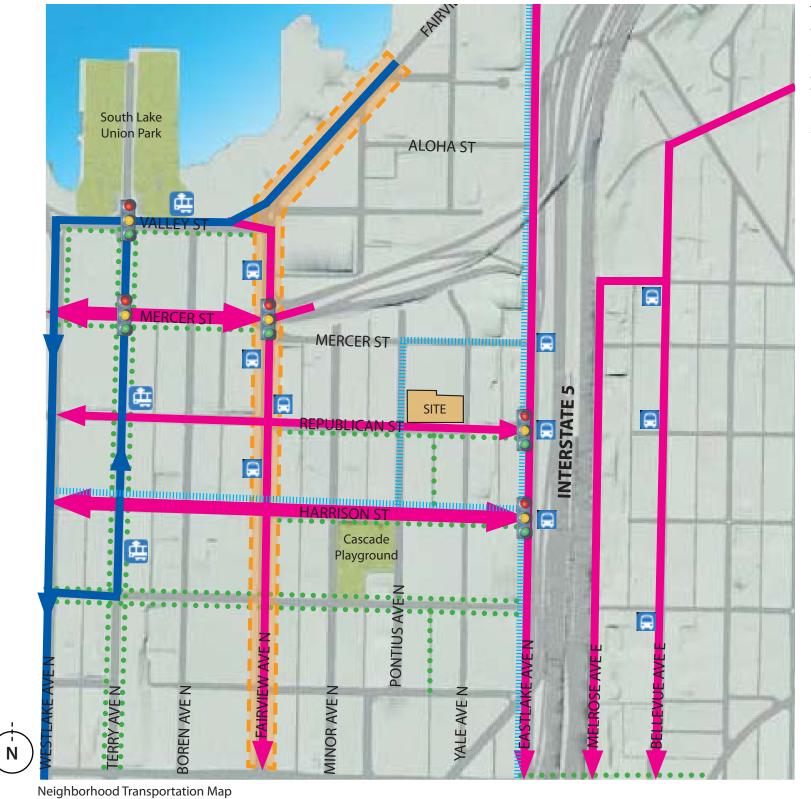
On-street parking provided on Republican (1) 22 foot curb cut on Pontius, see landscape plan for width Not applicable Bicycle parking provided, see floor plan and landscape plan for locations 1 loading berth provided at street right of way 986 sf provided Not applicable Not applicable See Design Departures (page 41)

Zoning



Transportation and Access

The site is easily accessible by bus, light rail, bicycle, pedestrian and auto. 7 regular bus routes pass by the site by way of both Eastlake Ave E and Fairview Ave N. Bus routes include 25, 70, 71, 73, 83, and 309. All bike transportation shown refers to a shared roadway, open to both bicycle and motor vehicle traffic. Interstate 5 (I-5) is a major transporation arterial running north/ south, linking downtown Seattle to the South Lake Union neighborhood.



2 Urban Design Analysis

LEGEND:



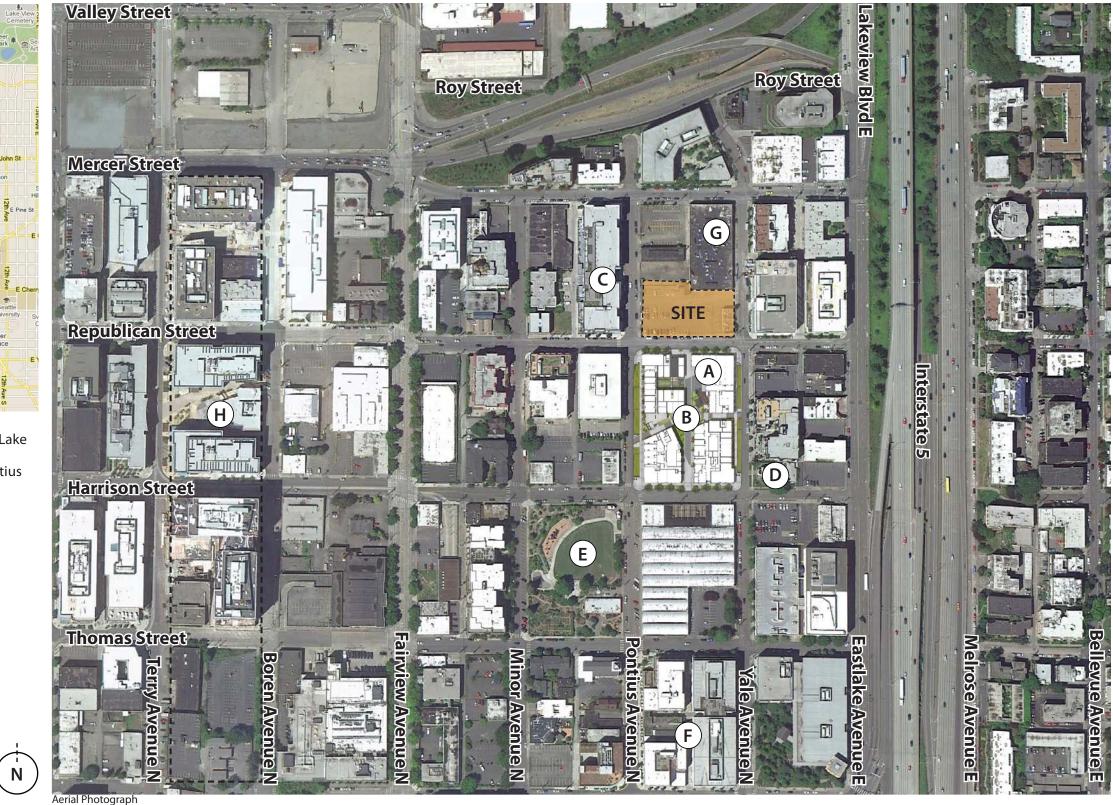
Scheduled Bus Route Bicycle Route Light Rail Arterial Street **Class 2 Pedestrian Street**

Site and Vicinity Map



Vicinity Map

The site is located in the "Cascade" area of South Lake Union Hub Urban Village. The site is bounded by Mercer and Republican Streets, and Yale and Pontius Avenues N.



2 Urban Design Analysis

1260 Republican Street Design Review



[site photo]

SUPPLY LAUNDRY BUILDING

A City of Seattle historic landmark, the Supply Laundry Building's northern facade is adjacent to the south-eastern corner of the site.



[Vulcan / Runberg Architecture DRB package]

LAUNDRY BLOCK PROPOSAL

Adjacent to the southern edge of the site is a proposal for a mixed use project. The design has a central corridor extending north to the site across Republic Street.



[www.amli.com]

AMLI 535 APARTMENT HOMES

Adjactent to the site's western edge, AMLI 535 is a 5-story residential structure providing studio, 1-bedroom and 2-bedroom apartments units.







CASCADE PARK AND PEA PATCH

Originally the playground of the now-demolished Cascade School. Has two play areas, a wide field, a picnic table, and restrooms.



[wikipedia.org/wiki] ALLEY24

An anchor point for site orientation along the north/south pedestrian corridor.



1275 MERCER STREET

Adjacent to the northeast corner of the site, and originally built for the Kenworth Motor Truck Corporation 1928-1929. Used during WWII for production of military aircraft parts.



Urban Design Analysis

Surrounding Uses and Structures



[site photo]

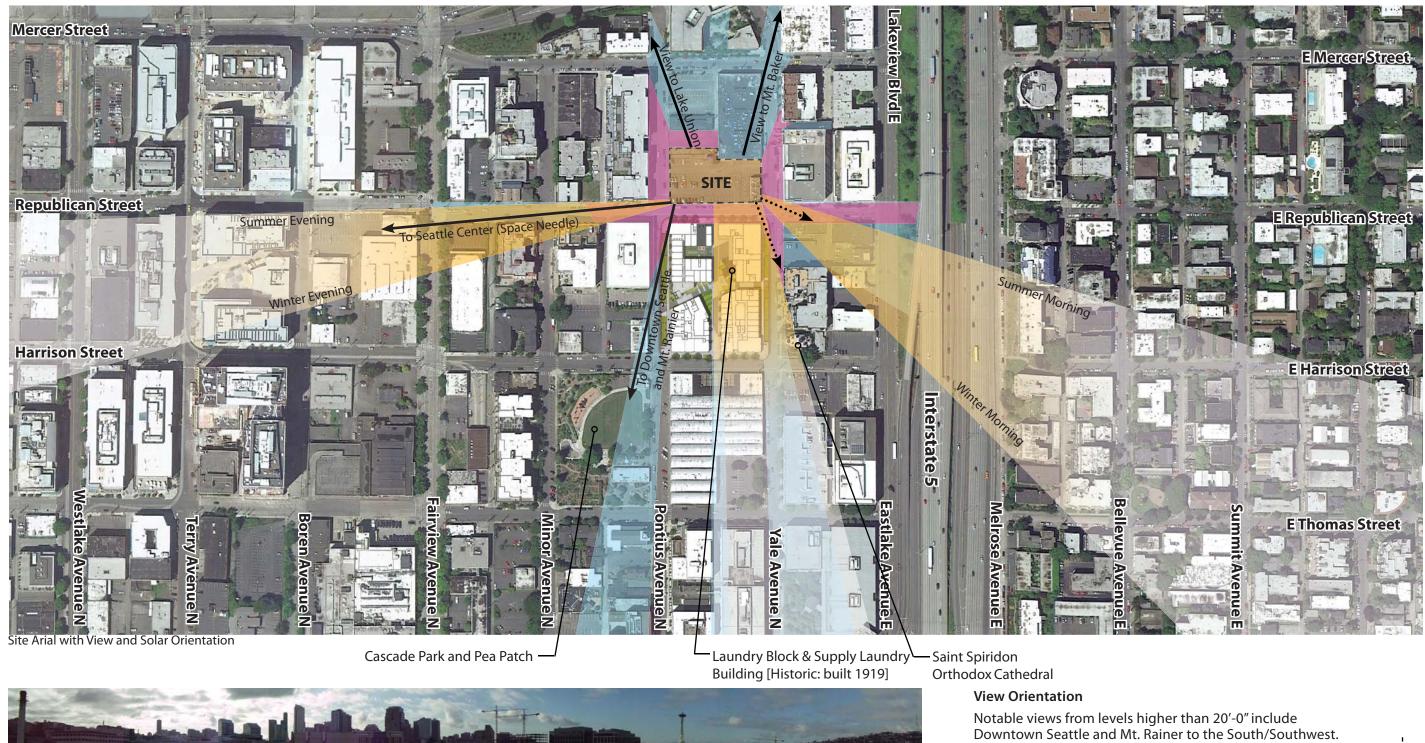
SAINT SPIRIDON ORTHODOX CATHEDRAL

Construction was completed and the structure was designated a Cathedral church on December 13, 1941. The cathedral was built in the traditional Russian Church style.

AMAZON HEADQUARTERS CAMPUS [TERRY AVE N]

A new 1.7 million square foot headquarters campus with 11 buildings. New employees are due to start moving into the new campus April 2011. LEED-Gold certified.

1260 Republican Street **Design Review**



Views looking South-West toward downtown Seattle and Space Needle

2 **Urban Design Analysis**

Levels 1 & 2 view range Levels 3-6 view range





1260 Republican Street **Design Review**







Republican Street: Looking North (towards site)



Republican Street: Aerial View



Republican Street: Looking South (away from site)



Urban Design Analysis

REPUBLICAN STREET: Photo Vignettes

2





Pontius Ave N: Looking East (towards site)



Pontius Ave N: Aerial View



Pontius Ave N: Looking West (away from site)

2 Urban Design Analysis

PONTIUS AVE N: Photo Vignettes





Yale Ave N; looking West (toward site)



Yale Ave N: Aerial View



Yale Ave N: looking East (away from site)

Urban Design Analysis

2

Streetscapes : Photo Vignettes





Survey

Site Area:

Site contains 30,720 SF with 256 feet of frontage on Republican St, 120 feet of frontage on Yale Ave N, 134 feet of frontage on Pontius Ave.

Topography:

The site slopes from 105'-3" SE to 97'-0" NW with a difference of approximately 8'-3".

Tree Survey:

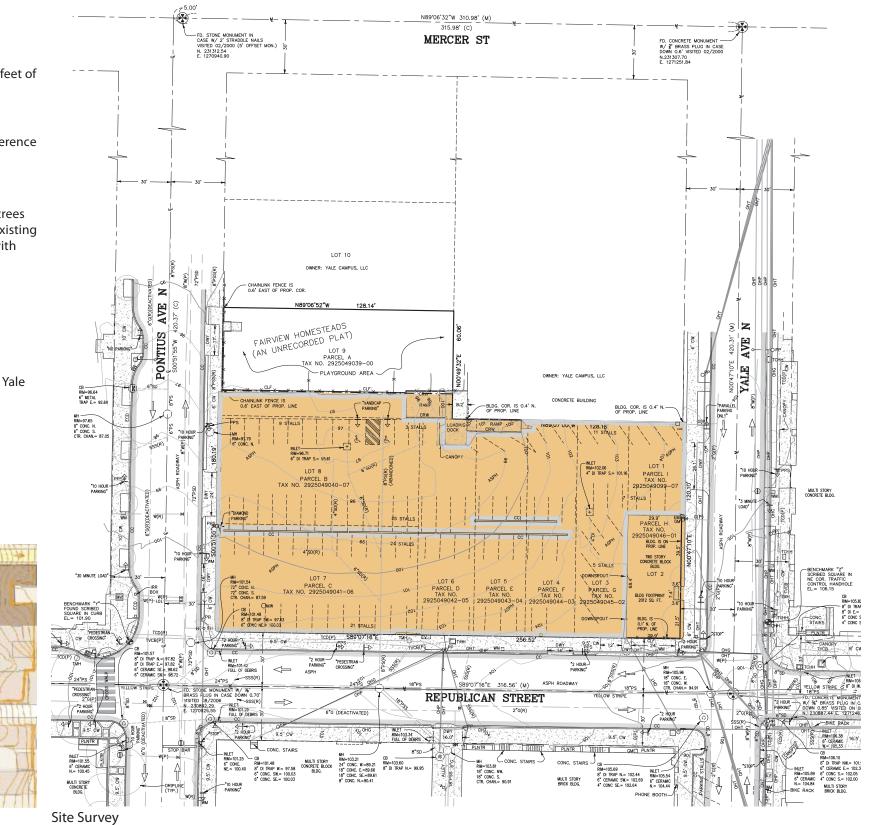
There are no significant trees on site. The (3) existing trees on Yale are located back of sidewalk, within 1" of the existing building and are a mix of species in poor health and with poor form.

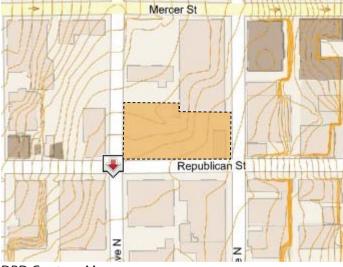
Existing Buildings:

One two-story building to be demolished.

Utilities:

Site has access to all utilities on Republican Street and Yale Ave N.



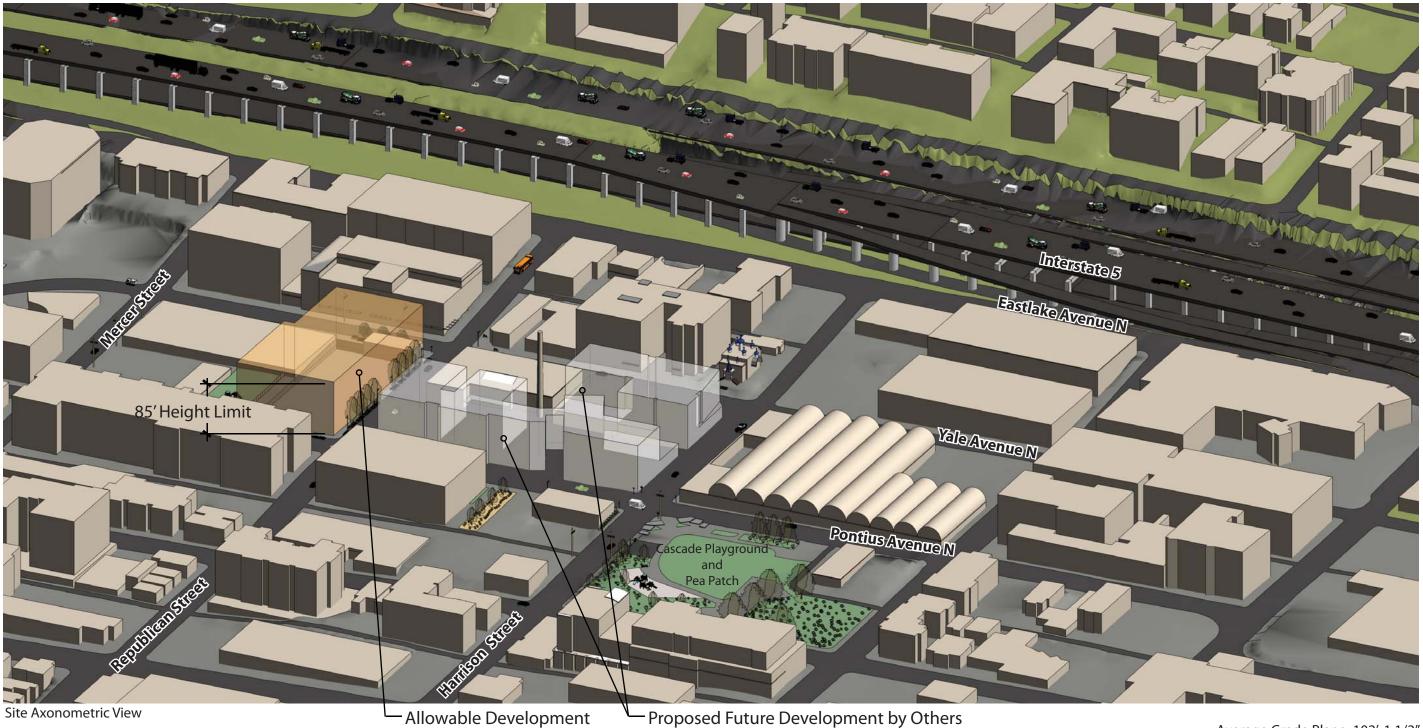


DPD Contour Map

GGLO architecture interior design Iandscape architecture planning & urban design

Site Analysis

1260 Republican Street **Design Review**





Site Analysis

3

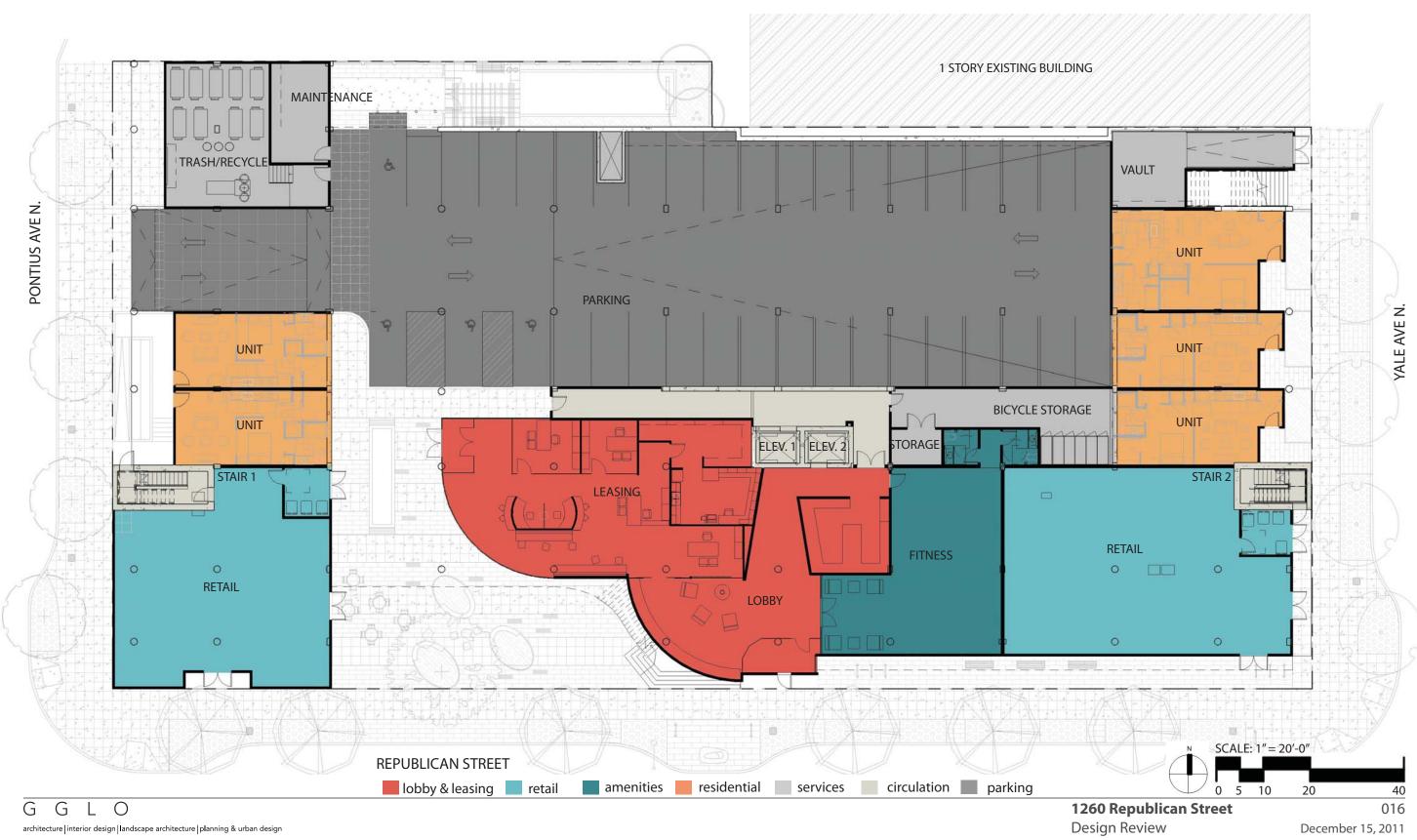
Allowable Zoning Envelope

Average Grade Plane: 102'-1 1/2"

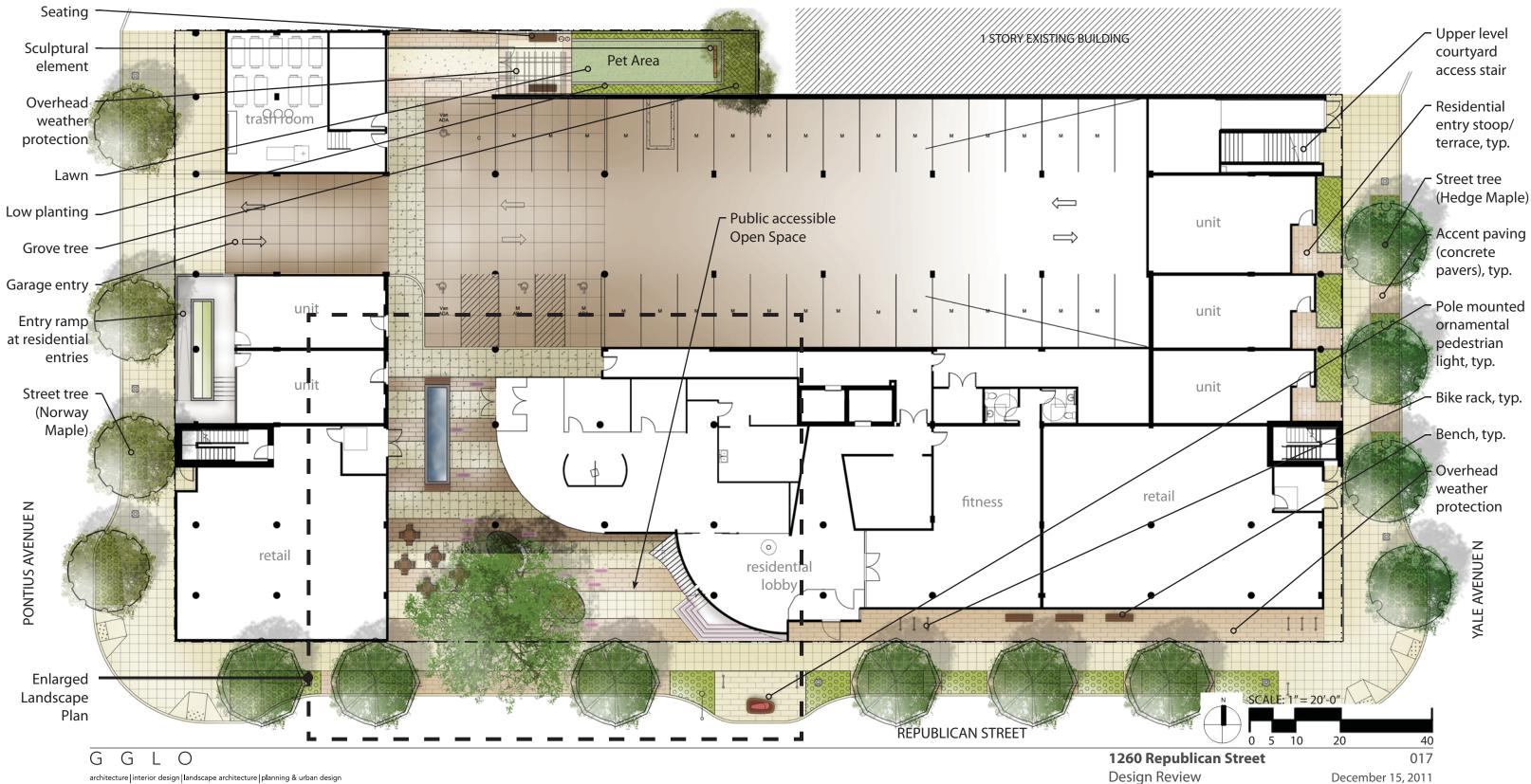
Maximum Allowable Height: 85'-0"

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Floor Plan Level 1

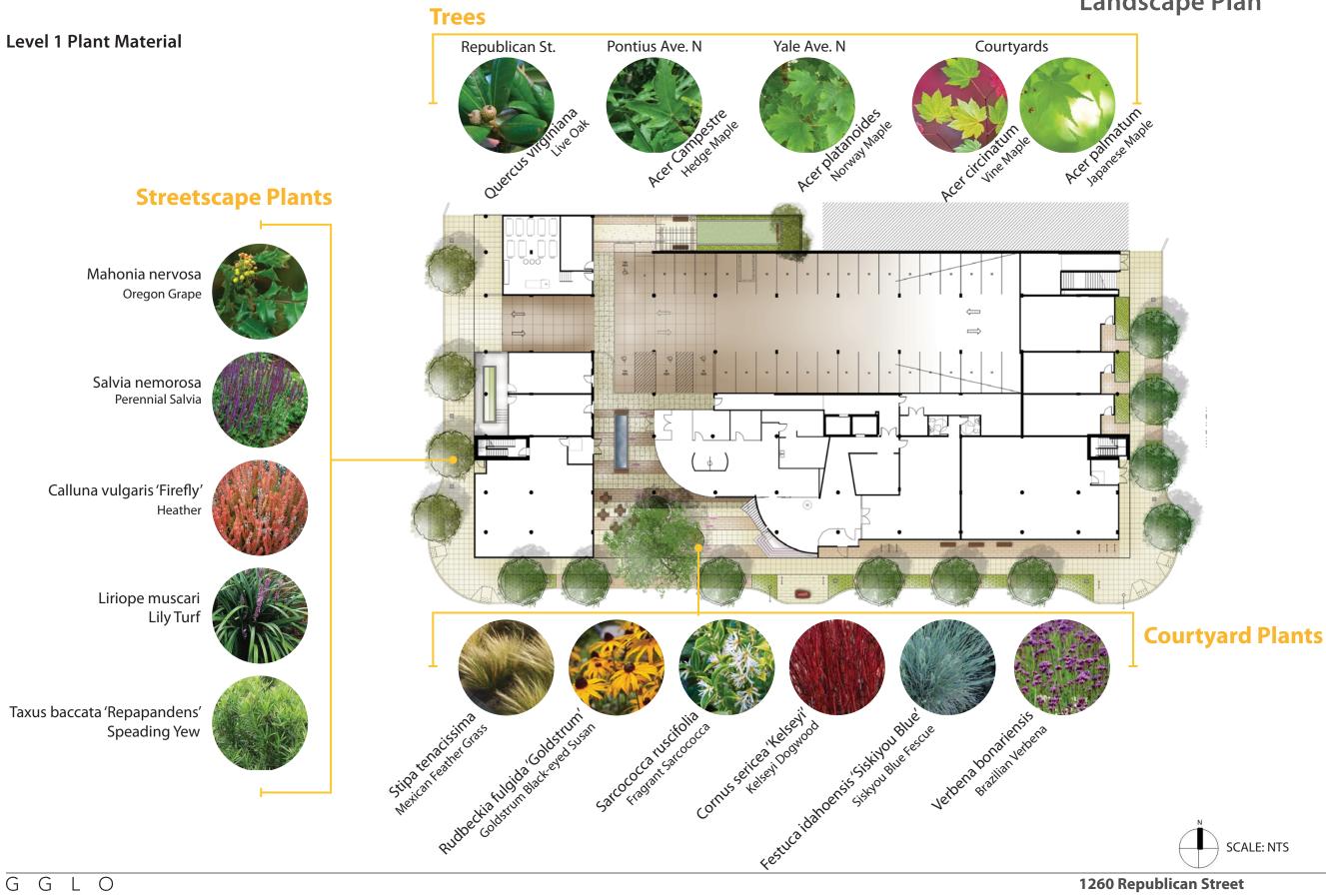


Building Plan



Landscape Plan

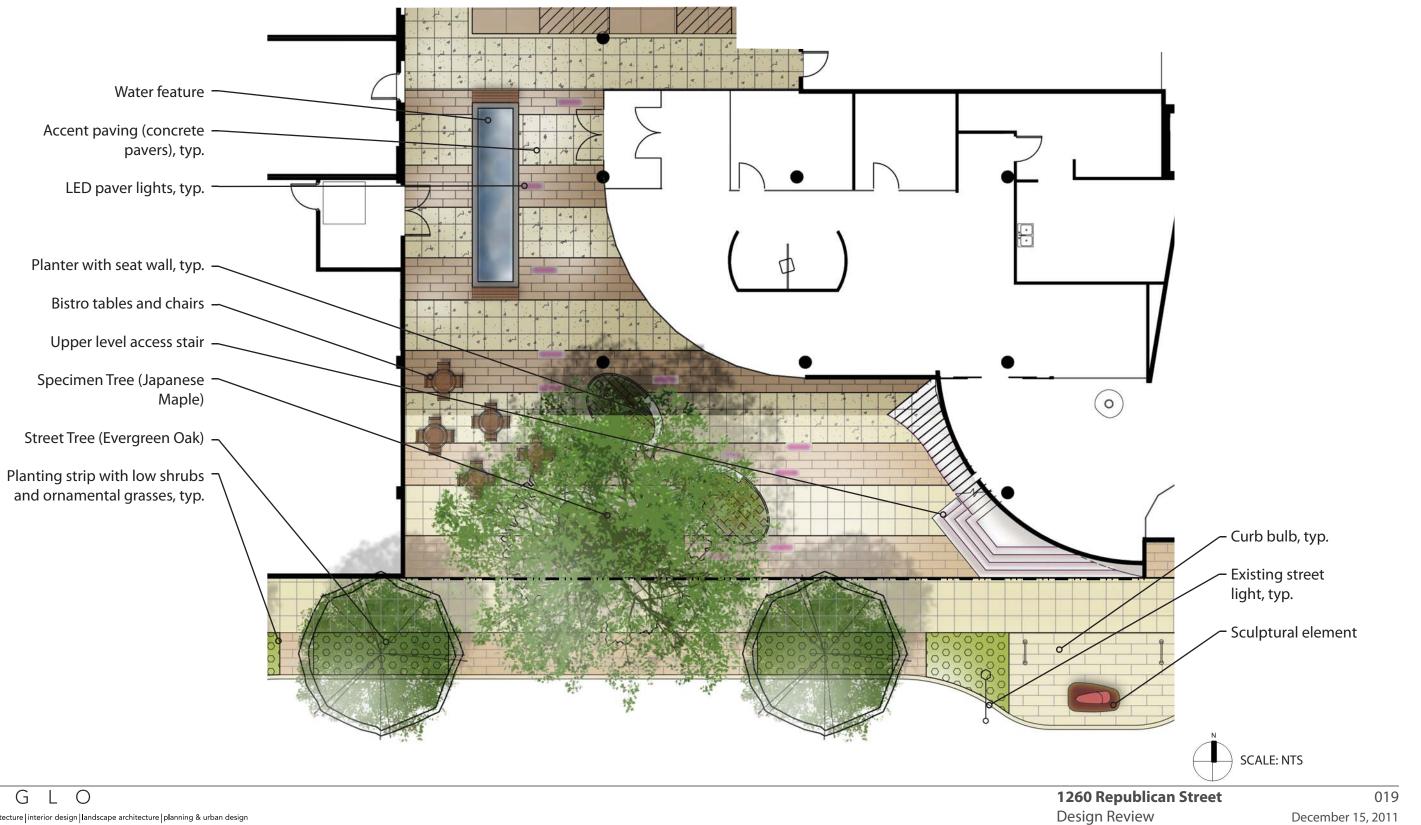
Level 1



Landscape Plan



1260 Republican Street Design Review



4 Enlarged Landscape Plan

Level 1 Courtyard





PONTIUS AVE N.

Building Plan

4

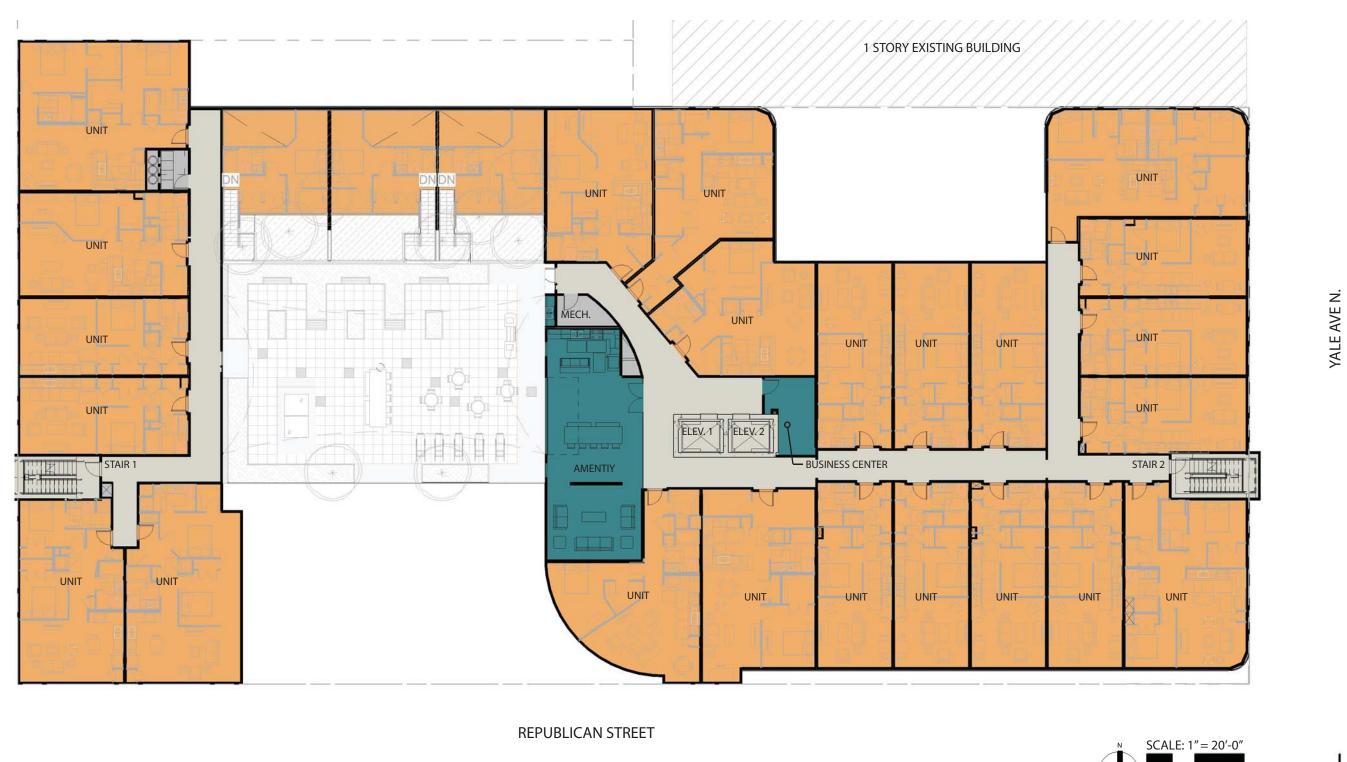


Landscape Plan

Level 2

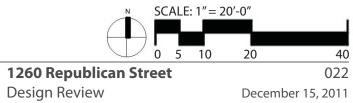
lobby & leasing 📃 retail





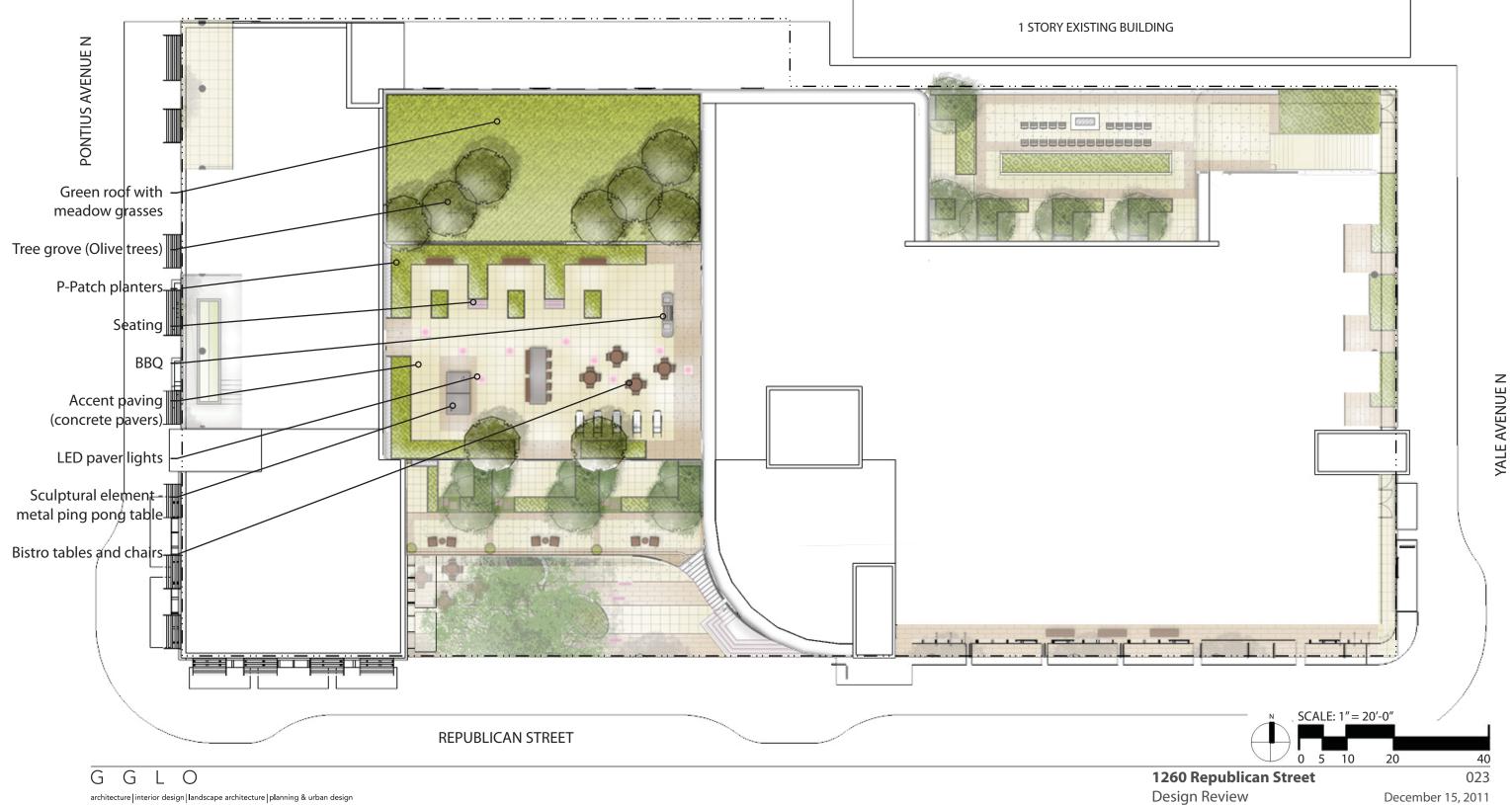
amenities residential services circulation parking

Building Plan



4

Landscape Plan

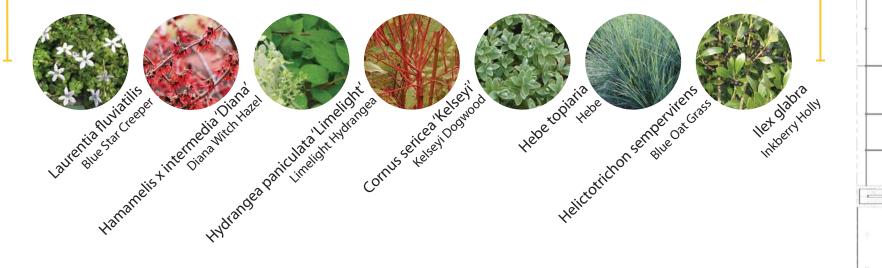


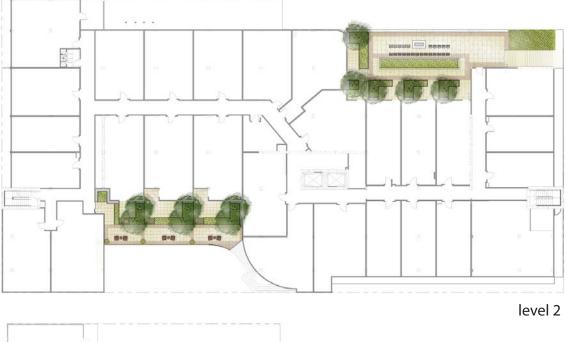
View from Roof



Levels 2-7 Plant Material

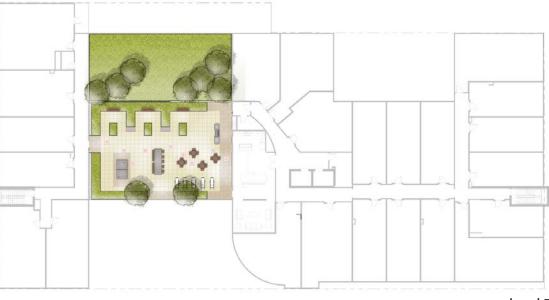
Terrace Plants





Rooftop Plants





Trees



Landscape Plan







South Elevation

Building Elevations

5

SCALE: NTS

1260 Republican Street Design Review



West Elevation

East Elevation

Building Elevations

5

SCALE: NTS

1260 Republican Street Design Review



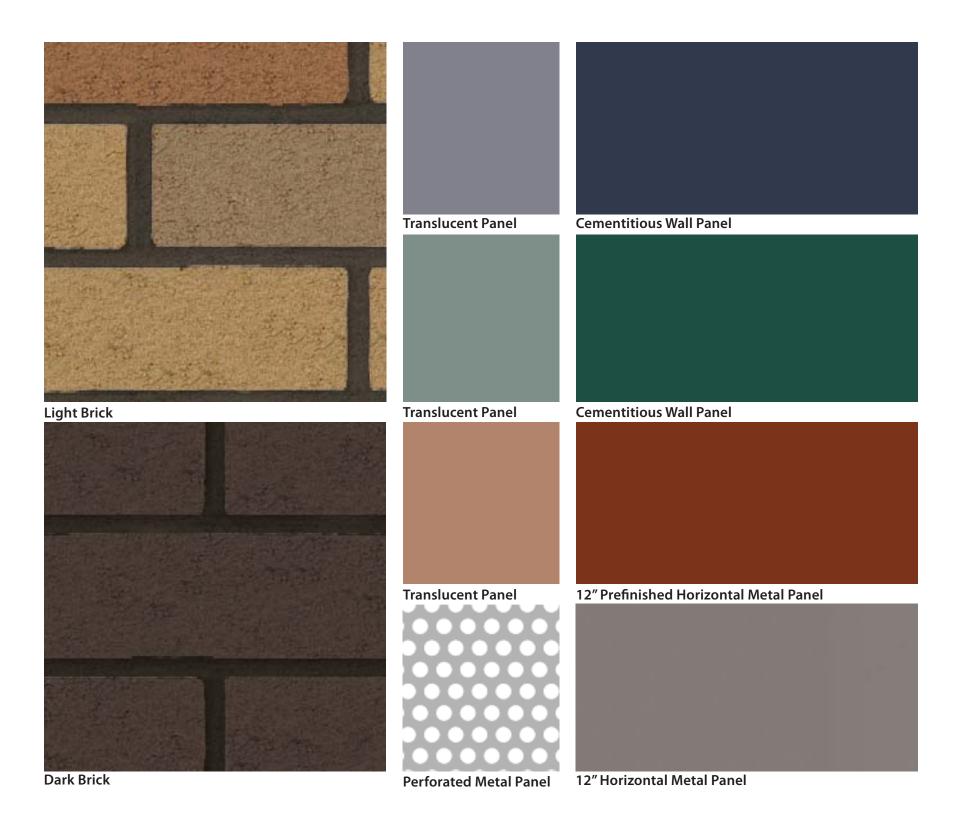
North Elevation

Building Elevations

5

SCALE: NTS

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Finish Materials





Aluminum Storefront

Materials and Furnishings









Pedestrian Lighting

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Trellis



Pavers





Seat Wall



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Bike Rack 029 December 15, 2011

Solar Access

Preferred scheme allows for sunlight in south facing courtyard during the summer months.

Preferred scheme provides only minimal shading of adjacent sites through between spring and fall. Due to low sun angles any development on this site will impact site to the north in winter.

South facing retail and leasing areas will have full access to sunlight, even when development occurs across Republican St.

Upper level roof decks will have year round solar access.

Level 7 roof deck and setback of east portion of building limit shading on adjacent site to north.



Solar Studies

Evening

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Lighting Plan



8

Building Section Looking East 9



lobby & leasing retail amenities residential services circulation parking

GGLO architecture interior design landscape architecture planning & urban design



SCALE: NTS

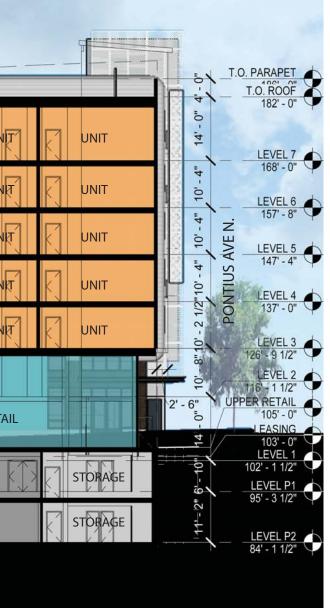
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Building Section Looking West 9

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YALE AVE N.	UNIT	UNIT		UNIT	UNIT	UNIT	UNIT	UNIT	UN
YALE	UNIT	UNIT			UNIT	UNIT		UNIT	UNĄ
	UNIT	UNIT			UNIT	UNIT	UNIT		UNR
	UNIT	UNIT		UNIT	UNK	UNIT	UNIT	UNIT	
		TAIL				AMENITY			RETAI
-	STORAGE		PARKIN	NG					
	STORAGE		PARKIN	NG					

📕 lobby & leasing 📃 retail

amenities residential services circulation parking



1260 Republican Street Design Review

SCALE: NTS

Looking Along Republican



10 **Perspective View**



SCALE: NTS

1260 Republican Street Design Review





ORNAMENTAL PEDESTRIAN LIGHTING WEATHER PROTECTION STREET TREE (EVERGREEN OAK) LOW ORNAMENTAL PLANTING - 6″ CURB



Studies at Street Level 11

Republican Street

Perspective Rendering

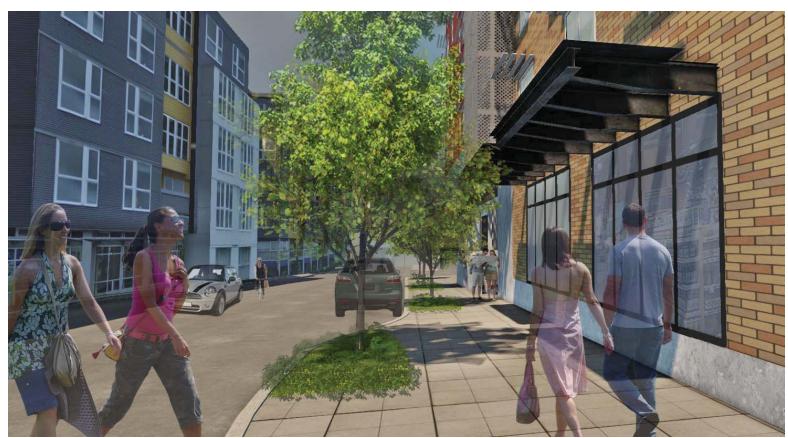


SCALE: NTS

1260 Republican Street Design Review







- ORNAMENTAL PEDESTRIAN LIGHTING
- WEATHER PROTECTION
- STREET TREE (COLUMNAR NORWAY MAPLE)
- LOW ORNAMENTAL PLANTING

- 6" CURB



Studies at Street Level 11

Perspective Rendering

SCALE: NTS

1260 Republican Street Design Review



Studies at Street Level 11

SCALE: NTS

1260 Republican Street Design Review

Summary of Early Design Guidance 12

06/03/11 Design Guideline Priorities & Recommendations

After visiting the site, considering the analysis of the site and context provided by the proponents, and hearing public comment, the Design Review Board members provided the following siting and design guidance and identified by letter

and number those siting and design guidelines found in the City of Seattle's Design Review: Guidelines for Multifamily and Commercial Buildings of highest priority to this project. The site is also subject to the South Lake Union Design Guidelines.

<u>A-4</u>

Human Activity

New development should be sited and designed to

	encourage human activity on the street.			
A. SITE PLANNING	This was one of the <u>highest priority</u> items. The Board asked that			
A-1 Responding to Site Characteristics	Response	additional street level open space be considered in favor of all open space at upper levels.		
The siting of buildings should respond to specific site conditions and opportunities such as non-rectangular lots, location on prominent intersections, unusual topography, significant vegetation and views or other natural features. The Board noted that development should respond to adjacent and future developments.	The development responds to the alley to the south with a visually prominet elevation and artwork to add interest and draw people towards the building. The two story retail portion of the southeast facade responds to the historic laundry building across the street with similar massing and materials. The 7 story SW portion responds to the 7 story building across the street to the south.	A-5 Respect for Adjacent Sites Buildings should respect adjacent properties by being located on their sites to minimize disruption of th e privacy and outdoor activities of residents in adjacent buildings.	Respo Propo court	
A-2 Streetscape Compatability The siting of buildings should acknowledge and reinforce the existing desirable spatial characteristics of the right-of- way.	Response Stoop entries for units along Yale and Pontius provide visual interest continuity with existing developments and semi- private space to differeniate between public and private realms. Character of sidewalks and landscaping along each of those	The Board linked this to the A1 and A2 guidelines and the importance of addressing the interface of the proposed structure and the existing building to the north along Yale Ave N.		
This was one of the <u>highest priority</u> items. The board noted that the development should respond to the north / south alley on the block to the south. That response could be architectural and not necessarily open space. The Board noted that equal attention needed to be devoted to each of the three streets abutting the project. Further development of proposal along Yale Ave was recommended for compatibility with proposed and existing developments.		A-6 Transition Between Residence and Street For residential projects, the space between the building and the sidewalk should provide security and privacy for residents and encourage social interaction among residents and neighbors.	Respo These lands areas the no	
<u>A-3</u> Entrances Visible from the Street Entries should be clearly identifiable and visible from the	Response Main residential entry will be from Republican. Stoops	The Board recommended to further address the zone between sidewalk and street as transition for live-work units on Yale and Pontius.		
street. The Board recommended clarification of the entry sequence for the residential uses. The board recommended further clarification and definition of pedestrian access from northeast courtyard to Yale Ave N.	will access individual units from Pontius and Yale. Private residential access through a gate will provide access to upper level courtyard from Yale at northeast corner of building.	A-8Parking and Vehicle AccessSiting should minimize the impact of automobile parking and driveways on the pedestrian environment, adjacent properties and pedestrian safety.The Board noted that access from Pontius should achieve this guideline.	<u>Resp</u>	

<u>Response</u>

Design has been revised from EDG application to provide ficant ground level publicly accessible courtyard open e in southwest corner of site.

onse

osed building sets back from building to the north with tyard on that side of the building.

onse

e units have additional setbacks which have lush scaping, stoops and gates to provide visual privacy and s for outdoor seating under cover to provide connections to eighborhood.

onse

ss will be from Pontius.

Summary of Early Design Guidance 12

Design Guideline Priorities & Recommendations (Cont.d)

B. HEIGHT, BULK, AND SCALE	C-3 Human Scale	R	
B-1Height, Bulk, and Scale CompatabilityProjects should be compatible with the scale of development anticipated by the applicable Land Use Policies for the surrounding area and should be sited and designed to provide a sensitive transition to near-by, less-intensive zones. Projects on zone edges should be developed in a manner that creates a step in perceived height, bulk and scale between the anticipated development potential of the adjacent zones.The Board noted this guideline to consider modulation at different levels both vertically and horizontally.B-1, South Lake UnionGuidelines, calls for articulation of building facades vertically or horizontally in intervals that relate to the existing structures or existing pattern of development in the vicinity. The applicant should be prepared to show how the design responds to this guideline.	Response The building breaks down in scale with modulation and changes in material to create a series of components which change in character as one moves around this building, responding to the neighborhood context. The stairwells with perforated metal panels serve to break up the building into different segments. Canopies at the ground level provide break up as well as the setback and cantilevers at upper levels. The courtyards and upper levelroof terrace futher break up the modulation of the building. The applicaiton proposes different exterior materials and colors associated with the building components.	The design of new buildings should incorporate architectural features, element and details to achieve a good human scale.Related to this guideline was the Board's desire to see details of how the ground level units to achieve a good human scale as well as to promote values of security and comfort.C-4Exterior Finish MaterialsBuilding exteriors should be constructed of durable and maintainable materials that are attractive even when viewed up close. Materials that have texture, pattern, or lend themselves to a high quality of detailing are encouraged.The Board reminded the development team the importance of choosing materials that would be attractive to both dwellers	Se pi di pi di pi R R N Pi r r pi lo
C. ARCHITECTURAL ELEMENTS <u>C-1</u> Architectural Context	Response	and neighbors and that could be well maintained by the owners. The Board would like to see a materials board presented at the Recommendation meeting which illustrates both the materials and colors proposed.	
New buildings proposed for existing neighborhoods with a well-defined and desirable character should be compatible with or complement the architectural character and siting pattern of neighboring buildings. The Board gave the general directive that the project should "fit in." The applicant should be able to explain how the design, once developed, fits in.	The southwest elevation responds to the historic laundry building. The overall character of the building with a blend of contemporary metal and historic masonry detailing echoes the South Lake Union neighborhood aesthetic of transition, technology, artistic expression and sustainability.	D. PEDESTRIAN ENVIRONMENT D-1 Pedestrian Open Spaces and Entrances Convenient and attractive access to the building's entry should be provided. To ensure comfort and security, paths and entry areas about the sufficiently lighted and entry entry	R Ti fc
C-2Architectural Concept and ConsistencyBuilding design elements, details and massing should create a well-proportioned and unified building form and exhibit an overall architectural context.This guideline was selected for the project, without further specificity.	Response The detailing as described in the C1 guideline responds to the neighborhood context while creating a distinctive addition to the community. The courtyard with significant tree, and landscape "waterfall" down the building divides the contemporary eastern half of the building from the more traditional western facades.	and entry areas should be sufficiently lighted and entry areas should be protected from the weather. Opportunities for creating lively, pedestrian oriented open space should be considered. The Board noted that they would like additional consideration to be given to adding more street level open space instead of all spaces at upper levels as shown in preferred alternate.	st lig p

<u>sponse</u>

e A2 and A3 response for stoops along Yale and Pontius ovide privacy and security for residents, while also providing blic connections for those residents. The canopies, masonry tailing, art, landscape, and seating along Republican further ovide elements of human scale at this elevation.

<u>sponse</u>

asonry, metal siding, concrete, and cementitious lap and nel siding as well as storefront glazing will compose the aterials for this development. Samples will be provided at the blic meeting. Translucent panels with special lighting, and vered planting including sedges and ornamental grasses.

<u>sponse</u>

e revised courtyard at street level along Republican provides this board recommendation. Pedestrian amenitites include eet trees, planting, fixed and moveable seating, ornamental hting, and bike racks. Entries are accentuated with accent ving.

Summary of Early Design Guidance 12

Design Guideline Priorities & Recommendations (Cont.d)

D-5 Visual Impacts of Parking Structures	Response	E. LANDSCAPING
The visibility of all at-grade parking structures or accessory parking garages should be minimized. The parking portion of a structure should architecturally compatible with the rest of the structure and streetscape. Open parking spaces and carports should be screened from the street and adjacent properties. <i>The Board's guidance was that the parking should be well</i> <i>screened</i> .	Parking with the exception of the entry door on Pontius Ave N will be completely screened by residential units, retail or other habitable spaces on all street facades.	E-1 Landscaping to Rienforce Design Continuity with Re Adjacent Sites La Convenient and attractive access to the building's entry should be provided. To ensure comfort and security, paths La and entry areas should be sufficiently lighted and entry areas should be protected from the weather. Opportunities for • creating lively, pedestrian oriented open space should be • •
D-6Screening of Dumpsters, Utilities and Service AreasBuilding sites should locate service elements like trash dumpsters, loading docks and mechanical equipment away from the street front where possible. When elements such as dumpsters, utility meters, mechanical units and service areas cannot be located away from the street front, they should be situated and screened from view and should not be located in the pedestrian right-of-way.While important, the Board thought that this would be taken care of by thoughtful design. The Board presumed that all garbage, utility and service areas would be screened or located within the proposed structure.D-11Commercial TransparencyCommercial Storefronts should be transparent	Response Trash, recycling, and service areas will all be internal to the building screened from view by habitable space. Response Response Storefronts are transparent at all street level retail and lobby spaces.	E-2Landscaping to Enhance the Building and/or SiteLandscaping including living plant material, special pavements, trellises, screen walls, planters, site furniture, and similar features should be appropriately incorporated into the design to enhance the project.E-1Landscaping Design to Address Special Site ConditionsThe landscape design should take advantage of special on- site conditions such as high-bank front yards, steep slopes, view corridors, or existing significant trees and off-site conditions such as greenbelts, ravines, natural areas, and boulevards.The Board feels that the project should demonstrate a comprehensive and coordinated landscaping plan and street improvement effort.
The Board noted that was important for the success of the project. D-12 Residential Entries and Transitions Should providesecurity and privacyand be visually interesting for residents and pedestrians. The Board noted once again the importance of providing intelligent and well-designed entries and transitions and that these were especially important details for live/work or	Response See A2 and A3 responses for entry elements.	
townhouse units and for the main plaza.		

<u>sponse</u> ndscape plans show comprehensive landscape concept from eet level, through plaza to upper level terrace, reflecting aracter of the building and neighborhood. Weather protection, accent paving, and pedestrian amenities have been included at or adjacent to entries. Layered plant material and site furnishings have been included at each street and open space. Street improvements have been targeted to fit the character and quantity of the neighborhood.

CODE	DEPARTURE REQUEST	RATIONALE
23.48.014 D1	Quantity of Hardscape in Setback	The DRB requested additional plaza space to enhance the pedestrian ex
23.48.024 A2	Quantity of Hardscape in Setback	Iandscape would not fare well, therefore, the design provides additonal Level 7.
 SMC 23.48.014 D1 Street-level Setback. Except on Class 1 Pedestrian Streets, as shown on Map B, structures may be set back up to twelve (12) feet from the property line subject to the following: 1. The setback area shall be landscaped according to the provisions of Section 23.48.024. 2. Additional setbacks shall be permitted for up to thirty (30) percent of the length of the set-back street wall, provided that the additional setback is located a distance of twenty (20) feet or greater from any street corner. SMC 23.48.024 A2 Landscaping for Setback Areas and Berms. Each setback area or berm required shall be planted with trees, shrubs, and grass or evergreen groundcover. Features such as pedestrian access meeting the Washington State Rules and Regulations for Barrier-Free Design, decorative pavers, sculptures or fountains may cover a maximum of thirty (30) percent of each required landscaped area or berm. Landscaping shall be provided according to standards promulgated by the Director. Landscaping designed to provide treatment for storm water runoff qualifies as required landscaping. 	SUC 23 48.014 Exhibit 23 48.014 Street level setback	MINIMUM LANDSCAPE AREA = 2,365 SF (70% OF SETBACK) PROPOSED LANDSCAPE AREA = 515 SF (22% OF SETBACK) + 1,077 SI TOTAL LANDSCAPE AREA = 4,438 SF

13 Design Departures

experience. A significant portion is under cover such that nal landscape at levels 2, 7 and the sloping roof up from



Design Review

South Courtyard



Early Design Guidance



Proposed

Significant Design Changes 14