The City of Seattle, Washington Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2015



City of Seattle Washington

Department of Finance and Administrative Services

Introduction

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

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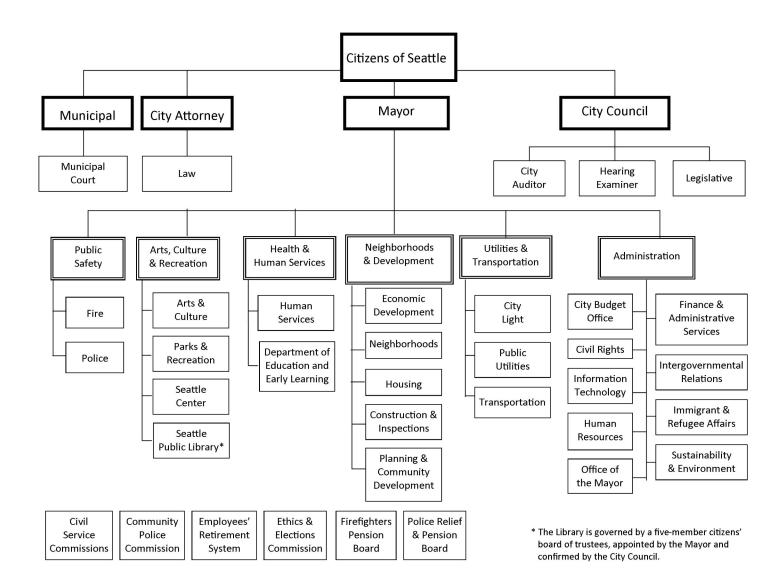
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CITY ORGANIZATION CHART



CITY OF SEATTLE ELECTED OFFICIALS

As of January 1, 2016



Ed Murray Mayor



Peter Holmes City Attorney

CITY COUNCIL



Sally Bagshaw



Bruce Harrell Council President



Debora Juarez



Tim Burgess



Lisa Herbold



Mike O'Brien



Lorena González



Rob Johnson



Kshama Sawant



City of Seattle Edward B. Murray, Mayor

Finance and Administrative Services Fred Podesta, Director Glen M. Lee, City Finance Director

June 28, 2016

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

I am pleased to submit to you the 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Seattle, Washington. The Department of Finance and Administrative Services prepared this report to present the financial position of the City of Seattle as of December 31, 2015. In addition, the CAFR describes the results of its operations, the cash flows of its proprietary fund types, and changes in plan net position of its pension and private-purpose trust funds for the year then ended. The financial statements and supporting schedules have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and meet the requirements of the State Auditor and the City Charter.

Washington State law requires an annual audit of the City of Seattle's (the City's) financial statements by the independently elected State Auditor. The State Auditor conducts his examination in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and provides an independent assessment that helps assure fair presentation of the City's financial position, results of operations, the cash flows of its proprietary fund types, and changes in plan net position of its pension and private-purpose trust funds. In addition to the opinion on the City's financial statements, included in this report, the State Auditor also issues separate reports on internal control and compliance with laws and regulations that meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act and related OMB Circular A-133. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

The accuracy of the City's financial statements and the completeness and fairness of their presentation is the responsibility of the City's management staff. The City maintains a system of internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss or unauthorized use, and that financial records can be relied upon to produce financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of maintaining the system of internal accounting controls should not exceed benefits likely to be derived.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the State Auditor's report. It provides a summary and assessment of the City's most important financial developments to accompany the financial statements. This letter of transmittal complements the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Seattle was incorporated on December 2, 1869. The City is organized as a mayor-council form of government and operates under its City Charter adopted on March 12, 1946. In 2013, voters approved a charter amendment shifting from nine at-large City Council positions to seven City Council

Department of Finance and Administrative Services 700 Fifth Avenue, 43rd Floor P.O. Box 94669 Seattle, Washington 98124-4669 positions elected by district and two at-large positions. As a result, all nine City Council positions were up for election in 2015.

The City of Seattle is a primary government for financial reporting purposes. Its governing body is elected by the citizens in a general, popular election. The CAFR includes financial summaries for all organizations and activities for which elected City officials exercise financial accountability. Certain organizations created by or related to the City, for which the City is not financially accountable, have been excluded from this report. A joint venture, component units, and contingent liabilities, which exist from relationships with organizations created by the City, are included in this report. The notes to the financial statements further discuss the City as a financial reporting entity.

The City provides a full range of services typical of local municipalities and operates four rate-funded utilities. The City constructs and maintains a street network, and electric, water, solid waste, and sewer and drainage systems. It provides police and fire protection as well as judicial services. It administers land use policy, and takes an active role in commercial and industrial development and environmental protection. The City designs and maintains many parks and golf courses, coordinates recreation activities, maintains libraries, fosters neighborhood livability, and works to preserve a satisfactory living environment for both the community and individuals.

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City Council approves the City's operating budget and two separate but related fiscal plans: the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) plan and the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program allocation.

The operating budget is proposed by the Mayor and adopted by the City Council at least 30 days before the beginning of the fiscal year. The Adopted Budget allocates available resources on an annual basis between the City's programs, and ordains financial transactions that support the allocations and related financing decisions. Appropriations in the Budget are valid only for the fiscal year except for appropriations that support capital projects, grants, or endowments. The Budget also ordains changes to employee positions by department.

The CIP plan is proposed by the Mayor and adopted by the City Council at least 30 days before the beginning of the fiscal year. The CIP is a six-year plan for capital project expenditures and anticipated financing by funding source. It is revised and extended annually. The City Council adopts the CIP as a planning document and appropriates the multi-year expenditures identified in the CIP through the adoption of the annual budget or subsequent supplemental budgets. The CIP is consistent with the City's Comprehensive Plan and includes information required by the State's Growth Management Act.

The CDBG planning process allocates the annual grant awarded by the federal government to City departments and non-City organizations. Although this federally funded program has unique timetables and requirements, the City coordinates it with the annual budget and CIP processes to improve preparation and budget allocation decisions and streamline budget execution.

The Adopted Budget makes appropriations for operating and capital expenses at the budget control level within the departments. Grant-funded activities are controlled as prescribed by law and federal or state regulations.

NATIONAL AND LOCAL ECONOMY

U.S. Economy Thus far the recovery from the Great Recession has been sluggish, which is typical of recoveries from recessions caused by financial crises. Reasons for the sluggishness include the need for households to reduce their debt burdens, which constrains their ability to spend, and the large stock of nonperforming loans in the financial industry. In addition, housing, which is typically one of the sectors that leads a recovery, has struggled to recover from the bursting of the housing bubble.

After a strong finish to 2014, the economy slowed in 2015 due to the impact of severe winter weather in much of the nation, a strike by west coast dock workers, and a rising dollar that hurt exporters and U.S. producers who compete with imports. Oil prices continued to weaken, which led to a drop in investment in oil exploration and extraction, while the expected boost to consumer spending from lower energy prices failed to materialize as consumers saved much of their oil dividend.

With winter over and the dock workers' strike settled growth picked up in the second quarter, as GDP posted a 3.7 percent growth rate. Consumer spending was strong in March through May, employment growth accelerated in May and June; and the housing market continued its gradual recovery. Housing starts reached their highest level since late 2007 in the second quarter, and both home sales and prices continued to rise. Purchases of homes by first time buyers reached a five year high in May, aided by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac's introduction of low down payment products aimed at helping young buyers purchase their first home.

Going forward GDP growth is expected to improve modestly, moving into the $2\frac{1}{2}$ - 3 percent range from just over two percent per year. Reasons for this optimism include continued healthy employment growth, low household debt levels, rising consumer confidence, and an improving housing market. In addition, the public sector, which has been a drag on growth since 2011, is set to begin contributing modestly to growth as state and local governments recover.

One risk factor for the economy is the normalization of monetary policy. The next step in a return to a more normal monetary policy is for the Federal Reserve to begin increasing short-term interest rates. The Fed's challenge is to make the transition to higher rates without disturbing the financial markets.

There is probably more risk to the U.S. recovery from forces outside of the U.S. than from domestic factors. China poses perhaps the biggest risk to the U.S. and world economies. The slowing of the Chinese economy, along with the deflation of a stock market bubble, a surprise currency devaluation, and a variety of policy missteps by the Chinese government, roiled the world's financial markets in late August.

Seattle Metro Area Economy Since the Great Recession ended in June 2009, the region's economy has outperformed the national economy by a considerable margin. This is reflected in the region's robust job growth and low unemployment rate. Through July 2015 employment in the Seattle metro area (King and Snohomish Counties) increased 15.8 percent from its post-recession low in February 2010. This compares to a 9.6 percent gain for the U.S. and 12.4 percent gain for Washington State over the same period. The July 2015 unemployment rate for the Seattle metro area was 3.7 percent compared to 5.3 percent for both the state and the U.S. According to the Puget Sound Economic Forecaster (PSEF), the region has also outpaced the U.S. in both income and wage growth during the recovery.

An analysis by the PSEF indicates Boeing and Amazon are largely responsible for the strength of region's recovery, with these two firms responsible for 43 percent of the jobs created in the region between 2010 and 2014. PSEF concludes that "without the lift from Boeing and Amazon, regional employment and employee compensation would have risen at close to the national rate."

Aerospace provided a major boost to the region's economy early in the recovery, adding 15,800 jobs between mid-2010 and November 2012. The non-store retailing industry (NAICS 454), which is dominated by Amazon, has posted steady employment growth throughout the recovery. King County non-store retailing added 16,700 jobs in the five year period ending in December 2014. A key reason that these two industries have such a large impact is that the average annual wage for both exceeds \$100,000.

At the same time that the Puget Sound region's recovery has been stronger than the nation's, Seattle's recovery has outpaced the recovery of the rest of the region. This can be seen by looking at taxable retail sales data (the tax base for the retail sales tax), one of the few relatively current measures of economic activity available at both the county and city levels. Over the four year period 2010-14, taxable retail sales increased by 35 percent in Seattle, compared to gains of 23 percent in the rest of the metro area and 22 percent in the rest of the state; i.e., outside of the Seattle metro area. Most of Seattle's relative strength is due to a 77 percent increase in construction activity. The rest of Seattle's tax base has grown only modestly faster than that of the other areas.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Seattle for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for the preparation of state and local government financial reports.

I would like to express my appreciation to the entire staff of Citywide Accounting Services, other members of the Department of Finance and Administrative Services, and other City departments who contributed to the preparation of this report. Finally, I thank you for your interest and continuing support in planning and conducting the City's financial operations in a responsible manner.

Sincerely,

Glen M. Lee, City Finance Director Department of Finance and Administrative Services



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Seattle Washington

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

huy R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO

City of Seattle 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Department of Finance and Administrative Services

Fred Podesta, Director

Glen Lee, City Finance Director

Citywide Accounting and Payroll Services Division

Janice Marsters, Director

Brandon Johns, Citywide Accounting Manager

Fon Chang Grace Chou Chau Du Anna Himichuk Cam Huynh Conrad Magbalot April McCraney Mena Nguyen Steve Spada Andrew Wachong Flora Wang Jake Yoon

Rosalinda Lopez

Shirley Smith

Michiko Togashi

Elsie Ling, Payroll Services Manager

Lillian Marie Alexander Imelda Apolonio Mary DeMile RoseMarie Evans Angel Hennings Robert Latorre

Treasury Services Division

Teri Allen, Director Treasury Operations Greg Johanson, City Cash Manager Kellie Craine, Investment Director

Debt Management Services

Michael VanDyck, Citywide Debt Manager

Risk Management

Bruce Hori, Director

XVIII

Financial Section



Washington State Auditor's Office

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 28, 2016

Mayor and City Council City of Seattle Seattle, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of:

- The Light Fund, Water Fund, Drainage and Wastewater Fund, and Solid Waste Fund, which are major funds that collectively represent 99 percent, 99 percent, and 97 percent, respectively, of the assets and deferred outflows, net position, and revenues of the business-type activities.
- The Seattle City Employees' Retirement System, which represents 61 percent, 76 percent, and 11 percent, respectively, of the assets and deferred outflows, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information.

Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the Light, Water, Drainage and Wastewater, and Solid Waste funds and the Seattle City Employees' Retirement System, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Water, Drainage and Wastewater, and Solid Waste funds and the Seattle City Employees' Retirement System were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Matters of Emphasis

As described in Note 1, during the year ended December 31, 2015, the City has implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

The financial statements include partial prior year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required for a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, from which such partial information was derived.

We and other auditors have previously audited the City's 2014 financial statements and, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregately discretely presented component units and remaining fund information in our report dated June 29, 2015.

In our opinion, the summarized comparative information for the governmental activities and governmental funds presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 9 through 29, budgetary comparison information on pages 161 through 164 and pension plan information on pages 165 through 173 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying information listed as combining and individual fund and other supplementary information on pages 179 through 258 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. This information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The information identified in the table of contents as the Introductory and Statistical Sections is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated June 28, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report will be issued under separate cover in the City's Single Audit Report. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Twy X. Kelley

TROY KELLEY STATE AUDITOR OLYMPIA, WA

Management's Discussion and Analysis

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Seattle (City) presents this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of its financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. This discussion and analysis focuses on significant financial issues, provides an overview of the City's financial activity, highlights significant changes in the City's financial position, and identifies material variances between the approved budget and actual spending.

The City encourages readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information provided in its letter of transmittal and the City's basic financial statements following this section. All dollar amount are expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the City of Seattle's basic financial statements which consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to that of private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all City assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these elements reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial health.

The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position during the current reporting period. All changes to net position are reported as of the date of the underlying event, rather than when cash is received or disbursed. Thus, some reported revenues and expenses result in cash flows in future periods. The Statement of Activities focuses on both the gross and the net cost of the various activities of the City. The report summarizes and simplifies analysis of the revenues and expenses of the various City activities and the degree to which activities are subsidized by general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental functions of the City include general government activities, judicial activities, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, health and human services, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include an electric utility, a water utility, a waste disposal utility, a sewer and drainage utility, operations of regulatory and long-range planning and enforcement of policies and codes that include construction and land use, fiber leasing and parking facilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that are segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. There are three categories of City funds: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are reported in the governmental funds. These statements, however, focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as fund balances at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing the City's near-term financing requirements.

Readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions by comparing the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison.

The City of Seattle

The City maintains numerous governmental funds that are organized according to type (general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and permanent funds). Information for the three major governmental funds is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances; information for the nonmajor funds is presented in the aggregate. The City's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Transportation Fund, and Low-Income Housing Fund. Information for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the combining statements in this report.

Proprietary funds account for services for which the City charges outside customers and internal City departments. Proprietary funds provide the same information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains the following two types of proprietary funds.

- Enterprise funds report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the Seattle City Light Fund, Water Fund, Drainage and Wastewater Fund, and Solid Waste Fund, which are considered to be major enterprise funds. Information for nonmajor enterprise funds is presented in the aggregate. Information for each of the nonmajor enterprise funds is provided in the combining statements in this report.
- Internal service funds report activities that provide supplies and services for various City programs and activities. The City uses internal service funds to account for its finance and administrative services and information technology services. Because these services largely benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements. Information for each of the internal service funds is provided in the combining statements in this report.

Proprietary fund statements follow the governmental fund statements in this report.

Fiduciary funds account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support City programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds. The City's fiduciary funds include the Employees' Retirement Fund, the Firemen's Pension Fund, the Police Relief and Pension Fund, the S. L. Denny Private-Purpose Trust Fund, and various agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements. They provide additional disclosures that are essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements immediately follow the basic financial statements in this report.

Required Supplementary Information

This report also contains other required supplementary information (RSI) on budgetary comparisons for major governmental funds and pension plan funding.

Combining Statements

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Statistical Information

The statistical section provides financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail for them to use in evaluating the information contained within the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and the required supplementary information with the goal of providing the user with a better understanding of the City's economic condition.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At the end of fiscal year 2015 the City's net position totaled \$5.124 billion, with governmental activities accounting for 64.5 percent and business-type activities 35.5 percent, approximately a 2 to 1 ratio.
- Net investment in capital assets grew 4.6 percent, increasing \$224.6 million, to a total reported balance of \$5.060 billion for 2015. Of these assets the City's governmental activities controls \$3.144 billion, with the remaining \$1.916 billion supporting business-type activities.
- Restricted net position, \$615.6 million, is available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Governmental activities accounted for 98.9 percent of the \$108.6 million increase in the restricted balances. Significant resources are restricted for the City's Capital Projects, Low-Income, Transportation, and Education programs, debt service and other purposes.
- Non-current liabilities increased \$1.502 billion between years due to the implementation of GASB statement 68 and the recognition of the City's net pension liability. This change is also reflected in the \$552.4 million deficit reported under the City's unrestricted net position.
- Expenses reported at the citywide level were up 3.1 percent year over year, totaling \$3.175 billion in 2015. Of the \$94.2 million increase in 2015's expenses only 10.9 percent can be attributed to the growth in expenses related to governmental-activities. Net program expenses for all functions within the City's governmental activities totaled \$1.547 billion for 2015, a 0.7 percent increase over 2014's costs of \$1.536 billion.
- The City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$850.7 million for 2015, an increase of 25.2 percent from the prior year's balance of \$679.6 million. Of the total fund balance 12.9 percent is reported as unassigned balance, totaling \$109.6 million for year end 2015. The General Fund contributed \$143.8 million but was offset by the special revenue and capital project funds which reported a combined deficit of \$34.2 million in unassigned fund balances that offset the total across the City's governmental funds.
- Revenue generated by the City's governmental funds totaled \$1.819 billion for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, an increase of approximately \$69.8 million, 4.0 percent, from the prior year's balance of \$1.750 billion. The increase is primarily driven by \$84.0 million of additional tax collections in 2015, a 7.3 percent increase that pushed the total tax collection to \$1.233 billion in 2015.
- The City's governmental funds received a significant contribution from other financing sources and uses, totaling \$251.5 million for 2015. These resources offset the operating deficit and directly contributed to the City's governmental fund balance which totals \$850.7 million at year end.
- Expenditures in governmental funds amounted to \$1.9 billion, an increase of approximately \$71.5 million, 3.9 percent, compared to \$1.828 billion in 2014. In the aggregate, expenditures for governmental funds exceeded revenues by approximately \$80.3 million. The City's General Fund reported an excess of revenues over expenditures totaling \$385.9 million, while the other major and nonmajor governmental funds reported a deficiency of revenues over expenditures totaling \$396.4 million.
- The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. For 2015 the General Fund reported a balance of \$383.9 million, 45.1 percent of the entire governmental fund balance. The General Fund accounts for 67.0 percent of revenues, and 45.6 percent of total governmental expenditures. The unassigned balance in the City's General Fund grew \$9.3 million, a 6.9 percent increase that pushed the total unassigned balance to a record level, \$143.8 million for 2015.
- In 2015 the City issued \$358.3 million in General Obligation Bonds, and \$648.5 million of Revenue Bonds. Of the amount issued in 2015, \$155.0 million was used to partially refund general obligation bonds, and \$305.4 million of revenue bonds. The City's outstanding general obligation bonds totaled \$1.019 billion and the utility revenue bonds 3.721 billion at year end 2015.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Table A-1 is a condensed version of the statement of net position for the City of Seattle.

Statement of Net Position

Table A-1CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (In Thousands)												
		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total				
		2015]	Restated 2014		2015		2014		2015		Restated 2014
ASSETS												
Current and Other Assets	\$	1,091,481	\$	905,505	\$	647,713	\$	577,980	\$	1,739,194	\$	1,483,485
Capital Assets and Construction in Progress, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		4,337,252		3,989,902		6,290,342		5,923,953		10,627,593		9,913,855
Total Assets		5,428,732		4,895,407		6,938,055		6,501,933		12,366,787		11,397,340
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		579,349		456,252		117,201		47,858		696,550		504,110
LIABILITIES												
Current Liabilities		346,715		308,485		443,050		411,184		789,765		719,669
Noncurrent Liabilities		1,835,754		1,059,202		4,647,421		3,921,491		6,483,175		4,980,692
Total Liabilities		2,182,469		1,367,687		5,090,471		4,332,674		7,272,940		5,700,361
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		523,316		466,094		143,521		155,157		666,838		621,251
NET POSITION												
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,144,486		3,085,306		1,915,893		1,750,495		5,060,379		4,835,801
Restricted		556,405		448,935		59,193		58,039		615,599		506,973
Unrestricted		(398,596)		(16,363)		(153,822)		253,427		(552,418)		237,064
Total Net Position	\$	3,302,296	\$	3,517,877	\$	1,821,264	\$	2,061,960	\$	5,123,560	\$	5,579,838

At the close of the current fiscal year the City's total net position was \$5.124 billion. This is the first time in 14 years of reporting Government-wide statements that the City's overall total net position has fallen year over year.

City's unrestricted net position reports a deficit of \$552.4 million. This deficit reflects the City's recognition of the net pension liability associated with the implementation of GASB statement 68. This deficit will require future resources to meet the government's obligation to citizens and creditors.

The City's net position reports an investment of \$5.060 billion in capital assets, such as land, buildings, and equipment, less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay the debt must be provided from other funding sources, as capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$615.6 million, 12.0 percent, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The net position for the business-type activities decreased 11.67 percent between 2014 and 2015, from \$2.062 billion to \$1.821 billion. The decrease in net position is also directly related to the recognition of the net pension liability.

Table A-2

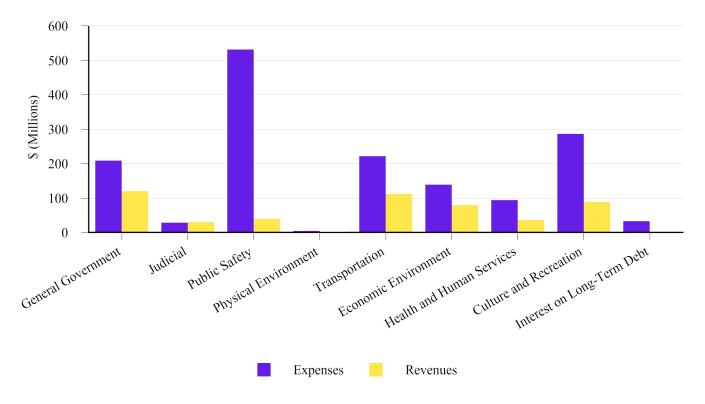
CHANGES IN NET POSITION RESULTING FROM CHANGES IN REVENUES AND EXPENSES (In Thousands)

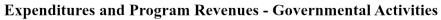
	Governmen	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Total		
	2015	Restated 2014	2015	2014	2015	Restated 2014	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 341,171	\$ 357,810	\$ 1,740,144	\$ 1,685,506	\$ 2,081,315	\$ 2,043,316	
Operating Grants and Contributions	136,980	123,986	7,087	6,155	144,068	130,141	
Capital Grants and Contributions	29,358	37,895	60,114	48,129	89,473	86,025	
General Revenues							
Property Taxes	420,691	431,458		—	420,691	431,458	
Sales Taxes	239,189	199,735	_	_	239,189	199,735	
Business Taxes	454,086	431,437	_	_	454,086	431,437	
Other Taxes	118,831	82,135		—	118,831	82,135	
Other	18,273	17,642	16,705	19,013	34,978	36,655	
Total Revenues	1,758,580	1,682,098	1,824,050	1,758,803	3,582,630	3,440,901	
Expenses							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	208,638	189,034		_	208,638	189,034	
Judicial	28,477	28,874	_	_	28,477	28,874	
Public Safety	531,524	568,843		—	531,524	568,843	
Physical Environment	4,351	5,853		—	4,351	5,853	
Transportation	221,443	222,199		—	221,443	222,199	
Economic Environment	138,878	138,169	—	—	138,878	138,169	
Health and Human Services	94,122	76,562		—	94,122	76,562	
Culture and Recreation	286,395	275,566		—	286,395	275,566	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	32,694	31,170	_	—	32,694	31,170	
Business-Type Activities							
Light	_		837,860	798,161	837,860	798,161	
Water	—		228,241	221,944	228,241	221,944	
Drainage and Wastewater	—		316,486	298,633	316,486	298,633	
Solid Waste	—		173,312	159,501	173,312	159,501	
Planning and Development	—		64,673	58,304	64,673	58,304	
Downtown Parking Garage	—		7,401	7,458	7,401	7,458	
Fiber Leasing			35	27	35	27	
Total Expenses	1,546,521	1,536,270	1,628,008	1,544,029	3,174,529	3,080,298	
Excess Before Special Item and Transfers	212,059	145,828	196,042	214,774	408,101	360,603	
Special Item - Environmental Remediation	—	—	(4,975)	(4,949)	(4,975)	(4,949)	
Transfers	(8,931)	(11,512)	8,931	11,512			
Changes in Net Position	203,128	134,316	199,998	221,338	403,126	355,654	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	3,517,878	3,386,757	2,061,960	1,840,622	5,579,838	5,227,379	
Restatements/Prior-Year Adjustments	(418,709)	(3,195)	(440,694)	—	(859,403)	(3,195)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated	3,099,170	3,383,562	1,621,266	1,840,622	4,720,436	5,224,184	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 3,302,297	\$ 3,517,878	\$ 1,821,264	\$ 2,061,960	\$ 5,123,561	\$ 5,579,838	

Analysis of Changes in Net Position

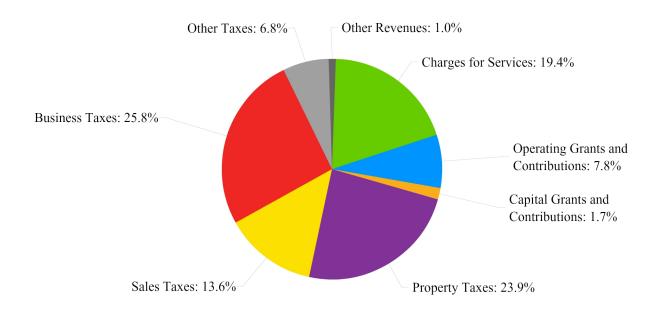
In 2015 the City's total net position decreased by \$456.3 million, 8.2 percent. The factors contributing to the decrease are explained in the following discussion of governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities





Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Total \$1.759 billion

Governmental Activities. The charts on the previous page present the City's governmental expenses and revenues by function and its revenue by source.

The City's revenues reported at the citywide level were up 4.1 percent year over year, totaling \$3.583 billion in 2015. Out of the \$141.7 million of additional revenues reported in 2015, the City's governmental activities accounted for 54.0 percent of the change. The following table lists the general revenues ranked by the size of their 2015 collections, and highlights the change in general revenues between the 2014 and 2015 financial statements.

2015 Rank	General Tax Revenues	Amount (In Millions)	Percent of Change	Amount of Change (In Millions)
1	Business Taxes	\$454.1	5.2%	\$22.6
2	Property Taxes	\$420.7	(2.5)%	\$(10.8)
3	Sales Taxes	\$239.2	19.8%	\$39.5
5	Excise Taxes	\$101.1	54.7%	\$35.7
4	Other Taxes	\$17.7	5.6%	\$1.0

The City's tax revenues continue to provide the most significant source of revenue for governmental activities, with property, sales and business tax contributing 89.0 percent of all general revenues, and 63.3 percent of the governmental activities general and program revenue combined.

For the first time in 2015 the City's collection of business taxes replaces property taxes as the number one general tax resource. The 2.5 percent decline in property tax collected is a result of several factors. The voter approved 2008 Parks Levy which collected tax proceeds over six years expired in 2014, resulting in a \$21.3 million reduction in property tax collections. An additional voter approved levy that facilitated the Pike Place Market's renovation also expired in 2014, contributing \$7.7 million to the decline. Offsetting the reduction from the expiring levies is \$17.1 million collected in the first year of the Seattle Preschool Services Levy.

The year over year growth in sales tax was 19.8 percent or \$39.5 million, and contributed 51.6 percent of the total revenue growth in governmental activities. Excise taxes collected by the City contributed an additional \$35.7 million to the increase, 40.5 percent of the total revenue growth in governmental activities. Both increases can be partially attributed to a voter approved proposition in November 2014 to expand Metro bus services in Seattle which is supported by a \$60 increase to vehicle license fees, and a 0.1 percent increase in the sales tax rate collected. The primary force behind the General Fund's sales tax growth is the local construction boom, with 25 percent of sales tax receipts directly attributel to construction.

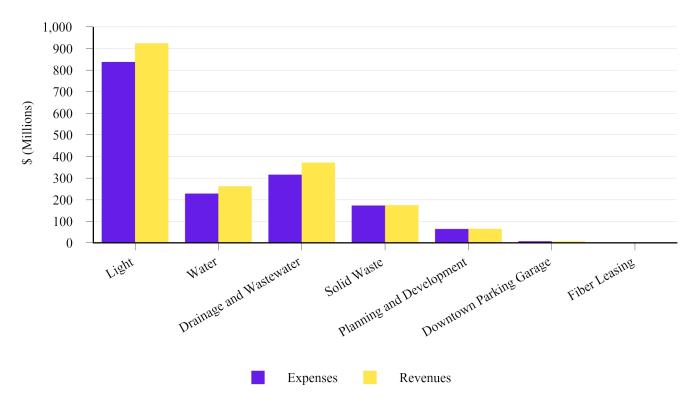
Direct program revenues collected supporting the City's governmental activities were \$507.5 million, 32.8 percent of the the City's expenses for governmental activities, with the remaining \$1.039 billion covered by the City's general resources. The City's charges for services are the largest component of reported program revenues, and comprise 67.2 percent of program revenue generated by governmental activities. For governmental activities charges for services contribute 19.4 percent of total revenues, with year over year revenues collected for service charges down \$16.6 million, a 4.7 percent decrease that lowers the total service charge collection to \$341.2 million.

Expenses reported at the citywide level were up 3.1 percent year over year, totaling \$3.175 billion in 2015. Of the \$94.2 million increase in 2015's expenses only 10.9 percent can be attributed to the growth in expenses related to governmental activities. Net program expenses for all functions within the City's governmental activities totaled \$1.547 billion for 2015, a 0.7 percent increase over 2014's costs of \$1.536 billion. The following table lists city functions and programs ranked by the size of their 2015 expenses, and highlights the growth in costs between the 2014 and 2015 financial statements.

2015 Rank	Citywide Function/Program	Amount (In Millions)	Amount of Change (In Millions)	
1	Public Safety	\$531.5	(6.6)%	\$(37.3)
2	Culture and Recreation	\$286.4	3.9%	\$10.8
3	Transportation	\$221.4	(0.3)%	\$(0.8)
4	General Government	\$208.6	10.4%	\$19.6
5	Economic Environment	\$138.9	0.5%	\$0.7
6	Health and Human Services	\$94.1	22.9%	\$17.6

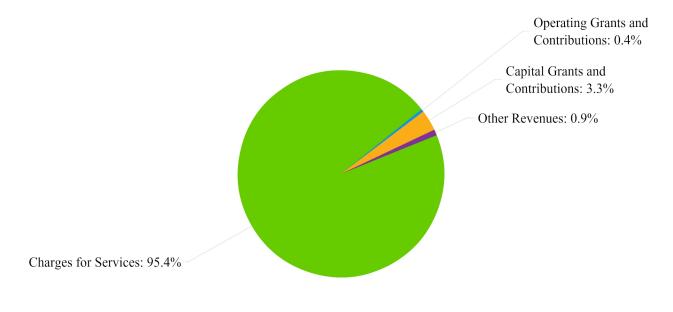
The City's largest governmental expense continues to be the public safety function, totaling \$531.5 million for 2015, contributing 16.7 percent of all citywide expenses, and 34.4 percent of expense in the City's governmental activities.

Business-Type Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities





Total \$1.824 billion

Business-Type Activities. At year end the City's net position for business-type activities was \$1.821 billion, a 11.67 percent decrease totaling \$240.7 million. Of this amount \$27.1 million reflects the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. Key factors for the change are described below:

The Enterprise funds beginning net position of \$2.043 billion was adjusted to \$1.602 billion to reflect the City's implementation of GASB statement 68. The impact of this one-time \$440.7 million reduction to net position was offset by a \$191.9 million change in net position during the year.

The City Light Utility realized a \$90.5 million change in net position for 2015. The change was due in large part to lower net wholesale energy sales compared to 2014. Higher retail electric sales, transfers to and from the revenue stabilization account, and capital contributions were offset by lower power related revenues, and higher distribution, administrative and general, taxes, and depreciation, in addition to the lower net surplus power sales. Operating income generated \$110.8 million, down \$41.5 million from 2014. Operating revenues remained relatively consistent at \$882.9 million, falling only \$3.6 million. Operating expenses increased \$37.9 million, and contributed 91.4 percent of the decrease in the operating income. Retail power revenues at \$736.6 million increased \$15.8 million. Retail power revenues were higher due to the 4.2 percent across-the-board rate increase effective January 1, 2015 and the 0.9 percent Bonneville pass-through rate adjustment effective in October 2015 despite lower consumption from warmer weather during most of 2015.

The Water Utility realized a \$38.2 million change in net position for 2015. Operating income remained relatively consistent at \$58.4 million, decreasing 0.2 percent. The increase in operating revenues and expenses are very closely aligned, with additional operating revenues supporting 98.6 percent of the increase in operating expenses. Operating revenues increased approximately \$9.0 million, 3.7 percent over 2014. This change was driven by an increase in direct service revenue of \$7.1 million resulting from an increase in consumption and \$2.2 million increase in other revenues. 2015 was not a typical year for water consumption. The area experienced very dry conditions a month earlier than expected. As a result, the Fund implemented the Water Shortage Contingency Plan in coordination with other large cities in the area. This voluntary reduction plan along with cooler temperatures later in the summer pushed consumption down. However, the early summer spike was large enough to provide increased revenues.

The Drainage and Waste Water Utility realized a \$52.1 million change in net position for 2015. Operating income generated \$363.8 million, a 6.4 percent increase from 2014. Operating expenses totaled \$302.1 million, a 6.3 percent increase. The additional operating expenditures were only 82.2 percent of the increase in operating revenues. The additional revenue is due to a \$12.9 million increase in wastewater revenues from an average rate increase of 5.2 percent and an increase in consumption of 3.7 percent. The largest operating expense increase was related to Wastewater treatment costs, which increased by \$10.0 million due to a 5.6 percent increase in King County's treatment rate and a 3.7 percent increase in consumption.

The Solid Waste Utility realized a \$1.4 million change in net position for 2015. Operating income generated \$174.8 million, a 11.0 percent increase from 2014. Operating expenses totaled \$169.7 million, a 9.0 percent increase. The additional operating expenditures were only 81.3 percent of the increase in operating revenues. Current year operating revenues increased \$17.3 million compared to the prior year. There were several key factors affecting this change. There was an approximate 5.9 percent rate increase for residential and commercial garbage, and composting services effective April 1, 2015. This resulted in residential and commercial solid waste collection service revenue gains of \$9.1 million, including \$5.9 million in residential garbage collection and \$3.2 million in commercial collection revenue. The gains in residential and commercial revenues were offset by a transfer to the rate stabilization fund of \$2.5 million as compared to a \$10.5 million transfer in 2014, a reduction of \$8.0 million. Operating expenses in 2015 increased \$14.0 million compared to 2014. The largest operating expense increase was an \$8.5 million increase for the environmental cleanup of the South Park Landfill. Additional increases included \$3.2 million in collection expense directly related to increased revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF CITY FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Table A-3

REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, AND FUND BALANCE SUMMARY GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (In Thousands)

	Major Funds											
		Genera	al Fur	nd		Transport	ation	Fund	Lo	w-Income H	Iousi	ng Fund
		2015		2014		2015		2014		2015		2014
Revenues												
Taxes	\$	987,815	\$	926,003	\$	84,791	\$	78,477	\$	17,934	\$	17,943
Licenses and Permits		27,119		25,027		6,043		5,066		—		_
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions		32,198		35,666		35,320		46,244		7,001		2,840
Charges for Services		61,637		61,080		71,989		98,365		27,037		_
Fines and Forfeits		32,769		31,960		258		19		_		_
Parking Fees and Space Rent		39,154		38,223		95		84		_		_
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues		38,041		42,794		513		2,235		9,526		32,660
Total Revenues		1,218,733		1,160,753		199,009		230,490		61,498		53,442
Expenditures		902,663		897,493		400,184		382,909		30,146		29,181
Other Financing Sources and Uses												
Long-Term Debt Issued and Refunding Payments, Net		_		_		_		_		_		_
Sales of Capital Assets		18,274		_				2,108		_		_
Transfers In (Out)		(267,679)		(255,085)		185,825		162,996		_		_
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		(249,405)		(255,085)		185,825		165,104		_		_
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable		474		473		515		1,579		_		_
Restricted		136,626		99,991		14,001		33,816		135,079		99,003
Committed		97,296		76,493		56,481		50,952		1,692		6,415
Assigned		5,767		5,685		_		_		_		_
Unassigned		143,763		134,492		_		_		_		_
Total Fund Balances	\$	383,927	\$	317,135	\$	70,997	\$	86,348	\$	136,771	\$	105,419

Table A-3

REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, AND FUND BALANCE SUMMARY GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued) (In Thousands)

	Nonmajor Funds									
		Special Rev	enue Funds			Debt Serv	vice Funds			
		2015	2014			2015		2014		
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	123,676	\$ 84,7	19	\$	18,658	\$	17,706		
Licenses and Permits		976		_		_		_		
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions		76,149	69,9	86		978		979		
Charges for Services		61,134	50,3	46		_		_		
Fines and Forfeits		5,965	5,1	63		_		_		
Parking Fees and Space Rent		27,837	25,2	27		348		357		
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues		7,765	3,5	33		999		718		
Total Revenues		303,502	238,9	74		20,984		19,760		
Expenditures		429,345	362,1	77		75,380		83,009		
Other Financing Sources and Uses										
Long-Term Debt Issued and Refunding Payments, Net		—		_		_		48		
Sales of Capital Assets		44		20		_		_		
Transfers In (Out)		167,968	136,8	30		50,278		63,238		
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		168,012	136,8	51		50,278		63,286		
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		661	5	94		_		_		
Restricted		128,797	87,3	84		11,548		15,665		
Committed		10,775	3,2	45		_		_		
Assigned		11,004	9,9	33		_		_		
Unassigned		(11,496)	(3,5	82)		0		0		
Total Fund Balances	\$	139,742	\$ 97,5	73	\$	11,548	\$	15,665		

	Nonmajor Funds							Т	Total Governmental Funds			
		Capital Pro	jects	Funds		Permane	nt Fu	ınds				
		2015		2014		2015		2014		2015		2014
Revenues												
Taxes	\$	259	\$	24,272	\$		\$		\$	1,233,134	\$	1,149,119
Licenses and Permits		_		_						34,137		30,093
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions		9,510		5,646		_		_		161,155		161,361
Charges for Services		3,260		11,396		_		_		225,056		221,187
Fines and Forfeits		16		—		_		_		39,008		37,142
Parking Fees and Space Rent		9		_		_		_		67,444		63,891
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues		2,538		4,785		22		33		59,403		86,757
Total Revenues		15,592		46,100	_	22		33		1,819,339	_	1,749,551
Expenditures		61,955		73,457		11		5		1,899,684		1,828,231
Other Financing Sources and Uses												
Long-Term Debt Issued and												
Refunding Payments, Net		235,338		54,557		_		_		235,338		54,605
Sales of Capital Assets		912		_		_		_		19,231		2,129
Transfers In (Out)		(139,505)		(113,723)		_		_		(3,113)		(5,744)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		96,745		(59,166)		_		_		251,456		50,989
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable		_		_		2,050		2,050		3,700		4,697
Restricted		128,192		110,921		112		101		554,355		446,883
Committed		_		_		_		_		166,243		137,105
Assigned		_		_		_		_		16,772		15,618
Unassigned		(22,663)		(55,649)		_		_		109,605		75,261
Total Fund Balances	\$	105,529	\$	55,272	\$	2,162	\$	2,151	\$	850,675	\$	679,564

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources available for spending. This information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance measures the City's net resources available for all purpose spending at the end of the fiscal year. Governmental funds reported by the City include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, and permanent funds.

In 2015 the City's governmental funds generated \$1.819 billion in revenues, and recorded \$1.9 billion in expenditures. The 4.0 percent growth in revenue is driven by an overall increase in tax collections of \$84.0 million. Year over year expenditures remained relative consistent increasing only 3.9 percent, \$71.5 million . The City's governmental funds received a significant contribution from other financing sources and uses, totaling \$251.5 million for 2015. These resources offset the operating deficit and directly contributed to the 25.2 percent increase to the City's governmental fund balance which totals \$850.7 million at year end. Table A-3 provides a summary of activities for the governmental fund types at year-end 2015.

The General Fund accounts for 67.0 percent of revenues, and 43.8 percent of total governmental expenditures. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The Library Fund, previously reported as a special revenue fund, was determined to no longer meet the definition of a special revenue fund, as defined by GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. As a result, the Library Fund is now reported as part of the General Fund for the GAAP reporting. For comparability, all amounts presented for fiscal year 2014 and 2015 in this discussion and analysis reflect this change unless noted otherwise. Table A-4 provides a summary of activities for the general subfunds at year-end 2015.

Consistent with prior reporting periods two of the City's special revenue funds continue to meet the criteria for reporting as major governmental funds. The Transportation Operating Fund and the Low income Housing Fund are included in the fund financial statement section of the CAFR alongside the presentation of the General Fund and the combined nonmajor governmental funds.

The Transportation Operating Fund, a special revenue fund, develops, maintains, and operates the transportation system inclusive of streets, bridges, ramps, retaining walls, sea walls, bike trails, street lights, and other road infrastructure. At the end of the fiscal year the Transportation Operating Fund reports a fund balance of \$71.0 million, 17.8 percent less than reported for 2014. While expenditures grew at 4.5 percent, revenues dropped 13.7 percent. The \$199.0 million of revenues collected include the excess property tax levy, a commercial parking tax, grants and contributions, and charges for services. The \$31.5 million decline in revenue collections relates directly to the Transportation Operating Fund's 26.8 percent drop in revenues from charges for services and 23.62 percent in the shared revenues. These revenue reductions were slightly offset by the expected growth in revenue from taxes, and licenses and permits. Transportation Operating Fund's expenditures account for nearly 21.1 percent of all governmental fund expenditures, totaling \$400.2 million for 2015. The Fund's other financing sources contributed \$185.8 million of additional resources in 2015, growing 12.6 percent, a \$20.7 million increase in support that counters the growth in expenditure and decline in revenues.

The Low-Income Housing Fund, a special revenue fund and one of the major governmental funds of the City, manages activities undertaken by the City to preserve, rehabilitate, or replace low-income housing. It also accounts for seven-year housing levies approved by voters, most recently in 2009. The 2015 fund balance of \$136.8 million reflects another year with a significant increase, \$31.4 million, over 2014's balance. The change in fund balance was driven by relative stability in the funds expenditures, growing 3.3 percent to reach \$30.1 million, combined with the continued strength of revenue collections which totaled \$61.5 million. A contributing factor of the increase is Council's passage of Ordinance 124388 which adjusted the contribution amounts for downtown affordable housing and childcare incentive programs and to establish automatic inflationary adjustments.

Revenues for the City's nonmajor governmental funds totaled \$340.1 million, increasing \$35.2 million, an 11.6 percent gain over 2014's collection of \$303.5 million. The overall net increase of revenue reported in the City's nonmajor governmental funds was a mix of both increases and decreases of revenues across the City's various nonmajor governmental fund types. The City's special revenue funds recorded an additional \$64.5 million of revenues for 2015, pushing total revenues up to \$303.5 million and accounting for 89.2 percent of all nonmajor governmental fund revenues.

For 2015 two additional funds are reported within the City's special revenue funds, increasing the number reported to 20. The newly created Wheelchair Accessible Services Fund and the Department of Education and Early Learning Fund generated a combined \$4.3 million in additional revenues for 2015. The Wheelchair Accessible Services Fund relies upon the collection of a 10-cent per ride surcharge for all rides originating in the City of Seattle with Transportation Network Companies, non-wheelchair-accessible taxis and for-hire companies. The Department of Education and Early Learning fund reported 98.2 percent of its revenues as Grants, Shared Revenues and Contributions. This was expected as the newly formed Department and fund was previously part of Office of Education within the Department of Neighborhoods operations and reported within the General Fund.

18 of the 20 special revenue funds reported contribute to 2015's growth in revenues. Only the Human Services Operating Fund and the Pike Place Market Renovation Fund report a combined \$8.6 million decline in revenues. The Pike Place Market Renovation Fund had received the proceeds of a six-year voter approved levy that facilitated the Pike Place Market's renovation. 2015 tax proceeds collected through the fund dropped from \$7.8 million to \$94 thousand, collections which now only relate to remaining delinquent collections.

Three funds were the primary driver of revenue growth for special revenue funds. With the Seattle Transportation Benefit District fund increasing revenues \$30.8 million, the Preschool Levy fund adding 14.4 million and the Parks and Recreation Fund \$12.7 million. The significant increase in revenues for the special revenue funds is offset by the 66.2 percent reduction of revenues recorded in the capital project funds.

For 2015 capital project funds reported revenues of \$15.6 million, down significantly from the \$46.1 million reported in 2014. Two funds combined to contribute to the \$33.2 million drop in revenues. Revenues generated by the Park's Mitigation and Remediation fund decreased \$11.9 million, 98.4 percent of the \$12.1 million reported in 2014.

The reduction of revenues in the Parks Mitigation and Remediation fund reflected one time mitigation payments from the State of Washington collected in 2014. The decline of revenues in the fund was expected for 2015, and aligned with a significant reduction in expenditure activities.

The Seattle Center and Parks Multipurpose Levy experienced the most substantial decline of all capital project funds, a \$21.3 million decrease year over year. The voter approved 2008 Parks Levy, collecting tax proceeds over six years expired in 2014. 2015's tax collections subsequently dropped 99.0 percent in the fund. The fund did not reflect a substantial reduction to expenditures, and instead began to heavily rely on the remaining fund balance to provide the needed resources for ongoing projects.

Expenditures of the City's nonmajor governmental funds totaled \$568.4 million, increasing \$49.8 million, a 9.6 percent gain over 2014's expenditures of \$518.7 million. The overall net increase in reported expenditures for nonmajor governmental funds was a mix of a large increase in current operating costs, \$82.5 million, and offsetting decreases in the capital outlay and debt service expenditures, a \$32.7 million reduction. The year over year changes in expenditure classes were consistent across the City's various nonmajor governmental fund types.

Table A-4

REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, AND FUND BALANCE SUMMARY GENERAL FUND SUBFUNDS (In Thousands)

	,	General	udgment/ Claims	Munio Jai		Arts Account	Cable Television Franchise
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	914,634	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _
Licenses and Permits		18,607			_	_	8,512
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions		23,594	_		—	—	—
Charges for Services		54,909	4,773		_	_	_
Fines and Forfeits		30,877	_		_	_	450
Parking Fees and Space Rent		38,309	_		—	15	—
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues		4,967	 2		1	 41	 153
Total Revenues		1,085,897	 4,775		1	 56	 9,115
Expenditures		754,721	9,419		_	5,642	8,586
Other Financing Sources and Uses							
Sales of Capital Assets		_	_		_	_	_
Transfers In (Out)		(321,291)	_		(194)	5,954	(190)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		(321,291)	 _		(194)	5,954	(190)
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		95	_		_	_	_
Restricted		11,162	_		_	_	_
Committed		4,208	8,765		_	1,517	4,458
Assigned		3,791	_		_	_	_
Unassigned		44,343	_		_		_
Total Fund Balances	\$	63,599	\$ 8,765	\$	_	\$ 1,517	\$ 4,458

	mulative Reserve	borhood tching	Hal	efield oitat enance	Develop Righ		Eme	ergency
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 73,181	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Licenses and Permits	_	_		_				_
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	1,558	—		—		—		—
Charges for Services	1,706	—		—		—		—
Fines and Forfeits	1	—		—		—		—
Parking Fees and Space Rent	246	_		_		_		_
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	 884	 _		2				_
Total Revenues	77,576	—		2		—		—
Expenditures	30,218	3,416		—		_		_
Other Financing Sources and Uses								
Sales of Capital Assets	18,275	_		_		_		_
Transfers In (Out)	(21,744)	1,557		_				5,646
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(3,469)	 1,557				_		5,646
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	2	_		_		_		_
Restricted	82,381	_		_		_		_
Committed	24,492	3,302		210		22		_
Assigned	_	_		_				_
Unassigned	 45,223					_		54,197
Total Fund Balances	\$ 152,098	\$ 3,302	\$	210	\$	22	\$	54,197

Table A-4

REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, AND FUND BALANCE SUMMARY GENERAL FUND SUBFUNDS (continued) (In Thousands)

		Transit Benefit	Special Employment Program	Industrial Insurance	Unemployment Compensation	Health Care
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	_	\$	\$	\$	\$
Licenses and Permits		_	_	_	_	_
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions		—	—	_	_	_
Charges for Services		—	8	—	—	—
Fines and Forfeits		—	—	_	_	_
Parking Fees and Space Rent		_	—	_	—	_
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues		—	—	721	59	25,876
Total Revenues		_	8	721	59	25,876
Expenditures		_	8	_		15,726
Other Financing Sources and Uses						
Sales of Capital Assets		_	_	_	_	_
Transfers In (Out)		_	_	_	1,100	_
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		_			1,100	
Fund Balances						_
Nonspendable		_		350	_	_
Restricted		_	_	_	_	29,980
Committed		_	124	6,091	1,396	41,787
Assigned		_	—	_	_	_
Unassigned	_					
Total Fund Balances	\$		\$ 124	\$ 6,441	\$ 1,396	\$ 71,767
				Total Ge	neral Fund	

up Life unce —	Library ^a	2015 \$ 987,815	201 4 \$ 92	1
_	\$,	\$ 92	
_	\$,	\$ 92	
_	_			26,002
		27,119	2	25,027
	7,046	32,198	2	35,667
_	241	61,637	(61,080
_	1,441	32,769	2	31,960
_	584	39,154	2	38,223
5,161	174	38,041	2	42,793
5,161	9,486	1,218,733	1,10	60,752
5,121	69,805	902,662	89	97,493
	_	18,275		
_	61,483	(267,679)	(25	55,085)
_	61,483	(249,404)	(25	55,085)
	27	474		474
	13,104	136,627	9	99,991
466	458	97,296		76,493
_	1,976	5,767		5,685
_	_	143,763	13	34,492
466	\$ 15,565	\$ 383,927	\$ 3	17,135
	5,161 5,121 — — — 466 —	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

a As result of GASB Statement No. 54, the Library Fund no longer meets the definition for a special revenue fund and is reported as part of the General Fund for the GAAP reporting.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

City Light Utility. The Utility realized a change in net position of \$90.5 million in 2015 compared to \$121.3 million in 2014, a decrease of \$30.8 million, 25.4 percent. This decrease was mainly due to lower net wholesale energy sales compared to 2014. Higher retail electric sales, transfers from/(to) RSA, and capital contributions were offset by lower power related revenues. The decrease of net position was also attributed to higher distribution expenses, general and administrative, taxes and depreciation.

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased by \$69.5 million to \$228.1 million in 2015, compared to \$297.6 million in 2014. Net operating cash increased by \$24.2 million to \$152.5 million in 2015. Increased operating cash inflows was resulted from rate increase effective at the beginning of the year, Bonneville Power Administration pass-through rate adjustment, transfers from the RSA, and reimbursement from the Construction account for capital expenditures. The higher cash inflows were offset by greater debt service payments, capital construction projects, and ongoing operations. Restricted assets decreased by \$33.3 million to \$265.1 million in 2015, compared to \$298.4 million in 2014. This decrease was primarily due to the funding of ongoing capital improvement program.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, were \$2.961 billion and \$2.728 billion in 2015 and 2014, a net increase of \$233.1 million. The majority of the Utilities' capital asset additions were in the distribution plant and work-in-progress. The net increase in capital assets was partially offset by a \$59.0 million increase in accumulated depreciation and amortization.

Total liabilities were \$2.733 billion in 2015 and \$2.278 billion in 2014, the majority being revenue bonds payables. The noncurrent portion of the revenue bonds payables were \$2.091 billion in 2015 and \$1.925 billion in 2014. In July 2015, the Utility issued a total of \$271.9 million of revenue bonds. Interest expense related to these bonds was \$93.7 million in 2015 and \$89.6 million in 2014.

City Light's total net position was \$1.132 billion in 2015 and \$1.276 billion in 2014.

Water Utility. The Utility realized an operating income of \$58.4 million in 2015 compared to \$58.5 million in 2014. Operating revenues increased by \$9.0 million and operating expenses increased by \$9.2 million between 2015 and 2014. The Utility realized a net income of \$38.2 million in 2015 compared to net income of \$31.5 million in 2014. The net income in 2015 was primarily due to an increase in direct services revenue related to the very dry weather conditions driving a spike in water usage. This increase was offset by related operating expenses.

Net cash provided by operating activities increased to\$124.0 million in 2015 from \$127.9 million in 2014, a decrease of \$3.9 million. Total operating and restricted cash and investments were \$137.6 million in 2015 compared to \$100.2 million in 2014, an increase of \$37.4 million. This increase in cash and investments was primarily due to bond proceeds and transfers to the rate stabilization fund.

Utility plant, net of accumulated depreciation, and other capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2015, amounted to \$1.241 billion, an increase of \$35.8 million from 2014. Capital outlays of \$83.7 million were offset by depreciation expenses of \$50.0 million. Major capital assets additions in 2015 included infrastructure improvements, rehabilitation, facility improvements and water reservoir coverings.

The Water Utility had \$851.6 million in outstanding revenue bonds in 2015 compared to \$853.5 million at year end 2014. The decrease was due to principal payments.

The Water Utility's total net position was \$360.1 million in 2015 and \$393.0 million in 2014. The reduction resulted in part to the recording of the net pension liability as required by the GASB Statement 68 for reporting pensions.

Drainage and Wastewater Utility. The Utility realized an operating income of \$61.7 million in 2015 compared to \$57.8 million in 2014. Operating revenues increased by \$21.8 million and operating expenses increased by \$17.9 million between 2015 and 2014. The Utility realized a net income of \$52.1 million in 2015 and \$48.5 million in 2014. The increase in net income is the result of a rate increase offset by an increase in treatment costs.

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased to \$84.7 million in 2015 compared to \$88.6 million in 2014. Total operating and restricted cash and investments were \$128.5 million in 2015 compared to \$200.7 million in 2014. This decrease in cash and investments was primarily used for capital expenditures.

Utility plant, net of accumulated depreciation, and other capital assets increased to \$947.9 million in 2015 from \$843.8 million in 2014, an increase of \$104.1 million. Capital outlays of \$119.1 million were offset by depreciation expenses of \$23.5 million.

The Drainage and Wastewater Utility had \$600.7 million outstanding revenue and refunding bond liabilities in 2015, as compared to \$618.9 million in 2014. Total liabilities, including revenue bonds, were \$872.9 million in 2015 and \$812.1 million in 2014.

Total net position for the Drainage and Wastewater Utility was \$329.9 million in 2015 and \$344.1 million in 2014. The reduction resulted in part to the recording of the net pension liability as required by the GASB Statement 68 for reporting pensions.

Solid Waste Utility. The Utility realized an operating income of \$5.0 million in 2015 compared to \$1.8 million in 2014. Operating revenues increased by \$17.3 million and operating expenses increased by \$14.0 million between 2015 and 2014. The Utility realized a net income of \$1.4 million in 2015 compared to \$1.8 million in 2014. The net income in 2015 was primarily due to a rate increase offset by a transfer to the rate stabilization fund and related operating expenses.

Net cash provided by operating activities increased to \$30.8 million in 2015 compared to \$22.9 million in 2014. Total operating and restricted cash and investments were \$85.4 million in 2015 and \$81.6 million in 2014. The \$3.8 million increase in operating and restricted cash and investments is primarily due to new debt issued in 2015 offset by capital expenditures.

The Solid Waste Utility had \$197.8 million outstanding revenue bond liabilities in 2015 compared to \$166.9 million in 2014. The increase was due to new debt issued in 2015.

Total net position for the Solid Waste Utility was \$11.3 million in 2015 and \$34.2 million in 2014. The reduction resulted in part to the recording of the net pension liability as required by the GASB Statement 68 for reporting pensions.

Fiduciary Funds

The City maintains fiduciary funds for the assets of the Seattle City Employees' Retirement System (SCERS), the Firemen's Pension Fund, the Police Relief and Pension Fund, the S.L. Denny Private Purpose Trust, and various agency funds. The net position of the combined fiduciary funds at the end of 2015 is \$2.333 billion; SCERS represents 98.7 percent of this amount.

SCERS assets held in trust for the payment of future benefits does not exceed its proportionate share of the total pension liability as of December 31, 2015. The fund uses the services of both active and index fund professional money managers. SCERS net position decreased in value by \$9.7 million, 0.4 percent, during 2015. For year ending 2015 the member and employer contributions totaled \$166.9 million; net income from investment activity totaled \$6.5 million. Total benefit payment for 2015 increased by \$9.2 million to \$159.3 million. In 2015 the number of retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits was 6222, which increased by 202, compared to 2014.

At December 31, 2015, the net positions of assets held in trust in the Firemen's Pension Fund and the Police Relief and Pension Fund for the payment of future benefits were \$14.9 million and \$4.7 million, respectively.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

For the General Fund budgetary highlights, the Library Fund, which has its own legally adopted annual budget, is excluded from this discussion.

City Council passed the 2015 Adopted and 2016 Endorsed Budget (Ordinance 124648) authorizing a \$4.8 billion budget for the City's annual operations. The General subfund's budgeted expenditures account for 21.7 percent or \$1.045 billion of the total adopted budget. When considering additional budgets for general support transferred and other subfund expenditures reporting within the General Fund's presentation, 2015's total appropriation budget for the General Fund is \$1.345 billion, 25.8 million greater than the previous year.

The City of Seattle

The General Fund's 2015 revised appropriation budget differed from the original budget due to supplemental appropriations approved by the City Council during the year and carryforward budgets from the prior year. For budgetary comparisons the General Funds presentation on schedules C-1 and D-11 report actual expenditure and revenue totals without the elimination of reimbursements collected internally through the City's personnel compensation trust funds.

The final revised budget for the General Fund was \$1.488 billion, a 10.6 percent increase over Council's adopted budget. The most significant budget activities are described below:

- At year-end 2015 actual expenditures and transfers of \$1.331 billion were \$156.8 million less than budgeted. Of this amount \$90.6 million of the budget will be carried over into 2015 to cover outstanding encumbrances, grants, and capital spending.
- The overall change in the General Fund's carryforward budget from 2014 to 2015 decreased 16.1 percent, from \$84.0 million to \$70.5 million. Nearly 67.7 percent of 2015's carryforward budget is within the Cumulative Reserve Subfunds, with \$44.7 million reported in the Real Estate Excise Tax (REET I and REET II) Subfunds, and \$12.2 million in the Unrestricted Cumulative Reserve Subfund. The General Subfund accounted for the remaining 37.2 percent of the carryforward budget, with Police and Fire Departments contributing \$16.9 million of this amount.
- The final budget for the REET I and REET II Cumulative Reserve subfunds, which includes expenditures and transfers, was \$92.9 million, of this amount \$75.7 million is budgeted for capital projects. Approximately 50.5 percent, \$47.3 million of the budget was expended in 2015. The carryforward budget balances for the REET I and REET II Cumulative Reserve Subfunds funds is \$44.7 million and will be used to support capital activity in 2015.
- City Council authorized an additional \$55.7 million of supplemental appropriations for the General Fund in 2015, 90.4 percent were revisions for the General subfund. Budget revisions totaling \$22.5 million applied directly to the Seattle Police Department, \$10.6 million to the Seattle Fire Department, seven executive offices received supplemental appropriations totaling \$5.5 million.
- In 2015 the total revised budget for grant resources within the General Fund totaled \$47.5 million, with actual grant revenue generating \$17.7 million during the year. The adopted budget provided \$12.3 million in additional grant resources for the Cumulative Reserve subfunds, and \$15.9 million of budget was carryforward from 2014. Through supplemental legislation the Council authorized an additional \$18.4 million of grant funding during the year. This includes \$12.3 million for the City's public safety functions, supporting 22 projects of which 20 are new in 2015.
- The General Fund's budget for the public safety function increased 1.7 percent in 2015, totaling \$555.2 million. The actual costs of current expenditures and capital outlay of the City's public safety function totaled \$531.9 million, consuming 95.8 percent of the resources budgeted for 2015, of which 99.4 percent is for current operations and 0.6 percent on capital outlay. The 1.5 percent year over year increase in current expenditures totaling \$7.9 million was in line with the budgeted increase. Detailed information on the City's two major public safety departments follows:
 - The Police Department's 2015 final budget was \$324.5 million, a 1.5 percent increase from the 2014 budget level. The Department expended 96.2 percent of its budget during the year, with actual expenditures increasing 2.3 percent, from \$305.4 million in 2014 to \$312.3 million in 2015. Patrol operations were budgeted at \$128.0 million for all five city precincts, a 2.4 percent increase over 2014's budget. Patrol operations for 2015 consumed 98.8 percent of the budgeted resources and accounted for 40.5 percent of the entire Department's annual operating costs. Of the remaining budget, \$4.8 million will carryforward into 2015 for grant purposes.
 - The Fire Department's 2015 final budget was \$194.8 million, a 1.4 percent increase from the 2014 budget level of \$192.0 million. The Department expended 95.2 percent of its budget during the year, with actual expenditures falling 0.4 percent, from \$186.1 million in 2014 to \$185.4 million in 2015. Fire Operations for 2015 consumed 99.9 percent of the \$153.0 million in budgeted resources and accounted for 82.5 percent of the entire Department's annual operating costs. Of the remaining budget, \$7.5 million will carryforward into 2014 for grant purposes.
- For 2015 the General Fund reports actual revenues of \$1.397 billion, a 5.2 percent increase, \$72.8 million larger than 2014's total balance. The General subfund generated 77.8 percent of these revenues, \$1.086 billion, which was 1.0 percent greater than Council's last revised budget of \$1.076 billion, and 4.2 percent greater greater than the previous years collection.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The following schedule shows the City's investment in capital assets.

Table A-5CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR END, NET OF DEPRECIATION
(In Thousands)

	Governme	ntal .	Activities		Business-7	Гуре	Activities				
	 2015		Restated 2014	_	2015		2014		2015		Restated 2014
Land	\$ 572,081	\$	571,056	\$	167,712	\$	162,685	\$	739,793	\$	733,740
Plant in Service, Excluding Land	_		_		4,482,056		4,164,715		4,482,056		4,164,715
Buildings and Improvements	1,547,815		1,583,860		26,057		28,061		1,573,872		1,611,921
Machinery and Equipment	126,798		124,830		441		919		127,239		125,749
Infrastructure	1,031,128		1,062,206		_		_		1,031,128		1,062,206
Construction in Progress	813,955		553,900		646,162		535,573		1,460,117		1,089,474
Other Capital Assets	16,428		16,040		77,901		87,428		94,329		103,469
Total Capital Assets	\$ 4,108,205	\$	3,911,892	\$	5,400,329	\$	4,979,382	\$	9,508,535	\$	8,891,274

Capital assets, net of depreciation, for governmental activities increased by \$196.3 million in 2015. The main increase is attributable to the following:

- The Department of Transportation capitalized \$29.7 million for various infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, sidewalks, signs, illuminations, and others). Construction in Progress increased \$260.1 million over the prior year.
- The Department of Parks and Recreation capitalized various community parks improvements, renovation and restorations such as Magnuson Park renovation at \$4.7 million; Washington park at \$2.3 million; Zoo parking garage at \$2.0 million; Maple Leaf parks reservoir at \$3.7 million; and other community parks and buildings improvements and renovation at \$12.2 million.

Capital assets, net of depreciation, for business-type activities increased by \$420.9 million. Major increases included the following:

- Seattle City Light's net capital assets increased by \$233.1 million in 2015. This increase was primarily comprised of \$140.2 million for distribution plant underground and overhead system: transmissions, transformers and poles, and streetlights and meters at \$25.7 million: hydroelectric productions at \$59.3 million: General and Intangibles at \$54.6 million. Construction in progress increased by \$67.5 over last year.
- The Drainage and Wastewater Utility's net capital assets increased by \$104.1 million compared to last year. Major increases were for the construction of 2 million gallons of storage for the combine sewer system in the Windermere drainage basin at \$59.4 million: construction of two combined sewer overflow facilities in the South Genesee area at \$45.2 million; replacement of sewer pipelines at \$9.0 million; development of a natural drainage system at Venema Creek at \$6.1 million and Implementation of a permanent solution to storm water flooding and side sewer backups in the Madison Valley area.
- The Solid Waste Utility's net capital asset for the year ended December 31, 2015 is \$205.7 million. This represents an increase of approximately 49.0 million over the last year. Waste Utility spent \$55.2 million for construction of multi-year projects; \$2.4 million related to these projects were capitalized as an asset. Capital assets placed in service during the year include the following: \$1.4 million for heavy equipment purchases; \$0.7 million for IT infrastructure upgrades and \$0.3 million for additions to the South Transfer Station.
- The Water Utility's net capital assets increased by \$35.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 compared to 2014. The Water utility capitalized the following: \$14.7 million for water infrastructure improvements and rehabilitation; \$14.7 million for facility improvements to Landsburg site; \$10.9 million for reservoir covering and improvement; \$3.2 million for distribution infrastructure system improvement; \$2.4 million for purchases of heavy equipment and technology infrastructure improvement totaling \$2.3 million. Construction in progress increase by \$26.1 million over the last year.

More detailed financial information about the City's capital asset activities is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the fiscal year 2015 the City had \$4.740 billion in outstanding bonded debt that included general obligation and revenue bonds, compared to \$4.416 billion in 2014. This represents an increase of approximately \$324.1 million, 7.3 percent. The special assessments bonds that the City issued in 2006, without lending its full faith and credit but obligated in some manner for the design and construction of the South Lake Union Streetcar, had the outstanding balance of \$8.8 million. In 2015 LTGO and UTGO bonds were issued to finance various capital improvement projects including Bridge Rehab, South Park Bridge, Alaska Way Corridor, Fire Facilities, Golf and other IT projects. In addition, the part of the 2015 LTGO bonds proceeds was used for the partial refunding of the 2005, 2006, 2007 and 2008 bonds.

The City also issued revenue bonds: \$271.9 million for the Light Fund, \$340.8 million for the Water Fund and \$35.8 million for the Solid Waste Fund to finance certain capital improvements and conservation programs. The City's bond ratings remained similar to the ratings for the previous year. The City's UTGO bonds are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), AAA by Fitch Ratings (Fitch), and AAA by Standard & Poor's (S&P), which are the highest possible ratings. The City's LTGO bonds are rated Aa1 by Moody's, AA+ by Fitch, and AAA by S&P. In addition, the City's utilities have very high ratings for revenue debt, reflecting sound finances and good management.

The City's limited and unlimited general obligation debt is capped at 7.5 percent of assessed value by state law. The 2015 assessed value of taxable properties based on the latest report for the City is \$163.924 billion. At the end of 2015 the net outstanding general obligation debt of the City that includes bonds, compensated absences net of sick leave, and guarantees of indebtedness amounted to \$1.150 billion, well below the limit of \$12.294 billion, rendering the City's legal debt margin of \$11.144 billion. Within the 7.5 percent limitation, state law restricts outstanding LTGO bonds to 1.5 percent of assessed value. At year end 2015 the LTGO net outstanding debt was \$862.1 million.

The City is self-insured for workers compensation and for most health care costs. The City carries general liability insurance with a self-insured retention. For these claims, including those incurred but not reported, the City recognized a total liability of \$107.3 million (\$81.6 million for governmental activities and \$25.8 million for business-type activities) at the end of the year. In addition, City utilities and Department of Parks and Recreation recognized a combined \$121.3 million in estimated environmental liabilities. Other obligations were accrued for compensation absences for sick leave and other notes and contracts. The other notes and contracts included draws from the State's Public Works Trust Loan (PWTL) Program which are serviced with revenues from two participating City departments, one with a governmental type fund and one whose PWTL activities are reported in two of its business-type funds.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 9 to the financial statement.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

In June 2016 the nation's recovery from the Great Recession will be seven years old, making it one of the longest expansions during post-World War II period. Although employment growth during the recovery has been relatively healthy, on many dimensions, including GDP growth, wage growth and productivity, the recovery has disappointed. Despite the weakness at the national level, the Seattle metro area has had a healthy recovery, in large part due to its strong technology sector. Through April 2016, Seattle metro area (King and Snohomish Counties) employment was up 18.0 percent from its post-recession low in February 2010, compared to a 10.9 percent gain in U.S. employment over the same period. The metro area's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 4.8 percent in April, 0.2 percent below the national rate of 5.0 percent.

Industries instrumental in the region's recovery include aerospace, professional, scientific, and technical services, health services, and mail order and internet retail. Aerospace provided a big lift to the local economy during the early stages of the recovery, adding 14,000 jobs in 2011 and 2012. However, aerospace employment peaked in November 2012 and has been declining slowly since then. In 2016 the rate of decline has accelerated, with the Boeing Company, the region's largest employer expected to cut as many as 8,000 jobs during the year in an effort to contain costs. The software industry, which includes Microsoft, has added 5,900 jobs from its low point in early 2010. The industry making the greatest contribution to the recovery has been mail order and internet retail, which is dominated by Amazon.com. This industry has added approximately 20,000 jobs at a relatively steady pace during the recovery.

Thus far during the recovery, the region's growth has been concentrated in the city of Seattle, the region's major business and professional service center and home to Amazon.com's rapidly growing headquarters. Strong job growth in Seattle and the growing popularity of in-city living has led to a surge in construction activity focused in multi-family housing and office development. The

value of permits issued for construction activity in Seattle has grown from \$1.5 billion in 2010 to \$3.8 billion in 2015, an increase of 147 percent.

With the aerospace industry now cutting jobs, employment growth is predicted to slow going forward. 2015 is expected to be the peak year for employment growth (at 3.0 percent) during the current cycle. The Puget Sound Economic Forecaster predicts that employment growth will average a modest 1.4 percent per year over the next five years. Personal income growth is forecast to range between 4.6 and a 4.8 percent, 2.6 percent per year faster than the rate of inflation.

Financial Contact

The City's financial statements are designed to provide users with a general overview of the City's finances as well as to demonstrate the City's accountability to its citizens, investors, creditors, and other customers. If you have a question about the report, please contact the City of Seattle, Department of Finance and Administrative Services, Citywide Accounting and Payroll Services Division, P.O. Box 94669, Seattle, WA 98124-4669 (Telephone 206-233-7825).

Government-wide Financial Statements

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

			Compara	tive Totals	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	2015	Restated 2014	Component Units
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 831,616	\$ 392,611	\$ 1,224,227	\$ 1,001,645	\$ 5,139
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	12,178	_	12,178	20,014	_
Investments	—	—	—	—	61,214
Receivables, Net of Allowances	114,557	230,028	344,585	316,499	—
Internal Balances	26,794	(26,794)	—	—	—
Due from Other Governments	100,641	10,863	111,504	101,969	—
Inventories	4,042	39,250	43,292	40,433	—
Prepaid and Other Current Assets	1,653	1,755	3,408	2,925	
Total Current Assets	1,091,481	647,713	1,739,194	1,483,485	66,353
Noncurrent Assets					
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	51,984	431,139	483,123	562,038	
Contracts and Notes	8,617	1,500	10,117	9,967	
Conservation Costs, Net	_	275,337	275,337	259,660	_
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs, Net	_	12,326	12,326	13,004	—
Environmental Costs and Recoveries	_	33,286	33,286	35,293	_
Net Pension Asset	168,446	_	168,446	11,233	_
Regulatory Asset	_	17,520	17,520	18,250	_
Other Charges and Noncurrent Assets	_	118,905	118,905	113,137	_
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation					
Land and Land Rights	572,081	167,712	739,793	733,740	—
Plant in Service, Excluding Land	—	4,482,056	4,482,056	4,164,715	—
Buildings and Improvements	1,547,815	26,057	1,573,872	1,611,921	_
Machinery and Equipment	126,798	441	127,239	125,749	_
Infrastructure	1,031,128	—	1,031,128	1,062,206	—
Construction in Progress	813,955	646,162	1,460,117	1,089,474	—
Other Capital Assets	16,428	77,901	94,329	103,469	2
Total Noncurrent Assets	4,337,252	6,290,342	10,627,594	9,913,856	2
Total Assets	5,428,733	6,938,055	12,366,788	11,397,341	66,355
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	579,349	117,201	696,550	504,110	_
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,008,082	7,055,256	13,063,338	11,901,451	66,355

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

			Compara	tive Totals	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	2015	Restated 2014	Component Units
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$ 148,355	\$ 86,931	\$ 235,286	\$ 193,994	\$ 2,529
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable	40,411	24,644	65,055	50,833	_
Contracts Payable	5,453	_	5,453	10,044	_
Due to Other Governments	7,399	12,732	20,131	18,421	_
Interest Payable	8,391	56,946	65,337	65,301	_
Taxes Payable	90	10,877	10,967	9,426	_
Deposits Payable	_	—	_	848	_
Unearned Revenues	13,954	35,291	49,245	39,003	_
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt					
Bonds Payable	74,465	175,640	250,105	234,140	_
Compensated Absences Payable	20,579	5,020	25,599	26,724	_
Notes and Contracts Payable	1,770	2,338	4,108	4,271	—
Claims Payable	23,709	26,093	49,802	55,630	—
Habitat Conservation Program Liability	—	906	906	1,138	—
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability	—	1,522	1,522	1,064	—
Other Current Liabilities	2,139	4,110	6,249	8,833	
Total Current Liabilities	346,715	443,050	789,765	719,670	2,529
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Bonds Payable, Net of Unamortized					
Premiums, Discounts, and Other	972,182	3,879,789	4,851,971	4,486,083	—
Bond Interest Payable	—	—	—	—	—
Special Assessment Bonds with Governmental Commitment	8,825	_	8,825	10,395	_
Compensated Absences Payable	70,577	33,398	103,975	111,621	—
Claims Payable	58,436	120,420	178,856	175,926	—
Notes and Contracts Payable	11,049	36,570	47,619	44,303	—
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability	—	14,163	14,163	14,990	—
Vendor Deposits Payable	225	1,824	2,049	1,056	—
Habitat Conservation Program Liability	_	7,156	7,156	6,493	_
Unearned Revenues	_	25,778	25,778	23,544	—
Arbitrage Rebate Liability	9	—	9	10	—
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits	116,550	15,980	132,530	102,252	—
Net Pension Liability	594,563	512,237	1,106,800	—	_
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	3,339	105	3,444	4,019	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,835,755	4,647,420	6,483,175	4,980,692	
Total Liabilities	2,182,470	5,090,470	7,272,940	5,700,362	2,529
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	523,316	143,521	666,837	621,251	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

				Compara	tive T	otals	
		ernmental ctivities	ısiness-Type Activities	 2015		Restated 2014	Component Units
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	3,144,486	\$ 1,915,893	\$ 5,060,379	\$	4,835,801	\$ 2
Restricted for							
Debt Service		11,548	_	11,548		15,665	—
Capital Projects		210,572	_	210,572		167,498	301
Rate Stabilization Account			25,000	25,000		25,047	—
Education and Development Services		50,251		50,251		45,811	15,241
Special Deposits		—		—		—	—
Conservation and Environmental Costs		_	7,497	7,497		7,065	—
Bonneville Power Administration Projects		—		—		—	—
External Infrastructure Costs		—	7,218	7,218		7,061	—
Muckleshoot Settlement		—		—		—	—
Other Charges		—	19,479	19,479		18,866	—
Health Care Reserve		29,980		29,980		29,980	—
Transportation Programs		14,001	—	14,001		33,816	—
Low-Income Housing Programs		135,079		135,079		99,003	—
Other Purposes		102,925		102,925		55,109	85
Nonexpendable		2,050	—	2,050		2,052	28,853
Unrestricted		(398,596)	 (153,822)	 (552,418)		237,064	 19,343
Total Net Position		3,302,296	1,821,265	 5,123,561		5,579,838	 63,825
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	6,008,082	\$ 7,055,256	\$ 13,063,338	\$	11,901,451	\$ 66,354

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 *(In Thousands)*

		Program	Expe	enses	Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs]	Expenses		Indirect Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants an Contributions			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES											
General Government	\$	229,134	\$	(20,496)	\$	104,651	\$ 15,235	\$	_		
Judicial		28,477		—		30,030	152				
Public Safety		530,093		1,430		26,227	13,037				
Physical Environment		4,351		_		16	937		_		
Transportation		216,403		5,040		67,948	24,173		20,027		
Economic Environment		138,878		_		41,875	30,732		6,700		
Health and Human Services		94,122		_		64	36,619		_		
Culture and Recreation		286,395		_		70,360	16,096		2,631		
Interest on Long-Term Debt		32,694							_		
Total Governmental Activities		1,560,547		(14,026)		341,171	136,981		29,358		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES											
Light		832,751		5,109		880,788	4,595		39,375		
Water		225,980		2,261		251,977	217		10,394		
Drainage and Wastewater		314,172		2,315		359,839	1,482		10,346		
Solid Waste		172,504		808		174,365	584		_		
Planning and Development		61,140		3,533		65,278	210		_		
Downtown Parking Garage		7,401		_		7,885	_		_		
Fiber Leasing		35				12					
Total Business-Type Activities		1,613,983		14,026		1,740,144	7,088		60,115		
Total Government-Wide Activities	\$	3,174,530	\$	_	\$	2,081,315	\$ 144,069	\$	89,473		
COMPONENT UNITS	\$	7,383	\$	_	\$	274	\$ 4,084	\$	_		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

			<u>``</u>	Expense) and Change	s in Ne	et Position		
			Primary G	overnment	<i>·</i> . T			
	Governmental		Business-Type	Compar 2015	ative 1	Restated		Component
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Activities	·	Activities	2015		2014		Units
	¢ (90.75 2)	¢		¢ (00.752) (°	(96, 101)		
General Government	\$ (88,752)	2	_	\$ (88,752	·	(86,191)		
Judicial	1,705		_	1,705		2,542		
Public Safety	(492,260)		_	(492,260		(525,698)		
Physical Environment	(3,398)		_	(3,398	·	(3,425)		
Transportation Economic Environment	(109,295)		_	(109,295	·	(72,759)		
	(59,571)			(59,571		(65,848)		
Health and Human Services	(57,439)			(57,439	·	(44,101)		
Culture and Recreation	(197,308)			(197,308		(189,928)		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	(32,694)	·		(32,694		(31,170)		
Total Governmental Activities	(1,039,012)		_	(1,039,012)	(1,016,578)		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Light	_		86,898	86,898		117,139		
Water	—		34,347	34,347		29,956		
Drainage and Wastewater	_		55,180	55,180		50,979		
Solid Waste	_		1,637	1,637		(976)		
Planning and Development	—		815	815		(1,302)		
Downtown Parking Garage	_		484	484		(24)		
Fiber Leasing			(23)	(23)	(11)		
Total Business-Type Activities			179,338	179,338		195,761		
Total Government-Wide Activities	(1,039,012)		179,338	(859,674)	(820,817)		
COMPONENT UNITS							\$	(3,024)
General Revenues								
Property Taxes	420,691		_	420,691		431,458		_
Sales Taxes	239,189		_	239,189		199,735		_
Business Taxes	454,086		_	454,086		431,437		_
Excise Taxes	101,098		_	101,098		65,364		_
Other Taxes	17,733		—	17,733		16,770		—
Penalties and Interest on Delinquent Taxes	_		_	_		4,091		_
Unrestricted Investment Earnings (Loss)	9,202		13,938	23,140		28,045		546
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	9,071		2,767	11,838		4,520		—
Special Item - Environmental Remediation	_		(4,975)	(4,975)	(4,949)		_
Transfers	(8,931)		8,931			_		
Total General Revenues (Loss), Special Item, and Transfers	1,242,139		20,661	1,262,800	_	1,176,471		546
Changes in Net Position	203,127	· —	199,999	403,126		355,654		(2,478)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	3,517,878		2,061,960	5,579,838		5,227,379		(2,478) 66,304
Restatements/Prior-Year Adjustments	(418,709)		(440,694)	(859,403		(3,195)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated	3,099,169		1,621,266	4,720,435		5,224,184		66,304
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 3,302,296	\$	1,821,265	\$ 5,123,561	\$	5,579,838	\$	63,826
		_					_	

Fund Financial Statements

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The **General Fund** is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It derives the majority of its revenues from property, sales, business, and utility taxes.

As described in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, was implemented in fiscal year 2011. The Library Fund no longer met the definition for a special revenue fund and has been included in the General Fund financial statements.

The **Transportation Fund** accounts for revenues for construction, improvement, repair, or maintenance of City streets and waterways. Revenues include taxes on the sale, distribution, or use of motor vehicle fuel; property taxes, commercial parking taxes, and motor vehicle excise taxes designated for street purposes; and grants.

The **Low-Income Housing Fund** manages activities undertaken by the City to preserve, rehabilitate, or replace low-income housing. It also accounts for a seven-year housing levy approved by the voters in 2009 to provide, produce, and/or preserve affordable housing in Seattle and to assist low-income tenants in Seattle. Operating costs in the administration of the levy are accounted for in the Office of Housing Fund, a nonmajor special revenue fund.

Descriptions for the nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the Combining and Individual Fund and Other Supplementary Information section.

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BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

							 Compara	tive T	otals
	General Fund	Tra	nsportation	w-Income Housing	Gov	Other vernmental	2015		2014
ASSETS									
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 300,584	\$	58,734	\$ 137,627	\$	306,982	\$ 803,927	\$	630,630
Receivables, Net of Allowances	79,481		10,708	586		21,326	112,101		100,127
Due from Other Funds	16,976		35,772	223		16,851	69,822		73,833
Due from Other Governments	58,901		13,234	241		28,130	100,506		95,165
Interfund Loans and Advances	12,267		_	_		24,165	36,432		38,105
Other Current Assets	 422		514	 _		608	 1,544		2,565
Total Assets	468,631		118,962	138,677		398,062	1,124,332		940,425
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 7,775			 427,316		47,022	482,113		455,833
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 476,406	\$	118,962	\$ 565,993	\$	445,084	\$ 1,606,445	\$	1,396,258
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$ 35,355	\$	30,553	\$ 1,482	\$	42,344	\$ 109,734	\$	90,503
Contracts Payable	303		4,150	_		1,001	5,454		10,043
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable	24,216		3,555	_		6,961	34,732		31,015
Due to Other Funds	15,193		4,508	61		37,079	56,841		58,380
Due to Other Governments	2,339		_	_		5,021	7,360		6,828
Revenues Collected in Advance	3,024		4,126	_		6,803	13,953		8,300
Interfund Loans and Advances	_		_	_		28,790	28,790		31,611
Other Current Liabilities	 236		430	 55		646	 1,367		6,083
Total Liabilities	80,666		47,322	1,598		128,645	258,231		242,763
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	11,813		643	427,624		57,456	497,536		473,930
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable	\$ 474	\$	515	\$ _	\$	2,712	\$ 3,701	\$	4,698
Restricted	136,627		14,001	135,079		268,652	554,359		446,882
Committed	97,296		56,481	1,692		10,774	166,243		137,106
Assigned	5,767		_	_		11,004	16,771		15,618
Unassigned	 143,763			 		(34,159)	 109,604		75,261
Total Fund Balances	 383,927		70,997	 136,771		258,983	 850,678		679,565
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 476,406	\$	118,962	\$ 565,993	\$	445,084	\$ 1,606,445	\$	1,396,258

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BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2015 *(In Thousands)*

	Comparative Totals			ls
		2015		Restated 2014
Governmental Fund Balance	\$	850,675	\$	679,566
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	\$	3,381,844	\$	3,205,733
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		10,459		9,536
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of Fleets and Facilities, Information Technology, and Engineering Services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund (ISF) activities related to enterprise funds and prior- year adjustment (B-6) are added back to ISF total net position, and the latter amounts are included in		410.712		100.047
governmental activities.		419,713		498,046
Net pension asset net of pension obligations		168,446		11,233
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources		53,661		8,256
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Claims Payable - Current		(14,669)		(14,243)
Accrued Interest Payable		(6,000)		(5,819)
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		(52,412)		(48,503)
Compensated Absences Payable		(19,897)		(22,770)
General Obligation Bonds Payable		(671,701)		(507,635)
Less Bond Discount and Premium		(56,496)		(40,586)
Special Assessment Bonds		(8,825)		(10,395)
Net Pension Liability		(493,179)		_
Notes and Other Long-Term Liabilities		(17,089)		(19,349)
Compensated Absences - Long-Term		(64,269)		(75,020)
Claims Payable - Long-Term		(37,610)		(40,233)
Workers' Compensation		(27,126)		(26,167)
Arbitrage		(9)		(10)
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits		(113,220)		(83,760)
Net Adjustments		2,451,621		2,838,313
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	3,302,296	\$	3,517,878

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

							 Compara	tive T	otals
	General	1	Fransportation	L	ow-Income Housing	Other ernmental	 2015		2014
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$ 987,815		<i>,</i>	\$	17,934	\$ 142,593	\$ 1,233,133	\$	1,149,120
Licenses and Permits	27,119		6,043		—	976	34,138		30,093
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	32,198		35,320		7,001	86,640	161,159		161,361
Charges for Services	61,637		71,989		27,037	64,393	225,056		221,187
Fines and Forfeits	32,769		258		_	5,982	39,009		37,142
Concessions, Parking Fees and Space Rent	39,154	ł	95		—	28,195	67,444		63,891
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	38,041	l	512		9,526	 11,322	 59,401		86,757
Total Revenues	1,218,733	3	199,008		61,498	340,101	1,819,340		1,749,551
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General Government	202,162	2	—		—	22,559	224,721		204,662
Judicial	29,351	l	—		—	_	29,351		29,158
Public Safety	528,582	2	—		—	8,486	537,068		525,778
Physical Environment	6,292	2	—		—	1,022	7,314		7,409
Transportation	9,240)	120,004		—	26,445	155,689		114,737
Economic Environment	18,885	5	_		30,146	92,690	141,721		140,079
Health and Human Services	76		—		—	96,192	96,268		78,024
Culture and Recreation	75,092	2	—		—	193,887	268,979		245,358
Capital Outlay									
General Government	13,495		_		_	16,463	29,958		35,599
Public Safety	3,103	3	—		—	9,994	13,097		25,162
Transportation	_	-	278,151		—		278,151		278,550
Economic Environment		-	—		—	_			6
Culture and Recreation	16,380)	—		—	19,332	35,712		55,133
Debt Service			1 0 1 0			10 505			<1 - 1 -
Principal	2		1,912		_	48,795	50,709		61,745
Interest	2	2	117		_	28,880	28,999		26,571
Bond Issuance Cost	_	-	_		_	1,946	1,946		259
Other						 	 		
Total Expenditures	902,662	2	400,184		30,146	 566,691	 1,899,683		1,828,230
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	316,071	l	(201,176)		31,352	(226,590)	(80,343)		(78,679)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Long-Term Debt Issued	_	-	_		_	350,255	350,255		50,455
Refunding Debt Issued	_	-	_		—	_			
Premium on Bonds Issued	_	-	_		—	40,113	40,113		4,150
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	_	-	—		—	(155,030)	(155,030)		
Sales of Capital Assets	18,275	5	—		—	956	19,231		2,128
Transfers In	21,924	1	208,106		_	268,552	498,582		442,666
Transfers Out	(289,603	3)	(22,281)			(189,811)	 (501,695)		(448,411)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(249,404	4)	185,825		_	 315,035	 251,456		50,988
Net Change in Fund Balance	66,667	7	(15,351)		31,352	 88,445	 171,113		(27,691)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	317,260)	86,348		105,419	 170,538	 679,565		707,255
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 383,927	7	5 70,997	\$	136,771	\$ 258,983	\$ 850,678	\$	679,565

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures and proceeds from the disposition of capital assets as other financing sources. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful life and reported as depreciation expense and the gain or loss is reported as income. Depreciation expense for the year Capital outlay reported as expenditures Retirement and sale of capital assets Capital assets received as donations Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These are comprised of: Unavailable resources - property taxes Reduction of long-term receivable The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance oxit premium, discount, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items: Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amoutization of long seron using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Worker's compensation Arbitrage	2015 \$ 171,111 (116,042) 302,294 (11,540) 2,417 2,582 985 (350,255) (40,113) -	(115,034) 307,271 (1,306) (20,504) (264) 1,393 (50,455)
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds S Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures and proceeds from the disposition of capital assets as other financing sources. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful life and reported as depreciation expense and the gain or loss is reported as income. Depreciation expense for the year Capital outlay reported as expenditures Retirement and sale of capital assets Capital outlay reported as expenditures Returement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These are comprised of: Unavailable resources - property taxes Reduction of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds and reported at a divities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Proceeds of general obligation bonds Prencium on general obligation bonds Proceeds from bond refunding Minimum capital lease payments Boid interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, thereafore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	(116,042) 302,294 (11,540) 2,417 2,582 985 (350,255)	(115,034) 307,271 (1,306) (20,504) (264) 1,393 (50,455)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures and proceeds from the disposition of capital assets as other financing sources. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful life and reported as depreciation expense and the gain or loss is reported as income. Depreciation expense for the year Capital outlay reported as expenditures Retirement and sale of capital assets Capital assets received as donations Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These are comprised of: Unavailable resources - property taxes Reduction of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds funds. These are comprised of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds and expense of and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long-term debt consumes are the result of the differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Proceeds of general obligation bonds Precieveds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of bond premium Amortization of long serow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Winimum capital lease payments Bond interest Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	(116,042) 302,294 (11,540) 2,417 2,582 985 (350,255)	(115,034) 307,271 (1,306) (20,504) (264) 1,393 (50,455)
financing sources. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful life and reported as depreciation expense and the gain or loss is reported as income. Depreciation expense for the year Capital outlay reported as expenditures Retirement and sale of capital assets Capital assets received as donations Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These are comprised of: Unavailable resources - property taxes Reduction of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report de effect of issuance cost, premium, discount, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Proceeds of general obligation bonds Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of long refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	302,294 (11,540) 2,417 2,582 985 (350,255)	307,271 (1,306) (20,504) (264) 1,393 (50,455)
Capital outlay reported as expenditures Retirement and sale of capital assets Capital assets received as donations Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These are comprised of: Unavailable resources - property taxes Reduction of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premium, discount, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items: Proceeds of general obligation bonds Premium on general obligation bonds Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of hos on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	302,294 (11,540) 2,417 2,582 985 (350,255)	307,271 (1,306) (20,504) (264) 1,393 (50,455)
Retirement and sale of capital assets Capital assets received as donations Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These are comprised of: Unavailable resources - property taxes Reduction of long-term receivable The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premium, discount, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amorized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items: Proceeds of general obligation bonds Premium on general obligation bonds Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	(11,540) 2,417 2,582 985 (350,255)	(1,306) (20,504) (264) 1,393 (50,455)
Capital assets received as donations Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These are comprised of: Unavailable resources - property taxes Reduction of long-term receivable The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premium, discount, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items: Proceeds of general obligation bonds Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as sexpenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	2,417 2,582 985 (350,255)	(20,504) (264) 1,393 (50,455)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These are comprised of: Unavailable resources - property taxes Reduction of long-term receivable The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premium, discount, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items: Proceeds of general obligation bonds Premium on general obligation bonds Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of bond premium Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding secrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	2,582 985 (350,255)	(264) 1,393 (50,455)
 the funds. These are comprised of: Unavailable resources - property taxes Reduction of long-term receivable The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Proceeds of general obligation bonds Premium on general obligation bonds Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of bond premium Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding secrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation 	985 (350,255)	(50,455)
Reduction of long-term receivable The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premium, discount, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Proceeds of general obligation bonds Premium on general obligation bonds Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of bond premium Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	985 (350,255)	(50,455)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premium, discount, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items: Proceeds of general obligation bonds Premium on general obligation bonds Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of bond premium Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	(350,255)	(50,455)
 while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premium, discount, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Proceeds of general obligation bonds Premium on general obligation bonds Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of bond premium Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding secrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	. , ,	
Premium on general obligation bonds Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of bond premium Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	. , ,	
Proceeds from bond refunding Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of bond premium Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	(40,113)	(4,150)
Principal payments bonds/notes Amortization of bond premium Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	_	
Amortization of bond premium Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation		—
Amortization of loss on refunding Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	50,677	61,745
Minimum capital lease payments Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	7,065	3,819
Bond interest Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	(1,454)	(465)
Remittance to refunding escrow using refunding proceeds Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	49	117
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	(192)	464
therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation	155,030	—
Injury and damage claims Workers' compensation		
Workers' compensation	13,624	(15,180)
*	2,197	(6,675)
Arbitrage	(959)	(18)
	1	2
Unfunded OPEB liabilities	(29,460)	(12,325)
Net pension asset	18,806	(5,006)
Environmental liability	130	95
Loan to agencies	_	4,654
Debt guarantee of SISC 2004 bonds	453	(4,225)
Pension Expense - GASB68	7,748	_
WA State's LEOFF Contribution	9,145	—
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of Fleets and Facilities, Information Technology, and Engineering Services to individual funds. Adjustments reflect the consolidation of internal service funds activities to governmental funds:		
Operating loss (income) allocated to enterprise funds	(8,072)	(8,185)
Net revenue of internal service funds activities reported with governmental activities	16,901	26,239
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 203,128	\$ 134,315
Initial Recording of Net Pension Liability/Asset Related Items	(418,709)	
Adjusted Total Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	(215,581)	134,315
=	(-,***)	- ,

MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The Light Fund (City Light) accounts for the operations of the City-owned electric utility. City Light owns and operates certain generating, transmission, and distribution facilities and supplies electricity to approximately 408,000 customers in the Seattle and certain surrounding communities. City Light also supplies electrical energy to other City agencies at rates prescribed by City ordinances.

The **Water Fund** accounts for the operations of the City-owned water utility. It maintains three separate sources of water supply, namely the Tolt and Cedar River watersheds, and Seattle wellfields; approximately 182 miles of supply mains, and distribution storage capacity of 339 million gallons in reservoirs, tanks, and standpipes. The distribution system serves a population of about 1.4 million people.

The **Drainage and Wastewater Fund** accounts for the operations of the City-owned sewer and drainage utility facilities and pumping stations. Those facilities and stations are necessary to collect the sewage of the City and discharge it into King County's treatment and disposal systems. The utility maintains about 1,893 miles of sewers and drainage mainlines, 75 percent of which are separate sanitary sewers and storm mainlines. In addition, the City manages 66 pumping stations.

The **Solid Waste Fund** accounts for the operations of two City-owned transfer stations and for the administration of contracts with private companies for the collection of residential refuse and commercial garbage. Private individuals and City-administered residential and commercial collectors bring solid waste to the transfer stations. Solid wastes collected at the transfer stations are compacted, loaded in containers, and hauled to the Argo cargo loading station. The containers at the Argo station are loaded on railcars and transported to a landfill in Arlington, Oregon, for final disposal.

Descriptions for the nonmajor enterprise funds and the internal service funds are provided in the Combining and Individual Fund and Other Supplementary Information section.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

		Business-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise Funds				
	Li	g h t	Water				
	2015	2014	2015	2014			
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 152,488	\$ 128,343	\$ 42,330	\$ 43,553			
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	—	—	—	—			
Receivables, Net of Allowances							
Accounts	75,683	70,494	14,305	13,519			
Interest and Dividends	414	356	962	910			
Unbilled	70,536	64,630	13,834	13,651			
Energy Contracts, Notes, and Other Contracts	—	—	112	107			
Due from Other Funds	3,538	1,482	893	760			
Due from Other Governments	2,533	2,270	557	583			
Materials and Supplies Inventory	32,839	30,829	5,102	5,139			
Prepayments and Other Current Assets	1,619	474	72	72			
Total Current Assets	339,650	298,878	78,167	78,294			
Noncurrent Assets							
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	265,130	298,390	95,244	56,623			
Notes and Contracts Receivable	—	—	395	413			
Conservation Costs, Net	243,779	228,108	31,558	31,552			
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs, Net	—	—	—	—			
Environmental Costs and Recoveries	35,306	38,600	—	—			
External Infrastructure Costs	—	—	—	—			
Regulatory Asset	—	—	11,756	10,988			
Other Charges	60,411	52,934	3,930	4,779			
Capital Assets							
Land and Land Rights	72,670	70,558	44,453	44,261			
Plant in Service, Excluding Land	4,168,237	3,936,000	1,844,527	1,791,609			
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,671,849)	(1,612,870)	(724,570)	(681,103)			
Buildings and Improvements	_	—	—	_			
Less Accumulated Depreciation	_	—	—	_			
Machinery and Equipment	—	—	—	—			
Less Accumulated Depreciation	_	—	—	_			
Construction in Progress	319,831	252,371	75,007	48,906			
Other Property, Net	72,551	82,258	1,594	1,569			
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,566,066	3,346,349	1,383,894	1,309,597			
Total Assets	3,905,716	3,645,227	1,462,061	1,387,891			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	49,735	19,318	39,309	18,914			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 3,955,451	\$ 3,664,545	\$ 1,501,370	\$ 1,406,805			

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **PROPRIETARY FUNDS** December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Business-Type Acti	vities - Enterprise Funds				
	Drainage	and Wastewater	Solid	Solid Waste			
	2015	2014	2015	2014			
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 100,90	01 \$ 101,30	1 \$ 42,220	\$ 32,395			
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	-		- —	—			
Receivables, Net of Allowances							
Accounts	19,8	18,04	2 13,201	12,933			
Interest and Dividends	42	.7 46	0 88	69			
Unbilled	18,7	2 18,27	2 360	417			
Energy Contracts, Notes, and Other Contracts	57	79 7	6 30	—			
Due from Other Funds	80	55 98	3 238	244			
Due from Other Governments	6,43	2,37	4 983	967			
Materials and Supplies Inventory	1,20	07 1,04	3 102	68			
Prepayments and Other Current Assets		35 3	5 18	18			
Total Current Assets	149,03	142,58	6 57,240	47,111			
Noncurrent Assets							
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	27,57	99,43	2 43,135	49,173			
Notes and Contracts Receivable	1,10	1,15	9 —	—			
Conservation Costs, Net	-		- —	—			
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs, Net	-		- 12,326	13,004			
Environmental Costs and Recoveries	4,1	5 3,97	0 1,358	—			
External Infrastructure Costs	19,03	19,32	8 —	—			
Regulatory Asset	4,04	4,23	6 1,715	3,026			
Other Charges	34,7	4 35,15	9 815	937			
Capital Assets							
Land and Land Rights	22,49	19,76	7 15,218	15,218			
Plant in Service, Excluding Land	1,102,62	941,06	2 133,782	132,528			
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(317,15	(296,91	5) (53,540)	(46,989)			
Buildings and Improvements	-		- —	—			
Less Accumulated Depreciation	-		- —	—			
Machinery and Equipment	-		- —	—			
Less Accumulated Depreciation	-		- —	—			
Construction in Progress	138,23			53,945			
Other Property, Net	1,7	.3 1,55	8 2,044	2,044			
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,038,50	1,007,12	2 265,088	222,886			
Total Assets	1,187,54	1,149,70	8 322,328	269,997			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	15,20	6,47	9 6,328	3,146			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,202,8	1 \$ 1,156,18	7 \$ 328,656	\$ 273,143			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Nonmaj	or Funds	Comparative Totals					
	2015	2014	2015	2014				
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 54,672	\$ 40,630	\$ 392,611	\$ 346,222				
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	_	_	_	—				
Receivables, Net of Allowances								
Accounts	855	907	123,923	115,895				
Interest and Dividends	51	31	1,942	1,826				
Unbilled	_	_	103,442	96,970				
Energy Contracts, Notes, and Other Contracts	_	_	721	183				
Due from Other Funds	957	905	6,491	4,374				
Due from Other Governments	359	451	10,862	6,645				
Materials and Supplies Inventory	_	_	39,250	37,079				
Prepayments and Other Current Assets	12	42	1,756	641				
Total Current Assets	56,906	42,966	680,998	609,835				
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	50	38	431,138	503,656				
Notes and Contracts Receivable	—	—	1,500	1,572				
Conservation Costs, Net	—	—	275,337	259,660				
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs, Net	—	—	12,326	13,004				
Environmental Costs and Recoveries	—	—	40,779	42,570				
External Infrastructure Costs	—	—	19,035	19,328				
Regulatory Asset	—	—	17,519	18,250				
Other Charges	_	—	99,870	93,809				
Capital Assets								
Land and Land Rights	12,881	12,881	167,712	162,685				
Plant in Service, Excluding Land	—	—	7,249,170	6,801,199				
Less Accumulated Depreciation	—	—	(2,767,113)	(2,637,877)				
Buildings and Improvements	60,132	60,132	60,132	60,132				
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(34,075)	(32,070)	(34,075)	(32,070)				
Machinery and Equipment	14,771	14,766	14,771	14,766				
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(14,330)	(13,846)	(14,330)	(13,846)				
Construction in Progress	4,852	3,377	646,163	536,965				
Other Property, Net			77,902	87,429				
Total Noncurrent Assets	44,281	45,278	6,297,836	5,931,232				
Total Assets	101,187	88,244	6,978,834	6,541,067				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6,561		117,202	47,857				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 107,748	\$ 88,244	\$ 7,096,036	\$ 6,588,924				

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds					
		2015	2	014		
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	27,690	\$	24,792		
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments		12,178		20,014		
Receivables, Net of Allowances						
Accounts		274		240		
Interest and Dividends		43		88		
Unbilled		346		24		
Energy Contracts, Notes, and Other Contracts		—		_		
Due from Other Funds		10,917		9,517		
Due from Other Governments		136		159		
Materials and Supplies Inventory		4,042		2,786		
Prepayments and Other Current Assets		109		425		
Total Current Assets		55,735		58,045		
Noncurrent Assets						
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments		51,984		58,383		
Notes and Contracts Receivable		—		—		
Conservation Costs, Net		_		—		
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs, Net		—		—		
Environmental Costs and Recoveries		—		—		
External Infrastructure Costs		—		—		
Regulatory Asset		—		—		
Other Charges		—		_		
Capital Assets						
Land and Land Rights		108,852		108,832		
Plant in Service, Excluding Land		—		—		
Less Accumulated Depreciation		—		—		
Buildings and Improvements		715,937		717,627		
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(227,993)		(211,792)		
Machinery and Equipment		233,956		223,388		
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(135,429)		(135,206)		
Construction in Progress		31,038		3,309		
Other Property, Net				_		
Total Noncurrent Assets		778,345		764,541		
Total Assets		834,080		822,586		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		17,796				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	851,876	\$	822,586		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

		Business-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise Funds	
	Li	g h t	Wa	iter
	2015	2014	2015	2014
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$ 77,849	\$ 63,298	\$ 10,262	\$ 8,736
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable	10,248	9,213	4,649	2,543
Compensated Absences Payable	3,631	1,979	457	468
Due to Other Funds	10,964	10,903	5,646	5,146
Due to Other Governments	_	_	_	_
Interest Payable	34,010	29,970	12,364	16,207
Taxes Payable	9,365	7,813	746	707
General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year	_	_	_	_
Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year	105,915	104,915	41,615	35,015
Claims Payable	16,392	27,676	2,249	1,196
Notes and Contracts Payable	_	_	1,125	1,125
Habitat Conservation Program Liability	_	_	906	1,138
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability	_	_	_	_
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	23,259	19,821	4,553	3,289
Other Current Liabilities	2,980	2,467	30	
Total Current Liabilities	294,613	278,055	84,602	75,570
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable	_	_	_	_
Compensated Absences Payable	19,354	16,767	4,841	4,845
Claims Payable	42,339	42,895	2,600	3,802
Public Works Trust Loan	_	_	21,217	14,996
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability	_	_	_	_
Vendor and Other Deposits Payable	_	_	25	—
Habitat Conservation Program Liability	_	_	7,156	6,493
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	6,400	6,902	324	347
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits	8,052	7,569	2,703	2,565
Net Pension Liability	271,797	_	82,685	_
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	_	134	4	15
General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other	_	_	_	_
Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other	2,090,831	1,925,192	899,911	877,256
Bond Interest Payable				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,438,773	1,999,459	1,021,466	910,319
Total Liabilities	2,733,386	2,277,514	1,106,068	985,889
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	89,847	111,486	35,193	27,876

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

		Business-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise Funds			
	Drainage ar	nd Wastewater	Solid Waste			
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$ 10,696	\$ 10,178	\$ 13,843	\$ 10,976		
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable	5,010	2,417	1,514	805		
Compensated Absences Payable	432	446	150	149		
Due to Other Funds	8,250	9,221	1,893	1,246		
Due to Other Governments	12,732	11,589		—		
Interest Payable	6,994	7,226	2,902	2,149		
Taxes Payable	310	299	372	471		
General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year	_	—	—	_		
Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year	19,080	18,215	5,750	4,895		
Claims Payable	4,813	3,566	2,375	811		
Notes and Contracts Payable	1,212	1,202	—	_		
Habitat Conservation Program Liability	_	—	—	_		
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability	_	—	1,522	1,063		
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	2,518	2,888	4,961	4,704		
Other Current Liabilities	641	581	397			
Total Current Liabilities	72,688	67,828	35,679	27,269		
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable	_	_	_	_		
Compensated Absences Payable	4,567	4,625	1,584	1,542		
Claims Payable	72,919	72,795	8,048	900		
Public Works Trust Loan	15,353	16,566	—	—		
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability	—	—	14,163	14,990		
Vendor and Other Deposits Payable	1,749	1,018	—	—		
Habitat Conservation Program Liability	—	—	—	—		
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	—	—	—	—		
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits	2,580	2,505	860	895		
Net Pension Liability	77,047	—	28,188	—		
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	101	59	—	20		
General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other	_	_	_	_		
Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other	625,905	646,693	210,310	177,522		
Bond Interest Payable						
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	800,221	744,261	263,153	195,869		
Total Liabilities	872,909	812,089	298,832	223,138		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

Normajer VersiteLIABILITIES201420152014Carcent LiabilitasS1.384\$2.266\$1.14.041\$Accounts Payable\$1.384\$2.266\$1.14.043\$9.65.454Subarces Payable3.2331.626\$2.46.441.66.04Compensated Absences Payable3.5033.1885.02.033.360Due to Other Givernenos1.15.2932.62.03Interest Payable6.667115.6445.62.03Interest Payable6.667115.6445.62.03Interest Payable6.667.115.6445.63.03Interest Payable6.667.115.6445.63.03Revence Ronds Der Winh One Year7.73.561.63.00Charest Payable7.63.032.63.03Charest Payable7.63.032.63.03Charest Payable7.63.033.04.03Charest Payable1.63.041.63.04Charest Payable1.63.04Charest Payable1.63.04Charest Payable1.63.04Charest Payable1.63.04Charest Payable1.63.04Charest Payable1.63.04 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>Business-Type Activi</th> <th>ties - Enterprise Funds</th> <th></th>			Business-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise Funds					
LABILITIES Current Liabilities Current Liabilities 5 1.384 \$ 2.266 \$ 114.034 \$ 95,454 Accounts Payable 3.223 1.626 24,644 116,604 Compensated Absences Payable 350 318 5.020 33,600 Due to Other Growments - - 12,732 11,589 Interest Payable 676 711 56,946 56,263 Carcent Obfgation Bonds Dac Within One Year 3,280 2,959 3,280 2,959 Revenue Bonds Dac Within One Year - - 172,360 163,400 Claims Payable 265 53 26,094 33,302 Okes and Contracts Payable - - 2,337 2,327 Liabilitic Conservation Program Liability - - 1,522 10,663 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits - - 35,291 30,702 Other Current Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Advances fund Uter Euds/In		Nonmaj	or Funds	Compara	Comparative Totals				
Current Liabilities S 1,384 S 2,266 S 114,034 S 95,454 Salaries, Benefits, and Payable 3,223 1,626 2,4644 16,664 Compensated Absences Payable 350 318 5,020 3,300 Due to Other Funds - - - 12,732 11,89 Interest Payable 676 711 56,946 65,263 3 2,950 3,280 2,2950 3,280 2,2950 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 2,337 2,337 2,337 2,337 2,337 2,337 2,337 2,337 2,337 2,337 2,337 2,337 2,337 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0 16,340 0		2015	2014	2015	2014				
Accounts Payable S 1,384 S 2,266 S 114,034 S 95,454 Salaries, Benefits, and Payable 3,203 1,626 24,644 16,604 Compassed Absences Payable 350 318 5,020 3,360 Due to Other Funds 722 510 27,325 27,026 Due to Other Governments — — 12,732 11,589 Interest Payable 676 711 66,946 56,263 Taxes Payable 85 85 10,878 9,375 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 3,280 2,950 3,280 2,950 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — 172,360 163,040 Claims Payable 265 53 26,094 33,302 Notes and Contracts Payable — — 2,337 2,327 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 1,522 1,063 Londard Revenues and Other Tradis — — 3,529 3,338 3	LIABILITIES								
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 3.223 1,626 24,644 16,604 Compensated Absences Payable 350 318 5,020 3,360 Due to Other Funds 572 510 27,225 27,026 Due to Other Governments — — 12,732 11,589 Interes Payable 855 855 108,78 9,375 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 3,280 2,950 3,280 2,950 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — — 172,360 163,400 Caliums Payable 265 53 26,604 33,302 2,950 Notes and Contracts Payable — — 2,337 2,237 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 906 1,138 Landfill Closure and Postolosure Liabilities 9,49 40,700 6,494 Moraces from Other Funds Threefund Notes Payable 7,600 6,494 7,600 6,494 Outer Current Liabilities 9,051 3,3,398 30,542	Current Liabilities								
Compensated Absences Payable 350 318 5,020 3,360 Due to Other Funds 772 510 27,325 27,026 Due to Other Governments - - 12,732 11,589 Interest Payable 676 711 5,6946 56,263 Taxes Payable 85 85 10,878 9,375 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year - - 172,360 163,040 Claims Payable 265 53 26,094 33,302 Netse and Contracts Payable - - 2,337 2,327 Inditia Conservation Program Liability - - 1,522 1,063 Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits - - 35,291 30,702 Other Current Liabilities 63 - 4,111 3048 Load Current Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Nocurrent Liabilities 3,052 2,763 33,398 30,542 Claims Payable 366 132	Accounts Payable	\$ 1,384	\$ 2,266	\$ 114,034	\$ 95,454				
Due to Other Funds 572 510 27,325 27,026 Due to Other Governments — — — 11,532 11,589 Interest Payable 676 711 56,946 56,263 Taxes Payable 85 85 10,878 9,375 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 3,280 2,950 3,280 2,950 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — — 172,360 163,440 Claims Payable 265 53 26,094 33,302 1,322 1,063 Notes and Contracts Payable — — — 9,06 1,138 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — — 9,07,02 Other Current Liabilities — — 35,291 30,702 Other Current Liabilities — — 35,291 30,702 Other Current Liabilities — — 447,480 457,241 Noccurrent Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241	Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable	3,223	1,626	24,644	16,604				
Due to Other Governments — — — 12,732 11,589 Interest Payable 676 711 56,946 56,203 Taxes Payable 85 85 10,878 9,375 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 3,280 2,950 3,280 2,950 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — — 172,360 163,040 Claims Payable 265 53 26,094 33,302 2,327 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 2,337 2,327 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 906 1,138 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — 35,291 30,702 Other Current Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Noncurrent Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Other Current Liabilities 9,898 132 12,62,74 120,524 Outpasted Absences Payable 3,052 2,763 33,398 <td< td=""><td>Compensated Absences Payable</td><td>350</td><td>318</td><td>5,020</td><td>3,360</td></td<>	Compensated Absences Payable	350	318	5,020	3,360				
Interest Payable 676 711 56,946 56,263 Taxes Payable 85 85 10,878 9,375 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year - - 172,360 163,040 Claims Payable 265 53 26,094 33,302 Notes and Contracts Payable - - 2,337 2,337 Habitat Conservation Program Liability - - 906 1,138 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability - - 1,522 1,063 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits - - 35,291 30,702 Other Current Liabilities 63 - 4,111 3,048 Total Current Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Noncurrent Liabilities 9,898 8,192 126,274 120,524 Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable 3,052 2,763 33,398 30,642 Claims Payable 30.62 2,763 33,398 13,642 120,524 <t< td=""><td>Due to Other Funds</td><td>572</td><td>510</td><td>27,325</td><td>27,026</td></t<>	Due to Other Funds	572	510	27,325	27,026				
Taxes Payable 85 85 10,878 9,375 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 3,280 2,950 3,280 2,950 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — 172,360 163,040 Claims Payable 265 53 26,004 33,302 Notes and Contracts Payable — — 2,337 2,327 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 906 1,138 Landfill Closure and Postelosure Liability — — 906 1,033 Uncarrued Revenues and Other Credits — — 4,111 3,048 Total Current Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Nocurrent Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Nocurrent Liabilities 9,898 126,274 120,274 120,274 Daties Consenses Payable 3,052 2,763 33,398 30,542 Claims Payable 368 132 126,274 120,524 Public Works Tust Laan <td>Due to Other Governments</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>12,732</td> <td>11,589</td>	Due to Other Governments	_	_	12,732	11,589				
General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 3,280 2,950 3,280 2,950 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — — — 172,360 163,040 Claims Payable 265 53 26,094 33,302 Notes and Contracts Payable — — 2,337 2,327 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 906 1,138 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — 35,291 30,0702 Other Current Liabilities 63 — 4,111 3,048 Total Current Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Noncurrent Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable 7,660 6,494 7,600 6,494 Compensated Absences Payable 3,052 2,763 33,398 30,542 Claims Payable 3,052 2,763 33,398 30,542 Claims Payable 3,052 2,763 33,398 <td< td=""><td>Interest Payable</td><td>676</td><td>711</td><td>56,946</td><td>56,263</td></td<>	Interest Payable	676	711	56,946	56,263				
Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — — — 172,360 163,040 Claims Payable 265 53 26,094 33,302 Notes and Contracts Payable — — 2,337 2,327 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 906 1,138 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — 35,291 30,702 Other Current Liabilities 63 — 4,111 3,048 Total Current Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Noncurrent Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 6,494 Compensated Absences Payable 3,052 2,763 33,398 30,542 Claims Payable 368 132 126,274 120,524 Public Works Trust Loan — — 36,570 31,562 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — 14,163 14,990 Vendor and Other Deposits Payable 50 38 1,824 1,0564	Taxes Payable	85	85	10,878	9,375				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year	3,280	2,950	3,280	2,950				
Notes and Contracts Payable - - 2,337 2,327 Habitat Conservation Program Liability - - 906 1,138 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability - - 1,522 1,063 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits - - 35,291 30,702 Other Current Liabilities 63 - 4,111 3,048 Total Current Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Noncurrent Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 6,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,600 6,494 7,600 6,494 Compensated Absences Payable 3,052 2,763 33,398 30,542 Claims Payable 368 132 126,524 120,524 Public Works Trust Loan - - 14,163 14,990 Vendor and Postclosure Liability - - 14,163 14,990 Unafindel Other Deposits Payable 50 38 1,824 1,056 Habitat Conservation Program Liability - - 7,156 6,493	Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year	_	_	172,360	163,040				
Habitat Conservation Program Liability———9061,138Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——1,5221,063Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——35,29130,702Other Current Liabilities63—4,1113,048Total Current Liabilities9,8988,519497,480457,241Noncurrent LiabilitiesAdvances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable7,6006,4947,6006,494Compensated Absences Payable3,0522,76333,39830,542Claims Payable3,0522,76333,39830,542Claims Payable3,0522,76333,39830,542Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——36,67031,562Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——14,16314,990Vendor and Other Deposits Payable50381,8241,056Habitat Conservation Program Liability——7,1566,493Unearned Revenues and Other Credits19,05416,29525,77823,544Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits1,7841,67415,97915,223Unfurded Prost Employment Benefits1,7841,67415,97932,866General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other52,83356,29352,83356,293Revenue Bonds Payable—————Total Noncurrent Liabilities137	Claims Payable	265	53	26,094	33,302				
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability1,5221,063Unearned Revenues and Other Credits35,29130,702Other Current Liabilities634,1113,048Total Current Liabilities9,8988,519497,480457,241Noncurrent LiabilitiesAdvances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable7,6006,4947,6006,494Compensated Absences Payable3,0522,76333,39830,542Claims Payable368132126,274120,524Public Works Trust Loan36,57031,562Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability14,16314,990Vendor and Other Deposits Payable50381,8241,056Habitat Conservation Program Liability7,1566,493Unearned Revenues and Other Credits19,05416,29525,77823,544Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits1,7841,67415,97915,208Net Pension Liability105228General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other52,83356,29352,83356,293Revenue Bonds Payable3,826,9573,626,663Bond Interest PayableTotal Noncurrent Liabilities137,26183,6894,660,8743,933,597Total Liabilities137,26183,6894,660	Notes and Contracts Payable	_	_	2,337	2,327				
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits — — 35,291 30,702 Other Current Liabilities 63 — 4,111 3,048 Total Current Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Noncurrent Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 6,494 Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable 7,600 6,494 7,600 6,494 Compensated Absences Payable 3,052 2,763 33,398 30,542 Claims Payable 3668 132 126,274 120,524 Public Works Trust Loan — — 36,570 31,562 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — 14,163 14,990 Vendor and Other Deposits Payable 50 38 1,824 1,056 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 7,156 6,493 Unafinded Other Post Employment Benefits 1,784 16,295 25,778 23,544 Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits 1,784 1,674 15,979 1	Habitat Conservation Program Liability	_	_	906	1,138				
Other Current Liabilities 63 - 4,111 3,048 Total Current Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Noncurrent Liabilities - - 4,111 3,048 Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable 7,600 6,494 7,600 6,494 Compensated Absences Payable 3,052 2,763 33,398 30,542 Claims Payable 368 132 126,274 120,524 Public Works Trust Loan - - 36,570 31,562 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability - - 14,163 14,990 Vendor and Other Deposits Payable 50 38 1,824 1,056 Habitat Conservation Program Liability - - 7,156 6,493 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 19,054 16,295 25,778 23,544 Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits 1,784 1,674 15,979 15,208 Net Pension Liability 52,520 - 512,237 - <tr< td=""><td>Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>1,522</td><td>1,063</td></tr<>	Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability	_	_	1,522	1,063				
Total Current Liabilities 9,898 8,519 497,480 457,241 Noncurrent Liabilities	Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	_	_	35,291	30,702				
Noncurrent Liabilities 7,600 6,494 7,600 6,494 Compensated Absences Payable 3,052 2,763 33,398 30,542 Claims Payable 368 132 126,274 120,524 Public Works Trust Loan — — 36,570 31,562 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — 14,163 14,990 Vendor and Other Deposits Payable 50 38 1,824 1,056 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 7,156 6,493 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 19,054 16,295 25,778 23,544 Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits 1,784 1,674 15,979 15,208 Net Pension Liability 52,520 — 105 228 General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized — — 3,826,957 3,626,663 Bond Interest Payable — — — — — — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 137,261 83,689 4,660,874	Other Current Liabilities	63		4,111	3,048				
Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable7,600 $6,494$ 7,600 $6,494$ Compensated Absences Payable $3,052$ $2,763$ $33,398$ $30,542$ Claims Payable 368 132 $126,274$ $120,524$ Public Works Trust Loan $36,570$ $31,562$ Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability $14,163$ $14,990$ Vendor and Other Deposits Payable5038 $1,824$ $1,056$ Habitat Conservation Program Liability $7,156$ $6,493$ Uncarred Revenues and Other Credits $19,054$ $16,295$ $25,778$ $23,544$ Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits $1,784$ $1,674$ $15,979$ $15,208$ Net Pension Liability52,520 $512,237$ Other Noncurrent Liabilities 105 228 General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other $52,833$ $56,293$ $52,833$ $56,293$ Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and OtherTotal Noncurrent Liabilities $137,261$ $83,689$ $4,660,874$ $3,933,597$ Total Liabilities $147,159$ $92,208$ $5,158,354$ $4,390,838$	Total Current Liabilities	9,898	8,519	497,480	457,241				
Compensated Absences Payable $3,052$ $2,763$ $33,398$ $30,542$ Claims Payable 368 132 $126,274$ $120,524$ Public Works Trust Loan $36,570$ $31,562$ Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability $14,163$ $14,990$ Vendor and Other Deposits Payable50 38 $1,824$ $1,056$ Habitat Conservation Program Liability $7,156$ $6,493$ Unearned Revenues and Other Credits $19,054$ $16,295$ $25,778$ $23,544$ Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits $1,784$ $1,674$ $15,979$ $15,208$ Net Pension Liability $52,520$ $512,237$ Other Noncurrent Liabilities 105 228 General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other $52,833$ $56,293$ $52,833$ $56,293$ Bond Interest Payable $-$ Total Noncurrent Liabilities $137,261$ $83,689$ $4,660,874$ $3,933,597$ Total Liabilities $147,159$ $92,208$ $5,158,354$ $4,390,838$	Noncurrent Liabilities								
Claims Payable 368 132 126,274 120,524 Public Works Trust Loan — — 36,570 31,562 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — 14,163 14,990 Vendor and Other Deposits Payable 50 38 1,824 1,056 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 7,156 6,493 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 19,054 16,295 25,778 23,544 Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits 1,784 1,674 15,979 15,208 Net Pension Liability 52,520 — 512,237 — Other Noncurrent Liabilities — — 105 228 General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other 52,833 56,293 52,833 56,293 Bond Interest Payable — — — — — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 137,261 83,689 4,660,874 3,933,597 Total Liabilities 147,159 92,208 5,158,354<	Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable	7,600	6,494	7,600	6,494				
Public Works Trust Loan — — — 36,570 31,562 Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — 14,163 14,990 Vendor and Other Deposits Payable 50 38 1,824 1,056 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 7,156 6,493 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 19,054 16,295 25,778 23,544 Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits 1,784 1,674 15,979 15,208 Net Pension Liability 52,520 — 512,237 — Other Noncurrent Liabilities — — 105 228 General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other 52,833 56,293 52,833 56,293 Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other — — — — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 137,261 83,689 4,660,874 3,933,597 Total Liabilities 147,159 92,208 5,158,354 4,390,838	Compensated Absences Payable	3,052	2,763	33,398	30,542				
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability—— $-$ 14,16314,990Vendor and Other Deposits Payable50381,8241,056Habitat Conservation Program Liability——7,1566,493Unearned Revenues and Other Credits19,05416,29525,77823,544Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits1,7841,67415,97915,208Net Pension Liability52,520—512,237—Other Noncurrent Liabilities——105228General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other52,83356,29352,83356,293Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other————Total Noncurrent Liabilities137,26183,6894,660,8743,933,597Total Liabilities147,15992,2085,158,3544,390,838	Claims Payable	368	132	126,274	120,524				
Vendor and Other Deposits Payable 50 38 1,824 1,056 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — 7,156 6,493 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 19,054 16,295 25,778 23,544 Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits 1,784 1,674 15,979 15,208 Net Pension Liability 52,520 — 512,237 — Other Noncurrent Liabilities — — 105 228 General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other 52,833 56,293 52,833 56,293 Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other — — — — Bond Interest Payable — — — — — — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 137,261 83,689 4,660,874 3,933,597 3,933,597 Total Liabilities 147,159 92,208 5,158,354 4,390,838	Public Works Trust Loan	—	—	36,570	31,562				
Habitat Conservation Program Liability——7,1566,493Unearned Revenues and Other Credits19,05416,29525,77823,544Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits1,7841,67415,97915,208Net Pension Liability52,520—512,237—Other Noncurrent Liabilities——105228General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other52,83356,29352,83356,293Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other————Total Noncurrent Liabilities137,26183,6894,660,8743,933,597Total Liabilities147,15992,2085,158,3544,390,838	Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability	—	—	14,163	14,990				
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 19,054 16,295 25,778 23,544 Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits 1,784 1,674 15,979 15,208 Net Pension Liability 52,520 — 512,237 — Other Noncurrent Liabilities — — 105 228 General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other 52,833 56,293 52,833 56,293 Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other — — 3,826,957 3,626,663 Bond Interest Payable — — — — — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 137,261 83,689 4,660,874 3,933,597 Total Liabilities 147,159 92,208 5,158,354 4,390,838	Vendor and Other Deposits Payable	50	38	1,824	1,056				
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits1,7841,67415,97915,208Net Pension Liability52,520-512,237-Other Noncurrent Liabilities105228General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other52,83356,29352,83356,293Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other3,826,9573,626,663Bond Interest PayableTotal Noncurrent Liabilities137,26183,6894,660,8743,933,597Total Liabilities147,15992,2085,158,3544,390,838	Habitat Conservation Program Liability	—	—	7,156	6,493				
Net Pension Liability52,520—512,237—Other Noncurrent Liabilities——105228General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other52,83356,29352,83356,293Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——3,826,9573,626,663Bond Interest Payable—————Total Noncurrent Liabilities137,26183,6894,660,8743,933,597Total Liabilities147,15992,2085,158,3544,390,838	Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	19,054	16,295	25,778	23,544				
Other Noncurrent Liabilities——105228General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other52,83356,29352,83356,293Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other———3,826,9573,626,663Bond Interest Payable—————Total Noncurrent Liabilities137,26183,6894,660,8743,933,597Total Liabilities147,15992,2085,158,3544,390,838	Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits	1,784	1,674	15,979	15,208				
General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other52,83356,29352,83356,293Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——3,826,9573,626,663Bond Interest Payable————Total Noncurrent Liabilities137,26183,6894,660,8743,933,597Total Liabilities147,15992,2085,158,3544,390,838	Net Pension Liability	52,520	—	512,237	—				
Amortized Premium, Discount and Other 52,833 56,293 52,833 56,293 Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other — — 3,826,957 3,626,663 Bond Interest Payable — — — — — — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 137,261 83,689 4,660,874 3,933,597 Total Liabilities 147,159 92,208 5,158,354 4,390,838	Other Noncurrent Liabilities	—	—	105	228				
Premium, Discount and Other — — 3,826,957 3,626,663 Bond Interest Payable — — — — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 137,261 83,689 4,660,874 3,933,597 Total Liabilities 147,159 92,208 5,158,354 4,390,838		52,833	56,293	52,833	56,293				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities137,26183,6894,660,8743,933,597Total Liabilities147,15992,2085,158,3544,390,838	Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other	_	_	3,826,957	3,626,663				
Total Liabilities 147,159 92,208 5,158,354 4,390,838	Bond Interest Payable								
	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	137,261	83,689	4,660,874	3,933,597				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES — — 143,521 155,157	Total Liabilities	147,159	92,208	5,158,354	4,390,838				
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			143,521	155,157				

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

LIABLI TIESCarcent LiabilitiesAccounts Payable\$11,519\$8.036Salaries, Renofits, and Payroll Taxes Payable\$5.6793.213Componanted Absences Payable6.623.9552.454Due to Other Funds3.1552.454Due to Other Governments3.84Interest Payable9.005.11General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year2.37621.559Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year2.3777.15Chains Payable4023.777Notes and Contracts PayableChains Payable4123.777Notes and Contracts PayableLindfill Conservation Program LiabilityLindfill Conservation Program LiabilityUnearent Liabilities3.363.777Total Current Liabilities3.363.9718Actarent LiabilitiesCompensited Absences Payable6.086.058Chains Payable1.684.144Public Works Trust LoanLiandfill Conservation Program LiabilityLiandfill Conservation Program LiabilityLin		 Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds							
Current Liabilities S 1.519 S 8.036 Salaries, Benefits, and Payable 5.779 3.213 Compensated Absences Payable 6.82 5.955 Due to Other Funds 3.155 2.454 Due to Other Governments 3.8 4 Interest Payable 2.992 3.172 Taxes Payable 2.991 3.00 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 2.3,776 2.1,559 Revene Bonds Due Within One Year		 2015	2014						
Accounts Payable \$ 11,519 \$ 8,036 Salarics, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 5,679 3,213 Compensated Absences Payable 662 995 Due to Other Funds 3,155 2,454 Due to Other Governments 38 4 Interest Payable 2,092 3,173 Taxes Payable 900 51 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 23,776 21,559 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year Claimse Payable 472 5777 Notes and Contracts Payable Landfill Closure and Postsoure Liability Landfill Closure and Postsoure Liability Uneamed Revenues and Other Credits Other Current Liabilities 336 577 Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable	LIABILITIES	 							
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable5.6793.213Compensated Absences Payable662595Due to Other Funds3,1552,454Due to Other Governments384Interest Payable2,3923,172Taxes Payable23,77621,559Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year23,77621,559Revenue Bonds Due Within One YearClaims Payable472577Notes and Contracts PayableHabitat Conservation Program LiabilityInearned Revenues and Other CreditsUnearned Revenues and Other Credits33657Total Current Liabilities48,13939,718Noncurrent Liabilities48,13939,718Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes PayableCompensated Absences Payable6,3086,038Compensated Absences PayableContract LiabilityVender and Other Deposits PayableUnfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284-Other Noncurrent Liabilities1333,284Public Works Trust LoanUnfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284-Other Noncurrent LiabilityUnfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284-Other Noncurrent Liability133 <td< th=""><th>Current Liabilities</th><th></th><th></th></td<>	Current Liabilities								
Compensated Absences Payable 682 995 Due to Other Funds 3,155 2,454 Interest Payable 2,392 3,172 Taxes Payable 90 51 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 21,579 21,559 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — Claims Payable 472 5777 Notes and Contracts Payable — — Indrift Closure and Postclosure Liability — — Indrift Closure and Postclosure Liability — — Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits — — Other Current Liabilities 336 577 Total Current Liabilities 48,139 39,718 Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable 48,139 39,718 Compensated Absences Payable — — — Claims Payable 1,668 1,434 Public Works Trust Loan — — — Claims Payable — — — Unand Revenues and Other Credits …	Accounts Payable	\$ 11,519 \$	8,036						
Due to Other Funds 3,155 2,454 Due to Other Governments 38 4 Interest Payable 2,302 3,172 Taxes Payable 90 51 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 23,776 21,559 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — Claims Payable 472 5777 Notes and Contracts Payable — — Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — Other Current Liabilities 336 577 Total Current Liabilities 336 577 Total Current Liabilities 336 577 Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable — — Compensated Absences Payable 6,508 6,058 Claims Payable — — Vendor and Other Deposits Payable — — Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits — — — <td>Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable</td> <td>5,679</td> <td>3,213</td>	Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable	5,679	3,213						
Due to Other Governments 38 4 Interest Payable 2,392 3,172 Taxes Payable 90 51 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 23,776 21,559 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — Claims Payable — — Claims Payable 472 577 Notes and Contracts Payable — — Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits … — Other Current Liabilities 336 577 Total Current Liabilities 336 575 Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable … … Compensated Absences Payable 6,308 6,058 Claims Payable … … … Landfill Cosservation Program Liability … … … Outer Current Liabilitices … … … … Landfill Cosservation Program Liability	Compensated Absences Payable	682	595						
Interest Payable 2,392 3,172 Taxes Payable 90 51 General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 23,776 21,559 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — Claims Payable 472 577 Notes and Contracts Payable — — Induit Conservation Program Liability — — Unearned Revenues and Other Credits — — Other Current Liabilities 336 57 Total Current Liabilities 336 57 Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable — — Compensated Absences Payable 6,308 6,058 Claims Payable 1,688 1,434 Public Works Trust Loan — — Current Liabilities — — Current Liabilities — — Contensated Absences Payable 6,308 6,058 Claims Payable 1,688 1,434 Public Works Trust Loan — — Underd Other Post Employment Benefits	Due to Other Funds	3,155	2,454						
Taxes Payable9051General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year23,77621,559Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year——Claims Payable472577Notes and Contracts Payable——Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits——Other Current Liabilities33657Total Current Liabilities48,13939,718Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable6,3086,058Claims Payable1.6881,434Public Works Trust Loan——Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——Underd Other Pogits Payable2251044Habtiet Conservation Program Liability——Unaruned Revenues and Other Credits——Unaruned Revenues and Other Credits——Other Noncurrent Liabilities101,384—Other Noncurrent Liabilities13Generic Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other243,984Payable———Ford Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,920Total Liabilities305,920265,920 <tr<< td=""><td>Due to Other Governments</td><td>38</td><td>4</td></tr<<>	Due to Other Governments	38	4						
General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year 23,776 21,559 Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year — — Claims Payable 472 5777 Notes and Contracts Payable — — Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — Landfill Closure and Obter Credits — — Other Current Liabilities 336 577 Total Current Liabilities 336 577 Total Current Liabilities 48,139 39,718 Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable	Interest Payable	2,392	3,172						
Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year——Claims Payable472577Notes and Contracts Payable——Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Landfill Closure and Postelosure Liability——Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Other Current Liabilities33657Total Current Liabilities33657Total Current Liabilities3366058Claims Payable6,3086,058Claims Payable1,6881,434Public Works Trust Loan——Landfill Closure and Postelosure Liability——Vendor and Other Deposits Payable225104Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Undanced Revenues and Other Credits——Compensated Absences Payable225104Public Works Trust Loan——Landfill Closure and Postelosure Liability——Undarend Revenues and Other Credits——Undarend Revenues and Other Credits——Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liability101,384—Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other—Puene Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities356,920265,790<	Taxes Payable	90	51						
Claims Payable472577Notes and Contracts Payable——Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Other Current Liabilities33657Total Current Liabilities48,13939,718Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable6,3086,058Compensated Absences Payable6,3086,058Claims Payable11,6881,434Publi Works Trust Loan——Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liabilities——Vendor and Other Deposits Payable225104Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities315,920256,590Total Liabilities305,050305,505	General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year	23,776	21,559						
Notes and Contracts Payable — — Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — Unearned Revenues and Other Credits — — Other Current Liabilities 336 57 Total Current Liabilities 336 57 Maximum Liabilities 48,139 39,718 Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable 6,308 6,058 Claims Payable 1,688 1,434 Public Works Trust Loan — — Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability — — Vendor and Other Deposits Payable 225 104 Habitat Conservation Program Liability — — Unearned Revenues and Other Credits — — Other Noncurrent Liabilities 1	Revenue Bonds Due Within One Year	—	—						
Habitat Conservation Program LiabilityLandfill Closure and Postclosure LiabilityUnearned Revenues and Other CreditsOther Current Liabilities33657Total Current Liabilities48,13939,718Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes PayableCompensated Absences Payable6,3086,058Claims Payable1,6881,434Public Works Trust LoanLandfill Closure and Postclosure LiabilityVendor and Other Deposits Payable225104Habitat Conservation Program LiabilityUnfunded Other Post Singable3,3303,284Net Pension Liability101,384-Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other243,984254,907Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and OtherTotal Noncurrent LiabilitiesTotal Noncurrent LiabilitiesTotal Noncurrent LiabilitiesTotal Noncurrent LiabilitiesTotal Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,058	Claims Payable	472	577						
Landfill Closure and Postelosure LiabilityUnearned Revenues and Other CreditsOther Current Liabilities33657Total Current Liabilities48,13939,718Noncurrent Liabilities48,13939,718Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable6,3086,058Compensated Absences Payable6,3086,058Claims Payable1,6881,434Public Works Trust LoanLandfill Closure and Postclosure LiabilityVendor and Other Deposits Payable225104Habitat Conservation Program LiabilityUnfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liability101,384-Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other-Podin Interest PayableTotal Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities356,920305,508	Notes and Contracts Payable	—	—						
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Other Current Liabilities 336 57 Total Current Liabilities $48,139$ $39,718$ Noncurrent Liabilities $48,139$ $39,718$ Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable $6,308$ $6,058$ Claims Payable $6,308$ $6,058$ Claims Payable $1,688$ $1,434$ Public Works Trust Loan——Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——Vendor and Other Deposits Payable 225 104 Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits $3,330$ $3,284$ Net Pension Liability——Other Noncurrent Liabilities1 3 General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Bond Interest Payable———Total Liabilities $356,920$ $265,790$ Total Liabilities $405,059$ $305,088$	Habitat Conservation Program Liability	—	—						
Other Current Liabilities33657Total Current Liabilities48,13939,718Noncurrent Liabilities48,13939,718Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable6,3086,058Compensated Absences Payable6,3086,058Claims Payable1,6881,434Public Works Trust LoanLandfill Closure and Postclosure LiabilityVendor and Other Deposits Payable225104Habitat Conservation Program LiabilityUnearned Revenues and Other CreditsUnfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liability13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other-Bond Interest PayableTotal Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability	—	—						
Total Current Liabilities48,13939,718Noncurrent LiabilitiesAdvances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable	Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	—	—						
Noncurrent LiabilitiesAdvances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes PayableCompensated Absences PayableCompensated Absences PayableClaims PayableClaims PayableClaims PayablePublic Works Trust LoanLandfill Closure and Postelosure LiabilityUnder Deposits PayableVendor and Other Deposits PayableVendor and Other CreditsUnearned Revenues and Other CreditsUnfunded Other Post Employment BenefitsNet Pension LiabilityOther Noncurrent LiabilitiesOther Noncurrent LiabilitiesInterest Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and OtherTotal Noncurrent LiabilitiesTotal LiabilitiesOther LiabilitiesStotal Liabilities </td <td>Other Current Liabilities</td> <td>336</td> <td>57</td>	Other Current Liabilities	336	57						
Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable6,3086,058Compensated Absences Payable6,3086,058Claims Payable1,6881,434Public Works Trust Loan——Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——Vendor and Other Deposits Payable225104Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Fotal Noncurrent Liabilities——Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	Total Current Liabilities	48,139	39,718						
Compensated Absences Payable6,3086,058Claims Payable1,6881,434Public Works Trust Loan——Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——Vendor and Other Deposits Payable225104Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liability101,384—Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Bond Interest Payable———Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities305,508305,508	Noncurrent Liabilities								
Claims Payable1,6881,434Public Works Trust Loan——Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——Vendor and Other Deposits Payable225104Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liability101,384—Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other243,984Pond Interest Payable——Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	Advances from Other Funds/Interfund Notes Payable								
Public Works Trust Loan——Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——Vendor and Other Deposits Payable225104Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liability101,384—Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other243,984254,907Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Total Noncurrent Liabilities———Total Liabilities356,920265,790305,508	Compensated Absences Payable	6,308	6,058						
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability——Vendor and Other Deposits Payable225104Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liability101,384—Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other243,984254,907Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Total Noncurrent Liabilities———Total Liabilities356,920265,790305,508	Claims Payable	1,688	1,434						
Vendor and Other Deposits Payable225104Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liability101,384—Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other243,984254,907Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Bond Interest Payable———Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	Public Works Trust Loan	—	—						
Habitat Conservation Program Liability——Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liability101,384—Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Bond Interest Payable———Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability	—	—						
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits——Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liability101,384—Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other243,984254,907Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Bond Interest Payable———Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	Vendor and Other Deposits Payable	225	104						
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits3,3303,284Net Pension Liability101,384—Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other243,984254,907Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Bond Interest Payable———Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	Habitat Conservation Program Liability	—	—						
Net Pension Liability101,384—Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other243,984254,907Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Bond Interest Payable———Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	—	—						
Other Noncurrent Liabilities13General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other243,984254,907Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Bond Interest Payable———Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits	3,330	3,284						
General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other243,984254,907Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Bond Interest Payable——Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	Net Pension Liability	101,384	—						
Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other——Bond Interest Payable——Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	Other Noncurrent Liabilities	1	3						
Bond Interest Payable——Total Noncurrent Liabilities356,920265,790Total Liabilities405,059305,508	General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other	243,984	254,907						
Total Noncurrent Liabilities 356,920 265,790 Total Liabilities 405,059 305,508	Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other	—	—						
Total Liabilities 405,059 305,508	Bond Interest Payable	 							
	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 356,920	265,790						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Total Liabilities	 405,059	305,508						
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 							

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
		Li	g h t			Water						
		2015		2014		2015		2014				
NET POSITION												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,169,562	\$	1,100,783	\$	388,809	\$	351,175				
Restricted for												
Rate Stabilization Account		25,000		25,047		—		_				
Special Deposits and Other		—		_		_		_				
Conservation and Environmental Costs		_		_		7,496		7,064				
Bonneville Power Administration Projects		_		_		_		_				
External Infrastructure Costs		—		—		_		—				
Muckleshoot Settlement		—		—		_		—				
Other Charges		—		—		5,030		4,726				
Unrestricted		(62,344)		149,715		(41,226)		30,075				
Total Net Position		1,132,218		1,275,545		360,109		393,040				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and												
Net Position	\$	3,955,451	\$	3,664,545	\$	1,501,370	\$	1,406,805				

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

		Bu	siness-Type Activit	ies - En	terprise Funds				
	Drainage and	l Waste	water	Solid Waste					
	2015		2014		2015	2014			
NET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 353,150	\$	301,793	\$	16,277	\$	10,748		
Restricted for									
Rate Stabilization Account	—		—		—		_		
Special Deposits and Other	_		—		—		_		
Conservation and Environmental Costs	—		_		_		_		
Bonneville Power Administration Projects	—		_		_	-			
External Infrastructure Costs	7,218		7,061		—		_		
Muckleshoot Settlement	—		_		_		_		
Other Charges	14,449		14,140		—		_		
Unrestricted	 (44,915)		21,104		(4,934)		23,462		
Total Net Position	 329,902		344,098		11,343		34,210		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and									
Net Position	\$ 1,202,811	\$	1,156,187	\$	328,656	\$	273,143		

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
		Nonmaj	or Fund	ls	Comparative Totals							
	2015			2014		2015		2014				
NET POSITION												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	(11,904)	\$	(14,004)	\$	1,915,894	\$	1,750,495				
Restricted for												
Rate Stabilization Account		_		_		25,000		25,047				
Special Deposits and Other		—		—		—		_				
Conservation and Environmental Costs		—		—		7,496		7,064				
Bonneville Power Administration Projects		—		—		—		_				
External Infrastructure Costs		—		—		7,218		7,061				
Muckleshoot Settlement		—		—		—		—				
Other Charges		—		—		19,479		18,866				
Unrestricted		(27,507)		10,040		(180,926)		234,396				
Total Net Position		(39,411)		(3,964)		1,794,161		2,042,929				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and												
Net Position	\$	107,748	\$	88,244	\$	7,096,036	\$	6,588,924				
Total Net Position as above					\$	1,794,161	\$	2,042,929				
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal												
Service Fund Activities to Enterprise Funds						27,104		19,032				
Net Position of Business-type Activities					\$	1,821,265	\$	2,061,961				

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 *(In Thousands)*

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds								
		2015		2014					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	469,961	\$	459,033					
Restricted for									
Rate Stabilization Account		_		—					
Special Deposits and Other		_		—					
Conservation and Environmental Costs		_		—					
Bonneville Power Administration Projects		_		—					
External Infrastructure Costs		_		—					
Muckleshoot Settlement		_		—					
Other Charges		_		—					
Unrestricted		(23,144)		58,045					
Total Net Position		446,817		517,078					
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and									
Net Position	\$	851,876	\$	822,586					

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	Li	g h t	Wa	Water						
	2015	2014	2015	2014						
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for Services and Other Revenues	\$ 882,857	\$ 886,444	\$ 251,977	\$ 242,946						
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Long-Term Purchased Power	213,621	214,262	_	_						
Short-Term Wholesale Power Purchases	26,812	14,912	_	_						
Generation	34,822	34,962	_	_						
Transmission	54,289	52,833	_	_						
Distribution	65,052	59,753	_	_						
Conservation and Other Power Expenses	53,897	58,151	_	_						
Planning and Development	,	,	1,582	1,447						
Utility Systems Management	_	_	14,622	14,576						
Field Operations	_	_	31,367	27,315						
Project Delivery	_	_	6,664	4,332						
Customer Services	38,302	37,621	8,034	6,252						
Wastewater Treatment										
Solid Waste Collection	_	_	_	_						
Operations and Maintenance	_	_	_	_						
General and Administrative	92,108	75,774	38,947	38,916						
City Business and Occupation Taxes	45,534	44,588	32,133	30,657						
Other Taxes	35,580	35,420	10,214	9,484						
Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs										
Depreciation and Other Amortization	112,000	105,813	50,043	51,466						
Total Operating Expenses	772,017	734,089	193,606	184,445						
Operating Income (Loss)	110,840	152,355	58,371	58,501						
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	-)									
Investment and Interest Income	6,270	7,933	2,838	3,082						
Interest Expense	(84,721)	(83,855)	,	(41,525)						
Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net	12,176	11,151	3,940	3,286						
Amortization of Bolius Freinfullis and Discounts, Free	(2,933)	(3,752)	,	(1,251)						
Bond Issuance Costs	(966)	(1,473)	,	(1,251)						
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	921	1,876	2,518	(720)						
Contributions and Grants	4,595	3,783	2,310	182						
Others, Net	4,952	4,942	969	1,017						
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(59,706)	(59,395)		(35,929)						
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items	51,134	92,960	27,811	22,572						
Capital Contributions and Grants	39,375	28,368	10,394	8,932						
Transfers In	39,373	28,508	10,394	0,932						
Transfers Out	—		—							
Environmental Remediation	—		—	_						
Change in Net Position	90,509	121,328	38,205	31,504						
Net Position - Beginning of Year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,154,217		361,536						
	1,275,545	1,134,217	393,040	501,550						
Prior-Year Adjustment	(233,836) 1,041,709	1 154 217	(71,136)	261 526						
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated		1,154,217	\$ 321,904	361,536						
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 1,132,218	\$ 1,275,545	\$ 360,109	\$ 393,040						

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	Drainage an	d Wastewater	Solid Waste							
	2015	2014	2015	2014						
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for Services and Other Revenues	\$ 363,779	\$ 342,000	\$ 174,788	\$ 157,498						
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Long-Term Purchased Power	_	_	_	_						
Short-Term Wholesale Power Purchases	_	_	_	_						
Generation	_	_	_	_						
Transmission	_	_	_	_						
Distribution	_	_	_	_						
Conservation and Other Power Expenses	_	_	_	_						
Planning and Development	1,750	1,787	203	163						
Utility Systems Management	11,249	11,374	10,617	1,661						
Field Operations	29,593	26,431	6,950	7,216						
Project Delivery	9,790	8,100	1,103	546						
Customer Services	6,472	4,403	6,592	5,035						
Wastewater Treatment	150,326	140,307	_	_						
Solid Waste Collection	_	_	100,042	96,867						
Operations and Maintenance	_	—	_	—						
General and Administrative	22,064	25,034	14,250	14,493						
City Business and Occupation Taxes	42,876	40,266	17,987	17,716						
Other Taxes	4,549	4,329	2,588	2,506						
Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs	_	—	1,300	1,301						
Depreciation and Other Amortization	23,452	22,190	8,109	8,188						
Total Operating Expenses	302,121	284,221	169,741	155,692						
Operating Income (Loss)	61,658	57,779	5,047	1,806						
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Investment and Interest Income	3,646	4,009	725	751						
Interest Expense	(22,156)	(20,616)	(5,651)	(5,798)						
Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net	1,709	1,542	736	478						
Amortization of Refunding Loss	(394)	(384)	(179)	(109)						
Bond Issuance Costs	_	_	_	_						
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	(229)	(817)	(443)	2,420						
Contributions and Grants	1,482	978	584	953						
Others, Net	1,003	170	565	1,338						
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(14,939)	(15,118)	(3,663)	33						
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items	46,719	42,661	1,384	1,839						
Capital Contributions and Grants	10,346	10,752	_	78						
Transfers In	_	_	_	_						
Transfers Out	_	_	_	_						
Environmental Remediation	(4,975)	(4,949)	_	_						
Change in Net Position	52,090	48,464	1,384	1,917						
Net Position - Beginning of Year	344,098	295,634	34,210	32,293						
Prior-Year Adjustment	(66,286)		(24,251)							
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated	277,812	295,634	9,959	32,293						
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 329,902	\$ 344,098	\$ 11,343	\$ 34,210						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

			Busi	ness-Type Activit	ties - E	nterprise Funds		
		Nonmaj	or Fur	ıds		Compara	tive T	otals
		2015		2014		2015		2014
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for Services and Other Revenues OPERATING EXPENSES	\$	74,566	\$	65,548	\$	1,747,967	\$	1,694,436
Long-Term Purchased Power		_		_		213,621		214,262
Short-Term Wholesale Power Purchases		—		_		26,812		14,912
Generation		—		_		34,822		34,962
Transmission		—				54,289		52,833
Distribution		—		—		65,052		59,753
Conservation and Other Power Expenses		_		—		53,897		58,151
Planning and Development Utility Systems Management		—		—		3,535 36,488		3,397 27,611
Field Operations		_		_		67,910		60,962
Project Delivery		_		_		17,557		12,978
Customer Services		_		_		59,400		53,311
Wastewater Treatment		_		_		150,326		140,307
Solid Waste Collection		_		_		100,042		96,867
Operations and Maintenance		56,058		50,899		56,058		50,899
General and Administrative		13,519		11,580		180,888		165,797
City Business and Occupation Taxes		17		16		138,547		133,243
Other Taxes		37		35		52,968		51,774
Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs		—		—		1,300		1,301
Depreciation and Other Amortization		2,519		2,589		196,123		190,246
Total Operating Expenses		72,150		65,119		1,509,635		1,423,566
Operating Income (Loss)		2,416		429		238,332		270,870
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment and Interest Income		459		480		13,938		16,255
Interest Expense		(2,787)		(2,939)		(154,708)		(154,733)
Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net		198		198		18,759		16,655
Amortization of Refunding Loss		_		_		(5,155)		(5,496)
Bond Issuance Costs		_		_		(966)		(1,473)
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		_		_		2,767		2,759
Contributions and Grants		210		259		7,088		6,155
Others, Net		310				7,799		7,467
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(1,610)		(2,002)		(110,478)		(112,411)
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items		806		(1,573)		127,854		158,459
Capital Contributions and Grants		_		_		60,115		48,130
Transfers In		12,337		11,512		12,337		11,512
Transfers Out		(3,406)				(3,406)		
Environmental Remediation		(5,400)				(4,975)		(4,949)
Change in Net Position		9,737		9,939		191,925		213,152
Net Position - Beginning of Year		(3,964)		(13,903)		2,042,929		1,829,777
Prior-Year Adjustment		(45,184)		(15,905)		(440,693)		1,029,777
-		(49,148)		(12.002)				1,829,777
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated	¢		¢	(13,903)		1,602,236		
Net Position - End of Year Accumulated Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to Enterprise Funds	\$	(39,411)	\$	(3,964)		1,794,161		2,042,929 19,032
1						27,104		
Net Position of Business-Type Activities					\$	1,821,265	\$	2,061,961
Change in Net Position as above					\$	191,925	\$	213,152
Current Year Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to Enterprise Funds						8,072		8,185
Adjusted Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities					\$	199,997	\$	221,337

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

20152014OPERATING REVENTESLang-Term Purchased PowerGenerationGenerationTransmissionConservation and Other Power ExpensesPlanning and DevelopmentConservation and Other Power ExpensesPlanning and DevelopmentUtility Systems ManagementField OperationsPoject DéliveryCustemer ServicesSold Waste CollectionOperations and Other Power Expenses44Vasteward TreatmentSold Waste CollectionOperations and Outpation Taxes44Administrative23,15718,979City Business and Occupation Taxes44Amotrization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs214,745Depreciation and Other Anomization35,50734,600Total Operations and Other Anomization35,50734,600NONOPERATING REVENCES (EXPENSES)(1,615)(1,615)Investment and Interest Income1,378938Contributions and GrantsTotal Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(5,169)(5,761)Incort ExpensesTotal Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(5,169)(5,761)Incort Loss Defore Capital Assets(3)20,39		 Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds							
S 242,748 S 214,971 OPERATING EXPENSES - - Long-Term Purchased Power - - Generation - - Transmission - - Obstribution - - Conservation and Other Power Expenses - - Patning and Development - - Utility Systems Management - - Field Operations - - Quatometer Treatment - - Solid Waste Collection - - Operations and Maintenance 155,609 143,593 Generation and Maintenance 23,157 18,879 City Business and Occupation Taxes 468 419 Anortization of Landfill and Postolssure Costs 214,745 197,595 Operations and Other Amortization 35,507 34,600 Total Operating and Other Structures (1,05) (1,06) NonOPERATING REVENES 2974 2,802 Investinent and Interest Income 517		 2015	2014						
OPERATING EXPENSES Long-Term Purchased Power — — Generation — — Generation — — Tramsmission — — Conservation and Other Power Expenses — — Planning and Development — — Uihly Systems Management — — Field Operations — — Orget Views V — — Customer Services — — Operations and Maintenance 155.609 143.593 General and Administrative 23.157 18.979 Grity Business and Occupation Taxes 4 4 Other Taxes 468 419 Amortization of Landfill and Postolosure Costs 214.745 197.595 Operation and Other Amortization 35.507 34.600 Total Operating Expense 214.745 197.595 Operation and Other Amortization of Refunding Loss (1.105) (1.607) Nontizetion of Refunding Loss (1.105) (1.607)	OPERATING REVENUES								
Long-Term Purchased Power — … <td>Charges for Services and Other Revenues</td> <td>\$ 242,748 \$</td> <td>214,971</td>	Charges for Services and Other Revenues	\$ 242,748 \$	214,971						
Short-Term Wholesale Power Purchases — …	OPERATING EXPENSES								
Short-Term Wholesale Power Purchases — …	Long-Term Purchased Power	_	_						
Transmission — — — Distribution — — — Conservation and Other Power Expenses — — — Planning and Development — — — Utility Systems Management — — — Project Delivery — — — Customer Services — — — Customer Services — — — Operations and Maintenance 155,009 143,593 General and Administrative 23,157 18,979 City Business and Occupation Taxes 4 4 Other Taxes 468 419 Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs 28,003 17,376 Depreciating Expenses 214,474 197,595 Operating Income (Loss) 2,974 2,802 Interest Expense (8,953) (10,609) Amortization of Refunding Loss (1,105) (161) Bond Interest Income 517 1,376 Monoperating Revenues (Expenses) (5,169) (5,761) Interest Expense	•	_	_						
Distribution — — Conservation and Other Power Expenses — — Planning and Development — — Utility Systems Management — — Field Operations — — Project Delivery — — Customer Services — — Solid Waste Collection — — Operations and Maintenance 155,609 143,593 General and Administrative 23,157 18,979 City Business and Occupation Taxes 4 4 Other Taxes 468 419 Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs Depreciation and Other Anortization 35,507 34,600 Total Operating Expenses 214,745 197,595 Operating Income (Loss) 13,76 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment and Interest Income 517 1,376 Investment and Interest Income 517 1,376 (Income) Gonin Clossy on Sale of Capital Assets 1,381 938 Contributions and Grants — —	Generation	_	_						
Conservation and Other Power Expenses — …	Transmission	_	_						
Planning and Development — — Utility Systems Management — — Project Delivery — — Project Delivery — — Wastewater Treatment — — Operations and Maintenance 155.609 143.593 General and Administrative 23,157 18,979 City Business and Occupation Taxes 4 4 Other Taxes 468 419 Amortization of Landfill and Postelosure Costs — — Depreciation and Other Amortization 35.507 34,600 Total Operating Expenses 214,745 197,595 Operating Income (Loss) 28,003 17,376 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) — — Investment and Interest Income 517 1,376 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) (1,105) (16,09) Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets 1,381 938 Contributions and Grants — — — Others, Net 62 — — — Others, Net 631 341 301	Distribution	—	—						
Utility Systems Management — — — Field Operations — — — Project Delivery — — — Customer Services — — — Solid Waste Collection — — — Operations and Maintenance 155,609 143,593 General and Administrative 23,157 18,979 City Business and Occupation Taxes 4 4 4 94 Other Taxes 468 419 4 4 Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs — — — — Depreciation and Other Amortization 35,507 34,600 17,376 17,595 Operating Expenses 214,745 197,595 100,609 17,376 1,376 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 1,376 1,376 1,376 1,376 Interest Expense (1,105) (10,009) Amortization of Refunding Loss 1,381 938 10,0609 Amortization of Refunding Loss 1,381 938 1,615 1,616 1,617 1,615 1,615 1	Conservation and Other Power Expenses	_	—						
Field Operations — — — Project Delivery — — — Customer Services — — — Waste Collection — — — Operations and Maintenance 155,609 143,593 General and Administrative 23,157 18,879 City Business and Occupation Taxes 4 4 Other Taxes 468 419 Amorization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs	Planning and Development	—	—						
Project Delivery — — — Customer Services — — — Wastewater Treatment — — — Solid Waste Collection — — — Operations and Maintenance 155,609 143,593 General and Administrative 23,157 18,979 City Business and Occupation Taxes 4 4 4 4 4 Other Taxes 4 4 4 4 4 660 197,375 18,979 City Business and Occupation Taxes 4 4 4 4 600 173,075 197,595 0 197,595 0 197,595 0 173,76 1,376 101 197,595 100,609 17,376 1,376 101,609 10,609	Utility Systems Management	_	_						
Customer Services — — — — — — — Waste water Treatment — — — — Deventions and Maintement 155,609 143,593 General and Administrative 23,157 18,979 City Business and Occupation Taxes 4 1		—	—						
Wastewater TreatmentSolid Waste CollectionOperations and Maintenance155,609143,593General and Administrative23,15718,979City Business and Occupation Taxes44Other Taxes468419Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure CostsDepreciation and Other Amortization35,50734,600Total Operating Expenses214,745197,595Operating Income (Loss)28,00317,376NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Investment and Interest Income5171,376Interest Expense(8,953)(10,609)Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net2,9742,802Amortization of Capital Assets(1,105)(1611)Bond Issuance Costs(45)(107)Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets1,381938Contributions and GrantsOthers, Net62Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(5,169)(5,761)Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items341301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Environmental RemediationCharge in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated(8,724)Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839		—	—						
Solid Waste Collection——Operations and Maintenance155,609143,593General and Administrative23,15718,979City Business and Occupation Taxes44Other Taxes468419Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs550734,600Depreciation and Other Amortization35,50734,600Total Operating Expenses214,745197,595Operating Income (Loss)28,00317,376NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)11,376Investment and Interest Income5171,376Interest Expense(8,953)(10,609)Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net2,9742,802Amortization of Refunding Loss(1,105)(161)Bond Issuance Costs(45)(107)Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets1,381938Contributions and Grants——Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(5,169)(5,761)Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items22,83411,615Capital Contributions and Grants(53)20,39221,392Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)6,1619Environmental Remediation———Change in Net Position16,96326,23913,81Prior-Year Adjustment(51,708490,83914,301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)— <td></td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td>		—	—						
Operations and Maintenance155,609143,593General and Administrative23,15718,979City Business and Occupation Taxes44Adnortization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs468419Depreciation and Other Amortization35,50734,600Total Operating Expenses214,745197,595Operating Income (Loss)28,00317,376NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)11Investment and Interest Income5171,376Interest Expense(8,953)(10,609)Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net2,9742,802Amortization of Refunding Loss(1,105)(161)Bond Issuance Costs(1,105)(107)Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets1,381938Contributions and GrantsOthers, Net62-Others, Net62-Others, Net341301Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items341301Transfers In341301301Transfers In341301301Transfers In341301301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Environmental RemediationChange in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839		_	—						
General and Administrative23,15718,979City Business and Occupation Taxes44Other Taxes468419Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs35,50734,600Depreciation and Other Amortization35,50734,600Total Operating Expenses214,745197,595Operating Income (Loss)28,00317,376NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)197,59510,609)Investment and Interest Income5171,376Interest Expense(8,953)(10,609)Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net2,9742,802Amortization of Refunding Loss(1,105)(161)Bond Issuance Costs(45)(107)Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets1,381938Contributions and GrantsOthers, NetCopital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items(5,169)(5,761)Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items21,1615(6,069)Environmental RemediationChange in Net Position16,96326,23911,615Change in Net Position16,96326,23926,239Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839		_							
City Business and Occupation Taxes44Other Taxes 468 419 Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs $35,507$ $34,600$ Depreciation and Other Amortization $35,507$ $34,600$ Total Operating Expenses $214,745$ $197,595$ Operating Income (Loss) $28,003$ $17,376$ NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) $8,953$ $(10,609)$ Investment and Interest Income 517 $1,376$ Interest Expense $(8,953)$ $(10,609)$ Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net $2,974$ $2,802$ Amortization of Refunding Loss $(1,105)$ (161) Bond Issuance Costs (45) (107) Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets $1,381$ 938 Contributions and Grants $ -$ Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) $(5,169)$ $(5,761)$ Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items 341 301 Transfers In 341 301 301 Transfers In 341 301 $7,078$ Met Position $6,669$ $ -$ Change in Net Position $65,239$ $517,078$ $490,839$ Prior-Year Adjustment $(87,224)$ $-$ Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated $429,854$ $490,839$,	,						
Other Taxes468419Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure Costs35,50734,600Depreciation and Other Amortization35,50734,600Total Operating Expenses214,745197,595Operating Income (Loss)28,00317,376NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)11Investment and Interest Income5171,376Interest Expense(8,953)(10,609)Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net2,9742,802Amortization of Refunding Loss(1,105)(161)Bond Issuance Costs(45)(107)Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets1,381938Contributions and GrantsOthers, Net62Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(5,169)(5,761)Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items341301Transfers In341301341Transfers Sout(6,159)(6,069)Environmental RemediationChange in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839									
Amortization of Landfill and Postclosure CostsDepreciation and Other Amortization $35,507$ $34,600$ Total Operating Expenses $214,745$ $197,595$ Operating Income (Loss) $28,003$ $17,376$ NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Interest Expense 517 $1,376$ Investment and Interest Income 517 $1,376$ Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net $2,974$ $2,802$ Amortization of Refunding Loss $(1,105)$ (161) Bond Issuance Costs (45) (107) Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets $1,381$ 938 Contributions and Grants $ -$ Others, Net 62 $-$ Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) $(5,169)$ $(5,761)$ Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items 341 301 Transfers In 341 301 341 301 Transfers Sout $(6,159)$ $(6,069)$ $-$ Environmental Remediation $ -$ Change in Net Position $16,963$ $26,239$ $26,239$ Net Position - Beginning of Year $517,078$ $490,839$ Prior-Year Adjustment $(87,224)$ $ -$ Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated $429,854$ $490,839$									
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		468	419						
Total Operating Expenses $214,745$ $197,595$ Operating Income (Loss) $28,003$ $17,376$ NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) $8,953$ $(10,609)$ Investment and Interest Income 517 $1,376$ Interest Expense $(8,953)$ $(10,609)$ Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net $2,974$ $2,802$ Amortization of Refunding Loss $(1,105)$ (161) Bond Issuance Costs (45) (107) Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets $1,381$ 938 Contributions and Grants $ -$ Others, Net 62 $-$ Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) $(5,169)$ $(5,761)$ Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items 341 301 Transfers In 341 301 311 Transfers Sout $(6,159)$ $(6,069)$ Environmental Remediation $ -$ Change in Net Position $16,963$ $26,239$ Net Position - Beginning of Year $517,078$ $490,839$ Prior-Year Adjustment $(87,224)$ $-$ Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated $429,854$ $490,839$		25.507	24 (00						
Operating Income (Loss) $28,003$ $17,376$ NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)11Investment and Interest Income5171,376Interest Expense(8,953)(10,609)Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net $2,974$ $2,802$ Amortization of Refunding Loss(1,105)(161)Bond Issuance Costs(45)(107)Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets1,381938Contributions and GrantsOthers, Net62-Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(5,169)(5,761)Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items341301Transfers In341301Transfers Rot16,96326,239Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)-Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839		 							
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Investment and Interest Income5171,376Interest Expense(8,953)(10,609)Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net2,9742,802Amortization of Refunding Loss(1,105)(161)Bond Issuance Costs(45)(107)Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets1,381938Contributions and GrantsOthers, Net62-Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(5,169)(5,761)Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items22,83411,615Capital Contributions and Grants(53)20,392Transfers In341301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Environmental RemediationChange in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)-Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839		 							
Investment and Interest Income 517 $1,376$ Interest Expense $(8,953)$ $(10,609)$ Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net $2,974$ $2,802$ Amortization of Refunding Loss $(1,105)$ (161) Bond Issuance Costs (45) (107) Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets $1,381$ 938 Contributions and Grants $ -$ Others, Net 62 $-$ Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) $(5,169)$ $(5,761)$ Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items $22,834$ $11,615$ Capital Contributions and Grants $(6,159)$ $(6,069)$ Irransfers In 341 301 Transfers Out $(6,159)$ $(6,069)$ Environmental Remediation $ -$ Change in Net Position $16,963$ $26,239$ Net Position - Beginning of Year $517,078$ $490,839$ Prior-Year Adjustment $(87,224)$ $-$ Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated $429,854$ $490,839$	Operating Income (Loss)	28,003	17,376						
Interest Expense (8,953) (10,609) Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net 2,974 2,802 Amortization of Refunding Loss (1,105) (161) Bond Issuance Costs (45) (107) Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets 1,381 938 Contributions and Grants Others, Net 62 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (5,169) (5,761) Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items 22,834 11,615 Capital Contributions and Grants (53) 20,392 Transfers In 341 301 Transfers Out (6,159) (6,069) Environmental Remediation Change in Net Position 16,963 26,239 Net Position - Beginning of Year 517,078 490,839 Prior-Year Adjustment (87,224) Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated 429,854 490,839	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net $2,974$ $2,802$ Amortization of Refunding Loss $(1,105)$ (161) Bond Issuance Costs (45) (107) Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets $1,381$ 938 Contributions and Grants $ -$ Others, Net 62 $-$ Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) $(5,169)$ $(5,761)$ Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items $22,834$ $11,615$ Capital Contributions and Grants (53) $20,392$ Transfers In 341 301 Transfers Out $(6,159)$ $(6,069)$ Environmental Remediation $ -$ Change in Net Position $61,293$ $26,239$ Net Position - Beginning of Year $81,7078$ $490,839$ Prior-Year Adjustment $(87,224)$ $-$ Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated $429,854$ $490,839$	Investment and Interest Income	517	1,376						
Amortization of Refunding Loss $(1,105)$ (161) Bond Issuance Costs (45) (107) Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets $1,381$ 938 Contributions and Grants $ -$ Others, Net 62 $-$ Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) $(5,169)$ $(5,761)$ Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items $22,834$ $11,615$ Capital Contributions and Grants (53) $20,392$ Transfers In 341 301 Transfers Out $(6,159)$ $(6,069)$ Environmental Remediation $ -$ Change in Net Position $16,963$ $26,239$ Net Position - Beginning of Year $517,078$ $490,839$ Prior-Year Adjustment $(87,224)$ $-$ Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated $429,854$ $490,839$	Interest Expense	(8,953)	(10,609)						
Bond Issuance Costs (45) (107) Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets $1,381$ 938 Contributions and Grants $ -$ Others, Net 62 $-$ Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) $(5,169)$ $(5,761)$ Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items $22,834$ $11,615$ Capital Contributions and Grants (53) $20,392$ Transfers In 341 301 Transfers Out $(6,159)$ $(6,069)$ Environmental Remediation $ -$ Change in Net Position $16,963$ $26,239$ Net Position - Beginning of Year $429,854$ $490,839$ Prior-Year Adjustment $429,854$ $490,839$	Amortization of Bonds Premiums and Discounts, Net	2,974	2,802						
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets1,381938Contributions and Grants———Others, Net62—Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(5,169)(5,761)Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items22,83411,615Capital Contributions and Grants(53)20,392Transfers In341301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Environmental Remediation——Change in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)—Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839	Amortization of Refunding Loss	(1,105)	(161)						
Contributions and GrantsOthers, Net62Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(5,169)(5,761)Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items22,83411,615Capital Contributions and Grants(53)20,392Transfers In341301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Environmental RemediationChange in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839	Bond Issuance Costs	(45)	(107)						
Others, Net62—Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(5,169)(5,761)Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items22,83411,615Capital Contributions and Grants(53)20,392Transfers In341301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Environmental Remediation——Change in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)—Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839		1,381	938						
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(5,169)(5,761)Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items22,83411,615Capital Contributions and Grants(53)20,392Transfers In341301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Environmental Remediation——Change in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)—Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839		—	—						
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants, Transfers, and Special Items22,83411,615Capital Contributions and Grants(53)20,392Transfers In341301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Environmental Remediation——Change in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated(87,224)—Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839		 62							
and Special Items22,83411,615Capital Contributions and Grants(53)20,392Transfers In341301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Environmental Remediation——Change in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)—Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839	Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 (5,169)	(5,761)						
Transfers In 341 301 Transfers Out (6,159) (6,069) Environmental Remediation — — Change in Net Position 16,963 26,239 Net Position - Beginning of Year 517,078 490,839 Prior-Year Adjustment (87,224) — Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated 429,854 490,839		22,834	11,615						
Transfers Out (6,159) (6,069) Environmental Remediation — — Change in Net Position 16,963 26,239 Net Position - Beginning of Year 517,078 490,839 Prior-Year Adjustment (87,224) — Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated 429,854 490,839	Capital Contributions and Grants	(53)	20,392						
Environmental Remediation——Change in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)—Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839	Transfers In	341	301						
Change in Net Position16,96326,239Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)—Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839	Transfers Out	(6,159)	(6,069)						
Net Position - Beginning of Year517,078490,839Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)—Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839	Environmental Remediation	 							
Prior-Year Adjustment(87,224)—Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839	Change in Net Position	16,963	26,239						
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated429,854490,839	Net Position - Beginning of Year	517,078	490,839						
	Prior-Year Adjustment	 (87,224)							
Net Position - End of Year \$ 446,817 \$ 517,078	Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated	429,854	490,839						
	Net Position - End of Year	\$ 446,817 \$	517,078						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
CASH REOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES S 838,498 S 809,121 S 261,206 S 256,195 Cash Paid to Suppliers (324,370) (315,600) (32,734) (62,5346) Cash Paid to Suppliers (177,028) (177,575) (62,301) (62,5346) Cash Paid to Employees (177,028) (177,575) (62,301) (62,5346) Cash Faid to Employees (177,028) (177,575) (62,301) (62,5366) Net Cash from Operating Activities 228,052 297,582 124,002 127,920 CASH ELOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Pincipal Payments on Long-Term Debt (10,482) (33,693) -			Li	g h t			W a	t e r		
Sab Received from Customers S 838,498 S 869,121 S 2.61,206 S 2.55,401 Cash Paid to Suppliers (334,870) (315,600) (32,734) (62,304) (62,304) Cash Paid to Emplayces (177,395) (62,301) (62,304) (62,304) (62,304) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES (78,548) (82,344) (42,169) (39,863) Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans (12,259) (37,257) — — Operating Grants Received 4,594 5,207 235 2020 Transfers In — — — — — Transfers Cold _ <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>2015</th><th></th><th>2014</th><th></th><th>2015</th><th></th><th>2014</th></td<>			2015		2014		2015		2014	
Cash Paid to Suppliers (354,870) (315,600) (32,734) (25,846) Cash Paid to Employees (177,028) (177,028) (62,301) (62,3266) Cash Paid to Taxes (78,548) (28,344) (24,109) (29,805) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 124,002 127,920 127,920 Prinsignal Payments on Long-Term Dobt and Instructure Loans (10,482) (33,03) -	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Cash Paid to Employees (17,1028) (17,1028) (12,234) (12,246) (12,246) (12,346) Cash Paid for Taxes (78,548) (82,344) (42,169) (39,861) Net Cash from Operating Activities 228,052 297,582 124,002 127,920 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPTTAL FUNNCING ACTIVITIES 124,002 (33,693) - - Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Leans (12,259) (33,693) - - Operating Grants Received 4,594 5,207 235 202 Transfers Out - - - - - - Homeville Received for Conservation (35,230) (33,111) - </td <td>Cash Received from Customers</td> <td>\$</td> <td>838,498</td> <td>\$</td> <td>869,121</td> <td>\$</td> <td>261,206</td> <td>\$</td> <td>256,195</td>	Cash Received from Customers	\$	838,498	\$	869,121	\$	261,206	\$	256,195	
Cash Paid for Taxes (78,548) (82,344) (42,169) (39,861) Net Cash from Operating Activities 228,052 227,582 124,002 127,920 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES -	Cash Paid to Suppliers		(354,870)		(315,600)		(32,734)		(25,846)	
Net Cash from Operating Activities 228,052 297,582 124,002 127,920 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPTAL FINANCING ACTIVITES 127,920 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPTAL FINANCING ACTIVITES	Cash Paid to Employees		(177,028)		(173,595)		(62,301)		(62,566)	
CASIL FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans $(12,23)$ $(37,257)$ Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans $(10,482)$ $(33,693)$ Operating Grants Received $4,594$ $5,207$ 235 202 Transfers In Bonneville Receipts for Conservation $2,225$ $6,722$ Payments on Long-Term Debt and Education $(35,230)$ $(33,111)$ Payments on Long-Term Debt and Other Susception $(35,230)$ $(33,111)$ Proceeds from Interfund Loans - - Proceeds from Noncapital Financing Activities $(51,152)$ $(92,132)$ 235 202 CASH FLOWS PROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING CASH FLOWS PROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING $(254,613)$ $(34,41,62)$ $(44,670)$ Capital Fees and Other Charges Paid $(33,8,72)$ $(285,443)$ $(84,404)$ $(51,22)$ <t< td=""><td>Cash Paid for Taxes</td><td></td><td>(78,548)</td><td></td><td>(82,344)</td><td></td><td>(42,169)</td><td></td><td>(39,863)</td></t<>	Cash Paid for Taxes		(78,548)		(82,344)		(42,169)		(39,863)	
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans $(12,259)$ $(37,257)$ Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt $(10,482)$ $(33,693)$ Operating Grants Received $4,594$ $5,207$ 235 202 Transfers Nut Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation $(35,230)$ $(33,111)$ Poweeds from Interfund Loans Proceeds from Interfund Loans Proceeds from Noncapital Financing Activities $(51,152)$ $(92,132)$ 235 202 CASH FLOWSPROM CAPTRALAND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt $283,730$ $299,397$ $391,564$ Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt $(79,225)$ $(56,443)$ $(46,404)$ $(51,250)$ $(24,670)$ (41,620) Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid $34,886$ $24,281$ $8,876$ $4,388$ Payme	Net Cash from Operating Activities		228,052		297,582		124,002		127,920	
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt (10.482) (33.693) Optrating Grants Received 4.594 5.207 235 202 Transfers Out Bonneville Receipts for Conservation 2.225 6.722 Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation (32.320) (33.111) Loans Provided to Other Funds Payments for Environmental Liabilities Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities (51.152) (92.132) 235 202 CASH FLOWS PROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt 283.730 299.397 391.564 Optimit Expenses and Other Armage Paid (33.8872) (283.448) (84.404) (61.920) Interst Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements 2,110 2.064 34.665 4.388	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Operating Grants Received 4,594 5,207 235 202 Transfers In — … — … <td< td=""><td>Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans</td><td></td><td>(12,259)</td><td></td><td>(37,257)</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td></td<>	Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans		(12,259)		(37,257)		_		_	
Transfers In — … <			(10,482)		(33,693)		_		_	
Transfers Out — …	Operating Grants Received		4,594		5,207		235		202	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Transfers In		_		_				_	
Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation $(35,230)$ $(33,111)$ Loans Provided to Other FundsProceeds from Interfund LoansPayments for Environmental LiabilitiesNet Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities $(51,152)$ $(92,132)$ 235 202 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPTTAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES $(51,152)$ $(92,132)$ 235 202 Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt $283,730$ $299,397$ $391,564$ Orpital Expenses and Other Charges Paid $(338,872)$ $(285,448)$ $(84,404)$ $(51,926)$ Interest Recived $34,686$ $24,281$ $8,876$ $4,388$ Payment to Trustee for Defeased BondsInterest Recived for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $2,110$ $2,063$ Debt Issuance Costs(190,116) $(205,322)$ $(87,647)$ $(123,632)$ CASH from Sale of Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 1066 Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH HOWS FRON INVESTINGACTIVITIES*Interest Recived Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $9,112,848$ $$128,343$ $$42,630$ $$1,001,77$ Equity in Pooled Investments $$152,488$ $$128,434$ $$42,632$ $$10$	Transfers Out		_		_				_	
Loans Provided to Other Funds—————Proceeds from Interfund Loans—————Payments for Environmental Liabilities $(51,152)$ $(92,132)$ 235 202 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES $(51,152)$ $(92,132)$ 235 202 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES $(51,152)$ $(92,132)$ 235 202 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES $(51,252)$ $(285,448)$ $(84,404)$ $(51,926)$ Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt $(28,573)$ $(285,448)$ $(84,404)$ $(51,926)$ Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt $(79,225)$ $(56,443)$ $(44,581)$ $(41,620)$ Capital Fexa and Grants Received $34,686$ $24,281$ $8,876$ $4,388$ Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds— $(127,102)$ ——Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $2,110$ $2,063$ ——Debt Issuance Costs $(190,116)$ $(205,322)$ $(87,647)$ $(123,632)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES* $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES* $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ Interest and Investiment Income (Loss) 5 $41,7618$ 5 $426,732$ 5 $137,574$ 5 Met Cash	Bonneville Receipts for Conservation		2,225		6,722		_		_	
Proceeds from Interfund Loans — — — — — — — — — — — — — — P <	Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation		(35,230)		(33,111)		_		_	
Payments for Environmental Liabilities—————————————————————————<	Loans Provided to Other Funds		_		_		_		_	
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities(51,152)(92,132)235202CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIESPrincipal Payments on Long-Term Debt283,730299,397391,564—Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding(92,656)(62,413)(364,182)(34,670)Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(338,872)(285,448)(84,404)(51,926)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(79,225)(56,643)(43,581)(41,620)Capital Fees and Grants Received34,68624,2818,8764,388Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds—(127,102)——Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements2,1102,063——Debt Issuance Costs(966)(1,663)(1,907)——Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,0772,0065,987196Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(190,116)(205,322)(87,647)(123,632)CASH HEOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES "4,1025,7978071,086Net Cash from Investing Activities(9,114)5,92537,3975,576CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTSS426,732420,807100,17794,599End of YearS417,618S426,732\$137,574\$100,177CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OFS128,343\$42,330\$43,553Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investm	Proceeds from Interfund Loans		_		_		_		_	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIESProceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt $283,730$ $299,397$ $391,564$ $$ Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding $(92,656)$ $(62,413)$ $(364,182)$ $(34,670)$ Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid $(338,872)$ $(285,448)$ $(84,404)$ $(51,926)$ Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt $(79,225)$ $(56,443)$ $(43,581)$ $(41,620)$ Capital Fees and Grants Received $34,686$ $24,281$ $8,876$ $4,388$ Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds $$ $(127,102)$ $$ $$ Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $2,110$ $2,063$ $$ $$ Debt Issuance Costs (966) $(1,663)$ $(1,907)$ $$ $$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 196 Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(19,116)$ $(205,322)$ $(87,647)$ $(123,632)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES* $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AD EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS 8 $41,618$ $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year $\frac{426,732}{5}$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ $5,576$ 58 $128,343$ 5 $422,330$ 5 $137,574$ 5 $100,175$ CASH AD Equity in P	Payments for Environmental Liabilities		_		_		_		_	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIESProceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt $283,730$ $299,397$ $391,564$ $$ Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding $(92,656)$ $(62,413)$ $(364,182)$ $(34,670)$ Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid $(338,872)$ $(285,448)$ $(84,404)$ $(51,926)$ Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt $(79,225)$ $(56,443)$ $(43,581)$ $(41,620)$ Capital Fees and Grants Received $34,686$ $24,281$ $8,876$ $4,388$ Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds $$ $$ $$ Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $2,110$ $2,063$ $$ $$ Debt Issuance Costs (9666) $(1,663)$ $(1,907)$ $$ $$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 196 Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(19,116)$ $(205,322)$ $(87,647)$ $(123,632)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES * $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AD EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS 8 $41,618$ $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ Beginning of Year $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year 5 $5152,488$ 5 $128,343$ 5 $422,30$ 5 Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments 5 <	Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities		(51,152)		(92,132)		235		202	
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding $(92,656)$ $(62,413)$ $(364,182)$ $(34,670)$ Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid $(338,872)$ $(285,448)$ $(84,404)$ $(51,926)$ Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt $(79,225)$ $(56,443)$ $(43,581)$ $(41,620)$ Capital Fees and Grants Received $34,686$ $24,281$ $8,876$ $4,388$ Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds $$ $(127,102)$ $$ $$ Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $2,110$ $2,063$ $$ $$ Debt Issuance Costs (966) $(1,663)$ $(1,907)$ $$ $$ Net Cash from Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 196Net Cash from Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 1086Net Cash from Investing Activities $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES* $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ Interest coll corecase) in Cash and $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year 5 $5152,488$ 5 $128,343$ 5 $42,330$ 5 CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF $ -$ Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments 5 $52,5130$ $298,38$	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING									
Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid $(338,872)$ $(285,448)$ $(84,404)$ $(51,926)$ Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt $(79,225)$ $(56,443)$ $(43,581)$ $(41,620)$ Capital Fees and Grants Received $34,686$ $24,281$ $8,876$ $4,388$ Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds $ (127,102)$ $ -$ Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $2,110$ $2,063$ $ -$ Debt Issuance Costs (966) $(1,663)$ $(1,907)$ $-$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 196 Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(190,116)$ $(205,322)$ $(87,647)$ $(123,632)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES * $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ Beginning of Year $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year 5 $51,52,488$ $$$ $128,343$ $$$ $42,330$ $$$ $43,553$ Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments 5 $52,5130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$	Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt		283,730		299,397		391,564		_	
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt $(79,225)$ $(56,443)$ $(43,581)$ $(41,620)$ Capital Fees and Grants Received $34,686$ $24,281$ $8,876$ $4,388$ Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds $$ $(127,102)$ $$ $$ Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $2,110$ $2,063$ $$ $$ Debt Issuance Costs (966) $(1,663)$ $(1,907)$ $$ $$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 1966 Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(190,116)$ $(205,322)$ $(87,647)$ $(123,632)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES* $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $4226,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year 5 $41,7618$ 5 $426,732$ 5 $137,574$ 5 Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments 5 $152,488$ 5 $128,343$ 5 $42,330$ 5 $43,553$ Cash AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF $$ $$ $$ $$ $ -$ Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $ -$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $265,130$ $298,389$ $95,$	Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding		(92,656)		(62,413)		(364,182)		(34,670)	
Capital Fees and Grants Received $34,686$ $24,281$ $8,876$ $4,388$ Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds(127,102)Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $2,110$ $2,063$ Debt Issuance Costs(966)(1,663)(1,907)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 196Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(190,116)(205,322)(87,647)(123,632)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES* $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ Beginning of Year 5 $417,618$ 5 $426,732$ 5 $137,574$ 5 $100,175$ CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF 5 $5,130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$ Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments 5 $5,130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$	Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid		(338,872)		(285,448)		(84,404)		(51,926)	
Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds $(127,102)$ Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $2,110$ $2,063$ Debt Issuance Costs (966) $(1,663)$ $(1,907)$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 196Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(190,116)$ $(205,322)$ $(87,647)$ $(123,632)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES* $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $9,114$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ Beginning of Year $\frac{426,732}{8}$ $426,732$ $\frac{137,574}{8}$ $\frac{100,175}{8}$ CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF $5,248$ $\frac{128,343}{8}$ $\frac{42,330}{8}$ $\frac{43,553}{43,553}$ Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$ $$ $$ $-$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $265,130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$	Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(79,225)		(56,443)		(43,581)		(41,620)	
Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $2,110$ $2,063$ $ -$ Debt Issuance Costs(966)(1,663)(1,907) $-$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 196Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(190,116)(205,322)(87,647)(123,632)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES * $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Interest and Investment Income (Loss) $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Equity in Pooled Investments $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year 5 $417,618$ $$$ $426,732$ $$$ $137,574$ $$$ Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$$ $152,488$ $$$ $128,343$ $$$ $42,330$ $$$ $43,553$ Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $ -$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $265,130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$	Capital Fees and Grants Received		34,686		24,281		8,876		4,388	
Debt Issuance Costs (966) $(1,663)$ $(1,907)$ $-$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 196 Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(190,116)$ $(205,322)$ $(87,647)$ $(123,632)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES* $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ Beginning of Year $\frac{426,732}{$$}$ $420,6732$ $$$$ $137,574$ $$$ $100,175$ CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF $$$ $152,488$ $$$ $128,343$ $$$ $42,330$ $$$ $43,553$ Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $ -$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $265,130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$	Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds		_		(127,102)		_		_	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,077$ $2,006$ $5,987$ 196 Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(190,116)$ $(205,322)$ $(87,647)$ $(123,632)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES aInterest and Investment Income (Loss) $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year $\frac{426,732}{5}$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year $\frac{5}{5}$ $417,618$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $42,330$ $\frac{5}{5}$ Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $ -$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $265,130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$	Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements		2,110		2,063				_	
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(190,116)$ $(205,322)$ $(87,647)$ $(123,632)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES a $(190,116)$ $(205,322)$ $(87,647)$ $(123,632)$ Interest and Investment Income (Loss) $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year 5 $5152,488$ $128,343$ $42,330$ $43,553$ Carrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments 5 $152,488$ $128,343$ $422,330$ $43,553$ Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $265,130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$	Debt Issuance Costs		(966)		(1,663)		(1,907)		_	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES aInterest and Investment Income (Loss) $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Equity in Pooled Investments $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year $\frac{426,732}{\$$ $426,732$ $\$$ $137,574$ $\$$ $100,175$ CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF $\$$ $152,488$ $\$$ $128,343$ $\$$ $42,330$ $\$$ $43,553$ Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $ -$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $265,130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		1,077		2,006		5,987		196	
Interest and Investment Income (Loss) $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and $4,102$ $5,797$ 807 $1,086$ Equity in Pooled Investments $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ Beginning of Year $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year 5 $417,618$ 5 $426,732$ 5 $137,574$ 5 CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF 5 $152,488$ $128,343$ $42,330$ 5 $43,553$ Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $ -$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $265,130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$	Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(190,116)		(205,322)		(87,647)		(123,632)	
Net Cash from Investing Activities4,1025,7978071,086Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash andEquity in Pooled Investments(9,114)5,92537,3975,576CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTSBeginning of Year426,732420,807100,17794,599End of Year\$ 417,618426,732\$ 137,574100,175CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF\$ 152,488\$ 128,343\$ 42,330\$ 43,553Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled InvestmentsNoncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments265,130298,38995,24456,622	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES ^a									
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments(9,114)5,92537,3975,576CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS(9,114)5,92537,3975,576Beginning of Year426,732420,807100,17794,599End of Year\$ 417,618\$ 426,732\$ 137,574\$ 100,175CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 152,488\$ 128,343\$ 42,330\$ 43,553Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled InvestmentsNoncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments265,130298,38995,24456,622	Interest and Investment Income (Loss)		4,102		5,797		807		1,086	
Equity in Pooled Investments $(9,114)$ $5,925$ $37,397$ $5,576$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTSBeginning of Year $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year $\frac{3}{2}$ $417,618$ $\frac{3}{2}$ $426,732$ $\frac{5}{2}$ $137,574$ $\frac{5}{2}$ CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OFOperating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $\$$ $152,488$ $\$$ $128,343$ $\$$ $42,330$ $\$$ $43,553$ Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $ -$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $265,130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$	Net Cash from Investing Activities		4,102		5,797		807		1,086	
CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTSBeginning of Year426,732420,807100,17794,599End of Year\$417,618\$426,732\$137,574\$100,175CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OFOperating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$152,488\$128,343\$42,330\$43,553Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled InvestmentsNoncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments265,130298,38995,24456,622	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and									
Beginning of Year $426,732$ $420,807$ $100,177$ $94,599$ End of Year\$ $417,618$ \$ $426,732$ \$ $100,177$ $94,599$ CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OFOperating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ $152,488$ \$ $128,343$ \$ $42,330$ \$ $43,553$ Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $ -$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $265,130$ $298,389$ $95,244$ $56,622$	Equity in Pooled Investments		(9,114)		5,925		37,397		5,576	
End of Year\$417,618\$426,732\$137,574\$100,175CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF0perating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$152,488\$128,343\$42,330\$43,553Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled InvestmentsNoncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments265,130298,38995,24456,622	CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS									
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 152,488 \$ 128,343 \$ 42,330 \$ 43,553Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled InvestmentsNoncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments265,130 298,389 95,244 56,622	Beginning of Year		426,732		420,807		100,177		94,599	
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$152,488\$128,343\$42,330\$43,553Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled InvestmentsNoncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments265,130298,38995,24456,622	End of Year	\$	417,618	\$	426,732	\$	137,574	\$	100,175	
Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF							_		
Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	152,488	\$	128,343	\$	42,330	\$	43,553	
Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments265,130298,38995,24456,622			_		·				· _	
			265,130		298,389		95,244		56,622	
	Total Cash at the End of the Year	\$		\$		\$		\$		

^a Increases and decreases in the fair value of investments are treated as additions or deductions to cash and equity in pooled investments and long-term investments. Information on the increases or decreases in the fair value of long-term investments is shown in the Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities section of the Statement of Cash Flows.

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
		Drainage and	d Wa	stewater		Solid Waste				
		2015		2014		2015		2014		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Cash Received from Customers	\$	358,746	\$	346,022	\$	183,505	\$	175,240		
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(169,893)		(155,801)		(109,107)		(109,584)		
Cash Paid to Employees		(57,019)		(57,034)		(22,675)		(22,087)		
Cash Paid for Taxes		(47,181)		(44,634)		(20,942)		(20,642)		
Net Cash from Operating Activities		84,653		88,553		30,781		22,927		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans		_		_		_		_		
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		_		_		_		_		
Operating Grants Received		799		1,029		818		838		
Transfers In		_		_		_		_		
Transfers Out		_		_		_		_		
Bonneville Receipts for Conservation		_		_		_		_		
Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation		_		_		_		_		
Loans Provided to Other Funds		_		_		_		_		
Proceeds from Interfund Loans		_		_		_		_		
Payments for Environmental Liabilities		(1,791)		(1,850)		(1,358)		_		
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities		(992)		(821)		(540)		838		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt		_		144,425		39,274		107,496		
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding		(19,229)		(42,524)		(4,820)		(49,017)		
Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid		(117,458)		(89,353)		(53,841)		(29,590)		
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(27,614)		(25,429)		(7,732)		(6,977)		
Capital Fees and Grants Received		5,773		1,887		_		78		
Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds		_		_		_		_		
Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements		—		—		—		—		
Debt Issuance Costs		—		(865)		(298)		(630)		
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		687		222		257		2,420		
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(157,841)		(11,637)		(27,160)		23,780		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES ^a										
Interest and Investment Income (Loss)		1,927		2,262		706		703		
Net Cash from Investing Activities		1,927		2,262		706		703		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and										
Equity in Pooled Investments		(72,253)		78,357		3,787		48,248		
CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS										
Beginning of Year		200,733		122,376		81,568		33,320		
End of Year	\$	128,480	\$	200,733	\$	85,355	\$	81,568		
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF										
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	100,901	\$	101,301	\$	42,220	\$	32,395		
Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments		—		—		—		—		
Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments		27,579		99,432		43,135		49,173		
Total Cash at the End of the Year	\$	128,480	\$	200,733	\$	85,355	\$	81,568		

^a Increases and decreases in the fair value of investments are treated as additions or deductions to cash and equity in pooled investments and long-term investments. Information on the increases or decreases in the fair value of long-term investments is shown in the Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities section of the Statement of Cash Flows.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Nonmaj	or Fu	inds	Comparative Totals			otals
		2015		2014		2015		2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash Received from Customers	\$	79,580	\$	69,905	\$	1,721,535	\$	1,716,483
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(33,311)		(31,367)		(699,915)		(638,198)
Cash Paid to Employees		(33,977)		(31,075)		(353,000)		(346,357)
Cash Paid for Taxes		(1,585)		(1,676)		(190,425)		(189,159)
Net Cash from Operating Activities		10,707		5,787		478,195		542,769
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans		(6,494)		(5,050)		(18,753)		(42,307)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt				_		(10,482)		(33,693)
Operating Grants Received		118		194		6,564		7,470
Transfers In		8,931		11,512		8,931		11,512
Transfers Out		_		_		_		_
Bonneville Receipts for Conservation		_		_		2,225		6,722
Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation		_		_		(35,230)		(33,111)
Loans Provided to Other Funds		_		_				_
Proceeds from Interfund Loans		7,600		6,494		7,600		6,494
Payments for Environmental Liabilities						(3,149)		(1,850)
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities		10,155		13,150		(42,294)		(78,763)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		- ,		- ,				()
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt		_		_		714,568		551,318
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding		(2,950)		(1,857)		(483,837)		(190,481)
Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid		(1,478)		(814)		(596,053)		(457,131)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(2,823)		(3,740)		(160,975)		(134,209)
Capital Fees and Grants Received		_		_		49,335		30,634
Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds		_		_		_		(127,102)
Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements		_		_		2,110		2,063
Debt Issuance Costs		_		_		(3,171)		(3,158)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets				_		8,008		4,844
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(7,251)		(6,411)		(470,015)		(323,222)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES ^a		())				())		
Interest and Investment Income (Loss)		442		467		7,984		10,315
Net Cash from Investing Activities		442		467		7,984		10,315
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and						.,		
Equity in Pooled Investments		14,053		12,993		(26,130)		151,099
CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS		· · · ·		y		(-,)		- ,
Beginning of Year		40,668		27,675		849,876		698,777
End of Year	\$	54,721	\$	40,668	\$	823,746	\$	849,876
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF	-	,, =1		,				
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	54,671	\$	40,630	\$	392,610	\$	346,222
Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	-	,0,1	*	,	Ŧ		-	
Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments		50		38		431,138		503,654
Total Cash at the End of the Year	\$	54,721	\$	40,668	\$	823,748	\$	849,876
Total Cuon at the Life of the Total	Ψ	57,721	Ψ	+0,000	Ψ	025,770	Ψ	0.17,070

^a Increases and decreases in the fair value of investments are treated as additions or deductions to cash and equity in pooled investments and long-term investments. Information on the increases or decreases in the fair value of long-term investments is shown in the Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities section of the Statement of Cash Flows.

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

20152014Cash Recover from Outsomers\$24.11.34\$21.20.09Cash Paid to Suppliers(82.522)(77.565)Cash Paid to Suppliers(82.522)(77.565)Cash Paid to Suppliers(82.522)(77.565)Cash Paid to Suppliers(83.30)(42.352)Cash Paid to Employees(83.30)(404)Net Cash Irom Operating Activities70.37051.146Cash Paid to Long-Term Debt and Interfund LoansOperating Grants Received88473Transfers Out(61.59)(60.69)Bonneville Receipts for ConservationPayments Out Other FundsPayments for ConservationPayments for Conservation <th></th> <th colspan="3">Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds</th>		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
S 241,134 S 212,069 Cash Paid to Suppliers (#2,522) (?7,755) Cash Paid to Employees (#33) (#04) Cash Paid to Taxes (#33) (#04) Net Cash from Operating Activities ?0,370 \$1,146 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPTTAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES ?0,370 \$1,146 CASH Flow FROM NONCAPTTAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			2015	2014
Cash Paid to Suppliers (82,522) (77,565) Cash Paid to Employees (87,809) (82,2954) Cash Paid to Taxes (433) (404) Net Cash from Operating Activities 70,370 51,146 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES - - Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans - - Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt - - Operating Grants Received 88 473 Transfers In 341 301 Transfers Out - - Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation - - Dans Provided to Other Funds - - Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities (5,730) (5,285) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING - - - Cash from Sole of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt (89,13) (205) (17,633) Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding (16,945) (1492) (141) - Cash from Noncapital Financity Activities - -	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash Paid to Employees (87,809) (82,954) Cash Fluid for Taxes (433) (404) Net Cash from Operating Activities 70,370 51,146 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES - - Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans - - Operating Grants Received 88 473 Transfers In 341 301 Transfers Out - - Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation - - Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation - - Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation - - Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation - - Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation - - Payments for Environmental Liabilities - - - Proceeds from Nacquital Financing Activities (5,730) (2238) Cati LOWS FROM CAPTIAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITES (6,191) (22,381) Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt (9,733) <td>Cash Received from Customers</td> <td>\$</td> <td>241,134 \$</td> <td>212,069</td>	Cash Received from Customers	\$	241,134 \$	212,069
Cash Paid for Taxes (433) (404) Net Cash from Operating Activities 70,370 51,146 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES - - Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans - - Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt - - Operating Grams Received 88 473 Transfers In 341 301 Tansfers Out (6,159) (6,6069) Bonneville Receipts for Conservation - - Payments to Vendors on Behalf Of Customers for Conservation - - Cash Frow Moncapital Financing Activities (5,730) (5295) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (6,945) 14,926 Capital Expenses and Other Long-Term Debt (8,913) (10,942) Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt (9,733) (10,942) Capital Expenses and Other Long-Seried (11) - Payment To Trastee for Defeased Bonds - - Payment to Trastee for Defeased Bonds - - Payment to Trastee for Defeased Bonds	Cash Paid to Suppliers		(82,522)	(77,565)
Net Cash from Operating Activities70,37051,146CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIESPrincipal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans——Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt——Operating Grants Received88473Transfers In341301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Bonnevilk Receipts for Conservation——Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation——Loans Provided to Other Funds——Payments for Environmental Liabilities——Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities(5,730)(5,295)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(60,211)(22,384)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60,211)(22,384)Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements——Payments on Long-Term DebtPayments on Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60,211)(22,384)Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements———————Payments on Long-Term Debt(1,623)(1,063)Ut Cash from Capital AssetsNet Cash from Capital AssetsNet	Cash Paid to Employees		(87,809)	(82,954)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIESPrincipal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund LoansInterest Paid on Long-Term DebtOperating Grants Received88473Transfers Nut6(5159)(60.699)Bonneville Receipts for ConservationPayments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for ConservationLoans Provided to Other FundsPayments to Fundors on Behalf of Customers for ConservationLoans Provided to Other FundsPayments to Nenders on Behalf of Customers for ConservationNet Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities(5,730)(5,295)(5,295)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(60,211)(22,384)Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt8,913(205)Principial Payments on Long-Term Debt(60,211)(22,384)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(141)-Payment to Instee for Defeased BondsInterest Received for Suburban Infrastructure ImprovementsDebt Isuance Costs(45)(107)Proceeds from Sale of Costi I Assets1.6231.103Net Cash from Investing Activities5621.335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621.335Net Cash from Capital Assets1.6231.103Net Cash from Capital Assets1.6231.103Net Cash	Cash Paid for Taxes		(433)	(404)
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund LoansInterest Paid on Long-Term DebtOperating Grants Received88473Transfers In341301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Bonneville Receipts for ConservationPayments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for ConservationLoans Provided to Other FundsPayments for Environmental LiabilitiesNet Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities(5,730)(5,295)CASII FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(16,945)14,426Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60,211)(22,384)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt and Refunding(16,945)14,426Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(107)-Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Expenses and Grants Received(11)-Payment to Trustee for Defeased BondsInterest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital Assets1,6231,355Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335<	Net Cash from Operating Activities		70,370	51,146
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt——Operating Grants Received88473Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Bonneville Receipts for Conservation——Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation——Loans Provided to Other Funds——Payments for Environmental Liabilities——Payments for Environmental Liabilities——Proceeds from Noncapital Financing Activities(5,730)(5,295)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(60,611)(22,384)Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt8,913(205)Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding(16,945)14,926Capital Expenses and Other Cong-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Expenses and Other Cong-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Expenses and Other Cong-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Expense and Grants Received(141)—Proceeds from Sale of Copital Assets1,623(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,623(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,623(107)Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Act	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Operating Grants Received 88 473 Transfers In 341 301 Transfers Out (6,159) (6,069) Bonneville Receipts for Conservation — — Loans Provided to Other Funds — — Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation — — Loans Provided to Other Funds — — Payments for Environmental Liabilities — — Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities (5,730) (5,295) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITALAND RELATED FINANCING	Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Interfund Loans		_	_
Tansfers In341301Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Bonneville Receipts for Conservation––Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation––Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation––Payments for Environmental Liabilities––Payments for Environmental Liabilities––Payments for Environmental Liabilities––Payments for Environmental Liabilities––Payments for Environmental Liabilities––Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt8,913(205)Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding(16,945)14,926Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60211)(22,384)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60211)(22,384)Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements––Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds–––Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Novesting Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,	Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		_	_
Transfers Out(6,159)(6,069)Bonneville Receipts for ConservationPayments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for ConservationLoans Provided to Other FundsPayments for Environmental LiabilitiesNet Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities(5,730)(5,295)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(16,945)14,926Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt8,913(205)Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding(16,945)14,926Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60,211)(22,384)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60,211)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Fees and Grants ReceivedInterest Received for Suburban Infrastructure ImprovementsDebt Issuance Costs(45)(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Nate of Capital Assets5621,335Net Cash from Nate of Capital Assets5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities </td <td>Operating Grants Received</td> <td></td> <td>88</td> <td>473</td>	Operating Grants Received		88	473
Bonneville Receipts for Conservation——Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation——Loans Provided to Other Funds——Payments for Environmental Liabilities——Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities(5,730)(5,295)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(16,945)14,926Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt8,913(205)Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding(16,945)14,926Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60,211)(22,384)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Fees and Grants Received——Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements——Debt Issuance Costs(45)(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(76,539)(17,609)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES*Interest Paid Investments5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,3351,335Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash andEquity in Pooled Investments103,18973,612Equity in Pooled Investments\$9,1852\$103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF0\$24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$21,984 <t< td=""><td>Transfers In</td><td></td><td>341</td><td>301</td></t<>	Transfers In		341	301
Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for ConservationLoans Provided to Other FundsPayments for Environmental LiabilitiesNet Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities(5,730)(5,295)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES8,913(205)Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding(16,945)14,926Capital Expenses and Other Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60,211)(22,384)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Fees and Grants Received(141)-Payment to Trustee for Defeased BondsInterest Received for Suburban Infrastructure ImprovementsDebt Issuance Costs(45)(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(76,539)(17,609)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES*Interest and Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities(11,337)29,577CASH FLOWS FROM OTHE YEAR CONSISTS OFOperating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$2,690CASH ATT HE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OFOperating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$2,690Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,	Transfers Out		(6,159)	(6,069)
Loans Provided to Other Funds——Payments for Environmental Liabilities——Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities(5,730)(5,295)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	Bonneville Receipts for Conservation		_	_
Payments for Environmental Liabilities———Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities(5,730)(5,295)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(5,730)(5,295)Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt8,913(205)Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding(16,945)14,926Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60,211)(22,384)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Fees and Grants Received(141)—Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds——Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements——Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements——Debt Issuance Costs(45)(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(76,539)(17,609)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES*5621,335Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and5621,335Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS§91,852\$Beginning of Year§91,852\$103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF———Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$27,690\$24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$1,98458,3833	Payments to Vendors on Behalf of Customers for Conservation		_	_
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities(5,730)(5,295)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES8,913(205)Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt8,913(205)Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding(16,945)14,926Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60,211)(22,384)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Expenses and Grants Received(141)Payment to Trustee for Defeased BondsInterest Received for Suburban Infrastructure ImprovementsDebt Issuance Costs(45)(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(76,539)(76,009)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES*5621,335Interest and Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTINENTS5103,18973,612Beginning of Year103,18973,612103,189End of Year\$ 91,852\$ 103,18973,612CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTING NOF527,690\$ 24,792Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	Loans Provided to Other Funds		_	_
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIESProceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt8,913(205)Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding(16,945)14,926Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid(60,211)(22,384)Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Fees and Grants Received(141)Payment to Trustee for Defeased BondsInterest Received for Suburban Infrastructure ImprovementsDebt Issuance Costs(45)(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(76,539)(17,609)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES*5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS56210,3189Beginning of Year103,18973,612End of Year\$ 91,852103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF527,690Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	Payments for Environmental Liabilities		_	_
ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt 8,913 (205) Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding (16,945) 14,926 Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid (60,211) (22,384) Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt (9,733) (10,942) Capital Fees and Grants Received (111) Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements Debt Issuance Costs (45) (107) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 1,623 1,103 Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities (76,539) (17,609) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES * Interest and Investing Activities 562 1,335 Net Cash from Investing Activities 562 1,335 Net Crease) in Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments (11,37) 29,577 CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS Beginning of Year 103,189 7	Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities		(5,730)	(5,295)
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding $(16,945)$ $14,926$ Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid $(60,211)$ $(22,384)$ Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt $(9,733)$ $(10,942)$ Capital Fees and Grants Received (141) $$ Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds $$ $$ Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $$ $$ Debt Issuance Costs (45) (107) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,623$ $1,103$ Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(76,539)$ $(17,609)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES* 562 $1,335$ Net Cash from Investing Activities 562 $1,335$ Net Cash from Investing Activities $(11,337)$ $29,577$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $103,189$ $73,612$ Beginning of Year $103,189$ $73,612$ End of Year§ 91,852\$ 103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF 9 $24,792$ Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$ 27,690$ \$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$ 27,690$ \$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$ 21,178$ $20,014$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$ 51,984$ $$ 58,383$				
Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid $(60,211)$ $(22,384)$ Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt $(9,733)$ $(10,942)$ Capital Fees and Grants Received (141) $$ Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds $$ $$ Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements $$ $$ Debt Issuance Costs (45) (107) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,623$ $1,103$ Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(76,539)$ $(17,609)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES* 562 $1,335$ Net Cash from Investing Activities 562 $1,335$ Net Cash from Investing Activities 562 $1,335$ Net Cash from Investing Activities 562 $1,335$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and $(11,337)$ $29,577$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS 562 $103,189$ Beginning of Year $103,189$ $73,612$ End of Year $$91,852$ $$103,189$ CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF S $27,690$ $$24,792$ Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$12,178$ $20,014$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$21,984$ $$58,383$	Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Other Long-Term Debt		8,913	(205)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt(9,733)(10,942)Capital Fees and Grants Received(141)Payment to Trustee for Defeased BondsInterest Received for Suburban Infrastructure ImprovementsDebt Issuance Costs(45)(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(76,539)(17,609)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES*5621,335Interest and Investment Income (Loss)5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS103,18973,612Beginning of Year103,18973,612End of Year\$ 91,852\$ 103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 1,21,7820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 1,21,7820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 1,934\$ 58,383	Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt and Refunding		(16,945)	14,926
Capital Fees and Grants Received(141)-Payment to Trustee for Defeased BondsInterest Received for Suburban Infrastructure ImprovementsDebt Issuance Costs(45)(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(76,539)(17,609)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES*1-Interest and Investment Income (Loss)5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investments(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS103,18973,612Beginning of Year103,18973,612End of Year\$ 91,852103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF $$ 27,690$ \$ 24,792Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 1,98458,383	Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid		(60,211)	(22,384)
Payment to Trustee for Defeased BondsInterest Received for Suburban Infrastructure ImprovementsDebt Issuance Costs(45)(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(76,539)(17,609)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES*Interest and Investment Income (Loss)5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities103,18973,612Equity in Pooled Investments103,18973,612End of Year\$91,852\$CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF	Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(9,733)	(10,942)
Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure ImprovementsDebt Issuance Costs (45) (107) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,623$ $1,103$ Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(76,539)$ $(17,609)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES * 562 $1,335$ Net Cash from Investing Activities 562 $1,335$ Net Cash from Investing Activities 562 $1,335$ Net Cash from Investing Activities 562 $1,335$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and $(11,337)$ $29,577$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $103,189$ $73,612$ Beginning of Year $103,189$ $73,612$ End of Year $$91,852$ $$103,189$ CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF $$27,690$ $$24,792$ Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$27,690$ $$24,792$ Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$2,1984$ $$28,383$	Capital Fees and Grants Received		(141)	_
Debt Issuance Costs(45)(107)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $1,623$ $1,103$ Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities $(76,539)$ $(17,609)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES ^a Interest and Investment Income (Loss) 562 $1,335$ Net Cash from Investing Activities 562 $1,335$ Net Cash from Investing Activities 562 $1,335$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and $(11,337)$ $29,577$ Equity in Pooled Investments $(11,337)$ $29,577$ CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS $103,189$ $73,612$ Beginning of Year $103,189$ $73,612$ End of Year $$91,852$ $$103,189$ CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF $$27,690$ $$24,792$ Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$27,690$ $$24,792$ Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$2,0,014$ Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments $$21,984$ $$58,383$	Payment to Trustee for Defeased Bonds		_	_
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets1,6231,103Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(76,539)(17,609)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES *111Interest and Investment Income (Loss)5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and(11,337)29,577Equity in Pooled Investments(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS103,18973,612Beginning of Year103,18973,612End of Year\$ 91,852\$ 103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF0perating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	Interest Received for Suburban Infrastructure Improvements		_	_
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities(17,609)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES a(17,609)Interest and Investment Income (Loss)562Net Cash from Investing Activities562Net Cash from Investing Activities562Net Cash from Investing Activities562Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and(11,337)Equity in Pooled Investments(11,337)CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS103,189Beginning of Year103,189End of Year\$ 91,852CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF27,690Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,178Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,984Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,984	Debt Issuance Costs		(45)	(107)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES *Interest and Investment Income (Loss)5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and(11,337)29,577Equity in Pooled Investments(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS103,18973,612Beginning of Year103,18973,612End of Year\$ 91,852\$ 103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF527,690Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		1,623	1,103
Interest and Investment Income (Loss)5621,335Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and5621,335Equity in Pooled Investments(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS103,18973,612Beginning of Year103,18973,612End of Year\$ 91,852\$ 103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(76,539)	(17,609)
Net Cash from Investing Activities5621,335Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and(11,337)29,577Equity in Pooled Investments(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS103,18973,612Beginning of Year103,18973,612End of Year\$ 91,852\$ 103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF524,792Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES ^a			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and(11,337)29,577Equity in Pooled Investments(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS103,18973,612Beginning of Year103,18973,612End of Year\$ 91,852\$ 103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF524,792Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	Interest and Investment Income (Loss)		562	1,335
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and(11,337)29,577Equity in Pooled Investments(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS103,18973,612Beginning of Year103,18973,612End of Year\$ 91,852\$ 103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF524,792Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	Net Cash from Investing Activities		562	1,335
Equity in Pooled Investments(11,337)29,577CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTSBeginning of Year103,18973,612End of Year\$ 91,852\$ 103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OFOperating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and			
CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTSBeginning of Year103,18973,612End of Year\$ 91,852\$ 103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383			(11,337)	29,577
End of Year\$91,852\$103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OFOperating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$27,690\$24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383				
End of Year\$ 91,852\$ 103,189CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OFOperating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$ 27,690\$ 24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	Beginning of Year		103,189	73,612
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments\$27,690\$24,792Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	End of Year	\$	91,852 \$	
Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383	CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF		=	
Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments12,17820,014Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383		\$	27,690 \$	24,792
Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments51,98458,383				
	Total Cash at the End of the Year	\$	91,852 \$	

^a Increases and decreases in the fair value of investments are treated as additions or deductions to cash and equity in pooled investments and long-term investments. Information on the increases or decreases in the fair value of long-term investments is shown in the Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities section of the Statement of Cash Flows.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

Light Water 2015 2014 2015 2014 CASH PROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 5 110,840 \$ 152,355 \$ 58,371 \$ 58,501 Operating Income (Loss) S 110,840 \$ 152,355 \$ 58,371 \$ 58,501 Operating Activities Depreciation and Anomization 112,000 105,813 50,043 \$ 51,466 Depreciation and Anomization 112,000 105,813 50,043 \$ 51,466 Depreciation and Anomization 112,000 105,813 50,043 \$ 51,466 Depreciation and Anomization 112,000 105,813 50,043 \$ 1,222 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities 6,510 2,203 \$ 2,222 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities \$ 5,477 \$ 9,80 \$ 3,80 \$ 3,80 \$ 3,80 \$ 1,80 \$ 1,80 \$ 1,52 \$ 2,007 \$ 3,80			Busir	ess-Type Activit	ties - E	Interprise Funds	i	
EFC ONCILIATION OF OPERATING ACTIVITIES S 110,840 S 152,355 S 58,371 S 58,501 Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities 112,000 105,813 50,043 51,166 Depreciation Charge to 0&M Accounts 6.310 2.289 Anontrzation of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses 5,547 5,193 2.204 2.2222 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities Accounts 6,5069 14,208 (184) 315 Other Receivable (5,247) (9,339) (786) 380 Unbilled Receivables (1,145) 17 - - Other Receivables (1,145) 17 - - Ubilities and Other Funds (2,055) (1,457) (133) (56) Due from Other Funds (2,055) 11,452 200 1,054 Accounts Payable 14,551 3,676 1,526 2,055 Salaries, Benefins, and Payroll Taxes Payable 11,522 500 1,054		 Li	g h t		Water			
CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) \$ 110,840 \$ 152,355 \$ \$8,371 \$ \$8,871 Adjustments to Recordie Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities 5 110,840 \$ 152,355 \$ \$8,871 \$ \$8,871 Depreciation and Anomitzation 112,000 105,813 \$0,043 \$1,466 Depreciation and Anomitzation 6,310 2,289 - - Amoritization of Other Liabilities 5,947 \$1,93 2,204 2,222 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities (5,247) (9,339) (786) 380 Unbilde Receivables (5,906) 14,208 (184) 315 Other Receivables (2,056) (1,457) (133) (650) Due from Other Funds (2,020) 1,192 37 (67) Accounts Payable 1,055 1,786 1,206 1,205 3,206 1,552 2,0055 \$34aries, Bmenchis, and Payord Taxes Payable 1,152 2,007 39 2		2015		2014		2015		2014
Again Query Line Reconsible Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Perpreciation and Amortization 112,000 105,813 50,043 51,466 Depreciation Charged to Q&M Accounts 6,310 2,249 — — Amoritzation of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses 25,932 22,165 1,692 — Amoritzation of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses 25,947 7,939 2,204 2,222 Charges in Operating Assets and Liabilities -	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
from Operating Activities 112,000 105,813 50,043 51,466 Depreciation and Amortization 0.016 2,289 — — Amortization of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses 25,932 22,165 1.692 — Nonoperating Assets and Liabilities 5,001 5,169 2,222 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities (5,247) (9,339) (786) 380 Unbilled Receivables (5,500) 14,208 (164) 315 Other Receivables (5,500) 14,457 (133) (56) Due from Other Funds (262) 193 (77) 781 Materials and Supplies Inventory (2,010) 1,192 37 (67) Accounts Payable 14,551 3,676 1,526 2,055 Salaries, Benefis, and Payroll Taxes Payable 1,035 1,184 2,017 442 Compensated Absences Payable 1,152 500 1,054 2,055 Due to Other Funds - - - - - 69) </td <td>Operating Income (Loss)</td> <td>\$ 110,840</td> <td>\$</td> <td>152,355</td> <td>\$</td> <td>58,371</td> <td>\$</td> <td>58,501</td>	Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 110,840	\$	152,355	\$	58,371	\$	58,501
Depreciation Charged to O&M Accounts 6.310 2.289 Amorization of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses 25.932 22,165 1.692 Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses 25.947 2,193 2,204 2,222 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities								
Amortization of Oher Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses 25.932 22,165 1,692 — Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses 5,047 5,193 2,204 2,222 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities 380 Accounts Receivable (5,247) (9,339) (786) 380 Unbilled Receivables (1,145) 17 — — Due from Other Funds (2,056) (1,457) (133) (56) Due from Other Funds (2010) 1,192 37 (67) Accounts Payable 1,035 1,786 2,005 3807 Statrics, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 1,315 1,786 2,107 442 Compensated Absences Payable 61 1,152 500 1,054 Due to Other Funds 61 1,152 500 1,054 Due to Other Funds 2,937 7,527 1,241 1,666 Charnes Payable 1,552 (2,707) 2,93 2,21 1,245 64,919 <td< td=""><td>Depreciation and Amortization</td><td>112,000</td><td></td><td>105,813</td><td></td><td>50,043</td><td></td><td>51,466</td></td<>	Depreciation and Amortization	112,000		105,813		50,043		51,466
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses 5,047 5,193 2,204 2,222 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities -	Depreciation Charged to O&M Accounts	6,310		2,289		_		
Charges in Operating Assets and Liabilities (5,247) (9,339) (786) 380 Unbilled Receivables (5,906) 14,208 (184) 315 Other Receivables (1,145) 1.7 — — Due from Other Funds (2,056) (1,457) (133) (56) Due from Other Governments (2,010) 1,192 37 (67) Accounts Payable 14,551 3,676 1,526 2,055 Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 14,551 3,676 1,526 2,055 Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 4,238 1,152 500 1,054 Due to Other Governments — — — (69) Claims Payable (11,840) (1,380) (149) 122 Due to Other Governments	Amortization of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses	25,932		22,165		1,692		_
Accounts Receivable (5,247) (9,339) (786) 380 Unbilled Receivables (5,906) 14,208 (184) 315 Other Receivables (1,145) 17 — — Due from Other Funds (2,056) (1,145) 177	Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses	5,047		5,193		2,204		2,222
Ubilied Receivables (5,96) (1,208) (1,84) 315 Other Receivables (1,145) 17 Due from Other Funds (2,056) (1,457) (133) (56) Due from Other Governments (262) 193 (77) 781 Materials and Supplies Inventory (2,010) 1,192 37 (67) Accounts Payable 14,551 3,676 1,526 2,055 Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 1,035 1,786 2,107 442 Compensated Absences Payable 4,238 1,236 (15) 458 Due to Other Governments - - - (69) Claims Payable (11,840) (1,380) (149) 122 Taxes Payable 1,552 (2,707) 39 2 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 2,937 7,527 1,241 1,665 Other Asers and Liabilities (12,363) 4,370 7,318 8,458 Total Adjustments 117,212	Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities							
Other Receivables (1,145) 17 — — — Due from Other Funds (2,056) (1,457) (133) (56) Due from Other Governments (262) 193 (77) 781 Materials and Supplies Inventory (2,010) 1,192 37 (67) Accounts Payable 14,551 3,676 1,526 2,055 Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 1,035 1,786 2,107 442 Compensated Absences Payable 61 1,152 500 1,054 Due to Other Governments — — — (69) 1,055 Claims Payable (11,840) (1,380) (149) 122 Taxes Payable 1,552 (2,077) 39 2 Unearmed Revenues and Other Credits 2,937 7,527 1,241 1,665 Other Assets and Liabilitizes 117,212 145,227 65,631 69,419 Net Cash from Operating Activities \$ 228,052 \$ 297,582 \$ 127	Accounts Receivable	(5,247)		(9,339)		(786)		380
Due from Other Funds $(2,056)$ $(1,457)$ (133) (56) Due from Other Governments (262) 193 (77) 781 Materials and Supplies Inventory $(2,010)$ $1,192$ 37 (67) Accounts Payable $14,551$ $3,676$ $1,526$ $2,055$ Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable $10,355$ $1,786$ $2,107$ 442 Compensated Absences Payable 4238 $11,22$ 500 $1,054$ Due to Other Funds 61 $1,152$ 500 $1,054$ Due to Other Governments $$ $$ $ (69)$ Claims Payable $(11,840)$ $(1,380)$ (149) 122 Taxes Payable $1,552$ $(2,707)$ 39 2 Uncarred Revenues and Liabilities $(4,622)$ $(10,707)$ 268 191 Rate Stabilization $(23,363)$ $4,370$ $7,318$ $8,458$ Totta Adyustments 5 $228,052$	Unbilled Receivables	(5,906)		14,208		(184)		315
Due from Other Governments (262) 193 (77) 781 Materials and Supplies Inventory (2,010) 1,192 37 (67) Accounts Payable 14,551 3,676 1,526 2,055 Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 1,035 1,786 2,107 442 Compensated Absences Payable 4,238 1,236 (15) 458 Due to Other Funds 61 1,152 500 1,054 Due to Other Governments — — — (69) Claims Payable (11,840) (1,380) (149) 122 Taxes Payable 1,552 (2,07) 39 2 Unearmed Revenues and Other Credits 2,937 7,527 1,241 1,665 Other Assets and Liabilities (4,622) (10,707) 268 191 Rate Stabilization (23,363) 4,370 7,318 8,458 Total Adjustments 117,212 145,227 65,631 69,419 Nor Cash from Operating Activities —<	Other Receivables	(1,145)		17		_		_
Materials and Supplies Inventory (2,010) 1,192 37 (67) Accounts Payable 14,551 3,676 1,526 2,055 Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 1,035 1,786 2,107 442 Compensated Absences Payable 4,238 1,236 (15) 488 Due to Other Funds 61 1,152 500 1,054 Due to Other Governments - - - (69) Claims Payable (11,840) (1,380) (149) 122 Taxes Payable 1,552 (2,707) 39 2 Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits 2,937 7,527 1,241 1,665 Other Assets and Liabilities (4,622) (10,707) 268 191 Rate Stabilization (23,363) 4,370 7,318 8,458 Total Adjustments 117,212 145,227 65,631 69,419 Net Cash from Operating Activities \$ 228,052 \$ 297,582 \$ 124,002 \$ 127,920 NonCash Inversition of D	Due from Other Funds	(2,056)		(1,457)		(133)		(56)
Accounts Payable 14,551 3,676 1,526 2,055 Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 1,035 1,786 2,107 442 Compensated Absences Payable 4,238 1,236 (15) 458 Due to Other Funds 61 1,152 500 1,054 Due to Other Governments — — — (69) Claims Payable (11,840) (1,380) (149) 122 Taxes Payable 1,552 (2,707) 39 2 Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits 2,937 7,527 1,241 1,665 Other Assets and Liabilities (4,622) (10,707) 268 191 Rate Stabilization (23,363) 4,370 7,318 8,458 Total Adjustments 1117,212 145,227 65,631 69,419 NORCASH INVERSTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING S 1,398 \$ 3,623 \$ 1,602 \$ 4,670 Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net 9,243 7,399 — — — — — — — — —	Due from Other Governments	(262)		193		(77)		781
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 1,035 1,786 2,107 442 Compensated Absences Payable 4,238 1,236 (15) 458 Due to Other Funds 61 1,152 500 1,054 Due to Other Governments — — — (69) Claims Payable (11,840) (11,380) (149) 122 Taxes Payable 1,552 (2,707) 39 2 Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits 2,937 7,527 1,241 1,665 Other Assets and Liabilities (4,622) (10,077) 268 191 Rate Stabilization (23,363) 4,370 7,318 8,458 Total Adjustments 1117,212 145,227 65,631 69,419 NORCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING \$ 1,398 \$ 3,623 \$ 169,00 \$ 127,920 NORCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING \$ 1,398 \$ 3,623 \$ 1,602 \$ 4,670 Amortizatio	Materials and Supplies Inventory	(2,010)		1,192		37		(67)
Compensated Absences Payable 4,238 1,236 (15) 458 Due to Other Funds 61 1,152 500 1,054 Due to Other Governments — — — (69) Claims Payable (11,840) (1,380) (149) 122 Taxes Payable 1,552 (2,707) 39 2 Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits 2,937 7,527 1,241 1,665 Other Assets and Liabilities (4,622) (10,707) 268 191 Rate Stabilization (23,363) 4,370 7,318 8,458 Total Adjustments [117,212] 145,227 65,631 69,419 NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING \$ 228,052 \$ 297,582 \$ 124,002 \$ 127,920 NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING \$ 1,398 \$ 3,623 \$ 1,602 \$ 4,670 Allowance for Funds Used During Construction \$,947 5,757 — — — —	Accounts Payable	14,551		3,676		1,526		2,055
Due to Other Funds 61 $1,152$ 500 $1,054$ Due to Other Governments $ (69)$ Claims Payable $(11,840)$ $(1,380)$ (149) 122 Taxes Payable $1,552$ $(2,707)$ 39 2 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits $2,937$ $7,527$ $1,241$ $1,665$ Other Assets and Liabilities $(4,622)$ $(10,707)$ 268 191 Rate Stabilization $(23,363)$ $4,370$ $7,318$ $8,458$ Total Adjustments $117,212$ $145,227$ $65,631$ $69,419$ Net Cash from Operating Activities $$228,052$ $$297,582$ $$124,002$ $$127,920$ NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES $$1,398$ $$3,623$ $$1,602$ $$4,670$ In-Kind Capital Contributions $$1,398$ $$3,623$ $$1,602$ $$4,670$ Allowance for Funds Used During Construction $8,947$ $5,757$ $ -$ Power Exchange Revenues $16,950$ $25,321$ $ -$ Power Exchange Expenses $(17,584)$ $(25,592)$ $ -$ Power Exchange Expenses $6,550$ $6,098$ $ -$ Power Exchange Ixpenses $(8,453)$ $(17,051)$ $ -$ Power Exchange Ixpenses $(8,453)$ $(17,051)$ $ -$ Power Exchange Ixpenses $(6,550)$ $6,098$ $ -$ Power Exchange Ixpenses $(6,550$	Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable	1,035		1,786		2,107		442
Due to Other Governments $ (69)$ Claims Payable $(11,840)$ $(1,380)$ (149) 122 Taxes Payable $1,552$ $(2,707)$ 39 2 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits $2,937$ $7,527$ $1,241$ $1,665$ Other Assets and Liabilities $(4,622)$ $(10,707)$ 268 191 Rate Stabilization $(23,363)$ $4,370$ $7,318$ $8,458$ Total Adjustments $(117,212)$ $145,227$ $65,631$ $69,419$ Net Cash from Operating Activities $$228,052$ $$297,582$ $$124,002$ $$127,920$ NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES $$1,398$ $$3,623$ $$1,602$ $$4,670$ Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net $9,243$ $7,399$ $ -$ Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities $ -$ Power Exchange Revenues $16,950$ $25,321$ $ -$ Power Exchange Revenues $(17,584)$ $(25,592)$ $ -$ Power Exchange Revenues $6,550$ $6,098$ $ -$ Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues $(8,453)$ $(17,051)$ $ -$ Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues $(8,453)$ $(17,051)$ $ -$ Settlement from Nextel $ -$	Compensated Absences Payable	4,238		1,236		(15)		458
Claims Payable $(11,840)$ $(1,380)$ (149) (12) Taxes Payable $1,552$ $(2,707)$ 39 2 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits $2,937$ $7,527$ $1,241$ $1,665$ Other Assets and Liabilities $(4,622)$ $(10,707)$ 268 191 Rate Stabilization $(23,363)$ $4,370$ $7,318$ $8,458$ Total Adjustments $117,212$ $145,227$ $65,631$ $69,419$ Net Cash from Operating Activities 5 $228,052$ 5 $297,582$ 5 $124,002$ 5 $127,920$ NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES 5 $3,623$ 5 $1,602$ 6 $4,670$ Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net $9,243$ $7,399$ $$ $ -$ <td>Due to Other Funds</td> <td>61</td> <td></td> <td>1,152</td> <td></td> <td>500</td> <td></td> <td>1,054</td>	Due to Other Funds	61		1,152		500		1,054
Taxes Payable 1,552 (2,707) 39 2 Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 2,937 7,527 1,241 1,665 Other Assets and Liabilities (4,622) (10,707) 268 191 Rate Stabilization (23,363) 4,370 7,318 8,458 Total Adjustments (23,363) 4,370 7,318 8,458 Not Cash from Operating Activities \$ 228,052 \$ 297,582 \$ 124,002 \$ 127,920 NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES \$ 1,398 \$ 3,623 \$ 1,602 \$ 4,670 Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net 9,243 7,399 </td <td>Due to Other Governments</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>(69)</td>	Due to Other Governments	_		_		_		(69)
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits $2,937$ $7,527$ $1,241$ $1,665$ Other Assets and Liabilities $(4,622)$ $(10,707)$ 268 191 Rate Stabilization $(23,363)$ $4,370$ $7,318$ $8,458$ Total Adjustments $(117,212)$ $145,227$ $65,631$ $69,419$ Net Cash from Operating Activities§ $228,052$ \$ $297,582$ \$ $124,002$ \$ $127,920$ NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$ $1,398$ \$ $3,623$ \$ $1,602$ \$ $4,670$ In-Kind Capital Contributions\$ $1,398$ \$ $3,623$ \$ $1,602$ \$ $4,670$ Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net $9,243$ $7,399$ Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or LiabilitiesPower Exchange Revenues $16,950$ $25,321$ Power Exchange Revenues $(17,584)$ $(25,592)$ Power Exchange Expenses $6,550$ $6,098$ Power Expense Netted against Power Expenses $(8,453)$ $(17,051)$ Settlement from Nextel	Claims Payable	(11,840)		(1,380)		(149)		122
Other Assets and Liabilities $(4,622)$ $(10,707)$ 268 191 Rate Stabilization $(23,363)$ $4,370$ $7,318$ $8,458$ Total Adjustments $117,212$ $145,227$ $65,631$ $69,419$ Net Cash from Operating Activities $\$$ $228,052$ $\$$ $297,582$ $\$$ $124,002$ $\$$ $127,920$ NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES $\$$ $3,623$ $\$$ $1,602$ $\$$ $4,670$ In-Kind Capital Contributions $\$$ $1,398$ $\$$ $3,623$ $\$$ $1,602$ $\$$ $4,670$ Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net $9,243$ $7,399$ $$ $-$ Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities $ -$ Power Exchange Revenues $16,950$ $25,321$ $ -$ Power Exchange Expenses $(17,584)$ $(25,592)$ $ -$ Power Exchange Expenses $(8,453)$ $(17,051)$ $ -$ Power Expense Netted against Power Expenses $(8,453)$ $(17,051)$ $ -$ Settlement from Nextel $ -$	Taxes Payable	1,552		(2,707)		39		2
Rate Stabilization $(23,363)$ $4,370$ $7,318$ $8,458$ Total Adjustments $117,212$ $145,227$ $65,631$ $69,419$ Net Cash from Operating Activities $$228,052$ $$297,582$ $$124,002$ $$127,920$ NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES $$1,398$ $$3,623$ $$1,602$ $$4,670$ In-Kind Capital Contributions $$1,398$ $$3,623$ $$1,602$ $$4,670$ Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net $9,243$ $7,399$ $ -$ Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities $ -$ Allowance for Funds Used During Construction $8,947$ $5,757$ $ -$ Power Exchange Revenues $16,950$ $25,321$ $ -$ Power Exchange Expenses $6,550$ $6,098$ $ -$ Power Exchange Netted against Power Expenses $(8,453)$ $(17,051)$ $ -$ Settlement from Nextel $ -$	Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	2,937		7,527		1,241		1,665
Total Adjustments117,212145,22765,63169,419Net Cash from Operating Activities\$ 228,052\$ 297,582\$ 124,002\$ 127,920NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$ 1,398\$ 3,623\$ 1,602\$ 4,670In-Kind Capital Contributions\$ 1,398\$ 3,623\$ 1,602\$ 4,670Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net9,2437,399——Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities————Allowance for Funds Used During Construction8,9475,757——Power Exchange Revenues16,95025,321———Power Exchange Expenses6,5506,098———Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues(8,453)(17,051)———Settlement from Nextel——————	Other Assets and Liabilities	(4,622)		(10,707)		268		191
Net Cash from Operating Activities\$228,052\$297,582\$124,002\$127,920NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$1,398\$3,623\$1,602\$4,670In-Kind Capital Contributions\$1,398\$3,623\$1,602\$4,670Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net9,2437,399Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or LiabilitiesAllowance for Funds Used During Construction8,9475,757Power Exchange Revenues16,95025,321Power Exchange Expenses(17,584)(25,592)Power Exchange Expenses6,5506,098Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues(8,453)(17,051)Settlement from Nextel	Rate Stabilization	(23,363)		4,370		7,318		8,458
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$ 1,398\$ 3,623\$ 1,602\$ 4,670In-Kind Capital Contributions\$ 1,398\$ 3,623\$ 1,602\$ 4,670Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net9,2437,399Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or LiabilitiesAllowance for Funds Used During Construction8,9475,757Power Exchange Revenues16,95025,321Power Exchange Expenses(17,584)(25,592)Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses6,5506,098Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues(8,453)(17,051)Settlement from Nextel	Total Adjustments	 117,212		145,227		65,631		69,419
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$ 1,398\$ 3,623\$ 1,602\$ 4,670In-Kind Capital Contributions\$ 1,398\$ 3,623\$ 1,602\$ 4,670Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net9,2437,399Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or LiabilitiesAllowance for Funds Used During Construction8,9475,757Power Exchange Revenues16,95025,321Power Exchange Expenses(17,584)(25,592)Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses6,5506,098Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues(8,453)(17,051)Settlement from Nextel	Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ 228,052	\$	297,582	\$	124,002	\$	127,920
Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net9,2437,399Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or LiabilitiesAllowance for Funds Used During Construction8,9475,757Power Exchange Revenues16,95025,321Power Exchange Expenses(17,584)(25,592)Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses6,5506,098Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues(8,453)(17,051)Settlement from Nextel								
Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net9,2437,399Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or LiabilitiesAllowance for Funds Used During Construction8,9475,757Power Exchange Revenues16,95025,321Power Exchange Expenses(17,584)(25,592)Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses6,5506,098Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues(8,453)(17,051)Settlement from Nextel	In-Kind Capital Contributions	\$ 1,398	\$	3,623	\$	1,602	\$	4,670
Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities———Allowance for Funds Used During Construction8,9475,757——Power Exchange Revenues16,95025,321——Power Exchange Expenses(17,584)(25,592)——Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses6,5506,098——Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues(8,453)(17,051)——Settlement from Nextel—————		9,243		7,399		_		_
Power Exchange Revenues16,95025,321Power Exchange Expenses(17,584)(25,592)Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses6,5506,098Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues(8,453)(17,051)Settlement from Nextel		_		_		_		_
Power Exchange Expenses(17,584)(25,592)Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses6,5506,098Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues(8,453)(17,051)Settlement from Nextel	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction	8,947		5,757		_		_
Power Exchange Expenses(17,584)(25,592)Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses6,5506,098Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues(8,453)(17,051)Settlement from Nextel	-	16,950				_		
Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses6,5506,098——Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues(8,453)(17,051)——Settlement from Nextel————	-					_		
Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues (8,453) (17,051) — — Settlement from Nextel — — — — —						_		
Settlement from Nextel						_		
						_		_
1,,,,, ψ 1,,,,, ψ 1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Total Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities	\$ 17,051	\$	5,555	\$	1,602	\$	4,670

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

Drainage and Wastewater Solid Wastewater CASH FROM OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 2015 2014 Operating Income (Loss) \$ 61,658 \$ 57,779 \$ 5,047 \$ 1,806 Adjustments to Recordle Net Objerating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities 23,452 22,190 \$,109 \$,187 Depretation and Anonization 23,452 22,283 1,384 1,076 2,115 Changes in Operating Assest and Liabilities - - - - - Accounts Receivables (1436) 3,129 (268) 3600 10abilited Receivables 2(16) 7 43 Due foum Other Governments (3,356) 268 (250) 79 7 43 Due foum Other Governments (3,356) 268 (250) 79 7 43 39 Accounts Payable 2518 (1766) 2,867 2,070 Salities, Benefits, and Paynell Taxes Payable 2,593 229 709 7 43 30 Accounts Payable			Busir	ness-Type Activit	ies - E	nterprise Funds			
EFC ONCELLATION OF OPERATING NETWIFES S 61.658 \$ 57,779 \$ 5,047 \$ 1,806 Adjustments to Record le Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities 23,452 22,190 8,109 8,187 Depreciation Charge to O&M Accounts — … <th></th> <th colspan="3"> Drainage and Wastewater</th> <th></th> <th colspan="4">Solid Waste</th>		 Drainage and Wastewater				Solid Waste			
CASI FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 61,658 \$ 57,779 \$ 5,047 \$ 1,806 Adjastments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities 23,452 22,190 8,109 8,187 Depreciation and Anonitzation 23,452 22,190 8,109 8,187 Depreciation and Anonitzation - - - - Amoritzation of Oke Labilities and Other Operating Expenses 1,577 - 9,779 8,109 8,187 Accounts Receivable (1,836) 3,129 (268) 3,000 10016 2,115 100 <		2015		2014		2015		2014	
Adjustments to Recendile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities 23,452 22,190 8,109 8,187 Depreciation and Amoritzation 23,452 22,190 8,109 8,187 Depreciation Charged to O&M Accounts — — — — Amoritzation of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses 1,277 — 577 — Accounts Receivable (1,836) 3,129 (268) 360 Other Receivables — — — — Accounts Receivables — — — — Outher Receivables — — — — — Due from Other Funds 119 32 7 43 Dace from Other Governments (3,856) 268 (2,507) 709 Materials and Supplies Inventory (164) (104) (34) 39 Accounts Payable 2,593 229 709 74 Compensated Absences Payable (73) 548 44 36 Due to Other Go		 							
from Operating Activities 22,190 8,109 8,187 Depreciation Charged to O&M Accounts — …	Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 61,658	\$	57,779	\$	5,047	\$	1,806	
Depreciation Charged to O&M Accounts — — — — — — — — — — — — — Amontization of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses 1,577 — 577 — — — Accounts Receivable 1,183 1,076 2,115 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities (1,836) 3,129 (268) 3600 Unbilled Receivables (440) (229) 57 (60) Other Receivables — … 1 13 3 <t< td=""><td>Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities								
Amortization of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses 1,577 — 577 — Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses 2,285 1,384 1,076 2,115 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities 3,129 (268) 360 Unbilled Receivables (440) (229) 57 (6) Other Receivables — — — — Due from Other Funds (19) 32 7 43 Due from Other Governments (3,856) 268 (250) 79 Materials and Supplies Inventory (164) (104) (34) 39 Accounts Payable 2,593 229 709 74 Compensated Absences Payable (73) 548 44 36 Due to Other Funds (971) 3,685 648 (415) Due to Other Funds (1960) 256 8,711 3 Taxes Payable 11 (35) (100) (122) Unearmed Revenues and Other Credits 370 —	Depreciation and Amortization	23,452		22,190		8,109		8,187	
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses 2,285 1,384 1,076 2,115 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities 3,129 (268) 360 Accounts Receivable (11836) 3,129 (268) 360 Other Receivables -	Depreciation Charged to O&M Accounts	_		_		_		_	
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities I.1836 3.129 (268) 360 Unbilled Receivables (1,836) 3.129 (268) 360 Unbilled Receivables (440) (229) 57 (6) Other Receivables - - - - Due from Other Funds 119 32 7 43 Due from Other Governments (3.856) 268 (250) 79 Materials and Supplies Inventory (164) (104) (34) 39 Accounts Payable 2,593 229 709 74 Compensated Absences Payable (73) 548 44 36 Due to Other Funds (971) 3,685 648 (415) Due to Other Governments 1,144 (36) - - Chains Payable (1,960) 2,256 8,711 3 Due to Other Governments 1,144 (35) (100) (122) Unearrod Revenues and Other Credits 370 - 2,573 2,120 Notacias and Supplies Inventions \$ 8,463 \$ </td <td>Amortization of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses</td> <td>1,577</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>577</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>	Amortization of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses	1,577		_		577		_	
Accounts Receivable (1,836) 3,129 (268) 360 Unbilled Receivables (440) (229) 57 (6) Other Receivables — — — — Due from Other Funds 119 32 7 43 Due from Other Governments (3,856) 268 (250) 79 Materials and Supplies Inventory (164) (104) (34) 39 Accounts Payable 2,593 229 709 74 Compensated Absences Payable (73) 548 44 36 Due to Other Governments 1,144 (36) — — Claims Payable 11 (35) (100) (122) Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 370 — 257 — Other Assets and Liabilities 226 1,223 638 (1,81) Rate Stabilization — — 2,686 10,549 Nota Adjustments 22,995 30,773 25,734 21,120	Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses	2,285		1,384		1,076		2,115	
Unbilled Receivables (440) (229) 57 (6) Other Receivables Due from Other Funds 119 32 7 43 Due from Other Governments (3,855) 268 (250) 79 Materials and Supplies Inventory (164) (104) (34) 39 Accounts Payable 2,593 229 709 74 Compensated Absences Payable (73) 548 444 36 Due to Other Funds (971) 3,685 648 (415) Due to Other Governments 1,144 (36) - - Claims Payable (1,960) 256 8,711 3 Taxes Payable 11 (35) (100) (122) Unearmed Revenues and Other Credits 370 - 257 - Other Assets and Liabilities 226 1,223 638 (1,84) Rate Stabilization - - 2,686 10,549	Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities								
Other Receivables — …	Accounts Receivable	(1,836)		3,129		(268)		360	
Due from Other Funds 119 32 7 43 Due from Other Governments (3,856) 268 (250) 79 Materials and Supplies Inventory (164) (104) (104) (34) 39 Accounts Payable 518 (1,766) 2,867 2,070 Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 2,593 229 709 74 Compensated Absences Payable (73) 548 44 36 Due to Other Funds (971) 3,685 648 (415) Due to Other Governments 1,144 (36) Claims Payable (1,960) 256 8,711 3 Taxes Payable 11 (35) (100) (122) Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 226 1,223 638 (1,891) Rate Stabilization - - - - - Not Cash from Operating Activities \$ 84,653 \$ 8,553 \$ 30,781 \$ 22,927	Unbilled Receivables	(440)		(229)		57		(6)	
Due from Other Governments (3,856) 268 (250) 79 Materials and Supplies Inventory (164) (104) (34) 39 Accounts Payable 518 (1,766) 2.867 2.070 Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 2,593 229 709 74 Compensated Absences Payable (73) 548 44 36 Due to Other Funds (971) 3,685 648 (415) Due to Other Governments 1,144 (36) Claims Payable (1,960) 256 8,711 3 Taxes Payable 11 (35) (100) (122) Unearmed Revenues and Other Credits 370 - 257 Other Assets and Liabilities 226 1,223 638 (1,891) Rate Stabilization - - 2,686 10,549 Total Adjustments S 84,653 S 30,773 25,734 21,120 Nonc Kash from Operating Activities	Other Receivables	_		_		_		_	
Materials and Supplies Inventory (164) (104) (34) 39 Accounts Payable 518 (1,766) 2,867 2,070 Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 2,593 229 709 74 Compensated Absences Payable (73) 548 44 36 Due to Other Funds (971) 3,685 648 (415) Due to Other Governments 1,144 (36) - - Claims Payable (1,960) 256 8,711 3 Taxes Payable 11 (35) (100) (122) Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits 370 - 257 - Other Assets and Liabilities 226 1,223 638 (1,891) Rate Stabilization - - 2,686 10,549 Net Cash from Operating Activities \$ 84,653 \$ 30,781 \$ 22,997 NOXCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES - - - - - -	Due from Other Funds	119		32		7		43	
Accounts Payable 518 (1,76) 2,867 2,070 Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 2,593 229 709 74 Compensated Absences Payable (73) 548 44 36 Due to Other Funds (971) 3,685 648 (415) Due to Other Governments 1,144 (36) - - Claims Payable (1,960) 256 8,711 3 Taxes Payable (1,960) 256 8,711 3 Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits 370 - 257 - Other Assets and Liabilities 226 1,223 638 (1,891) Rate Stabilization - - 2,686 10,549 Total Adjustments 22,995 30,773 25,734 21,120 NORCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING S 4,583 \$ 7,263 \$ - In-Kind Capital Contributions \$ 4,583 \$ 7,263 \$ - - In-Kind Capital Contributions \$ 4,583 \$ 7,263 \$ <td>Due from Other Governments</td> <td>(3,856)</td> <td></td> <td>268</td> <td></td> <td>(250)</td> <td></td> <td>79</td>	Due from Other Governments	(3,856)		268		(250)		79	
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable 2,593 229 709 74 Compensated Absences Payable (73) 548 44 36 Due to Other Funds (971) 3,685 648 (415) Due to Other Governments 1,144 (36) Claims Payable (1,960) 256 8,711 3 Taxes Payable 11 (35) (100) (122) Uncarned Revenues and Other Credits 370 Other Assets and Liabilities 226 1,223 638 (1,891) Rate Stabilization 2,686 10,549 Total Adjustments 22,995 30,773 25,734 21,120 NORCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING S 4,583 \$ 7,263 \$ In-Kind Capital Contributions \$ 4,583 \$ 7,263 \$ In-Kind Capital Contributions \$ 4,583 \$ 7,263 \$ In-Kind Capital Contributions \$ 4,583	Materials and Supplies Inventory	(164)		(104)		(34)		39	
Compensated Absences Payable (73) 548 44 36 Due to Other Funds (971) 3,685 648 (415) Due to Other Governments 1,144 (36) Claims Payable (1,960) 256 8,711 3 Taxes Payable 11 (35) (100) (122) Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 370 - 257 Other Assets and Liabilities 226 1,223 638 (1,891) Rate Stabilization - - 2,686 10,549 Total Adjustments 22,995 30,773 25,734 21,120 NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING \$ 84,653 \$ 88,553 \$ 30,781 \$ 22,992 In-Kind Capital Contributions \$ 4,583 \$ 7,263 \$ - - Allowance for Funds Used During Construction - - - - - - Power Exchange Expenses - <	Accounts Payable	518		(1,766)		2,867		2,070	
Due to Other Funds (971) 3,685 648 (415) Due to Other Governments 1,144 (36) Claims Payable (1,960) 256 8,711 3 Taxes Payable 11 (35) (1000) (122) Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 370 - 257 Other Assets and Liabilities 226 1,223 638 (1,891) Rate Stabilization - - 2,686 10,549 Total Adjustments 22,995 30,773 25,734 21,120 NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING \$ 88,553 \$ 30,781 \$ 22,927 In-Kind Capital Contributions \$ 4,583 \$ 7,263 \$ - - In-Kind Capital Contributions \$ 4,583 \$ 7,263 \$ - - Allowance for Funds Used During Construction - - - - - - Power Exchange Exchange Exchange Expense	Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable	2,593		229		709		74	
Due to Other Governments 1,144 (36) - - Claims Payable (1,960) 256 8,711 3 Taxes Payable 11 (35) (100) (122) Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 370 - 257 - Other Assets and Liabilities 226 1,223 638 (1,891) Rate Stabilization - - - 2,686 10,549 Total Adjustments 22,995 30,773 25,734 21,120 Net Cash from Operating Activities \$ 84,653 \$ 30,781 \$ 22,997 NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES \$ 84,583 \$ 7,263 \$ - - In-Kind Capital Contributions \$ 4,583 \$ 7,263 \$ - - - Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities -	Compensated Absences Payable	(73)		548		44		36	
Claims Payable(1,960)2268,7113Taxes Payable11(135)(100)(122)Unearned Revenues and Other Credits370-257-Other Assets and Liabilities2261,223638(1,891)Rate Stabilization2,68610,549Total Adjustments22,99530,77325,73421,120Net Cash from Operating Activities\$ 84,653\$ 88,553\$ 30,781\$ 22,927NOCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$ 4,583\$ 7,263\$ -\$ -In-Kind Capital Contributions\$ 4,583\$ 7,263\$ -\$ -Amortization of Debt Related Costs, NetChange in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or LiabilitiesPower Exchange RevenuesPower Exchange RevenuesPower Exchange Netted against Power ExpensesPower Exchange Netted against Power RevenuesPower Exchange Netted a	Due to Other Funds	(971)		3,685		648		(415)	
Taxes Payable11 (35) (100) (122) Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 370 $ 257$ $-$ Other Assets and Liabilities 226 $1,223$ 638 $(1,891)$ Rate Stabilization $ 2,686$ $10,549$ Total Adjustments $22,995$ $30,773$ $25,734$ $21,120$ Net Cash from Operating Activities \underline{s} $84,653$ \underline{s} $88,553$ \underline{s} $30,781$ \underline{s} NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES \underline{s} $4,583$ \underline{s} $7,263$ \underline{s} $ -$ In-Kind Capital Contributions \underline{s} $4,583$ \underline{s} $7,263$ \underline{s} $ -$ Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities $ -$ Power Exchange Revenues $ -$ Power Exchange Revenues $ -$ Power Exchange Expenses $ -$ Power Exchange Netted against Power Expenses $ -$ Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues $ -$ Settlement from Nextel $ -$	Due to Other Governments	1,144		(36)		_		_	
Taxes Payable11 (35) (100) (122) Unearned Revenues and Other Credits 370 $ 257$ $-$ Other Assets and Liabilities 226 $1,223$ 638 $(1,891)$ Rate Stabilization $ 2,686$ $10,549$ Total Adjustments $22,995$ $30,773$ $25,734$ $21,120$ Net Cash from Operating Activities \underline{s} $84,653$ \underline{s} $88,553$ \underline{s} $30,781$ \underline{s} NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES \underline{s} $4,583$ \underline{s} $7,263$ \underline{s} $ -$ In-Kind Capital Contributions \underline{s} $4,583$ \underline{s} $7,263$ \underline{s} $ -$ Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities $ -$ Power Exchange Revenues $ -$ Power Exchange Revenues $ -$ Power Exchange Expenses $ -$ Power Exchange Netted against Power Expenses $ -$ Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues $ -$ Settlement from Nextel $ -$	Claims Payable	(1,960)		256		8,711		3	
Other Assets and Liabilities2261,223638(1,891)Rate Stabilization——2,68610,549Total Adjustments22,99530,77325,73421,120Net Cash from Operating Activities\$ 84,653\$ 88,553\$ 30,781\$ 22,927NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$ 4,583\$ 7,263\$ —\$ —In-Kind Capital Contributions\$ 4,583\$ 7,263\$ —\$ —Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net————Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities————Power Exchange Revenues—————Power Exchange Revenues—————Power Exchange Expenses—————Power Exchange Netted against Power Expenses—————Settlement from Nextel——————		11		(35)		(100)		(122)	
Rate Stabilization2,68610,549Total Adjustments22,99530,77325,73421,120Net Cash from Operating Activities\$84,653\$88,553\$30,781\$22,997NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$4,583\$7,263\$-\$-In-Kind Capital Contributions\$4,583\$7,263\$-\$Amortization of Debt Related Costs, NetChange in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities	Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	370		_		257		_	
Total Adjustments22,99530,77325,73421,120Net Cash from Operating Activities\$ 84,653\$ 88,553\$ 30,77325,73421,120NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$ 84,653\$ 88,553\$ 30,781\$ 22,927In-Kind Capital Contributions\$ 4,583\$ 7,263\$ - \$-Amortization of Debt Related Costs, NetChange in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or LiabilitiesAllowance for Funds Used During ConstructionPower Exchange RevenuesPower Exchange ExpensesPower Exchange ExpensesPower Expense Netted against Power RevenuesSettlement from Nextel	Other Assets and Liabilities	226		1,223		638		(1,891)	
Net Cash from Operating Activities\$84,653\$88,553\$30,781\$22,927NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIESIn-Kind Capital Contributions\$4,583\$7,263\$-\$-In-Kind Capital Contributions\$4,583\$7,263\$-\$Amortization of Debt Related Costs, NetChange in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or LiabilitiesAllowance for Funds Used During ConstructionPower Exchange RevenuesPower Exchange Expenses <td>Rate Stabilization</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>2,686</td> <td></td> <td>10,549</td>	Rate Stabilization			_		2,686		10,549	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIESIn-Kind Capital Contributions\$ 4,583\$ 7,263\$\$Amortization of Debt Related Costs, NetChange in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or LiabilitiesAllowance for Funds Used During ConstructionPower Exchange RevenuesPower Exchange ExpensesPower Revenue Netted against Power ExpensesPower Expense Netted against Power RevenuesSettlement from Nextel	Total Adjustments	 22,995		30,773		25,734		21,120	
ACTIVITIESIn-Kind Capital Contributions\$4,583\$7,263\$-\$-Amortization of Debt Related Costs, NetChange in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or LiabilitiesAllowance for Funds Used During ConstructionPower Exchange RevenuesPower Exchange Expenses <t< td=""><td>Net Cash from Operating Activities</td><td>\$ 84,653</td><td>\$</td><td>88,553</td><td>\$</td><td>30,781</td><td>\$</td><td>22,927</td></t<>	Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ 84,653	\$	88,553	\$	30,781	\$	22,927	
Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net———<	NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities—————Allowance for Funds Used During Construction——————Power Exchange Revenues——————Power Exchange Expenses——————Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses——————Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues——————Settlement from Nextel———————	In-Kind Capital Contributions	\$ 4,583	\$	7,263	\$	_	\$	_	
Allowance for Funds Used During Construction—————Power Exchange Revenues——————Power Exchange Expenses——————Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses——————Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues——————Settlement from Nextel———————	Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net			_		_		_	
Power Exchange Revenues—————Power Exchange Expenses—————Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses—————Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues—————Settlement from Nextel——————	Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities	_		_		_		_	
Power Exchange Expenses————Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses————Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues————Settlement from Nextel—————	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction			_		_		_	
Power Exchange Expenses————Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses————Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues————Settlement from Nextel—————	Power Exchange Revenues	_		_		_		_	
Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses — — — — — Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues — — — — — — Settlement from Nextel — — — — — — —	-	_		_		_		_	
Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues — — — — — Settlement from Nextel — — — — — —		_		_		_		_	
Settlement from Nextel		_		_		_		_	
		_		_		_		_	
		\$ 4,583	\$	7,263	\$	_	\$		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Busin	ess-Type Activit	ties - E	nterprise Funds	5	
	Nonmaj	or Fur	nds	Comparative Totals			otals
	2015		2014		2015		2014
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 2,416	\$	429	\$	238,332	\$	270,870
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities							
Depreciation and Amortization	2,519		2,588		196,123		190,245
Depreciation Charged to O&M Accounts	—		—		6,310		2,289
Amortization of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses	774		—		30,552		22,165
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses	310		—		10,922		10,914
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities							
Accounts Receivable	144		134		(7,993)		(5,336)
Unbilled Receivables	_		_		(6,473)		14,287
Other Receivables	_		_		(1,145)		17
Due from Other Funds	(52)		162		(2,115)		(1,276)
Due from Other Governments	92		65		(4,353)		1,386
Materials and Supplies Inventory	_		_		(2,171)		1,060
Accounts Payable	(883)		(557)		18,579		5,477
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable	1,597		303		8,041		2,835
Compensated Absences Payable	321		66		4,515		2,343
Due to Other Funds	62		132		300		5,607
Due to Other Governments	_		_		1,144		(104)
Claims Payable	447		4		(4,791)		(995)
Taxes Payable	_		5		1,502		(2,856)
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	2,759		2,220		7,564		11,412
Other Assets and Liabilities	201		236		(3,289)		(10,949)
Rate Stabilization	_		_		(13,359)		23,376
Total Adjustments	 8,291		5,358		239,863		271,898
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ 10,707	\$	5,787	\$	478,195	\$	542,768
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 		<u> </u>				
In-Kind Capital Contributions	\$ _	\$	_	\$	7,583	\$	15,556
Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net	_		_		9,243		7,399
Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities	_		_		_		_
Allowance for Funds Used During Construction	_		_		8,947		5,757
Power Exchange Revenues	_		_		16,950		25,321
Power Exchange Expenses	_		_		(17,584)		(25,592)
Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses	_		_		6,550		6,098
Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues	_		_		(8,453)		(17,051)
Settlement from Nextel	_		_		_		_
Total Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities	\$ 	\$	_	\$	23,236	\$	17,488

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
		2015	2014	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	28,003 \$	17,376	
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities				
Depreciation and Amortization		35,507	34,600	
Depreciation Charged to O&M Accounts		_	_	
Amortization of Other Liabilities and Other Operating Expenses		1,819	_	
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses		62	_	
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities				
Accounts Receivable		(35)	(25)	
Unbilled Receivables		(321)	227	
Other Receivables		_	_	
Due from Other Funds		(1,400)	(3,519)	
Due from Other Governments		23	395	
Materials and Supplies Inventory		(1,257)	(343)	
Accounts Payable		3,483	(1,072)	
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable		2,466	392	
Compensated Absences Payable		337	477	
Due to Other Funds		700	2,008	
Due to Other Governments		34	(1)	
Claims Payable		149	(13)	
Taxes Payable		39	19	
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits		_	_	
Other Assets and Liabilities		761	625	
Rate Stabilization		—	_	
Total Adjustments		42,367	33,770	
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	70,370 \$	51,146	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
In-Kind Capital Contributions	\$	7,521 \$	30,935	
Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net		(477)	253	
Change in Valuation of Power Exchange Assets or Liabilities		—	_	
Allowance for Funds Used During Construction		—	_	
Power Exchange Revenues		—	—	
Power Exchange Expenses		_	—	
Power Revenue Netted against Power Expenses		_	—	
Power Expense Netted against Power Revenues		_	—	
Settlement from Nextel				
Total Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities	\$	7,044 \$	31,187	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND

The S. L. Denny Fund holds a nonexpendable gift. The investment income is available for aid to disabled firemen.

Descriptions for the pension trust funds and agency funds are provided in the Combining and Individual Fund and Other Supplementary Information section.

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STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Pension Trust Funds	S. L. Denny Private-Purpose Trust	Agency Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 21,442	\$ 217	\$ 10,260
Short-Term Investments	186,630	—	_
Receivables			
Members	3,496	—	—
Employers	4,788	—	—
Interest and Dividends	3,457	—	—
Sales Proceeds	6,175	—	—
Other	880		48
Total Receivables	18,796	—	48
Investments at Fair Value			
Fixed Income	599,675	—	—
Equity	1,134,206	—	—
Real Estate	270,796	—	—
Alternative Investments	114,896		
Total Investments at Fair Value	2,119,573	_	_
Securities Lending Collateral	50,952		
Total Assets	2,397,393	217	10,308
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	3,696	_	782
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable	_	—	2,376
Deposits Payable	_	—	7,135
Claims/Judgments Payable	_	—	15
Securities Lending Collateral	53,633	—	—
Investment Commitments Payable	7,448		
Total Liabilities	64,777		10,308
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 2,332,616	\$ 217	\$

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Po T F	S.L. Denny Private-Purpose Trust			
ADDITIONS				-	
Contributions					
Employer	\$	138,743	\$		
Plan Member		65,779			
Total Contributions		204,522		_	
Investment Income					
From Investment Activities					
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments		(23,062)			
Interest		11,428		2	
Dividends		27,989			
Total Investment Activities Income		16,355		2	
Investment Activities Expenses					
Investment Management Fees		9,096		_	
Investment Consultant Fees		295		_	
Investment Custodial Fees		354			
Total Investment Activities Expenses		9,745			
Net Income from Investment Activities		6,610		2	
From Securities Lending Activities					
Securities Lending Income		57		_	
Borrower Rebates		674			
Total Securities Lending Income		731		—	
Securities Lending Expenses					
Management Fees		183		—	
Total Securities Lending Expenses		183			
Net Income from Securities Lending Activities		548			
Total Net Investment Income		7,158		2	
Other Income		2,124			
Total Additions		213,804		2	
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits		198,238		_	
Refund of Contributions		16,671		_	
Administrative Expense		8,826		_	
Total Deductions		223,735			
Change in Net Position		(9,931)		2	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		2,342,547		215	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	2,332,616	\$	217	

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the City of Seattle are regulated by the Washington State Auditor's Office and conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Seattle (the primary government for financial reporting purposes) consists of the funds, departments, agencies, boards and commissions (referred to in this note as organizations) over which the City exercises financial accountability, and component units over which the City is not financially accountable but is required to be reported due to the nature and significance of its relationship with the City. Additional information on the component units may be found in Note 12. The City does not have other relationships with organizations of such nature and significance that exclusion would render the City's financial statements incomplete or misleading.

Indicators of Financial Accountability

The financial statements include the organizations for which the elected officials of the City of Seattle are financially accountable. Criteria indicating financial accountability include, but are not limited to, the following:

• Appointment by the City of a majority of voting members of the governing body of an organization, and

- Ability of the City to impose its will on the daily operations of an organization, such as the power to remove appointed members at will; to modify or approve budgets, rates, or fees; or to make other substantive decisions;or

- Provisions by the organization of specific financial benefits to the City; or
- Imposition by any organization of specific financial burdens on the City, such as the assumption of deficits or provision of support;

• Or, fiscal dependency by the organization on the City, such as from the lack of authority to determine its budget or issue its own bonded debt without City approval.

Joint Venture

A joint venture is an organization that results from a contractual arrangement and is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity. In addition to joint control, each participant must have either an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility. The City participates in a joint venture with King County with regard to the Seattle-King County Work Force Development Council. Additional information on the existing joint venture may be found in Note 13.

Organizations Excluded: Related Organizations

Organizations for which the City has appointed a voting majority of the members of the governing body, but for which the City is not financially accountable, are as follows:

- Housing Authority of the City of Seattle
- City of Seattle Industrial Development Corporation
- Burke-Gilman Place Public Development Authority

ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In 2015, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. The City has determined that Seattle City Employees' Retirement System (SCERS) and Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System are subject the requirements of Statements No. 25 and No.50 remain applicable to the City's other pension plans that are not administered through trust or equivalent arrangements.

In 2014, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for mergers, acquisitions and transfers of operations(i.e., government combinations). The Statement also provides guidance on how to determine the gain or loss on a disposal of government operations. Implementation of Statement No. 69 did not impact the City's financial statements.

In 2014, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for situations where a state or local government, as a guarantor, agrees to indemnify a third-party obligation holder under specified conditions (i.e., nonexchange financial guarantees). The issuer of the guaranteed obligation can be a legally separate entity or individual, including a blended or discretely presented component unit. Implementation of Statement No. 70 did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. This Statement amends: (1) certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity, (2) the criteria for blending component units into the primary government's financial statements, and (3) the reporting of equity interests in component units. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 required no changes for the reporting of components units.

In 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 64, Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53. This Statement sets forth criteria that establish when an effective hedging relationship continues when replacement of a swap counterparty or a swap counterparty's credit support provider occurs, thereby allowing continue application of hedge accounting rules. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 64 did not impact the City's financial statements.

In 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This Statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement previously reported as assets and liabilities and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 resulted in: the reclassification of several items previously reported as assets and liabilities, and the restatement of net position as (1) assets and deferred outflows of resources less (2) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

In 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections - 2012 - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62. This Statement amends: (1) GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, by removing the provision that limits fund-based reporting of an entity's risk financing activities to the general fund and the internal service fund type and (2) GASB Statement No. 62 by modifying the specific guidance on accounting for (a) operating lease payments, (b) investment of purchased loans, and (c) servicing fees related to mortgage loans. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have a significant impact on the City's financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report the financial position and activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely significantly on charges and fees for their services. Resources of fiduciary activities, which are not available to finance governmental programs, are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position reports all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. The difference between government-wide (1) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (2) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is net position. Net position is displayed in three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

The amount reported as net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, deferred inflow and outflow resources attributable to capital assets, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed bylaw through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position is the amounts remaining that are not "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities displays the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is funded by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable to a specific function. Direct expenses include depreciation on capital assets that are clearly associated with a given function. In general, expenses related to personnel functions are reported as indirect expenses. Program revenues are revenues derived directly from the program itself. These revenues include (1) charges for services, (2) grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other revenues not included as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Interfund activities within governmental funds or within enterprise funds of the City are eliminated. The effects of interfund services provided and used between functions are not eliminated, such as the sale of utility services to the general government and to other funds. This avoids misstatement of program revenues of the selling function and expenses of the various users. Operating income or loss reported by internal service funds in the fund financial statements are allocated back to the City departments either as a reduction or addition to their expenses by function.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate fund financial statements are provided to report additional and detailed information for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements, these funds are reported in the fund financial statements under the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are presented in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The Transportation Fund accounts for revenues for construction, improvement, repair, or maintenance of City streets and waterways. Revenues include taxes on the sale, disposition, or use of motor vehicle fuel; motor vehicle excise taxes designated for street purposes; and grants.

The City of Seattle

The Low-Income Housing Fund accounts for activities undertaken by the City that include, but is not limited to: preserving affordable rental units, providing operating and maintenance relief, rental assistance, homebuyer assistance, and acquisition and opportunity loans. These activities are supported by various ordinances and levies dating back to 1981.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Light Fund accounts for operating the City's electric utility which owns and operates generating, transmission, and distribution facilities. The Light Fund supplies electricity to approximately 408,000 customers in the Seattle area as well as to other city agencies.

The Water Fund accounts for operating the City's water utility. The Water Fund maintains approximately 1,900 miles of transmission and distribution system pipelines and 350 million gallons of distribution storage capacity in the Cedar and Tolt Rivers and Highline Well Field watersheds. The distribution system serves a population of about 1.3 million people.

The Drainage and Wastewater Fund accounts for operating the City's sewer and drainage utility facilities and its pumping stations. These facilities and pumping stations collect the sewage of the City and discharge it into the King County Department of Natural Resources Wastewater Treatment System for treatment and disposal.

The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the collection and disposal of residential and commercial garbage, compostables, and other recyclable materials; operation of transfer stations and hazardous waste facilities; and management of the post-closure maintenance and environmental monitoring of the City's two closed landfills. The collection and disposal or processing of garbage, yard waste, and recyclable materials is performed by private companies under contract with the Solid Waste Fund.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for support services provided to other City departments, such as motor pool, office space, financial services, managing the design and construction phases of capital improvement projects, telecommunications, data communications, radio systems, and the fiber optic network.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity. Fiduciary funds include:

Pension trust funds comprising: the Employees' Retirement Fund, the Firemen's Pension Fund, and the Police Relief and Pension Fund. The Employees' Retirement Fund receives employees' payroll deductions for retirement and the City's matching contributions. It pays pension benefits to retired City employees. The Firemen's Pension Fund accounts for revenues from a portion of the state-levied fire insurance premium tax and significantly from pension and benefits contributions of the General Fund. It pays medical and pension benefits to sworn firemen. The Police Relief and Pension Fund receives support almost entirely from the General Fund to pay for sworn police personnel's medical and pension benefits that are not covered by the state's Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System and/or industrial insurance.

The S. L. Denny Fund, a private-purpose trust, which holds a nonexpendable gift. Investment income is available to aid disabled firemen.

The City uses agency funds to report assets that are held in a custodial relationship. Agency funds are not used to support the government's own programs and so these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The City reports the following as agency funds: Guaranty Deposits, Payroll Withholding, Multifamily Rental Housing Improvement, Salary, Voucher, and Pass-Through Grants Funds.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Basis of accounting refers to the timing of when revenues, expenses, and transfers are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements for governmental funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (generally 60 days) to pay current liabilities. Revenues that are measurable but not available are recorded as receivables and offset by deferred inflows of resources. Property taxes, business and occupation taxes, and other taxpayer-assessed tax revenues that are due for the current year are considered measurable and available and are therefore recognized as revenues even though a portion of the taxes may be collected in the subsequent year. Special assessments are recognized as revenues only to the extent that those individual installments are considered as current assets. Intergovernmental revenues received but not earned are recorded as unearned revenues. Licenses, fines, penalties, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are accrued as earned.

Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred except for interest on long-term debt, judgments and claims, workers' compensation, and compensated absences, which are recorded when paid.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements for proprietary funds are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred. Certain costs in the enterprise funds are reported as an asset and expensed in future years as the utility rates recover these costs.

The revenues of the four utilities, which are based upon service rates authorized by the City Council, are determined by monthly or bimonthly billings to customers. Amounts received but not earned at year-end are reported as unearned revenues. Earned but unbilled revenues are accrued.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal activity. The principal operating revenues of the City's Light, Water, Solid Waste, Drainage and Wastewater Utilities, the Downtown Parking Garage, the Planning and Development Fund, and the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of personnel services, contractual services, other supplies and expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements for the pension trust and private-purpose trust funds are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets, liabilities, and additions to and deductions from (including contributions, benefits, and refunds) plan net position of the retirement funds are recognized when the transactions or events occur. Employee and employer contributions are reported in the period in which the contributions are due. Member benefits, including refunds, are due and payable by the plan in accordance with plan terms.

Agency funds, unlike the other types of fiduciary funds, report only assets and liabilities. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus since they do not report equity and cannot present an operating statement reporting changes in equity. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Prior-Year Comparative Data

The basic financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City of Seattle's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, from which the summarized information was derived.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements. The City used significant estimates in determining reported allowance for doubtful accounts, unbilled revenues, power exchanges, asset life, claims payable, environmental liabilities, employee benefits, post-employment benefits, and other contingencies. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgetary accounts are integrated in the fund database for all budgeted funds, including capital improvement projects funds and the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund. However, the annual financial report includes budgetary comparisons for annually budgeted governmental operating funds only. Note 2, Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability, discusses in detail the City's budgetary policies and processes.

ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

Cash and Investments

The City is authorized to purchase U.S. Treasury and government agency securities, certificates of deposits, and other investment deposits issued by Washington State depositories that qualify under the Washington State Deposit Protection Act as defined by RCW 39.58, bankers' acceptances purchased in the secondary market, commercial paper purchased in the secondary market and having received the highest rating by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements with "primary dealers" that have executed master repurchase agreements, public funds in the local government investment pool (LGIP) in the State Treasury, and other securities as authorized by law.

The City and the City Employees' Retirement System are also allowed under state law to make securities lending transactions. Gross income from securities lending transactions, as well as the various fees paid to the institution that oversees the lending activity, is recorded in the operating statements. Assets and liabilities include the value of the collateral that is being held. Under the authority of RCW 41.28.005 and the Seattle Municipal Code 4.36.130, the System's Board of Administration adopted investment policies that define eligible investments, which include securities lending transactions. Securities lent must be collateralized with cash or securities having 102 percent of the market value of the loaned securities. The City and the Retirement System cannot pledge or sell collateral securities without a borrower default.

Under the City's investment policy all temporary cash surpluses are invested, either directly or through a "sweep account." Pooled investments are reported on the combined balance sheets as Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments. Interest earned on the pooled investments is prorated to individual funds at the end of each month on the basis of their average daily cash balances during the month when interest was earned.

Since the participating funds in the City's internal investment pool use the pool as if it were a demand deposit account, the proprietary fund equity in pooled investments is considered cash for cash flow reporting purposes.

Investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The City of Seattle has the following policies in managing its investments:

- The City seeks to preserve principal while maximizing income and maintaining liquidity to meet the City's need for cash.
- Investment decisions should further the City's social policies established by ordinance or policy resolutions of the City Council.

• A City social policy shall take precedence over furthering the City's financial objectives when expressly authorized by City Council resolution, except where otherwise provided by law or trust principles.

• Securities purchased shall have a maximum maturity of fifteen years, and the average maturity of all securities shall be less than five years.

• All transactions are done on a delivery-versus-payment basis.

• The standard of prudence to be used by investment personnel shall be the "Prudent Person Rule" and will be applied in the context of managing an overall portfolio.

• Securities shall not be purchased with trading or speculation as the dominant criterion for the selection of the security.

The Seattle City Employees' Retirement System has its investment management policies set by the Retirement Board. State law allows the System to invest in longer term maturities and in a broader variety of securities, such as real estate and equity issues. The Board policies require that investments in any one corporation or organization may not exceed five percent of net position available for benefits. Less than five percent of plan assets can be invested in derivative securities. All derivatives are high quality non-leveraged securities consisting of collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), Treasury strips, convertible bonds, futures, options, etc. These derivatives cause little exposure to credit risk, market risk, or legal risk.

Receivables

Customer accounts receivable consist of amounts owed by private individuals and organizations for goods delivered or services rendered in the regular course of business operations. Notes and contracts receivable arise from a written agreement or contract with private individuals or organizations. Receivables are shown net of allowances for uncollectible accounts.

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either interfund loans receivable/payable or advances to/from other funds. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/due from other funds.

Inventories and Supplies

Inventories and supplies consist of expendable materials and supplies held for consumption. These amounts are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds at the time these items are purchased. This is known as the purchase method. However, any significant inventories in a governmental fund may also be reported as assets, as allowed by GAAP, and are equally offset by a fund balance reserve to indicate that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are included in net current position. For proprietary funds these amounts are expensed as consumed. Unconsumed amounts are generally valued using the weighted-average cost method.

Capital Assets

The City classifies assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year as capital assets. As a general rule, items with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more are capitalized. Additionally, construction in progress can be declared: complete, held for future use, or abandon. Associated costs related to these declarations are reclassified as: capital assets, assets held for future use, or expense, respectively. Furthermore, the cost of renewals and betterments are capitalized, while the cost of current maintenance and repairs are immediately expensed.

Governmental infrastructure assets include long-lived capital assets, such as roads, bridges, and tunnels that normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Estimated historical costs are established based on the City's street reports to the state. Works of art are valued at historical cost. In cases where the historical cost is not available, the method used is "backtrending," i.e., deflating the current replacement cost using the appropriate price index. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value at the time of donation. For proprietary funds, contributions of capital assets are reported under Capital Contributions and Grants in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position.

Most capital assets are depreciated for the governmental funds. Annual depreciation is recorded in government-wide financial statements as an expense of the governmental function for which the assets are being used. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated service lives as follows:

Utility plant in service	33 - 100 years
Buildings	25 - 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	25 - 50 years
Infrastructure	10 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	2 - 25 years

In addition to the capital asset conventions followed by governmental funds, regulated enterprise funds use industry-specific accounting techniques such as: mass-asset accounting and recording provisions for cost-of-removal of capital assets. The result of these techniques can be the reporting of accumulated depreciation in excess of the costs of capital assets.

Restricted Assets

In accordance with the utility bond resolutions, state law, or other agreements, separate restricted assets have been established. These assets are restricted for specific purposes including the establishment of bond reserve funds, financing the ongoing capital improvement programs of the various utilities, and other purposes.

Other Charges

Other charges include preliminary costs of projects and information systems and programmatic conservation costs. Costs related to projects that are ultimately constructed are transferred to utility plant while costs related to abandoned projects are expensed. Conservation program costs in the Light and Water Utilities which result in long-term benefits and reduce or postpone other capital expenditures are capitalized and amortized over their expected useful lives due to the Utilities' capital financing plans and rate-setting methodology. Costs of administering the overall program are expensed as incurred.

Prepaid Items

In governmental funds the City accounts for prepayments using the consumption method and, therefore, it recognizes expenditures as prepaid items expire. The City recognizes a reservation of fund balance for prepaid items only when the amount in the fund is materially significant.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time.

Accumulated Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of: vacation pay, sick pay, and other compensated absences. Vacation pay is comprised of unused vacation earned by employees. Vacation is earned based upon their date of hire and years of service and may accumulate earned vacation up to a maximum of 480 hours. Unused vacation balances remaining at retirement or termination are considered vested and payable to the employee. Sick pay is comprised of unused sick pay earned by employees. Employees earn up to 12 days of sick leave per year; there is no limit to the amount of sick leave an employee can accumulate. Employees terminated due to retirement can receive a portion of their unused sick leave balance as a cash benefit payable to either the City's Health Reimbursement Arrangement - Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association, the City's 457 Plan and Trust, or the employee. Other compensated absences include compensatory time in lieu of overtime pay, merit credits earned by fire fighters, furlough earned by police, holiday earned by library and police employees, and other compensation earned by City employees under law

or union contracts. Unused other compensated absences are vested and payable at retirement or termination. Compensated absences, including payroll taxes, are reported as current and noncurrent liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Actual balances are accrued for all types of compensated absences except sick leave, the liability for which is generally estimated using the termination method.

Claims Payable

A liability for claims is reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claims liabilities are discounted at the City's average investment rate of return (Note 15 Contingencies).

Other Accrued Liabilities

Other accrued liabilities include deposits, interest payable on obligations, lease-purchase agreements, and revenues collected in advance.

Interfund Activity and Contracts/Advances

Interfund activity and balances in the funds are eliminated or reclassified in the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Interfund debt is recorded in the appropriate funds even though such debt may result in a noncurrent liability for a governmental fund because the debt is not a general obligation of the City.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include amounts collected or billed in advance of providing the service. The balances consist primarily of contract revenues, mortgages receivable, grant funds received in advance of expenditures, portions of local improvement districts special assessments that are due in succeeding years in governmental funds, and the amounts loaned by the Housing and Community Development Revenue Sharing Fund, a special revenue fund, under authorized federal loan programs.

Fund Balances

Fund balances are based on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. Fund balances are classified according to these constraints as follows:

• Nonspendable fund balances are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to remain intact;

• Restricted fund balances are restricted for specific purposes by the enabling legislation or external resource providers such as creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments;

• Committed fund balances can only be used for specific purposes ordained by the City Council. The Council can by ordinance establish, modify, or rescind constraints on committed fund balances;

• Assigned fund balances are constraints imposed by City Management for specific purposes. These constraints are authorized, through the budgeting process, by the Director of the City Budget Office in accordance with SMC 3.14.100. Fund balances of special revenue funds that are neither considered restricted or committed are considered an assigned fund balance; and

• Unassigned fund balances represent balances that are available for any purpose. These balances are only reported in the City's General Fund unless a deficit occurs in any other fund.

The flow assumption is to consider restricted amounts have been spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The flow assumption of the City is to reduce committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of these unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

General Fund Stabilization and Other Reserves

The City created the Revenue Stabilization Account (RSA) to fund activities that would otherwise be reduced in scope, suspended or eliminated due to unanticipated shortfalls in the General Subfund revenues. Any use of the RSA shall be accompanied with an ordinance approved by the City Council. The City shall replenish the RSA through (1) transfers by ordinance from other city funds; (2) automatic transfer of 0.5 percent of forecasted tax revenues; and (3) 50 percent of unanticipated excess fund balance of the General Subfund. At no time shall the maximum funding level exceed 5 percent of the General Subfund tax revenues forecast. At the end of fiscal year 2015, the RSA reported an ending fund balance of \$45.2 million.

The City maintains the Emergency Subfund to pay for unanticipated or unplanned expenditures that occur during the course of the fiscal year. Any use of the Emergency Subfund shall be accompanied with an ordinance approve by three-fourths of the City Council. At the beginning of each year, sufficient funds shall be appropriated to the Emergency Subfund so that its balance equals thirty-seven and one-half cents per thousand dollars of assessed value, which is the maximum amount allowed by state law. The City may also choose to reimburse the Emergency Subfund during the year for any expenditure incurred, by transferring unexpended and unencumbered balance from another City fund or subfund, or from other reimbursements the City may receive. At the end of fiscal year 2015, the Emergency Subfund reported an ending fund balance of \$54.2 million.

A summary of governmental fund balances at December 31, 2015, is as follows:

Table I-

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES^a (In Thousands)

Fund Balances	General	Transportation	Low-Income Housing	Other Governmental	Total
Nonspendable					
General	\$ 95	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 95
Capital and Continuing Programs	2	—	—	—	2
Library	27	—	—	—	27
Transportation	_	515	—	—	515
Employee Benefit Trust Funds	350	_	_	_	350
Parks and Recreation	_	_	_	388	388
Seattle Center	_	_	_	274	274
Permanent Funds	_	_	_	2,050	2,050
Restricted					
General	11,162	_	_	5,578	16,740
Capital and Continuing Programs	82,380	_	_	128,192	210,572
Library	13,104	_	_	9,582	22,686
Transportation		14,001	_	22,652	36,653
Low-Income Housing	_		135,079		135,079
Health Care Reserve	29,980				29,980
Parks and Recreation		_	_	1,679	1,679
Legal Settlement				223	223
Pike Place Market Renovation	_			2,857	2,857
	—				· · · · ·
Seattle Center	_	_	_	1,821	1,821
Wheelchair Accessibility	—	_	_	724	724
Human Services	—	—		4,727	4,727
Office of Housing	—	—	—	48	48
Department of Education	—	—	—	63,670	63,670
Municipal Arts	—	—	—	8,519	8,519
Debt Service	—	—	—	11,548	11,548
General Trust	—	—	—	3,801	3,801
General Donation and Gift Trusts	—	—	—	2,917	2,917
Permanent Funds	_	_	_	112	112
Committed					
General	4,208	—	—	—	4,208
Capital and Continuing Programs	24,492	_	_	_	24,492
Library	458	_	_	_	458
Transportation	_	56,481	_	_	56,481
Low-Income Housing	_	· —	1,692	_	1,692
Judgment and Claims	8,765	_		_	8,765
Cable Television Franchise	4,458	_	_	_	4,458
Neighborhood Marching	3,302	_	_	_	3,302
Bluefield Habitat Maintenance	210	_	_	_	210
Developmental Rights	22				22
Employee Benefit Trust Funds	8,078	_	_	_	8,078
Health Care Reserve	41,787				41,787
Seattle Center	41,707			2,704	2,704
Human Services	_				8,071
	1 517			8,071	
Municipal Arts	1,517	_	_	_	1,517
Assigned	2 501				
General	3,791	—	—	—	3,791
Library	1,976	—	—	—	1,976
Parks and Recreation	—	—	—	3,215	3,215
Human Services	—	—	—	5,954	5,954
Office of Housing	—	—	—	1,835	1,835
Unassigned					
General	44,343	_	_	—	44,343
Capital and Continuing Programs	_	_	_	(22,795)	(22,795)
Revenue Stabilization Account	45,223	_	_	—	45,223
Emergency Subfund	54,198	_	_	_	54,198
Parks and Recreation		_	_	(8,175)	(8,175)
Seattle Streetcar	_	_	_	(3,188)	(3,188)
Total	\$ 383,928	\$ 70,997	\$ 136,771	\$ 258,983	\$ 850,679

^a Some amounts may have rounding differences with Balance Sheet.

(2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The City budgets for the General Fund, the Library Fund, and some special revenue funds on an annual basis. The special revenue funds which have legally adopted annual budgets are the Park and Recreation Fund, the Transportation Fund, the Seattle Center Fund, the Human Services Operating Fund, the Office of Housing Fund, and the Low-Income Housing Fund.

The City Council approves the City's operating budget through the adopted budget ordinance. In addition, the City Council annually approves two separate but related financial planning documents: the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) plan and the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program allocation.

The operating budget is proposed by the Mayor and adopted by the City Council at least 30 days before the beginning of the fiscal year. The budget is designed to allocate available resources on a biennial basis among the City's public services and programs and provides for associated financing decisions. The budget appropriates fiscal year expenditures and establishes employee positions by department and fund except for project-oriented, multi-year appropriations made for capital projects, grants, or endowments.

Table 2-1

APPROPRIATION CHANGES – GENERAL FUND (In Thousands)

	2015		
Annual Budget	\$	1,373,947	
Carryovers			
Encumbrances		4,376	
Continuing Appropriations		79,864	
Intrafund Eliminations		(18,261)	
Budget Revisions		65,353	
Budget Transfers		4	
Total Budget	\$	1,505,283	

The CIP plan is also proposed by the Mayor and adopted by the City Council at least 30 days before the beginning of the fiscal year. The CIP is a six-year plan for capital project expenditures and anticipated financing by fund source. It is revised and extended annually. The City Council adopts the CIP as a planning document but does not appropriate the multi-year expenditures identified in the CIP. These expenditures are legally authorized through the annual operating budget or by specific project ordinances during the year.

The CDBG planning process allocates the annual grant awarded by the federal government. Allocations are made to both City and non-City organizations. Legal authority is established each year by a separate appropriation ordinance for the Housing and Community Development Revenue Sharing Fund.

Budgetary control for the operating budget generally is maintained at the budget control level within departments with the following exceptions: the Library Fund has its total budget set at fund level by the City Council, but its actual expenditures are controlled by the Library Board; capital projects programmed in the CIP are controlled at the project or project-phase level or program depending on legal requirements; grant-funded activities are controlled as prescribed by law and federal regulations.

The City Council may by ordinance abrogate, decrease, or re-appropriate any unexpended budget authority during the year. The City Council, with a three-fourths vote, may also increase appropriations. Emergency Subfund appropriations related to settlement of claims, emergency conditions, or laws enacted since the annual operating budget ordinance require approval by two-thirds of the City Council.

The City Budget Office may approve the transfer of appropriations. Beginning in 2003 the following restrictions to budget transfers within a budget year were imposed by ordinance. Total budget transfers into a budget control level may not exceed 10 percent of its original budgeted allowance, and in no case may they be greater than \$500 thousand. Total transfers out may not

exceed 25 percent of the original budgeted allowance. For capital items the affected budget is both the original appropriated budget for the current year and the unexpended budget carried over from prior years. Within a budget control level, departments may transfer appropriations without the City Budget Office's approval.

Budgetary comparisons for proprietary funds may be requested from the Department of Finance and Administrative Services. Budget figures consist of the adopted annual budget, which includes appropriation carryovers from previous years, and any revisions adopted by ordinance during the year. The budgetary basis is substantially the same as the accounting basis in all governmental fund types except for the treatment of encumbrances that do not lapse, those whose budgets were approved by the City Budget Office to carry over to the following year, and are included with expenditures.

DEFICITS IN FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

The Downtown Parking Garage Fund reported a net position deficit of \$26.1 million at December 31, 2015, a decrease of \$484 thousand from the prior year. This is attributed to the insufficiency of revenues to fully cover its operating expenses, including annual depreciation charge of \$2.1 million and interest expenses on debt service of \$2.8 million. The original loan Ordinance 124123 authorized a cash loan of no more than \$5.0 million; this was amended by Ordinance 124348 to increase the cash loan authority to a maximum of \$9.5 million that could be provided to Downtown Parking Garage Fund to cover negative cash. At the end of December 31, 2015 the fund was provided of \$7.6 million to cover the negative cash position, a \$1.2 million increase over the \$6.4 million provided in 2014. The City's Facilities Operating Division is evaluating ways to resolve the deficit condition which may include selling the parking garage asset in 2016.

The Seattle Streetcar Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$3.2 million as of December 31, 2015. The fund was created by Ordinance 122424 in 2007 and later amended in 2009 by Ordinance 123102 to increase the authorized interfund loan allowance from the City's Consolidated Residual Cash Pool to a maximum of \$3.7 million. This loan is to be repaid no later than December 31,2018 from the sale of surplus property, grants, donations, transfers, and other monies as authorized by ordinance.

The Central Waterfront Improvement Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$18.5 million as of December 31, 2015. Ordinance 123142 created this fund with specific intent that multiple partnerships, both intergovernmental and private be established for funding the urgent and necessary repairs to the Seawall and other infrastructure along the Waterfront. In recognition of this urgency, Ordinance 123761 permits this fund to use up to \$2.4 million at any one time from the City's cash pool. This ordinance was amended by Ordinance 124033 and Ordinance 124345 to increase the allowable amount of the interfund loan from the City's Consolidated Residual Cash Pool to \$31.2 million. At year end \$18.4 million of the loan authorization was used to cover the funds deficit cash position. This loan is to be repaid no later than December 31, 2016 from grants, donations, transfers and other monies as authorized by ordinance.

In 2014 the 2016 Multipurpose LTGO Bond Fund was created by Ordinance 124648. At the end of 2015 the fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$4.2 million. Ordinance 124842 authorized a maximum interfund loan of \$2.7 million for bridge financing of the North Precinct project. At year end \$2.4 million of the loan authorization was used to cover the funds deficit cash position. The loan will be repaid from the proceeds of the sale of LTGO bonds in 2016.

(3) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS

Per Seattle Municipal Code, SMC 5.06.010 Investment Authority, the Director of Finance and Administrative Services (FAS) is authorized to invest all moneys in the City Treasury. Cash resources of all City funds are combined into a common investment pool that is managed by FAS. Each fund's share of the pooled investments is included in the participating fund's balance sheet under the caption "Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments." The pool operates like a demand deposit account in that all City funds may deposit cash at any time and also withdraw cash up to their respective fund balance out of the pool without prior notice or penalty.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. The custodial credit risk of deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure of one of the City's depository institutions, the City's deposits or related collateral securities may not be returned in a timely manner. As of December 31, 2015, the City did not have custodial credit risk. The City's deposits are covered by insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the National Credit Union Association (NCUA) as well as protection provided by the Washington State Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC) as established in RCW 39.58. The PDPC makes and enforces regulations and administers a program to ensure public funds deposited in banks and thrifts are protected if a financial institution becomes insolvent. The PDPC approves which banks, credit unions, and thrifts can hold state and local government deposits and monitors collateral pledged to secure uninsured public deposits. This secures public treasurers' deposits when they exceed the amount insured by the FDIC or NCUA by requiring banks, credit unions, and thrifts to pledge securities as collateral.

As of December 31, 2015, the City held \$95,000 in its cash vault. Additional small amounts of cash were held in departmental revolving fund accounts with the City's various custodial banks, all of which fell within the NCUA/FDIC's \$250,000 standard maximum deposit insurance amount. Any of the City's cash not held in its vault, or a local depository, was held in the City's operating fund (investment pool), and at the close of every business day, any cash remaining in the operating fund is swept into an overnight repurchase agreement that matures the next day.

CITY TREASURY INVESTMENTS

Note 1 describes the investment policies of the City. Banks or trust companies acting as the City's agents hold all of the City's investments in the City's name. As of December 31, 2015, the City's investment pool held the following investments.

Table 3-1

INVESTMENTS AND MATURITIES TREASURY RESIDUAL POOLED INVESTMENTS

(In Thousands)

Investments	 r Value as of mber 31, 2015	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)		
Repurchase Agreements	\$ 55,063	4		
U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government-Backed Securities	455,758	487		
U.S. Government Agency Securities	482,719	1,213		
U.S. Government Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	219,807	1,906		
Commercial Paper	219,945	25		
Municipal Bonds	277,613	1,084		
Bank Note	49,379	879		
Total	\$ 1,760,284			
Weighted Average Maturity of the City's Pooled Investments		896		

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates over time will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. To mitigate interest rate risk the City intentionally immunizes its known and expected cash flow needs. To best accomplish meeting its investment objectives, the City has divided the Pool into two separate portfolios: Operating and Strategic.

The Operating Portfolio is invested to meet reasonably expected liquidity needs over a period of twelve to eighteen months. This portfolio has low duration and high liquidity. Consistent with this profile, and for the purpose of comparing earnings yield, its benchmark is the net earnings rate of the State of Washington's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The Strategic Portfolio consists of cash that is in excess of known and expected liquidity needs. Accordingly, this portfolio is invested in debt securities with longer maturities than the Operating Portfolio, which over a market cycle, is expected to provide a higher return and greater investment income. Consistent with this profile, and for the purpose of comparing duration, yield and total return, the benchmark for the Strategic portfolio is the Barclays U.S. Government 1-7 year index. The duration of the Strategic Portfolio is targeted between 75 and 125 percent of the benchmark.

To further mitigate interest rate risk a minimum of 60 percent of the Operating Portfolio and 30 percent of the Strategic Portfolio must be invested in asset types with high liquidity, specifically U.S. Government obligations, U.S. Government Agency obligations, LGIP, Demand Accounts, Repo, Sweep, and Commercial Paper.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State statute and the City's Statement of Investment Policy do not stipulate credit quality requirements for U.S. Government or U.S. Government Agency Obligations. The City has credit risk exposure from its holdings of senior unsecured bank notes, commercial paper, and taxable municipal bonds. To mitigate credit risk the City's investments are subject to the following restrictions:

• Maximum of 5 percent of the Pool invested in a single issuer of commercial paper, bank notes, or municipal bonds.

• Maximum of 50 percent of the Pool invested in sectors sensitive to credit risk, specifically commercial paper, bank notes and municipal bonds.

• Maximum of 25 percent of the Pool invested in commercial paper.

• Commercial paper purchases must adhere to the investment policies and procedures adopted by the Washington State Investment Board (Policy No. 2.05.500 adopted 3/16/95, revised 9/17/15).

- The issuer must be rated with the highest short-term credit rating of any two Nationally Recognized Statistical Ratings Organizations (NRSROs), at the time of purchase (P-1, A-1+, A-1, F1+, F1, by Moody's, S&P and Fitch, respectively). If the commercial paper is rated by more than two NRSROs, it must have the highest rating from all of the organizations.

- Commercial Paper investments may not have maturities exceeding 180 days.

- Any Commercial Paper purchased with a maturity longer than 100 days must also have an underlying long-term credit rating at the time of purchase in one of the two highest rating categories of a NRSRO.

• Municipal Bonds at the time of purchase must have one of the three highest credit ratings of a nationally recognized rating agency. The Office of the State Treasurer interprets the three highest credit ratings as AAA, AA and A including gradations within each category. For example, the lowest credit rating allowable is A3 by Moody's and A- by S&P and Fitch.

• Bank notes at the time of purchase must have a credit rating of not less than "A" by a nationally recognized rating agency.

The City subscribes to asset-backed commercial paper research from Moody's Investors Service and public finance and non-U.S. bank research from Fitch Ratings. The City conducts internal due diligence of commercial paper, bank note and municipal issuers, and maintains an "approved list" of issuers. Finally, the City monitors the credit worthiness of its investments over time until they mature, or are potentially sold.

Concentration Risk. State statute and the City's Statement of Investment Policy do not stipulate concentration limits for holdings of U.S. Government or U.S. Government Agency Obligations. As noted under credit risk the City will not hold more than 5 percent of a single issuer of commercial paper, senior unsecured bank notes, or municipal bonds.

The City of Seattle

Table 3-2

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

(In Thousands)

Issuer	Fair Value	Percent of Total Investments
Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), FNA, and FNMA DUS	\$ 243,749	14%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)	220,614	13
Federal Home Loan Bank	133,886	8
Federal Farm Credit Bank	104,276	6

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not have access to, or be able to recover, its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City mitigates custodial credit risk for its investments by having its investment securities held by the City's contractual custodial agent, BNY Mellon, and not by the trading counterparty or the trading counterparty's trust department or agent. Additionally, the City mitigates counterparty risk by settling its trade's delivery-versus-payment through the City's contractual custodial agent.

By investment policy, the City maintains a list of approved securities dealers for transacting business. The City also conducts its own due diligence as to the financial wherewithal of its counterparties.

Foreign Currency Risk. The City's pooled investments do not include securities denominated in foreign currencies.

INVESTMENTS OF THE SEATTLE CITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SCERS)

Investments of the Seattle City Employees' Retirement System are accounted for in the Employees' Retirement Fund, a fiduciary fund which is not included in the Citywide financial statements because its resources belong to the retirement system and do not support City programs.

The retirement fund investments are made in accordance with the Prudent Person Rule as defined by RCW 35.39.060.

Table 3-3

SCERS' INVESTMENTS

(In Thousands)

Investments	ents Amount		
Fixed Income	\$	599,494	
Equity		1,126,488	
Real Estate		270,796	
Alternative Investments		114,896	
Total	\$	2,111,674	

Credit Risk. In accordance with its policy the Retirement Board provides its investment managers with a set of investment guidelines that specify eligible investments and applicable restrictions necessary for diversification and risk control. Managers do not have authority to depart from those guidelines.

SCERS' fixed income portfolio is primarily managed by four external money management firms. SCERS' investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rates.

Table 3-4

SCERS' FIXED INCOME PORTFOLIO

(In Thousands)

			Investment Maturities (In Years)									
Investment Type	Fa	hir Value		<1		1 - 5		6 - 10		>10		N/A
Agencies	\$	5,911	\$	7	\$	3,943	\$	8	\$	1,953	\$	
Alternative Investment		96		(1)		_		99		(13)		11
Asset Backed Security		24,422		_		6,664		7,661		10,097		_
Commingled Funds		47,843				_		_		_		47,843
Corporate Debt		150,486		4,141		61,695		53,989		30,427		234
Foreign Sovereign		22,840		2,725		4,737		11,777		3,601		_
Mortgage Backed Security		135,151		66		8,895		6,443		119,747		_
Municipal		4,914		_		310		553		4,051		_
Pooled Fund		70,062		_		_		_		_		70,062
Treasury Inflation Linked Securities		21,404		534		5,239		8,572		7,059		_
Treasury Notes and Bonds		116,364		3,778		38,039		46,776		27,771		_
Total Fixed Income	\$	599,493	\$	11,250	\$	129,522	\$	135,878	\$	204,693	\$	118,150

Interest Rate Risk. SCERS' investment policy requires the Retirement Board to provide its investment managers with a set of investment guidelines that specify eligible investments, minimum diversification standards, and applicable restrictions necessary for risk control. Managers do not have authority to depart from those guidelines.

SCERS' investment policy does not limit fixed income investments based on ratings by nationally recognized rating agencies. Speculative investments are avoided based on the Prudent Person Rule as defined by RCW 35.39, and the policy specifies target percentages for diversification in order to minimize risk of large losses.

Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	 AAA	 AA	 A	 BBB	BB	В	CC and Below	No	t Rated
Agencies	\$	5,911	\$ _	\$ 5,733	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$	178
Alternative Investment		96	_	_		_	_	_	_		96
Asset Backed Security		24,422	9,738	6,416	571	248	851	762	2,245		3,591
Commingled Funds		47,843	_	_		_	_	_	_		47,843
Corporate Debt		150,486	1,794	7,904	35,470	68,237	21,778	8,690	3,068		3,546
Foreign Sovereign		22,840	395	2,100	8,274	3,290	2,727	_	162		5,892
Mortgage Backed Security		135,151	971	81,410	3,413	2,181	665	1,820	3,603		41,088
Municipal		4,914	1,222	2,096	1,107	130	14	58	_		286
Pooled Fund		70,062	_	_		_	_	_	_		70,062
Treasury Inflation Linked Securities		21,404	_	21,404		_	_	_	_		
Treasury Notes and Bonds		116,364	 	 116,362	 	 	 	 _	 		2
Total Fixed Income	\$	599,493	\$ 14,120	\$ 243,425	\$ 48,835	\$ 74,086	\$ 26,035	\$ 11,330	\$ 9,078	\$	172,584

Table 3-5 SCERS' FIXED INCOME RATINGS BY STANDARD AND POOR'S

(In Thousands)

Table 3-6

SCERS' ASSET ALLOCATION

Asset Class	Actual	Target
Cash and short-term Investments	8.5%	_%
Equity	48.8	48.0
Fixed Income	26.0	23.0
Alternative	5.0	17.0
Real Estate	11.7	12.0
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Investment Committee reviews its portfolio holdings quarterly with the Investment Consultant to ensure compliance with the specified targets and performance results. Rebalancing of the portfolio back to the target percentages is undertaken to ensure compliance with the specified targets. The Retirement Board provides its investment managers with a set of investment guidelines that specify eligible investments, minimum diversification standards, and applicable restrictions necessary for diversification. In general, these guidelines require that investments in any issuer may not exceed 5 percent of the net position value of a manager's portfolio. Managers do not have authority to depart from these guidelines.

Custodial Credit Risk. SCERS mitigates custodial credit risk by having its investment securities held by SCERS' custodian and registered in SCERS' name.

Foreign Currency Risk. Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates that will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. SCERS' currency risk exposure or exchange rate risk primarily resides within the international equity holdings. SCERS' investment managers maintain adequately diversified portfolios to limit foreign currency and security risk.

SECURITIES LENDING TRANSACTIONS

The City cash pool and the Seattle City Employees' Retirement System are allowed to engage in securities lending transactions similar to that instituted by the Washington State Treasurer's Office and other municipal corporations in the State of Washington.

Under the authority of RCW 41.28.005 and the SMC 4.36.130, the Seattle City Employees' Retirement System Board of Administration adopted investment policies that define eligible investments, which include securities lending transactions whereby securities are lent for the purpose of generating additional income to SCERS. Gross income from securities lending transactions of SCERS as well as the various fees paid to the institution that oversees the lending activity is reported in the fund's operating statements. Assets and liabilities include the value of the collateral that is being held.

The market value of the required collateral must meet or exceed 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned, providing a margin against a decline in the market value of the collateral, and is limited to a volume of less than \$75.0 million. The contractual agreement with the SCERS' custodian provides indemnification in the event the borrower fails to return the securities lent or fails to pay SCERS' income distribution by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan. Cash and U.S. government securities were received as collateral for these loans.

SCERS invests cash collateral received; accordingly, any investment made with cash collateral is reported as an asset. A corresponding liability is recorded as SCERS must return the cash collateral to the borrower upon the expiration of the loan. As of December 31, 2015, SCERS has no credit risk exposure to borrowers; amounts owed to borrowers exceed the amount the borrower owes.

Table 3-7

SCERS' SECURITIES LENT AND COLLATERAL

(In Thousands)

	2015				2014						
Type of Securities Lent	Fair Values of Securities Lent		C	ollateral	of S	r Values ecurities Lent	Collateral				
U.S. Government and Agencies	\$	11,574	\$	11,785	\$	2,616	\$	2,666			
U.S. Corporate Fixed Income		4,202		4,287		1,504		1,535			
U.S. Equities		36,197		37,090		12,104		12,520			
International Fixed Income		525		541		219		225			
International Equity		_		_		10,571		11,282			
Total Securities Lent	\$	52,498	\$	53,703	\$	27,014	\$	28,228			
Collateral				2015				2014			
Repurchase Agreements			\$	50,450			\$	24,690			
Asset-Backed Securities				1,055				1,110			
Payable/Receivable				2,128				2,429			
Total Collateral			\$	53,633			\$	28,229			
Fair Value of Collateral Held			\$	50,942			\$	25,229			

REVERSE REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

RCW 35.39.030 and City investment policy allow the investment of City moneys in excess of current City needs in reverse repurchase agreements. However, at this time, the City does not engage itself in this type of investment strategy.

(4) RECEIVABLES, INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Table 4-1

TAX REVENUES AND RECEIVABLES

(In Thousands)

	Dec	cember 31 2015	Dec	ember 31 2015
	R	evenues	Re	ceivables
Property Taxes	\$	420,691	\$	8,215
General Business and Occupation Taxes		454,086		64,958
Totals	\$	874,777	\$	73,173

TAXING POWERS AND LIMITATIONS

State law limits the regular property tax rate for general City operations to \$3.60 per \$1,000 of assessed value. This includes \$3.375 for general municipal purposes and an additional \$0.225 for the Firemen's Pension Fund and for general municipal purposes under conditions spelled out in state law. From 1997 through 2001 state law limited the annual growth in the City's regular property tax levy to the lesser of 106 percent or the annual rate of inflation. The passage of Initiative 747 in November 2001 reduced the 106 percent to 101 percent. In early November 2007, the State Supreme Court upheld a lower court ruling that Initiative 747 was unconstitutional. This decision would have returned the growth limit factor to 106 percent. On November 29, 2007, the legislature, in special session, passed and the governor signed into law language identical to that of Initiative 747. Thus, the limit factor remains 101 percent. The growth limit does not count tax revenues from new construction or property remodeled within the last year. With simple-majority voter approval, the City can levy additional property taxes above the 101 percent annual growth limit, as long as the City's regular levy rate per \$1,000 of assessed value does not exceed the \$3.60 limit. Excess tax levies for capital purposes require a 60-percent approval by voters and do not fall under either of the limits. The City levied \$1.62 per \$1,000 of assessed value for general operations and Firemen's Pension Fund in 2015. In addition, the levy included \$1.00 per \$1,000 of assessed value for debt service and other voter-approved levies. The total 2015 levy was \$2.62 per \$1,000 of assessed value. Not included in this total is the King County levy for Medic One/Emergency Medical Services, from which the City receives a direct, proportional distribution of proceeds. This was renewed by voters at election in November 2013 for collection in 2014 at \$0.335 per \$1,000 of assessed value and remained at \$0.30 per \$1,000 of assessed value in 2015.

Property taxes are levied by the County Assessor and collected by the County Finance Director. Assessments are based on 100 percent of true and fair-market value. They are levied and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. They may be paid in two equal installments if the total amount exceeds \$30. The first half is due on April 30, or else the total amount becomes delinquent May 1. The balance is due October 31, becoming delinquent November 1. Delinquent taxes bear interest at the rate of one percent per month until paid and are subject to additional penalties of three percent and another eight percent on the total unpaid delinquent balance on June 1 and December 1, respectively. Foreclosure action is commenced on properties when taxes are delinquent for three years.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The City reports interfund balances between funds. The interfund balances are presented in the balance sheets for governmental funds and statements of net position for proprietary funds.

The following table shows the current interfund balances at December 31, 2015, as reported in the fund financial statements.

Table 4-2

DUE FROM AND TO OTHER FUNDS ^a

(In Thousands)

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund(s)	A	mount
General	Drainage and Wastewater	\$	4,066
	Nonmajor Enterprise		50
	Nonmajor Governmental		2,284
	Internal Service		1,731
	Fiduciary		12
	Transportation		120
	Light		5,232
	Solid Waste		632
	Water		2,849
	Total General Fund	\$	16,976
Fransportation	Drainage and Wastewater		677
	Nonmajor Enterprise		166
	General		5,378
	Nonmajor Governmental		24,129
	Internal Service		83
	Transportation		2,821
	Light		1,908
	Solid Waste		124
	Water		485
	Total Transportation Fund	\$	35,771
Light	Drainage and Wastewater		1,392
	General		210
	Nonmajor Governmental		36
	Internal Service		110
	Transportation		110
	Solid Waste		732
	Water		
	Total Light Fund	\$	1,056 3,537
	-	ψ	
Water	Drainage and Wastewater		373
	General		—
	Nonmajor Governmental		_
	Internal Service		1
	Light		384
	Solid Waste		134
	Total Water Fund	\$	892
Low-Income Housing	Nonmajor Governmental		_
		¢	223
	Total Low-Income Housing Fund	\$	223
Solid Waste	Drainage and Wastewater		1
	General		_
	Internal Service		_
	Light		215
	Water		22
	Total Solid Waste Fund	\$	238
Drainage and Wastewater	Nonmajor Enterprise		13
5	General		_
	Nonmajor Governmental		4
	Internal Service		6
	Transportation		116
	Light		591
	Solid Waste		11
	Water		123
		<u>^</u>	
	Total Drainage and Wastewater Fund	\$	864

Table 4-2

DUE FROM AND TO OTHER FUNDS ^a (continued)

(In Thousands)

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund(s)	А	mount
Nonmajor Governmental	Drainage and Wastewater	\$	40
	General		6,36
	Nonmajor Governmental		8,25
	Internal Service		42
	Fiduciary		-
	Low-Income Housing		6
	Transportation		57
	Light		61
	Solid Waste		3
	Water		12
	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	16,85
Fiduciary	Drainage and Wastewater		
	Light		10
	Water		
	Total Fiduciary Funds	\$	10
Nonmajor Enterprise	Drainage and Wastewater		63
	General		8
	Nonmajor Governmental		1
	Internal Service		6
	Transportation		3
	Light		12
	Solid Waste		
	Water		
	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	\$	95
Internal Service	Drainage and Wastewater		71
	Nonmajor Enterprise		34
	General		3,00
	Nonmajor Governmental		2,46
	Internal Service		64
	Fiduciary		
	Transportation		97
	Light		1,57
	Solid Waste		22
	Water		97
	Total Internal Service Funds	\$	10,91
Grand Total		\$	87,33

^a Some amounts may have rounding differences with Balance Sheet or Statement of Net Position.

Table	4-3
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Advances, Notes, and Loans From	Advances, Notes, and Loans To	А	mount
General Fund	Housing Community Development Revenue Sharing	\$	2,275
	2016 LTGO Bond Fund		2,350
	Downtown Parking Garage Fund		7,600
	File Local Agency Fund		42
Parks and Recreation Fund	Seattle Metropolitan Parks District		3,764
	Park District Loan Capital Fund		2,000
Alaskan Way Seawall Construction Fund	Central Waterfront Improvement Fund		18,401
Total City		\$	36,432

ADVANCES, NOTES, AND LOANS FROM AND TO OTHER FUNDS (In Thousands)

The interfund loans for the Downtown Parking Garage, the 2016 LTGO Bond Fund, and the Central Waterfront Improvement Fund have all been approved by the City Council through ordinance. The 2016 LTGO Bond Fund loan was approved by Ordinance 124842 and is to be repaid no later than December 31, 2016 by the issuance of long-term tax general obligation bonds. The Central Waterfront Improvement Fund loan was approved by Ordinances 123761, 124033, and 124345 and is to be repaid no later than December 31, 2016 from grants, donations, transfers. The Downtown Parking Garage's loan was authorized by Ordinances 123694, 124123, 124348, and 125003. It is to be repaid by December 31, 2016 using proceeds from the proposed sale of the Garage. The advances from the General Fund to the Housing Community Development Revenue Sharing Fund and the File Local Agency Fund were for the purpose of cash flow and were paid back in 2016. The loans to the Seattle Metropolitan Parks District Fund and the Park District Loan Capital Fund were approved by the Board of Commissioners of the Park District in their Resolution 3. The money is to be paid back over 8 years from property taxes.

Table 4-4

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

(In Thousands)

				Trans	fers	Out										
Transfers In	(General	Internal Service	Nonmajor Enterprise		Nonmajor overnmental	Tra	nsportation		Total						
General Fund	\$	_	\$ 6,159	\$ 2,906	\$	12,859	\$		\$	21,924						
Internal Service		341	_	_		_		_		341						
Nonmajor Enterprise		12,337	—	_		_		_		12,337						
Nonmajor Governmental		212,012	_	500		33,758		22,281		268,551						
Transportation		64,913	 	 _		143,193		_		208,106						
Total Transfers	\$	289,603	\$ 6,159	\$ 3,406	\$	189,810	\$	22,281	\$	511,259						

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund wherein the statute or budget requires them to be collected to the fund wherein the statute or budget requires them to be expended, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) apply unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Governmental Activities

Table 4-5

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(In Thousands)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	(General	Tran	sportation	 w-Income Housing	onmajor ernmental	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources Housing Loan Guarantees	\$	7,775	\$		\$ 427,316	\$ 47,021	\$ 482,112
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	7,775	\$		\$ 427,316	\$ 47,021	\$ 482,112
Deferred Inflows of Resources Housing Loan Guarantees Property Taxes Special Assessment	\$	7,775 4,039	\$	643	\$ 427,316 308 —	\$ 47,021 1,282 9,153	\$ 482,112 6,272 9,153
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	11,814	\$	643	\$ 427,624	\$ 57,456	\$ 497,537

Housing Loan Guarantees

This balance represents the portfolio of all outstanding housing development loans made through the City's Office of Housing. The loan activity and the associated loan guarantees where recorded with the Low-Income Housing Fund, the Community Development Block Grant Program Funds, and General Fund (Fund 00161). The deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources are segregated on the balance sheets of the original funds that generated the activity. The deferred outflow of resources represents the loans issued and subject to ongoing use criteria. Although these loans are not expected to be repaid unless the property is sold or there is a change in purpose that would result in a contract default. A default due to compliance would generate a loan balance receivable for the City, and would immediately place a legal obligation on the City for repayment of the loan proceeds. This obligation is presented as the deferred inflow of resources. The result of a loan default scenario would have a net zero impact on the City's net position.

Special Assessment

The Local Improvement District 6750 Fund recorded a deferred outflow of resources which reflects the total expected future collections from the District. The assessment expected to be collected during the upcoming fiscal period is adjustment from the deferred outflow of resources and recognized as revenue within our government-wide presentation.

Debt Service

The governmental funds loss on debt refunding of \$884 thousand, previously reported as an asset, is now reported as a Deferred Inflow of Resources on the government-wide financial statement and will continue to be amortized as a component of interest expense. The internal service funds also recorded a loss on debt refunding of \$161 thousand, previously reported as an asset, it's now reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the combined Statement of Net Position and will be amortized over the life of the bonds.

Property Taxes

For 2015 total taxes outstanding of \$6.2 million were recorded as a tax receivable asset within our governmental funds. Unable to meet the revenue recognition criteria our governmental funds recorded the balance of the tax receivable asset as a Deferred Inflow of Resources. The reconciliation of our governmental fund financial statements to government-wide financial statements shows an adjustment to remove the deferred inflow of resources recorded by the governmental funds, and record the tax revenues to the Statement of Activities.

Pension Plans

As a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions in fiscal year 2015, the City recognized deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to its pension plans. Detailed information about these deferred inflows and outflows of resources can be acquired in Note 11.

Table 4-6

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(In Thousands)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources		ernmental Funds		Internal Service Funds		ernment- Wide justment	Total		
Deferred Outflows of Resources			_						
Housing Loan Guarantees	\$	482,112	\$	_	\$	_	\$	482,112	
Debt Service		_		5,455		3,064		8,519	
Pension Plans		—		12,341		76,377		88,718	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	482,112	\$	17,796	\$	79,441	\$	579,349	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Housing Loan Guarantees	\$	482,112	\$	_	\$	_	\$	482,112	
Property Taxes		6,272		_		(6,272)		_	
Special Assessment		9,153				(2,455)		6,698	
Pension Plans	_	_		—	_	34,506		34,506	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	497,537	\$		\$	25,779	\$	523,316	

Business-Type Activities

Table 4-7

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

(In Thousands) **Seattle Public Utilities** City Water Drainage and Solid Planning and Total **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** Light Wastewater Waste Development Deferred Outflows of Resources Unrealized Contributions and Losses Related to \$ 33,350 \$ 9,856 \$ 9,184 \$ 3,360 \$ 6,561 \$ 62,311 Pension Charges on Advance Refunding \$ 16,385 \$ 29,453 \$ 6,085 \$ 2,968 \$ 54,891 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 49,735 \$ 39.309 \$ 15,269 \$ 6,328 \$ 6,561 \$ 117,202 \$ Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 35,193 \$ Revenue Stabilization Account 65,993 \$ \$ 18,481 \$ \$ 119,667 Regulatory Credits 23,854 23,854 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 89,847 \$ 35,193 18,481 \$ 143,521 \$ \$ \$ \$

Revenue Stabilization Account

Funding of revenue stabilization accounts (RSAs) from operating cash effectively defers operating revenues. For the City Light (SCL) the balance of the RSA was \$66.0 million and \$89.4 million for 2015 and 2014, respectively. For the Seattle Public Utilities the balance of the RSA was \$53.7 million and \$43.7 million for 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Regulatory Credits

Regulatory credits are the result of SCL (as affirmed by Seattle City Council Resolution No. 30942) recognizing the effects of reporting the fair value of exchange contracts in future periods for rate making purposes and maintaining regulatory accounts to spread the accounting impact of these accounting adjustments. For SCL the balance of the credits were \$23.9 million and \$22.1million for 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(5) SHORT-TERM ENERGY CONTRACTS AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Seattle City Light (SCL) engages in an ongoing process of resource optimization, which involves the economic selection from available energy resources to serve SCL's load obligations and using these resources to capture available economic value. SCL makes frequent projections of electric loads at various points in time based on, among other things, estimates of factors such as customer usage and weather, as well as historical data and contract terms. SCL also makes recurring projections of resource availability at these points in time based on variables such as estimates of stream flows, availability of generating units, historic and forward market information, contract terms, and experience. On the basis of these projections, SCL purchases and sells wholesale electric capacity and energy to match expected resources to expected electric load requirements and to realize earnings from surplus energy resources. These transactions can be up to 24 months forward. Under these forward contracts, SCL commits to purchase or sell a specified amount of energy at a specified time, or during a specified time in the future. Except for limited intraday and interday trading to take advantage of owned hydro storage, SCL does not take market positions in anticipation of generating revenue. Energy transactions in response to forecasted seasonal resource and demand variations require approval by SCL's Risk Oversight Council.

It is the City's policy to apply the normal purchase and normal sales exception of GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, as appropriate. Certain forward purchase and sale of electricity contracts in SCL meet the definition of a derivative instrument, but are intended to result in the purchase or sale of electricity delivered and used in the normal course of operations. Accordingly, SCL considers these forward contracts as normal purchases and normal sales under GASB Statement No. 53. These transactions are not required to be recorded at fair value in the financial statements.

The following table presents (in millions) the aggregate contract amounts, fair value, and unrealized gain (loss) of SCL's commodity derivative instruments qualifying as normal purchases and normal sales at December 31:

2015		gregate ict Amount	 Aggregate Fair Value	 Unrealized Gain (Loss)
Sales	\$	13.3	\$ 13.5	\$ (0.2)
Purchases		1.4	1.3	(0.1)
Total	\$	14.7	\$ 14.8	\$ (0.3)
2014		gregate let Amount	 Aggregate Fair Value	Unrealized Gain (Loss)
2014 Sales			\$ Aggregate Fair Value 11.9	\$
	Contra	et Amount	\$ Fair Value	\$ Gain (Loss)

Fair value measurements at December 31, 2015 and 2014 used an income valuation technique consisting of Kiodex Forward Curves and interest rates from HIS Global Insight that are used to calculate discount rates.

All derivative instruments not considered as normal purchases and normal sales are to be recorded within the financial statements using derivative accounting according to GASB Statement No. 53. In 2010, the City Council adopted a resolution granting SCL authority to enter into certain physical put and call options that would not be considered normal purchases and normal sales under GASB Statement No. 53. SCL did not have any such activity for 2015 and 2014. In addition, the City Council has deferred

recognition of the effects of reporting the fair value of derivative financial instruments for rate-making purposes, and SCL maintains regulatory accounts to defer the accounting impact of these accounting adjustments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

Market Risk. Market risk is, in general, the risk of fluctuation in the market price of the commodity being traded and is influenced primarily by supply and demand. Market risk includes the fluctuation in the market price of associated derivative commodity instruments. Market risk may also be influenced by the number of active, creditworthy market participants, and to the extent that nonperformance by market participants of their contractual obligations and commitments affects the supply of, or demand for, the commodity. Because SCL is active in the wholesale energy market, it is subject to market risk.

Credit Risk. Credit risk relates to the potential losses that SCL would incur as a result of nonperformance by counterparties of their contractual obligations to deliver energy or make financial settlements. Changes in market prices may dramatically alter the size of credit risk with counterparties, even when conservative credit limits are established. SCL seeks to mitigate credit risk by entering into bilateral contracts that specify credit terms and protections against default, applying credit limits and duration criteria to existing and prospective counterparties, and actively monitoring current credit exposures. SCL also seeks assurances of performance through collateral requirements in the form of letters of credit, parent company guarantees, or prepayment.

SCL has concentrations of suppliers and customers in the electric industry including electric utilities, electric generators and transmission providers, financial institutions, and energy marketing and trading companies. In addition, SCL has concentrations of credit risk related to geographic location as it operates in the western United States. These concentrations of counterparties and concentrations of geographic location may impact SCL's overall exposure to credit risk, either positively or negatively, because the counterparties may be similarly affected by changes in conditions.

Other Operational and Event Risk. There are other operational and event risks that can affect the supply of the commodity, and SCL's operations. Due to SCL's primary reliance on hydroelectric generation, the weather, including spring time snow melt, runoff, and rainfall, can significantly affect SCL's operations. Other risks include regional planned and unplanned generation outages, transmission constraints or disruptions, environmental regulations that influence the availability of generation resources, and overall economic trends.

(6) CAPITAL ASSETS

Table 6-1

CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS ^a

(In Thousands)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES* Image: model of the second s		Restated Balance January 1	Additions	Deletions	D	Balance December 31
Land \$ 571,581 \$ 1,508 \$ 1,008 \$ 572,081 Construction in Progress 555,899 323,024 62,968 813,955 Other Capital Assets 11,521 11,521 Total Capital Assets 11,37001 324,532 63,976 11,37,557 CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED Buildings and Improvements 2,336,096 31,967 2,46,77 2,443,86 Machinery and Equipment 363,994 36,896 23,359 377,531 Infrastructure 7,244,386 Other Capital Assets 7,191 14 7,232 1,866,196 Other Capital Assets Being Depreciated 4,543,753 98,721 48,096 4,594,378 Accumulated Depreciation 701,314 7,232 2,418 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 1,768,862 151,155 36,228 1,883,790 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciation 1,768,862 151,155 36,228 1,883,790 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 53,6966 62,25	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ^b					
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED					
Other Capital Assets 11,521 — — 11,521 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 1,137,001 324,532 63,976 1,397,557 CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED Buildings and Improvements 2,336,096 31,967 24,677 2,343,386 Machinery and Equipment 363,994 36,896 23,359 377,531 Infrastructure 1,845,472 29,724 — 1.866,196 Other Capital Assets 7,191 134 — 7,325 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 4,543,753 98,721 48,036 4,594,438 Accumulated Depreciation 11,786,42 25,26 — 4,815,068 Other Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 2,178,82 255,27 — 2,418 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 2,774,891 (52,435) 11,968 2,710,648 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$ 3,911,892 \$ 2,72,907 \$ 7,5,784 \$ 4,108,205 Buildings and Improversetion 1,768,62 5,495	Land	\$ 571,581	\$ 1,508	\$ 1,008	\$	572,081
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 1,137,001 324,532 63,976 1,397,557 CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED Buildings and Improvements 2,336,096 31,967 24,677 2,343,386 Machinery and Equipment 363,994 36,890 23,559 317,751 Infrastructure 1,886,412 29,724 — 1,886,142 29,724 — 1,886,142 29,724 — 1,886,142 29,724 — 1,886,142 29,724 — 1,886,143 — 7,325 Total Capital Assets 7,191 134 — 7,325 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 4,594,3753 98,721 48,036 4,594,438 Accumulated Depreciation Total Assets 2,183 235 — 2,418 Total Accumulated Depreciation 1,768,862 151,156 36,228 1,883,790 Total Accumulated Depreciation 1,768,862 151,156 36,228 1,883,790 Total Accumulated Depreciation 1,768,862 151,156 36,228 1,883,790 Total Assets Being Depreciated 5,366 5,495 \$ 4,646,162 0	Construction in Progress	553,899	323,024	62,968		813,955
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED Buildings and Improvements 2,336,096 31,967 24,677 2,343,386 Machinery and Equipment 363,994 36,896 23,359 377,531 Infrastructure 1,836,472 29,724 — 1.866,196 Other Capital Assets 7,191 134 — 7,325 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 4,543,753 98,721 48,036 4,594,388 Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements 750,134 59,318 13,881 795,571 Machinery and Equipment 238,003 35,007 22,247 250,733 116,852 — 8,835,068 Other Capital Assets 2,183 235 — 2,418 11,768,862 151,156 36,228 1,883,790 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 2,774,891 (52,435) 11,808 2,710,648 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$ 3,911,892 \$ 2,636 \$ 19,934 64,610.525 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITES CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED<	Other Capital Assets	 11,521	 			11,521
Buildings and Improvements 2,336,096 31,967 24,677 2,343,386 Machinery and Equipment 363,994 36,896 23,359 377,531 Infrastructure 1,836,472 29,724 — 1,866,196 Other Capital Assets 7,191 134 — 7,325 Total Capital Assets 7,191 134 — 7,325 Total Capital Assets 7,0,134 59,318 13,881 795,571 Machinery and Equipment 238,003 35,077 22,347 250,737 Infrastructure 778,842 56,556 — 835,068 Other Capital Assets 2,183 235 — 2,418 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net S 3,911,892 S 272,007 S 75,754 S 4,108,205 Buildings and Improvements S 162,685 S 5,495 S 4,108,205 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net S 152,685 S,495 S 4,108,205 Buildings	Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	 1,137,001	 324,532	63,976		1,397,557
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED					
Infrastructure 1,836,472 29,724 — 1,866,196 Other Capital Assets 7,191 134 — 7,325 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 4,543,753 98,721 48,036 4,504,388 Accumulated Depreciation 98,721 48,036 4,504,388 4,503,753 98,721 48,036 4,504,388 Accumulated Depreciation 238,003 35,077 22,347 250,733 116,851 21,83 235 — 2,418 Total Accumulated Depreciation 1,768,862 151,156 36,228 1,883,790 Total Accumulated Depreciated, Net 2,774,891 (52,435) 11,808 2,710,648 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$3,911,892 \$2,720,97 \$7,57,84 \$4,108,205 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED S 162,685 \$5,495 \$468 \$167,712 Construction in Progress 536,966 628,560 519,364 646,162 61,922 634,234 519,832 819,224 2,249 2,249,169	Buildings and Improvements	2,336,096	31,967	24,677		2,343,386
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Machinery and Equipment	363,994	36,896	23,359		377,531
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated $4,543,753$ $98,721$ $48,036$ $4,594,438$ Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements $750,134$ $59,318$ $13,881$ $795,571$ Machinery and Equipment 238,003 $35,077$ $22,347$ $250,733$ Infrastructure $778,542$ $56,526$ — $2,418$ Total Accumulated Depreciation $1,768,862$ $151,156$ $36,228$ $1,883,790$ Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net $2,774,891$ $(52,435)$ $11,808$ $2,710,648$ Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net S $3,911,892$ S $272,097$ S $75,784$ S $4,108,205$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED S $162,685$ S $5,495$ S 468 S $167,712$ Construction in Progress $53,6966$ $628,500$ $519,364$ $646,162$ $519,352$ $819,224$ CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED $536,966$ $628,250$ $519,832$ $819,224$ CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED $704,822$ $634,234$ </td <td>Infrastructure</td> <td>1,836,472</td> <td>29,724</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>1,866,196</td>	Infrastructure	1,836,472	29,724	_		1,866,196
Accumulated Depreciation Hermitian Hermitian Hermitian Hermitian Buildings and Improvements 750,134 59,318 13,881 795,571 Machinery and Equipment 238,003 35,077 22,347 226,733 Infrastructure 778,542 56,526 — 835,068 Other Capital Assets 2,183 235 — 2,418 Total Accumulated Depreciation 1,768,862 151,156 36,228 1,883,790 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 2,774,891 (52,435) 11,808 2,710,648 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$ 3,911,892 \$ 272,097 \$ 75,784 \$ 4,108,205 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES E E Image: State Sta	Other Capital Assets	 7,191	 134			7,325
Buildings and Improvements 750,134 59,318 13,881 795,571 Machinery and Equipment 228,003 35,077 22,347 250,733 Infrastructure 778,542 56,526 — 835,068 Other Capital Assets 2,183 235 — 2,418 Total Accumulated Depreciation 1,768,862 151,156 36,228 1,883,790 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 2,774,891 (52,435) 11,808 2,710,648 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$ 3,911,892 \$ 272,097 \$ 75,784 \$ 4,108,205 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES E Infrastructure \$ 1,62,685 \$ 5,495 \$ 468 \$ 167,712 Land \$ 102,685 \$ 5,495 \$ 468 \$ 167,712 Construction in Progress 0,5171 179 — 5,350 104,263 519,364 646,162 Other Capital Assets DEPRECIATED E <	Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	4,543,753	98,721	48,036		4,594,438
Machinery and Equipment238,003 $35,077$ $22,347$ $250,733$ Infrastructure $778,542$ $56,526$ $835,068$ Other Capital Assets $2,183$ 235 $2,418$ Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net $2,774,891$ $(52,435)$ $11,808$ $2,710,648$ Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net $\underline{\$}$ $3,911,892$ $\underline{\$}$ $272,097$ $\underline{\$}$ $75,784$ $\underline{\$}$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIESCAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATEDLand $\underline{\$}$ $162,685$ $\underline{\$}$ $5,495$ $\underline{\$}$ 468 $\underline{\$}$ $167,712$ Construction in Progress $536,966$ $628,560$ $519,364$ $646,162$ $646,162$ 6162 6162 6162 6162 $646,162$ Other Capital Assets $8,171$ 179 $5,350$ $519,364$ $646,162$ Other Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated $704,822$ $634,234$ $519,832$ $819,224$ CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATEDPlant in Service, Excluding Land $6,801,199$ $506,745$ $58,775$ $7,249,169$ Buildings $60,131$ 7 $14,758$ Other Capital Assets $83,816$ $1,340$ $11,246$ $73,910$ Total Capital Assets $83,816$ $1,340$ $11,246$ $73,910$ Total Capital Assets $83,816$ $1,340$ $11,246$ $73,910$ Total Capital Assets $83,816$ $1,340$ $11,246$	Accumulated Depreciation					
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Buildings and Improvements	750,134	59,318	13,881		795,571
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Machinery and Equipment	238,003	35,077	22,347		250,733
Total Accumulated Depreciation $1,768,862$ $151,156$ $36,228$ $1,883,790$ Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net $2,774,891$ $(52,435)$ $11,808$ $2,710,648$ Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net $\$$ $3,911,892$ $\$$ $272,097$ $\$$ $75,784$ $\$$ $4,108,205$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED $\$$ $356,966$ $628,560$ $519,364$ $646,162$ Construction in Progress $536,966$ $628,560$ $519,364$ $646,162$ Other Capital Assets $5,171$ 179 — $5,350$ Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated $704,822$ $634,234$ $519,832$ $819,224$ CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED $906,745$ $58,775$ $7,249,169$ $901,311$ — — $60,131$ — — $60,131$ — — $60,131$ $-$ — $60,131$ $-$ — $60,131$ $-$ — $60,131$ $-$ — $60,131$ $-$ — $60,131$ $-$ — $60,131$ $-$	Infrastructure	778,542	56,526	—		835,068
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net $2,774,891$ $(52,435)$ $11,808$ $2,710,648$ Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net $$3,911,892$ $$272,097$ $$75,784$ $$4,108,205$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIESCAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATEDLand $$162,685$ $$5,495$ $$468$ $$167,712$ Construction in Progress $536,966$ $628,560$ $519,364$ $646,162$ Other Capital Assets $5,171$ 179 $ 5,350$ Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated $704,822$ $634,234$ $519,832$ $819,224$ CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED $8,801,199$ $506,745$ $58,775$ $7,249,169$ Plant in Service, Excluding Land $6,801,199$ $506,745$ $58,775$ $7,249,169$ Buildings $60,131$ $ 60,131$ Machinery and Equipment $14,765$ $ 7$ $14,758$ Other Capital Assets $83,816$ $1,340$ $11,246$ $73,910$ Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated $6,959,911$ $508,085$ $70,028$ $7,397,968$ Accumulated Depreciation $2,637,878$ $196,423$ $67,188$ $2,767,113$ Buildings $32,068$ $2,006$ $ 34,074$ Machinery and Equipment $13,846$ 501 30 $14,317$ Other Capital Assets 1559 75 275 $1,359$ Total Capital Assets 1559 75 275 $1,359$ Total Assets Being Depreciat	Other Capital Assets	 2,183	 235			2,418
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$ 3,911,892 \$ 272,097 \$ 75,784 \$ 4,108,205 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED Land \$ 162,685 \$ 5,495 \$ 468 \$ 167,712 Construction in Progress 536,966 628,560 519,364 646,162 Other Capital Assets 5,171 179 — 5,350 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 704,822 634,234 519,832 819,224 CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED Plant in Service, Excluding Land 6,801,199 506,745 58,775 7,249,169 Buildings 60,131 — — 60,131 — — 60,131 Machinery and Equipment 14,765 — 7 14,758 7,397,968 7,397,968 Accumulated Depreciated 6,959,911 508,085 70,028 7,397,968 Accumulated Depreciation 2,637,878 196,423 67,188 2,767,113 Buildings 32,068 2,006 — 34,074	Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,768,862	151,156	36,228		1,883,790
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED Land \$ 162,685 \$ 5,495 \$ 468 \$ 167,712 Construction in Progress 536,966 628,560 519,364 646,162 Other Capital Assets 5,171 179 — 5,350 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 704,822 634,234 519,832 819,224 CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED 9 9 56,745 58,775 7,249,169 Buildings 66,01,199 506,745 58,775 7,249,169 Buildings 60,131 — — 60,131 Machinery and Equipment 14,765 — 7 14,758 Other Capital Assets 83,816 1,340 11,246 73,910 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 6,959,911 508,085 70,028 7,397,968 Accumulated Depreciation 2,637,878 196,423 67,188 2,767,113 Buildings 32,068 2,006 — 34,074 Machinery and Equipment <td>Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net</td> <td>2,774,891</td> <td>(52,435)</td> <td>11,808</td> <td></td> <td>2,710,648</td>	Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2,774,891	(52,435)	11,808		2,710,648
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,911,892	\$ 272,097	\$ 75,784	\$	4,108,205
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Land	\$ 162.685	\$ 5,495	\$ 468	\$	167.712
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Construction in Progress	536,966	,	519,364		646,162
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED Plant in Service, Excluding Land 6,801,199 506,745 58,775 7,249,169 Buildings 60,131 - - 60,131 Machinery and Equipment 14,765 - 7 14,758 Other Capital Assets 83,816 1,340 11,246 73,910 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 6,959,911 508,085 70,028 7,397,968 Accumulated Depreciation Plant in Service, Excluding Land 2,637,878 196,423 67,188 2,767,113 Buildings 32,068 2,006 - 34,074 Machinery and Equipment 13,846 501 30 14,317 Other Capital Assets 1,559 75 275 1,359 Total Accumulated Depreciation 2,685,351 199,005 67,493 2,816,863 Total Assets 2,555 1559 75 275 1,359 Total Accumulated Depreciation 2,685,351 199,005 67,493 2,816,863 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 4,274,560 309,080 2,535 4,581,105 </td <td>•</td> <td>5,171</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5,350</td>	•	5,171				5,350
Plant in Service, Excluding Land $6,801,199$ $506,745$ $58,775$ $7,249,169$ Buildings $60,131$ $60,131$ Machinery and Equipment $14,765$ 7 $14,758$ Other Capital Assets $83,816$ $1,340$ $11,246$ $73,910$ Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated $6,959,911$ $508,085$ $70,028$ $7,397,968$ Accumulated Depreciation $2,637,878$ $196,423$ $67,188$ $2,767,113$ Buildings $32,068$ $2,006$ $34,074$ Machinery and Equipment $13,846$ 501 30 $14,317$ Other Capital Assets $1,559$ 75 275 $1,359$ Total Capital Assets $2,685,351$ $199,005$ $67,493$ $2,816,863$ Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net $4,274,560$ $309,080$ $2,535$ $4,581,105$	Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	 704,822	 634,234	519,832		819,224
Buildings $60,131$ $60,131$ Machinery and Equipment $14,765$ -7 $14,758$ Other Capital Assets $83,816$ $1,340$ $11,246$ $73,910$ Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated $6,959,911$ $508,085$ $70,028$ $7,397,968$ Accumulated Depreciation $2,637,878$ $196,423$ $67,188$ $2,767,113$ Buildings $32,068$ $2,006$ - $34,074$ Machinery and Equipment $13,846$ 501 30 $14,317$ Other Capital Assets $1,559$ 75 275 $1,359$ Total Accumulated Depreciation $2,685,351$ $199,005$ $67,493$ $2,816,863$ Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net $4,274,560$ $309,080$ $2,535$ $4,581,105$	CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED					
Machinery and Equipment $14,765$ -7 $14,758$ Other Capital Assets $83,816$ $1,340$ $11,246$ $73,910$ Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated $6,959,911$ $508,085$ $70,028$ $7,397,968$ Accumulated DepreciationPlant in Service, Excluding Land $2,637,878$ $196,423$ $67,188$ $2,767,113$ Buildings $32,068$ $2,006$ - $34,074$ Machinery and Equipment $13,846$ 501 30 $14,317$ Other Capital Assets $1,559$ 75 275 $1,359$ Total Accumulated Depreciation $2,685,351$ $199,005$ $67,493$ $2,816,863$ Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net $4,274,560$ $309,080$ $2,535$ $4,581,105$	Plant in Service, Excluding Land	6,801,199	506,745	58,775		7,249,169
Other Capital Assets 83,816 1,340 11,246 73,910 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 6,959,911 508,085 70,028 7,397,968 Accumulated Depreciation 2,637,878 196,423 67,188 2,767,113 Buildings 32,068 2,006 — 34,074 Machinery and Equipment 13,846 501 30 14,317 Other Capital Assets 1,559 75 275 1,359 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 4,274,560 309,080 2,535 4,581,105	· · · · ·	60,131	_	_		60,131
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 6,959,911 508,085 70,028 7,397,968 Accumulated Depreciation 2,637,878 196,423 67,188 2,767,113 Buildings 32,068 2,006 - 34,074 Machinery and Equipment 13,846 501 30 14,317 Other Capital Assets 1,559 75 275 1,359 Total Accumulated Depreciation 2,685,351 199,005 67,493 2,816,863 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 4,274,560 309,080 2,535 4,581,105	Machinery and Equipment	14,765	_	7		14,758
Accumulated Depreciation Plant in Service, Excluding Land 2,637,878 196,423 67,188 2,767,113 Buildings 32,068 2,006 — 34,074 Machinery and Equipment 13,846 501 30 14,317 Other Capital Assets 1,559 75 275 1,359 Total Accumulated Depreciated, Net 4,274,560 309,080 2,535 4,581,105	Other Capital Assets	 83,816	 1,340	11,246		73,910
Plant in Service, Excluding Land 2,637,878 196,423 67,188 2,767,113 Buildings 32,068 2,006 — 34,074 Machinery and Equipment 13,846 501 30 14,317 Other Capital Assets 1,559 75 275 1,359 Total Accumulated Depreciation 2,685,351 199,005 67,493 2,816,863 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 4,274,560 309,080 2,535 4,581,105	Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	6,959,911	508,085	70,028		7,397,968
Buildings 32,068 2,006 34,074 Machinery and Equipment 13,846 501 30 14,317 Other Capital Assets 1,559 75 275 1,359 Total Accumulated Depreciation 2,685,351 199,005 67,493 2,816,863 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 4,274,560 309,080 2,535 4,581,105	Accumulated Depreciation					
Machinery and Equipment 13,846 501 30 14,317 Other Capital Assets 1,559 75 275 1,359 Total Accumulated Depreciation 2,685,351 199,005 67,493 2,816,863 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 4,274,560 309,080 2,535 4,581,105	Plant in Service, Excluding Land	2,637,878	196,423	67,188		2,767,113
Other Capital Assets 1,559 75 275 1,359 Total Accumulated Depreciation 2,685,351 199,005 67,493 2,816,863 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 4,274,560 309,080 2,535 4,581,105				_		
Total Accumulated Depreciation 2,685,351 199,005 67,493 2,816,863 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 4,274,560 309,080 2,535 4,581,105	Machinery and Equipment	13,846	501	30		14,317
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 4,274,560 309,080 2,535 4,581,105						1,359
	Total Accumulated Depreciation	 2,685,351	 199,005	67,493		2,816,863
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net \$ 4,979,382 \$ 943,314 \$ 522,367 \$ 5,400,329	Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	4,274,560	309,080	2,535		4,581,105
	Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,979,382	\$ 943,314	\$ 522,367	\$	5,400,329

^a Some amounts may have rounding differences with Statement of Net Position.
 ^b The capital assets for governmental activities include the capital assets of the internal service funds. Schedules H-1, H-2, and H-3 provide additional information on the capital assets of the governmental funds.

Table 6-2

DEPRECIATION EXPENSE BY FUNCTION (In Thousands)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

General Government	\$ 2,139
Public Safety	13,961
Transportation	59,292
Economic Environment	20
Culture and Recreation	40,629
Subtotal	 116,041
Capital assets held by internal service funds are charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	 35,115
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 151,156
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	
Light	\$ 120,476
Water	46,592
Solid Waste	6,907
Drainage and Wastewater	22,513
Planning and Development	437
Parking Garage	2,080
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 199,005

(7) COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The following discussion on the general liabilities of the City and the tables for the other City funds present the accrued compensated absences at the end of 2015 and 2014. The tables present the accrued compensated absences grouped by governmental activities, business-type activities, and pension trust funds at the end of 2015 and 2014.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental Funds

Unpaid compensated absences associated with governmental fund operations of \$84.2 million and \$97.8 million at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, have been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Internal Service Funds

Table 7-1 COMPENSATED ABSENCES IN INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (In Thousands)

	2	015	2014
Finance and Administrative Services	\$	5,092	\$ 4,881
Information Technology		1,898	 1,741
Totals	\$	6,990	\$ 6,622

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Enterprise Funds

Table 7-2

COMPENSATED ABSENCES IN ENTERPRISE FUNDS (In Thousands)

(<i>I</i> n	1 nousanas)	

	2015	2014			
Light	\$ 22,985	\$	18,747		
Water	5,298		5,313		
Drainage and Wastewater	4,998		5,071		
Solid Waste	1,734		1,690		
Planning and Development	 3,402		3,081		
Totals	\$ 38,417	\$	33,902		

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Table 7-3

COMPENSATED ABSENCES IN PENSION TRUST FUNDS (In Thousands)

	2	015	2014
Employees' Retirement	\$	165	\$ 123
Firemen's Pension		81	85
Police Relief and Pension		60	 56
Totals	\$	306	\$ 264

Table 9-9 of Note 9, Long-Term Debt, presents compensated absences in governmental activities and business-type activities in the aggregate and the amount estimated to be due within the year.

(8) LEASES

CAPITAL LEASES

The City leases certain office equipment under various capital lease agreements. The City's capital lease obligations and the related assets were recorded in the appropriate funds and government-wide financial statements. The net capital lease assets shown in the following table reflect those continuing to be financed through capital leases. The minimum capital lease payments reflect the remaining capital obligations on these assets.

Table 8-1

CAPITAL LEASES

(In Thousands)

Net Capital Lease Assets	Capital Assets Governmental Activitie				
Machinery and Equipment	\$	259			
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(106)			
December 31, 2015	\$	153			
Minimum Capital Lease Payments	Long-Term Liabilities Governmental Activities				
2015	\$	177			
Total Minimum Lease Payments		177			
Less Interest		177 (26)			

The outstanding principal portion of the minimum capital lease payments is also presented in Table 9-9 of Note 9, Long-Term Debt.

OPERATING LEASES

Governmental Activities

The City, through its Facilities Operations Division, manages buildings and facilities that are owned by the City and has operating lease commitments on real property owned by private entities. Many lease commitments on private properties are for a term of five years or longer and may be renewed as required by the City tenant departments. The lease agreements show a periodic schedule of rental amounts. Facilities Operations Division paid rentals of approximately \$7.1 million and \$5.1 million in 2015 and 2014 on the lease commitments. There are no projected rent increases apart from lease agreements entered into by the City.

In addition, Seattle Center leases a building for office space and workshop on a type of lease called a "triple net lease" for its Technical Facilities Management. The original lease agreement expired on July 30, 2010 and renewed to 2015 and reviewed again for another five years with new expiration date of July 30, 2020. The renewed lease agreement requires a fixed rent of \$25,956 per month subject to increases on each July 1 beginning in 2016 and every year thereafter by the percentage of change, if any, in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for All Urban Consumers, United States Average for All Items (1982 - 84 = 100) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor CPI from the CPI last published in the preceding year, but not to exceed five percent for any lease year. If there is a decline in the CPI, the fixed rent during the succeeding year will be equal to the fixed rent during the immediate preceding year. All other amounts required by the landlord to be paid by Seattle Center on the lease shall constitute additional rent. On a triple net lease Seattle Center will pay all impositions on the lease, insurance premiums, utilities, taxes, operating expenses, maintenance charges, repair costs, and other charges, costs, and expenses which arise or may be contemplated during the lease term. Seattle Center paid lease payments of \$311,472 and \$307,910 in 2015 and 2014, respectively. Rents are paid as they become due and payable.

The City of Seattle

The City leases office equipment under various non-cancelable long-term operating lease agreements. The minimum payments made for these operating leases totaled \$793,407 in 2015.

Minimum payments under the leases are:

Table 8-2

OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(In Thousands)

Minimum Lease Payments													
Fin	ance &			D	epartment of Parks & Recreation	Pla	anning &						Total
\$	9,187	\$	311	\$	562	\$	23	\$	3	\$	12	\$	10,098
	3,368		318		574		8		3		12		4,283
	1,999		324		572		_		2		12		2,909
	1,773		331		441		_		_		11		2,556
	1,364		169		44		—				_		1,577
	3,714		_		_				_		_		3,714
\$	21,405	\$	1,453	\$	2,193	\$	31	\$	8	\$	47	\$	25,137
	Êin Admi	3,368 1,999 1,773 1,364 3,714	Finance & Admin Services S C \$ 9,187 \$ 3,368 1,999 1,773 1,364 3,714 \$	Finance & Admin Services Seattle Center \$ 9,187 \$ 311 3,368 318 1,999 324 1,773 331 1,364 169 3,714 —	Finance & Admin Services Seattle Center \$ 9,187 \$ 311 \$ 3,368 318 \$ 1,999 324 \$ 1,773 331 \$ 1,364 169 \$ 3,714 \$	Department of Finance & Admin Services Seattle Center Department of Parks & Recreation \$ 9,187 \$ 311 \$ 562 3,368 318 574 1,999 324 572 1,773 331 441 1,364 169 44 3,714 — —	Department of Finance & Admin Services Seattle Center Department of Parks & Recreation Dep Plate \$ 9,187 \$ 311 \$ 562 \$ 3,368 318 574 \$ 1,999 324 572 \$ 1,773 331 441 \$ 1,364 169 44 \$ 3,714 — — —	Finance & Admin Services Seattle Center Parks & Recreation Planning & Development \$ 9,187 \$ 311 \$ 562 \$ 23 3,368 318 574 8 1,999 324 572 — 1,773 331 441 — 1,364 169 44 — 3,714 — — —	Department of Finance & Admin ServicesSeattle CenterDepartment of Parks & RecreationDepartment of Planning & DevelopmentO O Cu\$ 9,187\$ 311\$ 562\$ 23\$3,36831857481,9993245721,7733314411,364169443,714	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

The following schedule shows the composition of total rental expense for all operating leases except those with terms of a month or less that were not renewed:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2015								
		2015	2014						
Minimum Rentals:	\$	8,042	\$	6,084					
Less: Sublease Rentals		(57)		(57)					
	\$	7,985	\$	6,027					

Business-Type Activities

Seattle City Light leases office equipment and smaller facilities for various purposes through long-term operating lease agreements. Expense for these operating leases totaled \$1,645,905 in 2015 and \$1,551,760 in 2014.

Seattle Public Utilities has non-cancelable operating lease commitments for real and personal property for its three funds: Water Fund, Drainage and Wastewater Fund, and Solid Waste Fund. The minimum payments made respectively in 2015 and 2014 were: \$367,731 and \$367,701 for the Water Fund; \$106,557 and \$100,237 for the Drainage and Wastewater Fund, and \$205,257 and \$199,195 for the Solid Waste Fund. Rents are paid as they become due and payable.

Minimum payments under the leases are:

Table 8-3

Table 8-4

OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

(In Thousands)

	 Minimum Payments											
Year Ending December 31	City Light	W	ater		nage & ewater		olid /aste		Fotal			
2016	\$ 1,470	\$	331	\$	96	\$	176	\$	2,073			
2017	1,397		119		44		7		1,567			
2018	1,018		120		45		5		1,188			
2019	944		120		45		5		1,114			
2020	_		36		14		3		53			
2021 - 2025	_		59		_				59			
2026 - 2030	 _		47		_		_		47			
Total	\$ 4,829	\$	832	\$	244	\$	196	\$	6,101			

LEASE REVENUES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The Facilities Operations Division collects occupancy charges from the various tenants occupying real property owned or leased by the City. These tenants include other City departments, other government offices, social service agencies, and private businesses. Social service agencies frequently pay occupancy charges at reduced rates in consideration of offsetting benefits accruing to the City as a result of the services they provide to the public. Rental revenues derived from these activities are accounted for in the Finance and Administrative Services Fund, an internal service fund, and are shown in the following table.

MAJOR SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME ON REAL PROPERTY MANAGED BY FACILITIES OPERATIONS DIVISION

(In Millions)

	2	015	2014
Non-City Property Occupied by City Departments	\$	6.6	\$ 5.2
City-Owned Property Occupied by City Departments		53.4	53.2
City-Owned Property Leased to Non-City Tenants		2.3	 2.3
Total	\$	62.3	\$ 60.7

Additionally, in 2015 the SeaPark Garage and the Seattle Municipal Tower Building generated \$2.9 million total parking revenues, which were recorded in the Finance and Administrative Services Fund.

Also, in 2015 the City recognized \$7.9 million in parking revenues in the Downtown Parking Garage Fund, an enterprise fund, from the operation of the garage at Pacific Place.

(9) LONG-TERM DEBT

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funding for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The City issues two types of general obligation bonds, limited tax general obligation (LTGO) bonds and unlimited tax general obligation (UTGO) bonds.

The original amount of general obligation bonds issued for bonds outstanding at the end of 2015 was \$1.593 billion. The amount of bonds outstanding at December 31, 2015 was \$1.019 billion. The following paragraphs discuss the general obligation bonds issued and refunded/defeased during 2015.

In May 2015, the City issued the following series of General Obligation Bonds: (1) \$160.9 million LTGO Improvement Bonds, 2015, Series A. The bonds mature from December 2015 through June 2035 with an average coupon rate of 4.9 percent; (2) \$169.1 million UTGO Improvement Bonds, 2015, maturing in December 2044 with an average coupon rate of 4.1 percent; (3) \$28.2 million LTGO Improvement Bonds, 2015, Series B (Taxable) with the final maturity date of April 1, 2035 with an average coupon rate of 3.5 percent. The proceeds of these LTGO and UTGO bonds are used to pay all or part of the costs of construction and acquisition of various City capital projects, including Bridge Rehab, South Park Bridge, Alaska Way Corridor, Fire Facilities, Golf and other IT projects. In addition, the part of the 2015 LTGO bonds proceeds was used for the partial refunding of the 2005, 2006, 2007 and 2008 bonds.

City had no short-term general obligation debt at the end of 2015.

The following table presents the individual general obligation bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2015, and other relevant information on each outstanding bond issue.

		(In Thousands)						
	Issuance	Maturity	Effective Interest	Bond	Reden	ptions	Bonds Outstanding	
Name and Purpose of Issue	Date	Date	Rate	Issuance	Issuance 2015		December 31	
LIMITD TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION (LTGO) BONDS - NON-VOTED								
Various Purpose and Refunding, 2005	3/23/2005	08/01/05-28	4.167%	\$ 129,540	\$ 44,150	\$ 129,540	\$	
Various Purpose and Refunding, 2006	4/26/2006	03/01/07-26	4.254	24,905	6,060	18,810	6,095	
Various Purpose and Refunding, 2007	5/2/2007	10/01/07-28	4.251	95,550	18,675	38,250	57,300	
Various Purpose and Refunding, 2008	7/2/2008	12/01/08-28	4.398	139,830	87,585	125,435	14,395	
Various Purpose and Refunding, 2009	3/25/2009	11/01/09-05/01/34	3.574	99,860	4,960	57,715	42,145	
Improvement and Refunding, 2010, Series A ^b	3/31/2010	08/01/10-30	4.394	66,510	_	_	66,510	
Improvement and Refunding, 2010, Series B	3/31/2010	08/01/10-31	4.394	135,395	10,425	39,065	96,330	
Various Purpose, 2011	3/16/2011	03/01/11-31	4.431	79,185	2,865	20,805	58,380	
Various Purpose and Refunding, 2012	5/16/2012	09/01/12-32	4.603	75,590	3,115	8,880	66,710	
Improvement, 2013, Series A	6/4/2013	10/01/14-33	3.617	42,315	4,240	8,440	33,875	
Improvement and Refunding, 2013, Series B	6/4/2013	01/01/14-25	1.341	55,075	8,805	10,550	44,525	
Improvement and Refunding, 2014	4/10/2014	11/1/14-05/1/2034	4.329	62,770	6,785	6,785	55,985	
Improvement and Refunding, 2015, Series A	5/21/2015	12/1/15-06/01/2035	4.871	160,945	1,350	1,350	159,595	
Improvement and Refunding, 2015, Series B (Taxable)	5/21/2015	04/1/16-04/01/2035	3.454	28,175			28,175	
Total Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds				\$1,195,645	\$ 199,015	\$ 465,625	\$ 730,020	

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

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Table 9-1

		(In Thousands)							
	Issuance	Maturity	Effective Interest	Bond		Reden	ptions	0	Bonds outstanding
Name and Purpose of Issue	Date	Date	Rate	Issuance	2015		To Date ^a	D	ecember 31
UNLIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION (UTGO) BONDS - VOTED									
Refunding-Various UTGO Bonds, 1998, Series A	03/17/98	09/01/98-17	4.470%	\$ 53,865	\$	245	\$ 53,315	\$	550
Refunding, 2007	05/02/07	12/01/07-18	3.886	60,870		6,815	38,725		22,145
Refunding-Various UTGO Bonds, 2012	05/16/12	12/01/12-21	4.603	46,825		4,630	14,085		32,740
Improvement, 2013	06/04/13	12/01/14-42	4.110	50,000		935	1,845		48,155
Improvement, 2014	04/10/14	12/01/14-43	4.004	16,400		315	315		16,085
Improvement, 2015	05/21/15	12/01/16-44	4.122	169,135		_			169,135
Total Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds				\$ 397,095	\$	12,940	\$ 108,285	\$	288,810
Total General Obligation Bonds				\$1,592,740	\$	211,955	\$ 573,910	\$	1,018,830

Includes all bonds that matured to date and all called, refunded, and defeased bonds on issues that have outstanding balances at the beginning of the year.

Issued as direct-pay Build America Bonds, created under Section 1531 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 whereby state or local governmental issuers of this type of bonds receives a federal subsidy through Treasury Department and the Internal Revenue Service in an amount equal to 35 percent of the total coupon interest payable to investors or buyers of the bonds. However, starting in fiscal year 2014, the subsidy payments have been reduced as a result of sequestration mandated by the U.S Congress. The subsidy cuts are expected to last through fiscal year 2024.

The requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds as of December 31, 2015, are presented in the following table. Debt service for the LTGO bonds is met by transfers generally from the General Fund and certain special revenue funds and by reimbursements from proprietary funds of the City. Debt service for the UTGO bonds is covered by property tax levies that authorized the bond issues and were approved by at least 60 percent of the voters in elections in which the number of voters exceeded 40 percent of the voters in the most recent election preceding the election to vote on the bond issue.

ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

(In Thousands)

Year Ending		Government	tal Acti	vities		Business-Ty	vities		
December 31	Р	rincipal	Interest		Principal			Interest	Total
2016	\$	73,995	\$	41,275	\$	3,280	\$	2,676	\$ 121,226
2017		76,220		38,161		3,630		2,512	120,523
2018		75,320		34,823		4,010		2,331	116,484
2019		66,860		31,376		4,415		2,130	104,781
2020		61,020		28,625		4,840		1,909	96,394
2021 - 2025		269,805		104,148		31,330		5,439	410,722
2026 - 2030		152,975		54,502		2,015		199	209,691
2031 - 2035		89,345		28,776		_		_	118,121
2036 - 2044		99,770		20,059		—		—	119,829
Total	\$	965,310	\$	381,745	\$	53,520	\$	17,196	\$ 1,417,771

Table 9-1

a

Table 9-2

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (continued)

SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS BONDS WITH GOVERNMENTAL COMMITMENT

The bonds are special fund obligations of the City, the debt service of which will be paid from collections from related local improvement district (LID) assessments levied against the benefited properties located within the boundaries of the LID. Though guaranteed by the City's LID Guaranty Fund, this type of special assessment bonds does not constitute an obligation of any political subdivision thereof other than the City, and neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City is pledged to the payment of the bonds. The amount of special assessment bonds outstanding at the end of 2015 was \$8.8 million. There were no new bond issues in 2015.

The following table shows more detail on the outstanding issue.

Table 9-3 SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS WITH GOVERNMENTAL COMMITMENT

(In Thousands)

	Issuance	Maturity	Bond Redemptions					ons	Bonds Outstanding		
Name of Issue	Date	Date	Rate	Iss	suance		2015	T	o Date		December 31
Local Improvement District No. 6750 Bonds, 2006	09/13/06	12/15/07-26	4.102	\$	21,925	\$	1,570	\$	13,100	\$	8,825

Local Improvement District No. 6750 Assessment Collection Information

Calendar/Fiscal Year End Dec. 31	Assessment Installment Payments Billed ^a Assessment Installment U Payments Collected ^b			Unpa	aid Principal Balance of Assessments ^c	Assessment Installments that are Delinquent ^d		
2006	\$ 1,243,211	\$	3,818,560	\$	21,031,677	\$	_	
2007	1,228,415		2,469,222		19,547,593		53,008	
2008	1,221,349		2,172,726		18,261,638		149,411	
2009	1,202,504		2,433,616		16,761,182		163,623	
2010	1,199,958		2,092,158		15,535,847		152,307	
2011	1,194,120		1,991,483		14,265,404		194,705	
2012	1,189,621		1,900,225		13,038,066		264,692	
2013	1,186,600		2,046,315		11,819,398		249,080	
2014	1,186,600		1,781,162		10,572,835		291,124	
2015	1,148,384		1,996,091		9,153,197		287,510	

^a Represents installment payments due and billed in the current calendar year. Source: King County Report SLD270- "Current Install."

^b Represents total amount received in respect of assessments in calendar year, including payments of assessment installments (consisting of both principal and interest) due and billed in current calendar year, plus amounts received as prepayments of outstanding principal balances of unpaid assessments and amounts received in respect of delinquent installments. Source: Seattle Oracle Financial System.

^c Represents principal balance of assessments that is outstanding and unpaid, including amounts that are not yet due and payable at year-end. Source: King County Report SLD270 – "Future Install."

^d Represents cumulative amount of the principal portion of installment payments that were due and billed in any calendar year, but which remained unpaid at yearend. Source: King County Report SLD270 – "Delinquent Install." The requirements to amortize the special assessments with governmental commitment as of December 31, 2015, are shown below.

Table 9-4

ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS WITH GOVERNMENTAL COMMITMENT

(In Thousands)

Year Ending				
December 31	Р	rincipal	Interest	Total
2016	\$	_	\$ 371	\$ 371
2017		—	371	371
2018		—	371	371
2019		_	371	371
2020		—	371	371
2021 - 2025		_	1,852	1,852
2026		8,825	 370	 9,195
Total	\$	8,825	\$ 4,077	\$ 12,902

NOTES AND CONTRACTS PAYABLE – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The Seattle Department of Transportation (SDOT) has outstanding notes drawn in several years from the Washington State's Public Works Trust Loan program administered by the Washington State Public Works Board, a division of the Department of Commerce (formerly Department of Community, Trade, and Economic Development). The notes were drawn at varying low annual interest rates ranging from 0.5 percent to 3.0 percent. The proceeds of the loan support City road and bridge improvements. The City paid \$1.9 million and \$0.1 million in principal and interest, respectively, in 2015. The outstanding balance on the notes at December 31, 2015, is \$12.7 million. The following table presents the annual debt service requirements to maturity on the notes as of the end of 2015.

Table 9-5

ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY SEATTLE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PUBLIC WORKS TRUST LOAN NOTES

(In Thousands)

December 31	Р	rincipal	Interest	Total			
2016	\$	1,723	\$ 101	\$	1,824		
2017		1,519	78		1,597		
2018		1,355	59		1,414		
2019		1,275	45		1,320		
2020		1,275	32		1,307		
2021 - 2025		3,515	58		3,573		
2026 - 2030		1,689	17		1,706		
2031	_	316	 1		317		
Total	\$	12,667	\$ 391	\$	13,058		

REVENUE BONDS

The City also issues revenue bonds to provide financing for the capital programs of the four utilities of the City, namely, City Light and the utilities grouped under Seattle Public Utilities, which are Water, Drainage and Wastewater, and Solid Waste. The City does not pledge its full faith and credit for the payment of debt service on revenue bonds. Payment of debt service on the bonds issued for each utility is derived solely from the revenues generated by the related utility. The original amount of revenue bonds issued for bonds outstanding at the end of 2015 was approximately \$4.954 billion. The total outstanding amount at December 31, 2015, was \$3.721 billion. During 2015 an additional \$648.5 million of revenue bonds were issued.

In July 2015, City Light issued \$171.9 million of tax exempt Municipal Light and Power (ML&P) Revenue Bonds (2015A Bonds), and \$100.0 million of tax exempt variable rate Municipal Light and Power (ML&P) Revenue Bonds (2015B Bonds). The 2015A Bonds had coupon interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 5.00 percent and mature serially from May 1, 2016 to May 1, 2040 with term Bonds maturing May 1, 2045. The 2015B Bonds had coupon interest rates ranging from May 1, 2026 to May 1, 2045. The 2015B Bonds bear interest at the adjusted Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) interest rate which is the SIFMA Index plus the Index floating rate spread. The arbitrage yield was 3.52 percent for the 2015A Bonds and 3.47 percent for the 2015B Bonds. Arbitrage yield, when used in computing the present worth of all payments of principal and interest on the Bonds in the manner prescribed by the Internal Revenue Code, produces an amount equal to the issue price of the Bonds. Proceeds from the 2015 Bonds are being used to finance certain capital improvement and conservation programs and to make a deposit to the Reserve Fund.

In June 2015, Water issued \$340.8 million of Waster System Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds with varying annual principal payments due beginning 2015 and ending in 2014, at interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent.

In June 2015, Solid Waste issued \$35.8 million of Solid Waste Revenue Bonds with varying annual principal payments due beginning 2016 and ending in 2040, at interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent and 5.0 percent.

The following table presents the individual revenue bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2015, and other pertinent information on each outstanding bond issue.

Table 9-6 **REVENUE BONDS** (In Thousands) Effective Bonds Issuance Maturity Bond Redemptions Interest Outstanding 2015 Name and Purpose of Issue Date Dates Rates Issuance To Date December 31 MUNICIPAL LIGHT AND POWER (ML&P) BONDS 2008 Parity 12/30/08 04/01/09-29 5.522% \$ 257,375 16,335 \$ 87,910 \$ 169,465 \$ 2010 Parity, Series A^b 02/01/21-40 05/26/10 3 566 181,625 181,625 2010 Parity, Series B 02/01/11-26 45,225 175,685 05/26/10 3.413 596,870 421,185 2010 Parity, Series C^c 05/26/10 02/01/11-40 3.112 13,275 13,275 2011 Parity, Series A, Refunding 02/08/11 02/01/11-36 4.544 296,315 13,005 43,280 253,035 2011 Parity, Series B^d 02/08/11 02/01/11-27 1.957 10,000 10,000 2012 Parity, Series A 07/17/12 06/01/41 3.147 293,280 12,205 20,730 272,550 2012 Parity, Series C^d 07/17/12 06/01/33 0 586 43,000 43,000 2013 Parity 07/09/13 07/01/43 4.051 190,755 2,885 5,910 184,845 2014 Parity 11/05/14 09/01/44 3.098 265,210 15,260 15,260 249,950 2015 Parity, Series A 07/09/15 05/01/45 3.566 171,850 171,850 2015 Parity, Series B 07/23/15 05/01/45 .69-.71 50,000 50,000 2015 Parity, Series C 07/23/15 05/01/45 .69-71 50,000 50,000 Total Light Bonds 2,419,555 104,915 348,775 2,070,780 MUNICIPAL WATER BONDS 2003 Parity, Refunding 05/12/03 09/01/03-33 4.083% 271,320 14,280 271,320 2005 Parity, Refunding 12/28/05 09/01/06-29 4.482 107,845 138,040 138,040 2006 Parity, Refunding 10/23/06 02/01/08-37 4.424 189,970 44,420 71,350 118,620 2008 Parity, Refunding 12/15/08 08/01/09-38 4.978 205,080 155,510 186,035 19,045 2010 Parity, Series A^b 01/21/10 08/01/19-40 3.718 109.080 109.080 2010 Parity, Series B, Refunding 01/21/10 3.298 81,760 5,510 29,170 52,590 08/01/10-27 2012 Parity, Refunding 05/30/12 09/01/12-34 2.631 238,770 10,825 23,030 215,740 06/10/15 3.183 2015 Parity, Refunding 11/1/15-45 340,840 4,350 4,350 336,490 1,574,860 Total Water Bonds 342,740 723,295 851,565 MUNICIPAL DRAINAGE AND WASTEWATER BONDS 2006 Refunding 11/01/06 02/01/07-37 0.044 121.765 4.520 46,800 74,965 0.048 2008 Parity 04/16/08 06/01/09-38 84,645 1,705 10,630 74,015 2009 Parity, Series A^b 12/17/09 11/01/17-39 0.035 102,535 102,535 2009 Parity & Refunding, Series B 12/17/09 11/01/10-27 0.029 36,680 3,600 20,535 16,145 2012 Parity & Refunding 06/27/12 09/01/12-42 0.033 222,090 6,590 20,450 201,640 2014 Parity & Refunding 06/17/14 05/01/15-44 0.036 133,180 1,800 1,800 131,380 Total Drainage and Wastewater Bonds 700,895 18,215 100,215 600,680 SOLID WASTE BONDS 2007 Revenue & Refunding 12/12/07 02/01/08-33 0.045 82.175 2,535 56,045 26.130 06/22/11 0.042 1,130 2011 Revenue 08/01/12-36 45,750 4,020 41,730 2014 Revenue & Refunding 06/12/14 05/01/15-39 0.033 95,350 1,230 1,230 94,120 2015 Revenue 06/25/15 02/01/16-40 0.037 35,830 35,830 Total Solid Waste Bonds 259,105 4,895 61,295 197,810 470.765 Total Utility Revenue Bonds \$4.954.415 \$1.233.580 3,720,835 S \$

^a Includes all bonds that matured to date and all called, refunded, and defeased bonds on issues that have outstanding balances at the beginning of the year.

^b Issued as taxable direct-pay Build America Bonds, created under Section 1531 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 whereby state or local governmental issuers of this type of bonds receives a federal subsidy through Treasury Department and the Internal Revenue Service in an amount equal to 35 percent of the total coupon interest payable to investors or buyers of the bonds.

^c Issued as taxable Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds, a third type of Build America Bonds which provides for a deeper federal subsidy through a refundable tax credit paid to state or local governmental issuers in an amount equal to 45 percent of the total coupon interest payable to investors or buyers of the bonds.

^d Issued as taxable New Clean Renewable Energy Bonds.

The requirements to amortize the revenue bonds as of December 31, 2015, are presented below.

Table 9-7

ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY REVENUE BONDS

Year Ending	Li	W	ater		age and ewater	Solid			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 105,915	\$ 96,845	\$ 41,615	\$ 40,348	\$ 19,080	\$ 28,371	\$ 5,750	\$ 9,282	\$ 347,206
2017	109,130	89,131	39,345	38,593	20,000	27,530	6,165	8,861	338,755
2018	109,590	83,924	39,625	36,699	20,910	26,579	6,380	8,563	332,270
2019	106,210	78,612	41,620	34,752	21,905	25,550	6,700	8,238	323,587
2020	105,570	73,200	44,095	32,660	22,825	24,480	6,605	7,907	317,342
2021 - 2025	522,910	286,399	227,475	129,448	118,680	105,653	38,415	34,129	1,463,109
2026 - 2030	343,870	172,945	196,920	75,482	132,790	74,596	49,215	23,497	1,069,315
2031 - 2035	263,975	109,082	133,275	36,284	119,310	42,654	51,155	11,378	767,113
2036 - 2040	259,415	52,049	74,545	11,362	91,475	16,822	27,425	2,415	535,508
2041 - 2045	144,195	10,763	13,050	1,347	33,705	2,549			205,609
Total	\$ 2,070,780	\$ 1,052,950	\$ 851,565	\$ 436,975	\$ 600,680	\$ 374,784	\$ 197,810	\$ 114,270	\$ 5,699,814

(In Thousands)

NOTES AND CONTRACTS PAYABLE – BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Seattle Public Utilities (SPU) has various construction projects that are financed by low-interest loans issued by the State of Washington. The loan agreements require that SPU finance a portion of these projects from other sources. SPU's Water Fund as well as its Drainage & Wastewater Fund have availed of these loans to enhance and protect the City's water, drainage, and wastewater systems.

Water

In 2008, the Fund entered into two loan agreements to borrow \$8.1 million from the Washington State Department of Commerce under its Public Works Trust Loan program at 1.5 percent interest per year and a repayment of 18 to 19 years. Proceeds from these loans were used to finance the Myrtle and Beacon Reservoir projects. As of December 31, 2015, these loans have an outstanding balance of \$4.6 million.

In 2009, the Fund entered into a loan agreement to borrow \$3.0 million from the Washington State Department of Commerce under its Public Works Trust Loan program at 1.5 percent per annum and payable in 19 years. Proceeds from this loan were used to finance the West Seattle Reservoir project. As of December 31, 2015, this loan has an outstanding balance of \$1.9 million.

Also in 2009, the Fund entered into two loan agreements, totaling \$9.0 million, to borrow from the Washington State Department of Commerce under its Public Works Trust Loan program to be used to finance the Maple Leaf Reservoir project. The first loan, in the amount of \$5.9 million, was funded with resources from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) at 1.0 percent annual interest and payable in 19 years. The second loan, in the amount of \$3.0 million, bears interest of 1.5 percent per annum and a repayment period of 19 years. As of December 31, 2015, these loans have an outstanding balance of \$8.5 million.

In 2014, the Fund entered into a loan agreement, totaling \$12.0 million, to borrow from the Washington State Department of Commerce under its Public Work Loan program at 1.5 percent per annum and payable in 20 years. Proceeds from this loan will be used to finance the Morse Lake Pump project. An initial draw on \$7.3 million was done in 2015. As of December 31, 2015, this loan has an outstanding balance of \$7.3 million.

Amounts paid for all loans in 2015 were \$1,124,987 in principal and \$208,784 in interest. Total loans outstanding as of December 31, 2015 are \$22.3 million. The minimum debt service requirements to maturity are included in Table 9-8.

Drainage and Wastewater

During 2004, the Fund entered into a loan agreement to borrow up to \$3.7 million from the Washington State Department of Commerce under the Public Works Trust Loan program for the construction of certain capital improvements. Amounts borrowed under the agreement accrue interest at 0.5 percent per annum and are to be repaid in 19 annual installments plus interest. Proceeds from this loan were used to finance the Thornton Creek Natural Drainage Systems. As of December 31, 2015, this loan has an outstanding balance of \$1.8 million.

In 2005, the Fund entered into a loan agreement with the Washington State Department of Ecology under its Public Works Trust Loan program to borrow up to \$2.7 million to support the construction of improvements of the High Point Natural Drainage Systems project. Amounts under this agreement accrue interest at 1.5 percent per annum and are to be repaid in 20 annual installments. As of December 31, 2015, the loan has an outstanding balance of \$1.9 million.

In 2006, the Fund entered into a loan agreement with the Washington State Department of Commerce under its Public Works Trust Loan program to borrow up to \$3.4 million to support the construction of the South Park Flood Control and Local Drainage program. Amounts borrowed under the agreement accrue interest at 0.5 percent per annum and are to be repaid over 19 years. As of December 31, 2015, the loan has an outstanding balance of \$2.0 million.

In 2008, the Fund entered into a loan agreement with the Washington State Department of Ecology to borrow up to \$7.0 million to support the construction and site improvements of the Thornton Creek Water Quality Channel. Amounts borrowed under this agreement accrue interest at 1.5 percent per annum and are to be repaid over 20 years beginning in 2011. As of December 31, 2015, the loan has an outstanding balance of \$5.4 million.

In 2009, the Fund entered into a loan agreement with the Washington State Department of Ecology to borrow up to \$1.4 million to support the Ballard Green Streets project. This loan was funded with resources from the ARRA which provides a 50-percent forgivable provision. Amounts borrowed under this agreement accrue interest at 2.9 percent per annum and are to be repaid by December 2020. As of December 31, 2015, the loan has an outstanding balance of \$0.3 million.

In 2011, the Fund was approved for a Public Works Trust Loan of \$4.0 million from the Washington State Department of Commerce for construction and site improvements in the Midvale area of Seattle. Amounts borrowed under this agreement accrue interest at 0.5 percent per annum and are to be repaid by June 2032. As of December 31, 2015, the loan has an outstanding balance of \$3.4 million.

In 2012, the Fund entered into a loan agreement with the Washington State Department of Ecology to borrow up to \$1.9 million to support the design and construction of the storm water facility for the Capitol Hill Water Quality Project. Amounts borrowed under this agreement accrue interest at 2.6 percent per annum and are to be repaid over 20 years. As of December 31, 2015, the loan has an outstanding balance of \$1.8 million.

Amounts paid to all loans in 2015 were \$1,201,646 principal and \$202,574 in interest. Total loans outstanding as of December 31, 2015 are \$16.6million. The minimum debt service requirements to maturity are included in Table 9-8.

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Table 9-8

ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY SEATTLE PUBLIC UTILITIES PUBLIC WORKS TRUST LOAN AND OTHER NOTES

(In Thousands)

Year Ending		Water Drainage and Wastewater									
December 31	Pı	rincipal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Total		
2016	\$	1,125	\$	194	\$	1,212	\$	191	\$	2,722	
2017		1,125		179		1,223		178		2,705	
2018		1,492		538		1,235		164		3,429	
2019		1,492		253		1,246		150		3,141	
2020		1,492		233		1,258		136		3,119	
2021 - 2025		7,461		856		5,886		484		14,687	
2026 - 2030		4,849		402		3,937		182		9,370	
2031 - 2035		2,571		149		570		17		3,307	
2036 - 2037		735		17		—		—		752	
	<u> </u>										
Total	\$	22,342	\$	2,821	\$	16,567	\$	1,502	\$	43,232	

The following table shows the long-term liability activities during the year ended December 31, 2015.

Table 9-9

CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES ^a

(In Thousands)

	E	Beginning Balance		Additions	R	eductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Bonds Payable										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	816,060	\$	358,255	\$	209,005	\$	965,310	\$	74,465
Issuance Premiums and Discounts, Net		55,218		41,026		14,907		81,337		_
Special Assessment Bonds with Governmental		10.205				1.570		0.005		
Commitment ^b		10,395				1,570		8,825		
Total Bonds Payable		881,673		399,281		225,482		1,055,472		74,465
Notes and Contracts										
Capital Leases		105		78		32		151		47
Other Notes and Contracts		14,580				1,912		12,668		1,723
Total Notes and Contracts		14,685		78		1,944		12,819		1,770
Compensated Absences		104,443		68,157		81,444		91,156		20,579
Claims Payable										
General Contamination Cleanup ^c		688		—		108		580		
Workers' Compensation		28,178		1,108		—		29,286		9,040
General Liability		51,010		1,269		—		52,279		14,669
Health Care Claims		3,467		—		3,467				_
Total Claims Payable ^d		83,343		2,377		3,575		82,145		23,709
Arbitrage Rebate Liability		10		_		1		9		_
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits		87,044		29,506		_		116,550		_
Net Pension Liability		_		594,563		_		594,563		_
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		3,791		_		227		3,564		
Total Long-Term Liabilities from Governmental Activities	\$	1,174,989	\$	1,093,962	\$	312,673	\$	1,956,278	\$	120,523
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
Bonds Payable										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	56,470	\$	_	\$	2,950	\$	53,520	\$	3,280
Revenue Bonds		3,543,080		648,520		470,765		3,720,835		172,360
Issuance Premiums and Discounts, Net		249,395		31,678		_		281,073		_
Total Bonds Payable		3,848,945		680,198		473,715		4,055,428		175,640
Notes and Contracts - Other		33,889		5,018		_		38,907		2,337
Compensated Absences		33,903		39,640		35,126		38,417		5,020
Claims Payable		,		,		ŕ				,
General Contamination Cleanup ^c		120,517		234		_		120,751		16,371
Workers' Compensation		10,737		84		_		10,821		3,810
General Liability		16,959		_		2,017		14,942		5,912
Total Claims Payable ^d		148,213		318		2,017		146,514		26,093
Unearned Revenues		23,544		2,234				25,778		
Habitat Conservation Program Liability		7,631		431				8,062		906
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs		16,054				369		15,685		1,522
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits		15,207		772				15,085		
Net Pension Liability				512,237		_		512,237		_
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		1,284		645				1,929		_
Total Long-Term Liabilities from Business-Type Activities	\$	4,128,670	\$	1,241,493	\$	511,227	\$	4,858,936	\$	211,518
<i>G</i>	-	,,	_	,,		,== ,	_	,		.,

^a Some amounts may have rounding differences with the Statement of Net Position.

^b The Special Assessment Bonds carry neither premiums nor discounts.

^c See Note 10, Environmental Liabilities for a detailed discussion.

^d See Note 15, Contingencies, for a discussion of risk management, environmental, and other matters. The table in Note 16 also includes information on workers' compensation and health care.

The City's internal service funds predominantly serve governmental funds. For this reason the above totals in the governmental activities include the long-term liabilities for these funds. At the end of the year compensated absences and claims payable of these funds amounted to approximately \$6.9 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, and are liquidated from each fund's own resources. Notes and contracts (including public works trust loans), compensated absences, and workers' compensation other than those pertaining to the internal service funds are liquidated using the respective governmental funds of operating City departments, including those funded by the General Fund. General liability and health care claims relating to internal service funds are liquidated absences for governmental activities in governmental funds that have department operating budgets, though they are reported as a general obligation of the City, are paid from these funds when these compensated absences are used by the employees or cashed out by them at termination or retirement. Arbitrage rebate liabilities in governmental activities are paid as they become due and usually come from available resources in governmental funds that received the related bond proceeds and investment earnings from the proceeds.

In addition to paying for debt service on the bond issues for business-type City operations, each business-type fund liquidates its respective other long-term liabilities, with the exception of the Department of Planning and Development (DPD) for general liability. The General Fund pays for DPD's general liability, if any. Environmental liabilities of governmental activity funds are paid from the governmental funds while environmental liabilities of business-type activity funds are paid respectively from the utility funds. Purchased power obligations are obligations of City Light and therefore paid from the Light Fund. For further discussion on purchased power, see Note 14, Commitments.

ADVANCE AND CURRENT REFUNDINGS

In order to lower interest costs the City refunded and defeased certain bonds. To do so, the City issued new refunding bonds to refund certain prior bond issues and also used its own resources to defease certain prior bond issues. In most cases, City resources and the proceeds of refunding bonds are placed in irrevocable trusts for the purchase of federal, state, and local government securities to provide for all future debt service on the old bonds. As a result, the old bonds including those refunded are considered defeased, and the corresponding liabilities are not included in the statement of net position. In some cases, like for City Light and Water bonds in the past three years, proceeds are kept with the City as restricted cash until the refunded bonds are called, usually within 90 days. The following paragraph discusses the advance and current refunding activities that occurred in 2015.

General Government

The refunding portion of the 160.9 million LTGO Improvement and Refunding Bonds, 2015 A, issued by the City on 5/21/2015, were used partially to refund 2005, 2006, 2007 and 2008 LTGO bonds. The aggregate total debt service of the refunded bonds would require a cash flow of \$195.7 million to maturity. With this refunding , the aggregate total debt service of the refunding bonds require a cash flow of \$179.2 million, which results in a saving of 16.5 million in debt service. The net present value of this saving is \$13.5 million.

City Light

There was no refunding in 2015.

Water

The Department issued \$340.8 million of revenue and refunding bonds, of which a portion of the proceeds was used to fully refund the 2003 bonds and partially refund 2005, 2006 and 2008 bonds. As a result of the refunding, the fund reduced total debt service requirements by \$40.2 million resulting in an economic gain of \$30.8 million. Additionally, the Bonds were issued to finance certain capital projects as well as scheduled principal payments for existing bond debt.

The following is a schedule of outstanding bonds that are either refunded or defeased.

Table 9-10

REFUNDED/DEFEASED BONDS

(In Thousands)

Name of Issue	Issuance Date	Maturity Date	Effective Interest Rate		Original Bond Issuance		LTD Amount Transferred To Trustee		Trustee Redemptions To Date 2015		Defeased Outstanding December 31	
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS												
Limited Tax (Non-Voted)												
Various Purpose and Refunding, 2005, Refunded 5/16/12	03/23/05	08/01/05-28	4.167	\$	129,540	\$	58,514	\$	58,514	\$	_	
Various Purpose and Refunding, 2006, Refunded 5/21/15	04/26/06	03/01/07-26	4.254		24,905		5,016		201		4,815	
Various Purpose and Refunding, 2007, Refunded 5/21/15	05/02/07	10/01/07-28	4.251	\$	95,550	\$	13,823	\$	1,308	\$	12,515	
Various Purpose and Refunding, 2008, Refunded 5/21/15	07/02/08	12/01/08-28	4.398	\$	139,830	\$	97,837	\$	13,097	\$	84,740	
REVENUE BONDS												
Municipal Water												
2003 Parity	05/12/03	09/01/03-33	4.083		271,230		14,280		14,280		_	
2005 Parity	12/28/05	09/01/06-29	4.482		138,040		102,305		102,305		_	
2006 Parity	10/23/06	02/01/08-37	4.424		189,970		39,055		_		39,055	
2008 Parity	12/15/08	02/01//09-38	4.978		205,080		149,770		—		149,770	
Municipal Drainage and Wastewater												
2006 Parity	11/01/06	02/01/07-37	4.423		121,765		16,330		_		16,330	
Municipal Solid Waste												
2007 Parity	12/12/07	02/01/08-33	4.505		82,175		40,855				40,855	
Total Refunded/Defeased Bonds				\$	1,398,085	\$	537,785	\$	189,705	\$	348,080	

ARBITRAGE

Since 1995 the City has been reviewing arbitrage rebate liability on its outstanding tax-exempt bonds and certificates of participation under Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code. For bonds that have reached their installment computation dates (bonds outstanding for five years initially and every five years thereafter until the last of the bond issue matures), the City paid arbitrage rebate of \$19 thousand on its general obligation bonds in 2011 and none in 2012, 2013 and 2014 respectively. As of December 31, 2015, arbitrage rebate liability on general obligation bonds and revenue bonds are \$8 thousand and none, respectively.

(10) ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITIES

Following is a brief description of the significant sites:

- The Harbor Island Superfund Site. In 1983, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) designated this site as a federal Superfund site. The City and other entities are sharing costs of investigating contamination in the East Waterway alongside Harbor Island. The City's involvement stems from its sale of transformers to a company on Harbor Island, discharges from storm drains, and combined sewer outflows. The City is one of four parties who are conducting a remedial investigation and feasibility study that will delineate cleanup actions. The EPA approved the remedial investigation report. The final feasibility study will be issued in 2016. The City's ultimate liability is indeterminate.
- The Lower Duwamish Waterway Superfund Site. In 2001, the EPA designated this site as a federal Superfund site for contaminated sediments. The City's involvement is attributable to its land ownership/use of property along the river. The City is one of four parties who signed an Administrative Order on Consent (AOC) with the EPA and Washington State Department of Ecology (DOE) to conduct a remedial investigation and feasibility study to prepare a site remedy. The EPA approved the feasibility study in November 2012. In February 2013, the EPA issued the Proposed Plan for cleanup of the Lower Duwamish Waterway Superfund Site for public comment. The remaining scope of cleanup by potentially responsible parties has been decided by the EPA in the 2014 Record of Decision. The City's ultimate liability is indeterminate.

In November 2012, the EPA issued general notification letters to over 200 parties informing them of their potential liability for the Lower Duwamish Waterway cleanup. The original parties of the AOC have agreed to invite some of those parties to participate in an alternative dispute resolution process (the "allocation process") to resolve their respective shares of past and future costs. The City has hired an allocator and the allocation process officially began in April 2014. The City agreed to administer the allocator's contract. Parties participating in the allocation process will share the cost of the allocator and the process.

The City is also responsible for investigation and cleanup at the Port of Seattle Terminal 117. The City agreed to pay 40 percent of the costs to clean up the uplands and river sediment parts of the site and 100 percent of the costs to clean up contamination in adjacent streets. The cleanup of the sediments and the upland is complete. The cleanup of the streets began in 2015 and is expected to be finished in 2016.

- North Boeing Field/Georgetown Steam Plant. The City, King County, and Boeing have signed an Administrative Order issued by the DOE requiring them to investigate and possibly remove contamination in an area that encompasses North Boeing Field, the City's Georgetown Steam Plant, and the King County Airport. This site was also the subject of the lawsuit brought by the City against Boeing. Boeing has agreed to pay 67 percent of the costs for DOE's implementation of the order. The order requires completion and then implementation of a remedial investigation and feasibility study work plan. The final remedial investigation work plan was issued in November 2013. In January 2015, all parties executed the First Amendment to the North Boeing Field/ Georgetown Steam Plant Agreed Order, making all parties responsible for conducting and completing remedial action at the site. The City is responsible for 1/3 of the costs. The implementation of the work is ongoing and will continue into the first quarter of 2016. Boeing and the City will each pay 100 percent of costs for remedial action at their own facilities.
- Gas Works Park Sediment Site. In April 2002 the DOE named the City and another party, Puget Sound Energy, as partially responsible parties for contamination at the Gas Works Sediments Site in North Lake Union. The City and Puget Sound Energy signed an Agreed Order with the DOE in 2005 to initiate two remedial investigations and feasibility studies for the sediment site –one in the western portion of the site led by the City, and another in the eastern portion of the site led by Puget Sound Energy. Subsequently, in fall of 2012, the City and Puget Sound Energy entered into a Settlement, Release, and Cost Allocation Agreement that puts Puget Sound Energy in the lead for all additional cleanup work at the site; the east-west split is no longer in place. Based on the 2012 Agreement, the City pays for 20 percent of the Shared Costs incurred by Puget Sound Energy for the cleanup work. The remedial investigation and feasibility study include an evaluation of the nature and extent of contamination on the site, an evaluation of multiple alternatives for remediating the sediments, and a recommended preferred alternative. Puget Sound Energy collected additional environmental data in 2013 and the remedial investigation and feasibility study is expected to be completed in late 2016 or early 2017. A Clean-up Action Plan is expected from the DOE in 2017.
- South Park. The City and a private developer are under an Agreed Order with the DOE to perform a remedial investigation and feasibility study and to draft a Cleanup Action Plan for the historic South Park Landfill site under the State Model Toxics

Control Act. The City and developer submitted a draft Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study report in April 2012 and a Draft Cleanup Action Plan in June 2014. The City and developer are negotiating with DOE to finalize the two reports. Negotiations are underway to finalize a Consent Decree for the site with other potentially liable parties, DOE and the Attorney General's office. DOE recently approved an amendment of the Agreed Order to allow the City to construct an interim cleanup action on the City-owned portion of the landfill property. That interim cleanup is expected to be done in the 2018-19 timeframe. DOE also approved an interim cleanup action by the developer on his portion of site property. That cleanup was complete in 2015. In 2012, the City executed an agreement regarding the developer's interim action that settles City liabilities for the interim cleanup costs but not City liabilities for the permanent cleanup.

The City has included in its estimated liability those portions of the environmental remediation work that are currently deemed to be reasonably estimable. Cost estimates were developed using the expected cash flow technique in accordance with GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations. Estimated outlays were based on current cost and no adjustments were made for discounting or inflation. Cost scenarios were developed for a given site based on data available at the time of estimation and will be adjusted for changes in circumstance. Scenarios consider the relevant potential requirements and are adjusted when benchmarks are met or when new information revises estimated outlays, such as changes in the remediation plan or operating conditions. Costs were calculated on a weighted average that was based on the probabilities of each scenario being selected and reflected cost-sharing agreements in effect. In addition, certain estimates were derived from independent engineers and consultants. The estimates were made with the latest information available; as new information becomes available, estimates may vary significantly due to price fluctuations, technology advances, or applicable laws or regulations.

The City is aggressively pursuing other third parties that may have contributed to the contamination of the sites noted above. The City's estimate for realized recoveries was \$2.1 million and \$0.8 million, at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The City's estimate for not-yet-realized recoveries from other parties for their share of remediation work that offset the City's estimated environmental liability was zero, at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The changes in the provision for environmental liability (in millions) at December 31, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	 2015	 2014		
Beginning Environmental Liability, Net of Recovery	\$ 121.2	\$ 121.7		
Payments or Amortization	\$ (10.7)	\$ (8.5)		
Incurred Environmental Liability	 10.8	 8.0		
Ending Environmental Liability, Net of Recovery	\$ 121.3	\$ 121.2		

The provision for environmental liability (in millions) included in current and noncurrent liability at December 31, 2015 and 2014, is as follows:

	2015			2014		
Environmental Liability, Current	\$	16.4	\$	25.8		
Environmental Liability, Noncurrent		104.9		95.4		
Total	\$	121.3	\$	121.2		

Information on the City's environmental liability is also presented in Note 9, Long-Term Debt, Table 9-9.

(11) PENSIONS, DEFERRED COMPENSATION, AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

City of Seattle employees are covered in one of the following defined benefit pension plans: Seattle City Employees' Retirement System (SCERS), Firemen's Pension Fund, Police Relief and Pension Fund, and Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System (LEOFF). The first three plans are considered part of the City's reporting entity and are reported as pension trust funds. The State of Washington through the Department of Retirement Systems (DRS) administers and reports LEOFF Plans 1 and 2.

SEATTLE CITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

The Seattle City Employees' Retirement System (SCERS) is a cost sharing multiple employer retirement plan established and administered by the City in accordance with Seattle Municipal Code (SMC) 4.36.

The System is administered by the Retirement System Board of Administration (the Board.) The Board consists of seven members including the Chair of the Finance Committee of the Seattle City Council, the City of Seattle Finance Director, the City of Seattle Personnel Director, two active members and one retired member of the System who are elected by other system members, and one outside board member who is appointed by the other six board members. Elected and appointed board members serve for three-year terms.

All employees of the City of Seattle are eligible for membership in the system with the exception of law enforcement officers and fire fighters who are covered under the statewide LEOFF plans administered by the state Department of Retirement Systems. Employees of METRO and the King County Health Department who established membership in the system when these organizations were City of Seattle departments were allowed to continue their membership. Current membership in SCERS consisted of the following at December 31, 2015:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	6,020
Active Plan Members, Vested and Non-vested	8,746
Terminated Plan Members Entitled To But Not Yet Receiving Benefits, Vested	1,188
Terminated Plan Members not Entitled To Benefits beyond Contributions and Accumulated Interest, Non-vested	935

SCERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits, post-retirement benefit increase including an automatic 1.5% annual cost-of living adjustment (COLA) increase and a 65% restoration of purchasing power benefit. Retirement benefits vest after 5 years of credited service, while death and disability benefits vest after 10 years of credited service. Retirement benefits are calculated as 2 percent multiplied by years of creditable service, multiplied by average salary, based on the highest 24 consecutive months. The benefit is actuarially reduced for early retirement. City employees may retire at any age with 30 years of service, at age 52 or older with 20-29 years of service, at age 57 or older with 10-19 years of service, and at age 62 or older with 5 to 9 years of service. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established and may be amended by City ordinances.

Refer to the Other Postemployment Benefits section of this note for discussion of the City's implicit rate subsidies to retirees for health care coverage.

The Seattle City Employees' Retirement System issues an independent financial report. A copy of the report is available from the Seattle City Employees' Retirement System at 720 Third Avenue, Suite 900, Seattle, WA 98104; by telephone at 206-386-1293; or by accessing the website http://www.seattle.gov/retirement/annual_report.htm.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 68

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions for its fiscal year 2015 financial reporting. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting requirements by the City as an employer for its pension plans. The City has determined that the Seattle City Employees' Retirement System is subject to the requirements of Statement No. 68, and therefore elected to use the prior fiscal year end as the measurement date for reporting its net pension liability.

Basis of Accounting

The Seattle City Employees' Retirement System is accounted for as a pension trust fund. The financial statements were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as discussed in Note 1. All assets, liabilities, and additions to and deductions from (including contributions, benefits, and refunds) plan net position are recognized when the transactions or events occur. Employee and employer contributions are reported in the period in which the contributions are due. Member benefits, including refunds, are due and payable by the plan in accordance with plan terms.

Investments, including securities lending transactions as discussed in Note 3, are reported at fair value. The fair value of investments in common stock, international equities, fixed income, international fixed income, and short-term investments is based on the quoted market price. The fair value of venture capital and real estate equities is determined by the investment sponsor. Securities and securities lending transactions are reflected in the financial statements on a trade-date basis. The Retirement Board provides its investment managers with a set of investment guidelines. In general, these guidelines require that investments with any one issuer do not exceed 5 percent of the net position value of a manager's portfolio.

Contributions and Reserves

Member and employer contribution rates are established by SMC 4.36.

SCERS funding policy provides for periodic employee and employer contributions at actuarially determined rates expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Funds accumulated and investment earnings are used to pay present and future benefit obligations and administrative expenses. The employer contribution rate is determined by the actuarial formula identified as the Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method. The formula determines the amount of contributions necessary to fund the current service cost, representing the estimated amount necessary to pay for benefits earned by the employees during the current service year and the amount of contributions necessary to pay for prior service costs. Total necessary contributions, including amounts necessary to pay administrative costs, are determined through annual actuarial valuations.

Actuarially determined contribution rates for 2014 were 10.03 percent for members and 14.31 percent for the employer. Plan member and employer contributions for 2014 are \$63,969,504 and \$89,988,898 respectively. There are no long-term contracts for contributions outstanding and no legally required reserves.

The actuarial valuation and measurement dates of the latest study is January 1, 2014 and December 31 2014 respectively. Based on this valuation, the Total Pension Liability (TPL) is \$3.431 billion; the Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) is \$2.323 billion; the Net Pension Liability (NPL) is \$1.108 billion; and the Funded Ratio was 67.7 percent for the plan.

An actuarial study with valuation date of January 1, 2015, is presently underway, and expected to be available at the Retirement Office after July 1, 2016.

Information about the Net Pension Liability

Assumptions and Other Inputs

The net pension liability was determined by the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2014, with the results rolled forward to the December 31, 2014, measurement date. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2014 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 – December 31, 2013.

Mortality rates were calculated and projected based on the RP-2000 mortality tables and using generational project of improvement using Projection Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return and target allocation for each major asset class as of December 31, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
Equity: Public	4.93%	51.0%
Equity: Private	6.50	7.0
Fixed Income: Broad	1.35	20.0
Fixed Income: Inflation Linked	1.25	5.0
Real Assets: Real Estate	3.25	13.0
Diversifying Strategies	3.75	4.0
		100.0%

Table 11-1

The above table reflects the expected (30 year) real rate of return for each major asset class. The expected inflation rate is projected at 3.25 percent for the same time period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and the participating governmental entity contribution will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods on projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be when the discount rate moves 1 percentage point lower and higher(in thousands).

	1% Lower 6.5%		Di	Current scount Rate 7.5%	1% Higher 8.5%		
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,527,372	\$	1,106,800	\$	753,122	

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2015, the plan reported the collective net liability of \$1.108 billion, of which the City recorded \$1.107 billion for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The City's proportion is based on the City's contributions to the plan. The following table shows the changes in the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2014, which was rolled forward to come up with the net pension liability as of Dec 31, 2015.

Table 11-2 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

Balance at December 31, 2013		Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position			Net Pension Liability		
		3,256,575,534	\$	2,214,469,886	\$	1,042,105,648		
Changes for the Year								
Service Cost		93,941,143		_		93,941,143		
Interest on Total Pension Liability		241,619,711		_		241,619,711		
Effect of Plan Changes		_		_		_		
Effect of Economic/Demographic		_		_		_		
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs		_		_		_		
Benefit Payments		(150,073,945)		(150,073,945)		_		
Refund Contributions		(15,087,001)		(15,087,001)		_		
Administrative Expenses		_		(5,324,900)		5,324,900		
Member Contributions		_		63,899,138		(63,899,138)		
Employers Contributions		_		89,889,910		(89,889,910)		
Net Investment Income		_		122,375,634		(122,375,634)		
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$	3,426,975,442	\$	2,320,148,722	\$	1,106,826,720		

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City recognized its proportionate share of pension expense in the amount of \$120.1 million. At December 31 2015, the City reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan as follows (in thousands)

Table 11-3

	Deferred Outfle Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$ _	
Change of Assumption		_	_	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings		34,476	_	
Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date		100,666	 	
Total	\$	135,142	\$ 	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan will be recognized in pension expense in the fiscal years ended Dec 31 as follows (in thousands)

Table 11-4

Year Ended December 31	
2016	\$ 8,619
2017	8,619
2018	8,619
2019	8,619
Thereafter	

FIREMEN'S PENSION AND POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUNDS

Table 11-5

PLAN INFORMATION

	Firemen's Pension	Police Relief and Pension
Actuarial Valuation Date	1/1/2015	1/1/2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age	Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value	Fair Value
Amortization		
Method	Level \$ ^a	Level \$ ^a
Period	30.0 years	30.0 years
Remaining Period		22.0 years
Approach	Open	Closed
Actuarial Assumptions		
Inflation Rate (CPI)	2.25% ^b	2.25% ^b
Investment Rate of Return	6.00%	3.50%
Projected Salary Increases - General	2.75% ^b	2.75% ^b
Projected Salary Increases - Step Merit	N/A	N/A
Postretirement Benefit Increases	2.25% ^b	2.25% ^b

^a Funding is Level %; Amortization is Level \$.

^b Long-term assumption; 2016 and beyond for the CPI and 2018 and beyond for projected salary increase.

Plan Description

The Firemen's Pension and the Police Relief and Pension Funds are single-employer defined-benefit pension plans that were established by the City in compliance with the requirements of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 41.18 and 41.20.

Since the effective date of the state LEOFF on March 1, 1970, no payroll for employees was covered under these pension plans, and the primary liability for pension benefits for these plans shifted from the City to the state LEOFF. However, the City was still liable for all benefits in pay status at that time plus any future benefits payable to active law enforcement officers and fire fighters on March 1, 1970, under the old City plan in excess of current LEOFF benefits. Generally, benefits under the LEOFF system are greater than or equal to the benefits under the old City plan when payment begins. However, LEOFF retirement benefits increase with the consumer price index (CPI - Seattle) while some City benefits increase with wages of current active

members. If wages go up faster than the CPI, the City becomes liable for this residual amount. Due to this leveraging effect, projection of the City of Seattle's liabilities is especially sensitive to the difference between wage and CPI increase assumptions.

All law enforcement officers and fire fighters of the City who served before March 1, 1970, are participants of these pension plans, and may be eligible for a supplemental retirement benefit plus disability benefits under these plans. Those officers and fire fighters hired between March 1, 1970, and September 30, 1977, are not eligible for a supplemental retirement benefit, but may be eligible for disability benefits under this plan. Eligible law enforcement officers may retire with full benefits after 25 years of service at any age and fire fighters at age 50 after completing 25 years of service. These pension plans provide death benefits for eligible active and retired employees. In addition, these plans provide medical benefits in accordance with state statutes and City ordinances to active and retired members from the City. Currently 802 fire and 699 police retirees meet these eligibility requirements. The City fully reimburses the amount of valid claims for medical and hospitalization costs incurred by active members and pre-Medicare retirees. The City also reimburses the full amount of premiums for part B of Medicare for each retiree eligible for Medicare. Total postemployment medical benefits for Firemen's Pension were \$11.1 million in 2015 and \$9.6 million in 2014; and for Police Relief and Pension, \$12.6 million in 2014 and \$11.5 million in 2014.

Refer to the Other Postemployment Benefits section of this note for discussion of the City's implicit rate subsidies to retirees for health care coverage as well as medical benefits for retirees under the Firemen's Pension and Police Relief and Pension plans.

The Firemen's Pension and Police Relief and Pension benefit provisions are established in the state statute, RCW 41.16, 41.18, and 41.20, and may be amended only by the state legislature. Retirement benefits are determined under RCW 41.18 and 41.26 for Firemen's Pension and RCW 41.20 and 41.26 for Police Relief and Pension. Medical benefit payments for both plans are based on estimates of current and expected experience.

Current membership in Firemen's Pension and Police Relief and Pension consisted of the following at December 31, 2015:

	Firemen's Pension	Police Relief and Pension
Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	700	740
Terminated Plan Members Entitled To But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	_	_
Active Plan Members, Vested	17	11
Active Plan Members, Non-vested	—	—

These pension plans do not issue separate financial reports.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City has determined that the Firemen's Pension and Police Relief and Pension Funds do not meet the criteria set forth in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 68 and therefore the requirements of Statement No. 27 and Statement No 50 remain applicable.

The Firemen's Pension and Police Relief and Pension Funds are accounted for as pension trust funds. The financial statements were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting as shown in Note 1. All assets, liabilities, and additions to and deductions from (including contributions, benefits, and refunds) plan net position of the retirement funds are recognized when the transactions or events occur. Employer contributions are reported in the period in which the contributions are due. Member benefits, including refunds, are due and payable by the plan in accordance with the plan terms.

Investments are recorded at fair value as shown in Note 3. Fair value of investments is based on quoted market prices.

Contributions and Reserves

Since both pension plans were closed to new members effective October 1, 1977, the City is not required to adopt a plan to fund the actuarial accrued liability (AAL). An actuarial fund was established for the Firemen's Pension in July 1994 and is discussed in more detail below; the City funds the Police Relief and Pension Fund as benefits become due. Contributions are no longer required from plan members or the City departments they represent. Under state law, partial funding of the Firemen's Pension Fund may be provided by an annual tax levy of up to \$0.225 per \$1,000 of assessed value of all taxable property of the City.

The City of Seattle

The Firemen's Pension Fund also receives a share of the state tax on fire insurance premiums. Additional funding through the General Fund adopted budget is provided to both pension funds as necessary. The Police Relief and Pension Fund also receives police auction proceeds of unclaimed property. Administrative costs for the Firemen's Pension are financed by the General Fund and fire insurance premium tax. Administrative costs for the Police Relief and Pension are financed by police auction proceeds and the General Fund. Contribution rates are not applicable to these plans. Actuarial studies with valuations dates of January 1, 2016, which reflects the 2015 fiscal year information, are presently underway and will be available at the Police and Fire Pension offices after July 1, 2016.

Three-year trend information (in thousands) for the Firemen's Pension and the Police Relief and Pension Funds as of the January 1, 2015, actuarial valuation are:

Fiscal Year Ending December 31	Annual Pension Cost (APC)		Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (NPO)		
2013	\$	5,100	120%	\$	(10,564)	
2014		4,909	173		(14,132)	
2015		5,007	191 ^a		(18,687)	
2013		6,499	109		(4,790)	
2014		5,994	157		(8,194)	
2015		6,445	149 ^a		(11,351)	
	Ending December 31 2013 2014 2015 2013 2014	Ending December 31 Pens () 2013 \$ 2014 \$ 2013 \$ 2014 \$ 2013 \$	Ending December 31 Pension Cost (APC) 2013 \$ 5,100 2014 4,909 2015 5,007 2013 6,499 2014 5,994	Ending December 31 Pension Cost (APC) of APC Contributed 2013 \$ 5,100 120% 2014 4,909 173 2015 5,007 191 2013 6,499 109 2014 5,994 157	Ending December 31 Pension Cost (APC) of APC Contributed O 2013 \$ 5,100 120% \$ 2014 4,909 173 \$ 2015 5,007 191 a 2013 6,499 109 \$ 2013 5,994 157 \$	

^a Assumed amounts will be replaced with actual amounts.

There are no securities held by the City for these pension funds except for the Firemen's Pension Actuarial Account described below. No loans are provided by the funds to the City or other related parties.

The funded status of the plans at the last valuation date is presented below (in thousands). The Required Supplementary Information section, C-4, displays multiyear trend information as to the value of the plan assets decreasing or increasing over time relative to the AAL.

	V	ctuarial alue of Assets	A L	ctuarial .ccrued iability L) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)		AAL		Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll
Firemen's Pension Fund	\$	14,741	\$	82,001	\$	67,260	18.0%	N/A	N/A		
Police Relief and Pension Fund		5,101		99,293		94,192	5.0	N/A	N/A		

In July 1994 the City adopted a funding policy under Ordinance 117216 that is designed to fully fund the AAL of the Firemen's Pension Fund by the year 2018 plus additional contributions, if necessary, to fund benefit payments in excess of contributions to fully fund all retirement benefit liabilities by December 31, 2018. In 2006 the Board of Directors amended the fully funded date from 2018 to December 31, 2023. The level contributions were set aside in the Firemen's Pension Actuarial Account with a fund balance of \$11.0 million as of December 31, 2015. The funding policy does not fund for future medical liabilities. No similar program has been established for the Police Relief and Pension Fund.

The AAL as of December 31, 2015, based on the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015, was \$82.0 million for Firemen's Pension and \$99.3 million for Police Relief and Pension. The Police Relief and Pension AAL is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. Annual requirements are funded through the City's adopted budget, and any budget requirements exceeding the adopted budget are fully covered by supplemental appropriations.

Trend information on employer contributions for the Firemen's Pension and the Police Relief and Pension plans is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section, C-5.

The net pension obligation of the Firemen's Pension Fund is a \$18.7 million net pension asset at December 31, 2015. The net pension obligation of the Police Relief and Pension Fund is a \$11.4 million net pension asset at December 31, 2015.

Table 11-6

ANNUAL PENSION COST AND NET PENSION OBLIGATION FIREMEN'S PENSION AND POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Police Relief and Pension									
	2015		2014		2013		2015		2014		2013
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)											
Annual Normal Cost - Beginning of Year	\$ —	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Amortization of UAAL - Beginning of Year	4,610		4,553		5,054		6,000		5,658		6,167
Interest to End of Year ^a	276		239		189		210		212		231
ARC at End of Year	4,886		4,792		5,243		6,210		5,870		6,398
Interest on NPO	(848)		(554)		(355)		(287)		(179)		(156)
Adjustment to ARC	969		671		512		522		303		257
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	5,007		4,909		5,400		6,445		5,994		6,499
Employer Contribution ^b	9,563	c	8,477		6,485		9,602	c	9,398		7,105
Change in NPO	(4,556)		(3,568)		(1,085)		(3,157)		(3,404)		(606)
NPO at Beginning of Year	(14,132)		(10,564)		(9,479)		(8,194)		(4,790)		(4,184)
NPO at End of Year	\$ (18,688)	\$	(14,132)	\$	(10,564)	\$	(11,351)	\$	(8,194)	\$	(4,790)

^a Represents the assumed interest rate that year: 3.75% in 2013, 3.75% in 2014, and 3.5% in 2015. The interest is net of investment expenses.

^b Beginning in 2009, administrative expenses paid by the fund are subtracted from employer contributions.

^c Assumed amounts will be replaced with actual amounts.

Following are the Firemen's Pension and the Police Relief and Pension financial statements for fiscal year ending December 31, 2015.

Table 11-7

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIREMEN'S PENSION AND POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 (In Theusends)

(In	Thousands)	
-----	------------	--

	Firemen's Police Relief Pension and Pension		2015		2014	
ASSETS						
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 7,871	\$	4,628	\$	12,499	\$ 11,765
Investments at Fair Value						
Equity	7,718		_		7,718	7,844
Fixed Income	181				181	429
Receivables						
Due from Other Funds	_		_		_	
Other	430		450		880	890
Interest and Dividends	 8		_		8	 6
Total Receivables	 438		450		888	 896
Total Assets	16,208		5,078		21,286	20,934
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	 1,285		406		1,691	 1,091
Total Liabilities	 1,285		406		1,691	 1,091
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ 14,923	\$	4,672	\$	19,595	\$ 19,843

Table 11-8

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIREMEN'S PENSION AND POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

	Defined		efit	Pos	temployme	ent He	althcare	_			
	Firemen's Pension		olice Relief Id Pension		emen's ension		lice Relief d Pension		2015		2014
ADDITIONS											
Contributions Employer	\$ 6,204	\$	7,726	\$	11,108	\$	12,552	\$	37,590	\$	37,876
Investment Income											
From Investment Activities Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments Interest Dividends	(129 49 153		 						(129) 49 153		938 36 138
Total Net Investment Income	73		_		_		_		73		1,112
Other Income	1,422		703						2,125		2,127
Total Additions DEDUCTIONS	7,699	,	8,429		11,108		12,552		39,788		41,115
Benefits Administrative Expense	6,902 615		8,326 533		11,108		12,552		38,888 1,148		36,178 1,027
Total Deductions	7,517	,	8,859		11,108		12,552		40,036		37,205
Change in Net Position	182		(430)		_				(248)		3,910
Net Position - Beginning of Year	14,741		5,102						19,843		15,933
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 14,923	\$	4,672	\$	_	\$		\$	19,595	\$	19,843

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' AND FIRE FIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (LEOFF) PLANS 1 AND 2

LEOFF membership includes all full-time, fully compensated, local law enforcement commissioned officers, firefighters, and as of July 24, 2005, emergency medical technicians. LEOFF is comprised of two separate defined benefit plans.

LEOFF Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined per year of service calculated as a percent of final average salary (FAS) as follows:

Term of Service	Percent of FAS
20+	2.0 %
10 - 19	1.5
5 - 9	1.0

The FAS is the basic monthly salary received at the time of retirement, provided a member has held the same position or rank for 12 months preceding the date of retirement. Otherwise, it is the average of the highest consecutive 24 months' salary within the last ten years of service. Members are eligible for retirement with five years of service at the age of 50. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. LEOFF 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. The plan was closed to new entrants on September 30, 1977.

Contributions (LEOFF Plan 1)

Starting on July 1, 2000, LEOFF Plan 1 employers and employees contribute zero percent, as long as the plan remains fully funded. The LEOFF Plan I had no required employer or employee contributions for fiscal year 2015. Employers paid only the administrative expense of 0.18 percent of covered payroll.

LEOFF Plan 2 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the final average salary (FAS) per year of service (the FAS is based on the highest consecutive 60 months). Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 53 with at least five years of service credit. Members who retire prior to the age of 53 receive reduced benefits. If the member has at least 20 years of service and is age 50, the reduction is three percent for each year prior to age 53. Otherwise, the benefits are actuarially reduced for each year prior to age 53. LEOFF 2 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the CPI), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. LEOFF 2 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service.

Contributions (LEOFF Plan 2)

The LEOFF Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2. The employer rate included an administrative expense component set at 0.18 percent. Plan 2 employers and employees are required to pay at the level adopted by the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. The LEOFF Plan 2 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2015 were as follows:

	LEOFF Plan 2 Actual Contribution Rates			
	Employer	Employee		
State and Local Governments	5.23%	8.41%		
Ports and Universities	8.59	8.41		

The actual contributions to the plan were \$14.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The Legislature, by means of a special funding arrangement, appropriates money from the state General Fund to supplement the current service liability and fund the prior service costs of Plan 2 in accordance with the recommendations of the Pension Funding Council and the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. This special funding situation is not mandated by the state constitution and could be changed by statute. For the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the state contributed \$58,339,032 to LEOFF Plan 2.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (TPL) for each of the DRS plans was determined using the most recent actuarial valuation completed in 2015 with a valuation date of June 30, 2014. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the Office of the State Actuary's (OSA) 2007-2012 Experience Study.

Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2014 actuarial valuation report. The TPL was calculated as of the valuation date and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015. Plan liabilities were rolled forward from June 30, 2014, to June 30, 2015, reflecting each plan's normal cost (using the entry-age cost method), assumed interest and actual benefit payments.

- Inflation: 3 percent total economic inflation; 3.75 percent salary inflation
- Salary increases: In addition to the base 3.75 percent salary inflation assumption, salaries are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
- Investment rate of return: 7.5 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 report's Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table, published by the Society of Actuaries. The OSA applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100 percent Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis; meaning, each member is assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year throughout his or her lifetime.

There were minor changes in methods and assumptions since the last valuation.

• The OSA updated demographic assumptions, consistent with the changes from the 2007-2012 Experience Study Report, used when valuing the PERS 1 and TERS 1 Basic Minimum COLA.

• The OSA corrected how valuation software calculates a member's entry age under the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Previously, the funding age was rounded, resulting in an entry age one year higher in some cases.

• For purposes of calculating the Plan 2/3 Entry Age Normal Cost contribution rates, the OSA now uses the current blend of Plan 2 and Plan 3 salaries rather than using a long-term membership assumption of two-thirds Plan 2 members and one-third Plan 3 members.

• The OSA changed the way it applies salary limits, as described in the 2007-2012 Experience Study Report.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for all DRS plans was 7.5 percent.

To determine that rate, an asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.7 percent long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contribution rate requirements. (All plans use 7.7 percent except LEOFF 2, which has assumed 7.5 percent). Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.5 percent future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue being made at contractually required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.5 percent was used to determine the total liability.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the DRS pension plan investments of 7.5 percent was determined using a buildingblock-method. The Washington State Investment Board (WSIB) used a best estimate of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation) to develop each major asset class. Those expected returns make up one component of WSIB's capital market assumptions. The WSIB uses the capital market assumptions and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns at various future times. The long-term expected rate of return of 7.5 percent approximately equals the median of the simulated investment returns over a 50-year time horizon.

Estimated Rates of Return by Asset Class

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015, are summarized in the table below. The inflation component used to create the table is 2.2 percent and represents the WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Table 11-9

Asset Class	Target Allocation	% Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return Arithmetic
Fixed Income	20.0%	1.7%
Tangible Assets	5.0	4.4
Real Estate	15.0	5.8
Global Equity	37.0	6.6
Private Equity	23.0	9.6
	100%	

Sensitivity of NPL

The table below presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/ (assets) calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate (in thousands).

	City's Proportiona	City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)					
	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate 7.5%	1% Increase 8.5%				
Plan 1	(27,363)	(42,770)	(55,903)				
Plan 2	95,774	(95,637)	(239,681)				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the State's pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS financial report.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2015, the City reported an asset of \$138.4 million for its proportionate share of the net pension liability/ (assets) as follows (in thousands):

	City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)				
Plan 1	(42,770)				
Plan 2	(95,637)				

The amount of the liability/ (asset) reported above for LEOFF Plan 2 reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the City. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset), the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability/(asset) that was associated with the City were as follows(in thousands):

	Plan 2	ionate Share of 2 Net Pension ility (Asset)
Employer's Proportionate Share	\$	(95,637)
State's Proportionate Share Associated with the Employer		(64,124)
Total	\$	(159,761)

At June 30, the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities was as follows:

	Proportionate Share as of June 30, 2015	Proportionate Share as of June 30, 2014	Change in Proportion
Plan 1	3.54%	3.55%	(0.01)%
Plan 2	9.31%	9.43%	(0.12)%

Employer contribution transmittals received and processed by the DRS for the fiscal year ended June 30 are used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share of the collective pension amounts reported by the DRS in the Schedules of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations for all plans except LEOFF 1.

LEOFF Plan 1 allocation percentages are based on the total historical employer contributions to LEOFF 1 from 1971 through 2000 and the retirement benefit payments in fiscal year 2015. Historical data was obtained from a 2011 study by the Office of the State Actuary (OSA). In fiscal year 2015, the state of Washington contributed 87.12 percent of LEOFF 1 employer contributions and all other employers contributed the remaining 12.88 percent of employer contributions. LEOFF 1 is fully funded and no further employer contributions have been required since June 2000. If the plan becomes underfunded, funding of the remaining liability will require new legislation. The allocation method the plan chose reflects the projected long-term contribution effort based on historical data.

In fiscal year 2015, the state of Washington contributed 39.80 percent of LEOFF 2 employer contributions pursuant to RCW 41.27.726 and all other employers contributed the remaining 60.20 percent of employer contributions.

The collective net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the actuarial valuation date on which the total pension liability (asset) is based was as of June 30, 2014, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date.

Pension Expense

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City recognized its proportionate share of pension expense as follows (in thousands):

	Pension Expense				
Plan 1	\$	(8,466)			
Plan 2		6,419			
Total	\$	(2,047)			

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Yea

At December 31, 2015, the City reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

Table 11-10

	Plan 1				Plan 2			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources			ed Inflows esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$ —	\$	8,375	\$	_	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		_	7,221		_		28,977	
Changes of assumptions		_	_		252		_	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_	_		_		_	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		_			7,260		_	
TOTAL	\$	_	\$ 7,221	\$	15,887	\$	28,977	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (in thousands):

ar ended December 31:	Plan 1		Plan 2		
2016	\$	(2,802)	\$	(9,669)	
2017		(2,802)		(9,669)	
2018		(2,802)		(9,669)	
2019		1,185		6,665	
2020		_		1,659	
2021		_		332	

Table 11-11

DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is payable to employees upon termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency.

Beginning in 2006 the Deferred Compensation Plan (DCP) was amended to allow separating employees to cash out accrued vacation balances into their DCP accounts. Eligible retiring employees may also cash out up to 35 percent of their sick leave balances into their DCP accounts. Vacation and sick leave cash-outs made to the DCP are considered contributions and are subject to the maximum annual contribution limit.

It is the opinion of the City's legal counsel that the City has no liability for losses under the plan. Under the plan, participants select investments from alternatives offered by the plan administrator, who is under contract with the City to manage the plan. Investment selection by a participant may be changed from time to time. The City manages none of the investment selections. By making the selection, enrollees accept and assume all risks that pertain to the plan and its administration.

The City placed the deferred compensation plan assets into trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and beneficiaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.

The City has little administrative involvement and does not perform the investing function for the plan. The City does not hold the assets in a trustee capacity and does not perform fiduciary accountability for the plan. Therefore, the City employees' deferred compensation plan created in accordance with IRC 457 is not reported in the financial statements of the City.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description and Funding Policy

Health Care Blended Premium Subsidy. Employees retiring under City of Seattle or the LEOFF 2 retirement plans may continue their health insurance coverage under the City's health insurance plans for active employees. LEOFF 1 employees retiring under Washington State PERS are covered under the LEOFF 1 retiree health plan but are eligible to have their spouses and/or dependents covered under the City health insurance plans. When a retired participant dies, the spouse remains fully covered until age 65 and covered by the Medicare supplement plan thereafter. Employees that retire with disability retirement under the City of Seattle, Washington LEOFF 2 plan or Social Security may continue their health coverage through the City with same coverage provisions as other retirees. Eligible retirees self-pay 100 percent of the premium based on blended rates which were established by including the experience of retirees with the experience of active employees for underwriting purposes. The City provides implicit subsidy of the post-retirement health insurance costs and funds the subsidy on a pay-as-you-go basis. The postemployment benefit provisions are established and may be amended by City ordinances.

Firemen's Pension and Police Relief and Pension Plans. The Firemen's Pension and Police Relief and Pension plans provide medical benefits for eligible retirees. The benefits are authorized under state statute, RCW 41.18 and 41.26 for Firemen's Pension, and RCW 41.20 and 41.26 for Police Relief and Pension, and may be amended by the state legislature. The City funds these benefits on a pay-as-you go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The amount of expected contributions and change in net obligation for the City of Seattle Healthcare Blended Premium Subsidy for 2015 is based on a roll forward of the 2014 valuation with no changes to valuation inputs (assumptions, methods, healthcare information, or census data). The amount of expected contributions and changes in net obligation for Firemen's Pension and Police Pension and Relief are also based on an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2015, which covers the last three years prior to the valuation date.

Table 11-12

ANNUAL OPEB COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Healthcare Blended Premium Subsidy	Firemen's Pension (LEOFF1)	Police Relief and Pension (LEOFF1)	Total
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 4,605,000	\$ 17,413,692	\$ 23,621,460	\$ 45,640,152
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	1,630,000	1,166,815	1,186,345	3,983,160
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	(2,540,000)	(1,751,312)	(2,159,233)	(6,450,545)
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	3,695,000	16,829,195	22,648,572	43,172,767
Expected Contribution (Employer-Paid Benefits)	1,141,000	10,251,000 ^a	13,226,000 ^a	24,618,000
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	2,554,000	6,578,195	9,422,572	18,554,767
Net OPEB Obligation – Beginning of Year	46,828,000	33,337,567	33,895,578	114,061,145
Net OPEB Obligation – End of Year	\$ 49,382,000	<u>\$ 39,915,762</u> ^a	<u>\$ 43,318,150</u> ^a	\$ 132,615,912

^a Estimated employer contributions based upon expected benefit payments in 2015. Estimated amounts will be replaced at year end with actual amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements

The City's annual OPEB cost, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed, and the net OPEB obligation for each plan based on an actuarial valuation of January 1, 2015, for Healthcare Blended Premium Subsidy, Firemen's Pension (LEOFF1) and Police Relief and Pension (LEOFF1) are displayed below for the last three years prior to the valuation date.

	Valuation Date	Fiscal Year	 Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	 Net OPEB Obligation
Healthcare Blended Premium	1/1/2013	12/31/2013	\$ 7,733,000	38.4%	\$ 44,303,000
Subsidy	1/1/2014	12/31/2014	3,531,000	28.5	46,828,000
	1/1/2015	12/31/2015	3,695,000	30.9	49,382,000
Firemen's Pension (LEOFF1)	1/1/2013	12/31/2013	14,553,229	68.0	28,528,736
	1/1/2014	12/31/2014	14,375,831	66.5	33,337,567
	1/1/2015	12/31/2015	16,829,195	60.9	39,915,762
Police Relief and Pension (LEOFF1)	1/1/2013	12/31/2013	18,424,345	65.0	26,984,759
	1/1/2014	12/31/2014	18,443,819	62.5	33,895,578
	1/1/2015	12/31/2015	22,648,572	58.4	43,318,150

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Based on the actuarial valuation dates for each of the plans, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was equal to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) due to the City's pay-as-you-go policy. Following is the funded status (in thousands) for each of the plans for the last three years:

	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Entry Age Normal AAL (b)	UAAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a) / c)
Healthcare Blended Premium Subsidy	1/1/2013	_	\$ 78,945	\$ 78,945	_	\$ 941,986	8.4%
	1/1/2014	_	41,819	41,819	_	1,003,520	4.2
	1/1/2015	—	44,375	44,375	—	1,037,855	4.3
Firemen's Pension (LEOFF1)	1/1/2013	_	266,522	266,522	_	N/A	N/A
	1/1/2014	_	264,733	264,733	_	N/A	N/A
	1/1/2015	—	320,273	320,273	—	N/A	N/A
Police Relief and Pension (LEOFF1)	1/1/2013	_	295,990	295,990	_	N/A	N/A
	1/1/2014	_	291,524	291,524	_	N/A	N/A
	1/1/2015	—	358,269	358,269	_	N/A	N/A

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and that actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the time of the valuation and the pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of any assets. Significant methods and assumptions are as follows:

Healthcare Blended Description Premium Subsidy		Firemen's Pension (LEOFF1)	Police Relief and Pension (LEOFF1)				
Actuarial Valuation Date	1/1/2015	1/1/2015	1/1/2015				
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal				
Amortization Method	Level amount over past and future service, open	30-year, open as of 1/1/2012	30-year, closed as of 1/1/2007				
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years	30 years	22 years				
Records and Data	City records	Supplied by the City	Supplied by the City				
Replacement of Terminated Employees	Open to new retirees	Closed. No new members permitted.	Closed. No new members permitted.				
Valuation of Assets	N/A. No assets as of valuation date.	N/A. No assets as of valuation date.	N/A. No assets as of valuation date.				
Assumptions:							
Discount Rate	3.48%	3.50%	3.50%				
Medical Inflation		7.7 %, grading down to 4.1% in 2070 and beyond.	7.7 % grading down to an ultimate of 4.1% in 2070.				
Traditional and Preventive Plans	8.0% in 2014 and 7.5% in 2015						
Group Health Standard and Deductible Plans	7.5%, grading down to 5.2% in 2086 and beyond						
Long-Term Care Inflation Rate	N/A	4.75%	4.75%				
Dental Inflation Rate	N/A	Minimum of 5.0 % of medical inflation.	Minimum of 5.0% of medical inflation.				
Participation/Service Retirement	40% of actives who retire are assumed to participate.	All actives are assumed to retire at the valuation date.	All actives are assumed to retire at the valuation date.				
Mortality	LEOFF employees are based on the actuarial RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table with male ages set back one year and female ages set forward one year. Rates are projected using 50% of Scale AA to 2019 (LEOFF 1) or 2034 (LEOFF 2). For general service active employees are based on RP-2000 Table for Males with ages set back three years and RP-2000 Table for Females with ages set back three years. General service retired employees are based on RP2000 Combined Healthy Males with ages set back one year and RP-2000 Combined Healthy Females with ages set back one year. Rates are generations for both males and females using Projection Scale AA.	For active and service-retired members, used RP-2000 Mortality Table (combined healthy) with generational projection using 100% of Project Scale BB, with ages set back one year for males and forward one year for females. For disabled members, used RP-2000 Mortality Table (combined healthy) using 100% of Project Scale BB, with ages set forward two years.	For active and service-retired members, used RP-2000 Mortality Table (combined healthy) using 100% of Project Scale BB, with ages set back one year for males and forward one year for females. For disabled members, used RP-2000 Mortality Table (combined healthy) using 100% of Project Scale AA, with ages set forward two years.				

Table 11-13

OPEB INFORMATION

Table 11-13

OPEB INFORMATION (continued)

Description	Healthcare Blended Premium Subsidy	Firemen's Pension (LEOFF1)	Police Relief and Pension (LEOFF1)					
Assumptions (continued):								
Marital Status	45% of members electing coverage are assumed to be married or have a registered domestic partner. Male spouses are assumed to be two years older than their female spouses. It is assumed that children have aged off and have \$0 liability.	N/A	N/A					
Morbidity Factors		N/A	N/A					
Traditional Plan	The average medical claim is based on an average loss ratio (claim vs. premium) of 130.80% for retirees and 133.18% for spouses.							
Preventive Plan	The average medical claim is based on an average loss ratio (claim vs. premium) of 122.68% and 139.85%.							
	For the above two plans, because the retirees' spouses pay a lower premium for their health care coverage than the retirees, the net cost to the City for the spouse coverage is greater than for a retiree of the same gender and age. The morbidity factors were adjusted to reflect this discrepancy.							
Group Health Standard and Deductible Plans	The average medical claim for the Group Health Standard & Deductible plans is based on an average loss ratio (claim vs. premium) of 108.06% and 108.77% for retirees and spouses respectively							
Other Considerations	Active employees with current spouse and/or dependent coverage are assumed to elect the same plan and coverage. After retirement, it is assumed that children will have aged off of coverage and will have \$0 liability.	N/A	N/A					

(12) COMPONENT UNITS

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Seattle Public Library Foundation

The Seattle Public Library Foundation (Foundation) is a Washington non-profit corporation, a public charity organized exclusively for educational, charitable, and scientific purposes to benefit and support the Seattle Public Library. The Foundation provides goods, services, and facilities above the tax-based funding of the Seattle Public Library. The Foundation is located in Seattle, governed by a Board of Directors, and possesses all the requisite corporate powers to carry out the purposes for which it was formed.

The City is not financially accountable for the Foundation. The Foundation is considered a nonmajor component unit in accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, and is presented discretely in the City's financial statements because (1) the economic resources received or held by the Foundation are entirely for the direct benefit of the Seattle Public Library; (2) the Seattle Public Library is legally entitled to access a majority of the economic resources received or held by the Foundation are significant to the Seattle Public Library.

The Foundation reports on a fiscal year-end consistent with the City, the primary government. The Foundation issues its own audited financial statements. To obtain complete audited statements for all years, please contact: Seattle Public Library Foundation, 1000 Fourth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104, phone 206-386-4130.

Seattle Investment Fund LLC

The Seattle Investment Fund LLC (SIF) was established by Ordinance 123146 for the purpose of implementing the U.S. Treasury Department's New Market Tax Credit (NMTC) program. The City is its sole and managing member. SIF is a qualified Community Development Entity (CDE) and the Primary Allocatee. Twelve subsidiaries have been established since the program's inception. Financial results presented herewith for 2015 are unaudited at this time; detailed information on the program and complete audited financial statements are available by contacting the City's Office of Economic Development at 700 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104 or by telephone at 206-684-8090.

SIF is a limited liability corporation in accordance with RCW 35.21.735. It has no employees and administrative work is performed by the staff of the City's Office of Economic Development. The members of its Investment Committee and Advisory Board are selected by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council. The City is not financially accountable for SIF, but under this structure the City may impose its will upon the organization. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, SIF is presented as a nonmajor discrete component unit of the City.

Table 12-1

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEATTLE PUBLIC LIBRARY FOUNDATION AND SEATTLE INVESTMENT FUND LLC

December 31, 2015

(in Thousands)

	Discretely Presented Component Units												
	Seattle H Library Fo								Total				
		2015		2014		2015		2014		2015		2014	
ASSETS													
Cash and Other Assets Investments Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,525 61,208 2	\$	2,140 65,424 3	\$	1,614 6 —	\$	746 6 —	\$	5,139 61,214 2	\$	2,886 65,430 3	
Total Assets		64,735		67,567		1,620		752		66,355		68,319	
LIABILITIES													
Current Liabilities		2,308		1,839		221		176		2,529		2,015	
Total Liabilities		2,308		1,839		221		176		2,529		2,015	
NET POSITION													
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted		2 44,481 17,944		3 46,025 19,700		1,399		 576		2 44,481 19,343		3 46,025 20,276	
Total Net Position	\$	62,427	\$	65,728	\$	1,399	\$	576	\$	63,826	\$	66,304	

Table 12-2

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SEATTLE PUBLIC LIBRARY FOUNDATION AND SEATTLE INVESTMENT FUND LLC

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Discretely Presented Component Units											
		Seattle Public Library Foundation				Sea Investment	ILLC	Total				
	2	015	2	2014		2015		2014		2015		2014
PROGRAM REVENUES												
Contributions/Endowment Gain Placement/Management Fee Income	\$	4,084	\$	4,505	\$	274	\$	204	\$	4,084 274	\$	4,505 204
Total Program Revenues		4,084		4,505		274		204		4,358		4,709
GENERAL REVENUES												
Investment Income		(574)		3,734		1,120				546		3,734
Total Program Support and Revenues		3,510		8,239		1,394		204		4,904		8,443
EXPENSES												
Support to Seattle Public Library		5,778		4,269		_		_		5,778		4,269
Management and General		644		574		571		243		1,215		817
Fundraising		389		372						389		372
Total Expenses		6,811		5,215		571		243		7,382		5,458
Change in Net Position		(3,301)		3,024		823		(39)		(2,478)		2,985
NET POSITION												
Net Position - Beginning of Year		65,728		62,704		576		615		66,304		63,319
Net Position - End of Year	\$	62,427	\$	65,728	\$	1,399	\$	576	\$	63,826	\$	66,304

Fiduciary-Type Component Units

Firemen's Pension Fund and the Police Relief and Pension Fund are determined to be nonmajor discrete component units (GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, and GASB Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25 and No. 27, these funds are reported in Note 11, Pensions, Deferred Compensation, and Other Postemployment Benefits, and in the Fiduciary Funds section.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

Seattle Transportation Benefit District

The Seattle Transportation Benefit District (STBD), a quasi-municipal corporation, was established through City Ordinance 123397 in September 2010 pursuant to RCW 35.21.225 which grants cities the authority to establish such a district. Transportation benefit districts are able to acquire, construct, improve, provide, and fund transportation improvement within district boundaries consistent with any existing state, regional and local transportation plan. RCW 36.73.065 gives districts the authority to impose taxes, fees, charges and tolls to fund this work. Beginning May 1, 2011, the STBD began collecting a \$20 vehicle registration fee on eligible vehicles registered within its boundaries which are the same as the City's. In November 2014 voters elected to

raise revenue to preserve King County Metro Transit service through an additional \$60 vehicle registration fee and a 0.1 percent increase in the sales tax. The STBD is governed by the Seattle City Council members acting in an ex-officio capacity, and maintains no employees. STBD's sole purpose is to finance the City's transportation improvements and although it is a legally separate entity, the operations of STBD are so closely related to those of the City that it is reported as if it were part of the primary government.

The Seattle Transportation Benefit District is reported as a special revenue fund in the City's financial statements. Financial reporting for this fund can be found in the nonmajor governmental funds combining statements located in this report. In addition, separate financial statements for the STBD are available from Seattle City Hall, 600 Fourth Avenue, 2nd Floor, Seattle, WA 98104 or by calling 206-233-5005.

Seattle Park District

The Seattle Park District is a metropolitan park district authorized by Chapter 35.61 of the Revised Code of Washington. The Seattle Park District has the same boundaries as the City of Seattle. On August 5, 2014 voters in the City of Seattle approved Proposition 1 to use property taxes collected to provide funding for City parks and recreation including maintaining parklands and facilities, operating community centers and recreation programs, and developing new neighborhood parks on previously acquired sites. The Park District is governed by the Seattle City Council acting ex officio as the District Board. The Seattle Department of Parks and Recreation provides services on behalf of the Seattle Park District under an interlocal agreement between City and District through City Ordinance 124468.

The Seattle Park District is reported as a special revenue fund in the City's financial statement. Financial Reporting for this fund can be found in the nonmajor governmental funds combining statements located in this reports. In addition, separate financial statements are available from Seattle City Hall, 600 Fourth Avenue, 2nd Floor, Seattle, WA 98104 or by calling 206-684-8805.

(13) JOINT VENTURES

SEATTLE-KING COUNTY WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL

The Seattle-King County Workforce Development Council (WDC) is a joint venture between King County and the City of Seattle. It was established as a nonprofit corporation in the State of Washington on July 1, 2000, as authorized under the Workforce Investment Act (WIA) of 1998. It functions as the Department of Labor agency to receive the employment and training funds for the County area. The King County Executive and the Mayor of the City of Seattle, serving as the chief elected officials (CEO) of the local area, have the joint power to appoint the members of the WDC board of directors and the joint responsibility for administrative oversight. An ongoing financial responsibility exists because the CEO is potentially liable to the grantor for disallowed costs. If expenditure of funds is disallowed by the grantor agency, the WDC can recover the funds in the following order: (1) the agency creating the liability; (2) the insurance carrier; (3) future program years; and (4) as a final recourse, King County and the City of Seattle who each will be responsible for of the disallowed amount. As of December 31, 2015, there are no outstanding program eligibility issues that may lead to a City of Seattle liability.

The WDC contracts with the City of Seattle which provides programs related to the WIA Youth In-School Program and Seattle Conservation Corps Program. For the year 2015, WDC paid \$0.7 million to the City of Seattle.

The WDC issues independent financial statements that may be obtained from its offices at 2003 Western Avenue, Suite 250, Seattle, WA by accessing its website http://www.seakingwdc.org/annual-reports/ or by telephone at 206-448-0474.

(14) COMMITMENTS

GENERAL

Capital Improvement Program

The City adopted the 2015-2016 Capital Improvement Program (CIP) which functions as a capital financing plan totaling \$5.221 billion for the years 2015-2020. The adopted CIP for 2015 was \$1.050 billion, consisting of \$666.8 million for City-owned utilities and \$383.5 million for non-utility departments. The utility allocations are: \$395.9 million for City Light, \$76.7 million for Water, \$114.3 million for Drainage and Wastewater, \$51.6 million for Solid Waste, and \$28.3 million for Seattle Public Utilities' technology projects. Expenditures may vary significantly based upon facility requirements and unforeseen events. A substantial portion of contractual commitments relates to these amounts.

CITY LIGHT (SCL)

Expenses associated with energy received under long-term purchased power agreements at December 31, 2015 and 2014 are shown in the following table.

Table 14-1

LONG-TERM PURCHASED POWER

(In Millions)

	:	2015	2014
Bonneville Block	\$	78.7	\$ 78.1
Bonneville Slice		77.8	77.5
Lucky Peak, including royalties		6.3	6.3
British Columbia - High Ross Agreement		13.4	13.4
Grant County Public Utility District		3.2	3.2
Grand Coulee Project Hydro Authority		6.6	6.1
Bonneville South Fork Tolt billing credit		(3.3)	(3.3)
Renewable energy - State Line Wind		20.8	23.7
Renewable energy - other		8.7	7.1
Exchanges and loss returns energy at fair value		6.1	8.9
Long-term purchased power booked out		(4.7)	 (6.7)
Total	\$	213.6	\$ 214.3

Purchased and Wholesale Power

Bonneville Power Administration

SCL purchased electric energy from the U.S. Department of Energy, Bonneville Power Administration (BPA), under the Block and Slice Power Sales Agreement, a 17-year contract, for the period October 1, 2011 through September 30, 2028. Block quantities, Slice percentage, and Bonneville rates are expected to be recalculated periodically during the term of the contract. Rates will be developed and finalized every two years. Accordingly, certain estimates and assumptions were used in the calculations in the estimated future payments table below.

The terms of the Slice product specify that SCL will receive a percentage of the actual output of the Federal Columbia River Power System (the System). The percentage is adjusted annually with a Slice Adjustment Ratio no greater than 1.0 times the initial 3.65663 slice percentage, no later than 15 days prior to the first day of each federal fiscal year, beginning with fiscal year 2012. The current Slice percentage is 3.62643 percent, and the previous fiscal year was 3.62763 percent. The cost of Slice power is based on SCL's same percentage of the expected costs of the System and is subject to true-up adjustments based on actual costs with specified exceptions.

Bonneville's Residential Exchange Program (REP) was established as a mechanism to distribute financial benefits of the Federal Columbia River Power System to residential customers of the region's investor owned utilities (IOUs). In May 2007, the Ninth Circuit Court (the Court) rulings found the 2000 REP Settlement Agreements with IOUs inconsistent with the Northwest Power

Act. To remedy this inconsistency, the court ruled that refunds be issued to non IOUs through 2019. SCL received \$5.7 million in both 2015 and 2014 in billing credits related to both the Block and Slice agreements as a result of the Court decision.

Lucky Peak

In 1984, SCL entered into a purchase power agreement with four irrigation districts to acquire 100 percent of the net surplus output of a hydroelectric facility that began commercial operation in 1988 at the existing Army Corps of Engineers Lucky Peak Dam on the Boise River near Boise, Idaho. The irrigation districts are owners and license holders of the project, and the FERC license expires in 2030. The agreement, which expires in 2038, obligates SCL to pay all ownership and operating costs, including debt service, over the term of the contract, whether or not the plant is operating or operable.

SCL provided and billed Lucky Peak \$0.3 million for operational and administrative services in both 2015 and 2014. These amounts are recorded as offsets to purchased power expense. SCL paid \$3.4 and \$3.2 million for energy from Lucky Peak in 2015 and 2014, respectively.

SCL's receivables from Lucky Peak were less than \$0.1 million at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. SCL's payables to Lucky Peak were \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

British Columbia-High Ross Agreement

In 1984, an agreement was reached between the Province of British Columbia and the City under which British Columbia will provide SCL with energy equivalent to that which would have resulted from an addition to the height of Ross Dam. Delivery of this energy began in 1986 and is to be received for 80 years. In addition to the direct costs of energy under the agreement, SCL incurred costs of approximately \$8.0 million in prior years related to the proposed addition and was obligated to help fund the Skagit Environmental Endowment Commission through four annual \$1.0 million payments. These other costs are included in utility plant-in-service as an intangible asset and are being amortized to purchase power expense over 35 years through 2035.

Renewable Energy Purchase and/or Exchanges

The Energy Independence Act, Chapter 19.285 Revised Code of Washington, requires all qualifying utilities in Washington State to meet certain annual targets of eligible new renewable resources and/or equivalent renewable energy credits as a percentage of total energy delivered to retail customers. The annual targets are: at least 3 percent by 2012, at least 9 percent by 2016, and at least 15 percent by 2020. SCL's 2015 and 2014 resource portfolio met the 3 percent target.

Energy Exchange

Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) and SCL executed a long-term Capacity and Energy Exchange Agreement in March 1993. SCL delivers energy to NCPA from June through October 15. NCPA returns energy under conditions specified in the contract at a 1.2:1 ratio of exchange power from November through April. The agreement includes financial settlement and termination options. In a letter NCPA dated May 17, 2011, NCPA gave seven year's advance written notice to the Department terminating the agreement effective no later than May 31, 2018.

Fair Value of Exchange Energy

Exchange energy receivable and the related regulatory gains at December 31, 2015 and 2014, were valued using Kiodex Forward Curves and Dow Jones U.S. Daily Electricity Price Indices for settled deliveries. An income valuation technique that uses interest rate forecasts from HIS Global Insight is used to discount for present value based on the interest rate for U.S. Government Treasury constant maturities, bond-equivalent yields by the future month of the transactions.

Estimated Future Payments under Purchased Power, Transmission, and Related Contracts

SCL's estimated payments for purchased power and transmission, Renewable Energy Credits (RECs) and other contracts for the period from 2016 through 2065, undiscounted, are shown in the following table.

Table 14-2

ESTIMATED FUTURE PAYMENTS UNDER PURCHASED POWER, TRANSMISSION, AND RELATED CONTRACTS

(In Millions)

Year Ending December 31	Estimated Payments ^a				
2016	\$	286.0			
2017		291.2			
2018		305.8			
2019		317.8			
2020		339.6			
2021 - 2025		1,675.2			
2026 - 2030 b,		850.2			
Thereafter (through 2065)		185.2			
Total	\$	4,251.0			

^a 2016 to 2019 includes estimated REP recoveries from BPA.

^b BPA transmission contract expires July 31, 2025.

^c BPA Block and Slice contract expires September 30, 2028.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Fees

Estimated Federal land use and administrative fees related to hydroelectric licenses total \$190.6 million through 2055; these estimates are subject to change. The estimated portion of fees attributed to the Skagit and Tolt licenses are excluded after 2025, at which time their current FERC licenses expire. The estimated portion of Boundary fees is included through 2055, the year in which the current license issued by FERC expires. The current Boundary FERC license and related issues are discussed below.

New Boundary License

SCL's FERC license for the Boundary Project expired on September 30, 2011 and a new license was issued on March 20, 2013 with 42 year life for the total cost of \$48.6 million. The terms and conditions of the new license have been evaluated. SCL has moved to the license implementation process, which imposes mitigation of endangered species including water quality standards and conservation management.

As part of the application process, SCL negotiated a settlement with external parties such as owners of other hydroelectric projects, Indian tribes, conservation groups, and other government agencies. The settlement sought to preserve SCL's operational flexibility at Boundary Dam while providing for natural resource protection, mitigation, and enhancement measures.

The cost projections for such mitigation over the expected 42-year life of the license, included in the Department's license application, were estimated to be \$381.5 million adjusted to 2015 dollars, of which \$32.0 million were expended through 2015. Projected mitigation cost estimates are subject to revision as more information becomes available.

Skagit and South Fork Tolt Licensing Mitigation and Compliance

In 1995, the FERC issued a license for operation of the Skagit hydroelectric facilities through April 30, 2025. On July 20, 1989, the FERC license for operation of the South Fork Tolt hydroelectric facilities through July 19, 2029, became effective. As a condition for both of these licenses, SCL has taken and will continue to take required mitigating and compliance measures.

Total Skagit license mitigation costs from the effective date until expiration of the federal operating license were estimated at December 31, 2015, to be \$130.2 million, of which \$114.5 million had been expended. Total South Fork Tolt license mitigation costs were estimated at \$1.8 million, of which \$1.3 million were expended through 2015. In addition to the costs listed for South Fork Tolt mitigation, the license and associated settlement agreements required certain other actions related to wildlife studies and wetland mitigation for which no set dollar amount was listed. Requirements for these actions have been met, and no further expenditures need to be incurred for these items.

Capital improvement, other deferred costs, and operations and maintenance costs are included in the estimates related to the settlement agreements for both licenses. Amounts estimated are adjusted to 2015 dollars. SCL's labor and other overhead costs associated with the activities required by the settlement agreements for the licenses are not included in the estimates.

Hydroelectric projects must satisfy the requirements of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) and the Clean Water Act in order to obtain a FERC license. ESA and related issues are discussed below.

Endangered Species

Several fish species that inhabit waters where hydroelectric projects are owned by SCL, or where SCL purchases power, have been listed under the ESA as threatened or endangered. Although the species were listed after FERC licenses were issued for all of SCL's hydroelectric projects, the ESA listings still affect operations of SCL's Boundary, Skagit, Tolt, and Cedar Falls hydroelectric projects.

Federal Regulations in response to the listing of species affect flow in the entire Columbia River system. As a result of these regulations, SCL's power generation at its Boundary Project is reduced in the fall and winter when the region experiences its highest sustained energy demand. The Boundary Project's firm capability is also reduced.

SCL, with the support of City Council, elected to take a proactive approach to address issues identified within the ESA. SCL is carrying out an ESA Early Action program in cooperation with agencies, tribes, local governments, and watershed groups for bull trout, Chinook salmon, and steelhead in the South Fork Tolt and Skagit Watersheds. The ESA Early Action program is authorized by City Council but is separate from any current FERC license requirements. The program includes habitat acquisition, management, and restoration. The ESA Early Action has been successful in protecting listed species. Total costs for SCL's share of the Early Action program from inception in 1999 through December 31, 2015 are estimated to be \$10.7 million. \$1.6 million has been allocated for the program in the 2016 budget.

Project Impact Payments

Effective August 2010, SCL renewed its contract with Pend Oreille County and committed to pay a total of \$19.0 million over 10 years ending in 2019 to Pend Oreille County for impacts on county governments from the operations of SCL's hydroelectric projects. Effective February 2009, the Department renewed its contract with Whatcom County committing to pay a total of \$15.8 million over 15 years ending in 2023. The payments compensate the counties and certain school districts and towns located in these counties, for loss of revenues and additional financial burdens associated with the projects. The Boundary Project, located on the Pend Oreille River, affects Pend Oreille County, and Skagit River hydroelectric projects affect Whatcom County. The impact payments totaled \$2.5 million and \$2.5 million to Pend Oreille County, and \$1.0 million and \$1.0 million to Whatcom County in 2015 and 2014, respectively.

SEATTLE PUBLIC UTILITIES (SPU)

Water Fund

Habitat Conservation Program Liability

SPU has prepared a comprehensive environmental management plan for its Cedar River Watershed. The purpose of the Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP) is to protect all species of concern that may be affected by the operations of SPU and SCL in the Cedar River Watershed while allowing SPU to continue to provide high quality drinking water to the region. The federal government has accepted the HCP. The total cost of implementing the HCP is expected to be \$108.9 million (in 2015 dollars) over a period of 50 years (from the year 2000 through the year 2050).

Expenditures are being funded from a combination of SPU's operating revenues and issuance of revenue bonds. The total amount expended for the HCP through 2015 is \$82.0 million. The remaining \$26.9 million to complete the HCP is comprised of an \$8.0 million liability and an estimate of \$18.9 million for construction and operating commitments. The construction activities will add to SPU's capital assets and the operating activities are mainly research, monitoring, and maintenance of the HCP Program that will be expenses as incurred.

Distribution System Reservoirs

SPU is required by the Washington State Department of Health (DOH) to complete a program to cover its open, above-ground distribution system reservoirs by the year 2020. The total cost of burying four reservoirs is expected to be approximately \$164.5 million through the year 2018; costs beyond 2018 are not estimable as of the date of this report. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, total cumulative costs incurred were \$156.5 million and \$146.8 million, respectively.

Wholesale Water Supply Contracts

SPU has wholesale contracts with Cascade Water Alliance ("CWA") and twenty individual water districts and municipalities. Seventeen wholesale customers have full and partial requirements contracts which obligate the City to meet the wholesale customers' demand that is not already met by their independent sources of supply. Two wholesale customers including CWA have block contracts which obligate the City to provide water up to a combined maximum of 41.85 Millions of Gallons per Day (MGD) per year. Two other wholesale customers have emergency intertie agreements and do not purchase water from Seattle on a regular basis. CWA contract expires in 2063 while other wholesale contracts run through 2061. SPU also has a contract with the City of North Bend to provide untreated water supply up to an average annual amount of 1.1 MGD through 2066 for use in supplementing stream flows.

Drainage and Wastewater Fund

Wastewater Disposal Agreement

SPU has a wastewater disposal agreement with the King County Department of Natural Resources Wastewater Treatment Division (WTD), which expires in 2036. The monthly wastewater disposal charge paid to WTD is based on the WTD's budgeted cost for providing the service. The charges are determined by water consumption and the number of single-family residences as reported by SPU and other component agencies. Payments made by SPU were \$148.6 million and \$139.7 million for fiscal years 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Solid Waste Fund

Contractual Obligations

SPU contracts with private companies for the collection of residential and commercial garbage, yard waste, food waste, and recycling. Effective March 30, 2009 SPU entered into new contracts with Waste Management and CleanScapes for residential and commercial collection. The contracts are scheduled to end on March 31, 2019. Total payments under these contracts for residential and commercial collection in 2015 and 2014 were \$77.2million and \$75.6 million, respectively.

In 1990, SPU entered into a contract with Waste Management of Washington, Inc. formerly known as Washington Waste Systems for the disposal of non-recyclable City waste. This contract is scheduled to end on March 31, 2028, however the City may terminate this contract at its option without cause on March 31, 2019. The Fund paid WWS \$12.8 million and \$12.9 million under this contract in 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The City also has negotiated a long-term yard waste processing contract with Cedar Grove Composting, Inc. (CGC). This contract expired on March 30, 2014. Total payments to CGC in 2014 were \$0.4 million.

Effective April 1, 2014 the City entered into contracts with PacifiClean Environmental of Washington, LLC and Lenz Enterprises, Inc. to process yard and food waste into marketable products. The contracts are scheduled to end on March 31, 2020 however the city may, at its option, extend the contract in two year increments up to March 31, 2024. Total payments under the terms of these contracts for 2015 and 2014 were \$4.4 million and \$3.4 million, respectively.

Effective April 1, 2009, the City commenced a contract for recycling processing with Rabanco, LTD. The company is responsible for processing recyclables from both commercial and residential customers. The contract is scheduled to end on March 31, 2016 with an option to extend the contract for a three-year period at that time. The City elected to proceed with a solicitation process, and as a result, negotiated a new long term contract with Rabanco, LTD. This contract became effective April 1, 2016 and will expire March 31, 2021, The City may at its option extend the contract in three year increments up to March 31, 2027. Total payment for recycling processing in 2015 and 2014 were \$2.6 million and \$2.4 million, respectively.

Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care

At December 31, 2015, accrued landfill closure and post-closure costs consist primarily of monitoring, maintenance, and repair costs. It is the City Council's policy to include the fund's share of all landfill closure and post-closure costs in the revenue requirements used to set future solid waste rates. Therefore, SPU uses regulatory accounting and total estimated landfill closure and post-closure care costs are accrued and also reflected as a future costs in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These costs are being amortized as they are recovered from rate payers. Actual costs for closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. Such amounts would be added to the liability and accrued when identified. Landfill closure costs were fully amortized in 2009 and landfill post-closure costs will continue to amortize until 2024. In prior years, SPU delivered its refuse to two leased disposal sites: the Midway and Kent-Highlands landfills. Subsequent to signing the original lease agreement, federal and state requirements for closure of landfill sites were enacted. SPU stopped disposing of municipal waste in the Midway site in 1983 and in the Kent-Highlands site in 1986.

(15) CONTINGENCIES

The City is exposed to the risk of loss from torts, theft of or damage to assets, business interruption, errors or omissions, law enforcement actions, contractual actions, natural disasters, failure to supply utilities, environmental regulations, and other third-party liabilities. The City also bears the risk of loss for job-related illnesses and injuries to employees. The City has been self-insured for most of its general liability risks prior to January 1, 1999, for workers' compensation since 1972, and for employees' health care benefits starting in 2000.

Effective January 1, 1999, the City obtained excess general liability insurance coverage for occurrences on or after said date, which covered losses over \$2.5 million per occurrence self-insured retention, with a \$25.0 million annual aggregate. The City's self-insurance retention was increased to \$5.0 million per occurrence on February 1, 2002. On June 1, 2007, the annual aggregate was increased to \$30.0 million and remained same through May 2011. Beginning on June 1, 2009, the City's self-insured retention was increased to \$6.5 million per occurrence, following the increase in the annual aggregate to \$40.0 million beginning June 1, 2011.

The City also purchased an all-risk comprehensive property insurance policy that provides \$500.0 million in limits, subject to various deductible levels depending upon the type of asset and value of the building. This includes \$100.0 million in earthquake and flood limits. Hydroelectric and other utility producing and processing projects owned by the City are not covered by the property policy. The City also purchased insurance for excess workers' compensation, fiduciary and crime liability, inland marine transportation, volunteers, and an assortment of commercial general liability, medical, accidental death and dismemberment, and other miscellaneous policies. Bonds are purchased for public officials, notaries public, pension exposures, and specific projects and activities as necessary.

The City did not purchase annuity contracts in 2015 to resolve litigation. No structured settlements were entered into by the City in 2015. No large liability settlements were received in 2015. The City had no settled claims exceeding coverage in the last three years.

Claims liabilities are based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling claims, which include case reserve estimates and incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims. Liabilities for lawsuits and other claims are assessed and projected annually using historical claims, lawsuit data, and current reserves. The Seattle Department of Human Resources estimates case reserves for workers' compensation using statistical techniques and historical experience. In 2015 the City's independent actuary estimated the ultimate settlement costs for lawsuits, workers' compensation, other claims, and health care at year-end 2014. The total undiscounted IBNR amount increased by \$1.8 million in 2015, the IBNR amount was \$42.2 million in 2015 and \$40.4 million in 2014.

Estimated claims expenditures are budgeted by the individual governmental and proprietary funds. Actual workers' compensation claims are processed by the General Fund and reimbursed by the funds that incurred them. Operating funds pay health care premiums to the General Fund, and the latter pays for all actual health care costs. The General Fund initially pays for lawsuits, claims, and related expenses and then receives reimbursements from City Light, Water, Drainage and Wastewater, Solid Waste, and the retirement funds.

Claims liabilities include claim adjustment expenditures if specific and incremental to a claim. Recoveries from unsettled claims, such as salvage or subrogation, and on settled claims are deposited in the General Fund and do not affect reserves for general government. Workers' compensation annual subrogation recoveries amounted to \$0.3 million in both 2015 and in 2014. All workers' compensation recoveries are deposited into the General Fund. Lawsuit and other claim recoveries of payments reimbursed for the utilities are deposited into the paying utility fund and do not affect the utility reserves.

Claim liabilities recorded in the financial statements are discounted at 0.931 percent for 2015 and 2014, the City's average annual rate of return on investments. The total discounted liability at December 31, 2015, was \$106.8 million consisting of \$62.4 million for general liability, \$4.3 million for health care, and \$40.1 million for workers' compensation.

Table 15-1

RECONCILIATION OF CHANGES IN AGGREGATE LIABILITIES FOR CLAIMS

(In Thousands)

	General	General Liability Health Care		Worl Compe		Total	City	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
UNDISCOUNTED								
Balance - Beginning of Fiscal Year	\$ 69,273	\$ 61,659	\$ 3,499	\$ 3,047	\$ 40,382	\$ 40,085	\$ 113,154	\$ 104,791
Less Payments and Expenses During the Year	(15,301)	(12,953)	(149,797)	(142,880)	(14,513)	(13,363)	(179,611)	(169,196)
Plus Claims and Changes in Estimates	11,244	20,567	150,677	143,332	15,441	13,660	177,362	177,559
Balance - End of Fiscal Year	\$ 65,216	\$ 69,273	\$ 4,379	\$ 3,499	\$ 41,310	\$ 40,382	\$ 110,905	\$ 113,154
UNDISCOUNTED BALANCE AT END OF								
FISCAL YEAR CONSISTS OF								
Governmental Activities	\$ 50,129	\$ 52,765	\$ 4,379	\$ 3,499	\$ 30,165	\$ 29,190	\$ 84,673	\$ 85,454
Business-Type Activities	15,087	16,508	—	—	11,145	11,192	26,232	27,700
Fiduciary Activities								
Balance - End of Fiscal Year	\$ 65,216	\$ 69,273	\$ 4,379	\$ 3,499	\$ 41,310	\$ 40,382	\$ 110,905	\$ 113,154
DISCOUNTED/RECORDED BALANCE AT								
END OF FISCAL YEAR CONSISTS OF								
Governmental Activities	\$ 47,950	\$ 51,010	\$ 4,330	\$ 3,467	\$ 29,286	\$ 28,178	\$ 81,566	\$ 82,655
Business-Type Activities	14,431	15,959	—	—	10,821	10,805	25,252	26,764
Fiduciary Activities								
Balance - End of Fiscal Year	\$ 62,381	\$ 66,969	\$ 4,330	\$ 3,467	\$ 40,107	\$ 38,983	\$ 106,818	\$ 109,419

Pending litigations, claims, and other matters are as follows:

- City Light Energy Crisis Litigation. The City is involved in various legal proceedings relating to the enormous price spikes in energy costs in California and the rest of the West Coast in 2000 and 2001.
 - California Refund Case, Appeals and Related Litigation: In February 2011, the City agreed to a settlement, which was eventually approved by the trial court and by FERC. Under the settlement, the City has resolved this matter for \$9.0 million, none of which needed to be immediately paid by the City. As part of the settlement, the City assigned its accounts receivable from the California Independent Systems Operator to the California Parties, which was valued at approximately \$1.4 million at the time of the settlement agreement. The balance of over \$7.6 million is contingent upon the City recovering monies in the Pacific Northwest Refund Case, discussed below. To date, approximately \$2,282,490 in cash settlements has been paid to the California plaintiffs.
 - Pacific Northwest Refund Case, and Appeals and Related Litigation: In a proceeding before FERC, various buyers of energy, including the City, sought refunds from various sellers on energy sales in the Pacific Northwest between December 1999 and June 2001. The case was tried at FERC between August and October of 2013. In March 2014, the FERC administrative law judge issued an Initial Decision denying all refunds. In May 2014, the City filed a brief objecting to the Initial Decision, and the parties are now awaiting a final decision from FERC. Prior to the FERC trial, the City settled refund claims with twelve entities, with a combined total settlement amount of \$4.6 million. In February 2015, after hearing argument in a related case, the Ninth Circuit sua sponte reactivated certain City Light appeals previously stayed at the Ninth Circuit that were primarily related to City Light's appeal of the FERC's determination that the Mobile-Sierra presumption applied to the contracts at issue and whether FERC had improperly excluded certain evidence that City Light had presented in order to overcome the Mobile-Sierra presumption. After a truncated briefing

schedule, oral arguments were heard in June 2015. On December 17, 2015, the Ninth Circuit issued its opinion finding that the Mobile-Serra presumption does apply to the issues in this case. The Ninth Circuit also determined that it did not have jurisdiction over the evidentiary issues. On December 31, 2015, FERC issued its decision largely confirming the Initial Decision issued by the administrative law judge on March 28, 2014. City Light filed its notice of appeal to the Ninth Circuit on February 22, 2016.

- Boundary Unit 55 Delay Claims: City Light entered into a generator rebuild contract with Toshiba International Corporation for Units 55 and 56 at the City's Boundary Hydroelectric Project. The rebuild contract specified a turnover date of March 29, 2013 for Unit 55. Toshiba was materially late on a number of matters, which triggered liquidated damage claims under the contract with Toshiba. The liquidated damages clause allows for \$11,000 per day, and the City has made liquidated damages claims against Toshiba for the period of March 29 July 17, 2013. These claims total \$1,210,000 and are currently being negotiated with Toshiba. The ultimate recovery amount is indeterminate.
- Centralia Steam Plant Project Asbestos Claims: In 2013, the City received notice of a lawsuit that had been filed against PacifiCorp (the successor in interest of the former operator of the Centralia Steam Plant Project) by an employee of a contractor who worked at the Project between April 26, 1971 and December 3, 1971. The claimant alleges he developed mesothelioma as a result of his exposure to asbestos during the time he worked at the Project. PacifiCorp provided notice to the City, and all the other former owners of the Project that, as a former owner of the Project, it could liable for any liabilities resulting from the construction not covered by insurance in proportion to its ownership share. Based on the agreement for the construction and ownership of the Project, City Light owned 8 percent of the Project during the material times. Recently, the City received additional notice indicating that two additional decedent estates have filed lawsuits against the former operator alleging similar claims. The City is not named in any of the litigation and trial dates for these cases against the former operator are set for various times in 2016. The City's ultimate liability is indeterminate.
- Utility Tax Refund: In November 2010, a wireless telecommunications subsidiary company served dozens of cities in Washington, including Seattle, with utility tax refund requests. Then, on April 25, 2012, the subsidiary company filed a lawsuit in King County Superior Court against more than 100 cities. The lawsuit is an appeal of the cities' denial of or failure to respond to the refund request. The City of Seattle initially was not a defendant in the lawsuit, but the company amended its complaint in August to add Seattle and some other cities. The lawsuit arises from the company being sued in a class action for improperly charging its customers for local utility taxes on wireless internet services. Those services may not have been taxable and the company should not have been paying the tax or charging its customers for the tax. As part of the settlement of the class action law suit, the company was required to present refund claims to the cities that may have received utility tax on wireless internet services. The company's claim against the City of Seattle was about \$5 million. In May 2013, the court granted motions to dismiss Seattle and most other cities on procedural grounds. However, the City continued with an audit of the company. That audit determined that the taxpayer was owed a \$3,009,965.79 telephone utility tax credit. In October 2015, the taxpayer waived its rights to appeal the City's tax assessment. This case has been closed.
- Public Records Request Claim: The parent company of a local television station in Seattle, made public records request for in-car videos and sued the City when they were not produced. The trial court held some records were improperly withheld. Both parties appealed. On June 12, 2014, the Court issued its decision holding that SPD violated the PRA in denying the plaintiff's requests for databases and for the actual videos. The Court remanded for further proceedings regarding penalties and attorney fees. The plaintiff moved for attorney fees and costs for the Supreme Court appeal. The Court awarded the plaintiff costs and fees of \$52,375.61, which the City has paid. In November 2015 the plaintiff's successor in interest agreed to settle this case for \$174,182.98 in addition to \$53,000 paid to the plaintiff last year for attorney fees and costs awarded at the Supreme Court level. The settlement was finalized on December 14, 2015.
- Beacon, Myrtle, Maple Leaf and West Seattle Reservoir Leaks: In 2011 the designer of the Beacon, Myrtle, Maple Leaf and West Seattle reservoirs, notified SPU about possible seismic deficiencies in the designs for the four reservoirs, specifically that the structural calculations it had used did not meet the applicable building code requirements. In response, SPU undertook a rigorous and thorough seismic analysis, focusing first on the West Seattle reservoir, to understand the nature and severity of the seismic deficiencies. Based on that analysis, SPU hired an engineering firm to evaluate and undertake design repairs for the four reservoirs to correct any seismic issues. Repairs on the West Seattle reservoir are nearly complete. It is estimated that the total cost of the work, including analysis, design and construction, will be approximately \$25 million. The designer has to date worked closely and cooperatively with SPU throughout the seismic review and retrofit design process, and negotiations between SPU and the designer are ongoing concerning payment of repair costs. In early 2015, SPU and the designer agreed on a partial settlement of \$3,248,171 for the Construction and design

costs related to the Maple Leaf and Myrtle reservoirs. The designer also agreed in that partial settlement to make the final payment of \$850,000 related to SPU costs associated with the Lighter Weight Roof Change.

There may be other litigation or claims involving alleged substantial sums of money owing; however, the prospect of material adverse outcomes therein is remote. Other than the aforementioned cases and the claim liabilities recorded in the financial statements, there were and are no outstanding material judgments against the City.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (HUD) SECTION 108 LOAN PROGRAM

The City of Seattle participates in the HUD Section 108 loan program. In the Section 108 program HUD obtains funds from private investors at a very low cost (i.e., low interest rate). Low-cost funds are available because HUD guarantees repayment to the private investors. HUD, in turn, provides the low-cost funds to jurisdictions nationwide including the City of Seattle. The City re-lends the funds to private borrowers. HUD deposits the funds directly with the City's loan servicing agent, the Bank of New York. The Bank of New York disburses funds on behalf of the City to the private borrowers.

The Brownfields Economic Development Initiative Grant (BEDI) program is a federal grant that is directly linked to the Section 108 loan program. The City uses BEDI grant funds as a loan loss reserve and interest subsidy on Section 108 loans. The U.S. Treasury deposits the grant funds with the City. The City then disburses the grant funds to the loan servicing agent.

Pursuant to RCW 35.21.735 the City is expressly authorized to participate in the Section 108 loan program. The state statute and the City's contracts/agreements with HUD clarify that the City never pledges its full faith and credit. Future block grant funds are pledged to HUD in the event of borrower default. Each loan is secured by a deed of trust and/or bank-issued letter of credit that provides the City with security in the event of borrower default. Additionally, the BEDI grant funds may be used by the City to protect against loan default.

On December 31, 2015, seven projects remained outstanding with a combined total amount of \$11.5 million. BEDI grant funds amount to \$0.5 million, of which a portion is being held as loan loss reserve.

GUARANTEES OF THE INDEBTEDNESS OF OTHERS

The City has guaranteed the following bonds issued by public development authorities chartered by the City which are not component units of the City. The guarantees extend through the life of the bonds.

In the event that these public development authorities have insufficient funds to make scheduled debt payments of the principal of and interest on these guaranteed bonds, the City is obligated to transfer sufficient funds to make the payment. Public development authorities for whom the City has made all or part of a debt service payment shall reimburse the City for all money drawn on their behalf.

Museum Development Authority

Special obligation refunding bonds. Series 2014 issued on April 29 2014, in the amount of 44,375,000. The outstanding amount as of December 31, 2015 is \$42,700,000. The bonds will be fully retired by April 1, 2031.

Seattle Chinatown-International District Preservation and Development Authority

Refunding bonds issued on September 26, 2007, in the amount of \$7,355,000. The outstanding amount as of December 31, 2015, was \$5,105,000. The bonds will be fully retired by August 1, 2026.

Seattle Indian Services Commission

Special obligation revenue refunding bonds issued on November 1, 2004, in the amount of \$5,210,000. The outstanding amount as of December 31 2015 is \$3,235,000. The bonds will be fully retired on November 1, 2024.

Event Notice Relating to Seattle Indian Services Commission

In 2014 the Seattle Indian Services Commission experienced unforeseen conditions that leave it unable to fulfill its debt obligations on bonds guaranteed by the City. Due to the interruption and suspension of the Commission's pledged revenues for debt service the City is now obligated to temporarily service the Commission's debt.

The City's 2015 Adopted Budget and thereon includes funding to pay debt service on the Commission's guaranteed bonds in accordance with the City's unconditional obligation. Effective for fiscal year 2015 the City will transfer funds on behalf of the Commission to pay the scheduled debt payments of the principal and interest on its special obligation refunding bonds issued on November 1, 2004. The first debt service payment occurred on 5/1/2015 in the amount of \$75 thousand.

As of Dec 31, 2015, the Commission's remaining principal and interest amounts the City guaranteed are \$3,235,000 and \$749,193 respectively. Based on the expected cash outflows and discount rate equal to the interest earned from the City's consolidated cash pool (1.134 percent), the City has recognized a liability of \$3.8 million on the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Until the Commission's revenue conditions improve the City will continue to make the scheduled debt payments through the life of the bonds, with a final maturity date of 11/01/2024.

(16) RESTATEMENTS, PRIOR-PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS, CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES, AND RECLASSIFICATIONS

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Prior-period adjustments in government-wide financial statement included the following: (1) A reduction of construction in progress (CIP) from prior years in the amount of \$3.312 million was due to over and under recording of non-CIP expenses. (2) An easement for a building amounting to \$400 thousand in capital assets was not recorded as intangible assets in 2014. (3) Additional immaterial corrections to various Other Assets netted a total reduction of \$283 thousand. These changes in capitalization of construction in progress, intangible and other asset resulted in a restatement that decreased the net capital assets reported in 2014 by \$3.195 million.

Transportation Department reclassified capital assets of \$4.2 million from infrastructure to building. Parks and Recreation and Seattle Center also reclassified capital assets of \$1.4 million from building to land for \$525 thousand, improvement for \$236 thousand and equipment for \$601 thousand. These reclassifications resulted as a restatement to the 2014 government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

In consideration of the reporting requirements of Statement GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the City recorded its proportionate share of the initial net pension liability/asset and applicable deferred inflows and outflows of resources as a restatement of the beginning net position for fiscal year 2015. The net effects as a result of this adjustment to the beginning net position of governmental activities was a decrease of \$418.7 million.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Seattle City Light reclassified its 2014 presentation by removing work in process from accumulated depreciation in the amount of \$1.3 million to construction in progress. The reclassification had no impact on the net capital assets.

In consideration of the reporting requirements of Statement GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the City recorded its proportionate share of the initial net pension liability/asset and applicable deferred inflows and outflows of resources as a restatement of the beginning net position for fiscal year 2015. The net effects as a result of this adjustment to the beginning net position of business activities was a decrease of \$440.7 million.

(17) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 28, 2016, pursuant to City Council Resolution 31646, the City issued (1) \$31.9 million of Municipal Light and Power (ML&P) Revenue Bonds, 2016A, Taxable New Clean Renewable Energy Bonds (CREBS), with an average coupon rate of 4.050 percent and a final maturity of January 1, 2041; (2) \$116.9 of ML&P Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2016B, with an average coupon rate of 5.000 percent through March 31, 2029 and 4.000 percent thereafter, with a final maturity of April 1, 2029.

On April 6, 2016, pursuant to Mayor Ed Murray's announcement in May 2015, the City began its three-year-transition toward a consolidated IT office, called the Seattle Information Technology Department (Seattle IT), which is designed to increase IT efficiencies and reduce costs. Seattle IT is responsible for the delivery of IT services for the entire City government. The City is currently evaluating the impact this transition will have on its financial statements.

On May 25, 2016, pursuant to City Council Resolutions 31665 and 31666, the City issued (1) \$103.7 million of Limited Tax General Obligation (LTGO) Improvement and Refunding Bonds A with an average coupon rate of 4.388 percent and a final maturity of April 1, 2036; (2) \$6.1 million of LTGO Improvement Taxable Bonds B with an average coupon rate of 2.723 percent and a final maturity of April 1, 2036; and (3) \$36.7 million of Unlimited Tax General Obligation (UTGO) Improvement Bonds with an average coupon rate of 4.075 percent and a final maturity of December 1, 2045.

On June 22, 2016, pursuant to City Council Resolution 31674 the City issued \$160.9 million of Drainage Wastewater Refunding and Revenue Bonds with an average coupon rate of 4.092 percent and a final maturity of April 1, 2046.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual are presented on a budgetary basis (Non-GAAP). A reconciliation of the budgetary fund balance to the GAAP fund balance is shown on the face of each schedule.

The budgetary basis of accounting is substantially the same as the modified accrual basis of accounting in all governmental funds except for the treatment of appropriations that do not lapse, those whose budgets were approved by the City Budget Office to carry over to the following year. These appropriations are included with expenditures in the City's budgetary basis of accounting.

As described in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* was implemented in fiscal year 2011; the Library Fund no longer meets the definition for a special revenue fund and is now reported as part of the General Fund for the GAAP reporting. Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual for the General Fund, C-1, is presented on the budgetary basis for the legally adopted budget of the General Fund.

C-1

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN

FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts							
	(Original		Final		Actual		Variance
REVENUES								
Taxes								
General Property Taxes	\$	271,288	\$	271,288	\$	273,044	\$	(1,756)
Retail Sales and Use Taxes		206,443		206,443		221,646		(15,203)
Business Taxes		282,661		282,661		277,947		4,714
Excise Taxes		56,207		56,207		80,219		(24,012)
Other Taxes Interfund Business Taxes		133.542		133.542		134.959		(1,417)
Total Taxes	-	950,141		950,141		987,815		(37,674)
Licenses and Permits		27,131		27,131		27,119		12
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions		30,306		46,133		25,152		20,981
Charges for Services		53,778		57,085		61,401		(4,316)
Fines and Forfeits		30,756		30,756		31,323		(567)
Parking Fees and Space Rent		38,169		38,169		38,570		(401)
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues		228,159		228,187		225,215		2,972
Total Revenues		1,358,440		1,377,602		1,396,595		(18,993)
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES								
Current		417 750		105 116		201.214		24.122
General Government		417,752		425,446		391,314		34,132
Judicial Public Safety		29,491 512,695		29,491 544,346		29,351 528,788		140 15,558
Physical Environment		6,401		8,792		6,643		2,149
Transportation		9,240		9,240		9,240		2,149
Economic Environment		24,156		26,553		19,938		6,615
Health and Human Services		76		76		76		
Culture and Recreation		7,109		7,109		7,195		(86)
Capital Outlay								
General Government		37,725		37,725		13,495		24,230
Public Safety		9,885		10,884		3,103		7,781
Physical Environment						—		
Transportation		12,505		12,505		—		12,505
Economic Environment		20.007		42 296		15 459		26 929
Culture and Recreation Debt Service		38,807		42,286		15,458		26,828
Principal								
Interest		_		256		_		256
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances		1,105,842	·	1,154,709		1,024,601		130,108
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and		1,105,012		1,101,709		1,021,001		150,100
Encumbrances		252,598		222,893		371,994		(149,101)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		- ,		,				(- , - ,
Sales of Capital Assets		7,447		7,447		18,274		(10,827)
Transfers In		13,948		13,948		9,065		4,883
Transfers Out		(287,089)		(298,652)		(338,227)		39,575
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(265,694)		(277,257)		(310,888)		33,631
Net Change in Fund Balance	2	(13.096)	\$	(54,364)		61,106	\$	(115,470)
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	9	(13,090)	<u>р</u>	(34,304)		273,919	J.	(113,470)
Net Change in Encumbrances						30		
Net Change in Unappropriable Reserves						(68,026)		
Budgetary Fund Balance - End of Year						267,029		
Adjustments to Conform to Generally						207,027		
Accepted Accounting Principles								
Reserves Not Available for Appropriation						96,937		
Encumbrances						4,396		
Reimbursements						4,570		
Budgeted as Revenues						187,347		
Budgeted as Expenditures						(187,347)		
GASB Statement No. 54 Reporting Adjustment								
Library Fund Balances					-	15,565		
Fund Balance (GAAP) - End of Year					\$	383,927		

TRANSPORTATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
REVENUES								
Taxes	¢	42 700	¢	43,700	¢	43,608	\$	(02)
General Property Taxes Retail Sales and Use Taxes Business Taxes	\$	43,700 	\$	43,700	\$	43,008	Э	(92) 2,730
Excise Taxes		_		—				
Other Taxes Interfund Business Taxes		_				4		4
Total Taxes		82,149		82,149		84,791		2,642
Licenses and Permits Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions		157 28,634		157 45,071		6,043 35,320		5,886 (9,751)
Charges for Services		32,071		37,863		71,989		34,126
Fines and Forfeits		—				258		258
Parking Fees and Space Rent Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues		(124) (339)		(124) (339)		95 512		219 851
Total Revenues		142,548		164,777		199,008		34,231
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES								
Current								
General Government		_		—		—		—
Judicial Public Safety		_				_		
Physical Environment		_		_		_		_
Transportation		140,372		148,605		120,004		28,601
Economic Environment Health and Human Services		_		_		_		_
Culture and Recreation		_		—		_		_
Capital Outlay								
General Government Public Safety		_				_		
Transportation		299,183		348,408		278,151		70,257
Economic Environment Culture and Recreation		—		—		—		_
Debt Service								
Principal		1,912		1,912		1,912		—
Interest		244		244		117		127
Bond Issuance Cost Other				—		_		—
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances		441,711		499.169		400,184		98,985
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and		2.		,		, -		
Encumbrances		(299,163)		(334,392)		(201,176)		(64,754)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Long-term Debt Issued		(2,095)		(2,095)		—		2,095
Sales of Capital Assets Transfers In		312,635		(2,093) 340,468		208,106		(132,362)
Transfers Out		(24,388)		(23,262)		(22,281)		981
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	286,152		315,111		185,825		(129,286)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(13,011)	\$	(19,281)		(15,351)	\$	(194,040)
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Net Change in Encumbrances						(42,629) 2,169		
Net Change in Unappropriable Reserves						25,415		
Budgetary Fund Balance - End of Year						(30,396)		
Adjustments to Conform to Generally								
Accepted Accounting Principles Reserves Not Available for Appropriation						101,393		
Encumbrances								
Reimbursements								
Budgeted as Revenues Budgeted as Expenditures						_		
Fund Balance (GAAP) - End of Year					\$	70,997		

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LOW-INCOME HOUSING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 *(In Thousands)*

	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts			
	 riginal		Final	Actual		Variance
REVENUES	 					
Taxes						
General Property Taxes	\$ 23,424	\$	24,040	\$ 17,934	\$	(6,106)
Retail Sales and Use Taxes Business Taxes	_			—		—
Excise Taxes	_					
Other Taxes	_			_		_
Interfund Business Taxes	 _			 		
Total Taxes	23,424		24,040	17,934		(6,106)
Licenses and Permits Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	3,739		21,782	7,001		(14,781)
Charges for Services	14,347		16,002	27,037		11,035
Fines and Forfeits						
Parking Fees and Space Rent	_		_	_		—
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	 3,024		8,759	 9,526		767
Total Revenues	44,534		70,583	61,498		(9,085)
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES						
Current						
General Government Judicial	_					_
Public Safety	_		_	_		_
Physical Environment	_			_		_
Transportation	_		—	—		_
Economic Environment	44,534		159,654	30,146		129,508
Health and Human Services Culture and Recreation	_		_	_		
Capital Outlay						
General Government	_			_		_
Public Safety	_			_		_
Physical Environment	—			—		_
Transportation	—			—		
Economic Environment Culture and Recreation	_					_
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	 44,534		159,654	 30,146		129,508
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and	 ,			 		
Encumbrances			(89,071)	31,352		120,423
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Long-Term Debt Issued	—			—		_
Refunding Debt Issued	—			—		
Premium on Bonds Issued	—		—	—		—
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	_		1.5	—		(15)
Sales of Capital Assets Transfers In	_		15	_		(15)
Transfers Out	_			_		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 		15	 		(15)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ _	\$	(89,056)	 31,352	\$	120,408
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		<u> </u>	(0),000)	(10,312)	<u> </u>	120,100
Net Change in Encumbrances				(26,286)		
Net Change in Unappropriable Reserves				 (13,511)		
Budgetary Fund Balance - End of Year				 (18,757)		
Adjustments to Conform to Generally						
Accepted Accounting Principles						
Reserves Not Available for Appropriation				129,242		
Encumbrances Reimbursements				26,286		
Budgeted as Revenues				_		
Budgeted as Expenditures				_		
Fund Balance (GAAP) - End of Year				\$ 136,771		

PENSION PLAN INFORMATION

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Firemen's and Police Relief and Pension funds are both pension plans that fail to meet the requirements of GASB Statement 68. The Firemen's and Police Relief and Pension funds continue to apply GASB Statement 27, and the required supplementary information (C4, C5) reports the long-term actuarial data on the Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions as of the plans' reporting dates for the past six consecutive fiscal years. The information presented in these schedules was part of the latest actuarial valuations at the dates indicated in Note 11, Table 11-1.

Under GASB Statement 68, the City's cost-sharing multiple-employer plans are the Seattle City Employees' Retirement System (SCERS), the Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System Plan 1 (LEOFF1) and the Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System Plan 2 (LEOFF2). As required by GASB Statement 68 the required supplementary information (C6, C7) reports a 10 year Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as of the plan's measurement date of the collective net pension liability, and a 10 year Schedule of Employer Contribution as of the City's most recent fiscal year-end.

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PENSION PLAN INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

Retirement System	Actuarial Valuation Date January 1	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (AAL)	Unfunded a Actuarial b Accrued Liabilities (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Firemen's Pension Fund	2010	13,273	143,499	130,226	9.0	N/A	N/A
	2011	11,430	126,794	115,364	9.0	N/A	N/A
	2012	10,877	138,611	127,734	8.0	N/A	N/A
	2013	12,943	106,424	93,481	12.0	N/A	N/A
	2014	12,371	84,344	71,613	15.0	N/A	N/A
	2015	14,741	82,001	67,260	18.0	N/A	N/A
Police Relief and Pension Fund	2010	280	129,393	129,113	_	N/A	N/A
	2011	1,105	137,497	136,392	1.0	N/A	N/A
	2012	3,746	111,458	107,712	3.0	N/A	N/A
	2013	4,625	104,729	100,104	4.0	N/A	N/A
	2014	3,202	92,615	89,413	3.0	N/A	N/A
	2015	5,101	99,293	94,192	5.0	N/A	N/A

 Actuarial present value of benefits less actuarial present value of future normal costs based on Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method for Firemen's Pension and Police Relief and Pension.

^b Actuarial accrued liabilities less actuarial value of assets, funding excess if negative.

PENSION PLAN INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

Retirement System	Fiscal Year Ending December 31	Covered Employee Payroll	Actual Employer Contributions	Actual Employer Contribution Percentage	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed	
Firemen's Pension Fund	2010	N/A	7,255	N/A	7,975	91	
	2011	N/A	8,262	N/A	7,218	114	
	2012	N/A	10,318	N/A	7,387	140	
	2013	N/A	6,485	N/A	5,243	124	
	2014	N/A	8,477	N/A	4,792	177	
	2015	N/A	9,563 ^a	N/A	4,866	196	
Police Relief and Pension Fund	2010	N/A	9,843	N/A	7,907	124	
	2011	N/A	11,195	N/A	8,534	131	
	2012	N/A	8,315	N/A	6,895	121	
	2013	N/A	7,105	N/A	6,398	111	
	2014	N/A	9,398	N/A	5,870	160	
	2015	N/A	9,602 ^a	N/A	6,210	155	

Assumed amounts will be replaced at year end with actual amounts.

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PENSION PLAN INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY Seattle City Employees' Retirement System

December 31, 2014

Last Ten Fiscal Years ^a

(In Thousands)

_	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	99.89%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	1,106,800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's covered employee payroll	626,403	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	176.69%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.70%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

_	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Required Supplementary Information

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PENSION PLAN INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System Plan 1

June 30, 2015

Last Ten Fiscal Years ^a

(In Thousands)

_	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Employer's proportion of the net pension asset	3.55 %	3.55 %	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset	(42,771)	(43,065)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's covered employee payroll	3,930	4,905	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	(1,088.32)%	(877.98)%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	127.36 %	126.91 %	N/A	N/A	N/A

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Employer's proportion of the net pension asset	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Required Supplementary Information

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PENSION PLAN INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System Plan 2

June 30, 2015

Last Ten Fiscal Years ^a

(In Thousands)

_	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Employer's proportion of the net pension asset	9.31 %	9.40 %	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset	(95,637)	(125,076)	N/A	N/A	N/A
LEOFF 2 employers only - State's proportionate share of the net pension asset associated with the employer	(64,124)	(82,876)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	(159,761)	(207,952)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's covered employee payroll	268,461	255,273	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	(35.62)%	(49.00)%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	111.67 %	116.75 %	N/A	N/A	N/A

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Employer's proportion of the net pension asset	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LEOFF 2 employers only - State's proportionate share of the net pension asset associated with the employer	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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PENSION PLAN INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Seattle City Employees' Retirement System

December 31, 2015

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	(111)				
-	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually required employer contributions	89,363	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the statutorily or contractually required contributions	(89,363)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Covered employer payroll	626,403	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	14.27%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
_	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Contractually required employer contributions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the statutorily or contractually required contributions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Covered employer payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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PENSION PLAN INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System Plan 1

December 31, 2015

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

-	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Statutorily or contractually required contributions ^b	_	_	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the statutorily or contractually required contributions ^b	_	_	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)			N/A	N/A	N/A
- Covered employer payroll	3,930	4,905	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	%	%	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Statutorily or contractually required contributions ^b	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the statutorily or contractually required contributions ^b	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Covered employer payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^a This schedule will be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data

^b LEOFF Plan 1 is fully funded, and no further employer contributions have been required since June 2000. If the plan becomes underfunded, funding of the remaining liability will require new legislation.

Required Supplementary Information

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PENSION PLAN INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System Plan 2

December 31, 2015

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

_	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Statutorily or contractually required contributions	13,638	13,249	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the statutorily or contractually required contributions	13,638	13,249	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		N/A	N/A	N/A
– Covered employer payroll	268,461	255,273	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	5.08%	5.19%	N/A	N/A	N/A
_	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Statutorily or contractually required contributions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the statutorily or contractually required contributions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
– Covered employer payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Combining and Individual Fund and Other Supplementary Information

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The **Parks and Recreation Fund** accounts for the operation of the City's parks system. The fund continues to receive monies for charter revenues as required by the City Charter. Required charter revenue to the fund is ten percent of all business and occupation taxes, related fines, penalties, and other licenses. In 2009, the City changed the charter revenue allocation from direct method of allocating ten percent actual revenue receipts periodically to an indirect method of transferring a fixed amount from the General Fund as adopted by the City Council each year. At the end of each year, an analysis is performed to ensure that Park and Recreation Fund receives monies equal to or exceeding the ten percent charter revenue requirement. Transfers-in are recognized for these cash transfers in this fund. The fund also receives usage fees.

The **Seattle Streetcar Fund** accounts for payments to King County, based on certain formulas, for operating and maintaining the City's streetcar. The fund is supported by revenues from sponsorship agreements; federal, state, county or other grants or transfers; private funding, donations, or gifts; property sales proceeds or other moneys supported by ordinance (Ordinance 122424).

The **Key Arena Settlement Proceeds Fund** accounts for all proceeds received pursuant to the settlement of the Key Arena litigation which shall be used and applied in accordance with appropriations by the City Council (Ordinance 122834).

The **Pike Place Market Renovation Fund** accounts for the proceeds of a six-year tax levy (Market Levy) approved by the voters in 2008 received on behalf of the Pike Place Market Preservation and Development Authority (PPMPDA) to pay for the cost of renovating the Pike Place Market owned by PPMPDA under the Levy Proceeds Agreement by and between the City and PPMPDA (Ordinance 122737). It also accounts for the proceeds of bonds issued in part by the 2009, 2010, and 2011 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond as temporary financing for the Pike Place Market renovation, whose bonds and interest are being paid from the Market Levy proceeds at bond maturity and interest payment dates (Ordinances 122848, 123156, and 123480).

The Seattle Center Fund accounts for the operations of the Seattle Center. The Center is a 74-acre convention, performance, and family entertainment complex on the site of the 1962 Seattle World's Fair.

The **Wheelchair Accessible Service Fund** accounts for the collection and distribution of a 10-cent per ride surcharge for all rides originating in the City of Seattle with Transportation Network Companies, non-wheelchair-accessible taxis and for-hire companies. The funds are used to help owners and operators of wheelchair accessible taxi (WAT) services offset higher operational and maintenance costs (Ordinance 124524).

The **Department of Education and Early Learning Fund** accounts for proceeds from the Families and Education Levy, the General Fund, and other resources as authorized. The mission of this department is to ensure that all Seattle children have the opportunity to succeed in school and in life, and to graduate from high school ready for college or a career. (Ordinance 124650).

The Human Services Operating Fund accounts for grants and General Fund moneys for programs to aid low-income persons, youths, and the elderly.

The **Office of Housing Fund** accounts for activities pertaining to housing development, application for and compliance with conditions for housing loans and grants.

The **Housing and Community Development Revenue Sharing Fund** receives federal Community Development Block Grant and Urban Development Action Grant moneys to provide housing and community development assistance to low- and moderate-income persons.

The **Education and Development Services Fund** accounts for a seven-year levy approved by the voters in 1997, in 2004, and again in 2011 to provide educational and developmental services to supplement the basic education activities financed by the State of Washington (Ordinances 118557, 121529, and 123567).

The **Preschool Levy Fund** accounts for the proceeds of a four-year tax levy approved by voters in 2014; the funding will provide highquality preschool services for low-income Seattle children as Seattle Preschool Program. (Ordinance 124509).

The City of Seattle

The **2012 Library Levy Fund** accounts for a seven-year levy approved by the voters in 2012, providing support for library services which include maintaining hours and access, increasing the size and quality of library collections both new book titles and digital media, technology replacements and upgrades, and regular maintenance and major repairs (Ordinance 123851).

The **School Zone Fixed Automated Cameras Fund** accounts for revenues generated from the use of school zone fixed automated cameras to enforce the school zone speed limits and improve safety for schoolchildren and other pedestrians. (Ordinance 124230).

The **Seattle Metropolitan Parks District Fund** accounts for the independent taxing district created through voter approval and governed by the City Council. The purpose of the district is to fund maintenance, operations, and improvements of parks, community centers, pools and other recreation facilities and programs though its power to levy and impose various taxes and fees.

The Business Improvement Areas Fund accounts for moneys that businesses assess themselves for parking, festivals, and other nongovernmental activities.

The **Seattle Transportation Benefit District Fund** accounts for the independent taxing district created and governed by the City Council. The purpose of the district is to fund transportation improvements within the boundaries of the City through an imposed \$20 vehicle registration fee. See Note 12, Component Units, for additional information pertaining to the district.

The General Trust Fund accounts for amounts received with restrictions under contractual agreements.

The **Municipal Arts Fund** receives at least one percent of the total cost of City capital construction projects. The City uses these moneys to buy visual arts.

The **General Donations and Gift Trust Fund** holds a variety of gifts and donations which have restrictions on their use. Programs eligible to receive support from this fund include the gift catalog, animal control, emergency medical assistance program, horse patrol, K-9 corps, climate action, and rescue of prostituted children.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The **General Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** receives moneys from excess property tax levies to pay interest costs and principal redemptions on voter-approved general obligation bonds. It also receives moneys from the General Fund and other City funds to pay for interest costs and principal redemptions on councilmanic limited tax general obligation bonds.

The Interfund Notes Payable - Local Improvement Districts (LIDs) Fund accounts for the payments of interest and principal on interfund notes payable to the Cumulative Reserve Subfund, a General Fund subfund. The proceeds of the notes funded the activities of certain LID districts.

The Local Improvement Guaranty Fund receives surpluses and guarantees faithful compliance of bond covenants on completed or defeased LID bond funds. When required, it shall be funded by excess general property tax levies or by the General Fund. The City is legally obliged to maintain a fund level at 10 percent of net outstanding LID debt.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The **Public Safety Facilities and Equipment Fund** was established in December 1990 to account for the improvement of public safety equipment. In 1990 the fund received transfers of reimbursable appropriations from the Cumulative Reserve Subfund and expended \$1 million for the improvement and construction of certain facilities. In 1991 the fund received \$8 million from the sale of limited tax levy general obligation bonds. In 1996 the fund received \$17.6 million from the sale of limited tax general obligation bonds (Ordinances 115453, 116797, 118108, 118184, 118225, and 118364).

The **Shoreline Park Improvement Fund** accounts for Local Improvement subprogram moneys for shoreline and beach park improvements that were received as METRO mitigation grants related to the expansion of the West Point sewage treatment plant (Ordinance 115496).

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The **Community Improvement Fund** accounts for moneys from community improvement contributions by METRO for public improvements in the Alki and Discovery Park areas to mitigate the negative construction impacts in those communities (Ordinance 115496).

The **Park Mitigation and Remediation Fund** account for monies received for development, renovation or improvements to Department of Parks and Recreation properties related to implementing the Arboretum Mitigation Plan to address impacts from the State's SR 520, I-5 To Medina: Bridge Replacement and HOV Project (Ordinance 124208).

The **Park Capital Projects Fund** was established in 2015. It accounts for revenues received by the City from which associated expenditures may be paid, including capital cost for the Seattle Park District or other sources. (Ordinance 124634).

The **Open Spaces and Trails Bond Fund** was established in 1989. It accounts for \$41.8 million which is Seattle's portion of the King County general obligation bond issued to finance the preservation of greenbelts, natural areas, other undeveloped open spaces, and to acquire and develop recreational trails within the City (Ordinance 114900).

The **Seattle Center and Parks Multipurpose Levy Fund** was established to account for the 8-year \$72 million property tax levy approved by voters in 1999 for improvements to the Seattle Center Opera House, replacement of the Flag Pavilion with a new Festivals Pavilion, and the construction and remodeling of community centers (Ordinance 119522). It also accounts for the 8-year \$129.2 million property tax levy approved by the voters in 2000 for improving maintenance and programs of existing parks, including the Woodland Park Zoo; acquiring, developing, and maintaining new neighborhood parks, green spaces, playfields, trails, and boulevards; and recreational programming for funding safe out-of-school and senior activities (Ordinance 120024).

The **Seattle Center Redevelopment/Parks Community Center Fund** was established in 1991 to provide partial funding for certain needed improvements to the Seattle Center and full City funding for certain improvements to selected community centers. It received the proceeds of the \$14.75 million limited tax general obligation bond issue and grant moneys from Washington State Department of Community Development. The fund also received the proceeds of the \$3.22 million sale of limited tax general obligation bond anticipation notes to finance preconstruction costs for redevelopment of the Seattle Center Coliseum during 1993 (Ordinances 115844 and 116720).

The **Municipal Civic Center Fund** was established in 1998 to account for the planning, design, and construction of the new Municipal Courthouse and police headquarters, the new City Hall, Key Tower major improvements, and other capital projects relating to the Civic Center (Ordinance 119304).

The **2003** Fire Facilities Fund was established to account for the 9-year additional property tax levy of \$167.2 million approved by the voters. The purpose of the levy is to pay all or part of the cost of neighborhood fire stations, support facilities, marine apparatus, emergency preparedness, and other emergency response facilities (Ordinance 121230).

The Local Improvement Fund, District No. 6750 was established in 2006 to account for the construction of a streetcar line serving downtown Seattle, Denny Triangle, and South Lake Union, to be funded from proceeds of local improvement bonds and special assessments upon property in the local improvement district (Ordinance 121951).

The **2008 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond Fund** was established in 2007 to account for capital costs related to the South Rainier Street Grade Separation, Spokane Street Viaduct, Mercer Corridor, and King Street Multimodal Terminal projects. Initial funds for these projects were provided from interfund loans to be repaid from proceeds of limited tax general obligation bonds issued in 2008 by the City (Ordinance 122417). The bond ordinance finally allocated the bond proceeds to the King Street Multimodal Terminal, Bridge Seismic, Rehabilitation and Replacement, Pay Stations, Fire Station projects, and the South Lake Union Property Proceeds Account (Ordinance 122553).

The **2009 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond Fund** was established in 2008 to account for the proceeds of the bonds issued in March 2009 to provide funding for the costs of capital projects including the Alaskan Way Viaduct/Seawall, North Precinct, Northgate Land, Northgate Park, Rainer Beach Community Center, Trails, Bridge Rehabilitation, King and Spokane Streets projects, and the Municipal Jail (Ordinance 122848).

The **2010 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond Fund** was established in 2010 to account for the proceeds of the bonds issued in March 2010 to provide funding for the costs of capital projects relating to the Spokane Street Viaduct, Bridge Rehabilitation, Bridge Seismic Retrofit, Mercer Corridor-South Lake Union, Mercer Corridor West, King Street Station Multimodal Terminal, Alaskan Way Viaduct, Parking Pay Stations, Pike Place Market Renovation, Golf Course Improvements, and Tier-1 Storage Area Network (Ordinance 123156).

The **2011 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond Fund** was established in 2011 to account for the proceeds of the bonds issued in March 2011 to provide funding for the costs of capital projects relating to the Spokane Street Viaduct, Bridge Rehabilitation and Seismic Retrofit, Parking and Program Management, Facility Energy Retrofits, Rainier Beach Community Center, King Street Station Multimodal Terminal, Seattle Center Renovations, Pike Place Market Renovation, Golf Course Improvements, and Alaska Way Viaduct and Seawall (Ordinance 123480).

The **2012 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond Fund** was established in 2012 to account for the proceeds of the bonds issued in May 2012 to provide funding for the costs of capital projects relating to Bridge Seismic Retrofit, the Mercer Corridor-South Lake Union, Mercer Corridor West, Linden Avenue North, Alaskan Way Viaduct Seawall, Alaskan Way Viaduct Parking and Program Management, Rainier Beach Community Center, Magnuson Park Building 30, and Library Information Technology Systems (Ordinance 123751).

The **2013 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond Fund** was established in 2013 to account for the proceeds of bonds issued in June 2013 to provide funding for the costs of capital projects relating to Transportation Infrastructure, Recreational and Public Safety facilities, and Information Technology Systems (Ordinance 124053).

The Alaskan Way Seawall Construction Fund was established in 2013 to account for the issuance of and sale of unlimited tax general obligation bonds and bond anticipation notes, and authorized loans of resources from various City funds, to pay all or part of the costs of the design, construction, renovation, improvement and replacement of the Alaskan Way Seawall and associated public infrastructure (Ordinance 124125).

The **Central Waterfront Improvement Fund** was established in 2012 to account for capital costs related to the Alaskan Way Viaduct and Seawall Replacement Program, including costs associated with the design and construction of the Central Waterfront component, costs for city administration, and costs eligible for financing by a future Local Improvement District. The fund shall receive all revenues including, but not limited to, revenues from sponsorship agreements; federal, state, country or other grants or transfers; private funding, donations or gifts; property sales proceeds; and other monies as authorized by the City Council (Ordinance 123761).

The **2013 King County Parks Levy Fund** was established in 2013 to account for the issuance and sale of limited tax general obligation bonds to pay all or part of the City's capital improvement program, to refinance certain outstanding bonds of the Pike Place Market Preservation and Development Authority and the Seattle-Chinatown-International District Preservation and Development Authority, improvements to Benaroya Hall and to pay the cost of issuance of the bonds (Ordinance 124349).

The **2014 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond** was established in 2014 to pay all or part of the cost of various City's capital improvement programs and other City purposes, to carry out the refunding for the Pike Place Market Preservation and Development Authority and the Seattle-Chinatown-International District Preservation and Development Authority, to pay the costs of the Benaroya Hall Music Center projects, and to pay other general obligation Bonds (Ordinance 124341).

The **2015 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond** was established in 2014 to account for the proceeds of the issuance of bonds to provide funding for the cost of City's capital projects relating to acquisition of real property, right of way, other real property interest, improvements, designs, demolish, renovate, upgrade, construct, betterments and extensions of facilities and plants or systems and obtain any ancillary services (Ordinance 124648).

The **2016 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond** was established in 2015 to pay all or part of the costs of various elements of the City's capital improvement program and other City purposes approved by ordinance, to provide a contribution to the Pike Place market Preservation and Development Authority for the financing of certain improvements, and to pay the costs of issuance of the bonds (Ordinance 124924).

PERMANENT FUNDS

The H. H. Dearborn Fund holds a \$50,000 non-expendable gift to the City. The investment income is available for charitable purposes.

The **Beach Maintenance Trust Fund** received \$2.0 million appropriated from the City's Shoreline Park Improvement Fund. The earnings on this fund are used solely to maintain public beaches in Seattle.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SUMMARY BY FUND TYPE December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)

		Special	Debt		Capital	_		 Compara	tive T	otals
	I	Revenue Funds	Service Funds		Projects Funds	Pe	rmanent Funds	2015		2014
ASSETS										
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	167,389	\$ 11,455	\$	125,972	\$	2,166	\$ 306,982	\$	251,398
Receivables, Net of Allowances		9,484	295		11,545		2	21,326		19,972
Due from Other Funds		16,457	_		394		_	16,851		9,024
Due from Other Governments		28,116	_		14		_	28,130		20,935
Interfund Loans and Advances		5,764	_		18,401		—	24,165		—
Other Current Assets		608	 _		_		_	608		569
Total Assets		227,818	11,750		156,326		2,168	398,062		301,898
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		47,022	_	_	—		_	47,022	_	44,135
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	274,840	\$ 11,750	\$	156,326	\$	2,168	\$ 445,084	\$	346,033
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	37,179	\$ _	\$	5,159	\$	6	\$ 42,344	\$	25,970
Contracts Payable		278	—		723		—	1,001		1,060
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable		6,958	_		3		_	6,961		5,435
Due to Other Funds		24,479	—		12,600		—	37,079		42,432
Due to Other Governments		5,021	—		—		—	5,021		5,022
Revenues Collected in Advance		6,571	_		232		_	6,803		4,290
Interfund Loans and Advances		6,039	—		22,751		—	28,790		31,611
Other Current Liabilities		626	 		20			 646		2,446
Total Liabilities		87,151	—		41,488		6	128,645		118,266
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		47,945	203		9,308		_	57,456		57,104
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		662	_		_		2,050	2,712		2,645
Restricted		128,799	11,547		128,194		112	268,652		214,070
Committed		10,774	—		_		—	10,774		3,245
Assigned		11,004	—		—		_	11,004		9,933
Unassigned		(11,495)	 		(22,664)		_	 (34,159)		(59,230)
Total Fund Balances		139,744	 11,547		105,530		2,162	 258,983		170,663
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	274,840	\$ 11,750	\$	156,326	\$	2,168	\$ 445,084	\$	346,033

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	arks and ecreation	Seattle Streetcar	S	Key Arena ettlement Proceeds	I	ke Place Market novation	Seattle Center	eelchair essibility
ASSETS		 						
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 2,796	\$ 3,575	\$	270	\$	2,846	\$ 4,085	\$ 582
Receivables, Net of Allowances	3,798	267		_		69	3,861	227
Due from Other Funds	1,083	7		2		_	77	_
Due from Other Governments	236	75		_		_	—	_
Interfund Loans and Advances	5,764	_		_		_	—	_
Other Current Assets	 363	 _		_		—	 245	
Total Assets	 14,040	3,924		272		2,915	 8,268	809
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 _	 _		_		_	_	_
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 14,040	\$ 3,924	\$	272	\$	2,915	\$ 8,268	\$ 809
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,845	\$ _	\$	10	\$	_	\$ 974	\$ 12
Contracts Payable	278	_		_		_	—	_
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable	3,321	—		—		_	1,382	
Due to Other Funds	678	5,239		40		—	187	
Due to Other Governments	_	_		_		—	—	
Revenues Collected in Advance	1,088	1,870		_		—	926	—
Interfund Loans and Advances	_	—		_		—	—	—
Other Current Liabilities	 548	 3				_	 	 73
Total Liabilities	8,758	7,112		50		—	3,469	85
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	_		_		57	_	_
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable	388	_		_		_	274	_
Restricted	1,679	_		222		2,858	1,821	724
Committed	—	—		—		_	2,704	
Assigned	3,215	—		—		_		
Unassigned	 _	(3,188)		_		_	_	
Total Fund Balances	 5,282	(3,188)		222		2,858	4,799	 724
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 14,040	\$ 3,924	\$	272	\$	2,915	\$ 8,268	\$ 809

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	ation and Learning	nan Service Dperating	Office Of Housing	Co Dev F	Housing mmunity velopment Revenue Sharing	Dev	cation and relopment ervices	Pres	chool Levy 2014
ASSETS	 	 	 						
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 3,687	\$ 21,166	\$ 1,287	\$	630	\$	56,649	\$	12,363
Receivables, Net of Allowances	_	(165)	74		27		708		198
Due from Other Funds	6,668	7,228	570		46		_		6
Due from Other Governments	_	17,394	251		3,376		_		_
Interfund Loans and Advances	_	_	_		_		_		_
Other Current Assets	_	 _	 _		—		_		_
Total Assets	10,355	45,623	2,182		4,079		57,357		12,567
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		350	 _		46,672		_		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 10,355	\$ 45,973	\$ 2,182	\$	50,751	\$	57,357	\$	12,567
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$ 8,404	\$ 17,587	\$ 9	\$	1,281	\$	44	\$	_
Contracts Payable	_	_	_		_		_		_
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable	253	1,618	280		_		_		_
Due to Other Funds	552	110	9		596		6,575		74
Due to Other Governments	—	5,021	—		—		—		—
Revenues Collected in Advance	93	2,536	—		58		—		—
Interfund Loans and Advances	—	—	_		2,275		—		_
Other Current Liabilities	 _	 	 1		1				
Total Liabilities	9,302	26,872	299		4,211		6,619		74
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	350	_		46,672		488		126
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable	_	_	_				_		_
Restricted	1,053	4,727	48		_		50,250		12,367
Committed	—	8,070	—		—		—		—
Assigned	—	5,954	1,835		—		—		—
Unassigned	 	 	 		(132)				
Total Fund Balances	 1,053	 18,751	 1,883		(132)		50,250		12,367
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 10,355	\$ 45,973	\$ 2,182	\$	50,751	\$	57,357	\$	12,567

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	201	2 Library Levy	Au	ool Zone tomatic tera Fund	Metropo Parks Di		Impi	isiness rovement Areas	Trai Bene	sportation
ASSETS										
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	11,732	\$	2,185	\$	_	\$	6,333	\$	21,827
Receivables, Net of Allowances		350		3		_		7		18
Due from Other Funds		99		_		_		_		220
Due from Other Governments		_		_		_		_		6,784
Interfund Loans and Advances		_		_		_		_		_
Other Current Assets				_						
Total Assets		12,181		2,188		_		6,340		28,849
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_		_		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	12,181	\$	2,188	\$	_	\$	6,340	\$	28,849
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	586	\$	_	\$	4,411	\$	762	\$	_
Contracts Payable		_		_		_		_		_
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable		14		—		—		_		—
Due to Other Funds		1,747		345		_		—		8,040
Due to Other Governments		_		_		_		—		—
Revenues Collected in Advance		—		—		—		—		—
Interfund Loans and Advances		—		—		3,764		—		—
Other Current Liabilities		_		_		_		_		_
Total Liabilities		2,347		345		8,175		762		8,040
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		252		_				_		_
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted		9,582		1,843		—		5,578		20,809
Committed		—		_		_		_		—
Assigned		—		_		_		_		—
Unassigned				_		(8,175)				
Total Fund Balances		9,582		1,843		(8,175)		5,578		20,809
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	12,181	\$	2,188	\$		\$	6,340	\$	28,849

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				General		 Compara	ative Totals	
	General Trust	Μ	unicipal Arts		ntion and ft Trust	 2015		2014
ASSETS								
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 4,005	\$	8,580	\$	2,791	\$ 167,389	\$	116,464
Receivables, Net of Allowances	4		8		30	9,484		7,324
Due from Other Funds	_		99		352	16,457		5,203
Due from Other Governments	_		—		—	28,116		20,887
Interfund Loans and Advances	—		—		—	5,764		—
Other Current Assets	 _					 608		569
Total Assets	4,009		8,687		3,173	227,818		150,447
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 _		_		_	 47,022		44,135
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 4,009	\$	8,687	\$	3,173	\$ 274,840	\$	194,582
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$ 82	\$	126	\$	46	\$ 37,179	\$	23,193
Contracts Payable	_		—		—	278		505
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable	44		39		7	6,958		5,436
Due to Other Funds	82		3		202	24,479		12,152
Due to Other Governments	—		—		—	5,021		5,022
Revenues Collected in Advance	_		—		_	6,571		3,270
Interfund Loans and Advances	_		—		_	6,039		_
Other Current Liabilities	 _					 626		2,411
Total Liabilities	208		168		255	87,151		51,989
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_		_		_	47,945		45,018
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable	—		_		—	662		595
Restricted	3,801		8,519		2,918	128,799		87,384
Committed	—		_		—	10,774		3,245
Assigned	—		_		—	11,004		9,933
Unassigned	 _					 (11,495)		(3,582)
Total Fund Balances	 3,801		8,519		2,918	 139,744		97,575
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 4,009	\$	8,687	\$	3,173	\$ 274,840	\$	194,582

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	eral Bond iterest	Notes	erfund S Payable Local	Lo	cal	Compara	tive]	Fotals
	and lemption	Imp	rovement	Improv Guai	vement	2015		2014
ASSETS	 					 		
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 10,580	\$	8	\$	867	\$ 11,455	\$	15,572
Receivables, Net of Allowances	294		_		1	295		295
Due from Other Funds	_		_		_	_		_
Due from Other Governments	_		_		_	_		_
Interfund Loans and Advances	_		_		_	_		_
Other Current Assets	 _				—	 _		_
Total Assets	10,874		8		868	11,750		15,867
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_				_	 		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 10,874	\$	8	\$	868	\$ 11,750	\$	15,867
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$ _	\$		\$		\$ _	\$	_
Contracts Payable	—		—			—		—
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable	—		_		_	—		—
Due to Other Funds	—		_		_	—		—
Due to Other Governments	—		_		_	—		—
Revenues Collected in Advance	—		—			—		—
Interfund Loans and Advances	—		—		—	—		—
Other Current Liabilities	 _				_	 _		
Total Liabilities	 _				_	 _		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	203		_		_	203		202
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable	_		_		_	_		_
Restricted	10,671		8		868	11,547		15,665
Committed	_		_		—	_		—
Assigned	—		_		_	—		—
Unassigned	 				_	 _		—
Total Fund Balances	10,671		8		868	 11,547		15,665
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 10,874	\$	8	\$	868	\$ 11,750	\$	15,867

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	Facilit	: Safety ies and pment	Shorelin Improv		Comm Improv		Μ	Park itigation nediation	Parl P	ks Capital Projects
ASSETS										
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	429	\$	2	\$	30	\$	18,230	\$	775
Receivables, Net of Allowances		_		_		_		17		1,709
Due from Other Funds		_		_		_		_		_
Due from Other Governments		_		12		_		_		_
Interfund Loans and Advances		_		—				—		—
Other Current Assets		_		_		_		_		_
Total Assets		429		14		30		18,247		2,484
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_		_		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	429	\$	14	\$	30	\$	18,247	\$	2,484
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	114	\$	449
Contracts Payable		_		_		_		_		_
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable		_		_		_		_		_
Due to Other Funds		_		—				7		39
Due to Other Governments		_		—		_		_		—
Revenues Collected in Advance		_		_		_		_		—
Interfund Loans and Advances		_		_		_		_		2,000
Other Current Liabilities				_		_		_		1
Total Liabilities		—		—		—		121		2,489
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_		_		_
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted		429		14		30		18,126		_
Committed		_		_		_		_		_
Assigned				—		_		—		
Unassigned						_		_		(5)
Total Fund Balances		429		14		30		18,126		(5)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	429	\$	14	\$	30	\$	18,247	\$	2,484

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	Open S and T Bo	frails	an	tle Center d Parks tipurpose Levy	Redev P Com	le Center relopment Parks nmunity enter	cipal Civic Center	2003 Fire Facilities
ASSETS								
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	54	\$	40,428	\$	1,334	\$ 1,081	\$ 6,070
Receivables, Net of Allowances		_		265		1	1	10
Due from Other Funds		_		58		39	_	64
Due from Other Governments		—		2		—	—	—
Interfund Loans and Advances		_		_		_	_	_
Other Current Assets		_		_		_	 _	 _
Total Assets		54		40,753		1,374	 1,082	 6,144
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_	 _	 _
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	54	\$	40,753	\$	1,374	\$ 1,082	\$ 6,144
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	869	\$	46	\$ _	\$ 253
Contracts Payable		_		_		_	_	279
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable		_		_		_	_	_
Due to Other Funds		—		76		11	12	233
Due to Other Governments		—		_		_	_	—
Revenues Collected in Advance		—		232		_	_	—
Interfund Loans and Advances		—		—		—	—	—
Other Current Liabilities							 	
Total Liabilities		—		1,177		57	12	765
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		151		_	_	4
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		—		_		_	_	_
Restricted		54		39,425		1,317	1,070	5,375
Committed		—		—		—	—	—
Assigned		—		—		—	—	—
Unassigned		_				_	 	
Total Fund Balances		54		39,425		1,317	 1,070	 5,375
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	54	\$	40,753	\$	1,374	\$ 1,082	\$ 6,144

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	Imp I	Local rovement, District [o. 6750	Mult Loi G Ob	2008 tipurpose 1g-Term eneral ligation Bond	Multi Lon Ge Obl	2009 ipurpose g-Term eneral igation sond	Mul Lor G Ob	2010 tipurpose ng-Term eneral ligation Bond	Lo: G Ob	2011 tipurpose ng-Term eneral bligation Bond
ASSETS										
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	164	\$	439	\$	113	\$	130	\$	7,963
Receivables, Net of Allowances		9,442		_		_		_		8
Due from Other Funds		_		_		_		_		_
Due from Other Governments		_				_				_
Interfund Loans and Advances		—		_		—		_		—
Other Current Assets		_				_				_
Total Assets		9,606		439		113		130		7,971
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		—		_		_
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	9,606	\$	439	\$	113	\$	130	\$	7,971
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Contracts Payable		_		3		_		_		_
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable		_		_		_		_		_
Due to Other Funds		_		_		_		_		177
Due to Other Governments		—		_		—		_		—
Revenues Collected in Advance		—				_				_
Interfund Loans and Advances		—		—		_		—		_
Other Current Liabilities										
Total Liabilities		—		3		_		—		177
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		9,153		_		_		_		_
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted		453		436		113		130		7,794
Committed		—		_		—		_		—
Assigned		_		_		_		_		—
Unassigned										_
Total Fund Balances		453		436		113		130		7,794
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	9,606	\$	439	\$	113	\$	130	\$	7,971

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	Lo G Ot	2012 tipurpose ng-Term General bligation Bond	Mult Loi G Ob	2013 tipurpose 1g-Term eneral ligation Bond	S	laskan Way eawall struction	Wate	ntral erfront ovement	Cou	13 King nty Parks vy Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	1,828	\$	2,502	\$	7,179	\$	11	\$	2,431
Receivables, Net of Allowances		2		2		29				2
Due from Other Funds		16		4		_		7		—
Due from Other Governments		_		—		—		_		—
Interfund Loans and Advances		_		—		18,401		_		—
Other Current Assets		_								
Total Assets		1,846		2,508		25,609		18		2,433
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,846	\$	2,508	\$	25,609	\$	18	\$	2,433
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	368	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4
Contracts Payable		_		260		_		_		_
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable		_		_		_		3		—
Due to Other Funds		_		11		10,075		76		36
Due to Other Governments		—		—		—		—		—
Revenues Collected in Advance		—		_		_		—		—
Interfund Loans and Advances		_		—		—		18,401		—
Other Current Liabilities		_						17		
Total Liabilities		—		639		10,075		18,497		40
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_		_		—
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		_		—		—		_		—
Restricted		1,846		1,869		15,534		_		2,393
Committed		_		—		—		_		—
Assigned		—		—		—		—		—
Unassigned								(18,479)		
Total Fund Balances		1,846		1,869		15,534		(18,479)		2,393
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,846	\$	2,508	\$	25,609	\$	18	\$	2,433

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	2014 Long-Term General Obligation Bond		2015 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond		2016 Multipurpose Long-Term General	Comparative Totals				
					Obligation Bond	2015			2014	
ASSETS				Donu	Donu					
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	1,010	\$	33,752	\$ 17	\$	125,972	\$	117,212	
Receivables, Net of Allowances		15		42			11,545		12,354	
Due from Other Funds		24		182	—		394		3,819	
Due from Other Governments		—		—	—		14		48	
Interfund Loans and Advances		—		_	—		18,401		—	
Other Current Assets		_		_			_			
Total Assets		1,049		33,976	17		156,326		133,433	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_			_			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,049	\$	33,976	<u>\$ 17</u>	\$	156,326	\$	133,433	
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	18	\$	2,505	\$ 533	\$	5,159	\$	2,776	
Contracts Payable		_		178	3		723		555	
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable		_		—	—		3		—	
Due to Other Funds		_		538	1,309		12,600		30,278	
Due to Other Governments		—		—	—		—		—	
Revenues Collected in Advance		—		—	—		232		1,020	
Interfund Loans and Advances		—		—	2,350		22,751		31,611	
Other Current Liabilities		_		_	2		20		37	
Total Liabilities		18		3,221	4,197		41,488		66,277	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_	_		9,308		11,884	
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		—		—	—		—		_	
Restricted		1,031		30,755	—		128,194		110,920	
Committed		—		—	—		—		—	
Assigned		—		—	—		—		—	
Unassigned					(4,180)		(22,664)		(55,648)	
Total Fund Balances		1,031		30,755	(4,180)		105,530		55,272	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,049	\$	33,976	\$ 17	\$	156,326	\$	133,433	

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		H. H. Dearborn		Beach Maintenance Trust		Comparative Totals			
						2015		2014	
ASSETS									
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	143	\$	2,023	\$	2,166	\$	2,149	
Receivables, Net of Allowances		_		2		2		2	
Due from Other Funds		_		_		_		_	
Due from Other Governments		_		_		_		_	
Interfund Loans and Advances		_		_		_		_	
Other Current Assets		_		_		_		_	
Total Assets		143		2,025		2,168		2,151	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_		_	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of	<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	1.42	¢	2.025	•	21(0	¢	2.151	
Resources	\$	143	\$	2,025	\$	2,168	\$	2,151	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	6	\$	6	\$	—	
Contracts Payable		—		—		—		—	
Salaries, Benefits, and Taxes Payable		_		—		—		—	
Due to Other Funds		_		—		—		—	
Due to Other Governments		_		—		—		—	
Revenues Collected in Advance		_		_		_		—	
Interfund Loans and Advances		_		_		—		_	
Other Current Liabilities		_				_			
Total Liabilities		—		6		6		—	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_		_	
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		50		2,000		2,050		2,050	
Restricted		93		19		112		101	
Committed		_		_		_		_	
Assigned		_		_		_		_	
Unassigned				_					
Total Fund Balances		143		2,019		2,162		2,151	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	143	\$	2,025	\$	2,168	\$	2,151	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SUMMARY BY FUND TYPE

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Special				Capital			Comparative Totals			
	Revenue Funds		Service Funds		Projects Funds	Permanent Funds		2015		2014	
REVENUES											
Taxes Licenses and Permits	\$ 123,6 9	76 \$ 76	18,658	\$	259	\$	\$	142,593 976	\$	126,697	
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	76,1	50	978		9,512	_		86,640		76,611	
Charges for Services	61,1		—		3,259	—		64,393		61,742	
Fines and Forfeits	5,9		—		16	—		5,982		5,163	
Parking Fees and Space Rent	27,8	37	349		9	—		28,195		25,584	
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	7,7	63	999		2,538	22		11,322		9,068	
Total Revenues	303,5	02	20,984		15,593	22		340,101		304,865	
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General Government	9,0		—		13,499	—		22,559		9,064	
Public Safety	8,4		—			—		8,486		6,656	
Physical Environment	1,0		—		—	—		1,022		871	
Transportation	26,4		—			—		26,445		2,805	
Economic Environment Health and Human Services	92,6 96,1		_		_	—		92,690 96,192		89,358 77,079	
Culture and Recreation	193,8							193,887		172,987	
Capital Outlay	195,6	0/				_		195,007		1/2,98/	
					16 462			16 462		22 204	
General Government	2	56	_		16,463	_		16,463		23,294	
Public Safety	3	56	—		9,638	—		9,994		19,248	
Transportation Economic Environment						_				_	
Culture and Recreation	1,1	 10	_		18,172	11		19,332		30,920	
Debt Service	1,1				10,172	11		19,552		50,720	
		30	47,195		1,570			48,795		59,691	
Principal Interest		30 29	28,185		666	—		48,793 28,880		26,415	
Bond Issuance Cost		29	28,185		1,946	_		1,946		20,413	
Total Expenditures	429,3	<u> </u>	75,380		61,954	11	·	566,691		518,647	
-	,,,		,0,000		01,901			000,091		010,017	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(125,8	44)	(54,396)		(46,361)	11		(226,590)		(213,782)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Long-Term Debt Issued			_		350,255	_		350,255		50,455	
Premium on Bonds Issued		_	_		40,113	_		40,113		4,150	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		_	—		(155,030)	—		(155,030)		—	
Sales of Capital Assets		44	—		912	—		956		20	
Transfers In	218,0		50,278		258	—		268,552		233,099	
Transfers Out	(50,0	47)		_	(139,764)			(189,811)		(146,755)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	168,0	13	50,278		96,744			315,035		140,969	
Net Change in Fund Balance	42,1	69	(4,118)		50,383	11		88,445		(72,813)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year ^a	97,5	75	15,665	_	55,147	2,151		170,538		243,475	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 139,7	44 \$	11,547	\$	105,530	\$ 2,162	\$	258,983	\$	170,663	

a Due to multiple fund closures, there is a difference between 2014 ending Fund Balance and 2015 beginning Fund Balance. See City Ordinance 124632 for details.

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Parks and Recreation	Seattle Streetcar	Key Arena Settlement Proceeds	Pike Place Market Renovation	Seattle Center	Wheelchair Accessibility	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ _	\$	\$ _	\$ 94	\$ _	\$ _	
Licenses and Permits			—	—	—	976	
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions Charges for Services	168 41,432	5,961 96	—	—	7,899	—	
Fines and Forfeits	41,452	90			7,899		
Parking Fees and Space Rent	8,069	89	_	_	19,654		
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous	-						
Revenues	5,645			34	273	3	
Total Revenues	55,315	6,146		128	27,826	979	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government	—	—	—	861	—	_	
Public Safety	_	—	—	—	_	—	
Physical Environment	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Transportation	_	5,733	—	—	_	_	
Economic Environment	—	—	—	—	—	255	
Health and Human Services	1 41 422	_		—		_	
Culture and Recreation	141,422	_	84	—	38,389	_	
Capital Outlay							
General Government	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Public Safety	—	_	—	_	_	—	
Transportation	_	—	—	—	_	—	
Economic Environment	_	—	—	—		—	
Culture and Recreation	243	_	_	—	119	_	
Debt Service							
Principal	12	—	—	—	18	—	
Interest	5	19	—	_	5	—	
Bond Issuance Cost							
Total Expenditures	141,682	5,752	84	861	38,531	255	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(86,367)	394	(84)	(733)	(10,705)	724	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Long-Term Debt Issued	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Premium on Bonds Issued	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Sales of Capital Assets	22	_	_	_	22	—	
Transfers In	91,760	—	—	—	12,653	—	
Transfers Out	(2,924)				(118)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	88,858				12,557		
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,491	394	(84)	(733)	1,852	724	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	2,791	(3,582)	306	3,591	2,947		
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 5,282	\$ (3,188)	\$ 222	\$ 2,858	\$ 4,799	\$ 724	

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Education and Early Learning	Human Service Operating	Office Of Housing	Housing Community Development Revenue Sharing	Education and Development Services	Preschool Levy 2014
REVENUES				g		
Taxes Licenses and Permits	\$	\$ 935 	\$ 1,810 	\$	\$ 33,010	\$ 14,392
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions Charges for Services	3,265 58	52,256 5,148 164	1,460 2,150	9,932 9		
Fines and Forfeits Parking Fees and Space Rent Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous	_		25	_	_	_
Revenues		96	49	563	548	52
Total Revenues	3,323	58,599	5,494	10,504	33,558	14,444
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	—	8,199	—	—	—	—
Public Safety Physical Environment	—	6,130		—	—	—
Physical Environment Transportation	_					
Economic Environment	_	57,948	5,570	10,965	_	_
Health and Human Services	43,192	49,596	—	—	3,168	—
Culture and Recreation	—	—	—	906	—	—
Capital Outlay						
General Government	—	—	—	—	—	—
Public Safety Transportation	_					
Economic Environment	_	_	_	—	_	_
Culture and Recreation	_	—	_	—	_	_
Debt Service						
Principal	—	—	—	—	—	—
Interest	—		—	—	—	—
Bond Issuance Cost						
Total Expenditures	43,192	121,873	5,570	11,871	3,168	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(39,869)	(63,274)	(76)	(1,367)	30,390	14,444
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Long-Term Debt Issued	—	—	—	—	—	—
Premium on Bonds Issued		—		—	—	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Sales of Capital Assets	_					
Transfers In	40,922	72,310	345	_	_	_
Transfers Out					(25,951)	(2,077)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	40,922	72,310	345		(25,951)	(2,077)
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,053	9,036	269	(1,367)	4,439	12,367
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		9,715	1,614	1,235	45,811	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,053	\$ 18,751	\$ 1,883	\$ (132)	\$ 50,250	\$ 12,367

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	201	2 Library Levy	A	chool Zone Automatic Imera Fund	Metropolitan Parks District	Business Improvement Areas	Transportation Benefit District
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	17,284	\$	—	\$	\$ 17,729	\$ 38,422
Licenses and Permits		—		_	—	—	—
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions		-		—	—	—	—
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeits		_		5,800	_	_	_
Parking Fees and Space Rent		_		5,800	_	_	_
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous							
Revenues		97		35	—	85	73
Total Revenues		17,381		5,835		17,814	38,495
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government		_		—	—	—	—
Public Safety		_		—	—	—	—
Physical Environment		—		—	—	—	—
Transportation		_		—	—	—	20,712
Economic Environment		—		_	—	17,911	—
Health and Human Services		-		—		—	—
Culture and Recreation		2,185		—	8,175	_	—
Capital Outlay							
General Government		_		—	—	—	—
Public Safety		-		—	—	—	—
Transportation				—	_	_	_
Economic Environment Culture and Recreation		787		—	_	_	—
Debt Service		/0/		—	—	—	—
Principal		_		—	_	_	—
Interest Bond Issuance Cost		_		_	_	_	_
Total Expenditures		2,972			8,175	17,911	20,712
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		14,409		5,835	(8,175)	(97)	17,783
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Long-Term Debt Issued		_		_	_	_	_
Premium on Bonds Issued		_		—	_	_	_
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		_		—	—	—	—
Sales of Capital Assets		-		—	—	—	—
Transfers In		_		—	—	—	—
Transfers Out		(12,860)		(5,537)			(578)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(12,860)		(5,537)			(578)
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,549		298	(8,175)	(97)	17,205
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		8,033		1,545		5,675	3,604
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	9,582	\$	1,843	\$ (8,175)	\$ 5,578	\$ 20,809

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

			_	Compara	tive Totals
	General Trust	Municipal Arts	General Donation and Gift Trust	2015	2014
REVENUES					
Taxes Licenses and Permits				123,676 976	84,719
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions Charges for Services	1,997	4,341	1,111 1	76,150 61,134	69,986 50,345
Fines and Forfeits Parking Fees and Space Rent	1			5,966 27,837	5,164 25,227
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	39	89	82	7,763	3,533
Total Revenues	2,037	4,430	1,194	303,502	238,974
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government		—	—	9,060	9,064
Public Safety	2,301	—	55 1,022	8,486 1,022	6,656 872
Physical Environment Transportation	_	_	1,022	26,445	2,805
Economic Environment	_	_	41	92,690	89,359
Health and Human Services	_	_	236	96,192	77,080
Culture and Recreation	19	2,645	62	193,887	172,982
Capital Outlay					
General Government		—	—	_	_
Public Safety	305	—	51	356	3,135
Transportation	—	—	—	—	—
Economic Environment	—	—	—	—	—
Culture and Recreation	_	_	—	1,149	225
Debt Service					
Principal	_	_	—	30	—
Interest		—	—	29	—
Bond Issuance Cost Total Expenditures	2,625	2,645	1,467	429,346	362,178
-		,		,	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(588)	1,785	(273)	(125,844)	(123,204)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Long-Term Debt Issued	—	—	—	—	_
Premium on Bonds Issued		—	—	—	—
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Sales of Capital Assets	_	_	_	44	20
Transfers In	26	_	_	218,016	169,613
Transfers Out		_	(2)	(50,047)	(32,780)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	26	—	(2)	168,013	136,853
Net Change in Fund Balance	(562)	1,785	(275)	42,169	13,649
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	4,363	6,734	3,193	97,575	83,926
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 3,801	\$ 8,519	\$ 2,918	\$ 139,744	\$ 97,574

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DEBT SERVICE

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Interest and Recomption Interest Recomption Interest Recomption Improvement Cararany 2015 2014 Taxes Lacenses and Permits Lacenses and Permits Lacenses and Permits Lacenses and Permits Lacenses and Permits \$ 18,658 \$ - \$ - \$ 18,658 \$ 17,006 Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions 978 - - 978 979 Thing See Sub Space Rent 349 - <th></th> <th colspan="2">General F</th> <th colspan="2">Interfund General Bond Notes Payable -</th> <th colspan="3">Comparative Totals</th>		General F		Interfund General Bond Notes Payable -		Comparative Totals		
IAULUS S 18,658 S S I S 18,658 S 17,700 Licenses and Permits 978 - - 978 979 979 Charges for Services 977 - - 978 979 979 Prines and Foreits - <		Int	erest and	Local Improvement		2015		2014
Licenses and Permits — …	REVENUES			Districts				
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions 978 — — 978 979 Charges for Sorvices — …		\$	18,658	\$ —	\$	\$ 18,658	\$	17,706
Charge for Services — …			078	—	—	078		070
Fines and Forfeits — …			978			978		9/9
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues 990 9 918 Total Revenues 20,975 9 20,984 19,760 EXPENDITURES			_	_	_	_		_
Revenues 990 - 9 999 718 Total Revenues 20,975 - 9 20,984 19,760 EXPENTITURES Current -			349	_	—	349		357
Total Revenues 20,975 - 9 20,984 19,760 EXPENDITURES Current -<			990	_	9	999		718
EVENDITURES Current General Government -								
Current			20,975	_	,	20,984		19,700
General Government — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — …	EXPENDITURES							
Public Safety - <	Current							
Physical Environment — …			_	_	—	—		_
Transportation			—	—	—	—		—
Economic Environment -			_	—	—	—		—
Health and Human Services -<			_	—	—	—		
Culture and Recreation - - - - - Capital Outlay - - - - - - General Government - - - - - - - Transportation -			_	_	_	_		_
Capital Outlay General Government - - - - Public Safety - - - - - Principal faiton - - - - - - Culture and Recreation - - - - - - - Debt Service -			_	_	_	_		_
General Government $ -$ Public Safety $ -$ Transportation $ -$ Economic Environment $ -$ Culture and Recreation $ -$ Debt Service $ -$ Principal47,195 $ -$ 47,19557,081Interest28,185 $ -$ 28,18525,928Bond Issuance Cost $ -$ Total Expenditures75,380 $ 75,380$ 83,009Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures(54,405) $ 9$ (54,396)(63,249)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Long-Term Debt Issued $ -$ Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent $ -$ Sales of Capital Assets $ -$ Transfers In50,278 $ -$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $50,278$ $ 50,278$ $63,286$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(4,127)$ $ 9$ $(4,118)$ 37 Fund Balances - Beginning of Year $14,798$ 8 859 $15,665$ $15,628$								
Public Safety — … <								
Transportation -					—			
Economic Environment — …			_	_	_	_		_
Culture and Recreation - <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>			_	_	_	_		_
Debt Service Principal $47,195$ $ 47,195$ $57,081$ Interest $28,185$ $ 28,185$ $25,928$ Bond Issuance Cost $ -$ Total Expenditures $75,380$ $ -$ Total Expenditures $75,380$ $ 75,380$ $83,009$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures $(54,405)$ $ 9$ $(54,396)$ $(63,249)$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $ -$			_	_	_	_		_
Principal Interest 47,195 - - 47,195 57,081 Interest 28,185 - - 28,185 25,928 Bond Issuance Cost - - 28,185 25,928 Total Expenditures 75,380 - - - - Total Expenditures 75,380 - - 9 (54,396) (63,249) DCHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 9 (54,405) - 9 (63,249) Dong-Term Debt Issued - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
Interest Bond Issuance Cost 28,185 28,185 25,928 Bond Issuance Cost <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>17 195</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>47 195</td><td></td><td>57.081</td></td<>			17 195	_		47 195		57.081
Bond Issuance Cost	-		,	_	_			,
Total Expenditures 75,380 75,380 83,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures (54,405) 9 (54,396) (63,249) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 9 (54,396) (63,249) Long-Term Debt Issued 48 Premium on Bonds Issued Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Sales of Capital Assets Transfers In 50,278 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,278 50,278 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,278 Net Change in Fund Balance (4,127) 9 (4,118) 37 Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 14,798 8 859 15,665 15,628				_	_			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures (54,405) 9 (54,396) (63,249) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-Term Debt Issued 48 Premium on Bonds Issued 48 Premium on Bonds Issued Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Sales of Capital Assets Transfers In 50,278 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,278 Net Change in Fund Balance (4,127) 9 (4,118) 37 Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 14,798 8 859 15,665 15,628	Total Expenditures		75,380					
Expenditures (54,405) - 9 (54,396) (63,249) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-Term Debt Issued - - - - 48 Premium on Bonds Issued - - - - 48 Premium on Bonds Issued -			· · ·					
Long-Term Debt Issued — — — — 48 Premium on Bonds Issued — — — — — — Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent — — — — — — — Sales of Capital Assets — — — — — — — Sales of Capital Assets — — — — — — — Transfers In 50,278 — — 50,278 63,238 Transfers Out — — — — — — Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,278 — — 50,278 63,236 Net Change in Fund Balance (4,127) — 9 (4,118) 37 Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 14,798 8 859 15,665 15,628	Expenditures		(54,405)	_	9	(54,396)		(63,249)
Premium on Bonds Issued — Image: Constant is and	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Premium on Bonds Issued — Image: Constant is and	Long-Term Debt Issued		_		_			48
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Sales of Capital Assets			_	_	_	_		
Sales of Capital Assets			_	_	_	_		_
Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,278 50,278 63,286 Net Change in Fund Balance (4,127) 9 (4,118) 37 Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 14,798 8 859 15,665 15,628			_	_	_	_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,278 — — 50,278 63,286 Net Change in Fund Balance (4,127) — 9 (4,118) 37 Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 14,798 8 859 15,665 15,628	Transfers In		50,278	_	—	50,278		63,238
Net Change in Fund Balance (4,127) — 9 (4,118) 37 Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 14,798 8 859 15,665 15,628	Transfers Out							
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 14,798 8 859 15,665 15,628	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		50,278			50,278		63,286
	Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,127)		9	(4,118)		37
Fund Balances - End of Year \$ 10,671 \$ 8 \$ 868 \$ 11,547 \$ 15,665	Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		14,798	8	859	15,665		15,628
	Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	10,671	\$ 8	\$ 868	\$ 11,547	\$	15,665

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Public Safety Facilities and Equipment	Shoreline Park Improvement	Community Improvement	Park Mitigation Remediation	Parks Capital Projects
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Licenses and Permits	—	—	_	_	—
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	—	121	—	—	—
Charges for Services	_	—	—	_	—
Fines and Forfeits	—	—	—	—	—
Parking Fees and Space Rent	—	—	—	—	—
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	24	1		192	
Total Revenues	24	122	_	192	_
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	_	_	_	_	_
Public Safety	_	_	_	_	_
Physical Environment	_	_	_	_	_
Transportation	_	_	_	_	_
Economic Environment	_	_	_	_	_
Health and Human Services	_	_	_	_	_
Culture and Recreation	_	—	_	—	_
Capital Outlay					
General Government	—	—	_	_	—
Public Safety	—	—	—	_	—
Transportation	—	—	—	—	—
Economic Environment	—	—	—	—	—
Culture and Recreation	—	496	_	1,078	—
Debt Service					
Principal	—	—	—	—	_
Interest	—	—	—		5
Bond Issuance Cost					
Total Expenditures		496		1,078	5
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	24	(374)	—	(886)	(5)
Long-Term Debt Issued Premium on Bonds Issued		—	—		
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent			—		
Sales of Capital Assets	_	_	_	_	
Transfers In					
Transfers Out					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balance	24	(374)		(886)	(5)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	405	388	30	19,012	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 429	\$ 14	\$ 30		\$ (5)
				<u>`</u>	

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Open Spaces and Trails Bond	Seattle Center and Parks Multipurpose Levy	Seattle Center Redevelopment/ Parks Community Center	Municipal Civic Center	2003 Fire Facilities
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ —	\$ 242	\$ —	\$	\$ 17
Licenses and Permits	—	—	—	—	—
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	13	5,685	258	—	—
Charges for Services	—	—	_	_	14
Fines and Forfeits	—		—	—	—
Parking Fees and Space Rent	—	9			—
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues		446	15	12	95
Total Revenues	13	6,382	273	12	126
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	—	—	—		—
Public Safety	_	—	—	—	—
Physical Environment	—	—	_	—	—
Transportation	—	—	—	—	—
Economic Environment	—	—	—		—
Health and Human Services	—	—			
Culture and Recreation	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Outlay				254	
General Government Public Safety	—	—		254	6,551
Transportation					0,551
Economic Environment					
Culture and Recreation	8	13,814	541	_	_
Debt Service	0	15,014	541		
Principal	_	_			_
Interest	_	_	_	_	_
Bond Issuance Cost					
Total Expenditures	8	13,814	541	254	6,551
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	5	(7,432)	(268)	(242)	(6,425)
Long-Term Debt Issued	_	_	_	_	_
Premium on Bonds Issued	_	_	_	_	_
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	_	_	_	_	_
Sales of Capital Assets	—	—	—	_	912
Transfers In	_	—	258	_	_
Transfers Out		(274)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(274)	258		912
Net Change in Fund Balance	5	(7,706)	(10)	(242)	(5,513)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	49	47,131	1,327	1,312	10,888
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 54	\$ 39,425	\$ 1,317	\$ 1,070	\$ 5,375

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

No. 67:90RöndRöndBöndBöndREVENUESTaxes\$-\$-\$-Licenses and PermitsChartes, Shard Revenues, and Contributions1.664Parking Fees and Space RentPrins and Poroteits166Parking Fees and Space RentPorgram Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous532751089Revenues2,212751089EXPENDITURESCurrentGeneral GovernmentPhysical EnvironmentTransportationCurrentGeneral GovernmentTransportationRedeal GovernmentGeneral GovernmentCulture and RecreationCulture and RecreationDebt Survice200479 </th
Licenses and Permits -
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions 1,664 — …<
Charges for Services -
Fines and Porfeits 16 -
Parking Fees and Space Rent Program Income, Interest, and Miscellancous
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues 532 7 5 10 89 Total Revenues 2,212 7 5 10 89 EXPENDITURES - - - - - Current - - - - - - Public Safety -
Revenues 532 7 5 10 89 Total Revenues 2,212 7 5 10 89 EXPENTITURES
EXPENDITURES Current General Government - - - - Pubyics afety - - - - - Pubyics afety - - - - - - Pubyics afety -
Current
General Government — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — …
Public Safety — … <
Physical Environment — …
Transportation — …
Economic Environment — …
Health and Human Services — …<
Culture and Recreation Capital Outlay General Government 14 Public Safety 79 14 Public Safety 79 Transportation 118 Debt Service 118 Debt Service <td< td=""></td<>
Capital Outlay
General Government — — — — — — 14 Public Safety — 79 — …
Public Safety - 79 - - - Transportation - - - - - - Economic Environment - - - - - - - Culture and Recreation - - - - - - - Debt Service - - - - - - - - Principal 1,570 -
Transportation -
Economic Environment — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — 118 Debt Service — — — — 118 Debt Service — — — — — 118 Debt Service — — — — — — — — — …<
Culture and Recreation - - - 118 Debt Service 1,570 - - - - Principal 1,570 - - - - - - Interest 434 - 132 S S 10 (43) S S S 10 (43) S - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<
Debt Service 1,570 Interest 434 Bond Issuance Cost Total Expenditures 2,004 79 132 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over 208 (72) 5 10 (43) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-Term Debt Issued Premium on Bonds Issued Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Sales of Capital Assets
Principal 1,570 Interest 434 Bond Issuance Cost Total Expenditures 2,004 79 132 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over 208 (72) 5 10 (43) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-Term Debt Issued Premium on Bonds Issued Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Sales of Capital Assets
Interest434Bond Issuance CostTotal Expenditures2,00479Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)208(72)510(43)Long-Term Debt IssuedPremium on Bonds IssuedPayment to Refunded Bond Escrow AgentSales of Capital Assets
Bond Issuance CostTotal Expenditures2,00479132Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)208(72)510(43)Long-Term Debt Issued
Total Expenditures2,00479——132Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)208(72)510(43)Long-Term Debt Issued——————Premium on Bonds Issued—————Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent—————Sales of Capital Assets—————
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)208(72)510(43)Long-Term Debt Issued——————Premium on Bonds Issued—————Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent—————Sales of Capital Assets—————
Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Long-Term Debt Issued————Premium on Bonds Issued—————Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent—————Sales of Capital Assets—————
Premium on Bonds Issued—————Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent——————Sales of Capital Assets——————
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent—————Sales of Capital Assets—————
Sales of Capital Assets — — — — — — —
Transfers In
Transfers Out — (249) (702) (1,620) (1,908)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (249) (702) (1,620) (1,908)
Net Change in Fund Balance 208 (321) (697) (1,610) (1,951)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 245 757 810 1,740 9,745
Fund Balances - End of Year \$ 453 \$ 436 \$ 113 \$ 130 \$ 7,794

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

REVENUES \$ - \$ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$<		2012 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond	2013 Multipurpose Long-Term General Obligation Bond	Alaskan Way Seawall Construction	Central Waterfront Improvement	2013 King County Parks Levy Fund
Licenses and PermitsGrants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions1,771Charges for Services3,245Fines and Forfeits3,245Parking Fees and Space RentProgram Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous213719113Total Revenues21371913,2451,784CurrentGeneral GovernmentPublic Safety <th>REVENUES</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	REVENUES					
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions1,771Charges for Services3,245Fines and ForfeitsParking Fees and Space RentProgram Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues213719113Total Revenues21371913,2451,784Current General Government Public SafetyPublic Safety <tr< td=""><td>Taxes</td><td>\$</td><td>\$ —</td><td>\$</td><td>\$ —</td><td>\$</td></tr<>	Taxes	\$	\$ —	\$	\$ —	\$
Charges for Services3,245Fines and ForfeitsParking Fees and Space RentProgram Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues213719113Total Revenues21371913,2451,784Current General Government Public SafetyPublic Safety <td>Licenses and Permits</td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> <td>_</td> <td>—</td>	Licenses and Permits	—	—	—	_	—
Fines and ForfeitsParking Fees and Space RentProgram Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues213719113Total Revenues21371913,2451,784Current General GovernmentPublic Safety	Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	—	—	—	_	1,771
Parking Fees and Space RentProgram Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues2137191-13Total Revenues21371913,2451,784Current General GovernmentPublic SafetyQuick Safety	-	—	—	—	3,245	—
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues2137191—13Total Revenues21371913,2451,784EXPENDITURESCurrent General Government Public Safety—————Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent Querent 		—	—	—	_	—
Revenues 21 37 191 — 13 Total Revenues 21 37 191 3,245 1,784 EXPENDITURES		—	—	—	—	—
EXPENDITURES Current General Government Public Safety		21	37	191		13
CurrentGeneral Government—Public Safety—	Total Revenues	21	37	191	3,245	1,784
General Government—————Public Safety——————	EXPENDITURES					
Public Safety — — — — — —	Current					
		_	_	_	_	_
	Public Safety	_	_	_		_
	Physical Environment	_	_	_		_
Transportation — — — — — — —		_	_	_	_	_
Economic Environment — — — — — —	Economic Environment	_	—	—	_	_
Health and Human Services — — — — — — —	Health and Human Services	_	—	—	_	_
Culture and Recreation — — — — — — —	Culture and Recreation	—	—	—	—	—
Capital Outlay	Capital Outlay					
General Government — 1,194 — 142 —	General Government	—	1,194	—	142	—
Public Safety — 3,008 — — —	Public Safety	—	3,008	—	—	—
Transportation — — — — —	Transportation	—		—	_	—
Economic Environment — — — — —	Economic Environment	—		—	_	—
Culture and Recreation 92 674 — 109 332	Culture and Recreation	92	674	—	109	332
Debt Service						
Principal — — — — — — —	-	—	—	—	—	—
Interest — — — 224 —		—	—	—	224	—
Bond Issuance Cost 911	Bond Issuance Cost			911		
Total Expenditures 92 4,876 911 475 332	Total Expenditures	92	4,876	911	475	332
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (71) (4,839) (720) 2,770 1,452		(71)	(4,839)	(720)	2,770	1,452
Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Long-Term Debt Issued — — — 169,135 — — —	Long-Term Debt Issued	_	_	169,135	_	_
Premium on Bonds Issued — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		_	_			
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent — — — — — — — — —		_	_	_	_	_
Sales of Capital Assets — — — — — — —	Sales of Capital Assets	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers In	Transfers In	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers Out (295) (130,419) (1,878) —	Transfers Out	(295)		(130,419)	(1,878)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (295) - 51,827 (1,878) -	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(295)		51,827	(1,878)	
Net Change in Fund Balance (366) (4,839) 51,107 892 1,452	Net Change in Fund Balance	(366)	(4,839)	51,107	892	1,452
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 2,212 6,708 (35,573) (19,371) 941	Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	2,212	6,708	(35,573)	(19,371)	941
Fund Balances - End of Year \$ 1,846 \$ 1,869 \$ 15,534 \$ (18,479) \$ 2,393	Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,846	\$ 1,869	\$ 15,534	\$ (18,479)	\$ 2,393

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	2014 Multinum		2015 2016 ultipurpose Multipurpose		Comparative Totals		
	Long-Term General Obligation Bond	Long-Term General Obligation Bond	Long-Term General Obligation Bond	2015	2014		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$ 259	\$ 24,273		
Licenses and Permits Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions		_	_	9,512	5,647		
Charges for Services	_	_	_	3,259	11,395		
Fines and Forfeits	_	_	_	16			
Parking Fees and Space Rent	_	—	—	9	—		
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	528	320		2,538	4,786		
Total Revenues	528	320	_	15,593	46,101		
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government	_	13,499	_	13,499	—		
Public Safety		—	—	—	—		
Physical Environment Transportation		—	—	—	—		
Economic Environment	_						
Health and Human Services	_	_	_	_	_		
Culture and Recreation	_	_	_	_	_		
Capital Outlay							
General Government	6,238	4,444	4,177	16,463	23,295		
Public Safety	_	—	—	9,638	16,111		
Transportation	—	—	—	—	—		
Economic Environment		_	—	_	—		
Culture and Recreation	450	460	—	18,172	30,696		
Debt Service				1.570	2 (10		
Principal Interest	_	_	3	1,570 666	2,610 486		
Bond Issuance Cost	_	1,035		1,946	259		
Total Expenditures	6,688		4,180	61,954	73,457		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over	(6,160) (19,118)	(4,180)	(46,361)	(27,356)		
Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Long-Term Debt Issued	_	181,120	_	350,255	50,407		
Premium on Bonds Issued	_	27,002	_	40,113	4,149		
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	_	(155,030)	_	(155,030)	—		
Sales of Capital Assets	—	—	—	912	_		
Transfers In Transfers Out		(2.515)	—	258	250		
	96			(139,764)	(113,974)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	96			96,744	(59,168)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,064		(4,180)		(86,524)		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year ^a	7,095	-		55,147	141,796		
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,031	\$ 30,755	\$ (4,180)	\$ 105,530	\$ 55,272		

a Due to multiple fund closures, there is a difference between 2014 ending Fund Balance and 2015 beginning Fund Balance. See City Ordinance 124632 for details.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS PERMANENT For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		D	Comparative Totals		
	H. H. Dearborn	Beach Maintenance Trust	2015	2014	
REVENUES					
Taxes Licenses and Permits Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeits Parking Fees and Space Rent					
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	1	21	22	32	
Total Revenues	1	21	22	33	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government Public Safety Physical Environment					
Transportation	_		_	_	
Economic Environment Health and Human Services					
Culture and Recreation Capital Outlay	—	—	—	5	
General Government Public Safety					
Transportation Economic Environment Culture and Recreation		— — 11	— — 11	-	
Debt Service Principal	_	_	_	_	
Interest Bond Issuance Cost					
Total Expenditures	_	11	11	5	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	1	10	11	27	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Long-Term Debt Issued Premium on Bonds Issued	_				
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Sales of Capital Assets	_	_	_		
Transfers In Transfers Out					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balance	1	10	11	27	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	142	2,009	2,151	2,124	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 143	\$ 2,019	\$ 2,162	\$ 2,151	

Budget and Actual

Budget and Actual

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GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Final			
	Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance
REVENUES				
Taxes				
General Property Taxes	\$ 271,28	88 \$ 273,044	\$	\$ 1,756
Retail Sales and Use Taxes	206,44	43 221,646	_	15,203
Business Taxes	282,66	51 277,947	_	(4,714)
Excise Taxes	56,20	07 80,219	_	24,012
Other Taxes	-		_	_
Interfund Business Taxes	133,54	134,959	—	1,417
Total Taxes	950,14	41 987,815		37,674
Licenses and Permits	27,13	27,119	—	(12)
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	46,13	33 25,152	_	(20,981)
Charges for Services	57,08	61,401	—	4,316
Fines and Forfeits	30,75	56 31,323	—	567
Parking Fees and Space Rent	38,16	<i>38,570</i>	_	401
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	228,18	225,215		(2,972)
Total Revenues	1,377,60	1,396,595	_	18,993
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES				
CITY AUDITOR	2,19	1,859	263	69
CITY BUDGET OFFICE	6,24	5,135	52	1,060
CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONS	51	461	_	57
CRIMINAL JUSTICE				
Jail Services	17,38	39 17,358	_	31
Indigent Defense Services	6,77	6,025		746
Total Criminal Justice	24,16	50 23,383	_	777
ETHICS AND ELECTIONS	72	20 709	_	11
EXECUTIVE				
Sustainability and Environment	6,23	3,757	351	2,129
Mayor's Office	6,32	5,233	71	1,022
Economic Development	9,34	1 7,918	239	1,184
Intergovernmental Relations	3,13	34 2,828	54	252
Immigrant and Refugee Affairs	1,48	33 1,034	276	173
Community Police Commission	1,18	783	_	398
Civil Rights	5,20	9 4,189	472	548
Total Executive	32,91	25,742	1,463	5,706
FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	1	6 —	_	16

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GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance
FINANCE GENERAL				
Appropriations to Special Purpose Funds	\$ 42,889	\$ 41,811	\$	\$ 1,078
Reserves	36,972	29,499	464	7,009
Support to Operating Funds	39,590	39,569	_	21
Transferred Programs	_		—	—
Support to Parks Capital Expenditures				
Total Finance General	119,451	110,879	464	8,108
FIRE				
Administration	8,285	8,067	_	218
Resource Management	11,985	11,885	_	100
Operations	153,148	152,991	—	157
Fire Prevention	7,726	7,546	_	180
Grants and Reimbursables	13,654	4,864		8,790
Total Department	194,798	185,353	—	9,445
HEARING EXAMINER	683	681	_	2
LAW				
Administration	2,508	2,496	_	12
Civil Law	13,495	13,477	—	18
Criminal Prosecution	7,055	6,987	30	38
Precinct Liaison	699	665		34
Total Department	23,757	23,625	30	102
LEGISLATIVE	15,255	13,745	119	1,391
LIBRARY	_	_	_	_
MUNICIPAL COURT				
Court Operations	16,781	16,699	_	82
Corporate Services	6,935	6,909	—	26
Court Compliance	5,776	5,744		32
Total Department	29,492	29,352	_	140
NEIGHBORHOODS				
Director's Office	1,014	793	220	1
Customer Service and Operations	1,493	1,437	17	39
Community Building	4,430	3,716	300	414
Office for Education	76	76	_	_
Youth Violence Prevention	896	476		420
Total Department	7,909	6,498	537	874

Budget and Actual

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GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance
HUMAN RESOURCES				
Employment and Training	\$ 5,606	\$ 4,996	\$ 229	\$ 381
Employee Health Services	3,367	3,309	_	58
Citywide Personnel	3,542	3,476	82	(16)
Labor Relations and Class Compensation	3,273	3,234		39
Total Department	15,788	15,015	311	462
POLICE				
Chief of Police	25,014	17,441	120	7,453
Professional Accountability	2,875	2,873	12	(10)
Chief of Staff Program	2,253	1,961	_	292
Deputy Chief Operations	24,803	24,498	15	290
Special Operations Bureau	51,504	50,571	_	933
Professional Standards Program	18,532	18,391	_	141
West Precinct Patrol	32,422	32,055	_	367
North Precinct Patrol	34,702	34,623	_	79
South Precinct Patrol	18,565	18,547	_	18
East Precinct Patrol	25,422	24,745	_	677
Southwest Precinct Patrol	16,912	16,540	_	372
Criminal Investigation Administration	9,082	8,812	_	270
Violent Crimes Investigation	8,481	8,378	_	103
Narcotics Investigation	5,061	5,060	_	1
Coordinated Criminal Investigations	5,020	4,823	_	197
Special Victims Program	6,956	6,955	_	1
Field Support	36,938	36,012	28	898
Total Department	324,542	312,285	175	12,082
JUDGMENTS/CLAIMS	18,200	9,419	_	8,781
ARTS ACCOUNT	6,623	5,642	983	(2)
CABLE TELEVISION FRANCHISE	8,601	8,586	_	15
CUMULATIVE RESERVE				
Real Estate Excise Tax I	46,711	16,381	_	30,330
Real Estate Excise Tax II	11,736	2,954	_	8,782
Capital Projects Asset Preservation	11,174	8,002	_	3,172
Capital Projects Street Vacation	924	—	—	924
Unrestricted	15,803	2,881		12,922
Total Cumulative Reserve	86,348	30,218	_	56,130

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GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Final			
	Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance
NEIGHBORHOOD MATCHING	\$ 7,821	\$ 3,416	\$ —	\$ 4,405
EMERGENCY	4	_	—	4
TRANSIT BENEFIT	4,684	_	—	4,684
SPECIAL EMPLOYMENT	100	8	—	92
INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE	19,530	17,538	_	1,992
UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION	2,375	1,647	—	728
HEALTH CARE	195,392	183,231	—	12,161
GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE	6,339	5,778		561
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	1,154,455	1,020,205	4,397	129,853
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over				
(under) Expenditures and Encumbrances	223,147	376,390	(4,397)	148,846
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sales of Capital Assets	7,447	18,274	_	10,827
Transfers In	13,948	9,065	_	(4,883)
Transfers Out	(298,652)	(338,227)		(39,575)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(277,257)	(310,888)		(33,631)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (54,110)	65,502	\$ (4,397)	\$ 115,215
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		302,860		
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 368,362		

TRANSPORTATION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

REVENUES S 43,000 S 43,000 S - S (02) Business Taxes 38,449 41,179 - 2,730 Other Taxes 4 - 4 - 2,730 Other Taxes 82,149 44,179 - 2,642 Icenses and Permits 156 6,043 - 5,887 Grants, Sharol Revenues, and Contributions 45,071 5,520 - (0,751) Charge for Services 37,401 71,989 - 34,588 Fines and Forterits - 258 - 258 Parking Fees and Space Rent - 95 - 95 Forgarn frome, Interst, and Miscellaneous Revenues - 512 - 312 - 312 - 342,311 EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES - 513 0 (675) 164,777 199,008 - 342,31 Urban Forstry 4,988 4,439 - 519 4597 3459 <		Final Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance
General Property Taxes 5 43,000 5 43,608 5 $-$ 5 (92) Business Taxes 38,449 41,179 - 2,730 Other Taxes 82,149 84,791 - 2,642 Lacenses and Permits 156 6,043 - 5,887 Grants, Shard Revenues, and Contributions 45,071 35,320 - 0(7,51) Charges for Services 37,401 71,989 - 34,588 Finis and Forfoits - 258 - 512 Porgram Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues - 512 - 512 Fotal Revenues 164,777 199,008 - 34,231 EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES 1,817 512 30 (675) Bridges and Structures 7,909 8,554 30 (675) Right-of-Way Management 29,042 24,086 359 4,597 Struct Maintenance 24,025 20,479 - 35,190 Department Management 6,100 (1,328) 375 7,033 <td< th=""><th>REVENUES</th><th></th><th></th><th>·</th><th></th></td<>	REVENUES			·	
Business Taxes $38,449$ $41,179$ $ 2,730$ Other Taxes 4 $ 4$ $ 4$ Total Taxes $82,149$ $84,791$ $ 2,642$ Licenses and Pormits 156 $6,043$ $ 5,887$ Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions $45,071$ $35,320$ $ (9,751)$ Charges for Services $37,401$ $71,989$ $ 34,588$ Fines and Forfeits $ 258$ $ 258$ Parking Fees and Space Rent $ 258$ $ 252$ Total Revenues $164,777$ $199,008$ $ 34,231$ EXPENDITIENES AND ENCUMBRANCES Bridges and Structures $7,009$ $8,554$ 30 (675) Engineering Services $1,817$ 512 30 985 Mobility Operations $72,350$ $60,437$ $1,083$ $10,830$ Urban Forestry 49435 $24,026$ 359 $4,597$ Steet Maintenance $20,042$ $24,085$	Taxes				
Other Taxes 4 - 4 Total Taxes $\$2,149$ $\$2,791$ - 2.422 Licenses and Permits 156 6.043 - 5.887 Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions $45,071$ $35,320$ - $(9,751)$ Charges for Services $37,401$ $71,989$ - $34,488$ Files and Foréris - 258 - 228 Parking Fees and Space Rent - 95 - 95 Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues - 512 - $34,231$ EXPENDITUEES AND ENCUMBRANCES - 512 300 6755 Prajmeering Services $18,817$ 512 320 985 Mobility Operations $72,350$ $60,437$ $1,083$ $10,830$ $10,830$ Righes and Simetures $24,025$ $20,479$ $ 3,546$ 100 $1,128$ 375 $7,053$ Grantic Simutention $48,224$ $48,54$ $-$ <td>General Property Taxes</td> <td>\$ 43,700</td> <td>\$ 43,608</td> <td>\$</td> <td>\$ (92)</td>	General Property Taxes	\$ 43,700	\$ 43,608	\$	\$ (92)
Total Taxes $82,149$ $84,791$ $ 2,642$ Licenses and Permits 156 6,043 $-$ 5,887 Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions $45,071$ 35,320 $-$ (9,751) Grants, Shared Revenues, and Forfeits $-$ 258 $-$ 258 Parking Fees and Space Rent $-$ 258 $-$ 258 Program Income, Interest, and Miscellancous Revenues $-$ 512 $-$ 512 Total Revenues 164,777 199,008 $-$ 34,231 EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES 164,777 199,008 $-$ 34,231 Bridges and Structures 7,909 8,554 30 (675) Engineering Services 1,817 512 320 985 Mobility Operations 72,350 60,437 1,083 108,030 Right-of-Way Management 29,042 2,066 359 4,597 Stretet Maineance 24,025 2,0479 $-$ 3,54 Orbard Expende 4,822 4,854 $-$ (12),286 Molithy Operations<	Business Taxes	38,449	41,179	_	2,730
Licenses and Permits 156 6.043 5.887 Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions 45.071 35.202 09.751) Charges for Services 37,401 71.989 34.568 Fines and Forfeits 258 258 Parking Fees and Space Rent 95 95 Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues 512 34.258 EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES 512 34.254 Bridges and Structures 7.909 8.554 30 (675) Engineering Services 1.817 512 200 985 Mobility Operations 72.350 60.437 1.083 10.830 Right-Of-Way Management 22.042 2.0486 359 4.597 Steret Maintenance 24.025 2.0479 - 3.546 Urban Forestry 4.958 4.439 (19) Department Management 6.100 (1.328) 375 7.053 General Expense 4.822 </td <td>Other Taxes</td> <td></td> <td>4</td> <td>_</td> <td>4</td>	Other Taxes		4	_	4
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions $45,071$ $35,320$ $9,751$) Charges for Services $37,401$ $71,989$ $34,588$ Fines and Forfeits 258 258 Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues 512 512 Total Revenues 512 $34,231$ EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES 512 30 (675) Engineering Services $1,817$ 512 30 (675) Engineering Services $1,817$ 512 30 (675) Engineering Services $7,2350$ $60,437$ $1,083$ $10,830$ Mobility Operations $72,350$ $60,437$ $1,083$ $10,830$ Popartnert Management $29,042$ $24,086$ 359 $4,597$ Street Maintenance $4,958$ $44,39$ 1519 Departnert Management $6,100$ $(1,328)$ 375 $7,053$ General Expense $4,822$ $4,854$ (32)	Total Taxes	82,149	84,791		2,642
Charges for Services 37,401 71,989	Licenses and Permits	156	6,043	_	5,887
Fines and Forbits - 258 - 258 Parking Fees and Space Rent - 95 - 95 Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues - 512 - 512 Total Revenues 164,777 199,008 - 34,231 EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES - 144,777 199,008 - 34,231 EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES - 1,817 512 320 985 Mobility Operations 72,350 60,437 1,083 10,830 Right-of-Way Management 29,042 24,086 359 4,597 Street Maintenance 24,025 20,479 - 3,546 Urban Forestry 4,958 4,439 - 163,338 38,052 - 125,266 Department Management 6,100 (1,328) 375 7,053 General Expense 4,852 4,854 - (32) Major Maintenance/Replacement 163,338 38,052 - 142,948 Mobility Capital 212,801 66,634 - 142,525 - 142,525	Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	45,071	35,320	_	(9,751)
Parking Fees and Space Rent – 95 – 95 Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues – 512 – 512 Total Revenues 164,777 199,008 – 34,231 EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES Bridges and Structures 7,909 8,554 30 (675) Engineering Services 1,817 512 320 985 Mobility Operations 72,350 60,437 1.083 10.830 Right-of-Way Management 24,025 20,479 – 3,546 Urban Forestry 4,958 4,439 – 519 Department Management 6,100 (1,328) 375 7,053 General Expense 4,822 4,854 – (23,28) Major Maintenance/Replacement 163,338 38,052 – 149,948 Mobility Capital 212,801 66,634 – 149,948 Mobility Capital 212,801 66,634 – 149,948 Mobility Capital 22,167 48,245 – (132,362) Total Expenditure	Charges for Services	37,401	71,989	_	34,588
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues – 512 – 512 Total Revenues 164,777 199,008 – 34,231 EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES Bridges and Structures 7,909 8,554 30 (675) Engineering Services 1,817 512 320 985 Mobility Operations 72,350 60,437 1,083 10,830 Right-of-Way Management 29,042 24,086 359 4,597 Street Maintenance 24,025 20,479 – 3,346 Urban Forestry 4,958 4,439 – 519 Department 6,100 (1,328) 375 7,055 General Expense 4,822 4,854 – (32) Major Projects 323,413 173,465 – 149,948 Mobility Capital 21,280 66,634 – 146,167 Total Expenditures and Encumbrances 850,575 400,184 2,167 448,224 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expe	Fines and Forfeits	_	258	_	258
Total Revenues 164,777 199,008 — 34,231 EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES 30 (675) Bridges and Structures 7,909 8,554 30 (675) Engineering Services 1,817 512 320 985 Mobility Operations 72,350 60,477 1,083 10,830 10,830 Department Management 29,042 24,086 359 4,597 Street Maintenance 24,025 20,479 — 3,546 Urban Forestry 4,958 4,439 — 519 Department Management 6,100 (1,328) 375 7,053 General Expense 4,822 4,854 — (32) Major Maintenance/Replacement 163,338 38,052 — 125,286 Major Maintenance/Replacement 122,801 66,634 — 149,948 Mobility Capital 212,801 66,634 — 146,167 Total Expenditures and Encumbrances 850,575 400,184 2,167 448,224 Excess	Parking Fees and Space Rent	_	95	_	95
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES Bridges and Structures 7,909 8,554 30 (675) Engineering Services 1,817 512 320 985 Mobility Operations 72,350 60,437 1,083 10,830 Right-of-Way Management 29,042 24,086 359 4,597 Street Maintenance 24,025 20,479 – 3,546 Urban Forestry 4,958 4,439 – 519 Department Management 6,100 (1,328) 375 7,033 General Expense 4,822 4,854 – (32) Major Maintenance/Replacement 163,338 38,052 – 125,286 Major Maintenance/Replacement 163,338 38,052 – 149,948 Mobility Capital 212,801 66,634 – 149,4824 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances 850,575 400,184 2,167 448,224 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and (685,798) (201,176) (2,167) 482,455 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) <	Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues		512		512
Bridges and Structures 7,909 8,554 30 (675) Engineering Services 1,817 512 320 985 Mobility Operations 72,350 60,437 1,083 10,830 Right-of-Way Management 29,042 24,086 359 4,597 Street Maintenance 24,025 20,479 - 3,546 Urban Forestry 4,958 4,439 - 519 Department Management 6,100 (1,328) 375 7,053 General Expense 4,822 4,854 - (32) Major Maintenance/Replacement 163,338 38,052 - 125,286 Major Projects 323,413 173,465 - 149,948 Mobility Capital 212,801 66,634 - 146,167 Total Expenditures and Encumbrances 850,575 400,184 2,167 448,224 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances (685,798) (201,176) (2,167) 482,455 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 315,111 185,825 - (132,362)	Total Revenues	164,777	199,008	_	34,231
Engineering Services 1,817 512 320 985 Mobility Operations 72,350 60,437 1,083 10,830 Right-of-Way Management 29,042 24,086 359 4,597 Street Maintenance 24,025 20,479 3,546 Urban Forestry 4,958 4,439 (32) Department Management 6,100 (1,328) 375 7,053 General Expense 4,822 4,854 (32) Major Maintenance/Replacement 165,338 38,052 125,286 Major Projects 323,413 173,465 149,948 Mobility Capital 212,801 66,634 146,167 Total Expenditures and Encumbrances 850,575 400,184 2,167 448,224 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances (685,798) (201,176) (2,167) 482,455 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 315,111 185,825 - (103,362) Sales of Capital Assets (2,025) - 2,095 - 981 </td <td>EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES				
Mobility Operations72,350 $60,437$ $1,083$ $10,830$ Right-of-Way Management $29,042$ $24,086$ 359 $4,597$ Street Maintenance $24,025$ $20,479$ $$ $3,546$ Urban Forestry $4,958$ $4,439$ $$ 519 Department Management $6,100$ $(1,328)$ 375 $7,053$ General Expense $4,822$ $4,854$ $$ (32) Major Maintenance/Replacement $163,338$ $38,052$ $$ $125,286$ Major Projects $323,413$ $173,465$ $$ $149,948$ Mobility Capital $212,801$ $66,634$ $$ $146,167$ Total Expenditures and Encumbrances $850,575$ $400,184$ $2,167$ $448,224$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances $(685,798)$ $(201,176)$ $(2,167)$ $482,455$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $(2,095)$ $ 2.095$ Sales of Capital Assets $(2,095)$ $ 981$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $315,111$ $185,825$ $ (129,286)$ Net Change in Fund Balance \underline{S} $(370,687)$ $(15,351)$ \underline{S} $(2,167)$ \underline{S} Fund Balance - Beginning of Year \underline{S} $(370,687)$ $(15,351)$ \underline{S} $(2,167)$ \underline{S} $353,169$	Bridges and Structures	7,909	8,554	30	(675)
Right-of-Way Management $29,042$ $24,086$ 359 $4,597$ Street Maintenance $24,025$ $20,479$ $3,546$ Urban Forestry $4,958$ $4,439$ 519 Department Management $6,100$ $(1,328)$ 375 $7,053$ General Expense $4,822$ $4,854$ (32) Major Maintenance/Replacement $163,338$ $38,052$ $125,286$ Major Projects $323,413$ $173,465$ $149,948$ Mobility Capital $212,801$ $66,634$ $146,167$ Total Expenditures and Encumbrances $850,575$ $400,184$ $2,167$ $448,224$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances $(685,798)$ $(201,176)$ $(2,167)$ $482,455$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $340,468$ $208,106$ - $(132,362)$ Sales of Capital Assets $(2,095)$ $2,095$ Transfers In $340,468$ $208,106$ - $(132,362)$ Transfers Out $(23,262)$ $(22,281)$ - 981 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $315,111$ $185,825$ - $(129,286)$ Net Change in Fund Balance§ $(370,687)$ $(15,351)$ § $(2,167)$ § $353,169$ Fund Balance - Beginning of Year86,348- $86,348$ - $46,948$	Engineering Services	1,817	512	320	985
Street Maintenance $24,025$ $20,479$ $3,546$ Urban Forestry $4,958$ $4,439$ 519 Department Management $6,100$ $(1,328)$ 375 $7,053$ General Expense $4,822$ $4,884$ (32) Major Maintenance/Replacement $163,338$ $38,052$ $125,286$ Major Projects $323,413$ $173,465$ $149,948$ Mobility Capital $212,801$ $66,634$ $146,167$ Total Expenditures and Encumbrances $850,575$ $400,184$ $2,167$ $448,224$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances $850,575$ $400,184$ $2,167$ $448,2455$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	Mobility Operations	72,350	60,437	1,083	10,830
Urban Forestry $4,958$ $4,439$ $ 519$ Department Management $6,100$ $(1,328)$ 375 $7,053$ General Expense $4,822$ $4,854$ $ (32)$ Major Maintenance/Replacement $163,338$ $38,052$ $ 125,286$ Major Projects $323,413$ $173,465$ $ 149,948$ Mobility Capital $212,801$ $66,634$ $ 146,167$ Total Expenditures and Encumbrances $850,575$ $400,184$ $2,167$ $448,224$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances $(685,798)$ $(201,176)$ $(2,167)$ $482,455$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $(2,095)$ $ 2,095$ Sales of Capital Assets $(2,095)$ $ 2,095$ Transfers In $340,468$ $208,106$ $ (132,362)$ Transfers Out $(23,262)$ $(22,281)$ $ 981$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $315,111$ $185,825$ $ (129,286)$ Net Change in Fund Balance <u>\$ (370,687)</u> $(15,351)$ <u>\$ (2,167)</u> <u>\$ 353,169</u> Fund Balance - Beginning of Year <u>86,348</u> $ -$	Right-of-Way Management	29,042	24,086	359	4,597
Department $6,100$ $(1,328)$ 375 $7,053$ General Expense $4,822$ $4,854$ $ (32)$ Major Maintenance/Replacement $163,338$ $38,052$ $ 125,286$ Major Projects $323,413$ $173,465$ $ 149,948$ Mobility Capital $212,801$ $66,634$ $ 146,167$ Total Expenditures and Encumbrances $850,575$ $400,184$ $2,167$ $448,224$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances $(685,798)$ $(201,176)$ $(2,167)$ $482,455$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $(2,095)$ $ 2,095$ Sales of Capital Assets $(2,095)$ $ 2,095$ Transfers In $340,468$ $208,106$ $ (132,362)$ Transfers Out $(23,262)$ $(22,281)$ $ 981$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $315,111$ $185,825$ $ (129,286)$ Net Change in Fund Balance \underline{S} $(370,687)$ $(15,351)$ \underline{S} $(2,167)$ \underline{S} Fund Balance - Beginning of Year $\underline{86,348}$ $\underline{86,348}$ $\underline{86,348}$ $\underline{86,348}$	Street Maintenance	24,025	20,479	_	3,546
General Expense $4,822$ $4,854$ (32)Major Maintenance/Replacement163,338 $38,052$ 125,286Major Projects $323,413$ $173,465$ 149,948Mobility Capital $212,801$ $66,634$ 146,167Total Expenditures and Encumbrances $850,575$ $400,184$ $2,167$ $448,224$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances(685,798)(201,176)(2,167) $482,455$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)2,0952,095Sales of Capital Assets(2,095)2,095Transfers In340,468208,106(132,362)Transfers Out(23,262)(22,281)981Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $315,111$ $185,825$ (129,286)Net Change in Fund Balance§(370,687)(15,351)§(2,167)\$ $353,169$ Fund Balance - Beginning of Year86,34886,348	Urban Forestry	4,958	4,439	_	519
Major Maintenance/Replacement163,338 $38,052$ -125,286Major Projects $323,413$ $173,465$ -149,948Mobility Capital $212,801$ $66,634$ -146,167Total Expenditures and Encumbrances $850,575$ $400,184$ $2,167$ $448,224$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances $(685,798)$ $(201,176)$ $(2,167)$ $482,455$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)2,095Sales of Capital Assets $(2,095)$ 2,095Transfers In $340,468$ $208,106$ - $(132,362)$ Transfers Out $(23,262)$ $(22,281)$ -981Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $315,111$ $185,825$ - $(129,286)$ Net Change in Fund Balance <u>\$ (370,687)</u> $(15,351)$ <u>\$ (2,167)</u> <u>\$ 353,169</u> Fund Balance - Beginning of Year86,348	Department Management	6,100	(1,328)	375	7,053
Major Projects $323,413$ $173,465$ $ 149,948$ Mobility Capital $212,801$ $66,634$ $ 146,167$ Total Expenditures and Encumbrances $850,575$ $400,184$ $2,167$ $448,224$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances $(685,798)$ $(201,176)$ $(2,167)$ $482,455$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $(2,095)$ $ 2,095$ Sales of Capital Assets $(2,095)$ $ 2,095$ Transfers In $340,468$ $208,106$ $ (132,362)$ Transfers Out $(23,262)$ $(22,281)$ $ 981$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $315,111$ $185,825$ $ (129,286)$ Net Change in Fund Balance $\frac{$ (370,687)}{$ (370,687)}$ $(15,351)$ $\frac{$ (2,167)}{$ (2,167)}$ $\frac{$ 353,169}{$ (353,169)}$ Fund Balance - Beginning of Year $86,348$ $86,348$ $86,348$	General Expense	4,822	4,854	_	(32)
Mobility Capital 212,801 66,634 — 146,167 Total Expenditures and Encumbrances 850,575 400,184 2,167 448,224 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances (685,798) (201,176) (2,167) 482,455 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of Capital Assets (2,095) — — 2,095 Sales of Capital Assets (2,095) — — 2,095 Transfers In 340,468 208,106 — (132,362) Transfers Out (23,262) (22,281) — 981 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 315,111 185,825 — (129,286) Net Change in Fund Balance § (370,687) (15,351) § (2,167) § 353,169 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 86,348 86,348 86,348 86,348	Major Maintenance/Replacement	163,338	38,052	_	125,286
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances 850,575 400,184 2,167 448,224 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances (685,798) (201,176) (2,167) 482,455 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of Capital Assets (2,095) - - 2,095 Sales of Capital Assets (2,095) - - 2,095 Transfers In 340,468 208,106 - (132,362) Transfers Out (23,262) (22,281) - 981 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 315,111 185,825 - (129,286) Net Change in Fund Balance § (370,687) (15,351) § (2,167) § 353,169 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 86,348 86,348 86,348 86,348 86,348 86,348 86,348	Major Projects	323,413	173,465	_	149,948
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances (685,798) (201,176) (2,167) 482,455 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of Capital Assets (2,095) - - 2,095 Transfers In 340,468 208,106 - (132,362) Transfers Out (23,262) (22,281) - 981 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 315,111 185,825 - (129,286) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (370,687) (15,351) \$ (2,167) \$ 353,169 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 86,348 - 86,348 - -	Mobility Capital	212,801	66,634		146,167
Encumbrances (685,798) (201,176) (2,167) 482,455 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of Capital Assets (2,095) - - 2,095 Transfers In 340,468 208,106 - (132,362) Transfers Out (23,262) (22,281) - 981 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 315,111 185,825 - (129,286) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (370,687) (15,351) \$ (2,167) \$ 353,169 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 86,348 - - -	Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	850,575	400,184	2,167	448,224
Sales of Capital Assets (2,095) - - 2,095 Transfers In 340,468 208,106 - (132,362) Transfers Out (23,262) (22,281) - 981 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 315,111 185,825 - (129,286) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (370,687) (15,351) \$ (2,167) \$ 353,169 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 86,348 - </td <td></td> <td>(685,798</td> <td>) (201,176)</td> <td>(2,167)</td> <td>482,455</td>		(685,798) (201,176)	(2,167)	482,455
Transfers In 340,468 208,106 (132,362) Transfers Out (23,262) (22,281) 981 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 315,111 185,825 (129,286) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (370,687) (15,351) \$ (2,167) \$ 353,169 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 86,348	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers Out (23,262) (22,281) — 981 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 315,111 185,825 — (129,286) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (370,687) (15,351) \$ (2,167) \$ 353,169 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 86,348 — 86,348	Sales of Capital Assets			_	2,095
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 315,111 185,825 — (129,286) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (370,687) (15,351) \$ (2,167) \$ 353,169 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 86,348	Transfers In	340,468	208,106	—	(132,362)
Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (370,687) \$ (15,351) \$ (2,167) \$ 353,169 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 86,348	Transfers Out	(23,262) (22,281)		981
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 86,348	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	315,111	185,825		(129,286)
	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (370,687) (15,351)	\$ (2,167)	\$ 353,169
Fund Balance - End of Year \$ 70,997	Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		86,348		
	Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 70,997		

LOW-INCOME HOUSING FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance
REVENUES				
General Property Taxes	\$ 24,040	\$ 17,934	\$	\$ (6,106)
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	21,782	7,001	—	(14,781)
Charges for Services	16,002	27,037	—	11,035
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	8,759	9,526		767
Total Revenues	70,583	61,498	_	(9,085)
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES				
Community Development	46	_	_	46
Administration and Management	21,866	89	134	21,643
Multifamily Production and Preservation	112,076	27,026	24,286	60,764
Single Family	25,666	3,031	1,865	20,770
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	159,654	30,146	26,285	103,223
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over				
(under) Expenditures and Encumbrances	(89,071) 31,352	(26,285)	94,138
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sales of Capital Assets	15			(15)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	15			(15)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (89,056) 31,352	\$ (26,285)	\$ 94,123
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		105,419		
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 136,771		

PARK AND RECREATION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Final			F		• •
REVENUES	 Budget	A	ctual	Encun	nbrances	 Variance
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	\$ 476	\$	168	\$	_	\$ (308)
Charges for Services	35,267		41,432			6,165
Fines and Forfeits	—		1		—	1
Parking Fees and Space Rent	7,552		8,069		—	517
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	 141		5,645			 5,504
Total Revenues	43,436		55,315		—	11,879
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES						
Gasworks Park Contamination Remediation	17		17		_	_
Swimming, Boating, and Aquatics	9,739		9,479		_	260
Recreation Facilities and Programs	27,629		26,231		565	833
Facility and Structure Maintenance	16,990		16,345		75	570
Park Cleaning, Landscaping, and Restoration	31,943		31,628		_	315
Seattle Conservation Corps	4,136		3,197		14	925
Seattle Aquarium	300		300		_	—
Woodland Park Zoo	6,924		6,843		_	81
Planning, Development, and Acquisition	12,327		11,633		24	670
Judgments and Claims	387		387		_	_
Finance and Administration	9,900		8,698		108	1,094
Policy Direction and Leadership	4,292		4,204		63	25
Golf	10,071		9,952		_	119
Environmental Learning and Programs	1,216		1,188		_	28
Natural Resources Management	8,652		8,402		100	150
Regional Parks and Strategic Outreach	 3,207		3,178		1	 28
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	 147,730		141,682		950	 5,098
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over						
(under) Expenditures and Encumbrances	(104,294)		(86,367)		(950)	16,977
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sales of Capital Assets	_		22		_	22
Transfers In	100,343		91,760		_	(8,583)
Transfers Out	 (2,956)		(2,924)			 32
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 97,387		88,858			 (8,529)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (6,907)		2,491	\$	(950)	\$ 8,448
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			2,791			
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$	5,282			

LIBRARY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Final Judget	Actual	Encumbra	BBBBBBBBBBBBB	Ň	ariance
REVENUES	 Judget	 Actual	Encumbra			
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	\$ 7,999	\$ 7,045	\$	_	\$	(954)
Charges for Services	219	241		_		22
Fines and Forfeits	1,564	1,441		_		(123)
Parking Fees and Space Rent	535	584		_		49
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	 312	 174		_		(138)
Total Revenues	10,629	9,485		_		(1,144)
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES						
Administrative Services	12,133	9,679		72		2,382
City Librarian's Office	858	801		_		57
Library Capital Improvements	1			_		1
Library Services	46,833	45,890		9		934
Grants, Trusts, and Memorials	13,538	6,365		182		6,991
Bunn Projects - Principal and Interest	2,706	638		82		1,986
Information Technology	6,471	5,240		51		1,180
Human Resources	 1,185	 1,192		_		(7)
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	 83,725	 69,805		396		13,524
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances	(73,096)	(60,320)		(396)		12,380
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	63,358	62,057		_		(1,301)
Transfers Out	 224	 (574)		_		(798)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 63,582	 61,483		_		(2,099)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (9,514)	1,163	\$	(396)	\$	10,281
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		 14,402				
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 15,565				

SEATTLE CENTER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Final					
DEVENUES	Budget		Actual	Encumbrances		Variance
REVENUES						
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	\$		\$ —	\$	\$	
Charges for Services	10,	842	7,899	_		(2,943)
Parking Fees and Space Rent	15,	184	19,654	_		4,470
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	(797)	273			1,070
Total Revenues	25,2	229	27,826	_		2,597
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES						
Access	1,	238	1,236	_		2
Administration	7,:	572	7,570	18		(16)
Cultural Facilities	:	233	232			1
Commercial Events	1,1	289	1,286	9		(6)
Festivals	1,1	343	1,342	_		1
Campus Grounds	12,	291	12,288	79		(76)
Judgments and Claims		_	—	17		(17)
Key Arena	7,	700	7,695	24		(19)
McCaw Hall	4,0	570	4,662			8
Community Programs	2,5	220	2,220			
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	38,	556	38,531	147		(122)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over						
(under) Expenditures and Encumbrances	(13,	327)	(10,705)	(147)	2,475
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Capital Leases		_	22	_		22
Transfers In	12,	805	12,653	_		(152)
Transfers Out	(118)	(118)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,	687	12,557			(152)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (540)	1,852	\$ (147) \$	2,323
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			2,947			
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 4,799			

HUMAN SERVICES OPERATING FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

REVENUES	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance
General Property Taxes	\$ —	\$ 935	\$ —	\$ 935
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	53,159	52,256	_	(903)
Charges for Services	(497)	5,148	_	5,645
Fines and Forfeits	_	164	_	164
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	559	96		(463)
Total Revenues	53,221	58,599	_	5,378
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES				
Youth and Family Empowerment	19,832	19,796	67	(31)
Transitional Living and Support	67,412	45,932	53	21,427
Aging and Disability Services	37,430	36,074	—	1,356
Leadership and Administration	8,390	8,176	13	201
Public Health Services	11,895	11,895	—	—
Community Support and Self-Sufficiency	1,610			1,610
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	146,569	121,873	133	24,563
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures and Encumbrances	(93,348)	(63,274)	(133)	29,941
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	64,383	72,310		7,927
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (28,965)	9,036	\$ (133)	\$ 37,868
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		9,715		
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 18,751		

OFFICE OF HOUSING FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Final			
	Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance
REVENUES				
General Property Taxes	\$	\$ 1,810	\$	\$ 1,810
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	(1,347)	1,460	—	2,807
Charges for Services	7,062	2,150	—	(4,912)
Parking Fees and Space Rent	(24)	25	—	49
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	35	49		14
Total Revenues	5,726	5,494	_	(232)
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES				
Office of Housing	5,999	5,342	98	559
HUD Challenge Grant	289	228		61
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	6,288	5,570	98	620
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over				
(under) Expenditures and Encumbrances	(562)	(76)	(98)	388
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In		345		345
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (562)	269	\$ (98)	\$ 388
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,614		
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 1,883		

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The **Planning and Development Fund** accounts for building permit fees and moneys from the General Fund as well as the cost of enforcing the City's land use and building construction codes.

The **Downtown Parking Garage Fund** accounts for the proceeds from the sale of bonds to pay for the cost of effecting the beneficial transfer to the City of the parking garage at Pacific Place in downtown Seattle. This fund also accounts for the operation of the garage.

The **Fiber Leasing Fund** is used to account for the activities associated with management's use of the City's excess fiber and fiber infrastructure. The Fiber Leasing Fund receives revenues from sponsorship agreements; federal, state, county, or other grants or transfers, private funding, donations or gifts, and property sales proceeds (Ordinance 123931).

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

December 31, 2015

	Pla	Planning and Development			Downtown Parking Garage			
	20	015		2014		2015		2014
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	54,625	\$	40,572	\$	36	\$	38
Receivables, Net of Allowances								
Accounts		780		757		47		98
Interest and Dividends		51		31		—		_
Due from Other Funds		957		905		—		_
Due from Other Governments		359		451		—		_
Prepayments and Other Current Assets		12		42				
Total Current Assets		56,784		42,758		83		136
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments		50		38		_		_
Capital Assets								
Land and Land Rights		_		_		12,881		12,881
Buildings and Improvements		_		—		60,132		60,132
Less Accumulated Depreciation		—		_		(34,075)		(32,070)
Machinery and Equipment		14,313		14,308		458		458
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(14,169)		(13,761)		(161)		(85)
Construction in Progress		4,852		3,377				
Total Noncurrent Assets		5,046		3,962		39,235		41,316
Total Assets		61,830		46,720		39,318		41,452
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		6,561						
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	68,391	\$	46,720	\$	39,318	\$	41,452

E-1 Page 2 of 4

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

December 31, 2015

		Fiber Leasing			tive Totals
	20	15	2014	2015	2014
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	11 \$	20	\$ 54,672	\$ 40,630
Receivables, Net of Allowances					
Accounts		28	52	855	907
Interest and Dividends		—	_	51	31
Due from Other Funds		—	—	957	905
Due from Other Governments		—	—	359	451
Prepayments and Other Current Assets				12	42
Total Current Assets		39	72	56,906	42,966
Noncurrent Assets					
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments		_	_	50	38
Capital Assets					
Land and Land Rights		_	—	12,881	12,881
Buildings and Improvements		—	—	60,132	60,132
Less Accumulated Depreciation		—	—	(34,075)	(32,070)
Machinery and Equipment		—	—	14,771	14,766
Less Accumulated Depreciation		—	_	(14,330)	(13,846)
Construction in Progress				4,852	3,377
Total Noncurrent Assets				44,281	45,278
Total Assets		39	72	101,187	88,244
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				6,561	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	39 \$	72	\$ 107,748	\$ 88,244

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

December 31, 2015

	Planning and	Development	Downtown Parking Garage			
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$ 623	\$ 891	\$ 761	\$ 1,375		
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable	3,223	1,626	—	—		
Compensated Absences Payable	350	318	—	—		
Due to Other Funds	336	318	186	132		
Bond Interest Payable	—	—	676	711		
Taxes Payable	—	—	85	85		
General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year	—	—	3,280	2,950		
Claims Payable	265	53	_	_		
Other Current Liabilities	43		20			
Total Current Liabilities	4,840	3,206	5,008	5,253		
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated Absences Payable	3,052	2,763	_	_		
Claims Payable	368	132	—	—		
Vendor and Other Deposits Payable	50	38	—	—		
General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other	18	_	52,815	56,293		
Bond Interest Payable	—	—	—	—		
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	19,054	16,295	—	—		
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits	1,784	1,674	—	—		
Net Pension Liability	52,520	—		—		
Advances from Other Funds			7,600	6,494		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	76,846	20,902	60,415	62,787		
Total Liabilities	81,686	24,108	65,423	68,040		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,956	3,923	(16,860)	(17,927)		
Unrestricted	(18,251)	18,689	(9,245)	(8,661)		
Total Net Position	(13,295)	22,612	(26,105)	(26,588)		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 68,391	\$ 46,720	\$ 39,318	\$ 41,452		

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

E-1 Page 4 of 4

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

December 31, 2015

	Fiber 1	Leasing	Comparative Totals			
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,384	\$ 2,266		
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable	—	—	3,223	1,626		
Compensated Absences Payable	—	—	350	318		
Due to Other Funds	50	60	572	510		
Bond Interest Payable	—	—	676	711		
Taxes Payable	—	—	85	85		
General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year	—	—	3,280	2,950		
Claims Payable	—	—	265	53		
Other Current Liabilities			63			
Total Current Liabilities	50	60	9,898	8,519		
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated Absences Payable	_	_	3,052	2,763		
Claims Payable	—	—	368	132		
Vendor and Other Deposits Payable	—	—	50	38		
General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other	_	_	52,833	56,293		
Bond Interest Payable	—	—	—	—		
Unearned Revenues and Other Credits	—	—	19,054	16,295		
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits	—	—	1,784	1,674		
Net Pension Liability		—	52,520	—		
Advances from Other Funds			7,600	6,494		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities			137,261	83,689		
Total Liabilities	50	60	147,159	92,208		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	_	_	(11,904)	(14,004)		
Unrestricted	(11)	12	(27,507)	10,040		
Total Net Position	(11)	12	(39,411)	(3,964)		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 39	\$ 72	\$ 107,748	\$ 88,244		

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	P	lanning and	ment	Downtown Parking Garage					
	2	2015	2	2014		2015		2014	
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for Services and Other Fees	\$	66,676	\$	58,104	\$	7,885	\$	7,434	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Operations and Maintenance		53,042		48,270		2,988		2,609	
General and Administrative		13,519		11,580		_		—	
City Business and Occupation Taxes		_		_		17		16	
Other Taxes				—		37		35	
Depreciation and Amortization		438		512		2,081		2,077	
Total Operating Expenses		66,999		60,362		5,123		4,737	
Operating Income (Loss)		(323)		(2,258)		2,762		2,697	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Investment and Interest Income		459		480		_		_	
Interest Expense		_		_		(2,787)		(2,939)	
Amortization of Bonds Premiums		_		_		198		198	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		—		_		—		—	
Contributions and Grants		210		259		—		—	
Others, Net				—		310		—	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		669		739		(2,279)		(2,741)	
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants and Transfers		346		(1,519)		483		(44)	
Transfers In		12,337		11,512		_		_	
Transfers Out		(3,406)		—		—		—	
Change in Net Position		9,277		9,993		483		(44)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		22,612		12,619		(26,588)		(26,544)	
Prior-Year Adjustment		(45,184)							
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated		(22,572)		12,619		(26,588)		(26,544)	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	(13,295)	\$	22,612	\$	(26,105)	\$	(26,588)	

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Fiber	Leasing	Comparative Totals				
	2015	2014	2015	2014			
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for Services and Other Fees	\$ 5	\$ 10	\$ 74,566	\$ 65,548			
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Operations and Maintenance	28	20	56,058	50,899			
General and Administrative	_	_	13,519	11,580			
City Business and Occupation Taxes	_	_	17	16			
Other Taxes	_	_	37	35			
Depreciation and Amortization			2,519	2,589			
Total Operating Expenses	28	20	72,150	65,119			
Operating Income (Loss)	(23) (10)	2,416	429			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment and Interest Income	_		459	480			
Interest Expense	_		(2,787)	(2,939)			
Amortization of Bonds Premiums	_		198	198			
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	_		—	—			
Contributions and Grants	_	_	210	259			
Others, Net			310				
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			(1,610)	(2,002)			
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants and Transfers	(23) (10)	806	(1,573)			
Transfers In	_		12,337	11,512			
Transfers Out			(3,406)				
Change in Net Position	(23) (10)	9,737	9,939			
Net Position - Beginning of Year	12	22	(3,964)	(13,903)			
Prior-Year Adjustment			(45,184)				
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated	12	22	(49,148)	(13,903)			
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (11) \$ 12	\$ (39,411)	\$ (3,964)			

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Planning and Development					Downtown Parking Garage			
		2015		2014		2015		2014	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Cash Received from Customers	\$	69,544	\$	60,709	\$	10,007	\$	9,170	
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(29,725)		(28,027)		(3,547)		(3,318)	
Cash Paid to Employees		(33,977)		(31,074)		_		_	
Cash Paid for Taxes		212				(1,797)		(1,676)	
Net Cash from Operating Activities		6,054		1,608		4,663		4,176	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL									
FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Operating Grants		118		194		_		_	
Transfers In		8,931		11,512		_		_	
Proceeds from Interfund Loans		_		_		7,600		6,494	
Principal Payments on Interfund Loans						(6,494)		(5,050)	
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities		9,049		11,706		1,106		1,444	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND									
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt		_		_		(2,950)		(1,857)	
Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid		(1,478)		(788)		_		(26)	
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt						(2,823)		(3,740)	
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(1,478)		(788)		(5,773)		(5,623)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Interest and Investment Income (Loss)		440		464		2		3	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and									
Equity in Pooled Investments		14,065		12,990		(2)		—	
CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS									
Beginning of Year		40,610		27,620		38		38	
End of Year	\$	54,675	\$	40,610	\$	36	\$	38	
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF									
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	54,625	\$	40,572	\$	36	\$	38	
Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments		50		38					
Total Cash at the End of the Year	\$	54,675	\$	40,610	\$	36	\$	38	
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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Fiber Leasing			 Comparative Totals			
	20	015	20	14	2015		2014	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					 			
Cash Received from Customers	\$	29	\$	26	\$ 79,580	\$	69,905	
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(39)		(22)	(33,311)		(31,367)	
Cash Paid to Employees		—		(1)	(33,977)		(31,075)	
Cash Paid for Taxes				_	 (1,585)		(1,676)	
Net Cash from Operating Activities		(10)		3	10,707		5,787	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Grants		_		_	118		194	
Transfers In		_		_	8,931		11,512	
Proceeds from Interfund Loans		_		_	7,600		6,494	
Principal Payments on Interfund Loans					 (6,494)		(5,050)	
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities		_		—	10,155		13,150	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND								
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt		_		_	(2,950)		(1,857)	
Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid		_		_	(1,478)		(814)	
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt					 (2,823)		(3,740)	
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities		_		—	(7,251)		(6,411)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest and Investment Income (Loss)					 442		467	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and								
Equity in Pooled Investments		(10)		3	14,053		12,993	
CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS								
Beginning of Year		20		17	 40,668		27,675	
End of Year	\$	10	\$	20	\$ 54,721	\$	40,668	
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF								
Operating Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	10	\$	20	\$ 54,671	\$	40,630	
Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments				_	 50		38	
Total Cash at the End of the Year	\$	10	\$	20	\$ 54,721	\$	40,668	
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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Planning and Development			Downtown Parking Garage				
	2015		2014	2015		2014		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(323) \$	\$ (2,258)	\$ 2,762	\$	2,697		
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities								
Depreciation and Amortization		438	511	2,081		2,077		
Other Operating Expenses		774	_	_		—		
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses		—	—	310		—		
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities								
Accounts Receivable		69	158	51		(40)		
Unbilled Receivables		_	—	—		—		
Due from Other Funds		(52)	162	—		—		
Due from Other Governments		92	65	—		—		
Accounts Payable		(268)	3	(615)		(560)		
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable		1,597	303	—		—		
Compensated Absences Payable		321	66	—		—		
Due to Other Funds		18	138	55		(3)		
Claims Payable		447	4	—		—		
Taxes Payable		—	—	—		5		
Unearned Revenues		2,759	2,220	—		—		
Other Assets and Liabilities		182	236	19		—		
Total Adjustments		6,377	3,866	1,901		1,479		
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	6,054 \$	5 1,608	\$ 4,663	\$	4,176		

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Fiber Leasing			Comparative Totals			
	20	15	2014	2015		2014	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(23)	\$ (10)	\$ 2,416	\$	429	
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities							
Depreciation and Amortization		_	_	2,519		2,588	
Other Operating Expenses		_	—	774			
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses		—	—	310		_	
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities							
Accounts Receivable		24	16	144		134	
Unbilled Receivables		—	—	—		_	
Due from Other Funds		—	—	(52)		162	
Due from Other Governments		_	—	92		65	
Accounts Payable		_	—	(883)		(557)	
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable		—	—	1,597		303	
Compensated Absences Payable		_	—	321		66	
Due to Other Funds		(11)	(3)	62		132	
Claims Payable		_	_	447		4	
Taxes Payable		—	—	—		5	
Unearned Revenues		_	_	2,759		2,220	
Other Assets and Liabilities				201		236	
Total Adjustments		13	13	8,291		5,358	
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	(10)	\$ 3	\$ 10,707	\$	5,787	

Internal Service Funds

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The **Finance and Administrative Services Fund** accounts for support services to other City departments in the areas of financial services, business technology, contracting and purchasing services, fleet management; building and related facility operations and maintenance; architecture, engineering, and space planning; and real estate management. Additional services provide for the City are regulatory services and operations; and the customer service bureau.

The **Information Technology Fund** accounts for support services provided by the Department of Information Technology to other City departments. The services include managing the City's information technology resources, including Citywide telecommunications, data communications, and the physical infrastructure that supports them; the City's telephone system, radio system, and fiber optic network; Citywide application infrastructure; and interactive media services.

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2015

			Comparative Totals			
Fina an Adminis Servi		Information Technology	2015	2014		
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 25,042	\$ 2,648	\$ 27,690	\$ 24,792		
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	12,178	_	12,178	20,014		
Receivables, Net of Allowances						
Accounts	215	59	274	240		
Interest and Dividends	43	—	43	88		
Unbilled	346	—	346	24		
Due from Other Funds	9,554	1,363	10,917	9,517		
Due from Other Governments	76	60	136	159		
Materials and Supplies Inventory	1,987	2,055	4,042	2,786		
Prepayments and Other	109		109	425		
Total Current Assets	49,550	6,185	55,735	58,045		
Noncurrent Assets						
Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	2,263	49,721	51,984	58,383		
Capital Assets						
Land and Land Rights	108,852	—	108,852	108,832		
Buildings and Improvements	715,840	97	715,937	717,627		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(227,981)	(12)	(227,993)	(211,792)		
Machinery and Equipment	178,144	55,812	233,956	223,388		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(95,453)	(39,976)	(135,429)	(135,206)		
Construction in Progress		31,038	31,038	3,309		
Total Noncurrent Assets	681,665	96,680	778,345	764,541		
Total Assets	731,215	102,865	834,080	822,586		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	14,283	3,513	17,796			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 745,498	\$ 106,378	\$ 851,876	\$ 822,586		

Internal Service Funds

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2015

			Comparative Totals			
	Finance and Administrative Services	Information Technology	2015	2014		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$ 6,109	\$ 5,410	\$ 11,519	\$ 8,036		
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable	4,039	1,640	5,679	3,213		
Due to Other Funds	1,356	1,799	3,155	2,454		
Due to Other Governments	38	—	38	4		
Interest Payable	2,158	234	2,392	3,172		
Taxes Payable	59	31	90	51		
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt						
General Obligation Bonds Due Within One Year	17,926	5,850	23,776	21,559		
Claims Payable	456	16	472	577		
Compensated Absences Payable	471	211	682	595		
Other Current Liabilities	164	172	336	57		
Total Current Liabilities	32,776	15,363	48,139	39,718		
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated Absences Payable	4,621	1,687	6,308	6,058		
Claims Payable	1,656	32	1,688	1,434		
Vendor and Other Deposits Payable	225	_	225	104		
General Obligation Bonds Payable, Net of Amortized Premium, Discount and Other	214,427	29,557	243,984	254,907		
Bond Interest Payable	-		-	-		
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefits	2,483	847	3,330	3,284		
Net Pension Liability	72,354	29,030	101,384			
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	1		1	3		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	295,767	61,153	356,920	265,790		
Total Liabilities	328,543	76,516	405,059	305,508		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	_	_	_		
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	447,049	22,912	469,961	459,033		
Unrestricted	(30,094)	6,950	(23,144)	58,045		
Total Net Position	416,955	29,862	446,817	517,078		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 745,498	\$ 106,378	\$ 851,876	\$ 822,586		

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

				Comparative Totals			
ODED ATING DEVENILIES		inance and inistrative ervices	Information Technology	2015		2014	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$	82,936	\$ 64,566	\$ 147,502	\$	125,465	
Rents, Parking, and Concessions		95,246		95,246		89,506	
Total Operating Revenues		178,182	64,566	242,748		214,971	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Operations and Maintenance		117,528	38,081	155,609		143,593	
General and Administrative		12,952	10,205	23,157		18,979	
City Business and Occupation Taxes		4	—	4		4	
Other Taxes		467	1	468		419	
Depreciation and Amortization		29,543	5,964	35,507		34,600	
Total Operating Expenses		160,494	54,251	214,745		197,595	
Operating Income (Loss)		17,688	10,315	28,003		17,376	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment and Interest Income		489	28	517		1,376	
Interest Expense		(7,471)	(1,482)	(8,953)		(10,609)	
Amortization of Bonds Premiums		2,302	672	2,974		2,802	
Amortization of Refunding Loss		(1,105)	_	(1,105)		(161)	
Bond Issuance Costs		_	(45)	(45)		(107)	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		1,623	(242)	1,381		938	
Contributions and Grants		_	_	_		_	
Others, Net		_	62	62			
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(4,162)	(1,007)	(5,169)		(5,761)	
Income (Loss) Before							
Contributions, Grants, and Transfers		13,526	9,308	22,834		11,615	
Capital Contributions and Grants		(141)	88	(53)		20,392	
Transfers In		—	341	341		301	
Transfers Out		(6,159)		(6,159)		(6,069)	
Change in Net Position		7,226	9,737	16,963		26,239	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		471,977	45,101	517,078		490,839	
Prior-Year Adjustment		(62,248)	(24,976)	(87,224)			
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated		409,729	20,125	429,854		490,839	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	416,955	\$ 29,862	\$ 446,817	\$	517,078	

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

				 Comparative Totals			
	Finance and Administrative Services		formation echnology	2015		Restated 2014	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				 			
Cash Received from Customers	\$	176,514	\$ 64,620	\$ 241,134	\$	212,069	
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(63,137)	(19,385)	(82,522)		(77,565)	
Cash Paid to Employees		(61,753)	(26,056)	(87,809)		(82,954)	
Cash Paid for Taxes		(451)	 18	 (433)		(404)	
Net Cash from Operating Activities		51,173	19,197	70,370		51,146	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Loans Provided to Other Funds		_	_	_		_	
Operating Grants and Contributions Received		—	88	88		473	
Transfers In		—	341	341		301	
Transfers Out		(6,159)	 	 (6,159)		(6,069)	
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities		(6,159)	429	(5,730)		(5,295)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		—	8,913	8,913		(205)	
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt		(12,745)	(4,200)	(16,945)		14,926	
Capital Fees and Grants Received		(141)	—	(141)		—	
Capital Expenses and Other Charges Paid		(31,200)	(29,011)	(60,211)		(22,384)	
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(8,250)	(1,483)	(9,733)		(10,942)	
Debt Issuance Costs		—	(45)	(45)		(107)	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		1,623	 	 1,623		1,103	
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(50,713)	(25,826)	(76,539)		(17,609)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest and Investment Income (Loss)		487	 75	 562		1,335	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and							
Equity in Pooled Investments		(5,212)	(6,125)	(11,337)		29,577	
CASH AND EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS							
Beginning of Year		44,695	 58,494	 103,189		73,612	
End of Year	\$	39,483	\$ 52,369	\$ 91,852	\$	103,189	
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR CONSISTS OF							
Current Assets Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	25,042	\$ 2,648	\$ 27,690	\$	24,792	
Current Restricted Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments		12,178	_	12,178		20,014	
Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Equity in							
Pooled Investments		2,263	 49,721	 51,984		58,383	
Total Cash at the End of the Year	\$	39,483	\$ 52,369	\$ 91,852	\$	103,189	

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

			_			Comparative Totals			
	Finance and Administrative Services		Information Technology		2015			Restated 2014	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	17,688	\$	10,315	\$	28,003	\$	17,376	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities									
Depreciation and Amortization		29,543		5,964		35,507		34,600	
Other Operating Expenses		1,278		541		1,819		_	
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses		—		62		62		_	
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities									
Accounts Receivable		9		(44)		(35)		(25)	
Unbilled Receivables		(321)		_		(321)		227	
Due from Other Funds		(1,364)		(36)		(1,400)		(3,519)	
Due from Other Governments		7		16		23		395	
Materials and Supplies Inventory		394		(1,651)		(1,257)		(343)	
Accounts Payable		674		2,809		3,483		(1,072)	
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable		1,759		707		2,466		392	
Compensated Absences Payable		211		126		337		477	
Due to Other Funds		881		(181)		700		2,008	
Due to Other Governments		34		—		34		(1)	
Claims Payable		164		(15)		149		(13)	
Taxes Payable		20		19		39		19	
Other Assets and Liabilities		196		565		761		625	
Total Adjustments		33,485		8,882		42,367		33,770	
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	51,173	\$	19,197	\$	70,370	\$	51,146	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
In-Kind Capital Contributions	\$	7,521	\$	_	\$	7,521	\$	30,935	
Amortization of Debt Related Costs, Net		(1,105)		628		(477)		253	
Settlement from Nextel				—		—		—	

Fiduciary Funds

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

The **Employees' Retirement Fund** receives employees' payroll deductions for retirement and the City's matching contributions. It pays pension benefits to retired City employees. It also accounts for the investments and related earnings in the City's employee retirement plan.

The **Firemen's Pension Fund** receives General Fund contributions and a portion of the state-levied fire insurance premium tax. These moneys pay for fire fighters' medical and pension benefits which are not covered by the State's Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System and/or industrial insurance.

The **Police Relief and Pension Fund** receives support almost entirely from the General Fund. The General Fund contributions pay for sworn police personnel's medical and pension benefits which are not covered by the state's Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System and/or industrial insurance.

AGENCY FUNDS

The **Guaranty Deposits Fund** holds temporary deposits of moneys from individuals or entities pending fulfillment of contractual agreements with the City.

The **Payroll Withholding Fund** receives City contributions and/or employee deductions for payroll taxes, such as Social Security (FICA), Medicare, and federal income tax; state retirement (LEOFF); savings bonds; and dependent child care. The contributions and deductions are paid to federal and state agencies and to other City funds.

The **Multifamily Rental Housing Improvement Fund** (MRHF) accounts for monies arising from a settlement agreement, and duly ordered by the Superior Court of the State of Washington to be administered by the City. Disbursements are made, upon approval of the MRHF Committee, to improve building maintenance for the multifamily rental housing stock in the City; and to provide educational services and resources on landlord and tenant rights and responsibilities.

The Salary Fund pays salaries to all active City employees. The funds that record the expenditures transfer moneys into this fund.

The **Voucher Fund** pays for all expenditures of the City except payroll, retirement benefits, and certain payments made by check or wire transfer. The funds that record the expenditures transfer moneys into this fund.

The **Pass-Through Grants Fund** was established in 2006 to account for grants which are the equivalent of pure cash conduits. The City has no administrative and no direct involvement with the grant programs.

The **FileLocal Agency Fund** was established in 2015 to account for revenues and expenditures related to the management of the Washington Multi-City Business License and Tax Portal Agency (FileLocal Agency). The FileLocal Agency maintains an internet web application gateway to increase efficiency for businesses in applying for local business licenses and filing local taxes. The City's expenditures include, but are not limited to, those required to provide loaned staff to manage the Agency. The Fund shall receive revenues from the FileLocal Agency (Ordinance 124626).

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

				Comparative Totals			
	Employees' Fireme Retirement Pensio		Police Relief and Pension	2015	2014		
ASSETS		_					
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 8,94	3 \$ 7,871	\$ 4,628	\$ 21,442	\$ 14,490		
Short-Term Investments	186,63	0 —		186,630	115,244		
Receivables							
Members	3,49	6 —		3,496	2,901		
Employers	4,78	8 —		4,788	4,204		
Interest and Dividends	3,44	9 8	3 —	3,457	4,059		
Sales Proceeds	6,17	5 —		6,175	6,237		
Other		430	450	880	891		
Total Receivables	17,90	8 438	3 450	18,796	18,292		
Investments at Fair Value							
Fixed Income	599,49	4 181	. —	599,675	540,512		
Equity	1,126,48	8 7,718		1,134,206	1,341,780		
Real Estate	270,79	6 —	- —	270,796	250,404		
Alternative Investments	114,89	6		114,896	95,936		
Total Investments at Fair Value	2,111,67	4 7,899) —	2,119,573	2,228,632		
Securities Lending Collateral	50,95	2		50,952	25,232		
Total Assets	2,376,10	7 16,208	3 5,078	2,397,393	2,401,890		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	2,00	5 1,285	5 406	3,696	3,377		
Securities Lending Collateral	53,63	3 —		53,633	28,229		
Investment Commitments Payable	7,44	8		7,448	27,737		
Total Liabilities	63,08	6 1,285	5 406	64,777	59,343		
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ 2,313,02	1 \$ 14,923	\$ 4,672	\$ 2,332,616	\$ 2,342,547		

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Defined Benefit				
-	Employees' Retirement	Firemen's Pension	Police Relief and Pension		
ADDITIONS					
Contributions					
	\$ 101,153	\$ 6,204	\$ 7,726		
Plan Member	65,779				
Total Contributions	166,932	6,204	7,726		
Investment Income					
From Investment Activities					
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments Interest	(22,933) 11,378	(129) 50			
Dividends	27,836	153	_		
- Total Investment Activities Income	16,281	74			
Investment Activities Expenses	10,201	,.			
Investment Management Fees	9,096	_	_		
Investment Consultant Fees	295	_	_		
Investment Custodial Fees	354				
Total Investment Activities Expenses	9,745				
Net Income from Investment Activities	6,536	74	_		
From Securities Lending Activities					
Securities Lending Income	57	_	_		
Borrower Rebates	674				
Total Securities Lending Income	731	—	—		
Securities Lending Expenses					
Management Fees	183				
Total Securities Lending Expenses	183				
Net Income from Securities Lending Activities	548				
Total Net Investment Income	7,084	74	_		
Other Income		1,421	703		
Total Additions	174,016	7,699	8,429		
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits	159,350	6,902	8,326		
Refund of Contributions	16,138	—	533		
Administrative Expense	8,211	615			
Total Deductions	183,699	7,517	8,859		
Change in Net Position	(9,683)	182	(430)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	2,322,704	14,742	5,101		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 2,313,021	\$ 14,924	\$ 4,671		

Fiduciary Funds

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Р	ostemploym	Comparative Totals					
		remen's ension	Police and P	Relief ension		2015		2014
ADDITIONS								
Contributions								
Employer	\$	11,108	\$	12,552	\$	138,743	\$	127,865
Plan Member						65,779		63,970
Total Contributions		11,108		12,552		204,522		191,835
Investment Income								
From Investment Activities								
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments		_		_		(23,062)		94,618
Interest Dividends		_		_		11,428 27,989		11,621 25,681
Total Investment Activities Income						16,355		131,920
				_		10,555		131,920
Investment Activities Expenses Investment Management Fees		_		_		9,096		7,802
Investment Vialidgement Fees		_		_		295		333
Investment Custodial Fees		_		_		354		342
Total Investment Activities Expenses		_		_		9,745		8,477
Net Income from Investment Activities		_		_		6,610		123,443
From Securities Lending Activities								
Securities Lending Income		—		_		57		24
Borrower Rebates						674		216
Total Securities Lending Income		—		—		731		240
Securities Lending Expenses								
Management Fees		_				183		60
Total Securities Lending Expenses				_		183		60
Net Income from Securities Lending Activities		_				548		180
Total Net Investment Income		—		_		7,158		123,623
Other Income		_		_		2,124		2,127
Total Additions		11,108		12,552		213,804		317,585
DEDUCTIONS								
Benefits		11,108		12,552		198,238		186,416
Refund of Contributions		_		_		16,671		15,104
Administrative Expense		_				8,826		6,358
Total Deductions		11,108		12,552		223,735		207,878
Change in Net Position				_		(9,931)		109,707
Net Position - Beginning of Year		_		_		2,342,547		2,232,841
Net Position - End of Year	\$		\$		\$	2,332,616	\$	2,342,548
					_			

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

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AGENCY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Balance January 1		Additions		Deductions		Balance December 31	
GUARANTY DEPOSITS FUND								
Assets								
Cash	\$	7,207	\$	4,728	\$	4,800	\$	7,135
Total Assets	\$	7,207	\$	4,728	\$	4,800	\$	7,135
Liabilities								
Deposits Payable	\$	7,207	\$	6,062	\$	6,134	\$	7,135
Total Liabilities	\$	7,207	\$	6,062	\$	6,134	\$	7,135
PAYROLL WITHHOLDING FUND								
Assets								
Cash	\$	2,641	\$	311,992	\$	312,242	\$	2,391
Accounts Receivable		1		2		3		
Total Assets	\$	2,642	\$	311,994	\$	312,245	\$	2,391
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	145	\$	4	\$	1	\$	148
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable Claims/Judgments Payable		2,484 13		311,980 2		312,236		2,228 15
Total Liabilities	\$	2,642	\$	311,986	\$	312,237	\$	2,391
	φ	2,042	¢	511,980	\$	512,257	φ	2,391
MULTIFAMILY RENTAL HOUSING IMPROVEMENT FUND								
Assets								
Cash	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total Assets	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	
Total Liabilities	\$		\$		\$		\$	
SALARY FUND								
Assets								
Cash	\$	106	\$	683,871	\$	683,829	\$	148
Accounts Receivable		10		_		10		_
Total Assets	\$	116	\$	683,871	\$	683,839	\$	148
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	—	\$	_	\$	_	\$	—
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable		116		684,376		684,344		148
Total Liabilities	\$	116	\$	684,376	\$	684,344	\$	148

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

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AGENCY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	B Ja	Balance January 1		Additions		Deductions	Balance December 31	
VOUCHER FUND								
Assets								
Cash	\$	699	\$	3,771,298	\$	3,771,412	\$	585
Total Assets	\$	699	\$	3,771,298	\$	3,771,412	\$	585
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	699	\$	3,771,061	\$	3,771,175	\$	585
Total Liabilities	\$	699	\$	3,771,061	\$	3,771,175	\$	585
PASS-THROUGH GRANTS FUND								
Assets								
Cash	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total Assets	\$		\$		\$		\$	_
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Total Liabilities	\$		\$		\$		\$	
FILE LOCAL AGENCY FUND								
Assets								
Cash	\$		\$	173	\$	172	\$	1
Accounts Receivable	\$	_	\$	178	\$	130	\$	48
Total Assets	\$		\$	351	\$	302	\$	49
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	171	\$	122	\$	49
Total Liabilities	\$	_	\$	171	\$	122	\$	49
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
Assets								
Cash and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	10,653	\$	4,772,062	\$	4,772,455	\$	10,260
Accounts Receivable		11		180		143		48
Total Assets	\$	10,664	\$	4,772,242	\$	4,772,598	\$	10,308
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	844	\$	3,771,236	\$	3,771,298	\$	782
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable		2,600 7,207		996,356		996,580		2,376
Deposits Payable Claims/Judgments Payable		7,207 13		6,062 2		6,134		7,135 15
Total Liabilities	\$	10,664	\$	4,773,656	\$	4,774,012	\$	10,308
	-	.,	_	,	_	,,=	-	.,

Capital Assets

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE BY SOURCE

December 31, 2015

(In Thousands)

	2015			Restated 2014
CAPITAL ASSETS				
Land	\$	463,229	\$	462,749
Buildings		865,071		876,886
Improvements Other than Buildings		762,379		742,793
Equipment		144,520		138,755
Infrastructure		1,866,204		1,836,479
Construction in Progress		782,916		550,591
Other Capital Assets		17,894		17,774
Total Capital Assets	\$	4,902,213	\$	4,626,027
INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FROM				
General Fund	\$	324,934	\$	309,398
Special Revenue Funds		3,490,535		3,268,158
Capital Project Funds		978,537		942,440
Donations		108,207		106,031
Total Investment in Capital Assets	\$	4,902,213	\$	4,626,027

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The City of Seattle

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CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION

December 31, 2015

	Land]	Buildings	Improvements				
General Government	\$ 21,004	\$	103,365	\$	151			
Security of Persons and Property	_		_		_			
Transportation	115,688		67,993		231			
Economic Environment	1,305		_					
Judicial	_		_		_			
Culture and Recreation	 325,232		693,713		761,997			
Total	\$ 463,229	\$	865,071	\$	762,379			

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CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION

December 31, 2015

	Equipment	Inf	frastructure	0	ther Capital Assets	Total
General Government	\$ 27,074	\$	_	\$	_	151,594
Security of Persons and Property	80,610		_		_	80,610
Transportation	14,526		1,866,204		1,612	2,066,254
Economic Environment	515		—		—	1,820
Judicial	82		—		—	82
Culture and Recreation	 21,713				16,282	1,818,937
Total	\$ 144,520	\$	1,866,204	\$	17,894	4,119,297
Construction in Progress						 782,916
Total Investment in Capital Assets						\$ 4,902,213

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CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Restated Balance January 1	Additions		Deductions	Ι	Balance December 31
General Government	\$ 151,734	\$ 8	\$	148	\$	151,594
Security of Persons and Property	79,020	3,855		2,265		80,610
Transportation	2,034,543	31,822		111		2,066,254
Economic Environment	1,787	100		67		1,820
Judicial	82	_		—		82
Culture and Recreation	 1,808,270	 35,581		24,914		1,818,937
Total	4,075,436	71,366		27,505		4,119,297
Construction in Progress	 550,591	 294,762	_	62,437		782,916
Total Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 4,626,027	\$ 366,128	\$	89,942	\$	4,902,213

Statistics

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

The Statistical Section provides financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail for them to use in evaluating the information contained within the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information with the goal of providing the user a better understanding of the City's economic condition.

Financial Trends

These tables contain information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

- S-1 Net Position by Component
- S-2 Changes in Net Position
- S-3 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- S-4 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These tables contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.

- S-5 Tax Revenues by Source
- S-6 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- S-7 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
- S-8 Principal Property Taxpayers
- S-9 Principal Revenue Sources
- S-10 Property Tax Levies and Collections

Debt Capacity

These tables contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

- S-11 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
- S-12 Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding
- S-13 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
- S-14 Legal Debt Margin Information
- S-15 Pledged-Revenue Coverage

Demographic and Economic Information

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

- S-16 Demographic and Economic Statistics
- S-17 Principal Industries

Operating Information

These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

- S-18 Full-Time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Department/Office
- S-19 Operating Indicators by Department/Office
- S-20 Capital Asset Statistics by Department/Office Miscellaneous Statistics

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(In Thousands)

	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012		2011
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,144,486	3,085,306	2,880,124	2,783,738		2,627,462
Restricted	556,406	448,934	460,885	406,454		419,675
Unrestricted	 (398,596)	 (16,363)	 36,212	 (35,593)		(101,021)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 3,302,296	\$ 3,517,877	\$ 3,377,221	\$ 3,154,599	\$	2,946,116
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,915,893	1,750,495	1,508,831	1,391,130		1,243,622
Restricted	59,194	58,039	57,404	56,210		81,904
Unrestricted	 (153,822)	 253,427	274,388	 215,405		205,493
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 1,821,265	\$ 2,061,961	\$ 1,840,623	\$ 1,662,745	\$	1,531,019
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,060,379	4,835,801	4,388,955	4,174,868		3,871,084
Restricted	615,600	506,973	518,289	462,664		501,579
Unrestricted	 (552,418)	 237,064	 310,600	 179,812		104,472
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 5,123,561	\$ 5,579,838	\$ 5,217,844	\$ 4,817,344	\$	4,477,135
					_	

	 2010	 2009	 2008	 2007	 2006
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,513,808	2,350,564	2,184,161	2,011,575	1,825,203
Restricted	372,289	225,157	271,204	194,618	183,340
Unrestricted	 (98,786)	 146,711	 194,962	 322,784	 273,696
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 2,787,311	\$ 2,722,432	\$ 2,650,327	\$ 2,528,977	\$ 2,282,239
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,228,030	1,257,195	1,128,319	967,028	813,091
Restricted	79,372	71,801	63,913	48,561	59,161
Unrestricted	 106,013	 49,827	 166,634	 195,226	 234,582
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 1,413,415	\$ 1,378,823	\$ 1,358,866	\$ 1,210,815	\$ 1,106,834
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,741,838	3,607,759	3,312,480	2,978,603	2,638,294
Restricted	451,661	296,958	335,117	243,179	242,501
Unrestricted	 7,227	 196,538	 361,596	 518,010	 508,278
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 4,200,726	\$ 4,101,255	\$ 4,009,193	\$ 3,739,792	\$ 3,389,073

a In 2011, the City recognized its interpretation of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, relating to financial statement Net Position classifications was incorrect. A restatement was made for 2010 to allow for comparability to 2011. Restatements were not made to the presentation for years 2004-2009.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015	2014	2012	2012	2011
EXPENSES					
Governmental Activities					
General Government	\$ 208,638	\$ 189,034	\$ 161,041	\$ 164,040	\$ 179,498
Judicial	28,477	28,874	33,517	26,121	25,623
Public Safety	531,523	568,843	515,129	475,747	471,205
Physical Environment	4,351	5,853	10,740	6,357	10,697
Transportation	221,443	222,199	165,742	133,511	111,038
Economic Environment	138,878	138,169	125,191	125,917	101,242
Health and Human Services	94,122	76,562	71,256	65,266	71,399
Culture and Recreation	286,395	275,566	267,043	239,003	245,671
Interest on Long-Term Debt	32,694	31,170	26,417	39,998	40,425
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	1,546,521	1,536,270	1,376,076	1,275,960	1,256,798
Business-Type Activities					
Light	837,860	798,161	780,930	731,459	723,665
Water	228,241	221,944	215,600	203,610	198,929
Drainage and Wastewater	316,487	298,633	290,147	272,423	269,224
Solid Waste	173,312	159,501	156,653	150,115	149,157
Planning and Development	64,673	58,304	53,080	46,542	44,087
Downtown Parking Garage	7,401	7,458	8,159	7,701	7,740
Fiber Leasing Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	35	1,544,028	54	1,411,850	1,392,802
Total Primary Government Expenses		3,080,298	2,880,699	2,687,810	2,649,600
PROGRAM REVENUES	3,174,530	5,080,298	2,880,099	2,087,810	2,049,000
Governmental Activities					
Charges for Services	104 (51	01.011	95.022	70.040	72.0(0
General Government Judicial	104,651 30,030	91,011 31,256	85,923 40,545	79,048 33,748	73,960 33,048
Public Safety	26,227	25,733	40,545	33,748 19,277	33,048 18,939
Physical Environment	16	23,733	47		2
Transportation	67,948	101,074	100,830	81,972	64,331
Economic Environment	41,875	35,776	12,250	7,303	7,299
Health and Human Services	64	10	8		1,276
Culture and Recreation	70,360	72,873	67,116	53,450	50,273
Operating Grants and Contributions	136,981	123,986	135,407	130,377	136,679
Capital Grants and Contributions	29,358	37,895	42,468	48,092	47,503
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	507,510	519,692	503,839	453,267	433,310
Business-Type Activities					
Charges for Services					
Light	880,788	883,149	839,767	797,445	769,316
Water	251,977	242,786	235,114	213,164	194,342
Drainage and Wastewater	359,839	337,882	329,386	297,443	274,553
Solid Waste	174,365	157,495	159,741	156,927	154,159
Planning and Development	65,278	56,743	48,016	40,869	35,087
Downtown Parking Garage	7,885	7,434	7,019	6,588	5,937
Fiber Leasing	12	16	75	_	_
Operating Grants and Contributions	7,088	6,155	7,055	6,749	5,518
Capital Grants and Contributions	60,115	48,129	63,760	48,438	51,522
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	1,807,347	1,739,789	1,689,933	1,567,623	1,490,434
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	2,314,857	2,259,481	2,193,772	2,020,890	1,923,744
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE					
Governmental Activities	(1,039,011)	(1,016,578)	(872,237)	(822,693)	(823,488)
Business-Type Activities	179,338	195,761	185,310	155,773	97,632
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(859,673)	(820,817)	(686,927)	(666,920)	(725,856)

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CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	·	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
EXPENSES		2010	 2009	 2008	 2007	 2000
Governmental Activities						
General Government	\$	182,058	\$ 106,732	\$ 143,855	\$ 103,323	\$ 128,758
Judicial		26,298	27,526	26,762	24,030	20,344
Public Safety		476,861	473,527	455,701	396,669	354,083
Physical Environment		8,346	32,543	7,707	9,991	7,331
Transportation		122,376	137,015	127,872	124,493	87,610
Economic Environment		119,595	98,940	104,660	98,337	78,957
Health and Human Services		72,680	75,788	69,181	63,276	56,904
Culture and Recreation		258,639	249,160	257,578	224,455	215,081
Interest on Long-Term Debt		38,929	 36,825	 39,336	 34,048	 35,399
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		1,305,782	1,238,056	1,232,652	1,078,622	984,467
Business-Type Activities						
Light		730,758	733,405	791,837	764,786	699,164
Water		209,554	200,921	180,855	169,631	161,943
Drainage and Wastewater		245,589	244,295	231,318	225,833	199,378
Solid Waste		141,852	145,526	120,941	119,714	114,527
Planning and Development		47,699	55,954	56,882	56,139	50,203
Downtown Parking Garage Fiber Leasing		7,648	7,824	8,545	8,336	8,035
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		1,383,100	 1,387,925	 1,390,378	 1,344,439	 1,233,250
Total Primary Government Expenses		2,688,882	 2,625,981	2,623,030	 2,423,061	 2,217,717
PROGRAM REVENUES						
Governmental Activities						
Charges for Services						
General Government		60,333	58,127	102,697	69,636	51,071
Judicial		31,078	28,376	22,032	19,851	17,852
Public Safety		18,848	22,740	16,254	21,850	14,422
Physical Environment		1,985	1,745	1,632	1,660	1,587
Transportation		55,680	62,230	44,093	28,860	25,306
Economic Environment		4,419	11,922	17,440	25,100	7,519
Health and Human Services		9	9	12	17	62
Culture and Recreation		54,886	58,977	59,586	57,283	62,768
Operating Grants and Contributions		118,619	104,382	95,236	93,184	93,850
Capital Grants and Contributions		56,377	 36,834	 31,527	 31,577	 52,174
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		402,234	385,342	390,509	349,018	326,611
Business-Type Activities						
Charges for Services						
Light		729,650	717,775	872,099	829,679	817,310
Water		194,987	190,283	163,996	159,967	153,171
Drainage and Wastewater		245,959	244,773	216,957	201,139	186,118
Solid Waste		146,944	135,393	124,353	121,913	112,474
Planning and Development		28,627	33,379	42,929	49,471	44,655
Downtown Parking Garage Fiber Leasing		6,580	6,862	6,530	6,805	6,608
Operating Grants and Contributions		5,953	4,789	4,099	6,208	2,412
Capital Grants and Contributions		41,846	59,983	81,425	53,063	49,437
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		1,400,546	 1,393,237	 1,512,388	 1,428,245	 1,372,185
Total Primary Government Program Revenues		1,802,780	 1,778,579	 1,902,897	1,777,263	1,698,796
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE						
Governmental Activities		(903,548)	(852,714)	(842,143)	(729,604)	(657,856)
Business-Type Activities		17,446	 5,312	 122,010	 83,806	 138,935
Total Primary Government Net Expense		(886,102)	 (847,402)	(720,133)	(645,798)	(518,921)

Table S-2 Page 3 of 4

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015	2014	2012		2012	2011
GENERAL REVENUES, SPECIAL ITEM, AND TRANSFERS	 		 	_		
Governmental Activities						
Taxes						
Property Taxes	\$ 420,691	\$ 431,458	\$ 423,927	\$	412,872	\$ 397,288
Sales Taxes	239,189	199,735	181,171		169,681	158,582
Business Taxes	454,086	431,437	408,913		358,931	339,703
Excise Taxes	101,098	65,364	61,524		54,637	35,203
Other Taxes	17,733	16,770	11,240		44,352	39,014
Penalties and Interest on Delinquent Taxes	_	4,091	3,596		2,795	3,240
Unrestricted Investment Earnings (Loss)	9,202	11,791	(1,663)		6,458	5,536
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	9,071	1,761	17,012		1,502	14,224
Transfers	(8,931)	(11,512)	(10,861)		(10,095)	(9,373)
Total Governmental Activities	 1,242,139	 1,150,895	 1,094,859		1,041,133	 983,417
Business-Type Activities						
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	13,938	16,254	4,204		11,789	11,078
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	2,767	2,759	1,672		619	924
Special Item - Environmental Remediation	(4,975)	(4,949)	(24,169)		(37,066)	538
Transfers	8,931	11,512	10,861		10,095	9,373
Total Business-Type Activities	20,661	25,576	(7,432)		(14,563)	21,913
Total Primary Government	1,262,800	1,176,471	1,087,427		1,026,570	1,005,330
CHANGES IN NET POSITION						
Governmental Activities	203,128	134,317	222,622		218,440	159,929
Business-Type Activities	199,999	221,337	177,878		141,210	119,545
Total Primary Government	\$ 403,127	\$ 355,654	\$ 400,500	\$	359,650	\$ 279,474

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CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
GENERAL REVENUES, SPECIAL ITEM, AND TRANSFERS	 	 	 		
Governmental Activities					
Taxes					
Property Taxes	\$ 391,798	\$ 388,341	\$ 368,515	\$ 359,651	\$ 318,490
Sales Taxes	146,970	150,515	171,917	171,846	155,311
Business Taxes	331,570	329,572	330,369	332,238	311,015
Excise Taxes	28,815	27,710	36,091	76,918	58,397
Other Taxes	31,119	28,582	25,395	12,765	4,929
Penalties and Interest on Delinquent Taxes	3,475	3,867	2,410	4,276	3,349
Unrestricted Investment Earnings (Loss)	4,685	8,898	24,140	33,155	22,021
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	40,095	(2,422)	15,461	891	35,353
Transfers	(10,100)	(10,245)	(10,803)	(10,612)	(9,260)
Total Governmental Activities	968,427	 924,818	 963,495	 981,128	 899,605
Business-Type Activities					
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	8,796	4,837	13,530	19,106	16,241
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	198	4,495	1,708	276	1,823
Special Item - Environmental Remediation	(1,948)	(4,289)	_	_	_
Transfers	10,100	10,245	10,803	10,612	9,260
Total Business-Type Activities	17,146	15,288	26,041	29,994	27,324
Total Primary Government	985,573	940,106	989,536	1,011,122	926,929
CHANGES IN NET POSITION					
Governmental Activities	64,879	72,104	121,352	251,524	241,749
Business-Type Activities	34,592	20,600	148,051	113,800	166,259
Total Primary Government	\$ 99,471	\$ 92,704	\$ 269,403	\$ 365,324	\$ 408,008

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(In Thousands)

		2015	2014	2013		2012	2011
GENERAL FUND Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Reserved	\$	474 136,627 97,296 5,767 143,763	\$ 473 99,991 76,493 5,685 134,492	\$ 375 99,659 83,155 5,325 120,446	\$	555 82,520 79,508 6,417 105,992	\$ 572 58,917 58,713 6,808 79,765
Unreserved		_	_	_		_	_
Total General Fund	\$	383,927	\$ 317,134	\$ 308,960	\$	274,992	\$ 204,775
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS					_		
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$	3,227 417,732 68,947 11,004 (34,159)	\$ 4,224 346,891 60,612 9,933 (59,231)	\$ 3,959 359,172 49,829 7,661 (22,328)	\$	2,618 321,884 40,248 12,583 (13,991)	\$ 2,714 358,710 60,156 8,816 (12,064)
Reserved Unreserved, Reported in Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds Permanent Funds							
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	466,751	\$ 362,429	\$ 398,293	\$	363,342	\$ 418,332
GENERAL FUND Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$	401 63,695 44,240 17,958 53,147	\$ 2009	\$ 2008	\$	2007	\$ 2006
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Reserved	\$	401 63,695 44,240 17,958	\$ 	\$ 140,325	\$	 129,350	\$
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$	401 63,695 44,240 17,958 53,147 —	 	 140,325 131,085		 129,350 197,678	
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Reserved Unreserved	\$ 	401 63,695 44,240 17,958	\$ 	\$ 140,325	\$	 129,350	\$
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Reserved Unreserved Total General Fund	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	401 63,695 44,240 17,958 53,147 —	 	 140,325 131,085		 129,350 197,678	
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Reserved Unreserved Total General Fund ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	\$	401 63,695 44,240 17,958 53,147 — <u>179,441</u> 2,447 306,545 41,379 7,910	\$ 	\$ 140,325 131,085	\$	 129,350 197,678	\$

a Beginning in fiscal year 2010, fund balance categories were changed to conform to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 54. Fund balance was not restated to the new categories for prior years.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Page 1 of 2

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

REVENUES	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	()	* 1 1 10 1 0 0	A 1 000 400	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* • • • • • • • • • •
Taxes	\$ 1,233,133	\$ 1,149,120	\$ 1,083,499	\$ 1,044,608	\$ 973,181
Licenses and Permits	34,138	30,093	27,135	25,238	22,966
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	161,159	161,361	184,784	177,775	167,813
Charges for Services	225,056	221,187	200,847	182,595	167,644
Fines and Forfeits	39,009	37,142	41,107	34,340	34,066
Parking Fees and Space Rent	67,444	63,891	62,463	57,107	51,004
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	59,401	86,757	45,462	43,649	39,706
Total Revenues	1,819,340	1,749,551	1,645,297	1,565,312	1,456,380
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	224,721	204,662	191,829	180,187	193,697
Judicial	29,351	29,158	27,642	26,654	25,855
Public Safety	537,068	525,778	494,011	461,235	451,734
Physical Environment	7,314	7,409	11,935	7,748	11,190
Transportation	155,689	114,737	97,676	92,212	90,966
Economic Environment	141,721	140,079	128,644	128,711	106,234
Health and Human Services	96,268	78,024	73,151	67,103	73,100
Culture and Recreation	268,979	245,358	231,694	216,508	211,523
Capital Outlay General Government	29,958	35,599	22,220	10,684	13,862
Judicial	29,938	55,599	22,220	10,084	15,802
Public Safety	13,097	25,162	21,100	27,743	8,320
Physical Environment				27,745	0,520
Transportation	278,151	278,550	234,188	228,272	167,590
Economic Environment		6		69	
Culture and Recreation	35,712	55,133	85,690	55,507	50,383
Debt Service	,	,	,	,	*
Principal	50,709	61,745	56,194	53,523	47,909
Advance Refunding to Escrow	_	_	—	_	—
Interest	28,999	26,571	26,206	25,339	26,754
Bond Issuance Cost	1,946	259	822	258	369
Other				305	
Total Expenditures	1,899,683	1,828,230	1,703,002	1,582,058	1,479,486
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues over Expenditures	(80,343)	(78,679)	(57,705)	(16,746)	(23,106)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Long-Term Debt Issued	350,255	50,455	101,115	108,085	79,433
Refunding Debt Issued	,	,	43,945		,
Premium on Bonds Issued	40,113	4,150	9,377	21,140	5,181
Capital Leases Issued	_	_	_	_	_
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	(155,030)	_	(44,503)	(91,574)	—
Sales of Capital Assets	19,231	2,128	22,904	2,282	41,161
Transfers In	498,582	442,666	375,772	334,611	292,224
Transfers Out	(501,695)	(448,411)	(381,986)	(342,571)	(297,597)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	251,456	50,988	126,624	31,973	120,402
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 171,113	\$ (27,691)	\$ 68,919	\$ 15,227	\$ 97,296
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	4.99 %	5.81 %	5.93 %	6.26 %	5.91 %

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CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(In Thousands)

	2010		2009	2008	2007	2006
REVENUES					 	
Taxes	\$ 933,641	\$	927,287	\$ 934,544	\$ 957,242	\$ 851,366
Licenses and Permits	26,514		28,298	29,091	33,439	28,348
Grants, Shared Revenues, and Contributions	179,842		173,231	133,772	130,869	158,922
Charges for Services	171,509		157,081	142,797	149,049	125,245
Fines and Forfeits	32,300		29,645	25,572	22,701	21,230
Parking Fees and Space Rent	46,858		42,404	37,961	38,029	44,742
Program Income, Interest, and Miscellaneous Revenues	26,037		34,011	 102,077	 81,200	 46,892
Total Revenues	1,416,701		1,391,957	1,405,814	1,412,529	1,276,745
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	203,607		202,974	195,947	154,672	160,282
Judicial	26,300		26,812	26,584	24,142	20,569
Public Safety	445,002		431,413	421,105	377,367	352,395
Physical Environment	9,058		16,528	8,454	10,752	7,574
Transportation	93,381		111,531	107,532	95,474	82,612
Economic Environment	123,430		103,462	109,903	103,350	83,327
Health and Human Services	73,956		76,471	70,032	64,490	58,723
Culture and Recreation	233,284		223,340	215,458	199,214	191,618
Capital Outlay	16 700		24 (51	12 052	16 000	42 (01
General Government Judicial	16,799		24,651	12,953	16,823	42,691
Public Safety	21,815		20,781	12,643	38,345	3,928
Physical Environment	21,015		20,781	12,045	10	5,928
Transportation	169,636		179,231	100,636	105,079	80,913
Economic Environment	5		28	22	270	16
Culture and Recreation	63,521		72,905	72,322	88,641	85,438
Debt Service	,		,	, _,=	,	,
Principal	45,826		43,064	51,855	61,236	71,672
Advance Refunding to Escrow	_		6	35,152	6,270	_
Interest	24,596		24,191	35,738	34,923	37,599
Bond Issuance Cost	1,303		727	632	256	380
Other			_	 _	 _	 177
Total Expenditures	1,551,519		1,558,115	 1,476,973	 1,381,314	 1,279,914
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues over Expenditures	(134,818)		(166,158)	(71,159)	31,215	(3,169)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Long-Term Debt Issued	85,325		87,810	84,960	36,365	49,635
Refunding Debt Issued	115,185		4,390	54,870	60,870	2,195
Premium on Bonds Issued	13,270		8,152	7,545	4,178	378
Capital Leases Issued	,		20			_
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	(125,170)		(4,735)	(56,920)	(62,535)	(2,253)
Sales of Capital Assets	21,310		624	408	4,348	35,756
Transfers In	298,519		371,345	350,078	306,914	282,578
Transfers Out	(304,618)		(373,971)	 (332,266)	 (288,087)	 (287,529)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	103,821		93,635	108,675	 62,053	 80,760
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (30,997)	\$	(72,523)	\$ 37,516	\$ 93,268	\$ 77,591
Debt Service as a Percentage of	_					
Noncapital Expenditures	5.28%)	5.28%	6.72%	8.39%	10.16%

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(In Thousands)

Year	General Property Tax	Retail Sales and Use Tax		Business Tax		Excise Tax		Other Taxes		То	otal Taxes
2006	\$ 318,366	\$	155,311	\$	311,015	\$	58,572	\$	8,103	\$	851,367
2007	359,651		171,846		332,238		76,918		16,589		957,242
2008	368,362		171,917		332,779		36,091		25,395		934,544
2009	387,041		150,515		329,572		27,710		32,449		927,287
2010	391,692		146,970		331,570		28,815		34,594		933,641
2011	397,439		158,582		339,703		35,203		42,254		973,181
2012	420,763		169,681		358,931		54,637		44,352		1,048,364
2013	423,928		181,171		408,913		61,525		11,240		1,086,777
2014	431,458		199,735		431,437		65,364		16,770		1,144,764
2015	420,691		239,189		454,086		101,098		17,733		1,232,797

Table S-6

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Assessed		Estimated Actu n Thousands)	al V	alue ^a	Total	Average	A	ssessed
Fiscal Year				Total		Direct Tax Rate	Annual Growth	Value Per Capita		
2006	\$	91,625,334	\$	4,081,299	\$	95,706,633	3.378%	8.41%	\$	165.382
2007		101,522,467		4,686,021		106,208,488	3.221%	10.97		181.181
2008		116,641,027		4,980,103		121,621,130	2.774%	14.51		205.164
2009		132,576,786		5,254,068		137,830,854	2.581%	13.33		228.955
2010		118,370,062		5,314,253		123,684,315	2.925%	(10.26)		203.208
2011		114,979,131		5,137,695		120,116,826	3.061%	(2.88)		196.237
2012		111,723,359		5,073,531		116,796,890	3.276%	(2.76)		189.452
2013		111,788,855		5,206,658		116,995,513	3.286%	0.17		186.715
2014		122,999,095		5,206,658		128,205,753	3.048%	9.58		200.165
2015		139,229,729		5,284,205		144,513,933	2.624%	12.72		218.167

a Real property has been assessed at 100 percent of estimated actual value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES^a

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Mills or Dollars per Thousand of Assessed Value)

		City of	Seattle			Overla	pping				
Year of Levy	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	City Total	State	County ^b	School	Port of Seattle	Total	Dollars Levied ^c (\$1,000)	Annual Growth
2006	2.230	0.870	0.278	3.378	2.498	1.329	2.192	0.233	9.630	\$ 921,573	2.2%
2007	1.878	1.091	0.252	3.221	2.325	1.496	2.006	0.232	9.280	985,615	6.9
2008	1.697	0.904	0.173	2.774	2.132	1.663	1.895	0.224	8.688	1,056,632	7.2
2009	1.551	0.896	0.134	2.581	1.963	1.513	1.718	0.197	7.972	1,098,723	4.0
2010	1.784	1.005	0.136	2.925	2.222	1.694	1.985	0.216	9.042	1,118,329	1.8
2011	1.875	1.038	0.148	3.061	2.280	1.751	2.342	0.224	9.658	1,160,092	3.7
2012	1.968	1.161	0.147	3.276	2.422	1.837	2.400	0.230	10.165	1,187,240	2.3
2013	1.902	1.246	0.138	3.286	2.567	1.976	2.447	0.233	10.509	1,229,506	3.6
2014	1.801	1.107	0.140	3.048	2.470	2.008	2.549	0.215	10.290	1,319,452	7.3
2015	1.625	0.868	0.130	2.623	2.285	1.789	2.391	0.189	9.277	1,345,016	1.9

a Source: King County Assessor and City of Seattle Budget Office.

For the purposes of this table the City's share of the Countywide Emergency Medical Service (EMS) levy is included in the County's tax levy rate. EMS rate is b 0.302 in 2015.

c Actual dollars levied may differ slightly from this figure due to certain property tax exemptions for low-income, elderly, and handicapped property owners.

Table S-8

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS^d

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2015			2006	
Taxpayer ^e	Assesso Valuatio (In Millio	on ^f	Percentage of Assessed Valuation	Rank	Assessed Valuation ^f (In Millions)	Percentage of Assessed Valuation	Rank
Union Square Limited Partnership	\$ (657.0	0.40%	1	\$ 455.5	0.43%	1
GC Columbia (formerly Columbia Center Property)	4	531.5	0.32	2			
1201 Tab Owner LLC (formerly Wright Runstad)	4	501.1	0.31	3	344.9	0.32	5
FSP-RIC LLC (formerly Northwestern Mutual Life Ins.)	2	465.7	0.29	4			
City Centre Associates JV	4	408.5	0.26	5	285.5	0.27	6
Teachers Insurance & Annuity	3	356.9	0.22	6			
999 Third Avenue Property	3	818.8	0.19	7			
Seattle Sheraton	3	313.6	0.19	8			
Qwest Corporation	3	309.3	0.19	9	425.0	0.40	3
Essex Portfolio LP	2	298.4	0.18	10			
Bank of America					444.1	0.42	2
The Boeing Company					414.5	0.39	4
Martin Selig					209.1	0.20	7
Block 24 Seattle LTD LP					159.2	0.15	8
Puget Sound Energy-Gas/Electric					132.1	0.12	9
Starwood Hotel & Resorts (Westin Hotel)					125.1	0.12	10

^d Source: King County Assessor.

• The above listing includes taxpayers paying real and personal property taxes as property owners. It does not include taxpayers paying leasehold excise taxes based on rental payments for property they lease from other entities.

^f Assessed valuations for taxes collected in the succeeding year.

Table S-9

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PRINCIPAL REVENUE SOURCES

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

(In Thousands)

			2015		2006				
Customer Name	Amount		Percent of Revenue	Rank	Amount		Percent of Revenue	Rank	
University of Washington	\$	23,160	3.22%	1	\$	16,465	2.82%	2	
City of Seattle		22,153	3.08	2		6,484	1.11	6	
Nucor Corporation		21,869	3.04	3		18,296	3.14	1	
Boeing Company		16,142	2.25	4		14,355	2.46	3	
King County ^b		10,591	1.47	5		5,712	0.98	7	
International Gateway/Sabey		9,372	1.30	6		7,744	1.33	4	
US Government		7,195	1.00	7		6,631	1.40	5	
2001 Sixth LLC		6,646	0.92	8		_	_	_	
Saint Gobain		6,369	0.89	9		_	_	—	
Martin Selig Properties		5,468	0.76	10		_	_	_	
Equity Office Properties						4,596	0.79	8	
Unico Properties/Union Square Ltd.						4,098	0.70	9	
Seattle Public Schools						3,133	0.54	10	
Fotal Top Ten	\$	128,965	17.93%		\$	87,514	15.27%		

a Seattle City Light billing records.

b Revenue for King County included Metro Transit due to the merger of King County and Metro Transit in 2004.

		WA	ſER [¢]							
	2015					2006 ^d				
Customer Name	Amount		Percent of Revenue	Rank	Amount		Percent of Revenue	Rank		
Cascade Water Alliance	\$	19,909	7.90%	1	\$	14,148	15.41%	1		
Northshore Utility District		5,121	2.03	2		4,351	4.74	2		
City Of Seattle		4,595	1.82	3		2,297	2.50	5		
Highline Water District		4,571	1.81	4		3,385	3.69	3		
University of Washington		4,400	1.75	5		2,076	2.26	7		
Soos Creek Water and Sewer District		3,453	1.37	6		3,357	3.66	4		
Port of Seattle		3,333	1.32	7		1,583	1.72	10		
Woodinville Water District		3,182	1.26	8		2,141	2.33	6		
Seattle Housing Authority		2,566	1.02	9		_	_	_		
King County Water District #20		2,330	0.92	10		1,866	2.03	8		
Cedar River Water and Sewer District						1,784	1.94	9		
Total Top Ten	\$	53,460	21.20%		\$	36,988	40.28%	-		

c Source: Seattle Public Utilities (SPU) billing records.

d Using data from the 2006 CAFR.

Table S-9 Page 2 of 2

PRINCIPAL REVENUE SOURCES

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

(In Thousands)

DRAINAGE AND WASTEWATER^a

			2015		2006 ^b					
Customer Name	A	mount	Percent of Revenue	Rank	Amount		Percent of Revenue	Rank		
City of Seattle	\$	9.518	2.62%	1	\$	3.469	2.68%	2		
University of Washington		9.443	2.60	2		5.02	3.88	1		
Seattle Housing Authority		5.614	1.54	3		1.845	1.43	4		
Port of Seattle		5.32	1.46	4		1.883	1.46	3		
King County		3.478	0.96	5		1.522	1.18	5		
Seattle Tunnel Partners		2.328	0.64	6		0	0.00	0		
Seattle Public Schools		2.027	0.56	7		1.312	1.01	6		
Equity Residential Property		1.673	0.46	8		_	_	_		
Stanwood Hotel/Resort Group		1.589	0.44	9		_	_	_		
BNSF Rwy Co.		1.545	0.42	10		0.507	0.39	10		
The Boeing Company						0.712	0.55	7		
Swedish Medical Center						0.651	0.50	8		
Harborview Medical Center						0.556	0.43	9		
Total Top Ten	\$	42.535	11.70%		\$	17.477	13.51%	•		

a Source: Seattle Public Utilities (SPU) billing records.

b Using data from the 2006 CAFR.

		SOLID	WASTE ^c						
			2015		2006 ^d				
Customer Name	Amount		Percent of Revenue	Rank	Amount		Percent of Revenue	Rank	
City of Seattle	\$	1,203	0.69%	1	\$	474	0.42%	1	
Starbucks		839	0.48	2		_	—	_	
Fred Mayer/QFC		764	0.44	3		_	_	—	
Goodwill Industries		672	0.38	4		287	0.26	3	
Swedish Medical Group		593	0.34	5		222	0.20	5	
King County		505	0.29	6		_	_	—	
Safeway		493	0.28	7		_	_	—	
Seattle Housing Authority		480	0.27	8		323	0.29	2	
Pike Place Market		438	0.25	9		211	0.19	6	
Vigor Marine		368	0.21	10		_	_	—	
VW Vender Haul						243	0.22	4	
Harbor View Environment Services						198	0.18	7	
Virginia Mason Hospital						182	0.16	8	
Associated Grocers						152	0.14	9	
Pacific Place						150	0.13	10	
Total Top Ten	\$	6,355	3.63%		\$	2,442	2.19%	-	

c Source: Seattle Public Utilities (SPU) billing records.

d Using data from the 2006 CAFR.

Table S-10

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Collected v Fiscal Year						Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal Year	Original Levy	Adjusted Levy ^a	Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy	Ad	ibsequent ljustments to Date	Net Levy to Date	ubsequent Collections	Amount	Percentage of Net Levy
2006	\$321,085,515	\$ 320,407,560	\$314,611,894	98.19%	\$	(278,157)	\$320,129,403	\$ 5,543,313	\$320,155,207	100.01%
2007	361,810,037	360,253,854	354,036,495	98.27		(185,735)	360,068,119	5,941,209	359,977,704	99.97
2008	371,971,172	370,579,618	363,923,901	98.20		(64,844)	370,514,774	6,505,802	370,429,703	99.98
2009	391,665,366	389,564,212	382,220,305	98.11		(73,322)	389,490,890	7,228,100	389,448,405	99.99
2010	396,716,770	394,203,623	387,023,382	98.18		84,982	394,288,605	7,223,646	394,247,028	99.99
2011	401,332,061	399,082,252	392,544,843	98.36		(117,465)	398,964,787	6,422,011	398,966,854	100.00
2012	417,706,022	415,720,650	408,919,797	98.36		(105,292)	415,615,358	6,609,524	415,529,321	99.98
2013	419,470,830	418,268,215	411,963,480	98.49		49,920	418,318,135	5,649,791	417,613,271	99.83
2014	433,746,570	432,690,228	426,568,295	98.59		231,962	432,922,190	4,462,802	431,031,097	99.56
2015	422,696,019	421,442,544	416,061,811	98.72		—	421,442,544	_	416,061,811	98.72

 ${}_{a}\;$ Net of initial adjustments in year of levy.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands, except Per Capita)

Governmental	Activities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Premiums, Discounts, and Other Adjustments	Net General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	Notes and Contracts	Capital Leases
2006	746,365	13,992	760,357	21,925	24,494	1
2007	720,025	16,540	736,565	20,545	21,923	
2008	721,160	22,222	743,382	19,205	19,738	-
2009	771,065	27,622	798,687	17,705	18,854	1
2010	801,695	37,260	838,955	15,735	16,582	1
2011	822,110	38,185	860,295	14,305	14,662	1
2012	772,950	56,070	829,020	13,005	18,748	
2013	809,060	53,919	862,979	13,005	16,631	
2014	816,060	55,218	871,278	10,395	14,580	10
2015	965,310	81,337	1,046,647	8,825	12,668	15

Revenue Bonds

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Light and Power Bonds	Water Bonds	Drainage and Wastewater Bonds	Solid Waste Bonds	Premiums, Discounts, and Other Adjustments	Net General Obligation Bonds and Revenue Bonds
2006	70,023	1,409,215	861,670	334,625	17,325	70,489	2,763,347
2007	65,702	1,342,460	841,785	325,460	91,695	72,489	2,739,591
2008	64,524	1,529,375	1,025,480	402,035	87,005	74,336	3,182,755
2009	63,319	1,383,050	903,985	513,070	80,470	69,123	3,013,017
2010	62,093	1,536,775	1,006,300	499,785	78,491	119,651	3,303,095
2011	60,846	1,680,095	977,160	486,610	122,165	126,463	3,453,339
2012	59,589	1,778,600	919,640	540,495	119,205	221,756	3,639,285
2013	58,327	1,863,325	887,010	525,280	115,875	215,007	3,664,824
2014	56,470	1,903,845	853,465	618,895	166,875	249,395	3,848,945
2015	53,520	2,070,780	851,565	600,680	197,810	281,073	4,055,428

Business-Type Activities				
Solid Waste Revenue Anticipation Notes	Notes and Contracts			
23,576	10,942			
_	7,048			
_	20,240			
_	23,861			
_	34,107			
_	36,222			
_	34,753			
_	35,606			
_	33,889			
_	38,907			
	Solid Waste Revenue Anticipation Notes			

	Primary Government							
Fiscal Year	Total	Percentage of Personal Income ^a	Debt Per Capita	Total Personal Income ^a				
2006	3,604,656	12.84	6,229	28,079,681				
2007	3,525,675	11.33	6,014	31,104,558				
2008	3,985,320	13.84	6,723	28,803,559				
2009	3,872,142	13.26	6,432	29,201,816				
2010	4,208,488	14.50	6,914	29,019,204				
2011	4,378,833	14.60	7,154	29,987,391				
2012	4,534,817	12.04	7,356	37,652,394				
2013	4,593,047	11.42	7,330	40,204,185				
2014	4,779,192	11.94	7,462	40,019,009				
2015	5,162,626	N/A	7,794	N/A				

a Personal income data is not available for 2015.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Governmental Activities		
Fiscal Year	General Bond Outstand (In Thous	ding	Externally Restricted Fund Balance (In Thousands)	Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding (In Thousands)	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property ^a	Per Capita
2006		746,365	15,724	744,633	0.78%	1,
2007		720,025	15,216	721,349	0.68	1,
2008		721,160	14,288	729,094	0.60	1
2009		771,065	11,220	787,467	0.57	1.
2010		801,695	9,804	829,151	0.67	1.
2011		822,110	9,653	850,642	0.73	1
2012		772,950	9,719	819,301	0.70	1
2013		809,060	9,775	853,204	0.67	1
2014		816,060	10,131	861,147	0.59	1.
2015		965,310	10,672	1,035,975	0.63	1
				Business-Type Activities		
Fiscal Year	General Bond Outstand (In Thous	ling ^b	Premiums, Discounts, and Other Adjustments (In Thousands)	Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding (In Thousands)	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property a	Per Capita
2006	(111 11005	70,023	N/A		N/A	i ci cupitu
2008		70,023 65,702	4,159	,	0.07	
2007		63,702 64,524	3,961		0.07	
		-				
2009		63,319	3,763		0.05	
2010		62,093	3,564		0.05	
2011		60,846	3,366		0.05	
2012		59,589	3,168		0.05	
2013		58,327	2,970		0.05	
2014		56,470	2,772		0.04	
2015		53,520	2,574	56,094	0.03	
			Annual	Business-Type Activities Net	Percentage of Debt Service to Net	
-	Fiscal Year	Debt S	ervice Payments	Operating Income ^a	Operating Income ^c	
			4,907	4,462	109.97%	
	2006					
	2007		5,151	4,599	112.00	
					112.00 112.99	
	2007		5,151	4,599		
	2007 2008		5,151 4,654	4,599 4,119	112.99	
	2007 2008 2009		5,151 4,654 4,625	4,599 4,119 4,351	112.99 106.30	
	2007 2008 2009 2010		5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097	112.99 106.30 111.74	
	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011		5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72	
	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012		5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80	
	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013		5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27	
	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014		5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20	
	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	0	5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634 4,843	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20 Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	
-	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	0	5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796 5,773	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634 4,843 Primary Government Externally Restricted Fund Balance	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20 Net General Bonded Debt	
-	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Fiscal Year 2006	0	5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796 5,773 al Bonded Debt ttstanding ^b Thousands)	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634 4,634 4,843 Primary Government Externally Restricted Fund Balance (In Thousands)	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20 Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding (In Thousands) 814,656	
-	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Fiscal Year	0	5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796 5,773 al Bonded Debt ttstanding ^b Thousands)	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634 4,843 Primary Government Externally Restricted Fund Balance (In Thousands) 15,724 15,216	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20 Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding (In Thousands)	
-	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Fiscal Year 2006 2007 2008	0	5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796 5,773 al Bonded Debt ttstanding b Thousands) 830,380 806,426 811,867	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634 4,843 Primary Government Externally Restricted Fund Balance (In Thousands) 15,724 15,216 14,288	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20 Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding (In Thousands) 814,656 791,210 797,579	
-	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Fiscal Year 2006 2007 2008 2009	0	5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796 5,773 al Bonded Debt ttstanding b Thousands) 830,380 806,426 811,867 865,769	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634 4,843 Primary Government Externally Restricted Fund Balance (In Thousands) 15,724 15,216 14,288 11,220	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20 Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding (In Thousands) 814,656 791,210 797,579 854,549	
- -	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Fiscal Year 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	0	5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796 5,773 al Bonded Debt ttstanding b Thousands)	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634 4,843 Primary Government Externally Restricted Fund Balance (In Thousands) 15,724 15,216 14,288 11,220 9,804	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20 Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding (In Thousands) 814,656 791,210 797,579 854,549 894,808	
-	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Fiscal Year 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011	0	5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796 5,773 al Bonded Debt ttstanding b Thousands)	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634 4,843 Primary Government Externally Restricted Fund Balance (In Thousands) 15,724 15,216 14,288 11,220 9,804 9,653	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20 Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding (In Thousands) 814,656 791,210 797,579 854,549 894,808 914,854	
-	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Fiscal Year 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2011 2012	0	5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796 5,773 al Bonded Debt ttstanding ^b Thousands) 830,380 806,426 811,867 865,769 904,612 924,507 891,777	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634 4,843 Primary Government Externally Restricted Fund Balance (In Thousands) 15,724 15,216 14,288 11,220 9,804 9,653 9,719	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20 Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding (In Thousands) 814,656 791,210 797,579 854,549 894,808 914,854 882,058	
-	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Fiscal Year 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2010 2011 2012 2013	0	5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796 5,773 al Bonded Debt ttstanding ^b Thousands) 830,380 806,426 811,867 865,769 904,612 924,507 891,777 924,276	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634 4,843 Primary Government Externally Restricted Fund Balance (In Thousands) 15,724 15,216 14,288 11,220 9,804 9,653 9,719 9,775	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20	
-	2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Fiscal Year 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2011 2012	0	5,151 4,654 4,625 4,578 4,520 4,438 4,337 4,796 5,773 al Bonded Debt ttstanding ^b Thousands) 830,380 806,426 811,867 865,769 904,612 924,507 891,777	4,599 4,119 4,351 4,097 3,282 3,866 3,863 4,634 4,843 Primary Government Externally Restricted Fund Balance (In Thousands) 15,724 15,216 14,288 11,220 9,804 9,653 9,719	112.99 106.30 111.74 137.72 114.80 112.27 103.50 119.20 Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding (In Thousands) 814,656 791,210 797,579 854,549 894,808 914,854 882,058	

^a Starting in 2011, estimated actual value of taxable property in the succeeding year is used for calculation.

b General obligation bond debt service for the Downtown Parking Garage is being paid for by user fee revenues derived from the garage. The ultimate recourse for the payment of these bonds remains with the City's General Fund.

^c Excludes amortization.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

December 31, 2015

Governmental Unit	Οι	Net Debt Outstanding (In Thousands)		Amount Applicable to Seattle (In Thousands)
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes				
King County ^b	\$	825,939	37.38%	308,736
Port of Seattle		305,535	37.38	114,209
Seattle School District No. 001		44,825	99.47	44,587
Highline School District No. 401		240,464	0.01	24
Subtotal Overlapping Debt		1,416,763		467,556
City of Seattle Direct Debt		1,068,291	100.00	1,068,291
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	2,485,054		\$ 1,535,847

a Percentage rates were provided by King County except for City of Seattle.

b Excludes proprietary fund debt, public facilities debt financed from special taxes and hotel and motel tax-financed debt.

Table S-14

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

	General Capacity ^a		Special Purpo		
Ъ	Councilmanic (1.5% of Assessed Value)	Voter-Approved (2.5% of Assessed Value)	Open Spaces and Parks (2.5% of Assessed Value)	Utility Purposes (2.5% of Assessed Value)	Total Capacity
Latest Certified Assessed Value - \$163,924,328					
2.50% of Assessed Value	\$ —	\$ 4,098,108,215	\$ 4,098,108,215	\$ 4,098,108,215	\$ 12,294,324,645
1.50% of Assessed Value	2,458,864,929	(2,458,864,929)			
	2,458,864,929	1,639,243,286	4,098,108,215	4,098,108,215	12,294,324,645
Statutory Debt Limit Less Debt Outstanding ^c					
Bonds	(730,020,000)	(288,810,000)	—	—	(1,018,830,000)
Guarantee on PDA Bonds	(51,040,000)	—	—	—	(51,040,000)
Public Works Trust Fund Loans	(12,667,616)	—	—	—	(12,667,616)
Compensated Absences	(91,401,695)				(91,401,695)
Total Debt Outstanding	(885,129,311)	(288,810,000)	—	—	(1,173,939,311)
Add:					
Available Net Position In Redemption Funds	9,796,177	875,355	—	—	10,671,532
Compensated Absences for Sick Leave	13,214,000				13,214,000
Net Debt Outstanding	(862,119,134)	(287,934,645)			(1,150,053,779)
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	\$ 1,596,745,795	\$ 1,351,308,641	\$ 4,098,108,215	\$ 4,098,108,215	\$ 11,144,270,866

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Percentage of Net Debt to Debt Limit
2006	7,965,636,558	943,898,454	7,021,738,104	11.85
2007	9,121,584,801	923,986,450	8,197,598,351	10.13
2008	10,337,314,041	925,481,168	9,411,832,873	8.95
2009	9,276,323,568	976,777,408	8,299,546,160	10.53
2010	9,008,761,941	1,005,384,736	8,003,377,205	11.16
2011	8,812,740,984	1,019,769,381	7,792,971,603	11.57
2012	8,826,489,180	986,832,122	7,839,657,058	11.18
2013	9,661,067,622	1,010,440,022	8,650,627,600	10.46
2014	10,881,878,356	1,011,446,510	9,870,431,846	9.29
2015	12,294,324,646	1,150,053,778	11,144,270,868	9.35

Legal debt limits are established by the state constitution and by statutes, including RCW 39.36.020 and 35.42.200. The prescribed limits prohibit the City's debt a from exceeding 1.5 percent of assessed value of taxable property without a vote of the people, and a total of 2.5 percent (statutory) and 5.0 percent (constitutional) of assessed value of taxable property for general municipal purposes with a vote of the people.

b RCW 39.36.015 allows incorporated cities to use the "last assessment for city purposes." This assessment was issued as of February 11, 2016 for taxes payable in 2016.

State law and the State Auditor's Office require that the liabilities for warrants outstanding and other miscellaneous obligations of the General Fund, other taxc supported funds, and internal service funds be included as debt in calculating the legal debt margin, except when cash, investments, and other cash-equivalent assets in any of these individual funds exceed current liabilities.

The City guarantees Public Development Authority bonds which create contingent obligations. Currently the City is contingently liable on debt issued by the Museum d Development Authority, the Place Market Preservation and Development Authority, the Seattle-Chinatown International District Preservation Development Authority, and the Seattle Indian Service Commission.

e Auditor that currently do not include amounts loaned by the State and federal governments in calculating debt capacity. However, the City's bond counsel does include State and federal loans to the City, Including Public Works Assistance Account indebtedness, as within the applicable statutory and constitutional debt limits.

The State Auditor requires that the liability for compensated absences, to the extent that it is a certain obligation of a determined amount or employee vested, be f included as debt in calculating the legal debt margin. All compensated absences except the sick leave estimate meet this criterion. The City's bond counsel does include compensated absences as debt for the purpose of calculating the City's debt capacity.

g Does not include available net position in the Local Improvement Guaranty Fund, Interfund Notes Payable Fund, and Local Improvement District No. 6750 Fund because special assessment bonds related to them, if any, are not included in the computation of legal debt margin.

а

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

CITY LIGHT PARITY AND JUNIOR LIEN BONDS^a

Fiscal	Utility Service	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt Ser	vice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Interest	Principal	Coverage
2006	835,005	512,882	322,123	72,408	63,435	2.3
2007	783,775	527,353	256,422	69,858	66,755	1.8
2008	798,108	519,471	278,637	65,218	70,460	2.0
2009	690,760	491,065	199,695	70,514	74,350	1.3
2010	702,053	491,641	210,412	51,012	67,360	1.7
2011	754,391	484,529	269,862	85,038	61,650	1.8
2011	795,238	489,099	306,139	80,129	88,995	1.8
2012	833,834	514,269	319,565	80,960	91,840	1.8
2013	872,837	531,464	341,373	85,086	99,670	1.6
2014	873,650	567,058	306,592	84,658	104,915	1.0
2013	873,030	507,058	500,592	84,038	104,915	1.0
			WATER ^b			
Fiscal	Utility Service	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt Ser	vice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Interest	Principal	Coverage
2006	155,175	64,312	90,863	31,030	21,490	1.73
2000	160,161	67,058	93,103	35,030	17,185	1.78
2007	164,405	81,909	82,496	36,266	19,985	1.47
2008	191,370	76,073	115,297	41,883	28,495	1.64
2009					28,495	
2010	195,204	79,487	115,717	47,325	25,425	1.59
2011	194,573	78,141	116,432	49,412	29,140	1.48
2012	213,474	78,339	135,135	47,245	31,425	1.72
2013	235,594	89,291	146,303	44,793	32,630	1.89
2014	242,947	94,500	148,447	43,369	33,545	1.93
2015	251,977	97,937	154,040	45,343	37,330	1.87
		DRAINA	AGE AND WASTEWAT	ER ^c		
Fiscal	Utility Service	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt Ser	vice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Interest	Principal	Coverage
2006	186,832	141,866	44,966	8,049	10,794	2.39
2007	202,408	164,246	38,162	7,824	10,849	2.04
2008	224,109	167,338	56,771	9,872	13,401	2.44
2009	250,194	183,127	67,067	17,102	12,915	2.23
2009	249,734	188,250	61,484	17,234	12,541	2.06
2010	278,957	196,454	82,503	12,129	17,379	2.80
2011	304,002	190,434	104,410	18,017	12,472	3.42
2012 2013					12,472	3.98
2013	333,760	213,918	119,842	18,113		
2014	342,000	216,415	125,585	26,466	15,825	2.97
2015	363,779	230,290	133,489	29,156	18,215	2.82
			SOLID WASTE ^d			
Fiscal	Utility Service	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt Ser		
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Interest	Principal	Coverage
2006	112,474	89,980	22,494	1,175	4,170	4.21
2007	121,931	93,562	28,369	978	4,390	5.28
		90,616	33,737	3048	4,690	4.36
2008	1/4 121			1000	(525	1.80
2008	124,353 135 641	116 262	10 370	A 206		
2008 2009	135,641	116,262	19,379	4,206	6,535	4.01
2008 2009 2010	135,641 146,980	116,262 118,270	28,710	3,865	1,980	4.91
2008 2009 2010 2011	135,641 146,980 154,200	116,262 118,270 121,558	28,710 32,642	3,865 3,773	1,980 2,075	4.91 5.58
2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	135,641 146,980 154,200 156,927	116,262 118,270 121,558 121,980	28,710 32,642 34,947	3,865 3,773 6,079	1,980 2,075 2,960	4.91 5.58 3.87
2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013	135,641 146,980 154,200 156,927 159,742	116,262 118,270 121,558 121,980 125,991	28,710 32,642 34,947 33,751	3,865 3,773 6,079 5,708	1,980 2,075 2,960 3,330	4.91 5.58 3.87 3.73
2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	135,641 146,980 154,200 156,927	116,262 118,270 121,558 121,980	28,710 32,642 34,947	3,865 3,773 6,079	1,980 2,075 2,960	4.91 5.58 3.87

Debt coverage ratios prior to 2005 were based on debt service amounts on parity bonds only; beginning in 2005 the debt service for Junior Lien bonds was included. In 2008, all Junior Lien bonds were redeemed. Starting in 2009, calculation of debt coverage ratios was based again on debt service amounts on parity bonds. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses, except in 2002, 2003, and 2004 when the effect of \$100 million amortization of deferred power costs were also considered in the calculation of coverage ratio.

Operating expenses do not include City public utility taxes, depreciation and amortization, interest paid on revenue bonds, and drawdowns on the Bonneville b Power Administration account. Coverage ratio was calculated based on the annual debt service requirement on senior lien bonds only.

Debt service coverage ratio was based on average annual debt service. Interest and principal shown were calculated to match the requirements of bond covenants. c Operating expenses do not include City utility taxes, depreciation and amortization, interest, and claims.

Operating expenses do not include city public utility taxes, depreciation and amortization, interest paid on revenue bonds, amortization of debt expenses and loss, d capitalized interest, and amortization of landfill and postclosure costs.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Popula	Population ^a		Total Personal Income ^b Population ^a (In Thousands)		Per Capit	King County Average Annual
Year	King County Seattle		Metropolitan King County Division ^c		King County	Metropolitan Division ^c	Unemployment Rate d
2006	1,835,300	578,700	\$ 103,670,937	\$ 128,130,105	\$ 56,487	\$ 49,275	4.2%
2007	1,861,300	586,200	112,318,377	139,511,883	60,344	53,061	3.7
2008	1,884,200	592,800	116,030,940	144,561,076	61,581	53,999	4.3
2009	1,909,300	602,000	108,988,394	136,747,300	57,083	50,644	7.9
2010	1,933,400	608,660	112,234,690	140,402,380	58,050	51,370	8.8
2011	1,942,600	612,100	120,055,100	149,916,738	61,801	53,931	8.1
2012	1,957,000	616,500	132,840,302	164,223,321	67,880	52,627	6.8
2013	1,981,900	626,600	135,079,092	167,113,851	68,156	55,190	8.1
2014	2,017,250	640,500	143,260,986	177,417,334	71,018	62,481	5.0
2015	2,052,800	662,400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.1

a As of April 1. Source: Washington State Office of Financial Management, "2015 Population Trends for Washington State" estimates only.

b Source: U. S. Bureau of Economic Analysis. 2015 Personal Income not yet available.

c Source: U. S. Bureau of Economic Analysis includes Seattle, Bellevue, and Everett.

d Source: Washington State Employment Security Department, March 3, 2016

PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES ^{gh}

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2015		2006			
	Number of	Percentage of		Number of	Percentage of		
Industry	Employees	Employment	Rank	Employees	Employment	Rank	
Professional and Business Seervices	216,100	16.5%	1	182,700	15.4%	1	
Educational and Health Services	170,000	12.9	2	134,100	11.3	2	
Retail Trade	133,800	10.2	3	112,700	9.5	3	
Leisure and Hospitality	129,700	9.9	4	108,700	9.2	5	
Manufacturing	107,200	8.2	5	112,400	9.5	4	
Local Government	95,200	7.2	6	86,100	7.3	6	
Information	89,400	6.8	7	72,500	6.1	8	
Financial Activities	69,000	5.3	8	80,600	6.8	7	
Construction	66,300	5.0	9	69,400	5.8	9	
Wholesale Trade	62,300	4.7	10	63,500	5.4	10	
Total Top Ten Industries	1,139,000	86.7%	=	1,022,700	86.3%		

^g Source: Washington Employment Security Department Labor Market and Economic Analysis.

^h Data is provided for King County, which includes the Seattle Metropolitan Area

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FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT^a

CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

BY DEPARTMENT/OFFICE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Community Police Commission	4.00	3.00	_	_	_
Fire	1,162.55	1,151.55	1,150.55	1,152.55	1,151.55
Firemen's Pension Board	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Law	173.60	169.60	169.60	159.10	160.60
Municipal Court	213.60	213.10	212.60	214.10	214.10
Police	2,018.35	1,999.35	1,947.35	1,930.85	1,934.85
Police Relief and Pension Board Public Safety	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00 1.00
ARTS, CULTURE, AND RECREATION	—		—	—	1.00
	21.50	20.04	20.00	10.05	20.00
Arts and Cultural Affairs	31.59 558.40	30.84 558.40	28.09 558.40	19.85 509.00	20.60
Library Parks and Recreation	908.35	558.40 888.45	558.40 853.57	863.09	503.20 890.89
Seattle Center	241.13	242.66	241.62	245.12	245.12
	241.15	242.00	241.02	243.12	243.12
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
Human Services	327.60	344.60	341.35	316.10	322.60
Educational and Developmental Services Levy	0.00	9.00	9.00	9	—
Department of Education	52.5	—	—	_	—
NEIGHBORHOODS AND DEVELOPMENT					
Economic Development	27.50	25.50	22.50	24.00	22.00
Housing	43.50	37.00	37.50	37.50	38.50
Neighborhoods	40.00	46.00	42.50	40.50	74.75
Neighborhood Matching Subfund	8.00	7.00	6.00	6	—
Planning and Development	417.50	406.00	397.25	393.26	398.01
UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION					
City Light	1,861.30	1,857.25	1,830.25	1,810.50	1,810.50
Seattle Public Utilities	1,438.05	1,446.55	1,401.05	1,411.05	1,420.75
Transportation	794.00	793.00	727.50	721.00	768.50
ADMINISTRATION					
City Auditor	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.00	8.00
City Budget	33.00	29.50	28.50	27.50	28.5
Civil Rights	31.25	23.50	23.00	22.50	21.50
Civil Service Commission	2.60	2.60	2.6	—	1.80
Employees' Retirement System	20.00	20.00	18.00	18.00	15.50
Ethics and Elections Commission	5.20	6.20	6.20	5.20	5.20
Finance and Administrative Services ^b	625.00	602.25	528.75	521.75	523.75
Hearing Examiner	4.63	4.63	4.63	4.63	4.63
Immigrant and Refugee Affairs	7.00	3.00	3.00	2	105 00
Information Technology	198.25	194.25	192.25	190.25	195.00
Intergovernmental Relations Legislative	11.50 88.50	10.50 86.50	10.50 86.50	10.50 86.00	11.50 86.00
Mayor	35.50	28.50	28.50	28.50	28.50
Department of Human Resources ^d	143.55	28.30 92.75	103.75	103.25	104.25
Policy and Management $^{\circ}$					107.23
Sustainability and Environment	15.25	12.00	10.00	14.75	11.00
Total Full-Time Equivalents	11,559.25	11,361.53	11,039.36	10,913.40	11,029.65
-					

a Source - City of Seattle Adopted Budgets.

Department of Executive Administration, Department of Finance, and Fleets and Facilities Department were merged and created the Department of Finance and b Administrative Services in 2010.

The Office of Policy and Management was disbanded in 2010. The Full-Time-Equivalents (FTEs) were transferred to the Office of the Mayor, Department of Executive c Administration, Department of Neighborhoods, Legislative Department, and Seattle Fire Department. Three FTEs were abrogated.

d Personnel was renamed the Seattle Department of Human Resources in 2014

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FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY DEPARTMENT/OFFICE Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Community Police Commission	—	—	—	—	—
Fire	1,155.55	1,163.05	1,163.05	1,146.05	1,142.80
Firemen's Pension Board	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Law	155.10	154.10	155.10	152.10	147.60
Municipal Court Police	222.10	235.60	234.60	235.60	234.60
Police Police Relief and Pension Board	1,922.25 3.00	1,859.75 3.00	1,851.75 3.00	1,851.25 3.00	1,840.25 3.00
Public Safety	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
ARTS, CULTURE, AND RECREATION	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
, , ,	22.10	25.10	25.10	24.10	22.10
Arts and Cultural Affairs	23.10 511.82	25.10	25.10	24.10	23.10
Library Parks and Recreation	1,002.49	527.46 1,002.90	533.41 1002.95	529.03 989.45	506.17 979.44
Seattle Center	257.77	271.53	278.30	278.30	264.80
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	251.11	271.55	278.30	278.50	204.80
	226.25	225.05	222.05	222 (0	214.05
Human Services	326.35	337.85	323.85	323.60	314.85
Educational and Developmental Services Levy	—	—	—	_	_
Department of Education			—		
NEIGHBORHOODS AND DEVELOPMENT					
Economic Development	20.00	19.50	24.60	10.50	21.60
Housing	40.50	41.00	41.50	41.75	41.75
Neighborhoods	86.50	88.00	87.00	85.00	86.50
Neighborhood Matching Subfund Planning and Development	409.00	437.00	441.00	434.00	394.50
c 1	409.00	437.00	441.00	434.00	394.30
UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION					
City Light	1,839.10	1,881.83	1,821.33	1,752.33	1,752.10
Seattle Public Utilities	1,449.25	1,481.00	1,458.06	1,367.94	1,402.40
Transportation	792.00	798.50	778.00	675.50	642.25
ADMINISTRATION					
City Auditor	8.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
City Budget	0.00	36.00	38	—	—
Civil Rights	22.50	22.50	22.50	22.50	22.50
Civil Service Commission	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.60
Employees' Retirement System Ethics and Elections Commission	15.50 5.20	15.50 5.20	14.50 5.20	14.50 5.20	12.50 5.20
Finance and Administrative Services ^b	579.00	601.00	597.00	588.50	579.50
Hearing Examiner	4.63	4.75	4.75	4.50	4.50
Immigrant and Refugee Affairs	4.05	4.75	4.75	4.50	4.50
Information Technology	205.00	216.00	217.00	216.00	203.50
Intergovernmental Relations	11.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50
Legislative	89.00	88.00	88.00	87.00	85.00
Mayor	28.50	24.50	25.50	24.50	22.50
Department of Human Resources d	115.00	128.00	123.50	121.50	105.00
Policy and Management ^c	_	18.00	18.50	18.50	16.00
Sustainability and Environment	8.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	5.00
Total Full-Time Equivalents	11,314.51	11,518.92	11,410.35	11,034.50	10,885.01

a Source - City of Seattle Adopted Budgets.

Department of Executive Administration, Department of Finance, and Fleets and Facilities Department were merged and created the Department of Finance and b Administrative Services in 2010.

The Office of Policy and Management was disbanded in 2010. The Full-Time-Equivalents (FTEs) were transferred to the Office of the Mayor, Department of Executive c Administration, Department of Neighborhoods, Legislative Department, and Seattle Fire Department. Three FTEs were abrogated.

d Personnel was renamed the Seattle Department of Human Resources in 2014

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OPERATING INDICATORS BY DEPARTMENT/OFFICE

		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Fire										
Property fire loss										
Total City	\$	22,636,220	\$	16,571,652	\$	8,887,550	\$	11,340,687	\$	11,476,891
Per capita	\$	34.18	\$	25.87	\$	14.18	\$	18.4	\$	18.86
Police										
Municipal Court filings and citations										
Non-traffic criminal filings		7,387		6,674		7,573		8,162		8,481
Traffic criminal filings		678		802		1048		953		1,109
DUI filings		1,099		1,074		1,111		1,369		1,667
Non-traffic infraction filings		4,710		2,182		2,190		3,122		4,787
Traffic infraction filings		47,931		41,467		42,091		36,872		46,136
Parking infractions		518,624		527,782		631,388		578,507		580,841
ARTS, CULTURE, AND RECREATION										
Library										
Library cards in force		373,898		464,787		458,644		453,000		456,534
Parks and Recreation										
Park use permits issued										
Number		744		759		651		646		670
Amount	\$	616,102.34	\$	615,073	\$	511,114	\$	493,691	\$	454,327
Facility use permits issued including pools										
Number Amount	\$	24,405 7,359,133	¢	24,543	¢	24,740	¢	25,944	¢	26,051
Facility use permits issued excluding pools	\$	7,359,133	\$	7,278,825	\$	6,973,400	\$	6,502,337	\$	6,147,176
Number		23,750		23,749		24,182		25,353		25,472
Amount	\$	6,683,724	\$	6,543,601	\$	6,313,899	\$	5,935,997	\$	5,573,454
Picnic permits issued		- , , -				- , ,		- , ,		- , , -
Number		4,323		4,027		3,967		3,664		3,463
Amount	\$	422,861	\$	386,272	\$	381,309	\$	363,842	\$	345,209
Ball field usage										
Scheduled hours		147,311		170,014		161,571		147,142		128,352
Amount	\$	2,662,171	\$	2,797,013	\$	2,477,333	\$	2,668,292	\$	2,480,476
Weddings		2(0		254		259		250		222
Number Amount	\$	269 104,265	\$	254 89,486	\$	258 94,845	\$	250 94,295	\$	233 80,900
NEIGHBORHOODS AND DEVELOPMENT	ψ	104,205	φ	07,400	Ψ	74,045	Ψ	74,275	Ψ	80,700
Planning and Development										
Permits		17 (((12.047		0.250		7.216		7.075
Number issued	¢	17,666	¢	12,047	¢	8,350	¢	7,316	¢	7,075
Value of issued permits	\$	3,945,738,487	\$	3,789,737,682	\$	3,064,690,426	\$	2,450,807,519	\$	2,144,525,229
UTILITIES										
City Light										
Customers		422,809		415,056		408,055		402,608		400,351
Operating revenues	\$	882,856,777	\$	8,866,445,525	\$	842,229,890	\$	800,273,311	\$	771,464,570
Water										
Population served		1,403,600		1,336,700		1,326,000		1,314,932		1,303,847
Billed water consumption, daily										
average, in gallons		118,900,570		113,863,391		113,107,019		112,036,939		110,200,000
Operating revenues	\$	251,977,342	\$	242,946,509	\$	235,593,735	\$	213,474,169	\$	194,572,652
Drainage and Wastewater	â	262 770 512	¢	241 000 040	¢	222 760 222	¢	204 001 717	¢	278 057 007
Operating revenues	\$	363,778,513	\$	341,999,940	\$	333,760,233	\$	304,001,717	\$	278,956,907
Solid Waste										
Customers		174 201		170.072		1/2 412		164 041		166 627
Residential garbage customers Residential dumpsters customers		164,381 146,201		160,063 142,035		163,413 135,499		164,241 129,761		166,637 127,678
Commercial garbage customers		8,145		8,168		8,156		8,148		8,179
Operating revenues	\$	174,787,770	\$	157,497,819	\$	159,741,503	\$	156,926,774	\$	154,200,068
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OPERATING INDICATORS BY DEPARTMENT/OFFICE

		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006
PUBLIC SAFETY			_		_		_			
Fire										
Property fire loss										
Total City	\$	11,021,455	\$	22,217,971	\$	16,351,377	\$	17,664,500	\$	18,340,656
Per capita	\$	18.11	\$	36.91	\$	27.52	\$	32.76	\$	31.69
Police										
Municipal Court filings and citations										
Non-traffic criminal filings		9,908		10,724		9,461		12,003		12,882
Traffic criminal filings		4,752		5,344		5,124		5,100		4,156
DUI filings Non-traffic infraction filings		1,343 5,501		1,422 6,111		1,167 6,437		1,390 7,880		1,496 7,310
Traffic infraction filings		55,108		57,960		69,949		74,490		59,828
Parking infractions		600,543		568,616		477,024		430,240		385,852
ARTS, CULTURE, AND RECREATION										
Library										
Library cards in force		502,903		465,325		432,790		448,104		403,415
Parks and Recreation										
Park use permits issued										
Number		614		639		599		529		667
Amount	\$	302,690	\$	204,527	\$	212,403	\$	75,459	\$	217,782
Facility use permits issued including pools										
Number	¢	27,384	¢	26,922	¢	24,977	¢	23487		N/A
Amount Facility use permits issued excluding pools	\$	5,014,973	\$	4,957,236	\$	2,571,854	\$	2,374,230		N/A
Number		26,661		26,190		23,577		22,113		2314
Amount	\$	4,480,703	\$	4,469,322	\$	2,127,367	\$	1,997,402	\$	790,551
Picnic permits issued		, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,		,
Number		3,658		3,547		3,420		3,469		3,253
Amount	\$	303,075	\$	249,110	\$	228,965	\$	229,715	\$	220,595
Ball field usage										
Scheduled hours	¢	125,891	¢	161,937	¢	147,911	¢	145,481	¢	144,760
Amount Weddings	\$	1,909,705	\$	1,457,708	\$	1,444,393	\$	1,600,578	\$	1,413,035
Number		272		268		235		254		238
Amount	\$	89,350	\$	91,238	\$	80,955	\$	87,900	\$	82,079
NEIGHBORHOODS AND DEVELOPMENT										
Planning and Development										
Permits										
Number issued		6,287		5,917		7,890		8,865		8,576
Value of issued permits	\$	1,582,129,040	\$	1,987,486,066	\$	2,580,055,297	\$	3,097,812,568	\$	2,021,878,195
UTILITIES										
City Light										
Customers		398,858		394,731		387,715		383,127		379,230
Operating revenues	\$	732,977,819	\$	723,128,042	\$	877,392,652	\$	832,524,784	\$	831,810,233
Water										
Population served		1,292,994		1,280,557		1,265,878		1,251,998		1,236,849
Billed water consumption, daily										
average, in gallons		110,424,484		122,038,356		117,406,451		120,690,060		124,955,842
Operating revenues	\$	195,203,465	\$	191,369,588	\$	164,405,030	\$	160,161,307	\$	155,175,008
Drainage and Wastewater	¢	240 722 705	¢	250 104 607	¢	224 100 225	¢	202 407 600	¢	196 922 412
Operating revenues	\$	249,733,795	\$	250,194,607	\$	224,109,335	\$	202,407,690	\$	186,832,412
Solid Waste										
Customers Residential garbage customers		165 541		167 047		166 014		166 052		165 551
Residential garbage customers Residential dumpsters customers		165,541 126,593		167,047 127,971		166,914 122,503		166,052 119,667		165,551 117,899
Commercial garbage customers		8,248		8,462		9,747		8,505		8,481
Operating revenues	\$	150,905,931	\$	135,641,160	\$	124,353,043	\$	121,930,923	\$	112,474,339

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CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY DEPARTMENT/OFFICE

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Fire					
Boats	6	7	6	3	3
Fire-fighting apparatus	216	216	184	164	163
Stations	33	33	33	33	33
Training towers	6	2	2	2	2
Alarm center	1	1	1	1	1
Utility shop	1	1	1	1	1
Police					
Precincts	5	5	5	5	5
Detached units	7	7	7	7	7
Vehicles					
Patrol cars	280	280	272	273	270
Motorcycles	37	37	37	37	37
Scooters	71	80	75	73	67
Trucks, vans, minibuses	89	91	89	87	88
Automobiles	213	196	194	194	194
Patrol boats	10	10	10	10	10
Bicycles	154	154	154	154	154
Horses	5	7	7	7	7
ARTS, CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Library					
Central and branch libraries	27	27	27	27	27
Mobile units	4	4	4	4	4
Books, audio and video materials,					
newspapers, and magazines - circulated	11,544,047	11,744,881	11,435,302	10,932,677	11,376,194
Collection, print and non-print	2,181,399	2,214,169	2,435,520	2,403,693	2,280,511
Parks and Recreation					
Major parks	14	14	14	14	14
Open space acres acquired since 1989	731	731	711	695	665
Total acreage	6,367	6,367	6,298	6,251	6,188
Children's play areas	160	158	138	136	135
Neighborhood playgrounds	39	40	43	41	40
Community playfields	42	38	38	38	38
Community recreation centers	27	27	25	24	26
Visual and performing arts centers	5	5	5	6	6
Theaters	1	1	1	2	2
Community indoor swimming pools	8	8	8	8	8
Outdoor heated pools (one saltwater)	2	2	2	2	2
Boulevards	18	18	18	18	18
Golf courses (includes one pitch and putt)	5	5	5	5	5
Squares, plazas, triangles	64	64	64	64	64
Viewpoints	11	11	11	11	11
Bathing beaches (life-guarded)	9	9	9	9	9
Bathing beaches	9	9	9	9	9
Aquarium specimens on exhibit ^a	—	—	—	—	—

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CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY DEPARTMENT/OFFICE

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Fire					
Boats	3	3	3	2	2
Fire-fighting apparatus	162	162	162	163	163
Stations	33	33	33	33	33
Training towers	2	2	2	1	1
Alarm center	1	1	1	1	1
Utility shop	1	1	1	1	1
Police					
Precincts	5	5	5	5	5
Detached units	7	7	7	7	7
Vehicles					
Patrol cars	270	270	270	265	252
Motorcycles	37	37	37	45	50
Scooters	63	58	58	50	53
Trucks, vans, minibuses	86	84	84	81	81
Automobiles	194	194	194	197	194
Patrol boats	10	10	10	10	10
Bicycles	154	146	146	137	137
Horses	8	8	8	8	8
ARTS, CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Library					
Central and branch libraries	27	27	24	24	24
Mobile units	4	4	4	4	4
Books, audio and video materials,					
newspapers, and magazines - circulated	11,914,050	10,025,029	9,085,490	8,661,263	7,449,761
Collection, print and non-print	2,294,601	2,446,355	2,352,381	2,273,440	2,173,903
Parks and Recreation					
Major parks	13	13	13	13	13
Open space acres acquired since 1989	663	654	638	630	630
Total acreage	6,185	6,171	6,155	6,036	6,036
Children's play areas	133	131	130	130	130
Neighborhood playgrounds	38	38	38	38	38
Community playfields	38	33	33	33	33
Community recreation centers	26	26	26	26	25
Visual and performing arts centers	6	6	6	6	6
Theaters	2	2	2	2	2
Community indoor swimming pools	8	8	8	8	8
Outdoor heated pools (one saltwater)	2	2	2	2	2
Boulevards	18	18	18	18	18
Golf courses (includes one pitch and putt)	5	5	5	5	5
Squares, plazas, triangles	64	62	62	62	62
Viewpoints	9	8	8	8	8
Bathing beaches (life-guarded)	9	9	9	9	9
Bathing beaches	9	9	9	9	9
Aquarium specimens on exhibit ^a	10,588	10,216	10,655	10,655	14,600

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CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY DEPARTMENT/OFFICE

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION					
City Light					
Plant capacity (KW)	2,014,100	1,975,100	1,991,600	1,991,600	1,920,700
Maximum system load (KW)	1,689,000	1,860,256	1,796,728	1,739,238	1,841,255
Total system energy (1,000 KW) (firm load)	9,687,222	9,844,209	10,016,469	10,121,611	9,865,376
Meters	430,148	422,613	406,274	407,614	406,195
Water					
Reservoirs, standpipes, tanks	29	29	26	27	27
Fire hydrants	18,000	18,000	18,655	18,550	18,503
Water mains					
Supply, in miles	193	193	182	182	187
Distribution, in miles	_	_	_	_	_
Water storage, in thousand gallons	354,500	354,500	398,369	338,869	338,869
Meters	192,633	191,403	187,159	188,883	188,457
Drainage and Wastewater					
Combined sewers, life-to-date, in miles	475	474	472	471	471
Sanitary sewers, life-to-date, in miles	947	947	949	948	957
Storm drains, life-to-date, in miles	483	481	479	474	473
Pumping stations	68	68	67	67	66
Solid Waste					
Transfer stations	2	2	2	2	2
Transportation					
Arterial streets, in miles	1,547	1,547	1,540	1,540	1,537
Non-arterial streets (paved and unpaved), in miles	2,407	2,407	2,412	2,412	2,411
Sidewalks, in miles	2,303	2,230	2,230	2,256	2,262
Stairways	492	509	505	507	507
Length of stairways, in feet	35,653	36,269	35,112	35,122	35,061
Number of stairway treads	23,503	23,344	24,050	24,050	24,009
Street trees					
City-maintained	41,000	41,000	41,000	41,000	40,000
Maintained by property owners	150,000	125,000	125,000	125,000	125,000
Total platted streets, in miles	1,677	1,677	1,677	1,677	1,666
Traffic signals	1,071	1,041	1,070	1,060	1,053
Parking meters					
Downtown	—	—	6	93	231
Outlying	—	—	4	26	85
Parking pay stations					
Downtown ^b	880	892	961	973	998
Outlying ^b	1,141	1,112	1,174	1,198	1,227
Bridges (movable) - City-owned and -operated	4	4	4	4	4
Bridges (fixed)					
City maintenance	96	93	99	95	90
Partial City maintenance	51	54	32	44	44
Retaining walls/seawalls	582	580	592	592	592

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CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS

BY DEPARTMENT/OFFICE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION					
City Light					
Plant capacity (KW)	1,920,700	1,920,700	1,920,700	1,920,700	1,920,700
Maximum system load (KW)	1,858,735	1,900,878	1,767,805	1,822,342	1,714,080
Total system energy (1,000 KW) (firm load)	10,139,898	10,323,915	10,203,415	9,990,486	9,703,046
Meters	402,854	394,455	391,022	385,621	382,436
Water					
Reservoirs, standpipes, tanks	27	30	30	29	38
Fire hydrants	18,473	18,436	18,398	18,347	18,475
Water mains					
Supply, in miles	187	224	182	182	181
Distribution, in miles	—	_	—	—	_
Water storage, in thousand gallons	302,880	370,000	377,080	377,080	494,080
Meters	188,226	187,154	185,395	183,699	182,037
Drainage and Wastewater					
Combined sewers, life-to-date, in miles	472	473	444	444	464
Sanitary sewers, life-to-date, in miles	956	958	985	985	968
Storm drains, life-to-date, in miles	470	473	472	472	474
Pumping stations	67	65	68	68	68
Solid Waste					
Transfer stations	2	2	2	2	2
Transportation					
Arterial streets, in miles	1,531	1,531	1,531	1,534	1,534
Non-arterial streets (paved and unpaved), in miles	2,412	2,412	2,412	2,412	2,412
Sidewalks, in miles	2,262	2,258	2,256	1,956	1,956
Stairways	498	494	482	482	482
Length of stairways, in feet	35,181	35,215	34,775	34,643	34,643
Number of stairway treads	23,950	23,666	23,407	23,211	23,211
Street trees					
City-maintained	40,000	40,000	35,000	34,000	34,000
Maintained by property owners	125,000	125,000	105,000	100,000	100,000
Total platted streets, in miles	1,666	1,666	1,666	1,666	1,666
Traffic signals	1,040	1,030	1,001	991	1,000
Parking meters					
Downtown	941	941	700	747	2,819
Outlying	97	97	300	353	904
Parking pay stations					
Downtown ^b	856	850	1,215	925	758
Outlying ^b	1,315	1,127	630	565	318
Bridges (movable) - City-owned and -operated	4	4	4	4	4
Bridges (fixed)					
City maintenance	88	88	88	84	84
Partial City maintenance	54	55	55	55	61
Retaining walls/seawalls	592	582	582	582	582

a As of 2010 the Parks and Recreation Department no longer manages aquarium specimens.

b City redefined areas starting in 2008.

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MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

December 31, 2015 - Unless Otherwise Indicated

CITY GOVEVERNMENT	
Date of incorporation	December 2, 1869
Present charter adopted	March 12, 1946
Form: Mayor-Council (Nonpartisan)	
GEOGRAPHIC DATA	
Location:	
Between Puget Sound and Lake Washington	
125 nautical miles from Pacific Ocean	
110 miles south of Canadian border	
Altitude:	
Sea level	521 feet
Average elevation	10 feet
Land area	83.1 square miles
Climate	
Temperature	
30-year average, mean annual	52.6
January 2015 average high	50.3
January 2015 average low	39.8
July 2015 average high	82.6
July 2015 average low	59.9
Rainfall	
30-year average, in inches	37.55
2015 in inches	44.83

POPULATION

Year	City of Seattle	Seattle Metropolitan _{ab} Area
1950	467,591	844,572
1960	557,087	1,107,203
1970	530,831	1,424,611
1980	493,846	1,607,618
1990	516,259	1,972,947
2000	563,374	2,279,100
2001	568,100	2,376,900
2002	570,800	2,402,300
2003	571,900	2,416,800
2004	572,600	2,433,100
2005	573,000	2,464,100
2006	578,700	2,507,100
2007	586,200	2,547,600
2008	592,800	2,580,800
2009	602,000	2,613,600
2010	608,660	2,644,500
2011	612,100	2,659,600
2012	616,500	2,679,900
2013	626,600	2,712,400
2014	640,500	2,758,250
2015	662,400	2,810,400
King County		2,052,800
Percentage in Seattle		32.3%

a Source: Washington State Office of Financial Management

b Based on population in King and Snohomish Counties.

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

December 31, 2015 - Unless Otherwise Indicated

ELECTIONS (November 4)

Active registered voters	419,292	
Percentage voted last general election	0.46	
Total voted	194,123	
PENSION BENEFICIARIES		
Employees' Retirement	6,222	
Firemen's Pension	700	
Police Pension	740	
VITAL STATISTICS		
Rates per thousand of residents		
Births (2014)	12.5	
Deaths (2014)	6.6	
PUBLIC EDUCATION (2014-15 School Year)		
Enrollment (October 1)	53,872	
Teachers (October 1)	3,185	
School programs		
Regular elementary programs	60	
Regular middle school programs	10	
Regular high school programs	12	
K-8 school programs	10	
Alternative/Non-traditional school programs	6	

PROPERTY TAXES

Total number of school programs

Assessed valuation (January 2015)	\$145,091,711,416
Tax levy (City)	\$379,033,716

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EXAMPLE – PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENTS

Real value of property	\$348,000
Assessed value	\$348,000

Property Tax Levied By	Dollars Per Thousand		Tax Due
City of Seattle	\$	2.62352	\$ 912.98
Emergency Medical Services		0.30217	105.16
State of Washington		2.28514	795.23
School District No. 1		2.39083	832.01
King County		1.34522	468.14
Port of Seattle		0.18885	65.72
King County Ferry District		0.00306	1.06
King County Flood Control Zone		0.13860	48.23
Totals	\$	9.27739	\$ 3,228.53

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MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

December 31, 2015 - Unless Otherwise Indicated

PORT OF SEATTLE

Bonded Indebtedness	
General obligation bonds	\$ 305,535,000
Revenue bonds	2,715,265,000
Passenger facility charges bonds	123,240,000
Commercial Paper	38,655,000
Waterfront (mileage)	
Salt water	13.4
Fresh water	0.7
Value of Land Facilities	
Waterfront	\$ 2,169,974,909
Sea-Tac International Airport	\$ 5,446,706,745
Marine Container Facilities/Capacities	
4 container terminals with 11 berths covering 520 acres	
1.40 million TEU's (20-ft. equivalent unit containers)	
1 grain facility, 1 general cargo facility, 1 barge terminal	
2 cruise terminals	
Sea-Tac International Airport	
Scheduled passenger airlines	24
Cargo airlines	4
Charter airlines	3
Loading bridges	69
2015 Port Activity (in millions)	
Import	\$ 15,226.9
Export	\$ 6,088.43

City of Seattle 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Department of Finance and Administrative Services CAFR Production Staff

Janice Marsters Director of Accounting and Payroll Services

> Brandon Johns Citywide Accounting Manager

Principal Accountants:

Fon Chang Cam Huynh Anna Himichuk April McCraney Flora Wang Jake Yoon

Senior Accountants:

Conrad Magbalot Mena Nguyen

Accountants:

Grace Chou Andrew Wachong

Sr. Management Systems Analyst: Steve Spada