

# SEATTLE URBAN FORESTRY COMMISSION

Julia Michalak (Position #1 – Wildlife Biologist), Co-chair Joshua Morris (Position #7 – NGO), Co-Chair Joe Sisneros (Position #2 – Urban Ecologist - ISA) • Falisha Kurji (Position #3 – Natural Resource Agency) Becca Neumann (Position #4 – Hydrologist) • Stuart Niven (Position #5 – Arborist – ISA) Hao Liang (Position #6 – Landscape Architect – ISA) • David Moehring (Position # 8 – Development) Blake Voorhees (Position # 9 – Realtor) • Laura Keil (Position #10 – Get Engaged) Jessica Hernandez (Position #11 – Environmental Justice) • Jessica Jones (Position # 12 – Public Health) Lia Hall (Position #13 – Community/Neighborhood)

The Urban Forestry Commission was established to advise the Mayor and City Council concerning the establishment of policy and regulations governing the protection, management, and conservation of trees and vegetation in the City of Seattle

#### **Draft meeting notes**

July 6, 2022, 3:00 p.m. – 5:00 p.m. Via Webex call and in-person at the Seattle Municipal Tower, Room 1872 (18<sup>th</sup> floor) 700 5<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Seattle

> (206) 207-1700 Meeting number: 2489 551 1854 Meeting password: 1234

#### Attending

<u>Commissioners</u> Julia Michalak – Co-Chair Becca Neumann Stuart Niven Hao Liang Blake Voorhees Jessica Jones Lia Hall

<u>Absent- Excused</u> Josh Morris – Co-Chair Joe Sisneros Falisha Kurji David Moehring Laura Keil Jessica Hernandez <u>Staff</u> Patti Bakker – OSE

<u>Guests</u> Toby Thaler

<u>Public</u> Steve Zemke Sandy Shettler Jessica Dixon Tina Cohen Richard Ellison

NOTE: Meeting notes are not exhaustive. For more details, listen to the digital recording of the meeting at: <u>http://www.seattle.gov/urbanforestrycommission/meetingdocs.htm</u>

**Call to order:** Julia called the meeting to order and offered a land acknowledgement.

## Public comment:

Steve Zemke noted that he sent in two detailed letters on a tree permit system and the draft protection ordinance. SDOT is already using the Accela system, as well as the cities of Atlanta, Lake Forest Park, Tacoma, etc., and SDCI should also have a permit system for tree removal, for trees down to 6". The city should also require a tree inventory so that tree issues and accommodations can be addressed up front and not have to be addressed later. The payment in lieu funds should go into a tree replacement and maintenance fund rather than SDCI's general budget, and the fines received for illegal cutting should go to that same place. The ordinance should include all land use zones; include those that are currently excluded such as Downtown. Consider allowing city approved inspectors and arborists the ability to enter properties to check for potential violations. In terms of tree replacement, the current draft includes a 1:1 replacement and that needs to be much higher given the amount of time it will take for replacement trees to reach similar canopy. The ratio needs to increase as the size of the tree increases.

Sandy Shettler thanked the Commission for volunteering and persisting in standing up for trees, and the efforts to marry the tree protection ordinance with the needs for tree protection. More emphasis needs to be put on younger trees. The ecosystem services report notes that 46% of the trees that will be large at maturation right now are less than 12" DBH. Trees 6-12" have passed the high infant mortality time and can make big contributions to our future urban forest.

Lia relayed comments she received from a community member in south Seattle who is concerned about the general public not being made aware of the tree code. They state we need more ways for it to be accessible and publicized. Because of experiences they've had with illegal cutting on their and their neighbors' trees, they want more penalties for arborists and especially non-arborists doing illegal work. The SDCI business hours are not enough for the reporting (close at 4:30 weekdays and closed weekends) and cutting often happens outside of those hours. Tree protections should be the responsibility of a department other than SDCI.

# Chair, Committees, and Coordinator report:

Patti noted that Seattle Forest Week is being planned now. This event happens in the fall, in late Octoberearly November. The city used to have two separate events: Green Seattle Day as the celebration to kick off the planting season and Arbor Day as the celebration of trees to satisfy our Tree City designation through the Arbor Day Foundation. Both events evolved during the pandemic and in 2021, we joined the events as weekend bookends for a week of in-person and virtual events celebrating trees and planting, called Seattle Forest Week. Staff are now planning for a similar weeklong event for either October 22-29 or October 29-November 5. They welcome participation and ideas from the UFC; any interested Commissioners should contact Patti.

Julia noted that we have confirmed that The Nature Conservancy will be able to join the September 7 meeting to brief the UFC on the work they did with New York City to assess their canopy and the potential for plantable land and how to grow their urban forest.

# Adoption of June 1 and June 15 meeting notes

ACTION: A motion to approve the June 1 meeting notes as written was made, seconded, and approved.

ACTION: A motion to approve the June 15 meeting notes as written was made, seconded, and approved.

# SEPA draft urban forest protection ordinance

Julia reviewed the draft of the current set of recommendations, as edited from the last meeting. The first section of recommendations covers tree replacement requirements. One area in this section for continued discussion is in the replacement ratio for 12-24" trees removed. Options for requirements include focusing on future canopy volume of replacement trees or focusing on the trunk size of replacement trees. Commissioners opted to include a recommendation for an inch-for-inch replacement. Commissioners also discussed ways to encourage species that provide sufficient replacement canopy, specifically conifer trees, and ways to ensure establishment and protection of replacement trees. Establishment recommendations include considering assistance for unduly burdened homeowners who need assistance for this, providing guidance to homeowners for establishment and requiring a five-year establishment period. A recommendation was also included to require that adequate soil volume for roots and space for canopy is ensured for replacement trees at maturity.

The second section includes tree protections during the development process. Recommendations include ways encouraging and incentivizing tree protection from the beginning of the development process instead of later phases. Additional recommendations were added to strengthen the protections and include more specificity, including:

- Requiring developers to hire certified arborists to guide them through the development process.
- Requiring a tree inventory of all trees 6" DBH and larger and a tree landscaping plan for development projects.
- Requiring maximizing tree retention of existing trees throughout the development process, and potentially providing incentives for retention.
- Requiring tree replacement or payment in lieu for trees removed one year prior to development.

Commissioners also made edits to the last section in the recommendations, covering other requests and priorities. These recommendations will continue to be reviewed and edited at the next meeting.

### **Comprehensive Plan Environmental Impact Statement alternatives**

Patti reviewed the process that OPCD is going through currently in the Comprehensive Plan update effort, as described by Brennon Staley when he presented to the UFC in June. They are evaluating potential alternatives to be included in the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). The alternatives selected will then be analyzed as part of the EIS process and Plan development. The alternatives were presented on June 23 and there is a public comment period ending on July 25 for feedback to be submitted.

All EIS's are required to include a no-action alternative. For this effort that means that there would be no change to how growth is managed in the city; it would continue as it is now as outlined in the current Comprehensive Plan, which is to center growth (housing and jobs) in urban villages and urban centers. There are also four additional alternatives that outline new ways to direct growth:

- Focused this alternative would include new and expanded urban villages and also new smaller neighborhood nodes.
- Broad this alternative would allow multi-family housing options in all neighborhood residential zones.
- Corridor this alternative focuses density in corridors near transit and amenities.
- Combined this alternative combines the density options in neighborhood residential zones with the incorporation of neighborhood nodes and corridors.

These alternatives could potentially have very different impacts on trees. The vast majority of trees in the city are on single family residential areas, so converting those to higher density units could open up the opportunity for tree removals if not done carefully. One recommendation on these alternatives could be the they are not exclusive, but rather phased so that they happen individually and ultimately lead to the final combined alternative. The corridor alternative could be good for a focus on street trees.

The four new alternatives will require different sets of implementation tools, policies, etc. The city will also conduct additional analyses in the 130<sup>th</sup> and 145<sup>th</sup> Street Station areas, considering how the draft alternatives will apply in these areas. The subgroup interested in working on this will try to meet before the next meeting to draft initial comments on the alternatives.

# *NOTE: Meeting notes are not exhaustive. For more details, listen to the digital recording of the meeting at:* <u>*http://www.seattle.gov/urbanforestrycommission/meetingdocs.htm</u></u></u>*

### Public comment:

Jessica Dixon noted she is in the Greenwood area, where there are lots of examples of our increasing density (e.g., 200 unit apartment complex) and they aren't making space for trees other than in parking strips. Regardless of alternatives chosen, space for trees need to be incorporated into any Plan. More than 65% of our trees have been on private lands.

Steve Zemke noted some items not yet included in the ordinance recommendations, such as allowing access for inspectors to enter properties to check on potential violations, and the two-week posting requirement which is necessary due to after-hours cutting People don't know whether the work is legal or not if there isn't posting. Regarding Comp Plan EIS alternatives, alternative 5 is basically building everywhere in the city without adequately considering space for trees. He appreciates the UFC incorporating input from public while working on this.

Tina Cohen encouraged incorporating a provision to allow for city inspections during development including initial grading and clearing because violations are happening under the current regulations.

Richard Ellison thanked the UFC for their efforts and for advocating for trees for many years. SDCI continues to play hardball and have excuses for things like requiring permits for tree removal and protecting trees during development. They are not supporting the UFC to support tree protection alternatives. There needs to be a comprehensive way to preserve the trees on lots as best as possible. Voluntary preservation hasn't worked and isn't going to work. Incentives are good, but the reality is that unless there's a requirement to save trees, it won't work. Development pattern doesn't matter if you have adequate protections in place for trees no matter what kind of development happens. There needs to be strong push back from the UFC, and UFC needs to educate the public if we want to deal with climate change, absorb runoff, and provide habitat. Planting small trees to replace large trees on an inch-for-inch basis is not enough, there's not enough space. There needs to be something done to maximize open space on a parcel regardless of zone or development type.

Adjourn: The meeting was adjourned at 5:07 PM.

### **Meeting Chat:**

from Steve Zemke to everyone: 3:34 PM looking also for replacement values for exceptional trees removed during development from Steve Zemke to everyone: 3:35 PM inch for inch easier to quantify from Steve Zemke to everyone: 3:37 PM current draft refers to replacement of tree that has similiar canopy at maturity from Laura Keil she/her to everyone: 3:39 PM https://www.wsdot.wa.gov/publications/manuals/fulltext/M3110/RPM.pdf from Laura Keil she/her to everyone: 3:40 PM Appendix C is the chart Hao is discussing from Steve Zemke to everyone: 3:42 PM City currently has a list of trees recommended for replacement based on relative sizes at maturity eg small, medium and large. I can't find link at the moment from Steve Zemke to everyone: 3:42 PM suggest existing tree size or larger dependent on site being planted on. from Steve Zemke to everyone: 3:46 PM prioritize native trees and climate resilient trees that contribute to habitat value. conifers preferred from Tina Cohen to everyone: 3:49 PM Cannot hear Mr. Liang. Please ask him to speak up. I can hear everyone else. Thank you from Tina Cohen to everyone: 3:51 PM Problem is usually there isn't sufficient room for the canopy and roots of native trees. from Steve Zemke to everyone: 3:54 PM Trees that die in 5 year period should be replaced.and 5 year period start over. from jessica dixon to everyone: 3:56 PM Washington DC Urban Forestry department helps homeowners for a period of time to take care of their trees from Lia Hall to everyone: 3:57 PM I think for folks who have barriers to resources for tree care should be given resources for assistance from Lia Hall to everyone: 3:58 PM Whether monetary or in the form of volunteer orgs. from Lia Hall to everyone: 3:59 PM to my knowledge, DIRT Corps is currently partnered with Trees for Seattle for example from Hao Liang to everyone: 4:01 PM I think it's also good for SDCI to provide guidelines of establishment or monitoring to ensure the trees' heath and survivability from Steve Zemke to everyone: 4:01 PM In lieu fees should be large enough payment for maintenance of trees not just cost of buying the trees as it currently implies in in draft Director's Rule from Steve Zemke to everyone: 4:02 PM Give Director authority to set rules for assistance for property owners if necessary from Steve Zemke to everyone: 4:06 PM establisment and maintenance from Tina Cohen to everyone: 4:08 PM Please add a proviso about adequate space at maturity as necessary from Tina Cohen to everyone: 4:11 PM specify space for ROOTS AND CANOPY from Julia Michalak She/Her to everyone: 4:14 PM Require a Tree Inventory of all trees 6" DBH and larger and a Tree Landscaping Plan prior to any building permits being approved. from Julia Michalak She/Her to everyone: 4:17 PM • Keep requirement that all 6" DBH and larger trees be on site plans Require and/or incentivize developers throughout the total development process to maximize the retention of existing trees with adequate space for trees to grow and survive.

- Require tree replacement or in lieu fees by developers for trees removed 1 year prior to property purchase
- from richard Ellison to everyone: 4:17 PM

require maximize retention of existing healthy trees. provide additional bonuses in height, bulk, etc to offset/ increase buildable space

from Tina Cohen to everyone: 4:22 PM

As you know, if lot coverage and set backs can't be met, then the developer can remove even Exceptional trees. So then none of this will matter.

from Lia Hall to everyone: 4:22 PM

I wonder if along with a Public Notice of Land Use action, could include plans for removal of trees or tree replacements?

from richard Ellison to everyone: 4:23 PM

voluntary retention of trees has not worked historically in 20+ years of city council politics

from Tina Cohen to everyone: 4:23 PM

And currently developers aren't complying with the existing regs. Can you add a provision requiring City inspection?

from Steve Zemke to everyone: 4:24 PM

Development on lot depends on SDCI's approval They can require developer's to produce alternative building plans to save more trees. Other cities do this..

from jessica dixon to everyone: 4:25 PM

I think that currrently, builders are allowed extra FAR and possibly more height than would be allowed if they retain an exceptional tree.

from Steve Zemke to everyone: 4:27 PM

There is some language in the draft for incentives to save exceptional trees.

from Steve Zemke to everyone: 4:29 PM

Platting and short-platting already has language to "maximize retention of existing trees"

from Hao Liang to everyone: 4:29 PM

To Jessica's comment. Here is the link, https://www.seattle.gov/DPD/Publications/CAM/cam242.pdf from Steve Zemke to everyone: 4:36 PM

Problem is developers currently asking property owners to remove trees before they buy property from Julia Michalak She/Her to everyone: 4:36 PM

• Expand the existing Seattle Department of Transportation (SDOT) Tree Removal and Replacement Permit Program using the Accela database system to include SDCI to cover all significant trees 6" DBH and larger, and all exceptional trees, on private property in all land use zones, both during development and outside development.

• Require SDCI submit quarterly reports to the Office of Sustainability and Environment on tree removal and replacement as required by other City Departments

from Steve Zemke to everyone: 4:38 PM

Urge that ordinance covers all land use zones in city.- Industrial and downtown not in current ordinance. from richard Ellison to everyone: 4:41 PM

quality of soul

from Laura Keil she/her to everyone: 4:42 PM

https://storymaps.arcgis.com/collections/8c90f3a5e0704f8687213b669efa6fb0?item=6

from richard Ellison to everyone: 4:42 PM

soil is critical to tree planting survival. live microbial/ fungal ecosystems are part, as well as adequate watering

from Toby Thaler to everyone: 4:47 PM

Single family residential is gone already. It's now "Neighborhood Residential" and except for the smallest lots allows three housing units per lot.

from Toby Thaler to everyone: 4:47 PM

The only difference from "triplex" is the size of the units allowed.

from Toby Thaler to everyone: 4:48 PM

And also set backs etc

from Toby Thaler to everyone: 4:48 PM

Could be significant diff in tree impacts

from richard Ellison to everyone: 4:48 PM

its not necessarily which development alternative goes forward, but if there were stringent tree protection requirements (maximum retention of exidting healthy trees, etc) and minimum open space existed to foster a mixture big and smaller trees/ shrubs to allow for a legitimate canopy and habitat, it might mitigate for whichever neighborhood undergoes development.

from Hao Liang to everyone: 4:49 PM

I see the alternatives are not mutually exclusive. Instead they could be different phases - thinking to start from Alternative 1, to 2, then to Alternative 4, and 3. Alternative 5 maybe the long-term goal. from Steve Zemke to everyone: 4:53 PM

Alternative 5 basically removes neighborhood residential zoning and rezones it as current low rise 1 properties across whole city.

from Steve Zemke to everyone: 4:56 PM

Question of many neighborhood shave no sidewalks and make access to transit difficult if maximize building everywhere in city the same.

from Lia Hall to everyone: 4:56 PM

Alternative 4 seems to be most logical and multifamily homes would benefit from street trees and allow for continuity of canopy.

from Stuart Niven to everyone: 4:59 PM

Sorry to be so late to the meeting but I have been listening off and on via phone but could not speak as was 'otherwise occupaied' and not safe to faff with my phone to unmute and remute etc. I look forward to being able to comment at the next meeting about items being continued to be discussed. I am also happy to be part of a 'core team' if and when this can be organised. Thank you to you all, especially to Julia for chairing today.

Public input: (see next page and posted notes):