2020 Evidence of Coverage

AETNA Medicare®SM Plan (PPO)
Offered by AETNA Life Insurance Company
Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of the Aetna Medicare℠ Plan (PPO).

This booklet gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2020. It explains how to get coverage for the health care services and prescription drugs you need. This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

This plan, Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO), is offered by Aetna Life Insurance Company. (When this Evidence of Coverage says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means Aetna Life Insurance Company. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO).)

This document is available for free in Spanish.

Please contact our Customer Service at the telephone number printed on your member ID card for additional information. You may also call our general Customer Service center at 1-888-267-2637. (TTY users should call 711). Hours are 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday.

This document may be made available in other formats such as Braille, large print or other alternate formats.

Benefits, premium, deductible, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2021. The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary.

Out-of-network/non-contracted providers are under no obligation to treat Aetna members, except in emergency situations. For a decision about whether we will cover an out-of-network service, we encourage you or your provider to ask us for a pre-service organization determination before you receive the service. Please call our Customer Service number or see this Evidence of Coverage for more information, including the cost-sharing that applies to out-of-network services.
2020 Evidence of Coverage

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If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
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If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.

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SECTION 1  Introduction

Section 1.1  You are enrolled in the Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO), which is a Medicare PPO

Your coverage is provided through a contract with your former employer/union/trust. You are covered by Medicare, and you get your Medicare health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO).

There are different types of Medicare health plans. Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO) is a Medicare Advantage PPO Plan (PPO stands for Preferred Provider Organization). Like all Medicare health plans, this Medicare PPO is approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act’s (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: https://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information.

Section 1.2  What is the Evidence of Coverage booklet about?

This Evidence of Coverage booklet tells you how to get your Medicare medical care and prescription drugs covered through our plan. This booklet explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, and what you pay as a member of the plan.

The word “coverage” and “covered services” refers to the medical care and services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of our plan.

It’s important for you to learn what the plan’s rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this Evidence of Coverage booklet.

If you are confused or concerned or just have a question, please contact our plan’s Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

Section 1.3  Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage

It’s part of our contract with you

This Evidence of Coverage is part of our contract with you about how our plan covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the List of Covered Drugs (Formulary), and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called “riders” or “amendments.”

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in our plan between January 1, 2020 and December 31, 2020.
Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of our plan after December 31, 2020. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2020.

**Medicare must approve our plan each year**

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve our plan each year. Your former employer/union/trust can continue to offer you Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

**SECTION 2  What makes you eligible to be a plan member?**

**Section 2.1  Your eligibility requirements**

*You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:*

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B (Section 2.2 tells you about Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B)
- and
- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.3 below describes our service area)
- and
- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States

If you have Medicare because you have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), you are not eligible for this plan in the first 30 months of becoming eligible for or entitled to Medicare (referred to as your “30 month coordination period”). After the 30-month coordination period, you are eligible for our plan.

**Section 2.2  What are Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B?**

When you first signed up for Medicare, you received information about what services are covered under Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Remember:

- Medicare Part A generally helps cover services provided by hospitals (for inpatient services, skilled nursing facilities, or home health agencies).
- Medicare Part B is for most other medical services (such as physician’s services and other outpatient services) and certain items (such as durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies).

**Section 2.3  The plan service area**

Although Medicare is a Federal program, our plan is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
service area. Addendum B at the back of this Evidence of Coverage lists the Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO) service areas. Your former employer/union/trust offers you coverage through our plan’s extended service area feature which allows you to be covered in the areas that are not listed as an Aetna network service area.

If you move out of the service area, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to a different plan. Please contact your former employer/union/trust plan administrator to see what other plan options are available to you in your new location.

If you move, please contact Customer Service at the telephone number on your member ID card.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Section 2.4  U.S. citizen or lawful presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify our plan if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. We must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3  What other materials will you get from us?

Section 3.1  Your plan membership card – Use it to get all covered care and prescription drugs

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card for our plan whenever you get any services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Please continue to use your current Aetna Medicare ID card. A new card will be issued if there are changes made to the content printed on your card. Or, if you request one to be sent. Here’s a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
As long as you are a member of our plan, in most cases, **you must not use your red, white, and blue Medicare card** to get covered medical services (with the exception of clinical research studies and hospice services). You may be asked to show your Medicare card if you need hospital services for clinical research studies or hospice. Keep your red, white, and blue Medicare card in a safe place in case you need it later.

**Here's why this is so important:** If you get covered services using your red, white, and blue Medicare card instead of using your Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO) membership card while you are a plan member, you may have to pay the full cost yourself.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Customer Service right away and we will send you a new card. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)

**Section 3.2  The Provider & Pharmacy Directory: Network providers**

The Provider & Pharmacy Directory lists our network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers. You are a member of our plan through our extended service area feature. Aetna Medicare may or may not have a provider network where you live.

**What are “network providers”**?

**Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan.

**Why do you need to know which providers are part of our network?**

As a member of our plan, you may use network providers or out-of-network providers for all covered medical services at the same member cost sharing amount. Our plan will cover services from either in-network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and medically necessary. See Chapter 3 (Using the plan’s coverage for your medical services) for more specific information.

If you don’t have your copy of the Provider & Pharmacy Directory and you reside in a network service area, you can request a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). A listing of network service areas is available in Addendum B at the back of this Evidence of Coverage. If you do not reside in a network service area, but you will be visiting a network service area in the future, you may still request a directory from us. You may ask Customer Service for more information about our network providers, including their qualifications. You can also see the Provider & Pharmacy Directory at aetnamedicare.com/findprovider. Both Customer Service and the website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network providers.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Out-of-network providers must be eligible to receive payment under Medicare. To find a provider that participates with Original Medicare, go to medicare.gov.

Section 3.3 The Provider & Pharmacy Directory: Network Pharmacies

What are “network pharmacies”?

Network pharmacies are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members.

Why do you need to know about network pharmacies?

You can use the Provider & Pharmacy Directory to find the network pharmacy you want to use. There are changes to our network of pharmacies for next year. An updated Provider & Pharmacy Directory is located on our website at aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy. You may also call Customer Service for updated provider information or to ask us to mail you a Provider & Pharmacy Directory. Please review the 2020 Provider & Pharmacy Directory to see which pharmacies are in our network.

The Provider & Pharmacy Directory will also tell you which of the pharmacies in our network have preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan), which may be lower than the standard cost-sharing offered by other network pharmacies for some drugs.

If you don't have the Provider & Pharmacy Directory, you can get a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). At any time, you can call Customer Service to get up-to-date information about changes in the pharmacy network. You can also find this information on our website at aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy.

Section 3.4 The plan’s List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)

The plan has a List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). We call it the “Drug List” for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in our plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved our plan’s Drug List.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We have included a copy of the Drug List. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan’s website (AetnaRetireePlans.com) or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).
Section 3.5  The Part D Explanation of Benefits (the “Part D EOB”): Reports with a summary of payments made for your Part D prescription drugs

When you use your Part D prescription drug benefits, we will send you a summary report to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Part D prescription drugs. This summary report is called the Part D Explanation of Benefits (or the “Part D EOB”).

The Part D Explanation of Benefits tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, have spent on your Part D prescription drugs and the total amount we have paid for each of your Part D prescription drugs during the month. Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs) gives more information about the Part D Explanation of Benefits and how it can help you keep track of your drug coverage.

A Part D Explanation of Benefits summary is also available upon request. To get a copy, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

SECTION 4  Your monthly premium for our plan

Section 4.1  How much is your plan premium (if applicable)?

Your coverage is provided through a contract with your former employer/union/trust. Your plan benefits administrator will let you know about your plan premium, if any.

If you have an Aetna plan premium and are billed directly by Aetna Medicare for the full amount of the premium, we will mail you a monthly invoice or an annual coupon book detailing your premium amount. If you have an Aetna plan premium and you are not billed directly by Aetna Medicare for this premium, please refer to your plan benefits administrator for any premium payment information.

In addition, you must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

In some situations, your plan premium could be less

There are programs to help people with limited resources pay for their drugs. These include “Extra Help” and State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs. Chapter 2, Section 7 tells more about these programs. If you qualify, enrolling in the program might lower your monthly plan premium.

If you are already enrolled and getting help from one of these programs, the information about premiums in this Evidence of Coverage may not apply to you. We send you a separate insert, called the “Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs” (also known as the “Low Income Subsidy Rider” or the “LIS Rider”), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don’t have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the “LIS Rider.” (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
In some situations, your plan premium could be more

Some members are required to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty because they did not join a Medicare drug plan when they first became eligible or because they had a continuous period of 63 days or more when they didn’t have “creditable” prescription drug coverage. (“Creditable” means the drug coverage is at least as good as Medicare’s standard drug coverage.) For these members, the Part D late enrollment penalty is added to the plan’s monthly premium. Their premium amount will be the monthly plan premium plus the amount of their Part D late enrollment penalty.

- If you are required to pay the Part D late enrollment penalty, the cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or creditable prescription drug coverage Chapter 1, Section 5 explains the Part D late enrollment penalty.

- If you have a Part D late enrollment penalty and do not pay it, you could be disenrolled from the plan.

SECTION 5  Do you have to pay the Part D “late enrollment penalty”?

Section 5.1  What is the Part D “late enrollment penalty”?

Note: If you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty.

The late enrollment penalty is an amount that is added to your Part D premium. You may owe a late enrollment penalty if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. “Creditable prescription drug coverage” is coverage that meets Medicare’s minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage.) The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or creditable prescription drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage. The Part D late enrollment penalty is added to your monthly premium.

Your Part D late enrollment penalty is considered part of your plan premium. If you do not pay your late enrollment penalty, you could lose your prescription drug benefits for failure to pay your plan premium.

Section 5.2  How much is the Part D late enrollment penalty?

Medicare determines the amount of the penalty. Here is how it works:

- First count the number of full months that you delayed enrolling in a Medicare drug plan, after you were eligible to enroll. Or count the number of full months in which you did not have creditable prescription drug coverage, if the break in coverage was 63 days or more.
The penalty is 1% for every month that you didn’t have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.

- Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year. For 2020, the average premium amount is $32.74.

- To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here it would be 14% times $32.74, which equals $4.58. This rounds to $4.60. This amount would be added to the monthly premium for someone with a Part D late enrollment penalty.

There are three important things to note about this monthly late enrollment penalty:

- First, the penalty may change each year, because the average monthly premium can change each year. If the national average premium (as determined by Medicare) increases, your penalty will increase.

- Second, you will continue to pay a penalty every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits, even if you change plans.

- Third, if you are under 65 and currently receiving Medicare benefits, the Part D late enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your Part D late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months that you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

Section 5.3 In some situations, you can enroll late and not have to pay the penalty

Even if you have delayed enrolling in a plan offering Medicare Part D coverage when you were first eligible, sometimes you do not have to pay the Part D late enrollment penalty.

You will not have to pay a penalty for late enrollment if you are in any of these situations:

- If you already have prescription drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage. Medicare calls this “creditable drug coverage.” Please note:
  
  ○ Creditable coverage could include drug coverage from a former employer or union, TRICARE, or the Department of Veterans Affairs. Your insurer or your human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. This information may be sent to you in a letter or included in a newsletter from the plan. Keep this information, because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

  ■ Please note: If you receive a “certificate of creditable coverage” when your health coverage ends, it may not mean your prescription drug coverage was creditable. The
notice must state that you had “creditable” prescription drug coverage that expected to pay as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug plan pays.

- The following are not creditable prescription drug coverage: prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites.
- For additional information about creditable coverage, please look in your Medicare & You 2020 Handbook or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

- If you were without creditable coverage, but you were without it for less than 63 days in a row.
- If you are receiving “Extra Help” from Medicare.

Section 5.4 What can you do if you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty?

If you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review of the decision about your late enrollment penalty. Generally, you must request this review within 60 days from the date on the first letter you receive stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. If you were paying a penalty before joining our plan, you may not have another chance to request a review of that late enrollment penalty. Call Customer Service to find out more about how to do this (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

Important: Do not stop paying your Part D late enrollment penalty while you’re waiting for a review of the decision about your late enrollment penalty. If you do, you could be disenrolled for failure to pay your plan premiums.

SECTION 6 Do you have to pay an extra Part D amount because of your income?

Section 6.1 Who pays an extra Part D amount because of income?

Most people pay a standard monthly Part D premium. However, some people pay an extra amount because of their yearly income. If your income is $85,000 or above for an individual (or married individuals filing separately) or $170,000 or above for married couples, you must pay an extra amount directly to the government for your Medicare Part D coverage.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be and how to pay it. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn’t enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn’t enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. You must pay the extra amount to the government. It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium.

FAQ: If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Section 6.2  How much is the extra Part D amount?

If your modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) as reported on your IRS tax return is above a certain amount, you will pay an extra amount in addition to your monthly plan premium. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit https://www.medicare.gov/part-d/costs/premiums/drug-plan-premiums.html.

Section 6.3  What can you do if you disagree about paying an extra Part D amount?

If you disagree about paying an extra amount because of your income, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Section 6.4  What happens if you do not pay the extra Part D amount?

The extra amount is paid directly to the government (not your Medicare plan) for your Medicare Part D coverage. If you are required by law to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.

SECTION 7  More information about your monthly premium

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, (if applicable), many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. As explained in Section 2 above, in order to be eligible for our plan, you must have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Some plan members (those who aren’t eligible for premium-free Part A) pay a premium for Medicare Part A. Most plan members pay a premium for Medicare Part B. You must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.

Some people pay an extra amount for Part D because of their yearly income. This is known as Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amounts, also known as IRMAA. If your income is greater than $85,000 for an individual (or married individuals filing separately) or greater than $170,000 for married couples, you must pay an extra amount directly to the government (not the Medicare plan) for your Medicare Part D coverage.

- If you are required to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.
- If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be.
- For more information about Part D premiums based on income, go to Chapter 1, Section 6 of this booklet. You can also visit https://www.medicare.gov on the Web or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call.
Your copy of Medicare & You 2020 gives information about the Medicare premiums in the section called “2020 Medicare Costs.” This explains how the Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of Medicare & You each year in the fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up. You can also download a copy of Medicare & You 2020 from the Medicare website (https://www.medicare.gov). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 7.1 There are several ways you can pay your plan premium (if applicable)

Your coverage is provided through a contract with your former employer/union/trust. For most members, your plan benefits administrator will provide you with information about your plan premium (if applicable). If Aetna bills you directly for your total plan premium, we will mail you a monthly invoice or an annual coupon book detailing your premium amount. (You must also continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium.)

For members who have an Aetna plan premium and are billed directly by Aetna, there are several ways you can pay your plan premium. These options are listed below. You may inform us of your premium payment option choice or change your choice by calling Customer Service at the numbers printed on your member ID card.

If you decide to change the way you pay your premium, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your plan premium is paid on time.

Option 1: You can pay by check

If Aetna bills you directly for your total plan premium, you may decide to pay your monthly plan premium to us by check. Please make your check payable to the plan. Monthly plan premium payments are due the 1st day of each month for coverage of the current month. We must receive your check and corresponding month’s coupon in our office no later than the 8th of each month to prevent your account from becoming delinquent. All monthly plan premium payments should be sent to the address listed on your monthly invoice or payment coupons.

Coupon Book (If Applicable)

Your coupon book should arrive within 30 days of your selection or the date we received your enrollment application. Be sure to include your coupon with your check to ensure the appropriate credit is applied to your account. We reserve the right to charge up to $35 for any returned bank items. In the event that you need a replacement coupon book or you wish to change your payment method, please call Customer Service for assistance (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).
Option 2: You can pay by automatic withdrawal

If Aetna bills you directly for your total plan premium, you may decide to pay your monthly plan premium by an automatic withdrawal from your bank account by the Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT) option. Your plan premium will be automatically deducted from your bank account by the 6th day of every month. You may also have your plan premium charged to a credit card of your choice and the payment will be charged to your credit card by the 10th day of every month. If you are interested in enrolling in these programs, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

What to do if you are having trouble paying your plan premium

If you are billed directly by Aetna, your plan premium is due in our office by the first day of the month. If we have not received your premium payment by the tenth day of the month, we will do the following:

- For enrollees who are formally receiving “Extra Help” with payment toward their monthly plan premiums or whose premium payments are made up only of late enrollment penalty amounts, we will send you reminder notices of the premium amounts that are due to help you so you can keep your account up-to-date.

- For all other enrollees, we will send you a notice telling you that your plan membership may end if we do not receive your plan premium within three months of the due date. If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.

If you are having trouble paying your premium on time, please contact Customer Service to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your plan premium. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)

If we end your membership because you did not pay your premium, you will have health coverage under Original Medicare.

If we end your membership with the plan because you did not pay your premium, and you don’t currently have prescription drug coverage then you may not be able to receive Part D coverage until the following year if you enroll in a new plan during the annual enrollment period. During the annual Medicare open enrollment period, you may either join a stand-alone prescription drug plan or a health plan that also provides drug coverage. (If you go without “creditable” drug coverage for more than 63 days, you may have to pay a late enrollment penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.)

At the time we end your membership, you may still owe us for premiums you have not paid. In the future, if you want to enroll again in our plan (or another plan that we offer), you may need to pay the amount you owe before you can enroll.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you think we have wrongfully ended your membership, you have a right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making a complaint. Chapter 9, Section 10 of this booklet tells how to make a complaint. If you had an emergency circumstance that was out of your control and it caused you to not be able to pay your premiums within our grace period, you can ask us to reconsider this decision by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card) between 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 711. You must make your request no later than 60 days after the date your membership ends.

Section 7.2 Can we change your monthly plan premium (if applicable) during the year?

No. We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan’s monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

If your plan requires you to pay a plan premium, in some cases the part of the premium that you have to pay can change during the year. This happens if you become eligible for the “Extra Help” program or if you lose your eligibility for the “Extra Help” program during the year. If a member qualifies for “Extra Help” with their prescription drug costs, the “Extra Help” program will pay all or part of the member’s monthly plan premium. If Medicare pays only a portion of this premium, we will bill you for the amount Medicare doesn’t cover. A member who loses their eligibility during the year will need to start paying their full monthly premium. You can find out more about the “Extra Help” program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

If your plan does not require you to pay a premium, you may need to start paying or may be able to stop paying a late enrollment penalty. (The late enrollment penalty may apply if you had a continuous period of 63 days or more when you didn’t have “creditable” prescription drug coverage.) This could happen if you become eligible for the “Extra Help” program or if you lose your eligibility for the “Extra Help” program during the year:

- If you currently pay the Part D late enrollment penalty and become eligible for “Extra Help” during the year, you would be able to stop paying your penalty.
- If you ever lose your low income subsidy (Extra Help), you would be subject to the monthly Part D late enrollment penalty if you have ever gone without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more.

You can find out more about the “Extra Help” program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

SECTION 8 Please keep your plan membership record up to date

Section 8.1 How to help make sure that we have accurate information about you

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Primary Care Provider/Medical Group/IPA. (An IPA, or Independent Practice Association, is an independent group of
physicians and other health-care providers under contract to provide services to members of managed care organizations.)

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

**Let us know about these changes:**

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number.
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, Workers' Compensation, or Medicaid).
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident.
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home.
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room.
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes.
- If you are participating in a clinical research study.

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

**Read over the information we send you about any other insurance coverage you have**

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. (For more information about how our coverage works when you have other insurance, see Section 10 in this chapter.)

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don’t need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).
SECTION 9  We protect the privacy of your personal health information

Section 9.1  We make sure that your health information is protected

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

For more information about how we protect your personal health information, please go to Chapter 8, Section 1.4 of this booklet.

SECTION 10  How other insurance works with our plan

Section 10.1  Which plan pays first when you have other insurance?

When you have other insurance (like coverage under another employer group health plan), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the “primary payer” and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the “secondary payer,” only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your family member’s current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
  - If you’re under 65 and disabled and your family member is still working, their plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
  - If you’re over 65 and your spouse is still working, their plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers’ Compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy. If you have questions about who pays first, or you need to update your other insurance information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.
CHAPTER 2

Important phone numbers and resources
Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

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SECTION 2  Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program) ............................................................................................................ 32

SECTION 3  State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare) ................................................ 33

SECTION 4  Quality Improvement Organization (paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare) ............................................................ 34

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SECTION 1  Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO) contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service at the plan)

How to contact our plan’s Customer Service

For assistance with claims, billing or member card questions, please call or write to Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO) Customer Service. We will be happy to help you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Customer Service – Contact Information</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>Please call the telephone number printed on your member ID card or our general Customer Service center at 1-888-267-2637. Calls to this number are free. We're available 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday. Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711 Calls to this number are free. We're available 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Medicare P.O. Box 14088 Lexington, KY 40512-4088</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td>AetnaRetireePlans.com</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

You may call us if you have questions about our coverage decision process.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CALL</strong></td>
<td>Please call the telephone number printed on your member ID card or our general Customer Service center at 1-888-267-2637. Calls to this number are free. We're available 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TTY</strong></td>
<td>711 Calls to this number are free. We're available 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FAX</strong></td>
<td>Please use the following fax number to submit expedited (fast) requests only: 1-860-754-5468</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WRITE</strong></td>
<td>Aetna Medicare Precertification Unit P.O. Box 14079 Lexington, KY 40512-4079</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WEBSITE</strong></td>
<td>aetnamedicare.com</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information</th>
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</table>
| **CALL** | 1-800-932-2159 for Expedited Appeals Only  
Calls to this number are free. We’re available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. |
| **TTY** | 711  
Calls to this number are free. We’re available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. |
| **FAX** | 724-741-4953 |
| **WRITE** | Aetna Medicare Part C Appeals & Grievances  
P.O. Box 14067  
Lexington, KY 40512 |
| **WEBSITE** | You can submit an appeal about our plan online. To submit an online appeal go to aetnamedicare.com. |
How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If you have a problem about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>Please call the telephone number printed on your member ID card or our general customer service center at 1-888-267-2637. Calls to this number are free. We're available 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711 Calls to this number are free. We're available 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-724-741-4956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Medicare Part C Grievance &amp; Appeal Unit P.O. Box 14067 Lexington, KY 40512</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AETNA WEBSITE</td>
<td>You can submit a complaint about our plan online at aetnamedicare.com/complaintsa-gcd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEDICARE WEBSITE</td>
<td>You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your prescription drugs covered under the Part D benefit included in your plan. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-414-2386</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free. We’re available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday.</td>
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<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free. We’re available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-800-408-2386</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna P.O. Box 7773 London, KY 40742</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td>aetnamedicare.com</td>
</tr>
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</table>

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CALL</strong></td>
<td>1-800-594-9390&lt;br&gt;Calls to this number are free. We’re available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TTY</strong></td>
<td>711&lt;br&gt;Calls to this number are free. We’re available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FAX</strong></td>
<td>724-741-4954</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WRITE</strong></td>
<td>Aetna Medicare Part D Appeals &amp; Grievances&lt;br&gt;P.O. Box 14579&lt;br&gt;Lexington, KY 40512</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WEBSITE</strong></td>
<td>You can submit an appeal online at aetnamedicare.com.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan’s coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Complaints about Part D prescription drugs – Contact Information</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>Please call the telephone number printed on your member ID card or our general customer service center at 1-800-594-9390.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free. We’re available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free. We’re available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-724-741-4956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna\nMedicare Part D Grievance &amp; Appeal Unit\nP.O. Box 14579\nLexington, KY 40512</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AETNA WEBSITE</td>
<td>You can submit a complaint about our plan online at aetnamedicare.com</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEDICARE WEBSITE</td>
<td>You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received

For more information on situations in which you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider, see Chapter 7 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs).
**Please note:** If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) for more information.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Payment Request – Contact Information</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td><strong>For Prescription Drug Claims:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aetna Pharmacy Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 52446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Phoenix, AZ 85072-2446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>For Medical Claims:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aetna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 981106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>El Paso, TX 79998-1106</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 2 Medicare** (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called “CMS”). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Medicare – Contact Information</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>1-877-486-2048</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
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## Medicare – Contact Information

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<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Medicare – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>WEBSITE</strong></td>
<td><a href="https://www.medicare.gov">https://www.medicare.gov</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes booklets you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.

The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:

- **Medicare Eligibility Tool:** Provides Medicare eligibility status information.

- **Medicare Plan Finder:** Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an estimate of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.

You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about our plan:

- **Tell Medicare about your complaint:** You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to [https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx](https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx). Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you don’t have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, print it out, and send it to you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)

## SECTION 3  State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. **Refer to Addendum A at the back of this Evidence of Coverage for**

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
the name and contact information for the State Health Insurance Assistance Program in your state.

A SHIP is independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan). It is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you with your Medicare questions or problems. They can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization (paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare)

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. Refer to Addendum A at the back of this Evidence of Coverage for the name and contact information of the Quality Improvement Organization in your state.

The QIO has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The QIO is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact the QIO in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. Social Security handles the enrollment process for Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.
Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Social Security – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-772-1213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>You can use Social Security’s automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>1-800-325-0778</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://www.ssa.gov">https://www.ssa.gov</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 6 Medicaid (a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources)

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid.

In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These “Medicare Savings Programs” help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost-sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)

- **Qualified Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.

- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact your state Medicaid agency. **Contact information is in Addendum A in the back of this Evidence of Coverage.**

**SECTION 7 Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs**

**Medicare’s “Extra Help” Program**

Medicare provides “Extra Help” to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. If you qualify, you get help paying for any Medicare drug plan’s monthly premium, yearly deductible, and prescription copayments. This “Extra Help” also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

People with limited income and resources may qualify for “Extra Help.” Some people automatically qualify for “Extra Help” and don’t need to apply. Medicare mails a letter to people who automatically qualify for “Extra Help.”

You may be able to get “Extra Help” to pay for your prescription drug premiums and costs. To see if you qualify for getting “Extra Help,” call:

- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 7 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778 (applications); or
- Your State Medicaid Office (applications). (See Section 6 of this chapter for contact information.)

If you believe you have qualified for “Extra Help” and you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has established a process that allows you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

- While you are at the pharmacy, you can ask the pharmacist to contact Aetna at the number on your ID card. If the situation cannot be resolved at that time, Aetna will give you a one-time exception and you will be charged the copayment/coinsurance amount that you...
were given by CMS. This exception is temporary and lasts 21 days. Aetna will permanently update our systems upon the receipt of one of the acceptable forms of evidence listed below.

You can send your evidence documentation to Aetna using any of the following contact methods:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Best Available Evidence - Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Medicare Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Attention: BAE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 14088</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lexington, KY 40512-4088</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-888-665-6296</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAIL</td>
<td>BAE/LISMailbox@aetna.com</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples of evidence can be any of the following items:

- A copy of your Medicaid card that includes your name and an eligibility date during a month after June of the previous calendar year
- A copy of a state document that confirms active Medicaid status during a month after June of the previous calendar year
- A print out from the state electronic enrollment file showing Medicaid status during a month after June of the previous calendar year
- A screen print from the state's Medicaid systems showing Medicaid status during a month after June of the previous calendar year
- Other documentation provided by the state showing Medicaid status during a month after June of the previous calendar year
- For individuals who are not deemed eligible, but who apply and are found LIS eligible, a copy of the SSA award letter
- If you are institutionalized and qualify for zero cost-sharing:
  - A remittance from the facility showing Medicaid payment for a full calendar month for that individual during a month after June of the previous calendar year
  - A copy of a state document that confirms Medicaid payment on your behalf to the facility for a full calendar month after June of the previous calendar year

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
A screen print from the state's Medicaid systems showing your institutional status based on at least a full calendar month stay for Medicaid payment purposes during a month after June of the previous calendar year

- Medicare and additional SSA documents that supports a beneficiary's LIS cost-sharing level:
  - Deeming notice – pub.no. 11166 (purple notice)
  - Auto-enrollment notice – Prospective only pub.no.11154 (yellow notice)
  - Auto-enrollment notice – Retroactive and Prospective pub.no.11429 (yellow notice)
  - Full-facilitated notice – pub.no. 11186 (green notice)
  - Partial-facilitated notice – pub.no.11191 (green notice)
  - Copay change notice – pub.no.11199 (orange notice)
  - Reassignment notice – pub.no. 11208 and 11209 (blue notice)
  - MA Reassignment – pub. no. 11443 (blue notice)
  - LIS Choosers notice – pub. no. 11267 (tan notice)
  - Chooser Reminder notice – pub. no. 11465 (tan notice)

- When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn’t collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Please contact Customer Service if you have questions (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs to Part D members who have reached the coverage gap and are not already receiving “Extra Help.” For brand name drugs, the 70% discount provided by manufacturers excludes any dispensing fee for costs in the gap. Members pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion the dispensing fee for brand name drugs.

If you reach the coverage gap, we will automatically apply the discount when your pharmacy bills you for your prescription and your Part D Explanation of Benefits (Part D EOB) will show any discount provided. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and move you through the coverage gap. The amount paid by the plan (5%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs.

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. If you reach the coverage gap, the plan pays 75% of the price for generic drugs and you pay the remaining 25% of the price. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (75%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap. Also, the dispensing fee is included as part of the cost of the drug.

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program is available nationwide. If your Aetna Medicare PPO plan offers additional gap coverage during the Coverage Gap Stage, your out-of-pocket costs will sometimes be lower than the costs described here. Please go to Chapter 6, Section 6 for more information about your coverage during the Coverage Gap Stage.

If you have any questions about the availability of discounts for the drugs you are taking or about the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program in general, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

**What if you have coverage from a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)?**

If you are enrolled in a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP), or any other program that provides coverage for Part D drugs (other than “Extra Help”), you still get the 70% discount on covered brand name drugs. Also, the plan pays 5% of the costs of brand drugs in the coverage gap. The 70% discount and the 5% paid by the plan are both applied to the price of the drug before any SPAP or other coverage.

**What if you have coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?**

What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also covered by ADAP qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance. The name of your state ADAP is shown on Addendum A attached to this Evidence of Coverage. Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status.

If you are currently enrolled in an ADAP, it can continue to provide you with Medicare Part D prescription cost-sharing assistance for drugs on the ADAP formulary. In order to be sure you continue receiving this assistance, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker of any changes in your Medicare Part D plan name or policy number. Contact information for your state ADAP is shown on Addendum A attached to this Evidence of Coverage.
What if you get “Extra Help” from Medicare to help pay your prescription drug costs? Can you get the discounts?

No. If you get “Extra Help,” you already get coverage for your prescription drug costs during the coverage gap.

What if you don’t get a discount, and you think you should have?

If you think that you have reached the coverage gap and did not get a discount when you paid for your brand name drug, you should review your next Part D Explanation of Benefits (Part D EOB) notice. If the discount doesn't appear on your Part D Explanation of Benefits, you should contact us to make sure that your prescription records are correct and up-to-date. If we don't agree that you are owed a discount, you can appeal. You can get help filing an appeal from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) (telephone numbers are in Addendum A at the end of this Evidence of Coverage) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs

Many states have State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs) that help some people pay for prescription drugs based on financial need, age, medical condition, or disabilities. Each state has different rules to provide drug coverage to its members. Refer to Addendum A at the back of this Evidence of Coverage to identify if there is an SPAP in your state.

SECTION 8 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation’s railroad workers and their families. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address.
### Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-877-772-5772</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you press “0,” you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you press “1”, you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>1-312-751-4701</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are not free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://secure.rrb.gov/">https://secure.rrb.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 9  Do you have “group insurance” or other health insurance from another employer/union/trust plan?

Your Aetna coverage is provided through a contract with a former employer/union/trust. You (or your spouse) may also get medical coverage from another employer or retiree group. Call the benefits administrator if you have questions regarding coordination of your coverages. If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse’s) employer or retiree group, please contact that group’s benefits administrator. Call the benefits administrator if you have questions regarding coordination of your coverages. You can also call Aetna’s Customer Service if you have any questions. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.). You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
CHAPTER 3
Using the plan’s coverage for your medical services
Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

SECTION 1
Things to know about getting your medical care covered as a member of our plan

Section 1.1 What are “network providers” and “covered services”? 

Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

SECTION 2
Using network and out-of-network providers to get your medical care

Section 2.1 You may choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care 

Section 2.2 How to get care from specialists and other network providers

Section 2.3 How to get care from out-of-network providers

SECTION 3
How to get covered services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency

Section 3.2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster

SECTION 4
What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?

Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

SECTION 5
How are your medical services covered when you are in a “clinical research study”?

Section 5.1 What is a “clinical research study”?

Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

SECTION 6
Rules for getting care covered in a “religious non-medical health care institution”

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?
Section 6.2  What care from a religious non-medical health care institution is covered by our plan? .......................................................... 55

SECTION 7  Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment ........................................ 55

Section 7.1  Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan? .......................................................... 55
SECTION 1  Things to know about getting your medical care covered as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care coverage. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the Schedule of Cost Sharing benefits chart included with this Evidence of Coverage. It's described in Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits, what is covered and what you pay).

Section 1.1  What are “network providers” and “covered services”?

Here are some definitions that can help you understand how you get the care and services that are covered for you as a member of our plan:

- “Providers” are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term “providers” also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.

- “Network providers” are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.

- “Covered services” include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

Section 1.2  Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, we must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare’s coverage rules.

Our plan will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- The care you receive is included in the plan’s Schedule of Cost Sharing with this Evidence of Coverage.

- The care you receive is considered medically necessary. “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
• **You receive your care from a provider who is eligible to provide services under Original Medicare.** As a member of our plan, you can receive your care from either a network provider or an out-of-network provider (for more about this, see Section 2 in this chapter).

○ The providers in our network are listed in the *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*. You can also see the *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* at aetnamedicare.com/findprovider.

○ **Please note:** While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care and non-Medicare covered services, we cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If you go to a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive. Check with your provider before receiving services to confirm that they are eligible to participate in Medicare.

**SECTION 2  Using network and out-of-network providers to get your medical care**

**Section 2.1  You may choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care**

**What is a “PCP” and what does the PCP do for you?**

As a member of our plan, you do not have to choose a network PCP; **however, we strongly encourage you to choose a PCP and let us know who you chose.** Your PCP can help you stay healthy, treat illnesses and coordinate your care with other health care providers. If you choose a network PCP, they will appear on your ID card. If you choose a network PCP and your ID card does not show a PCP or the one you want to use, please contact us so we can update our files. If you choose a PCP that is not in our network, they will not appear on your ID card.

Depending on where you live, the following types of providers may act as a PCP:

- General Practitioner
- Internist
- Family Practitioner
- Geriatrician
- Physician Assistants (Not available in all states)
- Nurse Practitioners (Not available in all states)

Please refer to your *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* or access our website at aetnamedicare.com/findprovider for a complete listing of network PCPs in your area.
What is the role of a PCP in coordinating covered services?

Your PCP will provide most of your care, and when you need more specialized services, they will coordinate your care with other providers. Your PCP will help you find a specialist and will arrange for covered services you get as a member of our plan.

Some of the services that the PCP will coordinate include:

- x-rays;
- laboratory tests;
- therapies;
- care from doctors who are specialists; and
- hospital admissions

“Coordinating” your services includes consulting with other plan providers about your care and how it is progressing. Since your PCP will provide and coordinate your medical care, we recommend that you have your past medical records sent to your PCP’s office.

In some cases, your network PCP may need to get approval in advance from our Medical Management Department for certain types of services or tests (this is called getting “prior authorization”). Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

How do you choose your network PCP?

You can select your network PCP by using the Provider & Pharmacy Directory, or by accessing our website at aetnamedicare.com/findprovider, or getting help from Customer Service (phone numbers are on your member ID card).

However, you can change your PCP (as explained later in this section) for any reason, any time by contacting Customer Service at the number on the back cover of this booklet with your PCP choice.

If you select a network PCP, the name and/or office telephone number of your PCP is printed on your membership card.

Changing your network PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it’s possible that your PCP might leave our plan’s network of providers. Contact us immediately if your ID card does not show the PCP you want to use. We will update your file and send you a new ID card to reflect the change in PCP.
To change your PCP, call Customer Service at the number on your member ID card before you set up an appointment with a new PCP. When you call, be sure to tell Customer Service if you are seeing specialists or currently getting other covered services that were coordinated by your PCP (such as home health services and durable medical equipment). They will check to see if the network PCP you want to switch to is accepting new patients. Customer Service will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP, let you know the effective date of your change request, and answer your questions about the change. They will also send you a new membership card that shows the name and/or phone number of your new network PCP.

Section 2.2 How to get care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

As a member of our plan, you don't need to use a PCP to provide a referral. You may go directly to a network specialist. If you do choose to use a PCP, your PCP will provide most of your care and will help arrange or coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a plan member.

Your PCP may refer you to a specialist, but you can go to any specialists in our network without a referral. Please refer to your Provider & Pharmacy Directory or access our website at aetnamedicare.com/findprovider for a complete listing of PCPs and other participating providers in your area.

Prior Authorization Process

In some cases, your provider may need to get approval in advance from our Medical Management Department for certain types of services or tests that you receive in-network (this is called getting “prior authorization”). Your network PCP or other network provider is responsible for getting prior authorization. Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage. In a PPO, you do not need prior authorization to obtain out-of-network services. However, you may want to check with the plan before getting services from out-of-network providers to confirm that the service is covered by your plan and to understand your cost-sharing responsibility.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. There are a number of reasons why your provider might leave your plan but
if your doctor or specialist does leave your plan you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will make a good faith effort to provide you with at least 30 days’ notice that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified provider to continue managing your health care needs.
- If you are undergoing medical treatment you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment you are receiving is not interrupted.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed you have the right to file an appeal of our decision.
- If you find out that your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider and managing your care.

You may contact Customer Service at the number on your ID card for assistance in selecting a new PCP or to identify other Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO) participating providers. You may also look up participating providers using the Provider & Pharmacy Directory or at our website at aetnamedicare.com/findprovider.

Section 2.3 How to get care from out-of-network providers

As a member of our plan, you can choose to receive care from out-of-network providers. However, please note providers that do not contract with us are under no obligation to treat you, except in emergency situations. Our plan will cover services from either network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and are medically necessary. Here are other important things to know about using out-of-network providers:

- You can get your care from an out-of-network provider, however, in most cases that provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If you receive care from a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive. Check with your provider before receiving services to confirm that they are eligible to participate in Medicare.
- You don’t need to get a referral or prior authorization when you get care from out-of-network providers. However, before getting services from out-of-network providers you
may want to ask for a pre-visit coverage decision to confirm that the services you are getting are covered and are medically necessary. (See Chapter 9, Section 4 for information about asking for coverage decisions.) This is important because:

- Without a pre-visit coverage decision, if we later determine that the services are not covered or were not medically necessary, we may deny coverage and you will be responsible for the entire cost. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care. See Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint) to learn how to make an appeal.

- It is best to ask an out-of-network provider to bill the plan first. But, if you have already paid for the covered services, we will reimburse you for our share of the cost for covered services. Or if an out-of-network provider sends you a bill that you think we should pay, you can send it to us for payment. See Chapter 7 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs) for information about what to do if you receive a bill or if you need to ask for reimbursement.

SECTION 3  How to get covered services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

Section 3.1  Getting care if you have a medical emergency

What is a “medical emergency” and what should you do if you have one?

A “medical emergency” is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do not need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP.

- **As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency.** We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Please call Customer Service at the number on your member ID card.

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories. Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the
Emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. For more information, see the *Schedule of Cost Sharing* included with this *Evidence of Coverage*.

Our plan also covers emergency medical care if you receive the care outside of the United States. Please see the *Schedule of Cost Sharing* included with this *Evidence of Coverage*.

If you have an emergency, we will talk with the doctors who are giving you emergency care to help manage and follow up on your care. The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

**What if it wasn’t a medical emergency?**

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn’t a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

In addition, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, the amount of cost-sharing that you pay will be the same whether you get the care from network providers or out-of-network providers.

**Section 3.2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services**

**What are “urgently needed services”?**

“Urgently needed services” are non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. The unforeseen condition could, for example, be an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have.

**What if you are in the plan’s service area when you have an urgent need for care?**

Our plan covers urgently needed care you receive from network or out-of-network providers at the same cost sharing amount. When circumstances are unusual or extraordinary proceed to the nearest urgent care center for immediate treatment.

**What if you are outside the plan’s network service area when you have an urgent need for care?**

When you are outside the network service area, our plan covers urgently needed services that you receive from any provider at the same cost-sharing amount.

Our plan covers urgently needed medical services if you receive the care outside of the United States.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Section 3.3  Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: AetnaRetireePlans.com for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

SECTION 4  What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?

Section 4.1  You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

If you have paid more than your share for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 7 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2  If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Our plan covers all medical services that are medically necessary, are listed in the plan’s Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage, and are obtained consistent with plan rules. You are responsible for paying the full cost of services that aren’t covered by our plan, either because they are not plan covered services, or plan rules were not followed.

If you have any questions about whether we will pay for any medical service or care that you are considering, you have the right to ask us whether we will cover it before you get it. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care.

Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) has more information about what to do if you want a coverage decision from us or want to appeal a decision we have already made. You may also call Customer Service to get more information (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. Any amounts you pay for services after a benefit limit has been reached do not count toward your out-of-pocket maximum. You can call Customer Service when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
SECTION 5  How are your medical services covered when you are in a “clinical research study”?

Section 5.1  What is a “clinical research study”?

A clinical research study (also called a “clinical trial”) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

Not all clinical research studies are open to members of our plan. Medicare first needs to approve the research study. If you participate in a study that Medicare has not approved, you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study and you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do not need to get approval from us. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do not need to be part of our plan’s network of providers.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, you do need to tell us before you start participating in a clinical research study.

If you plan on participating in a clinical research study, contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card) to let them know that you will be participating in a clinical trial and to find out more specific details about what your plan will pay.

Section 5.2  When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you are covered for routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.
Original Medicare pays most of the cost of the covered services you receive as part of the study. After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will also pay for part of the costs. We will pay the difference between the cost-sharing in Original Medicare and your cost-sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan.

*Here’s an example of how the cost-sharing works:* Let’s say that you have a lab test that costs $100 as part of the research study. Let’s also say that your share of the costs for this test is $20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be $10 under our plan’s benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay $80 for the test and we would pay another $10. This means that you would pay $10, which is the same amount you would pay under our plan’s benefits.

In order for us to pay for our share of the costs, you will need to submit a request for payment. With your request, you will need to send us a copy of your Medicare Summary Notices or other documentation that shows what services you received as part of the study and how much you owe. Please see Chapter 7 for more information about submitting requests for payment.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.

- Items and services the study gives you or any participant for free.

- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

**Do you want to know more?**

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by reading the publication “Medicare and Clinical Research Studies” on the Medicare website ([https://www.medicare.gov](https://www.medicare.gov)). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

**SECTION 6  Rules for getting care covered in a “religious non-medical health care institution”**

**Section 6.1  What is a religious non-medical health care institution?**

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member’s religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. You may choose to pursue medical care at

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
any time for any reason. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical
health care services). Medicare will only pay for non-medical health care services provided by
religious non-medical health care institutions.

Section 6.2 What care from a religious non-medical health care institution is covered by
our plan?

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document
that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is “non-excepted.”

- “Non-excepted” medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is voluntary
  and not required by any federal, state, or local law.
- “Excepted” medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is not voluntary
  or is required under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution
must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan’s coverage of services you receive is limited to non-religious aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following
  conditions apply:
    - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for
      inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
    - – and – you must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the
      facility or your stay will not be covered.

Medicare Inpatient Hospital coverage limits apply. See the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with
this Evidence of Coverage.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

Section 7.1 Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of
payments under our plan?

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies,
wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating
devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the
home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss
other types DME that you must rent.
In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of our plan we will transfer ownership of certain DME items. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card) to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

**What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?**

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. Payments you made while in our plan do not count toward these 13 consecutive payments.

If you made fewer than 13 payments for the DME item under Original Medicare *before* you joined our plan, your previous payments also do not count toward the 13 consecutive payments. You will have to make 13 new consecutive payments for the item after you return to Original Medicare in order to own the item. There are no exceptions to this case when you return to Original Medicare.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
CHAPTER 4
Medical Benefits
(what is covered and what you pay)
If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.

2020 Evidence of Coverage for Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO)
Chapter 4. Medical Benefits (what is covered and what you pay)

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits (what is covered and what you pay)

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Section 1.3 What is the most you will pay for covered medical services?.................. 60
Section 1.4 Our plan does not allow providers to “balance bill” you ......................... 60

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SECTION 3  What services are not covered by the plan? ............................................ 62
Section 3.1 Services we do not cover (exclusions)....................................................... 62
SECTION 1  Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter focuses on your covered services and what you pay for your medical benefits. It describes a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of our plan. The Schedule of Cost Sharing is included with and is part of this Evidence of Coverage. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1  Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- The “deductible” is the amount you must pay for medical services before our plan begins to pay its share. (Section 1.2 tells you more about your plan deductible.)

- A “copayment” is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Schedule of Cost Sharing tells you more about your copayments.)

- “Coinsurance” is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Schedule of Cost Sharing tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable. If you think that you are being asked to pay improperly, contact Customer Service.

Section 1.2  What is your plan deductible (if applicable)?

Your plan’s deductible (if applicable) is shown on page 1 of the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage. This is the amount you have to pay out-of-pocket before our plan pays its share for your covered medical services. Until you have paid the deductible amount, you must pay the full cost for most of your covered services. Once you have paid your deductible, we will begin to pay our share of the costs for covered medical services and you will pay your share (your copayment or coinsurance amount) for the rest of the calendar year.

The deductible does not apply to some services, including certain preventive services. This means that we will pay our share of the costs for these services even if you haven’t paid your deductible yet. Refer to page 1 of the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage for a full list of services that are not subject to the plan deductible.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Section 1.3  What is the most you will pay for covered medical services?

Under our plan, there is a limit on what you have to pay out-of-pocket for covered medical services. This amount is shown on page 1 of your Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

- Your **combined maximum out-of-pocket amount** is the most you pay during the calendar year for covered services received from both in-network and out-of-network providers. The amounts you pay for deductibles (if applicable), copayments, and coinsurance for covered services count toward this combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. The amounts you pay for your plan premiums (if applicable) and for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are noted in the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage. If you have paid the combined maximum out-of-pocket amount for covered services, you will have 100% coverage and will not have any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for covered services. However, you must continue to pay your plan premium (if applicable) and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

Section 1.4  Our plan does not allow providers to “balance bill” you

As a member of our plan, an important protection for you is that after you meet any deductibles, if applicable, you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called “balance billing.” This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don’t pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost-sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, $15), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider. You will generally have higher copays when you obtain care from out-of-network providers.

- If your cost-sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
  - If you obtain covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan’s reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
  - If you obtain covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
SECTION 2  Medical Benefits- find out what is covered for you and how much you will pay

Section 2.1  Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

The Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage lists the services our plan covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

• Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.

• Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, and equipment) must be medically necessary. “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

• Sometimes your in-network provider is required to receive approval in advance (sometimes called “prior authorization”) before we covered a service under the plan.
  ○ Covered services that need approval in advance to be covered as in-network services are noted in the Schedule of Cost Sharing.
  ○ You never need approval in advance for out-of-network services from out-of-network providers.
  ○ While you never need approval in advance for out-of-network services, you or your doctor can ask us to make a coverage decision in advance.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

• For benefits where your cost-sharing is a coinsurance percentage, the amount you pay depends on what type of provider you receive the services from:
  ○ If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.

If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers,

If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers.

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay more in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay less. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your Medicare & You 2020 Handbook. View it online at https://www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048).

- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment/coinsurance will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.

- Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2020, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.

See the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage for details.

SECTION 3  What services are not covered by the plan?

Section 3.1  Services we do not cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are “excluded” from Medicare coverage and therefore, are generally not covered by this plan. If a service is “excluded,” it means that the plan doesn’t cover the service.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself. We won’t pay for the excluded medical services listed in the chart below except under the specific conditions listed. The only exception: we will pay if a service in the chart below is found upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 5.3 in this booklet.)
All exclusions or limitations on services are described in the *Schedule of Cost Sharing* or in the chart below.

Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services not covered by Medicare</th>
<th>Not covered under any condition</th>
<th>Covered only under specific conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to the standards of Original Medicare.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications. Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by our plan and Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private room in a hospital.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓Covered only when medically necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full-time nursing care in your home.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Custodial care is care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not require skilled medical care or skilled nursing care.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Services not covered by Medicare</strong></th>
<th><strong>Not covered under any condition</strong></th>
<th><strong>Covered only under specific conditions</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cosmetic surgery or procedures</td>
<td>✓Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member. &lt;br&gt;✓Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures.</td>
<td>✓Additional coverage may be provided by your former employer. See your Schedule of Cost Sharing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-routine dental care</td>
<td>✓Dental care required to treat illness or injury may be covered as inpatient or outpatient care.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine chiropractic care</td>
<td>✓Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered. Additional coverage may be provided by your former employer. See your Schedule of Cost Sharing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services not covered by Medicare</td>
<td>Not covered under any condition</td>
<td>Covered only under specific conditions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine foot care</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓ Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines, e.g., if you have diabetes. Additional coverage may be provided by your former employer. See your Schedule of Cost Sharing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home-delivered meals</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓ Additional coverage may be provided by your former employer. See your Schedule of Cost Sharing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orthopedic shoes</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓ If shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supportive devices for the feet</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓ Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease. Additional coverage may be provided by your former employer. See your Schedule of Cost Sharing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine hearing exams, hearing aids, or exams to fit hearing aids.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓ Additional coverage may be provided by your former employer. See your Schedule of Cost Sharing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine eye examinations, eyeglasses, radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery and other low vision aids.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓ Eye exam and one pair of eyeglasses (or contact lenses) are covered for people after cataract surgery. Additional coverage may be provided by your former employer. See your Schedule of Cost Sharing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Services not covered by Medicare

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services not covered by Medicare</th>
<th>Not covered under any condition</th>
<th>Covered only under specific conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acupuncture</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓ Additional coverage may be provided by your former employer. See your Schedule of Cost Sharing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services provided to veterans in Veterans Affairs (VA) facilities.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓ When emergency services are received at VA hospital and the VA cost sharing is more than the cost-sharing under our plan, we will reimburse veterans for the difference. Members are still responsible for our cost-sharing amounts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compression Stockings</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓ Additional coverage may be provided by your former employer. See your Schedule of Cost Sharing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.
CHAPTER 5

Using the plan’s coverage for your Part D prescription drugs
Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

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2020 Evidence of Coverage for Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO)
Chapter 5. Using the plan’s coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?

There are programs to help people with limited resources pay for their drugs. These include “Extra Help” and State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you. We send you a separate insert, called the “Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs” (also known as the “Low Income Subsidy Rider” or the “LIS Rider”), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don’t have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the “LIS Rider.” (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 This chapter describes your coverage for Part D drugs

This chapter explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs. The next chapter tells what you pay for Part D drugs (Chapter 6, What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs).

In addition to your coverage for Part D drugs, our plan also covers some drugs under the plan’s medical benefits. Through its coverage of Medicare Part A benefits, our plan generally covers drugs you are given during covered stays in the hospital or in a skilled nursing facility. Through its coverage of Medicare Part B benefits, our plan covers drugs including certain chemotherapy drugs, certain drug injections you are given during an office visit, and drugs you are given at a dialysis facility. The Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage tells about the benefits and costs for drugs during a covered hospital or skilled nursing facility stay, as well as your benefits and costs for Part B drugs.

Your drugs may be covered by Original Medicare if you are in Medicare hospice. Our plan only covers Medicare Parts A, B, and D services and drugs that are unrelated to your terminal prognosis and related conditions and therefore not covered under the Medicare hospice benefit. For more information, please see Section 9.4 (What if you’re in Medicare-certified hospice). For information on hospice coverage and Part C, see the hospice section of the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

The following sections discuss coverage of your drugs under the plan’s Part D benefit rules. Section 9, Part D drug coverage in special situations includes more information on your Part D coverage and Original Medicare.
Section 1.2 Basic rules for the plan’s Part D drug coverage

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist or other prescriber) write your prescription.
- Your prescriber must either accept Medicare or file documentation with CMS showing that he or she is qualified to write prescriptions, or your Part D claim will be denied. You should ask your prescribers the next time you call or visit if they meet this condition. If not, please be aware it takes time for your prescriber to submit the necessary paperwork to be processed.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2, Fill your prescriptions at a network pharmacy or through the plan’s mail-order service.)
- Your drug must be on the plan’s List of Covered Drugs (Formulary) (we call it the “Drug List” for short). (See Section 3, Your drugs need to be on the plan’s “Drug List.”)
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A “medically accepted indication” is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. (See Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan’s mail-order service

Section 2.1 To have your prescription covered, use a network pharmacy

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at the plan’s network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term “covered drugs” means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are covered on the plan’s Drug List.

Our network includes pharmacies that offer standard cost-sharing and may include pharmacies that offer preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan). You may go to either type of network pharmacy to receive your covered prescription drugs. Your cost-sharing may be less at pharmacies with preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan). The Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing enclosed with this Evidence of Coverage shows both standard and preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan).
Section 2.2  Finding network pharmacies

How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your Pharmacy & Pharmacy Directory, visit our website aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy, or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

You may go to any of our network pharmacies. However, your costs may be even less for your covered drugs if you use a network pharmacy that offers preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan) rather than a network pharmacy that offers standard cost-sharing. The Provider & Pharmacy Directory will tell you which of the network pharmacies offer preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan). You can find out more about how your out-of-pocket costs could be different for different drugs by contacting us. If you switch from one network pharmacy to another, and you need a refill of a drug you have been taking, you can ask either to have a new prescription written by a provider or to have your prescription transferred to your new network pharmacy.

What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan’s network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. If the pharmacy you have been using stays within the network but is no longer offering preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan), you may want to switch to a different pharmacy. To find another network pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card) or use the Provider & Pharmacy Directory. You can also find information on our website at aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy.

What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a long-term care facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies, which is typically the pharmacy that the LTC facility uses. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Customer Service.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.
Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (*Note*: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

### Section 2.3 Using the plan’s mail-order services

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan’s network mail-order services. Generally, the drugs provided through mail order are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition. The drugs available through our plan’s mail-order service are marked as “mail-order” (MO) drugs in our Drug List.

Our plan’s mail-order service allows you to order **up to a 90-day supply**.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail from our preferred mail-order pharmacy, contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

Usually a mail-order pharmacy order will get to you in no more than 14 days. In the unlikely event that there is a significant delay with your mail-order prescription drug, our mail order service will work with you and a network pharmacy to provide you with a temporary supply of your mail-order prescription drug.

**New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor’s office.**

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it receives from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

- You used mail order services with this plan in the past, or
- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care providers. You may request automatic delivery of all new prescriptions now or at any time by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are on your member ID card).

If you receive a prescription automatically by mail that you do not want, and you were not contacted to see if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail order in the past and do not want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, please contact us by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are on your member ID card).

If you have never used our mail order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. This will give you
an opportunity to make sure that the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if necessary, allow you to cancel or delay the order before you are billed and it is shipped. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions received directly from your health care provider’s office, please contact us by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are on your member ID card).

**Refills on mail order prescriptions.**

For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program called *Automatic Refill*. Under this program we will start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug. The pharmacy will contact you prior to shipping each refill to make sure you are in need of more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough of your medication or if your medication has changed. If you choose not to use our auto refill program, please contact your pharmacy 15 days before you think the drugs you have on hand will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

To opt out of *Automatic Refill* that automatically prepares mail order refills, please contact us by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are on your member ID card).

So the pharmacy can reach you to confirm your order before shipping, please make sure to let the pharmacy know the best ways to contact you by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are on your member ID card).

**Section 2.4  How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?**

When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost-sharing may be lower. The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an “extended supply”) of “maintenance” drugs on our plan's Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.) You may order this supply through mail order (see Section 2.3) or you may go to a retail pharmacy.

1. **Some retail pharmacies** in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Customer Service for more information (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

2. For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network *mail-order services*. The drugs available through our plan's mail-order service are marked as “*mail-order* (MO) drugs” in our Drug List. Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order up to a 90-day supply. See Section 2.3 for more information about using our mail-order services.
Section 2.5  When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?

Your prescription may be covered in certain situations

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy only when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. If you cannot use a network pharmacy, here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

- If you are unable to obtain a covered prescription drug in a timely manner within our service area because there is no network pharmacy within a reasonable driving distance that provides 24 hour service.

- If you are trying to fill a prescription drug that is not regularly stocked at an accessible network retail or mail order pharmacy (these prescription drugs include orphan drugs or other specialty pharmaceuticals).

- If you are traveling outside your service area (within the United States) and run out of your medication, if you lose your medication, or if you become ill and cannot access a network pharmacy.

- If you receive a Part D prescription drug dispensed by an out-of-network institutional-based pharmacy while you are in the emergency department, provider-based clinic, outpatient surgery or other outpatient setting.

- If you have received your prescription during a state or federal disaster declaration or other public health emergency declaration in which you are evacuated or otherwise displaced from your service area or place of residence.

In these situations, when you are covered to fill your prescription at an out-of-network pharmacy, you may be limited to a 30-day supply of your drug.

In these situations, please check first with Customer Service to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.) You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal share of the cost) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Chapter 7, Section 2.1 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)
SECTION 3  Your drugs need to be on the plan’s “Drug List”

Section 3.1  The “Drug List” tells which Part D drugs are covered

The plan has a “List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).” In this Evidence of Coverage, we call it the “Drug List” for short.

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the plan’s Drug List.

The drugs on the Drug List are only those covered under Medicare Part D (earlier in this chapter, Section 1.1 explains about Part D drugs).

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the use of the drug is a medically accepted indication. A “medically accepted indication” is a use of the drug that is either:

- Approved by the Food and Drug Administration. (That is, the Food and Drug Administration has approved the drug for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.)

- or – Supported by certain reference books. (These reference books are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; the DRUGDEX Information System; and, for cancer, the National Comprehensive Cancer Network and Clinical Pharmacology or their successors.)

The Drug List includes both brand name and generic drugs

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Generally, it works just as well as the brand name drug and usually costs less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs.

What is not on the Drug List?

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (for more about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter).

- In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on our Drug List.

Section 3.2  There are different “cost-sharing tiers” for drugs on the Drug List

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in a cost-sharing tier. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan’s Drug List.
The tier structure for your plan and the amount you pay for covered prescription drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in the Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

Your tier structure will be one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drug Tier</th>
<th>Two Tier Plan</th>
<th>Three Tier Plan</th>
<th>Four Tier Plan</th>
<th>Five Tier Plan</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tier 1</td>
<td>Generic Drugs</td>
<td>Generic Drugs</td>
<td>Generic Drugs</td>
<td>Preferred Generic Drugs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tier 2</td>
<td>Brand Drugs*</td>
<td>Preferred Brand Drugs*</td>
<td>Preferred Brand Drugs*</td>
<td>Generic Drugs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tier 3</td>
<td>Non-Preferred Drugs*/Non-Preferred Brand Drugs</td>
<td>Non-Preferred Drugs*/Non-Preferred Brand Drugs</td>
<td>Preferred Brand Drugs*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tier 4</td>
<td>Specialty Drugs</td>
<td>Specialty Drugs</td>
<td>Non-Preferred Drugs*/Non-Preferred Brand Drugs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tier 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Specialty Drugs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Depending on plan type and formulary, in some instances tiers noted with a * may include both brand and higher cost generic drugs. See your Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing for details on your plan coverage.

Section 3.3  How can you find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List?

You have three ways to find out:

1. Check the most recent Drug List we sent you in the mail.

2. Visit the plan’s website (AetnaRetireePlans.com). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.

3. Call Customer Service to find out if a particular drug is on the plan’s Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)
SECTION 4  There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs

Section 4.1  Why do some drugs have restrictions?

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. These special rules also help control overall drug costs, which keeps your drug coverage more affordable.

In general, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. Whenever a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option. We also need to comply with Medicare's rules and regulations for drug coverage and cost-sharing.

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our Drug List. This is because different restrictions or cost-sharing may apply based on factors such as the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

Section 4.2  What kinds of restrictions?

Our plan uses different types of restrictions to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

Restricting brand name drugs when a generic version is available

Generally, a “generic” drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less. When a generic version of a brand name drug is available, our network pharmacies will provide you the generic version. We usually will not cover the brand name drug when a generic version is available. However, if your provider has told us the medical reason that the generic drug will not work for you or has written “No substitutions” on your prescription for a brand name drug or has told us the medical reason that neither the generic drug nor other covered drugs that treat the same condition will work for you, then we will cover the brand name drug. (Your share of the cost may be greater for the brand name drug than for the generic drug.)

Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called “prior authorization.” Sometimes the requirement for
getting approval in advance helps guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

**Trying a different drug first**

Some plans may require you to try less costly but just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, the plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called “**step therapy**.”

**Quantity limits**

For certain drugs, we limit the amount of the drug that you can have by limiting how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

**Section 4.3 Do any of these restrictions apply to your drugs?**

The plan's Drug List includes information about the restrictions described above. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List. For the most up-to-date information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card) or check our website (AetnaRetireePlans.com).

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. If there is a restriction on the drug you want to take, you should contact Customer Service to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

**SECTION 5 What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?**

**Section 5.1 There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered**

We hope that your drug coverage will work well for you. But it's possible that there could be a prescription drug you are currently taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
• The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug. As explained in Section 4, some of the drugs covered by the plan have extra rules to restrict their use. For example, you might be required to try a different drug first, to see if it will work, before the drug you want to take will be covered for you. Or there might be limits on what amount of the drug (number of pills, etc.) is covered during a particular time period. In some cases, you may want us to waive the restriction for you.

• The drug is covered, but it is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost-sharing more expensive than you think it should be. The plan puts each covered drug into one of a number of different cost-sharing tiers. How much you pay for your prescription depends in part on which cost-sharing tier your drug is in.

There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you’d like it to be covered. Your options depend on what type of problem you have:

• If your drug is not on the Drug List or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.

• If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.

Section 5.2 What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?

If your drug is not on the Drug List or is restricted, here are things you can do:

• You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug (only members in certain situations can get a temporary supply). This will give you and your provider time to change to another drug or to file a request to have the drug covered.

• You can change to another drug.

• You can request an exception and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

You may be able to get a temporary supply

Under certain circumstances, the plan can offer a temporary supply of a drug to you when your drug is not on the Drug List or when it is restricted in some way. Doing this gives you time to talk with your provider about the change in coverage and figure out what to do.
To be eligible for a temporary supply, you must meet the two requirements below:

1. **The change to your drug coverage must be one of the following types of changes:**
   - The drug you have been taking is **no longer on the plan’s Drug List**.
   - -- or -- the drug you have been taking is **now restricted in some way** (Section 4 in this chapter tells about restrictions).

2. **You must be in one of the situations described below:**
   - **For those members who are new or who were in the plan last year:**
     - We will cover a temporary supply of your drug **during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan if you were new and during the first 90 days of the calendar year if you were in the plan last year**. This temporary supply will be for a maximum of a 30-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of a 30-day supply of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy.
   - **For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a supply right away:**
     - We will cover one 31-day supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply situation.
   - **If you experience a change in your setting of care (such as being discharged or admitted to a long term care facility), your physician or pharmacy can request a one-time prescription override. This one-time override will provide you with temporary coverage (up to a 31-day supply) for the applicable drug(s).**

To ask for a temporary supply, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You can either switch to a different drug covered by the plan or ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover your current drug. The sections below tell you more about these options.

**You can change to another drug**

Start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)
You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan’s Drug List. Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Section 5.3 What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high?

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

You can change to another drug

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)

You can ask for an exception

Based upon you plan’s tier structure, you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs in some of our cost-sharing tiers are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the cost-sharing amount for brand drugs in the “Preferred” tiers, for any drug in the “Specialty” tier, or any drugs in Tier 1. Coverage of any non-formulary drug is not eligible for a tiering exception. Also, drugs included under an enhanced drug benefit are not eligible for a tiering exception. (Enhanced drug coverage is offered by some former employer/union/trust plans to cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare prescription drug plan. If included, this will be identified on page 1 of your Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing under the section “Enhanced Drug Benefit.”)
SECTION 6  What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?

Section 6.1  The Drug List can change during the year

Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan might make changes to the Drug List. For example, the plan might:

- **Add or remove drugs from the Drug List.** New drugs become available, including new generic drugs. Perhaps the government has given approval to a new use for an existing drug. Sometimes, a drug gets recalled and we decide not to cover it. Or we might remove a drug from the list because it has been found to be ineffective.

- **Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier.**

- **Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug** (for more information about restrictions to coverage, see Section 4 in this chapter).

- **Replace a brand name drug with a generic drug.**

In almost all cases, we must get approval from Medicare for changes we make to the plan’s Drug List.

Section 6.2  What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?

Information on changes to drug coverage

When changes to the Drug List occur during the year, we post information on our website about those changes. We will update our online Drug List on a regularly scheduled basis to include any changes that have occurred after the last update. Below we point out the times that you would get direct notice if changes are made to a drug that you are then taking. You can also call Customer Services for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Do changes to your drug coverage affect you right away?

Changes that can affect you this year: In the below cases, you will be affected by the coverage changes during the current year:

- **A new generic drug replaces a brand name drug on the Drug List (or we change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug)**

  We may immediately remove a brand name drug on our Drug List if we are replacing it with a newly approved generic version of the same drug that will appear on the same or lower cost sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions. Also, when adding the new generic drug, we may decide to keep the brand name drug on our Drug List, but immediately move it to a higher cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
We may not tell you in advance before we make that change—even if you are currently taking the brand name drug.

You or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the brand name drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

If you are taking the brand name drug at the time we make the change, we will provide you with information about the specific change(s) we made. This will also include information on the steps you may take to request an exception to cover the brand name drug. You may not get this notice before we make the change.

**Unsafe drugs and other drugs on the Drug List that are withdrawn from the market**

Once in a while, a drug may be suddenly withdrawn because it has been found to be unsafe or removed from the market for another reason. If this happens, we will immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you are taking that drug, we will let you know of this change right away.

Your prescriber will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

**Other changes to drugs on the Drug List**

We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For instance, we might add a generic drug that is not new to the market to replace a brand name drug or change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug. OR we might make changes based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare. We must give you at least 30 days' advance notice of the change or give you notice of the change and a 30-day refill of the drug you are taking at a network pharmacy.

After you receive notice of the change, you should be working with your prescriber to switch to a different drug that we cover.

Or you or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

**Changes to drugs on the Drug List that will not affect people currently taking the drug:** For changes to the Drug List that are not described above, if you are currently taking the drug, the following types of changes will not affect you until January 1 of the next year if you stay in the plan:

- If we move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.
If we put a new restriction on your use of the drug.

If we remove your drug from the Drug List.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (but not because of a market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), then the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year. Until that date, you probably won't see any increase in your payments or any added restriction to your use of the drug. You will not get direct notice this year about changes that do not affect you. However, on January 1 of the next year, the changes will affect you, and it is important to check the new year’s Drug List for any changes to drugs.

SECTION 7  What types of drugs are not covered by the plan?

Section 7.1  Types of drugs we do not cover

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are “excluded.” This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the drugs that are listed in this section (except for certain excluded drugs that may be covered under your plan's enhanced drug coverage*). The only exception: If the requested drug is found upon appeal to be a drug that is not excluded under Part D and we should have paid for or covered it because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a drug, go to Chapter 9, Section 6.5 in this booklet.)

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

* Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.

* Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.

* Our plan usually cannot cover off-label use. “Off-label use” is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug’s label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.

  - Generally, coverage for “off-label use” is allowed only when the use is supported by certain reference books. These reference books are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information, the DRUGDEX Information System; and, for cancer, the National Comprehensive Cancer Network and Clinical Pharmacology, or their successors. If the use is not supported by any of these reference books, then our plan cannot cover its “off-label use.”

Also, by law, these categories of drugs are not covered by Medicare drug plans:

* Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs).

* Drugs when used to promote fertility.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
- Drugs when used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms.
- Drugs when used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth.
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations.
- Drugs when used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction.
- Drugs when used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain.
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale.

*Your former employer/union/trust may offer supplemental coverage of some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare prescription drug plan (enhanced drug coverage). If included, this will be identified on page 1 of your Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing under the section “Enhanced Drug Benefit.” The amount you pay when you fill a prescription for these drugs does not count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage. (The Catastrophic Coverage Stage is described in Chapter 6, Section 7 of this booklet.)

In addition, if you are receiving “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescriptions, the “Extra Help” program will not pay for the drugs not normally covered. (Please refer to the plan's Drug List or call Customer Service for more information. Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.) However, if you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in Addendum A at the end of this booklet.)

**SECTION 8** Show your plan membership card when you fill a prescription

**Section 8.1** Show your membership card

To fill your prescription, show your plan membership card at the network pharmacy you choose. When you show your plan membership card, the network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for our share of your covered prescription drug cost. You will need to pay the pharmacy your share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

**Section 8.2** What if you don't have your membership card with you?

If you don't have your plan membership card with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call the plan to get the necessary information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. (You can then ask us to reimburse you for our share. See Chapter 7, Section 2.1 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special situations

Section 9.1 What if you’re in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage. Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

Please Note: When you enter, live in, or leave a skilled nursing facility, you are entitled to a Special Enrollment Period. During this time period, you can switch plans or change your coverage. (Chapter 10, Ending your membership in the plan, tells when you can leave our plan and join a different Medicare plan.)

Section 9.2 What if you’re a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?

Usually, a long-term care facility (LTC) (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy, or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of a long-term care facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility’s pharmacy as long as it is part of our network.

Check your Provider & Pharmacy Directory to find out if your long-term care facility’s pharmacy is part of our network. If it isn’t, or if you need more information, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

What if you’re a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and become a new member of the plan?

If you need a drug that is not on our Drug List or is restricted in some way, the plan will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership. The total supply will be for a maximum of a 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.) If you have been a member of the plan for more than 90 days and need a drug that is not on our Drug List or if the plan has any restriction on the drug’s coverage, we will cover one 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days.

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. Or you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Section 9.3 What if you’re also getting drug coverage from another employer/union/trust retiree group plan?

Do you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse’s) employer or retiree group? If so, please contact that group’s benefits administrator. He or she can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

In general, if you are currently employed, the prescription drug coverage you get from us will be secondary to your employer or retiree group coverage. That means your group coverage would pay first.

Special note about ‘creditable coverage’:

If you are covered by another employer/union/trust retiree group plan, each year that employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is “creditable” and the choices you have for drug coverage.

If the coverage from the group plan is “creditable,” it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage.

Keep these notices about creditable coverage, because you may need them later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Part D drug coverage, you may need these notices to show that you have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn’t get a notice about creditable coverage from your employer or retiree group plan, you can get a copy from the employer or retiree group’s benefits administrator or the employer or union.

Section 9.4 What if you’re in Medicare-certified hospice?

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require an anti-nausea, laxative, pain medication or antianxiety drug that is not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving any unrelated drugs that should be covered by our plan, you can ask your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice our plan should cover all your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, you should bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage under Part D Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.
SECTION 10  Programs on drug safety and managing medications

Section 10.1  Programs to help members use drugs safely

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care. These reviews are especially important for members who have more than one provider who prescribes their drugs.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another drug to treat the same medical condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
- Prescriptions written for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to
- Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking.
- Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications.

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

Section 10.2  Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications

We have a program that can help make sure our members safely use their prescription opioid medications, or other medications that are frequently abused. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several doctors or pharmacies, we may talk to your doctors to make sure your use is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your doctors, if we decide you are at risk for misusing or abusing your opioid or benzodiazepine medications, we may limit how you can get those medications. The limitations may be:

- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from one pharmacy
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from one doctor
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If we decide that one or more of these limitations should apply to you, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will have information explaining the terms of the limitations we think should apply to you. You will also have an opportunity to tell us which doctors or pharmacies you prefer to use. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our determination that you are at-risk for prescription drug abuse or the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to ask us for an appeal. See Chapter 9 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

The DMP may not apply to you if you have certain medical conditions, such as cancer, you are receiving hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

Section 10.3 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) and other programs to help members manage their medications

We have programs that can help our members with complex health needs. For example, some members have several medical conditions, take different drugs at the same time, and have high drug costs.

These programs are voluntary and free to members. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the programs for us. The programs can help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

One program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. Some members who take medications for different medical conditions may be able to get services through an MTM program. A pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. You can talk about how best to take your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You’ll get a written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do to make the best use of your medications, with space for you to take notes or write down any follow-up questions. You’ll also get a personal medication list that will include all the medications you’re taking and why you take them.

It’s a good idea to have your medication review before your yearly “Wellness” visit, so you can talk to your doctor about your action plan and medication list. Bring your action plan and medication list with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you from the program. If you have any questions about these programs, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).
CHAPTER 6

What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs
Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

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Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?

There are programs to help people with limited resources pay for their drugs. These include “Extra Help” and State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you. We send you a separate insert, called the “Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs” (also known as the “Low Income Subsidy Rider” or the “LIS Rider”), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don’t have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the “LIS Rider.” (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)

SECTION 1  Introduction

Section 1.1  Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage

This chapter focuses on what you pay for your Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use “drug” in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 5, not all drugs are Part D drugs – some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law. (Some excluded drugs may be covered by our plan if your former employer/union/trust has purchased supplemental coverage through an Enhanced Drug Benefit. See the Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage for more information.)

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know the basics of what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Here are materials that explain these basics:

• The plan’s List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). To keep things simple, we call this the “Drug List.”
  ○ This Drug List tells which drugs are covered for you.
  ○ It also tells which of the plan’s “cost-sharing tiers” the drug is in and whether there are any restrictions on your coverage for the drug.
  ○ If you need a copy of the Drug List, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). You can also find the Drug List on our website at AetnaRetireePlans.com. The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

- **Chapter 5 of this booklet.** Chapter 5 gives the details about your prescription drug coverage, including rules you need to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5 also tells which types of prescription drugs are not covered by our plan.

- **The plan’s Provider & Pharmacy Directory.** In most situations you must use a network pharmacy to get your covered drugs (see Chapter 5 for the details). The Provider & Pharmacy Directory has a list of pharmacies in the plan’s network. It also tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of a drug (such as filling a prescription for a three-month’s supply).

Section 1.2 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services. The amount that you pay for a drug is called “cost-sharing,” and there are three ways you may be asked to pay.

- The **“deductible”** is the amount you must pay for drugs before our plan begins to pay its share.

- **“Copayment”** means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.

- **“Coinsurance”** means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

SECTION 2 What you pay for a drug depends on which “drug payment stage” you are in when you get the drug

Section 2.1 What are the drug payment stages for our plan members?

As shown in the table below, there are “drug payment stages” for your prescription drug coverage under our plan. How much you pay for a drug depends on which of these stages you are in at the time you get a prescription filled or refilled. Keep in mind you are always responsible for the plan’s monthly premium (if applicable) regardless of the drug payment stage.
### Stage 1: Yearly Deductible Stage

If your plan has a deductible and it applies to all tiers:
- During this stage, you **pay the full cost** of your Part D drugs.
- You stay in this stage until you have paid the amount of your deductible.

If your plan has a deductible and it applies to some tiers:
- During this stage, you **pay the full cost** of your Part D drugs on tiers that the deductible applies. To find out which tiers your deductible applies, check your Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

If your plan has no deductible:
- Because there is no deductible for the plan, this payment stage does not apply to you.

(Details are in Section 4 of this chapter.)

### Stage 2: Initial Coverage Stage

If your plan has a deductible:
- After you (or others on your behalf) have met your plan deductible, the plan pays its share of the costs of your drugs and you pay your share.

If your plan has no deductible:
- You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year.
- You stay in this stage until your year-to-date “total drug costs” (your payments plus any Part D plan’s payments) total $4,020.

(Details are in Section 5 of this chapter.)

### Stage 3: Coverage Gap Stage

During this stage, you pay 25% of the price for brand name drugs plus a portion of the dispensing fee and 25% of the price for generic drugs if your plan does not include supplemental coverage.

If your plan includes supplemental coverage, your out-of-pocket costs will sometimes be lower than the costs described here. Your costs in the coverage gap are shown on the Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

You stay in this stage until your year-to-date “out-of-pocket costs” (your payments) reach a total of $6,350. This amount and rules for counting costs toward this amount have been set by Medicare.

(Details are in Section 6 of this chapter.)

### Stage 4: Catastrophic Coverage Stage

During this stage, the plan will pay most of the cost of your drugs for the rest of the calendar year (through December 31, 2020).

(Details are in Section 7 of this chapter.)

The amounts you pay during these stages are listed in the Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

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If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
SECTION 3  We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in

Section 3.1  We send you a monthly report called the “Part D Explanation of Benefits” (the “Part D EOB”)

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

- We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your “out-of-pocket” cost.
- We keep track of your “total drug costs.” This is the amount you pay out-of-pocket or others pay on your behalf plus the amount paid by the plan.

Our plan will prepare a written report called the Part D Explanation of Benefits (it is sometimes called the “Part D EOB”) when you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month. It includes:

- **Information for that month.** This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drugs costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.

- **Totals for the year since January 1.** This is called “year-to-date” information. It shows you the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.

Section 3.2  Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- **Show your membership card when you get a prescription filled.** To make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying, show your plan membership card every time you get a prescription filled.

- **Make sure we have the information we need.** There are times you may pay for prescription drugs when we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, you may give us copies of receipts for drugs that you have purchased. (If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 7, Section 2 of this booklet.) Here are some types of situations
when you may want to give us copies of your drug receipts to be sure we have a complete record of what you have spent for your drugs:

- When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan’s benefit.
- When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
- Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.

- **Send us information about the payments others have made for you.** Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs and help qualify you for catastrophic coverage. For example, payments made by a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program, an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. You should keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.

- **Check the written report we send you.** When you receive a *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (a Part D EOB) in the mail, please look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing from the report, or you have any questions, please call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). Be sure to keep these reports. They are an important record of your drug expenses.

## SECTION 4  During the Deductible Stage (if applicable), you pay the full cost of your Part D drugs

**Section 4.1  If your plan includes a deductible, you stay in the Deductible Stage until you have paid any applicable cost-sharing for your Part D drugs**

If your plan includes a deductible, the Deductible Stage is the first payment stage for your drug coverage. This stage begins when you fill your first prescription of the year. Your plan’s deductible amount (if applicable) is listed on the *Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing* included with this *Evidence of Coverage*. **You must pay the full cost of your drugs on tiers that the deductible applies** until you reach the plan’s deductible amount.

- Your “full cost” is usually lower than the normal full price of the drug, since our plan has negotiated lower costs for most drugs.
- The “deductible” is the amount you must pay for your Part D prescription drugs before the plan begins to pay its share.

Once you have paid your plan deductible amount (if applicable), you leave the Deductible Stage and move on to the next drug payment stage, which is the Initial Coverage Stage.
If your plan does not include a deductible, this payment stage does not apply to you. You begin in the Initial Coverage Stage when you fill your first prescription of the year.

SECTION 5  During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs and you pay your share

Section 5.1  What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription

During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment or coinsurance amount). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

The plan has a number of cost-sharing tiers

- Every drug on the plan’s Drug List is in one of a number of cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug. The tier structure for your plan is listed on the Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan’s Drug List.

Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- A network retail pharmacy that offers standard cost-sharing
- A network retail pharmacy that offers preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan)
- A pharmacy that is not in the plan’s network
- The plan’s mail-order pharmacy

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, see Chapter 5 in this booklet and the plan’s Provider & Pharmacy Directory.

Generally, we will cover your prescriptions only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies. Some of our network pharmacies may also offer preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan). You may go to either network pharmacies that offer preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan) or other network pharmacies that offer standard cost-sharing to receive your covered prescription drugs. Your costs may be less at pharmacies that offer preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan).
Section 5.2 Refer to your Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing for your costs for a one-month supply of a drug

During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

- **“Copayment”** means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.

- **“Coinsurance”** means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

As shown in the table in the Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on which cost-sharing tier your drug is in. Please note:

- If your covered drug costs less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay either the full price of the drug or the copayment amount, whichever is lower.

- We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information about when we will cover a prescription filled at an out-of-network pharmacy.

Section 5.3 If your doctor prescribes less than a full month’s supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month’s supply

Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month’s supply of a covered drug. However your doctor can prescribe less than a month’s supply of drugs. There may be times when you want to ask your doctor about prescribing less than a month’s supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time that is known to have serious side effects). If your doctor prescribes less than a full month’s supply, you will not have to pay for the full month’s supply for certain drugs.

The amount you pay when you get less than a full month’s supply will depend on whether you are responsible for paying coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost) or a copayment (a flat dollar amount).

- If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a percentage of the total cost of the drug. You pay the same percentage regardless of whether the prescription is for a full month’s supply or for fewer days. However, because the entire drug cost will be lower if you get less than a full month’s supply, the amount you pay will be less.

- If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, your copay will be based on the number of days of the drug that you receive. We will calculate the amount you pay per day...
for your drug (the “daily cost-sharing rate”) and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.

Here’s an example: Let’s say the copay for your drug for a full month’s supply (a 30-day supply) is $30. This means that the amount you pay per day for your drug is $1. If you receive a 7 days’ supply of the drug, your payment will be $1 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment of $7.

Daily cost-sharing allows you to make sure a drug works for you before you have to pay for an entire month’s supply. You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month’s supply of a drug or drugs, if this will help you better plan refill dates for different prescriptions so that you can take fewer trips to the pharmacy. The amount you pay will depend upon the days’ supply you receive.

Section 5.4 Refer to your Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing for a table that shows your costs for a long-term (up to a 90-day) supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an “extended supply”) when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is up to a 90-day supply. (For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, see Chapter 5, Section 2.4.)

Refer to your Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing for a table that shows your costs for a long-term (up to a 90-day) supply of a drug.

As shown in the table in the Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on which tier your drug is in.

- Please note: If your covered drug costs less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay either the full price of the drug or the copayment amount, whichever is lower.

Section 5.5 You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total drug costs for the year reach $4,020

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until the total amount for the prescription drugs you have filled and refilled reaches the $4,020 limit for the Initial Coverage Stage.

Your total drug cost is based on adding together what you have paid and what any Part D plan has paid:

- **What you have paid** for all the covered drugs you have gotten since you started with your first drug purchase of the year. (See Section 6.2 for more information about how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.) This includes:
  - The amount of the plan deductible you paid when you were in the Deductible Stage (if applicable).

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
The total you paid as your share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage.

- **What the plan has paid** as its share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage. (If you were enrolled in a different Part D plan at any time during 2020, the amount that plan paid during the Initial Coverage Stage also counts toward your total drug costs.)

Your former employer may offer additional coverage on some prescription drugs that are not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan. Payments made for these drugs will not count toward your initial coverage limit or total out-of-pocket costs. If included in your plan, this will be listed in your *Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing* under the section “Enhanced Drug Benefit.” To find out which drugs our plan covers, refer to your formulary.

The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (Part D EOB) that we send to you will help you keep track of how much you and the plan, as well as any third parties, have spent on your behalf for your drugs during the year. Many people do not reach the $4,020 limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this $4,020 amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Coverage Gap Stage.

**SECTION 6  During the Coverage Gap Stage, our plan may provide some coverage, or you receive a discount on brand name drugs and pay no more than 25% of the costs for generic drugs**

**Section 6.1  You stay in the Coverage Gap Stage until your out-of-pocket costs reach $6,350**

The amount of your cost-sharing during the Coverage Gap Stage is shown on the *Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing* included with this *Evidence of Coverage*.

**Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program**

**Brand drugs during the Coverage Gap Stage:**

When you are in the Coverage Gap Stage, the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs. If your plan does not include supplemental coverage for brand drugs you pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee for brand name drugs. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and moves you through the coverage gap. Your cost for brand name drugs in the coverage gap is shown on the *Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing* included with this *Evidence of Coverage*.

**Generic drugs during the Coverage Gap Stage:**

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. If your plan does not include supplemental coverage for generic drugs, you pay no more than 25% of the cost for generic drugs and the plan
pays the rest. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (75%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap. If your plan does include supplemental coverage for generic drugs, you will pay the applicable plan copay for the cost-sharing tier, and the amount you pay counts and move you through the coverage gap. Your cost for generic drugs in the coverage gap is shown on the Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

You continue paying the discounted price for brand name drugs and no more than 25% of the costs of generic drugs until your yearly out-of-pocket payments reach a maximum amount that Medicare has set. In 2020, that amount is $6,350.

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does not count as your out-of-pocket costs. When you reach an out-of-pocket limit of $6,350, you leave the Coverage Gap Stage and move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

Section 6.2 How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs

Here are Medicare's rules that we must follow when we keep track of your out-of-pocket costs for your drugs.

These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, you can include the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 5 of this booklet):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you are in any of the following drug payment stages:
  - The Deductible Stage, if applicable to your plan.
  - The Initial Coverage Stage.
  - The Coverage Gap Stage.
- Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined our plan.

It matters who pays:

- If you make these payments yourself, they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.
These payments are also included if they are made on your behalf by certain other individuals or organizations. This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, by a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program that is qualified by Medicare, or by the Indian Health Service. Payments made by Medicare's “Extra Help” Program are also included.

Some of the payments made by the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program are included. The amount the manufacturer pays for your brand name drugs is included. But the amount the plan pays for your generic drugs is not included.

Moving on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of $6,350 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the Coverage Gap Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

These payments are not included in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, you are not allowed to include any of these types of payments for prescription drugs:

- The amount you pay for your monthly premium (if applicable).
- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories.
- Drugs that are not covered by our plan.
- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan's requirements for out-of-network coverage.
- Prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B.
- Payments you make toward drugs covered under our additional coverage but not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan (if offered by your former employer/union/trust plan).
- Payments you make toward prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.
- Payments made by the plan for your brand or generic drugs while in the Coverage Gap.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by group health plans including employer health plans.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by certain insurance plans and government-funded health programs such as TRICARE and the Veterans Affairs.
• Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers’ Compensation).

Reminder: If any other organization such as the ones listed above pays part or all of your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell our plan. Call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?

• We will help you. The Part D Explanation of Benefits (Part D EOB) report we send to you includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs (Section 3 in this chapter tells about this report). When you reach a total of $6,350 in out-of-pocket costs for the year, this report will tell you that you have left the Coverage Gap Stage and have moved on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

• Make sure we have the information we need. Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.

SECTION 7  During the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, the plan pays most of the cost for your drugs

Section 7.1  Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this stage for the rest of the year

You qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the $6,350 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

During this stage, the plan will pay most of the cost for your drugs. The amount you pay during the Catastrophic Coverage Stage is shown on the Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

SECTION 8  What you pay for vaccinations covered by Part D depends on how and where you get them

Section 8.1  Our plan may have separate coverage for the Part D vaccine medication itself and for the cost of giving you the vaccine

Our plan provides coverage for a number of Part D vaccines. We also cover vaccines that are considered medical benefits. You can find out about coverage of these vaccines by going to the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:

• The first part of coverage is the cost of the vaccine medication itself. The vaccine is a prescription medication.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
What do you pay for a Part D vaccination?

What you pay for a Part D vaccination depends on three things:

1. **The type of vaccine** (what you are being vaccinated for).
   - Some vaccines are considered medical benefits. You can find out about your coverage of these vaccines by going the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.
   - Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan’s List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).

2. **Where you get the vaccine medication.**

3. **Who gives you the vaccine.**

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances. For example:

- Sometimes when you get your vaccine, you will have to pay the entire cost for both the vaccine medication and for getting the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost.
- Other times, when you get the vaccine medication or the vaccine, you will pay only your share of the cost.

To show how this works, here are three common ways you might get a Part D vaccine. Remember you are responsible for all of the costs associated with vaccines (including their administration) during the Deductible Stage (if applicable) and Coverage Gap Stage of your benefit (unless the vaccine is included in a drug tier for which plan supplemental coverage is offered).

**Situation 1:** You buy the Part D vaccine at the pharmacy and you get your vaccine at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to administer a vaccination.)

- You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine and the cost of giving you the vaccine.
- Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.
Situation 2: You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor’s office.

- When you get the vaccination, you will pay for the entire cost of the vaccine and its administration.
- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures that are described in Chapter 7 of this booklet (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs).
- You will be reimbursed the amount you paid less your normal coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine (including administration) less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get “Extra Help,” we will reimburse you for this difference.)

Situation 3: You buy the Part D vaccine at your pharmacy, and then take it to your doctor’s office where they give you the vaccine.

- You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine itself.
- When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you will pay the entire cost for this service. You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7 of this booklet.
- You will be reimbursed the amount charged by the doctor for administering the vaccine less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get “Extra Help,” we will reimburse you for this difference.)

Please note: Certain vaccines, such as Zostavax (Shingles vaccine) are covered under Part D. For vaccines covered under Part D, please refer to your Drug List for applicable cost sharing. If you have any questions about how your vaccine is covered, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

Section 8.2 You may want to call us at Customer Service before you get a vaccination

The rules for coverage of vaccinations are complicated. We are here to help. We recommend that you call us first at Customer Service whenever you are planning to get a vaccination. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)

- We can tell you about how your vaccination is covered by our plan and explain your share of the cost.
- We can tell you how to keep your own cost down by using providers and pharmacies in our network.
- If you are not able to use a network provider and pharmacy, we can tell you what you need to do to get payment from us for our share of the cost.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
CHAPTER 7
Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs
Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs

Section 1.1 If you pay our plan’s share of the cost of your covered services or drugs, or if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

Section 2.1 How and where to send us your request for payment

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how much we owe

Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal

SECTION 4 Other situations in which you should save your receipts and send copies to us

Section 4.1 In some cases, you should send copies of your receipts to us to help us track your out-of-pocket drug costs
SECTION 1  Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs

Section 1.1  If you pay our plan’s share of the cost of your covered services or drugs, or if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment

Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost right away. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. In either case, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called “reimbursing” you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you’ve paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received. In many cases, you should send this bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1.  When you’ve received medical care from a provider who is not in our plan’s network

When you received care from a provider who is not part of our network, you are only responsible for paying your share of the cost, not for the entire cost. You should ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.

•  If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, you need to ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.

•  At times you may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
  ○  If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
  ○  If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

•  Please note: While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If the provider is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly, and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called “balance billing.” This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges. For more information about “balance billing,” go to Chapter 4, Section 1.4.

- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.

- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan.

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (Retroactive means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork for us to handle the reimbursement.

Please call Customer Service for additional information about how to ask us to pay you back and deadlines for making your request. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy and try to use your membership card to fill a prescription, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription. (We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies only in a few special situations. Please go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to learn more.)

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
5. **When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have your plan membership card with you**

If you do not have your plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

6. **When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations**

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*; or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.

- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet *(What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints))* has information about how to make an appeal.

**SECTION 2  How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received**

**Section 2.1  How and where to send us your request for payment**

Send us your request for payment, along with your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.

- Either download a copy of the form from our website (aetnamedicare.com/forms) or call Customer Service and ask for the form. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)
For medical claims: Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

Aetna
P.O. Box 981106
El Paso, TX 79998-1106

You must submit your medical claims to us within one calendar year of the date you received the service, item, or Part B drug.

For Part D prescription drug claims: Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

Aetna Pharmacy Management
P.O. Box 52446
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2446

You must submit your Part D prescription drug claims to us within 36 months of the date you received the service, item, or Part D drug.

Contact Customer Service if you have any questions (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). If you don’t know what you should have paid, or you receive bills and you don’t know what to do about those bills, we can help. You can also call if you want to give us more information about a request for payment you have already sent to us.

SECTION 3  We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1  We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules for getting the care or drug, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service or drug, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider. (Chapter 3 explains the rules you need to follow for getting your medical services covered. Chapter 5 explains the rules you need to follow for getting your Part D prescription drugs covered.)

- If we decide that the medical care or drug is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. Instead, we will send you a letter that explains the reasons why we are not sending the payment you have requested and your rights to appeal that decision.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or you don't agree with the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9 of this booklet (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)). The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. If making an appeal is new to you, you will find it helpful to start by reading Section 4 of Chapter 9. Section 4 is an introductory section that explains the process for coverage decisions and appeals and gives definitions of terms such as “appeal.” Then after you have read Section 4, you can go to the section in Chapter 9 that tells what to do for your situation:

- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a medical service, go to Section 5.3 in Chapter 9.
- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, go to Section 6.5 of Chapter 9.

SECTION 4 Other situations in which you should save your receipts and send copies to us

Section 4.1 In some cases, you should send copies of your receipts to us to help us track your out-of-pocket drug costs

There are some situations when you should let us know about payments you have made for your drugs. In these cases, you are not asking us for payment. Instead, you are telling us about your payments so that we can calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly. This may help you to qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

Here are two situations when you should send us copies of receipts to let us know about payments you have made for your drugs:

1. **When you buy the drug for a price that is lower than our price**

   Sometimes when you are in the Deductible Stage (if applicable) and Coverage Gap Stage you can buy your drug at a network pharmacy for a price that is lower than our price.

   - For example, a pharmacy might offer a special price on the drug. Or you may have a discount card that is outside our benefit that offers a lower price.
   - Unless special conditions apply, you must use a network pharmacy in these situations and your drug must be on our Drug List.
Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

- Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

- **Please note:** If you are in the Deductible Stage (if applicable) and Coverage Gap Stage, we may not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly and may help you qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

2. **When you get a drug through a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer**

Some members are enrolled in a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer that is outside the plan benefits. If you get any drugs through a program offered by a drug manufacturer, you may pay a copayment to the patient assistance program.

- Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

- **Please note:** Because you are getting your drug through the patient assistance program and not through the plan's benefits, we will not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly and may help you qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

Since you are not asking for payment in the two cases described above, these situations are not considered coverage decisions. Therefore, you cannot make an appeal if you disagree with our decision.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
CHAPTER 8

Your rights and responsibilities
Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities

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SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights as a member of the plan

Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you (in languages other than English, in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Our plan has people and free interpreter services available to answer questions from disabled and non-English speaking members. Many documents are also available in Spanish. We can also give you information in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan’s benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or contact the Medicare Civil Rights Coordinator.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with Customer Service at the number on the back of this booklet. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights. Contact information is included in this Evidence of Coverage or with this mailing, or you may contact Customer Service for additional information.

Sección 1.1 Debemos proporcionar información de una manera que funcione para usted (en idiomas distintos del inglés, en Braille, en letra grande on en otros formatos alternativos, etc.)

Para obtener información de nosotros de una manera que funcione para usted, llame a Servicios al Cliente (los números de teléfono están impresos en la contraportada de este folleto).

Nuestro plan cuenta con personas y servicios de intérprete gratuitos disponibles para responder preguntas de los miembros con discapacidades o que no hablan inglés. Muchos documentos también están disponibles en español. También podemos ofrecerle información en Braille, en letra grande, u otros formatos alternativos sin costo alguno, si lo necesita. Tenemos que brindarle información sobre los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted. Para obtener información de nosotros de una manera que funcione para usted, llame a Servicios al Cliente (los números de teléfono están impresos en la contraportada de este folleto) o comuníquese con el Coordinador de Derechos Civiles de Medicare.

Si tiene algún problema para obtener información de nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted, por favor llame para presentar una queja con el departamento de Servicios al Cliente al número que se encuentra en la parte posterior de este folleto. También puede presentar una queja ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) o directamente ante la Oficina de Derechos Civiles. La información de contacto se incluye en esta...
Section 1.2  We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs

You have the right to choose a provider in the plan's network. Call Customer Service to learn which doctors are accepting new patients (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral and still pay the in-network cost-sharing amount.

As a plan member, you have the right to get appointments and covered services from your providers within a reasonable amount of time. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9, Section 10 of this booklet tells what you can do. (If we have denied coverage for your medical care or drugs and you don't agree with our decision, Chapter 9, Section 4 tells what you can do.)

Section 1.3  We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your “personal health information” includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.

- The laws that protect your privacy give you rights related to getting information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a “Notice of Privacy Practice,” that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don’t see or change your records.

- In most situations, if we give your health information to anyone who isn’t providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you first. Written permission can be given by you or by someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you.

- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
For example, we are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.

Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

Notice of Privacy Practices

Para recibir esta notificación en español por favor llamar al número gratuito de Customer Service (Servicios a Miembros) que figura en su tarjeta de identificación.

To receive this notice in Spanish, please call the toll-free Customer Service number on your ID card.

This Notice of Privacy Practices applies to Aetna's insured health benefit plans. It does not apply to any plans that are self-funded by an employer. If you receive benefits through a group health insurance plan, your employer will be able to tell you if your plan is insured or self-funded. If your plan is self-funded, you may want to ask for a copy of your employer’s privacy notice.

This notice describes how medical information about you may be used and disclosed and how you can get access to this information.

Please review it carefully.

Aetna considers personal information to be confidential. We protect the privacy of that information in accordance with federal and state privacy laws, as well as our own company privacy policies.

1 For purposes of this notice, “Aetna” and the pronouns “we,” “us” and “our” refer to all of the HMO and licensed insurer subsidiaries of Aetna Inc., including but not limited to the entities listed on the last page of this notice. These entities have been designated as a single affiliated covered entity for federal privacy purposes.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
This notice describes how we may use and disclose information about you in administering your benefits, and it explains your legal rights regarding the information.

When we use the term “personal information,” we mean information that identifies you as an individual, such as your name and Social Security Number, as well as financial, health and other information about you that is nonpublic, and that we obtain so we can provide you with insurance coverage. By “health information,” we mean information that identifies you and relates to your medical history (i.e., the health care you receive or the amounts paid for that care).

This notice became effective on April 26, 2013.

How Aetna Uses and Discloses Personal Information

In order to provide you with insurance coverage, we need personal information about you, and we obtain that information from many different sources – particularly you, your employer or benefits plan sponsor if applicable, other insurers, HMOs or third-party administrators (TPAs), and health care providers. In administering your health benefits, we may use and disclose personal information about you in various ways, including:

Health Care Operations: We may use and disclose personal information during the course of running our health business – that is, during operational activities such as quality assessment and improvement; licensing; accreditation by independent organizations; performance measurement and outcomes assessment; health services research; and preventive health, disease management, case management and care coordination. For example, we may use the information to provide disease management programs for members with specific conditions, such as diabetes, asthma or heart failure. Other operational activities requiring use and disclosure include administration of reinsurance and stop loss; underwriting and rating; detection and investigation of fraud; administration of pharmaceutical programs and payments; transfer of policies or contracts from and to other health plans; facilitation of a sale, transfer, merger or consolidation of all or part of Aetna with another entity (including due diligence related to such activity); and other general administrative activities, including data and information systems management, and customer service.

Payment: To help pay for your covered services, we may use and disclose personal information in a number of ways – in conducting utilization and medical necessity reviews; coordinating care; determining eligibility; determining formulary compliance; collecting premiums; calculating cost-sharing amounts; and responding to complaints, appeals and requests for external review. For example, we may use your medical history and other health information about you to decide whether a particular treatment is medically necessary and what the payment should be – and during the process, we may disclose information to your provider. We also mail Explanation of Benefits forms and other information to the address we have on record for the subscriber (i.e., the primary insured). In addition, we make claims information contained on our secure member website and telephonic claims status sites available to the subscriber and all covered dependents. We also use personal information to obtain payment for any mail order pharmacy services provided to you.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Treatment: We may disclose information to doctors, dentists, pharmacies, hospitals and other health care providers who take care of you. For example, doctors may request medical information from us to supplement their own records. We also may use personal information in providing mail order pharmacy services and by sending certain information to doctors for patient safety or other treatment-related reasons.

Disclosures to Other Covered Entities: We may disclose personal information to other covered entities, or business associates of those entities for treatment, payment and certain health care operations purposes. For example, if you receive benefits through a group health insurance plan, we may disclose personal information to other health plans maintained by your employer if it has been arranged for us to do so in order to have certain expenses reimbursed.

Additional Reasons for Disclosure

We may use or disclose personal information about you in providing you with treatment alternatives, treatment reminders, or other health-related benefits and services. We also may disclose such information in support of:

- **Plan Administration** – to your employer (if you receive your benefits through a group health insurance plan sponsored by your employer), when we have been informed that appropriate language has been included in your plan documents, or when summary data is disclosed to assist in bidding or amending a group health plan.

- **Research** – to researchers, provided measures are taken to protect your privacy.

- **Business Partners** – to persons who provide services to us and assure us they will protect the information.

- **Industry Regulation** – to state insurance departments, boards of pharmacy, U.S. Food and Drug Administration, U.S. Department of Labor and other government agencies that regulate us.

- **Law Enforcement** – to federal, state and local law enforcement officials.

- **Legal Proceedings** – in response to a court order or other lawful process.

- **Public Welfare** – to address matters of public interest as required or permitted by law (e.g., child abuse and neglect, threats to public health and safety, and national security).

Disclosure to Others Involved in Your Health Care

We may disclose health information about you to a relative, a friend, the subscriber of your health benefits plan or any other person you identify, provided the information is directly relevant to that person’s involvement with your health care or payment for that care. For example, if a family member or a caregiver calls us with prior knowledge of a claim, we may confirm whether or not the claim has been received and paid. You have the right to stop or limit this kind of disclosure by calling the toll-free Customer Service number on your ID card.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you are a minor, you also may have the right to block parental access to your health information in certain circumstances, if permitted by state law. You can contact us using the toll-free Customer Service number on your ID card – or have your provider contact us.

**Uses and Disclosures Requiring Your Written Authorization**

In all situations other than those described above, we will ask for your written authorization before using or disclosing personal information about you. For example, we will get your authorization:

- for marketing purposes that are unrelated to your benefit plan(s),
- before disclosing any psychotherapy notes,
- related to the sale of your health information, and
- for other reasons as required by law.

If you have given us an authorization, you may revoke it at any time, if we have not already acted on it. If you have questions regarding authorizations, please call the toll-free Customer Service number on your ID card.

**Your Legal Rights**

The federal privacy regulations give you several rights regarding your health information:

- You have the right to ask us to communicate with you in a certain way or at a certain location. For example, if you are covered as an adult dependent, you might want us to send health information to a different address from that of your subscriber. We will accommodate reasonable requests.

- You have the right to ask us to restrict the way we use or disclose health information about you in connection with health care operations, payment and treatment. We will consider, but may not agree to, such requests. You also have the right to ask us to restrict disclosures to persons involved in your health care.

- You have the right to ask us to obtain a copy of health information that is contained in a “designated record set” – medical records and other records maintained and used in making enrollment, payment, claims adjudication, medical management and other decisions. We may ask you to make your request in writing, may charge a reasonable fee for producing and mailing the copies and, in certain cases, may deny the request.

- You have the right to ask us to amend health information that is in a “designated record set.” Your request must be in writing and must include the reason for the request. If we deny the request, you may file a written statement of disagreement.
You have the right to ask us to provide a list of certain disclosures we have made about you, such as disclosures of health information to government agencies that license us. Your request must be in writing. If you request such an accounting more than once in a 12-month period, we may charge a reasonable fee.

You have the right to be notified following a breach involving your health information.

You have the right to know the reasons for an unfavorable underwriting decision. Previous unfavorable underwriting decisions may not be used as the basis for future underwriting decisions unless we make an independent evaluation of the basic facts. Your genetic information cannot be used for underwriting purposes.

You have the right with very limited exceptions, not to be subjected to pretext interviews.²

You may make any of the requests described above (if applicable), may request a paper copy of this notice, or ask questions regarding this notice by calling the toll-free Customer Service number on your ID card.

You also have the right to file a complaint if you think your privacy rights have been violated. To do so, please send your inquiry to the following address:

Aetna HIPAA Member Rights Team  
P.O. Box 14079  
Lexington, KY 40512-4079

You also may write to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. You will not be penalized for filing a complaint.

**Aetna’s Legal Obligations**

The federal privacy regulations require us to keep personal information about you private, to give you notice of our legal duties and privacy practices, and to follow the terms of the notice currently in effect.

**Safeguarding Your Information**

We guard your information with administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to protect it against unauthorized access and against threats and hazards to its security and integrity. We comply with all applicable state and federal law pertaining to the security and confidentiality of personal information.

**This Notice is Subject to Change**

We may change the terms of this notice and our privacy policies at any time. If we do, the new terms and policies will be effective for all of the information that we already have about you, as well as any information that we may receive or hold in the future.

² Aetna does not participate in pretext interviews.
Please note that we do not destroy personal information about you when you terminate your coverage with us. It may be necessary to use and disclose this information for the purposes described above even after your coverage terminates, although policies and procedures will remain in place to protect against inappropriate use or disclosure.

**Section 1.4  We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services**

You have the right to receive information about the organization, its services, its practitioners and providers and member rights and responsibilities. As a member of our plan, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us. (As explained above in Section 1.1, you have the right to get information from us in a way that works for you. This includes getting the information in languages other than English and in large print or other alternate formats.)

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card):

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition. It also includes information about the number of appeals made by members and the plan's performance ratings, including how it has been rated by plan members and how it compares to other Medicare health plans.

- **Information about our network providers including our network pharmacies.**
  
  - For example, you have the right to get information from us about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
  
  - For a list of the providers in the plan's network, see the *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*.
  
  - For a list of the pharmacies in the plan's network, see the *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*.
  
  - For more detailed information about our providers or pharmacies, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card) or visit our website at [AetnaRetireePlans.com](http://www.aetna.com).

- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.**
  
  - You have the right to a candid discussion of appropriate or medically necessary treatment options for your conditions, regardless of cost or benefit coverage.
  
  - In Chapters 3 and 4 of this booklet, we explain what medical services are covered for you, any restrictions to your coverage, and what rules you must follow to get your covered medical services.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
To get the details on your Part D prescription drug coverage, see Chapters 5 and 6 of this booklet plus the plan’s List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). These chapters, together with the List of Covered Drugs (Formulary), tell you what drugs are covered and explain the rules you must follow and the restrictions to your coverage for certain drugs.

- If you have questions about the rules or restrictions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.**
  - If a medical service or Part D drug is not covered for you, or if your coverage is restricted in some way, you can ask us for a written explanation. You have the right to this explanation even if you received the medical service or drug from an out-of-network provider or pharmacy.
  - If you are not happy or if you disagree with a decision we make about what medical care or Part D drug is covered for you, you have the right to ask us to change the decision. You can ask us to change the decision by making an appeal. For details on what to do if something is not covered for you in the way you think it should be covered, see Chapter 9 of this booklet. It gives you the details about how to make an appeal if you want us to change our decision. (Chapter 9 also tells about how to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, and other concerns).
  - If you want to ask our plan to pay our share of a bill you have received for medical care or a Part D prescription drug, see Chapter 7 of this booklet.

**Section 1.5  We must support your right to make decisions about your care**

**You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care**

**You have the right to participate with practitioners in making decisions about your health care.** You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers when you go for medical care. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** This means that you have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.
• **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.

• **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

• **To receive an explanation if you are denied coverage for care.** You have the right to receive an explanation from us if a provider has denied care that you believe you should receive. To receive this explanation, you will need to ask us for a coverage decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet tells how to ask the plan for a coverage decision.

• **We follow specific rules to help us make your health a top concern:**
  - Our employees are not compensated based on denials of coverage.
  - Our plan does not encourage denials of coverage. In fact, our utilization review staff is trained to focus on the risks of members not adequately using certain services.

• **We’re committed to your well-being.** And we want you to have the information you need to get services and use your benefits. At aetnamedicare.com, we have tools and resources to help you get the most from your plan. You can learn more our Quality Management program (including goals and outcomes), and review our Owner’s Manual for Medicare members. The Owner’s Manual can be found in the site’s Connect with Us section. In the Manual you’ll find more on:
  - Health programs, screenings and vaccines to keep you healthy
  - How to get routine and preventive health care for women
  - How to get specialty care, hospital services, and behavioral health services (including inpatient, outpatient and partial hospitalization)
  - How to get care when your doctor’s office is closed
  - How we make coverage decisions
  - How we review new technology

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, if you want to, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.

- Give your doctors written instructions about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called “advance directives.” There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called “living will” and “power of attorney for health care” are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an “advance directive” to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- Get the form. If you want to have an advance directive, you can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Customer Service to ask for the forms (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

- Fill it out and sign it. Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.

- Give copies to appropriate people. You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can’t. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. Be sure to keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, take a copy with you to the hospital.

- If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.

- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.
What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the state agency that oversees advance directives. To find the appropriate agency in your state, contact your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP). Contact information is on Addendum A at the back of this booklet.

Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

Coverage determinations are made based only on the appropriateness of care and service and plan coverage. Our Medical Management teams continually reviews new medical technologies, behavioral health treatment, prescription drugs and medical devices to plan coverage. New procedures and technology that are determined to be safe and effective may become covered by our plan and subject to all other terms and conditions, including medical necessity. Our plan does not reward or provide financial incentive to medical providers, our employees or other individuals for issuing denials of coverage.

You have the right to voice complaints or appeals about the organization or the care it provides. If you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care, Chapter 9 of this booklet tells what you can do. It gives the details about how to deal with all types of problems and complaints. What you need to do to follow up on a problem or concern depends on the situation. You might need to ask our plan to make a coverage decision for you, make an appeal to us to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – we are required to treat you fairly.

You have the right to get a summary of information about the appeals and complaints that other members have filed against our plan in the past. To get this information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

Section 1.7 What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?

If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services’ Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, and it’s not about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.

- You can **call Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.

- Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

**Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights**

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can **call Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.

- You can contact **Medicare**.
  
  - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication “Your Medicare Rights & Protections.” (The publication is available at: [https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf](https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf).)
  
  - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

**SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan**

**Section 2.1 What are your responsibilities?**

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). We're here to help.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this Evidence of Coverage booklet to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
  
  - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services, including what is covered, what is not covered, rules to follow, and what you pay.

  - Chapters 5 and 6 give the details about your coverage for Part D prescription drugs.

- **If you have any other health insurance coverage or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us.** Please call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).
We are required to follow rules set by Medicare to make sure that you are using all of your coverage in combination when you get your covered services from our plan. This is called “coordination of benefits” because it involves coordinating the health and drug benefits you get from our plan with any other health and drug benefits available to you. We'll help you coordinate your benefits. (For more information about coordination of benefits, go to Chapter 1, Section 10.)

- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.

- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
  - To help your doctors and other health providers give you the best care, learn as much as you are able to about your health problems and give them the information they need about you and your health. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
  - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
  - If you have any questions, be sure to ask. Your doctors and other health care providers are supposed to explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don’t understand the answer you are given, ask again.

- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor’s office, hospitals, and other offices.

- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
  - You must pay your plan premiums (if applicable) to continue being a member of our plan.
  - In order to be eligible for our plan, you must have Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Some plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part Almost plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
  - For most of your medical services or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug. This will be a copayment (a fixed amount) or coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost). The Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage tells what you must pay for your medical services. The Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage tells what you must pay for your Part D prescription drugs.
- If you get any medical services or drugs that are not covered by our plan or by other insurance you may have, you must pay the full cost.

- If you disagree with our decision to deny coverage for a service or drug, you can make an appeal. Please see Chapter 9 of this booklet for information about how to make an appeal.
  - If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.
  - If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.

- **Tell us if you move.** If you are going to move, it’s important to tell us right away. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).
  - If you move **outside** of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan. (Chapter 1 tells about our service area.) We can help you figure out whether you are moving outside our service area. If you are leaving our service area, you will have a Special Enrollment Period when you can join any Medicare plan available in your new area. We can let you know if we have a plan in your new area.
  - If you move **within** our service area, we still need to know so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
  - If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board). You can find phone numbers and contact information for these organizations in Chapter 2.

- **Call Customer Service for help if you have questions or concerns.** We also welcome any suggestions you may have for improving our plan.
  - You have a right to make recommendations regarding the organization’s member rights and responsibilities policy.
  - Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.
  - For more information on how to reach us, including our mailing address, please see Chapter 2.
CHAPTER 9

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)
## Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

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If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
SECTION 1  Introduction

Section 1.1  What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some types of problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other types of problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. To ensure fairness and prompt handling of your problems, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

Which one do you use? That depends on the type of problem you are having. The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use.

Section 1.2  What about the legal terms?

There are technical legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand.

To keep things simple, this chapter explains the legal rules and procedures using simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says “making a complaint” rather than “filing a grievance,” “coverage decision” rather than “organization determination” or “coverage determination,” and “Independent Review Organization” instead of “Independent Review Entity.” It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms for the situation you are in. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more clearly and accurately when you are dealing with your problem and get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2  You can get help from government organizations that are not connected with us

Section 2.1  Where to get more information and personalized assistance

Sometimes it can be confusing to start or follow through the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you do not feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the knowledge you need to take the next step.
Get help from an independent government organization

We are always available to help you. But in some situations you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. You can always contact your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP). This government program has trained counselors in every state. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers in Addendum A of this booklet.

You can also get help and information from Medicare

For more information and help in handling a problem, you can also contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get information directly from Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can visit the Medicare website (https://www.medicare.gov).

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

Section 3.1 Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals? Or should you use the process for making complaints?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

To figure out which part of this chapter will help with your specific problem or concern, START HERE

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

(This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way in which they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)

Yes. My problem is about benefits or coverage.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, Section 4, “A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.”
No. My problem is not about benefits or coverage.

Skip ahead to Section 10 at the end of this chapter: “How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.”

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

SECTION 4  A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1  Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

The process for coverage decisions and appeals deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage for medical services and prescription drugs, including problems related to payment. This is the process you use for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or drugs. For example, your plan network doctor makes a (favorable) coverage decision for you whenever you receive medical care from him or her or if your network doctor refers you to a medical specialist. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases we might decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision and you are not satisfied with this decision, you can “appeal” the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were following all of the rules properly. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or “fast coverage decision” or fast appeal of a coverage decision.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 Appeal, you can go on to a Level 2 Appeal. The Level 2 Appeal is conducted by an independent organization that is not connected to us. (In some
situations, your case will be automatically sent to the independent organization for a Level 2 Appeal. If this happens, we will let you know. In other situations, you will need to ask for a Level 2 Appeal.) If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 Appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal.

**Section 4.2  How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal**

Would you like some help? Here are resources you may wish to use if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- **You can call us at Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

- **To get free help from an independent organization** that is not connected with our plan, contact your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see Section 2 of this chapter).

- **Your doctor can make a request for you.**
  - For medical care, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 Appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor must be appointed as your representative.
  - For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 or Level 2 Appeal on your behalf. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor or other prescriber must be appointed as your representative.

- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your “representative” to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
  - There may be someone who is already legally authorized to act as your representative under State law.
  - If you want a friend, relative, your doctor or other provider, or other person to be your representative, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. (The form is also available on Medicare’s website at https://www.cms.hhs.gov/cmsforms/downloads/cms1696.pdf. You may also download the form on our website at aetnamedicare.com). The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer to act for you.** You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.
Section 4.3 Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?

There are four different types of situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 5** of this chapter: “Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal”
- **Section 6** of this chapter: “Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal”
- **Section 7** of this chapter: “How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon”
- **Section 8** of this chapter: “How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon” (Applies to these services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you’re not sure which section you should be using, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (Addendum A at the back of this booklet has the phone numbers for this program).

**SECTION 5  Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal**

Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (A guide to “the basics” of coverage decisions and appeals)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

Section 5.1 This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

This section is about your benefits for medical care and services. These benefits are described in the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage. To keep things simple, we generally refer to “medical care coverage” or “medical care” in the rest of this section, instead of repeating “medical care or treatment or services” every time. The term “medical care” includes medical items and services as well as Medicare Part B prescription drugs. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and service.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan.

3. You have received medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care.

4. You have received and paid for medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care.

5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health.

- **NOTE:** If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read a separate section of this chapter because special rules apply to these types of care. Here’s what to read in those situations:
  - Chapter 9, Section 7: *How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon.*
  - Chapter 9, Section 8: *How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon.* This section is about three services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.

- For all other situations that involve being told that medical care you have been getting will be stopped, use this section (Section 5) as your guide for what to do.

### Which of these situations are you in?

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you are in this situation:</th>
<th>This is what you can do:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Do you want to find out whether we will cover the medical care or services you want?</td>
<td>You can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. Go to the next section of this chapter, Section 5.2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a medical service in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for?</td>
<td>You can make an appeal. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.) Skip ahead to Section 5.3 of this chapter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do you want to ask us to pay you back for medical care or services you have already received and paid for?</td>
<td>You can send us the bill. Skip ahead to Section 5.5 of this chapter.</td>
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(how to ask our plan to authorize or provide the medical care coverage you want)

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<tr>
<td>When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an “organization determination.”</td>
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**Step 1:** You ask our plan to make a coverage decision on the medical care you are requesting. If your health requires a quick response, you should ask us to make a “fast coverage decision.”

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<th>Legal Terms</th>
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<tr>
<td>A “fast coverage decision” is called an “expedited determination.”</td>
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**How to request coverage for the medical care you want**

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this.

- For the details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care.*

**Generally we use the standard deadlines for giving you our decision**

When we give you our decision, we will use the “standard” deadlines unless we have agreed to use the “fast” deadlines. **A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request for a medical item or service. **If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.**

- However, for a request for a medical item or service we can take up to 14 more calendar days if you ask for more time, or if we need information (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) that may benefit you. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

**If your health requires it, ask us to give you a “fast coverage decision”**

- A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.
  - However, for a request for a medical item or service we can take up to 14 more calendar days if we find that some information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers), or if you need time to get information to us for the review. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.

- **To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:**
  - You can get a fast coverage decision only if you are asking for coverage for medical care you have not yet received. (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if your request is about payment for medical care you have already received.)
  - You can get a fast coverage decision only if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.

- **If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**

- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor’s support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
  - If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
  - This letter will tell you that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Step 2: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

**Deadlines for a “fast” coverage decision**

- Generally, for a fast coverage decision on a request for a medical item or service, we will give you our answer **within 72 hours. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.**

  - As explained above, we can take up to 14 more calendar days under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

  - If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

  - If we do not give you our answer within 72 hours (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), or 24 hours if your request is for a Part B prescription drug, you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must authorize or provide the medical care coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision on your request for a medical item or service, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.

- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a detailed written explanation as to why we said no.

**Deadlines for a “standard” coverage decision**

- Generally, for a standard coverage decision on a request for a medical item or service, we will give you our answer **within 14 calendar days of receiving your request. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer within 72 hours of receiving your request.**

  - For a request for a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (“an extended time period”) under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

If we do not give you our answer within 14 calendar days (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), or 72 hours if your request is for a Part B prescription drug, you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 14 calendar days, or 72 hours if your request is for a Part B prescription drug, after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision on your request for a medical item or service, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.

- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

**Step 3:** If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you decide if you want to make an appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider – and perhaps change – this decision by making an appeal. Making an appeal means making another try to get the medical care coverage you want.

- If you decide to make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process (see Section 5.3 below).

**Section 5.3  Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a medical care coverage decision made by our plan)**

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<tr>
<th>Legal Terms</th>
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<tr>
<td>An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan “reconsideration.”</td>
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**Step 1:** You contact us and make your appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a “fast appeal.”

**What to do**

- To start an appeal, you, your doctor, or your representative, must contact us. For details on how to reach us for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2,
Section 1 and look for section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.*

- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your standard appeal in writing by submitting a request.**
  - If you have someone appealing our decision for you other than your doctor, your appeal must include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you. (To get the form, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. It is also available on Medicare’s website at [https://www.cms.hhs.gov/cmsforms/downloads/cms1696.pdf](https://www.cms.hhs.gov/cmsforms/downloads/cms1696.pdf) or on our website at [aetnamedicare.com](http://aetnamedicare.com).) While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the Independent Review Organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.

- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us** at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (*How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care*).

- **You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

- **You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision and add more information to support your appeal.**
  - You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.
  - If you wish, you and your doctor may give us additional information to support your appeal.

*If your health requires it, ask for a “fast appeal” (you can make a request by calling us)*

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<tr>
<td>A “fast appeal” is also called an “expedited reconsideration.”</td>
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</table>

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.”

The requirements and procedures for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision.” To ask for a fast appeal, follow the instructions for asking for a fast coverage decision. (These instructions are given earlier in this section.)

If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast appeal,” we will give you a fast appeal.

**Step 2: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.**

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your request for coverage of medical care. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.

- We will gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

**Deadlines for a “fast” appeal**

- When we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to do so.
  
  o However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, we **can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

  o If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we tell you about this organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.

- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.
Debllines for a “standard” appeal

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer on a request for a medical item or service **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for services you have not yet received. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for a Part B prescription drug you have not yet received. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.

  - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

  - If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint“ about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

  - If we do not give you an answer by the applicable deadline above (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days on your request for a medical item or service), we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 30 calendar days, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, after we receive your appeal.

- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

**Step 3:** If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, your case will **automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.**

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.”** When we do this, it means that your appeal is going on to the next level of the appeals process, which is Level 2.
Section 5.4  Step-by-step: How a Level 2 Appeal is done

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the Independent Review Organization reviews our decision for your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal Terms

| The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.” |

Step 1: The Independent Review Organization reviews your appeal.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.

- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.

- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a “fast” appeal at Level 1, you will also have a “fast” appeal at Level 2

- If you had a fast appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a fast appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours of when it receives your appeal.

- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The Independent Review Organization can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you had a “standard” appeal at Level 1, you will also have a “standard” appeal at Level 2

- If you had a standard appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a standard appeal at Level 2. If your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 30 calendar days of when it receiv
receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 7 calendar days of when it receives your appeal.

- However, if your request for a medical item or service and the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The Independent Review Organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

**Step 2: The Independent Review Organization gives you their answer.**

The Independent Review Organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service**, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests or within 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization for expedited requests.

- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug under dispute within **72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization for **standard requests** or within **24 hours** from the date we receive the decision from the review organization for **expedited request**.

- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal**, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called “upholding the decision.” It is also called “turning down your appeal.”)
  - If the Independent Review Organization “upholds the decision” you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the medical care coverage you are requesting must meet a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal, which means that the decision at Level 2 is final. The written notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you how to find out the dollar amount to continue the appeals process.

**Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
Section 5.5  What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

If you want to ask us for payment for medical care, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: *Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*. Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

**Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us**

If you send us the paperwork that asks for reimbursement, you are asking us to make a coverage decision (for more information about coverage decisions, see Section 4.1 of this chapter). To make this coverage decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service *Schedule of Cost Sharing* included with this *Evidence of Coverage*. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care (these rules are given in Chapter 3 of this booklet: *Using the plan’s coverage for your medical services*).

**We will say yes or no to your request**

- If the medical care you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost of your medical care within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. Or, if you haven't paid for the services, we will send the payment directly to the provider. When we send the payment, it's the same as saying *yes* to your request for a coverage decision.

- If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will *not* send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the services and the reasons why in detail. (When we turn down your request for payment, it’s the same as saying *no* to your request for a coverage decision.)

**What if you ask for payment and we say that we will not pay?**

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, you **can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3 of this section. Go to this section for step-by-step instructions. When you are following these instructions, please note:

- If you make an appeal for reimbursement, we must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. (If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for yourself, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.)

- If the Independent Review Organization reverses our decision to deny payment, we must send the payment you have requested to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6  Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (A guide to “the basics” of coverage decisions and appeals)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

Section 6.1  This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug

Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many prescription drugs. Please refer to our plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (A “medically accepted indication” is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

- This section is about your Part D drugs only. To keep things simple, we generally say “drug” in the rest of this section, instead of repeating “covered outpatient prescription drug” or “Part D drug” every time.

- For details about what we mean by Part D drugs, the List of Covered Drugs (Formulary), rules and restrictions on coverage, and cost information, see Chapter 5 (Using our plan’s coverage for your Part D prescription drugs) and Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs).

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Part D coverage decisions and appeals

As discussed in Section 4 of this chapter, a coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs.

Legal Terms

An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a “coverage determination.”

Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Part D drugs:

- You ask us to make an exception, including:
  - Asking us to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan’s List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)
  - Asking us to waive a restriction on the plan’s coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get)
  - Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier

- You ask us whether a drug is covered for you and whether you satisfy any applicable coverage rules. (For example, when your drug is on the plan’s List of Covered Drugs (Formulary) but we require you to get approval from us before we will cover it for you.)
  - Please note: If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, you will get a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

- You ask us to pay for a prescription drug you already bought. This is a request for a coverage decision about payment.

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal. Use the chart below to help you determine which part has information for your situation:

Which of these situations are you in?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you are in this situation:</th>
<th>This is what you can do:</th>
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</table>
| Do you need a drug that isn’t on our Drug List or need us to waive a rule or restriction on a drug we cover? | You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.)  
Start with Section 6.2 of this chapter. |

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you are in this situation:  
<table>
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<tr>
<th>This is what you can do:</th>
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</table>
| Do you want us to cover a drug on our Drug List and you believe you meet any plan rules or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need? | You can ask us for a coverage decision.  
Skip ahead to Section 6.4 of this chapter. |
| Do you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you have already received and paid for? | You can ask us to pay you back. (This is a type of coverage decision.)  
Skip ahead to Section 6.4 of this chapter. |
| Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for? | You can make an appeal. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.)  
Skip ahead to Section 6.5 of this chapter. |

Section 6.2  What is an exception?

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an “exception.” An exception is a type of coverage decision. Similar to other types of coverage decisions, if we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. We will then consider your request. Here are three examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

1. **Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).** (We call it the “Drug List” for short.)

   - If we agree to make an exception and cover a drug that is not on the Drug List, you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in the exceptions cost-sharing tier. You cannot ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.
2. **Removing a restriction on our coverage for a covered drug.** There are extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* (for more information, go to Chapter 5 and look for Section 4).

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<td>Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes called asking for a “<strong>formulary exception.</strong>”</td>
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- The extra rules and restrictions on coverage for certain drugs may include:
  - *Being required to use the generic version* of a drug instead of the brand name drug.
  - *Getting plan approval in advance* before we will agree to cover the drug for you. (This is sometimes called “prior authorization.”)
  - *Being required to try a different drug first* before we will agree to cover the drug you are asking for. (This is sometimes called “step therapy.”)
  - *Quantity limits.* For some drugs, there are restrictions on the amount of the drug you can have.

- If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.

3. **Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier.** Every drug on our Drug List is in one of a number of cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you will pay as your share of the cost of the drug.

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<tr>
<td>Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is sometimes called asking for a “<strong>tiering exception.</strong>”</td>
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- If our drug list contains alternative drug(s) for treating your medical condition that are in a lower cost-sharing tier than your drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the alternative drug(s). This would lower your share of the cost for the drug.
  - If the drug you're taking is a biological product you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.
If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- If the drug you're taking is a brand name drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.

- If the drug you're taking is a generic drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains either brand or generic alternatives for treating your condition.

- If we approve your request for a tiering exception and there is more than one lower cost-sharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you will usually pay the lowest amount.

- You cannot ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in the specialty drug cost-sharing tier (if applicable to your plan).

- Coverage of any non-formulary drug is not eligible for a tiering exception.

- A drug included under an enhanced drug benefit is not eligible for a tiering exception. (Enhanced drug coverage is offered by some former employer/union/trusts to cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare prescription drug plan. If included, this will be identified on page 1 of your Prescription Drug Schedule of Cost Sharing under the section “Enhanced Drug Benefit.”)

Section 6.3 Important things to know about asking for exceptions

Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called “alternative” drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally not approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally not approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won't work as well for you.

We can say yes or no to your request

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.

- If we say no to your request for an exception, you can ask for a review of our decision by making an appeal. Section 6.5 tells how to make an appeal if we say no.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.
Section 6.4 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception

Step 1: You ask us to make a coverage decision about the drug(s) or payment you need. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask us to make a “fast coverage decision.” You cannot ask for a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.

What to do

- **Request the type of coverage decision you want.** Start by calling, writing, or faxing us to make your request. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. For the details, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs.* Or if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug, go to the section called, *Where to send a request that asks us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received.*

- **You or your doctor or someone else who is acting on your behalf** can ask for a coverage decision. Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.

- **If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug,** start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: *Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs.* Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us to pay you back for our share of the cost of a drug you have paid for.

- **If you are requesting an exception, provide the “supporting statement.”** Your doctor or other prescriber must give us the medical reasons for the drug exception you are requesting. (We call this the “supporting statement.”) Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary. See Sections 6.2 and 6.3 for more information about exception requests.

- **We must accept any written request,** including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form which is available on our website.

*If your health requires it, ask us to give you a “fast coverage decision”*

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<tr>
<td>A “fast coverage decision” is called an “expedited coverage determination.”</td>
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If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
When we give you our decision, we will use the “standard” deadlines unless we have agreed to use the “fast” deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor’s statement. A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor’s statement.

To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You can get a fast coverage decision only if you are asking for a drug you have not yet received. (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you have already bought.)
- You can get a fast coverage decision only if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.

If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.

If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own (without your doctor’s or other prescriber’s support), we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.

- If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
- This letter will tell you that if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
- The letter will also tell how you can file a complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. It tells how to file a “fast” complaint, which means you would get our answer to your complaint within 24 hours of receiving the complaint. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

**Step 2: We consider your request and we give you our answer.**

**Deadlines for a “fast” coverage decision**

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 24 hours.
  
  - Generally, this means within 24 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor’s statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor’s statement supporting your request.

- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

**Deadlines for a “standard” coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received**

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours.**
  - Generally, this means within 72 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor’s statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested** –
  - If we approve your request for coverage, we must **provide the coverage** we have agreed to provide **within 72 hours** after we receive your request or doctor’s statement supporting your request.

- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

**Deadlines for a “standard” coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought**

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

Step 3: If we say no to your coverage request, you decide if you want to make an appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to request an appeal. Requesting an appeal means asking us to reconsider – and possibly change – the decision we made.

Section 6.5  Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal
(how to ask for a review of a coverage decision made by our plan)

### Legal Terms

| An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan “redetermination.” |

**Step 1:** You contact us and make your Level 1 Appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a **“fast appeal.”**

**What to do**

- To start your appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact us.
  - For details on how to reach us by phone, fax, or mail, or on our website, for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1, and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs.

- If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your appeal by submitting a written request. You may also ask for an appeal by calling us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1. **(How to contact our plan when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs).**

- If you are asking for a fast appeal, you may make your appeal in writing or you may call us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 **(How to contact our plan when you are making an appeal about your part D prescription drugs).**

- We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form, which is available on our website.

- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.

a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

- **You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.**
  - You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.
  - If you wish, you and your doctor or other prescriber may give us additional information to support your appeal.

*If your health requires it, ask for a “fast appeal”*

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<td>A “fast appeal” is also called an “<strong>expedited redetermination.</strong>”</td>
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- If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.”

- The requirements for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision” in Section 6.4 of this chapter.

**Step 2: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.**

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

*Deadlines for a “fast” appeal*

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
  - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.

- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Deadlines for a “standard” appeal

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so. If you believe your health requires it, you should ask for “fast” appeal.
  - If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we tell about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.

- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested –
  - If we approve a request for coverage, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide as quickly as your health requires, but no later than 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal.
  - If we approve a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to send payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal request.

- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.

Step 3: If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make another appeal.

- If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal.

- If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process (see below).

Section 6.6 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal

If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal. If you decide to go on to a Level 2 Appeal, the Independent Review Organization reviews the decision we made when we said no to your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

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<td>The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.”</td>
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If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Step 1: To make a Level 2 Appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the Independent Review Organization and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, the written notice we send you will include instructions on how to make a Level 2 Appeal with the Independent Review Organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization.

- When you make an appeal to the Independent Review Organization, we will send the information we have about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.

- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.

Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a review of your appeal and gives you an answer.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to review our decisions about your Part D benefits with us.

- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal. The organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

Deadlines for “fast” appeal at Level 2

- If your health requires it, ask the Independent Review Organization for a “fast appeal.”

- If the review organization agrees to give you a “fast appeal,” the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours after it receives your appeal request.

- If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 24 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.

Deadlines for “standard” appeal at Level 2

- If you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 7 calendar days after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have not received yet. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you
have already bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your level 2 appeal within 14 calendar days after it receives your request.

- **If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested** -
  - If the Independent Review Organization approves a request for coverage, we must **provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the review organization **within 72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.
  - If the Independent Review Organization approves a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

**What if the review organization says no to your appeal?**

If this organization says no to your appeal, it means the organization agrees with our decision not to approve your request. (This is called “upholding the decision.” It is also called “turning down your appeal.”)

If the Independent Review Organization “upholds the decision” you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting must meet a minimum amount. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final. The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

**Step 3: If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting meets the requirement, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. If you decide to make a third appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your second appeal.
- The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.
SECTION 7  How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our coverage for your hospital care, including any limitations on this coverage, see the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your “discharge date.”
- When your discharge date has been decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will let you know.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered. This section tells you how to ask.

Section 7.1  During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights

During your covered hospital stay, you will be given a written notice called An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they are admitted to a hospital. Someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse) must give it to you within two days after you are admitted. If you do not get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don’t understand it. It tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including:

- Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay, and know who will pay for it.
- Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.
• Your right to appeal your discharge decision if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon.

Legal Terms

The written notice from Medicare tells you how you can “request an immediate review.” Requesting an immediate review is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time. (Section 7.2 below tells you how you can request an immediate review.)

2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

• You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)

• Signing the notice shows only that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date (your doctor or hospital staff will tell you your discharge date). Signing the notice does not mean you are agreeing on a discharge date.

3. Keep your copy of the signed notice so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) handy if you need it.

• If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.

• To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card) or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see it online at http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html.

Section 7.2 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Follow the process. Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.

Meet the deadlines. The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do.

Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).

During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a “fast review” of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

What is the Quality Improvement Organization?

- This organization is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Addendum A at the back of this booklet).

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date. (Your “planned discharge date” is the date that has been set for you to leave the hospital).
  
  ○ If you meet this deadline, you are allowed to stay in the hospital after your discharge date without paying for it while you wait to get the decision on your appeal from the Quality Improvement Organization.
  
  ○ If you do not meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may have to pay all of the costs for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.4.

**Ask for a “fast review”:**

- You must ask the Quality Improvement Organization for a “fast review” of your discharge. Asking for a “fast review” means you are asking for the organization to use the “fast” deadlines for an appeal instead of using the standard deadlines.

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<td>A “fast review” is also called an “immediate review” or an “expedited review.”</td>
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**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

**What happens during this review?**

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them “the reviewers” for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don’t have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.

- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.

- By noon of the day after the reviewers informed our plan of your appeal, you will also get a written notice that gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

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<td>This written explanation is called the <strong>Detailed Notice of Discharge.</strong> You can get a sample of this notice by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html">https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html</a></td>
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If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says yes to your appeal, we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services. (See Chapter 4 of this booklet).

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says no to your appeal, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end at noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says no to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to “Level 2” of the appeals process.

Section 7.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

Step 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review within 60 calendar days after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said no to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stayed in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review, the Quality Improvement Organization reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**

- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.

- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If the review organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 7.4 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above in Section 7.2, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal of your hospital discharge. ("Quickly" means before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date.) If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.
Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 *Alternate* Appeal

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a “fast review.” A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

### Legal Terms

A “fast” review (or “fast appeal”) is also called an *“expedited appeal”*.  

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**Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”**

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care*.

- **Be sure to ask for a “fast review.”** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the “standard” deadlines.

**Step 2: We do a “fast” review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.**

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We will check to see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.

- In this situation, we will use the “fast” deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.

**Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review” (“fast appeal”).**

- **If we say yes to your fast appeal**, it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date, and will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply).

- **If we say no to your fast appeal**, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.

  - If you stayed in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

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If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Step 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.” When we do this, it means that you are automatically going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, an Independent Review Organization reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

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<td>The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.”</td>
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Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.

- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.

- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan’s coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.

- **If this organization says no to your appeal,** it means they agree with us that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.

  - The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 3:** If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal.

- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

**SECTION 8  How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon**

**Section 8.1  This section is about three services only:** Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

This section is about the following types of care only:

- **Home health care services** you are getting.

- **Skilled nursing care** you are getting as a patient in a skilled nursing facility. (To learn about requirements for being considered a “skilled nursing facility,” see Chapter 12, Definitions of important words.)

- **Rehabilitation care** you are getting as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF). Usually, this means you are getting treatment for an illness or accident, or you are recovering from a major operation. (For more information about this type of facility, see Chapter 12, Definitions of important words.)

When you are getting any of these types of care, you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information on your covered services, including your share of the cost and any limitations to coverage that may apply, see the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this booklet.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 8.2 We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

1. You receive a notice in writing. At least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care, you will receive a notice.
   - The written notice tells you the date when we will stop covering the care for you.
   - The written notice also tells what you can do if you want to ask our plan to change this decision about when to end your care, and keep covering it for a longer period of time.

   Legal Terms
   In telling you what you can do, the written notice is telling how you can request a “fast-track appeal.” Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. (Section 8.3 below tells how you can request a fast-track appeal.)

   The written notice is called the “Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.” To get a sample copy, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or see a copy online at https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/MAEDNotices.html

2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it.
   - You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 4 tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)
   - Signing the notice shows only that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. Signing it does not mean you agree with the plan that it’s time to stop getting the care.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Section 8.3  Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.** Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.
- **Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do. There are also deadlines our plan must follow. (If you think we are not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Section 10 of this chapter tells you how to file a complaint.)
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).

During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal and decides whether to change the decision made by our plan.

**Step 1: Make your Level 1 Appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a review. You must act quickly.**

*What is the Quality Improvement Organization?*

- This organization is a group of doctors and other health care experts who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. They check on the quality of care received by people with Medicare and review plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care.

*How can you contact this organization?*

- The written notice you received tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Addendum A at the back of this booklet.)

*What should you ask for?*

- Ask this organization for a “fast-track appeal” (to do an independent review) of whether it is medically appropriate for us to end coverage for your medical services.
Your deadline for contacting this organization.

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal no later than noon of the day after you receive the written notice telling you when we will stop covering your care.

- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 8.5.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them “the reviewers” for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don’t have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.

- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.

- By the end of the day the reviewers informed us of your appeal, and you will also get a written notice from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

Legal Terms

This notice explanation is called the “Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage.”

Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes to your appeal?

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.

- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered services (see Chapter 4 of this booklet).

What happens if the reviewers say no to your appeal?

- If the reviewers say no to your appeal, then your coverage will end on the date we have told you. We will stop paying our share of the costs of this care on the date listed on the notice.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after this date when your coverage ends, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

**Step 4:** If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- This first appeal you make is “Level 1” of the appeals process. If reviewers say no to your Level 1 Appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make another appeal.
- Making another appeal means you are going on to “Level 2” of the appeals process.

**Section 8.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time**

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date when we said your coverage would end.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

**Step 1:** You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review within 60 days after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said no to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2:** The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Step 3:** Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

**What happens if the review organization says yes to your appeal?**

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
**What happens if the review organization says no?**

- It means they agree with the decision we made to your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers turn down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

**Section 8.5 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?**

**You can appeal to us instead**

As explained above in Section 8.3, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

**Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal**

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a “fast review.” A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Here are the steps for a Level 1 Alternate Appeal:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Legal Terms</th>
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<tr>
<td>A “fast” review (or “fast appeal”) is also called an “expedited appeal”.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”**

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.*
- **Be sure to ask for a “fast review.”** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the “standard” deadlines.
Step 2: We do a “fast” review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.

- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan’s coverage for services you were receiving.

- We will use the “fast” deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review” (“fast appeal”).

- If we say yes to your fast appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)

- If we say no to your fast appeal, then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.

- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date when we said your coverage would end, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

Step 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically go on to the next level of the appeals process.

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.” When we do this, it means that you are automatically going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the Independent Review Organization reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

<table>
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<th>Legal Terms</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal,** then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal,** it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
  - The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal.

Step 3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.
SECTION 9  Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

Section 9.1  Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Appeals

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, the written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 Appeal  A judge (called an Administrative Law Judge) or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over - We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 4. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you.
  - If we decide not to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge’s or attorney adjudicator’s decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.

- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 4 Appeal  The Medicare Appeals Council (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
2020 Evidence of Coverage for Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO)  
Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint  
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- **If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 Appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over** — We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council’s decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.

- **If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

**Level 5 Appeal**  
A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- This is the last step of the appeals process.

**Section 9.2 Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Part D Drug Appeals**

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

**Level 3 Appeal**  
A judge (called an *Administrative Law Judge*) or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
• If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  ○ If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  ○ If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 4 Appeal   The Medicare Appeals Council (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

• If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Council within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.

• If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  ○ If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  ○ If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 5 Appeal   A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.

• This is the last step of the appeals process.

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 10   How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

If your problem is about decisions related to benefits, coverage, or payment, then this section is not for you. Instead, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 4 of this chapter.

Section 10.1   What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

This section explains how to use the process for making complaints. The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you have any of these kinds of problems, you can “make a complaint”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Complaint</th>
<th>Example</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quality of your medical care</td>
<td>• Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Respecting your privacy</td>
<td>• Do you believe that someone did not respect your right to privacy or shared information about you that you feel should be confidential?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behavior</td>
<td>• Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Are you unhappy with how our Customer Service has treated you?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waiting times</td>
<td>• Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Customer Service or other staff at the plan?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>◦ Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting room, when getting a prescription, or in the exam room.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleanliness</td>
<td>• Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor’s office?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information you get from us</td>
<td>• Do you believe we have not given you a notice that we are required to give?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Do you think written information we have given you is hard to understand?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Timeliness
(These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)

The process of asking for a coverage decision and making appeals is explained in Sections 4-9 of this chapter. If you are asking for a decision or making an appeal, you use that process, not the complaint process.

However, if you have already asked us for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:

- If you have asked us to give you a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” and we have said we will not, you can make a complaint.
- If you believe we are not meeting the deadlines for giving you a coverage decision or an answer to an appeal you have made, you can make a complaint.
- When a coverage decision we made is reviewed and we are told that we must cover or reimburse you for certain medical services or drugs, there are deadlines that apply. If you think we are not meeting these deadlines, you can make a complaint.
- When we do not give you a decision on time, we are required to forward your case to the Independent Review Organization. If we do not do that within the required deadline, you can make a complaint.

Section 10.2 The formal name for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance”

Legal Terms

- What this section calls a “complaint” is also called a “grievance.”
- Another term for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance.”
- Another way to say “using the process for complaints” is “using the process for filing a grievance.”

Section 10.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

- Usually, calling Customer Service is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, Customer Service will let you know. Please contact our Customer Service at the number

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.

If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.

- Send your written complaint (also known as a grievance) to:
  
  Aetna Medicare Part C Grievance & Appeal Unit  
  P.O. Box 14067  
  Lexington, KY 40512

- Be sure to provide all pertinent information or you may also download the form on our website at aetnamedicare.com. Under the “Choose a topic to help us find the right process for you” drop down menu, select “Quality of care or other services.” This will allow you to select the “How to submit a complaint (grievance)” list which contains our printable complaint form and information on how to submit an online complaint.

- The grievance must be submitted within 60 days of the event or incident. For written complaints, we will send you a written notice stating the result of our review. This notice will include a description of our understanding of your grievance, and our decision in clear terms. We must address your grievance as quickly as your case requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 days after receiving your complaint. We may extend the time frame by up to 14 days if you ask for an extension or if we identify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest.

- You also have the right to ask for a fast “expedited” grievance. An expedited or “fast” grievance is a type of complaint that must be resolved within 24 hours from the time you contact us. You have the right to request a “fast” grievance if you disagree with:

  - Our plan to take a 14-day extension on an organization determination or reconsideration, or
  
  - Our denial of your request to expedite an organization determination or reconsideration for health services or
  
  - Our denial of your request to expedite a coverage determination or redetermination for a prescription drug.

- The expedited/fast complaint (grievance) process is as follows: You or an authorized representative may call or fax your complaint and mention that you want the fast, or expedited, grievance process. Call 1-800-932-2159 (expedited only) or fax your
complaint to 1-724-741-4956. Upon receipt of the complaint, we will promptly investigate the issue you have identified. If we agree with your complaint, we will cancel the 14-day extension, or expedite the determination or appeal as you originally requested. Regardless of whether we agree or not, we will notify you of our decision by phone within 24 hours and send written follow-up shortly thereafter.

- **Whether you call or write, you should contact Customer Service right away.** The complaint must be made within 60 calendar days after you had the problem you want to complain about.

- **If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” we will automatically give you a “fast” complaint.** If you have a “fast” complaint, it means we will give you **an answer within 24 hours.**

### Legal Terms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legal Terms</th>
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<tr>
<td>What this section calls a <strong>“fast complaint”</strong> is also called an <strong>“expedited grievance.”</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.**

- **If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.

- **Most complaints are answered in 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.

- **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don’t take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will let you know. Our response will include our reasons for this answer. We must respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

### Section 10.4  You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

You can make your complaint about the quality of care you received to us by using the step-by-step process outlined above.

When your complaint is about **quality of care,** you also have two extra options:

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
• **You can make your complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization.** If you prefer, you can make your complaint about the quality of care you received directly to this organization (without making the complaint to us).
  
  ○ The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.
  
  ○ To find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state, look in Addendum A at the back of this booklet. If you make a complaint to this organization, we will work with them to resolve your complaint.

• **Or you can make your complaint to both at the same time.** If you wish, you can make your complaint about quality of care to us and also to the Quality Improvement Organization.

**Section 10.5 You can also tell Medicare about your complaint**

You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to [https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx](https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx). Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the plan is not addressing your issue, please call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.
CHAPTER 10

Ending your membership in the plan
Chapter 10. Ending your membership in the plan

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⚠️ If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
SECTION 1  Introduction

Section 1.1  This chapter focuses on ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in our plan may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you want to leave.
  - As a member of an employer/union/trust group retiree plan, you may voluntarily end your membership at other times as permitted by your plan sponsor. There are also certain specific times during the year, or certain situations, when you may voluntarily end your membership in the plan. Section 2 tells you when you can end your membership in the plan.
  - The process for voluntarily ending your membership varies depending on what type of new coverage you are choosing. Section 3 tells you how to end your membership in each situation.

- There are also limited situations where you do not choose to leave, but we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through our plan until your membership ends.

It is important that you consider your decision to disenroll from our plan carefully PRIOR to disenrolling. Since disenrollment from our plan could affect your employer or union health benefits, you could permanently lose your employer or union health coverage. If you are considering disenrolling from our plan and have not done so already, please consult with your plan benefits administrator.

SECTION 2  When can you end your membership in our plan?

Because you are enrolled in our plan through your former employer/union/trust, you are allowed to make plan changes at other times permitted by your plan sponsor.

If your former employer/union/trust plan holds an annual Open Enrollment Period, you may be able to make a change to your health coverage at that time. Your plan benefits administrator will let you know when your Open Enrollment Period begins and ends, what plan choices are available to you, and the effective date of coverage.

All members have the opportunity to leave the plan during the Annual Enrollment Period and during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period. In certain situations, you may also be eligible to leave the plan at other times of the year. Because of your special situation (enrollment...
through your former employer/union/trust's group plan) you are eligible to end your membership at any time through a Special Enrollment Period.

Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the general Medicare Advantage Annual Enrollment Period

Notify your retiree medical benefits plan sponsor's benefits administrator that you would like to disenroll from our plan. The administrator will contact us and we will take the necessary steps to cancel your membership.

If you decide to disenroll from our plan and enroll in an individual Medicare Advantage plan, Original Medicare or another retiree medical benefits administrator-sponsored Medicare Advantage plan, you may want to verify that your disenrollment from our plan aligns with the timeframe for enrolling in the new plan. This will help you avoid a lapse in health care coverage. Enrolling in an individual market Medicare Advantage plan during the general Medicare Advantage Annual Enrollment Period held from October 15 to December 7 will end your membership in this plan.

Note: If you’re in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 5, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.

- If you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs:
  If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may need to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. (“Creditable” coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

It is important that you consider your decision to disenroll from our plan carefully PRIOR to disenrolling. Since disenrollment from our plan could affect your employer or union health benefits, you could permanently lose your employer or union health coverage. If you are considering disenrolling from our plan and have not done so already, please consult with your plan benefits administrator.

Section 2.2 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions or would like more information on when you can end your membership:

- You can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).
SECTION 3  How do you end your membership in our plan?

Section 3.1  Usually, you end your membership by enrolling in another plan

It is important that you consider your decision to disenroll from our plan carefully PRIOR to disenrolling. Since disenrollment from our plan could affect your employer or union health benefits, you could permanently lose your employer or union health coverage. If you are considering disenrolling from our plan and have not done so already, please consult with your plan benefits administrator.

There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:

• You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

• --or--You can contact your benefits administrator.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for a continuous period of 63 days or more, you may need to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. (“Creditable” coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

SECTION 4  Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical services and drugs through our plan

Section 4.1  Until your membership ends, you are still a member of our plan

If you leave our plan, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare coverage goes into effect. (See Section 2 for information on when your new coverage begins.) During this time, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through our plan.

• You should continue to use our network pharmacies to get your prescriptions filled until your membership in our plan ends. Usually, your prescription drugs are

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
only covered if they are filled at a network pharmacy including through our mail-order pharmacy services.

- If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by our plan until you are discharged (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 5  We must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

Section 5.1  When must we end your membership in the plan?

We must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
  - If you move or take a long trip, you need to call Customer Service to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on your member ID card.)
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are not a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
  - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
• If you are required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan and you will lose prescription drug coverage.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership:

• You can call Customer Service for more information (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

Section 5.2  We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health

We are not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Section 5.3  You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also look in Chapter 9, Section 10 for information about how to make a complaint.
CHAPTER 11

Legal notices
Chapter 11. Legal notices

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SECTION 1  Notice about governing law

Many laws apply to this Evidence of Coverage and some additional provisions may apply because they are required by law. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document. The principal law that applies to this document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This Medicare Advantage plan has been designed solely for retirees of your benefits plan sponsor.

SECTION 2  Notice about nondiscrimination

Our plan must obey laws that protect you from discrimination or unfair treatment. We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

SECTION 3  Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO), as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

In some situations, other parties should pay for your medical care before your Medicare Advantage (MA) health plan. In those situations, your Medicare Advantage plan may pay, but have the right to get the payments back from these other parties. Medicare Advantage plans may not be the primary payer for medical care you receive. These situations include those in which the Federal Medicare Program is considered a secondary payer under the Medicare Secondary Payer laws. For information on the Federal Medicare Secondary Payer program, Medicare has written a
booklet with general information about what happens when people with Medicare have additional insurance. It’s called *Medicare and Other Health Benefits: Your Guide to Who Pays First (publication number 02179)*. You can get a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, or by visiting the https://www.medicare.gov website.

The plan’s rights to recover in these situations are based on the terms of this health plan contract, as well as the provisions of the federal statutes governing the Medicare Program. Your MA plan coverage is always secondary to any payment made or reasonably expected to be made under:

- A workers compensation law or plan of the United States or a State,
- Any non-fault based insurance, including automobile and non-automobile no-fault and medical payments insurance,
- Any liability insurance policy or plan (including a self-insured plan) issued under an automobile or other type of policy or coverage, and
- Any automobile insurance policy or plan (including a self-insured plan), including, but not limited to, uninsured and underinsured motorist coverages.

Since your MA plan is always secondary to any automobile no-fault (Personal Injury Protection) or medical payments coverage, you should review your automobile insurance policies to ensure that appropriate policy provisions have been selected to make your automobile coverage primary for your medical treatment arising from an automobile accident.

As outlined herein, in these situations, your MA plan may make payments on your behalf for this medical care, subject to the conditions set forth in this provision for the plan to recover these payments from you or from other parties. Immediately upon making any conditional payment, your MA plan shall be subrogated to (stand in the place of) all rights of recovery you have against any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or against any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above.

In addition, if you receive payment from any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or you receive payment from any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above, your MA plan has the right to recover from, and be reimbursed by you for all conditional payments the plan has made or will make as a result of that injury, illness or condition.

Your MA plan will automatically have a lien, to the extent of benefits it paid for the treatment of the injury, illness or condition, upon any recovery whether by settlement, judgment or otherwise. The lien may be enforced against any party who possesses funds or proceeds representing the amount of benefits paid by the Plan including, but not limited to, you, your representatives or agents, any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
By accepting benefits (whether the payment of such benefits is made to you or made on your behalf to any health care provider) from your MA plan, you acknowledge that the plan’s recovery rights are a first priority claim and are to be paid to the plan before any other claim for your damages. The plan shall be entitled to full reimbursement on a first-dollar basis from any payments, even if such payment to the plan will result in a recovery to you which is insufficient to make you whole or to compensate you in part or in whole for the damages you sustained. Your MA plan is not required to participate in or pay court costs or attorney fees to any attorney hired by you to pursue your damage claims.

Your MA plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether any liability for payment is admitted by any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or by any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above. The plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether the settlement or judgment received by you identifies the medical benefits the plan provided or purports to allocate any portion of such settlement or judgment to payment of expenses other than medical expenses. The MA plan is entitled to recover from any and all settlements or judgments, even those designated as for pain and suffering, non-economic damages and/or general damages only.

You, and your legal representatives, shall fully cooperate with the plan’s efforts to recover its benefits paid. It is your duty to notify the plan within 30 days of the date when notice is given to any party, including an insurance company or attorney, of your intention to pursue or investigate a claim to recover damages or obtain compensation due to your injury, illness or condition. You and your agents or representatives shall provide all information requested by the plan or its representatives. You shall do nothing to prejudice your MA plan’s subrogation or recovery interest or to prejudice the plan’s ability to enforce the terms of this provision. This includes, but is not limited to, refraining from making any settlement or recovery that attempts to reduce or exclude the full cost of all benefits provided by the plan.

Failure to provide requested information or failure to assist your MA plan in pursuit of its subrogation or recovery rights may result in you being personally responsible for reimbursing the plan for benefits paid relating to the injury, illness or condition as well as for the plan’s reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred in obtaining reimbursement from you. For more information, see 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(b)(2)(A)(ii) and the Medicare statutes.

SECTION 4  Notice about recovery of overpayments

If the benefits paid by this Evidence of Coverage, plus the benefits paid by other plans, exceeds the total amount of expenses, Aetna has the right to recover the amount of that excess payment from among one or more of the following: (1) any person to or for whom such payments were made; (2) other Plans; or (3) any other entity to which such payments were made. This right of recovery will be exercised at Aetna’s discretion. You shall execute any documents and cooperate with Aetna to secure its right to recover such overpayments, upon request by Aetna.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
SECTION 5 National Coverage Determination

Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2020, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services. When we receive coverage updates from Medicare, called National Coverage Determinations, we'll post the coverage updates on our website(s) at AetnaRetireePlans.com. You can also call Customer Service to obtain the coverage updates that have been posted for the benefit year.
CHAPTER 12

Definitions of important words
Chapter 12. Definitions of important words

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – A set time each fall when all Medicare members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare. The general Medicare Advantage Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 until December 7.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving. For example, you may ask for an appeal if we don't pay for a drug, item, or service you think you should be able to receive. Chapter 9 explains appeals, including the process involved in making an appeal.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of our plan, you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to “balance bill” or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost-sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

Brand Name Drug – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

Catastrophic Coverage Stage – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit where you pay a low copayment or coinsurance for your drugs after you or other qualified parties on your behalf have spent $6,350 in covered drugs during the covered year.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare. Chapter 2 explains how to contact CMS.
Chapter 12. Definitions of important words

**Coinsurance** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs after you pay any deductibles (if applicable). Coinsurance is usually a percentage (for example, 20%).

**Combined Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount** – This is the most you will pay in a year for all services from both network (preferred) providers and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers. See Chapter 4, Section 1, 3 for information about your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.

**Complaint** – The formal name for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance.” The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. See also “Grievance,” in this list of definitions.

**Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)** – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, and provides a variety of services including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

**Copayment (or “copay”)** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor’s visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount, rather than a percentage. For example, you might pay $10 or $20 for a doctor’s visit or prescription drug.

**Cost-sharing** – Cost-sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. (This is in addition to the plan’s monthly premium, if applicable.) Cost-sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed “copayment” amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any “coinsurance” amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service drug is received. A “daily cost-sharing rate” may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month’s supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment.

**Cost-Sharing Tier** – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of a number of cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

**Coverage Determination** – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn’t covered under your plan, that isn’t a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

**Covered Drugs** – The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.
Covered Services – The general term we use in this EOC to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that can be provided by people who don't have professional skills or training, such as help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

Customer Service – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. See Chapter 2 for information about how to contact Customer Service, or you can call the number printed on your member ID card.

Daily cost-sharing rate – A “daily cost-sharing rate” may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month’s supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month’s supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is $30, and a one-month’s supply in your plan is 30 days, then your “daily cost-sharing rate” is $1 per day. This means you pay $1 for each day’s supply when you fill your prescription.

Deductible – The amount (if applicable) you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan begins to pay.

Disenroll or Disenrollment – The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

Dispensing Fee – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription. The dispensing fee covers costs such as the pharmacist’s time to prepare and package the prescription.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb.
The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

**Emergency Care** – Covered services that are: (1) rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

**Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information** – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

**Exception** – A type of coverage determination that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on your plan sponsor’s formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at preferred lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if your plan sponsor requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, or the plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

**Extra Help** – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

**Generic Drug** – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a “generic” drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

**Grievance** – A type of complaint you make about us or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

**Home Health Aide** – A home health aide provides services that don’t need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides do not have a nursing license or provide therapy.

**Hospice** – A member who has 6 months or less to live has the right to elect hospice. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer. The hospice will provide special treatment for your state.

**Hospital Inpatient Stay** – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”

**Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)** – If your income is above a certain limit, you will pay an income-related monthly adjustment amount in addition to your plan premium.
For example, individuals with income greater than $85,000 and married couples with income greater than $170,000 must pay a higher Medicare Part B (medical insurance) and Medicare prescription drug coverage premium amount. This additional amount is called the income-related monthly adjustment amount. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

**Initial Coverage Limit** – The maximum limit of coverage under the Initial Coverage Stage.

**Initial Coverage Stage** – This is the stage before your total drug costs including amounts you have paid and what your plan has paid on your behalf for the year have reached $4,020.

**Initial Enrollment Period** – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. For example, if you’re eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

**Institutional Special Needs Plan (SNP)** – A Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals who continuously reside or are expected to continuously reside for 90 days or longer in a long-term care (LTC) facility. These LTC facilities may include a skilled nursing facility (SNF); nursing facility (NF); (SNF/NF); an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded (ICF/MR); and/or an inpatient psychiatric facility. An institutional Special Needs Plan to serve Medicare residents of LTC facilities must have a contractual arrangement with (or own and operate) the specific LTC facility(ies).

**Institutional Equivalent Special Needs Plan (SNP)** – An institutional Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals living in the community but requiring an institutional level of care based on the State assessment. The assessment must be performed using the same respective State level of care assessment tool and administered by an entity other than the organization offering the plan. This type of Special Needs Plan may restrict enrollment to individuals that reside in a contracted assisted living facility (ALF) if necessary to ensure uniform delivery of specialized care.

**List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or “Drug List”)** – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The list includes both brand name and generic drugs.

**Low Income Subsidy (LIS)** – See “Extra Help.”

**Medicaid (or Medical Assistance)** – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid. See Addendum A for information about how to contact Medicaid in your state.
Medically Accepted Indication – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare, a Medicare Cost Plan (where available), a PACE plan (where available), or a Medicare Advantage Plan.

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – A set time each year when members in a Medicare Advantage Plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to Original Medicare or make changes to your Part D coverage. Enrolling in an individual market Medicare Advantage plan during the general Medicare Advantage Annual Enrollment Period held from October 15 – December 7 will end your membership in this plan.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an HMO, PPO, a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. When you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, Medicare services are covered through the plan, and are not paid for under Original Medicare. In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage. Everyone who has Medicare Part A and Part B is eligible to join any Medicare health plan that is offered in their area, except people with End-Stage Renal Disease (unless certain exceptions apply).

Medicare Cost Plan – A Medicare Cost Plan is a plan operated by a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or Competitive Medical Plan (CMP) in accordance with a cost-reimbursed contract under section 1876(h) of the Act.

Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program – A program that provides discounts on most covered Part D brand name drugs to Part D members who have reached the Coverage Gap Stage and who are not already receiving “Extra Help.” Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and certain drug manufacturers. For this reason, most, but not all, brand name drugs are discounted.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B.
Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

“Medigap” (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill “gaps” in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our Plan, or “Plan Member”) – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Network – A group of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, and other health care experts contracted by Aetna to provide covered services to its members (see Chapter 1, Section 3.2).

Network Pharmacy – A network pharmacy is a pharmacy where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. We call them “network pharmacies” because they contract with our plan. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network Provider – “Provider” is the general term we use for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. We call them “network providers” when they have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Our plan pays network providers based on the agreements it has with the providers or if the providers agree to provide you with plan-covered services. Network providers may also be referred to as “plan providers.”

Organization Determination – The Medicare Advantage Plan has made an organization determination when it makes a decision about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Original Medicare (“Traditional Medicare” or “Fee-for-service” Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan such as Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-Network Pharmacy** – A pharmacy that doesn’t have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. As explained in this Evidence of Coverage, most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

**Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility** – A provider or facility with which we have not arranged to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan or are not under contract to deliver covered services to you. Using out-of-network providers or facilities is explained in this booklet in Chapter 3.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** – See the definition for “cost-sharing” above. A member’s cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member’s “out-of-pocket” cost requirement.

**PACE plan** – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term care services for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible, while getting the high-quality care they need. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

**Part C** – see “Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.“

**Part D** – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program. (For ease of reference, we will refer to the prescription drug benefit program as Part D.)

**Part D Drugs** – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. (See your formulary for a specific list of covered drugs.) Certain categories of drugs were specifically excluded by Congress from being covered as Part D drugs.

**Part D Late Enrollment Penalty** – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more. You pay this higher amount as long as you have a Medicare drug plan. There are some exceptions. For example, if you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay your prescription drug plan costs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty.

**Plan's reimbursement rate** – The amount a network provider agrees to accept as payment in full under its contract with us. The plan's reimbursement rate is determined by our contract with our providers. Sometimes in our contracts we pay a set amount for each covered service that you receive based upon a fee schedule. Other times our provider contracts are value based contracts. This means that we pay providers for coordinating member care, improving clinical outcomes and
efficiencies and providing covered services. When your provider has a value based contract with us, we will calculate the amount you have to pay, where applicable, using either a fee schedule in the provider contract or the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.

**Preferred Cost-sharing** – Preferred cost-sharing means lower cost-sharing for certain covered Part D drugs at certain network pharmacies (if included in your plan).

**Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan** – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Your PPO plan has an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services.

**Premium** – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

**Primary Care Provider (PCP)** – Your primary care provider is the doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. He or she makes sure you get the care you need to keep you healthy. He or she also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider. Our plan does not require you to choose a plan provider to be your PCP, however we encourage you to do so. See Chapter 3, Section 2.1 for information about Primary Care Providers.

**Prior Authorization** – Approval in advance to get services, or approval to get drugs that may or may not be on our formulary. Some in-network medical services are covered only if you, your doctor, or other network provider gets “prior authorization” from our plan. In a PPO, you do not need prior authorization to obtain out-of-network services. However, you may want to check with the plan before getting services from out-of-network providers to confirm that the service is covered by your plan and to understand your cost-sharing responsibility. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Schedule of Cost Sharing included with this Evidence of Coverage. Some drugs are covered only if you, your doctor, or other network provider gets “prior authorization” from us. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary.

**Prosthetics and Orthotics** – These are medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider. Covered items include, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

**Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)** – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. See Addendum A for information about how to contact the QIO for your state.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Quantity Limits – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Reimbursement – Some plan sponsors offer retirees allowances towards the purchase of hearing aids or prescription eyewear as additional plan benefits. When these benefits are available, the member will generally pay out of pocket towards the hearing aid or eyewear and submit the paid receipt to Aetna for repayment. All reimbursement will be made to the member directly. Aetna will not send these reimbursements to a provider.

Service Area – A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan’s service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drug plan or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting “Extra Help” with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, if we violate our contract with you, or if you are a member of our plan through your former employer/union/ trust group retiree plan.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Standard Cost-sharing – Standard cost-sharing is cost-sharing other than preferred cost-sharing (if included in your plan) offered at a network pharmacy.

Step Therapy – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Services – Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
# Addendum A

## Quality Improvement Organizations (QIO)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region 1: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont</th>
<th>KEPRO, 5700 Lombardo Center Dr., Suite 100, Seven Hills, OH 44131, Toll-free Phone: 888-319-8452, Fax: 833-868-4055, TTY: 855-843-4776, Website: <a href="http://www.keproqio.com">www.keproqio.com</a></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Region 6: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas</td>
<td>KEPRO, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609, Toll-free Phone: 888-315-0636, Fax: 833-868-4060, TTY: 855-843-4776, Website: <a href="http://www.keproqio.com">www.keproqio.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Region 7: Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska</td>
<td>Livanta, 10820 Guilford Rd., Suite 202, Annapolis Junction, MD 20701, Toll-free Phone: 888-755-5580, Fax: 833-868-4061, TTY: 888-985-9295, Website: <a href="http://www.livantaqio.com">www.livantaqio.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Region 8: Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming</td>
<td>KEPRO, 5700 Lombardo Center Dr., Suite 100, Seven Hills, OH 44131, Toll-free Phone: 888-317-0891, Fax: 833-868-4062, TTY: 855-843-4776, Website: <a href="http://www.keproqio.com">www.keproqio.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Region 10: Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington</td>
<td>KEPRO, 5700 Lombardo Center Dr., Suite 100, Seven Hills, OH 44131, Toll-free Phone: 888-305-6759, Fax: 833-868-4064, TTY: 855-843-4776, Website: <a href="http://www.keproqio.com">www.keproqio.com</a></td>
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If no TTY number is listed, you may try 711 (National Relay Service)
Addendum A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Medicaid Offices</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, 4501 Business Park Blvd., Bldg L, Anchorage, AK 99503-9972, Phone: 800-770-5650, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Alabama Medicaid Agency, P.O. Box 5624, Montgomery, AL 36103, Phone: 800-362-1504, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.medicaid.alabama.gov">www.medicaid.alabama.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AR</td>
<td>Arkansas Medicaid, P.O. Box 1437, Donaghey Plaza, Little Rock, AR 72203-1437, Phone: 800-482-8988, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="https://humanservices.arkansas.gov/about-dhs/dco/programs-services">https://humanservices.arkansas.gov/about-dhs/dco/programs-services</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Arizona Health Care Cost Containment, 801 E. Jefferson Street, Phoenix, AZ 85034, Phone: In State only: 602-417-4000, Out of State: 800-523-0231, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.azahcccs.gov">www.azahcccs.gov</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>California Department of Health Services Medi-Cal, 820 Stillwater Road, West Sacramento, CA 95605-1630, Phone: In State only: 800-541-5555, Out of State: 916-636-1980, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.medi-cal.ca.gov/">http://www.medi-cal.ca.gov/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Department of Health Care Policy and Financing of Colorado, 1570 Grant Street, Denver, CO 80203-1818, Phone: 800-221-3943, TTY: 800-659-2656, Hours: M-F 7:30 a.m.-5:15 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.colorado.gov/hcpf">www.colorado.gov/hcpf</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CT</td>
<td>Connecticut Department of Social Services, 55 Farmington Ave., Hartford, CT 06105, Phone: 855-626-6632, TTY: 800-842-4524, Hours: M-F 7:30 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="https://portal.ct.gov/DSS/Services/Health-and-Home-Care">https://portal.ct.gov/DSS/Services/Health-and-Home-Care</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC</td>
<td>The Department of Health Care Finance, 441 4th Street, NW, 900S, Washington, DC 20001, Phone: 202-442-5988, Hours: M-F 8:15 a.m.-4:45 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhcf.dc.gov/service/medicaid">http://dhcf.dc.gov/service/medicaid</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Delaware Health and Social Services, 1901 N. DuPont Highway, Lewis Bldg., New Castle, DE 19720, Phone: 800-372-2022, or 866-843-7212, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/medicaid.html">http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/medicaid.html</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Florida Agency for Health Care Administration, 2727 Mahan Drive, Tallahassee, FL 32308, Phone: 888-419-3456, TTY: 800-955-8771, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://ahca.myflorida.com/Medicaid/index.shtml">https://ahca.myflorida.com/Medicaid/index.shtml</a>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Georgia Department of Community Health, 2 Peachtree Street, NW, Atlanta, GA 30303, Phone: 866-211-0950, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://medicaid.georgia.gov/">https://medicaid.georgia.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Department of Human Services of Hawaii, P.O. Box 3490, Honolulu, HI 96811-3490, Phone: 877-628-5076, TTY: 855-585-8604, Hours: M-F 7:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IA</td>
<td>Department of Human Services of Iowa, P.O. Box 36510, Des Moines, IA 50315, Phone: 800-338-8366, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhs.iowa.gov/iahealthlink">http://dhs.iowa.gov/iahealthlink</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720, Phone: 877-456-1233, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.healthandwelfare.idaho.gov">www.healthandwelfare.idaho.gov</a></td>
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State Medicaid Offices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Office Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone Numbers</th>
<th>Website URL</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IL</td>
<td>Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services</td>
<td>401 S. Clinton Street, Chicago, IL 60607, or 100 S. Grand Avenue, East, Springfield, IL 62762</td>
<td>800-843-6154, 800-447-6404</td>
<td><a href="http://www2.illinois.gov/hfs">http://www2.illinois.gov/hfs</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Indiana Medicaid</td>
<td>2 N. Meridian St., Indianapolis, IN 46204</td>
<td>1-800-382-9480, 800-766-3777</td>
<td><a href="https://www.in.gov/medicaid/">https://www.in.gov/medicaid/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KS</td>
<td>KanCare Kansas Medicaid</td>
<td>P.O. Box 3599, Topeka, KS 66601</td>
<td>800-792-4884, 800-766-3777</td>
<td><a href="http://www.kancare.ks.gov/">http://www.kancare.ks.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KY</td>
<td>Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services</td>
<td>275 E. Main Street, Frankfort, KY 40621</td>
<td>1-800-372-2973, 800-627-4702</td>
<td><a href="https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms">https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA</td>
<td>Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals</td>
<td>P.O. Box 629, Baton Rouge, LA 70821-0629</td>
<td>Out of State only: 888-342-6207, In State: 225-342-9500</td>
<td><a href="http://new.dhh.louisiana.gov/index.cfm/subhome/1/n/10">http://new.dhh.louisiana.gov/index.cfm/subhome/1/n/10</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA</td>
<td>Office of Health and Human Services of Massachusetts</td>
<td>100 Hancock St., 6th Floor, Quincy, MA 02171</td>
<td>800-841-2900, 800-2900</td>
<td><a href="https://www.mass.gov/orgs/masshealth">https://www.mass.gov/orgs/masshealth</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Department of Health and Mental Hygiene</td>
<td>201 W. Preston Street, Baltimore, MD 21201</td>
<td>Out of State only: 877-463-3464, In State: 410-767-6500</td>
<td><a href="https://mmcp.health.maryland.gov/pap">https://mmcp.health.maryland.gov/pap</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ME</td>
<td>Office of Mainecare Services</td>
<td>11 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333</td>
<td>800-977-6740, 207-287-2674</td>
<td><a href="http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/oms">www.maine.gov/dhhs/oms</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MN</td>
<td>Minnesota Department of Human Services</td>
<td>P.O. Box 64993, St. Paul, MN 55164</td>
<td>800-657-3739, 800-627-3529</td>
<td><a href="https://mn.gov/dhs">https://mn.gov/dhs</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MO</td>
<td>Missouri Department of Social Services</td>
<td>615 Howerton Court, P.O. Box 6500, Jefferson City, MO 65102, Phone: 800-392-2161, or 573-751-3425, TTY: 800-735-2966</td>
<td>800-657-3739, 800-627-3529</td>
<td>mydss.mo.gov</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MS</td>
<td>Mississippi Division of Medicaid</td>
<td>200 South Lamar St., Jackson, MS 39201</td>
<td>1-601-359-4500, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://www.mdhs.ms.gov/adults-seniors/services-for-seniors/state-health-insurance-assistance-program/">https://www.mdhs.ms.gov/adults-seniors/services-for-seniors/state-health-insurance-assistance-program/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MT</td>
<td>Montana Department of Public Health &amp; Human Services</td>
<td>1400 Broadway, Cogswell Building, Helena, MT 59620</td>
<td>800-362-8312, 800-362-8312, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://dphhs.mt.gov">http://dphhs.mt.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>North Carolina Dept of Health and Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance</td>
<td>2501 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-2501</td>
<td>800-662-7030, 919-855-4100, 800-662-7030</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ncdhhs.gov/dma">www.ncdhhs.gov/dma</a></td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ND</strong></td>
<td>Dept of Human Services of North Dakota - Medical Services, 600 E. Boulevard Avenue, Dept 325, Bismarck, ND 58505, Phone: 800-755-2604, TTY: 800-366-6888, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicaled/serv/medicaid">www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicaled/serv/medicaid</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NE</strong></td>
<td>Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services System, 301 Centennial Mall South, Lincoln, NE 68508, Phone: 800-254-4202, TTY: 402-471-6035, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/medicaid-and-long-term-care.aspx">http://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/medicaid-and-long-term-care.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NH</strong></td>
<td>New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services, 129 Pleasant Street, Concord, NH 03301, Phone: 603-271-4344, or 844-275-3447, TTY: 800-735-2964, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/omhp/medicaid/">http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/omhp/medicaid/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NJ</strong></td>
<td>Department of Human Services of New Jersey, NJ Department of Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services, P.O. Box 712, Trenton, NJ 08625, Phone: 800-356-1561, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.nj.gov/humanservices/dmahs/clients/medicaid/">http://www.nj.gov/humanservices/dmahs/clients/medicaid/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>NM</strong></td>
<td>Department of Human Services of New Mexico, P.O. Box 2348, Santa Fe, NM 87504, Phone: 855-637-6574, or 888-997-2583, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.hsd.state.nm.us/LookingForAssistance/centennial-care-overview.aspx">http://www.hsd.state.nm.us/LookingForAssistance/centennial-care-overview.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NV</strong></td>
<td>Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, 1100 E. William Street, Suite 102, Carson City, NV 89701, Phone: 877-638-3472, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.medicaid.nv.gov/">http://www.medicaid.nv.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NY</strong></td>
<td>New York State Department of Health Office of Medicaid Management, New York State Department of Health, Coming Tower, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY 12237, Phone: 800-541-2831, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-8 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/">http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>OH</strong></td>
<td>Ohio Department of Medicaid, 50 W. Town Street, Suite 400, Columbus, OH 43215, Phone: 800-324-8680, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.medicaid.ohio.gov">http://www.medicaid.ohio.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>OK</strong></td>
<td>Oklahoma Health Care Authority, 4345 N. Lincoln Blvd., Oklahoma City, OK 73105, Phone: 800-987-7767, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.okhca.org">www.okhca.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>OR</strong></td>
<td>Oregon Health Authority, 500 Summer Street, NE, Salem, OR 97301, Phone: Out of State only: 800-273-0557, In State: 503-945-5944, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.oregon.gov/oha/hsd/ohp">http://www.oregon.gov/oha/hsd/ohp</a></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>PA</strong></td>
<td>Pennsylvania Department of Human Services, P.O. Box 2675, Harrisburg, PA 17105-2675, Phone: 800-692-7462, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhs.pa.gov">www.dhs.pa.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RI</strong></td>
<td>Department of Human Services of Rhode Island, Louis Pasteur Building, 57 Howard Ave., Cranston, RI 02920, Phone: 855-697-4347, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhs.ri.gov">www.dhs.ri.gov</a></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SC</strong></td>
<td>South Carolina Healthy Connections Medicaid, P.O. Box 8206, Columbia, SC 29202, Phone: 888-549-0820, TTY: 888-842-3620, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-6 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.scdhhs.gov/">https://www.scdhhs.gov/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SD</strong></td>
<td>Department of Social Services of South Dakota, 700 Governors Drive, Pierre, SD 57501, Phone: 800-452-7691, or 605-773-3165, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="https://dss.sd.gov/medicaid/">https://dss.sd.gov/medicaid/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If no TTY number is listed, you may try 711 (National Relay Service)

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
### State Medicaid Offices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Office Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone Numbers and Hours</th>
<th>Website Link</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TN</td>
<td>Bureau of TennCare</td>
<td>310 Great Circle Road, Nashville, TN 37243, Phone: 800-342-3145, TTY: 877-779-3103, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.tn.gov/tenncare">www.tn.gov/tenncare</a></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Texas Health and Human Services Commission</td>
<td>4900 N. Lamar Boulevard, Austin, TX 78751-2316, Phone: 800-252-8263, or 512-424-6500, Hours: M-F 7 a.m.-7 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/">http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>UT</td>
<td>Utah Department of Health Medicaid</td>
<td>P.O. Box 143106, Salt Lake City, UT 84114-3106, Phone: 800-662-9651, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://medicaid.utah.gov/">https://medicaid.utah.gov/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Virginia Medicaid</td>
<td>600 E. Broad Street, Suite 1300, Richmond, VA 23219, Phone: 804-786-6145, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dmas.virginia.gov">https://www.dmas.virginia.gov</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>VT</td>
<td>Green Mountain Care: Medicaid</td>
<td>103 S. Main Street, Waterbury, VT 05671, Phone: 800-250-8427, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-8 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.greenmountaincare.org/mabd">http://www.greenmountaincare.org/mabd</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Washington Department of Social and Health Services, Health Care Authority</td>
<td>Box 45502, Olympia, WA 98504, Phone: 855-923-4633, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-6 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.wahealthplanfinder.org">https://www.wahealthplanfinder.org</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>WI</td>
<td>Wisconsin Department of Health Services</td>
<td>1 W. Wilson Street, Madison, WI 53703, Phone: 800-362-3002, or 608-266-1865, TTY: 888-701-1251, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-6 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/medicaid">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/medicaid</a></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>WV</td>
<td>West Virginia Department of Health &amp; Human Resources</td>
<td>One Davis Square, Suite 100 East, Charleston, WV 25301, Phone: 800-642-8589, or 304-558-0684, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhhr.wv.gov">http://www.dhhr.wv.gov</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>WY</td>
<td>Wyoming Department of Health</td>
<td>401 Hathaway Building, Cheyenne, WY 82002, Phone: 866-571-0944, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.wyo.gov">www.health.wyo.gov</a></td>
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</table>

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### Addendum A

**State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Program Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>TTY Number</th>
<th>Website</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Alaska State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</td>
<td>550 W. 8th Avenue, Anchorage, AK 99501</td>
<td>800-478-6065, 907-269-3680</td>
<td>800-770-8973</td>
<td><a href="http://dhss.alaska.gov/dsds/Pages/medicare/default.aspx">http://dhss.alaska.gov/dsds/Pages/medicare/default.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AL</td>
<td>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</td>
<td>Alabama Department of Senior Services, 201 Monroe Street, Suite 350, Montgomery, AL 36104</td>
<td>800-243-5463</td>
<td><a href="http://www.alabamaageline.gov">www.alabamaageline.gov</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Health Insurance Counseling &amp; Advocacy Program (HICAP)</td>
<td>1300 National Drive, Suite 200, Sacramento, CA 95834</td>
<td>800-434-0222, 800-735-2929</td>
<td><a href="https://www.aging.ca.gov/Providers_and_Partners/Health_Insurance_Counseling_and_Advocacy_Program/">https://www.aging.ca.gov/Providers_and_Partners/Health_Insurance_Counseling_and_Advocacy_Program/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Senior Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</td>
<td>1560 Broadway, Suite 850, Denver, CO 80202</td>
<td>800-930-3745</td>
<td><a href="https://www.colorado.gov/dora/division-insurance">https://www.colorado.gov/dora/division-insurance</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC</td>
<td>Health Insurance Counseling Project (HICP)</td>
<td>500 K Street, NE, Washington, DC 20002</td>
<td>202-994-6272</td>
<td><a href="https://dcoa.dc.gov/service/health-insurance-counseling">https://dcoa.dc.gov/service/health-insurance-counseling</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>SHINE (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders)</td>
<td>4040 Esplanade Way, Suite 270, Tallahassee, FL 32399-7000</td>
<td>800-963-5337, 800-955-8770</td>
<td><a href="http://www.floridaSHINE.org">www.floridaSHINE.org</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Georgia Cares</td>
<td>2 Peachtree Street, NW, 33rd Floor, Atlanta, Georgia, 30303</td>
<td>866-552-4464</td>
<td><a href="http://www.mygeorgiacares.org">www.mygeorgiacares.org</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>The Hawaii State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</td>
<td>No. 1 Capitol District, 250 S. Hotel Street, Suite 406, Honolulu, HI 96813-2831</td>
<td>808-586-7299</td>
<td><a href="http://www.hawaiiship.org">www.hawaiiship.org</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IA</td>
<td>Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)</td>
<td>601 Locust Street, 4th Floor, Des Moines, IA 50309-3738</td>
<td>800-351-4664, 800-735-2942</td>
<td><a href="https://shiip.iowa.gov/">https://shiip.iowa.gov/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>Senior Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA)</td>
<td>P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0043</td>
<td>800-247-4422</td>
<td><a href="http://www.doi.idaho.gov/shiba">http://www.doi.idaho.gov/shiba</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
# Addendum A: Important Contact Information for State Agencies

## State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Program Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone Numbers</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IL</td>
<td>Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP)</td>
<td>Illinois Department on Aging, One Natural Resources Way, Suite 100, Springfield, IL 62702-1271</td>
<td>800-252-8966, 866-846-0139</td>
<td><a href="https://www.illinois.gov/aging/ship">https://www.illinois.gov/aging/ship</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</td>
<td>311 W. Washington Street, Ste 300, Indianapolis, IN 46204-2787</td>
<td>800-452-4800, 866-846-0139</td>
<td><a href="http://www.in.gov/doi/2508.htm">http://www.in.gov/doi/2508.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KS</td>
<td>Senior Health Insurance Counseling for Kansas (SHICK)</td>
<td>503 S. Kansas Avenue, Topeka, KS 66603-3404</td>
<td>800-860-5260</td>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.kdads.ks.gov/commissions/commission-on-aging/medicare-programs/shick">http://www.kdads.ks.gov/commissions/commission-on-aging/medicare-programs/shick</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KY</td>
<td>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</td>
<td>275 E. Main Street, Frankfort, KY 40621</td>
<td>877-293-7447</td>
<td>Website: <a href="https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dail/Pages/ship.aspx">https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dail/Pages/ship.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA</td>
<td>Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)</td>
<td>P.O. Box 94214, Baton Rouge, LA 70804</td>
<td>800-259-5300, 225-342-5301</td>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.ldi.la.gov/SHIIP/">http://www.ldi.la.gov/SHIIP/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA</td>
<td>Serving Health Information Needs of Elders (SHINE)</td>
<td>1 Ashburton Place, 5th Floor, Boston, MA 02108</td>
<td>800-243-4636</td>
<td>Website: <a href="https://www.mass.gov/health-insurance-counseling">https://www.mass.gov/health-insurance-counseling</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Maryland State Health Insurance</td>
<td>301 W. Preston Street, Suite 1007, Baltimore, MD 21201</td>
<td>800-243-3425, 877-767-1083</td>
<td>Website: <a href="https://pophealth.health.maryland.gov/Pages/SHIP-Lite-Home.aspx">https://pophealth.health.maryland.gov/Pages/SHIP-Lite-Home.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ME</td>
<td>Maine State Health Insurance Assistance Program</td>
<td>11 State House Station, 442 Civic Center Drive, Augusta, ME 04333-2723</td>
<td>877-353-3771, 800-750-5353</td>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.maine.gov/SHIP/">http://www.maine.gov/SHIP/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI</td>
<td>Medicare/Medicaid Assistance Program (MMAP)</td>
<td>6105 W. St. Joseph Hwy., Suite 204, Lansing, MI 48917</td>
<td>800-803-7174</td>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.mmapinc.org">www.mmapinc.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MN</td>
<td>Minnesota State Health Insurance Assistance Program/Senior LinkAge Line</td>
<td>Metropolitan Area Agency on Aging, 2365 N. McKnight Road, Suite 3, North St. Paul, MN 55109</td>
<td>800-333-2433</td>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.mnaging.org/Advisor/SLL/SLL_SHIP.aspx">http://www.mnaging.org/Advisor/SLL/SLL_SHIP.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MO</td>
<td>Community Leaders Assisting the Insured of MO (CLAIM)</td>
<td>200 North Keene Street, Suite 101, Columbia, MO 65201</td>
<td>800-390-3330</td>
<td>Website: <a href="https://www.missouriclaim.org/">https://www.missouriclaim.org/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MS</td>
<td>MS Insurance Counseling and Assistance Program (MICAP)</td>
<td>750 N. State Street, Jackson, MS 39202</td>
<td>800-948-3090</td>
<td>Website: <a href="https://www.caregiver.org/mississippi-insurance-counseling-and-assistance-program-ship">https://www.caregiver.org/mississippi-insurance-counseling-and-assistance-program-ship</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MT</td>
<td>Montana Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</td>
<td>1502 4th Street, West, Roundup, MT 59072</td>
<td>800-551-3191</td>
<td>Website: <a href="https://dphhs.mt.gov/sltc/aging/SHIP">https://dphhs.mt.gov/sltc/aging/SHIP</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>The Seniors’ Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)</td>
<td>1201 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1201</td>
<td>855-408-1212</td>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.ncship.com">www.ncship.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>State Health Insurance Counseling Program (SHIC)</td>
<td>600 E. Blvd., Dept. 401, Bismarck, ND 58505</td>
<td>800-868-6111, 800-368-6888</td>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.nd.gov/ndins/shic/">http://www.nd.gov/ndins/shic/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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## Addendum A

### State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Program Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone Numbers</th>
<th>Website Link</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NE</td>
<td>Nebraska Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP), 941 O Street, Suite 400, Lincoln, NE 68508, Phone: 800-234-7119, Website: <a href="http://www.doi.ne.gov/shiip">http://www.doi.ne.gov/shiip</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>NH</td>
<td>NH SHIP - ServiceLink Resource Center, 129 Pleasant Street, Gallen State Office Park, Concord, NH 03301-3857, Phone: 866-634-9412, TTY: 800-735-2964, Website: <a href="http://www.servicelink.nh.gov/">http://www.servicelink.nh.gov/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>NJ</td>
<td>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), P.O. Box 715, Mercerville, NJ 08625-0715, Phone: 800-792-8820, Website: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/ship/index.html">http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/ship/index.html</a></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>New Mexico ADRC/SHIP Benefits Counseling, P.O. Box 27118, Santa Fe, NM 87502-7118, Phone: 800-432-2080, Will call back, Website: <a href="http://www.nmaging.state.nm.us/adrc.aspx">http://www.nmaging.state.nm.us/adrc.aspx</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>NV</td>
<td>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), 3416 Goni Road, Suite D-132, Carson City, NV 89706, Phone: 800-307-4444, Website: <a href="http://adsd.nv.gov/Programs/Seniors/SHIP/SHIP_Prog/">http://adsd.nv.gov/Programs/Seniors/SHIP/SHIP_Prog/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>Health Insurance Information Counseling and Assistance Program (HIICAP), New York Office for the Aging, 2 Empire State Plaza, Agency Bldg. 2, 4th Floor, Albany, NY 12223-1251, Phone: 800-701-0501, Website: <a href="http://www.aging.ny.gov/HealthBenefits/Index.cfm">http://www.aging.ny.gov/HealthBenefits/Index.cfm</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>OH</td>
<td>Ohio Senior Health Insurance Information Program (OSHIIP), 50 W. Town Street, 3rd Floor, Suite 300, Columbus, OH 43215, Phone: 800-686-1578, Website: <a href="http://www.insurance.ohio.gov/Consumer/OSHIIP/Documents/whatisoshiip.pdf">http://www.insurance.ohio.gov/Consumer/OSHIIP/Documents/whatisoshiip.pdf</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>OK</td>
<td>Senior Health Insurance Counseling Program (SHICP), 5 Corporate Plaza, 3625 NW 56th Street, Suite 100, Oklahoma City, OK 73112, Phone: 800-763-2828, Website: <a href="http://www.ok.gov/oid/Consumers/Information_for_Seniors/">http://www.ok.gov/oid/Consumers/Information_for_Seniors/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td>Senior Health Insurance Benefits Assistance (SHIBA), Oregon Insurance Division, P.O. Box 14480, Salem, OR 97309, Phone: 800-722-4134, Website: <a href="http://www.oregonshiba.org">www.oregonshiba.org</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>PA</td>
<td>APPRISE, 555 Walnut Street, 5th Floor, Harrisburg, PA 17101, Phone: 800-783-7067, Website: <a href="http://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/insurance/Pages/default.aspx">http://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/insurance/Pages/default.aspx</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>RI</td>
<td>Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP), 50 Valley Street, Providence, RI 02909, Phone: 401-462-0510, TTY: 401-462-0740, Website: <a href="http://www.dea.ri.gov/insurance/">http://www.dea.ri.gov/insurance/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>SC</td>
<td>Insurance Counseling Assistance and Referrals for Elders (I-CARE), P.O. Box 6668, Columbia, SC 29606, Phone: 800-868-9095, Other Areas of State: 864-242-9733, Website: <a href="https://www.getcaresc.com/guide/insurance-counseling-medicaremedicaid">https://www.getcaresc.com/guide/insurance-counseling-medicaremedicaid</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>SD</td>
<td>Senior Health Information and Insurance Education (SHINE), South Dakota Department of Social Services, 700 Governors Drive, Pierre, SD 57501, Phone: 800-536-8197, Website: <a href="http://www.shiine.net">www.shiine.net</a></td>
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Addendum A

**State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Program Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Health Information, Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP), 701 W. 51st Street, MC: W352, Austin, TX 78751, Phone: 800-252-9240, TTY: 800-735-2989, Website: <a href="http://www.tdi.texas.gov/consumer/hicap/">http://www.tdi.texas.gov/consumer/hicap/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UT</td>
<td>Health Insurance Information Program (HIIP), 195 N 1950 W, Salt Lake City, UT 84116, Phone: 800-541-7735, Website: <a href="http://daas.utah.gov/">http://daas.utah.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Virginia Insurance Counseling and Assistance Program (VICAP), 1610 Forest Avenue, Suite 100, Henrico, VA 23229, Phone: 800-552-3402, Website: <a href="http://www.vda.virginia.gov/vicap.htm">http://www.vda.virginia.gov/vicap.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VT</td>
<td>State Health Insurance and Assistance Program (SHIP), 76 Pearl Street, Suite 201, Essex Junction, VT 05452, Phone: 800-642-5119, Website: <a href="http://asd.vermont.gov/services/ship">http://asd.vermont.gov/services/ship</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Statewide Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA) Helpline, P.O. Box 40255, Olympia, WA 98504, Phone: 800-562-6900, TTY: 360-586-0241, Website: <a href="http://www.insurance.wa.gov/about-oic/what-we-do/advocate-for-consumers/shiba/">http://www.insurance.wa.gov/about-oic/what-we-do/advocate-for-consumers/shiba/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WI</td>
<td>Wisconsin SHIP (SHIP), Department of Health Services, 1 W. Wilson Street, Madison, WI 53703, Phone: 855-677-2783, Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare-counseling.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare-counseling.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WV</td>
<td>West Virginia State Health Insurance Assistance Program (WV SHIP), 1900 Kanawha Blvd., East, Charleston, WV 25305, Phone: 877-987-4463, Website: <a href="http://www.wvship.org">www.wvship.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WY</td>
<td>Wyoming State Health Insurance Information Program (WSHIIP), 106 West Adams, Riverton, WY 82501, Phone: 800-856-4398, Website: <a href="http://www.wyomingseniors.com/services/wyoming-state-health-insurance-information-program">http://www.wyomingseniors.com/services/wyoming-state-health-insurance-information-program</a></td>
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State Health Departments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Department Name</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Alaska Department of Health and Social Services,</td>
<td>Phone: Toll-Free: 1-800-780-9972, Local: 907-269-3680, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhss.alaska.gov/Pages/default.aspx">http://dhss.alaska.gov/Pages/default.aspx</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Alabama Department of Public Health,</td>
<td>Phone: Toll-Free: 800-252-1818, Local: 334-206-5300, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.adph.org">www.adph.org</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AR</td>
<td>Arkansas Department of Health,</td>
<td>Phone: Toll-Free: 800-462-0599, Local: 501-661-2000, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.healthy.arkansas.gov">www.healthy.arkansas.gov</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Arizona Department of Health Services,</td>
<td>Phone: Local: 602-542-1025, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://azdhs.gov/">https://azdhs.gov/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>California Department of Health Services,</td>
<td>Phone: Local: 916-445-4171, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhcs.ca.gov">www.dhcs.ca.gov</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment,</td>
<td>Phone: Local: 303-692-2000, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.cdphe.state.co.us/">www.cdphe.state.co.us/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CT</td>
<td>Connecticut Department of Public Health,</td>
<td>Phone: Local: 860-509-8000, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.ct.gov/dph">www.ct.gov/dph</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC</td>
<td>The District of Columbia Department of Health,</td>
<td>Phone: Local: 202-442-5955, Hours: M-F 8:15 a.m.-4:45 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.doh.dc.gov">www.doh.dc.gov</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Delaware Health and Social Services,</td>
<td>Phone: Toll-Free: 800-372-2022, Local: 302-255-9040, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/">http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Florida Department of Health,</td>
<td>Phone: Local: 850-245-4444, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.doh.state.fl.us/">http://www.doh.state.fl.us/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Georgia Department of Community Health,</td>
<td>Phone: Toll-Free: 800-436-7442, Local: 404-656-4496, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dch.georgia.gov">www.dch.georgia.gov</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Hawaii Department of Health,</td>
<td>Phone: Local: 808-586-4400, Hours: M-F 7:45 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.hawaii.gov/health">www.hawaii.gov/health</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IA</td>
<td>Iowa Department of Public Health,</td>
<td>Phone: Toll-Free: 866-227-9878, Local: 515-281-7689, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://idph.iowa.gov/">http://idph.iowa.gov/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>Idaho Department of Health and Welfare,</td>
<td>Phone: Toll-Free: 800-926-2588, Local: 208-334-6700, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://healthandwelfare.idaho.gov">http://healthandwelfare.idaho.gov</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If no TTY number is listed, you may try 711 (National Relay Service)
Addendum A

### State Health Departments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Department Name</th>
<th>Phone Details</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IL</td>
<td>Illinois Department of Public Health</td>
<td>Local: 217-782-4977, M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.idph.state.il.us">www.idph.state.il.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Indiana State Department of Health</td>
<td>Toll-Free: 800-382-9480, Local: 317-233-1325, M-F 8:15 a.m.-4:45 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.in.gov/isdh">www.in.gov/isdh</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA</td>
<td>Louisiana Department of Health and Hospital</td>
<td>Local: 225-342-9500, M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dhh.louisiana.gov">www.dhh.louisiana.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA</td>
<td>Massachusetts Department of Public Health</td>
<td>Toll-Free: 800-841-2900, M-F 9 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.mass.gov/dph">www.mass.gov/dph</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ME</td>
<td>Maine Department of Health and Human Services</td>
<td>Local: 207-287-3707, M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.state.me.us/dhhs">www.state.me.us/dhhs</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI</td>
<td>Michigan Department Community Health</td>
<td>Local: 517-373-3740, M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.michigan.gov/mdch">www.michigan.gov/mdch</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MN</td>
<td>Minnesota Department of Health</td>
<td>Toll-Free: 888-345-0823, Local: 651-201-5000, M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.health.state.mn.us">www.health.state.mn.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MO</td>
<td>Missouri Department of Health &amp; Senior Services</td>
<td>Local: 573-751-6400, M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dhss.mo.gov">www.dhss.mo.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MS</td>
<td>Mississippi Department of Health</td>
<td>Toll-Free: 866-458-4948, Local: 601-576-7400, M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.msdh.state.ms.us/">www.msdh.state.ms.us/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services</td>
<td>Local: 919-855-4800, M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ncdhhs.gov/dma">www.ncdhhs.gov/dma</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If no TTY number is listed, you may try 711 (National Relay Service)
# Addendum A: Important Contact Information for State Agencies

## State Health Departments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Department Name</th>
<th>Phone (Local)</th>
<th>Phone (Toll-Free)</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>North Dakota Department of Health</td>
<td>701-328-2372</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ndhealth.gov">www.ndhealth.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NE</td>
<td>Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>800-430-3244, 402-471-3121</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dhhs.ne.gov">www.dhhs.ne.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NH</td>
<td>New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>844-275-3447, 603-883-7726</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dhhs.state.nh.us">www.dhhs.state.nh.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJ</td>
<td>State of New Jersey Department of Health</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>800-792-9770, 609-292-7837</td>
<td>M-F 7:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.state.nj.us/health/index.shtml">www.state.nj.us/health/index.shtml</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>New Mexico Department of Health</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>505-827-2613</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://nmhealth.org/">https://nmhealth.org/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NV</td>
<td>Nevada Department of Health and Human Services</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>775-684-4000</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://dhhs.nv.gov/">http://dhhs.nv.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>New York State Department of Health</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>800-541-2831</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://www.health.ny.gov/">https://www.health.ny.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OH</td>
<td>Ohio Department of Health</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>614-466-3543</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.odh.ohio.gov/">www.odh.ohio.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OK</td>
<td>Oklahoma State Department of Health</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>800-522-0203, 405-271-5600</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ok.gov/health">www.ok.gov/health</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td>Oregon Health Authority</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>971-673-1222</td>
<td>M-F 9 a.m.-4 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://public.health.oregon.gov/Pages/Home.aspx">http://public.health.oregon.gov/Pages/Home.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA</td>
<td>Pennsylvania Department of Health</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>877-724-3258</td>
<td>M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:00 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.health.state.pa.us">www.health.state.pa.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RI</td>
<td>Rhode Island Department of Health</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>401-222-5960</td>
<td>M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.health.ri.gov">www.health.ri.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SC</td>
<td>South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>803-898-3432</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.scdhec.gov/">http://www.scdhec.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD</td>
<td>South Dakota Department of Health</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>800-738-2301, 605-773-3361</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://doh.sd.gov/">https://doh.sd.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Addendum A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State Health Departments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **TN** | Tennessee Department of Health,  
Phone: Local: 615-741-3111,  
Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: https://www.tn.gov/health |
| **TX** | Texas Department of State Health Services,  
Phone: Toll-Free: 888-963-7111, Local: 512-458-7111,  
Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: www.dshs.state.tx.us |
| **UT** | Utah Department of Health,  
Phone: Toll-Free: 888-222-2542, Local: 801-538-6003,  
Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: www.health.utah.gov |
| **VA** | Virginia Department of Health,  
Phone: Local: 804-864-7001,  
Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: www.vdh.state.va.us |
| **VT** | Vermont Department of Health,  
Phone: Toll-Free: 800-464-4343, Local: 802-863-7200,  
Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: www.healthvermont.gov |
| **WA** | Washington State Department of Health,  
Phone: Toll-Free: 800-525-0127, Local: 360-236-4501,  
Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: www.doh.wa.gov |
| **WI** | Wisconsin Department of Health,  
Phone: Local: 608-266-1865,  
Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/ |
| **WV** | West Virginia Department of Health & Human Resources,  
Phone: Local: 304-558-0684,  
Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: http://www.dhhr.wv.gov/Pages/default.aspx |
| **WY** | Wyoming Department of Health,  
Phone: Toll-Free: 866-571-0944, Local: 307-777-7656,  
Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: www.health.wyo.gov |

If no TTY number is listed, you may try 711 (National Relay Service)
### State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Program Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CT</td>
<td>Connecticut Pharmaceutical Assistance Contract to the Elderly and Disabled Program (PACE), P.O. Box 5011, Hartford, CT 06102</td>
<td>800-423-5026, or 860-269-2029</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://portal.ct.gov/dors">https://portal.ct.gov/dors</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Delaware Chronic Renal Disease Program, 11-13 Church Avenue, Milford, DE 19963</td>
<td>302-424-7180, or 800-464-4357</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td>dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/crdprog.html</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Delaware Prescription Assistance Program, Phone: 800-996-9969</td>
<td>866-267-4679, or 317-234-1381</td>
<td>M-F 7 a.m.-3 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/dpap.html">https://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/dpap.html</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Hoosier Rx, 402 W. Washington Street, Room W374, MS07, Indianapolis, IN 46204</td>
<td>866-267-4679, or 317-234-1381</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://portal.ct.gov/dors">https://portal.ct.gov/dors</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA</td>
<td>Massachusetts Prescription Advantage, P.O. Box 15153, Worcester, MA 01615-0153</td>
<td>800-243-4636, Extension 2, TTY: 877-610-0241, Hours: M-F 8:45 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td>Hours: M-F 8:45 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.mass.gov/elders/healthcare/prescription-advantage/">http://www.mass.gov/elders/healthcare/prescription-advantage/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Maryland Senior Prescription Drug Assistance Program (SPDAP), c/o Pool Administrators, 628 Hebron Avenue, Suite 212, Glastonbury, CT 06033</td>
<td>800-551-5995, TTY: 800-877-5156</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://marylandspdap.com">http://marylandspdap.com</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Maryland Kidney Disease Program, 201 West Preston Street - Room SS-3, Baltimore, MD 21201</td>
<td>410-767-5000, or 800-226-2142</td>
<td>M-F 8:30am–4:30pm EST</td>
<td><a href="http://www.mdrxprograms.com/kdp.html">http://www.mdrxprograms.com/kdp.html</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Primary Adult Care Program, P.O. Box 386, Baltimore, MD 21203</td>
<td>800-226-2142</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ME</td>
<td>Maine Low Cost Drugs for the Elderly or Disabled Program, Office of MaineCare Services, 242 State Street, Augusta, ME 04333</td>
<td>866-796-2463, TTY: 800-606-0215</td>
<td>Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/oads/home-support/elderly-physically-disabled/index.html">http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/oads/home-support/elderly-physically-disabled/index.html</a></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>MO</td>
<td>Missouri Rx Plan, P.O. Box 6500, Jefferson City, MO 65102</td>
<td>800-375-1406</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="https://dss.mo.gov/morx/">https://dss.mo.gov/morx/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MT</td>
<td>Montana Big Sky Rx Program, P.O. Box 202915, Helena, MT 59620-2915</td>
<td>866-369-1233, or 406-444-1233</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/BigSky.aspx">http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/BigSky.aspx</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MT</td>
<td>Montana Mental Health Services Plan, 555 Fuller Avenue, P.O. Box 202905, Helena, MT 59620</td>
<td>406-444-3964, or 800-866-0328</td>
<td>Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://dphhs.mt.gov/amdd/services/mhsp">https://dphhs.mt.gov/amdd/services/mhsp</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJ</td>
<td>New Jersey Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled (PAAD), Division of Aging Services, P.O. Box 715, Trenton, NJ 08625-0715</td>
<td>800-792-9745, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td>Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/paad/">http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/paad/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJ</td>
<td>New Jersey Senior Gold Prescription Discount Program, P.O. Box 715, Trenton, NJ 08625-0715</td>
<td>800-792-9745, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td>Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/seniorgold/">http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/seniorgold/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJ</td>
<td>New Jersey Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services, P.O. Box 712, Trenton, NJ 08625, Phone: 800-356-1561</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="https://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/home/index.html">https://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/home/index.html</a></td>
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#### State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Program Name</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NV</td>
<td>Nevada Disability Rx Program</td>
<td>Department of Health and Human Services, 3416 Goni Road, Building D, Suite 132, Carson City, NV 89706, Phone: 866-303-6323, or 775-687-4210, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://adsd.nv.gov/Programs/Physical/DisabilityRx/DisabilityRx/">http://adsd.nv.gov/Programs/Physical/DisabilityRx/DisabilityRx/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>New York State Elderly Pharmaceutical Insurance Coverage (EPIC)</td>
<td>P.O. Box 15018, Albany, NY 12212-5108, Phone: 800-332-3742, TTY: 800-290-9138, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/epic/">https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/epic/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA</td>
<td>Pharmaceutical Assistance Contract for the Elderly (PACE)</td>
<td>Pennsylvania Department of Aging, P.O. Box 8806, Harrisburg, PA 17105-8806, Phone: 800-225-7223, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/prescriptions/Pages/default.aspx">http://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/prescriptions/Pages/default.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA</td>
<td>Special Pharmaceutical Benefits Program - Mental Health</td>
<td>Department of Public Welfare, Special Pharmaceutical Benefits Program, P.O. Box 8808, Harrisburg, PA 17105, Phone: 800-433-4459, Option 2, Website: <a href="http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/healthcaremedicalassistance/specialpharmaceuticalbenefitsprogram/index.htm">http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/healthcaremedicalassistance/specialpharmaceuticalbenefitsprogram/index.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA</td>
<td>Pennsylvania PACE Needs Enhancement Tier (PACENET)</td>
<td>Pennsylvania Department of Aging, P.O. Box 8806, Harrisburg, PA 17105-8806, Phone: 800-225-7223, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/prescriptions/Pages/default.aspx">http://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/prescriptions/Pages/default.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA</td>
<td>PACE Chronic Renal Disease Program (CRDP)</td>
<td>Pennsylvania Department of Health, Eligibility Unit, P.O. Box 8811, Harrisburg, PA 17105-8806, Phone: 800-225-7223, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: [<a href="http://www.health.pa.gov/Your-Department-of-Health/Offices">http://www.health.pa.gov/Your-Department-of-Health/Offices</a> and Bureaus/Chronic Care/Pages/PA-Renal-Disease-Program.aspx](<a href="http://www.health.pa.gov/Your-Department-of-Health/Offices">http://www.health.pa.gov/Your-Department-of-Health/Offices</a> and Bureaus/Chronic Care/Pages/PA-Renal-Disease-Program.aspx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RI</td>
<td>RI Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Elderly (RIPAE)</td>
<td>74 W. Road, Hazard Bldg., 2nd Floor, Cranston, RI 02920, Phone: 401-462-3000, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dea.ri.gov/programs/prescription_assist.php">http://www.dea.ri.gov/programs/prescription_assist.php</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Kidney Health Care Program (KHC)</td>
<td>Department of State Health Services, P.O. Box 149347, MC 1938, Austin, TX 78714-9347, Phone: 800-222-3986, or 512-776-7150, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dshs.texas.gov/kidney/">https://www.dshs.texas.gov/kidney/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VT</td>
<td>V-Pharm</td>
<td>DCF - Economic Services Division, Application and Document Processing Center, 280 State Drive, Waterbury, VT 05671-1500, Phone: 800-250-8427, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-8 p.m., from Nov 1-Dec 15, and 8 a.m.-5 p.m., all other times, Website: <a href="http://www.greenmountaincare.org/perscription">http://www.greenmountaincare.org/perscription</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WI</td>
<td>Chronic Renal Disease</td>
<td>P.O. Box 6410, Madison, WI 53716, Phone: 800-362-3002, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WI</td>
<td>Cystic Fibrosis Program</td>
<td>P.O. Box 6410, Madison, WI 53716, Phone: 800-362-3002, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WI</td>
<td>Hemophilia Home Care</td>
<td>P.O. Box 6410, Madison, WI 53716, Phone: 800-362-3002, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WI</td>
<td>SeniorCare (above 200% FPL)</td>
<td>P.O. Box 6710, Madison, WI 53716, Phone: 800-657-2038, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/seniorcare/index.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/seniorcare/index.htm</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If no TTY number is listed, you may try 711 (National Relay Service).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Program Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AK, AL, AR, AZ, CA, CO, DC, FL, GA, HI, IA, ID, IL, KS, KY, LA, MI, MN, MS, NC, ND, NE, NH, NM, OH, OK, OR, SC, SD, TN, UT, VA, WA, WV, WY</td>
<td>No SPAP in these states</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
Addendum A

State AIDS Drug Assistance Programs (ADAP)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Program Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Alaska AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>1057 W. Fireweed Lane, Anchorage, AK 99503</td>
<td>907-263-2050</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.alaskanaids.org/index.php/client-services/adap">http://www.alaskanaids.org/index.php/client-services/adap</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Alabama AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>201 Monroe Street, RSA Tower, Suite 1400, Montgomery, AL 36104</td>
<td>866-574-9964</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.adph.org/ads/Default.asp?id=995">http://www.adph.org/ads/Default.asp?id=995</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AR</td>
<td>Arkansas AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>4815 W. Markham, Little Rock, AR 72205</td>
<td>888-499-6544</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/programs-services/topics/ryan-white-program">https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/programs-services/topics/ryan-white-program</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Arizona AIDS Assistance Program</td>
<td>150 N.18th Avenue, Suite 110, Phoenix, AZ 85007</td>
<td>602-364-4571</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.azdhs.gov/phs/hiv/adap/index.htm">http://www.azdhs.gov/phs/hiv/adap/index.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>California AIDS Assistance Program (ADAP) / Ramsell Corporation</td>
<td>P.O. Box 997377, MS 0500, Sacramento, CA 95899-7377</td>
<td>916-558-1784, or 888-311-7632</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/aids/Pages/OAADAPIndiv.aspx">http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/aids/Pages/OAADAPIndiv.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Colorado AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>4300 Cherry Creek Drive, South, Denver, CO 80246</td>
<td>303-692-2716</td>
<td>M-F 7:30 a.m.-5:15 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/cdphe/colorado-aids-drug-assistance-program-adap">https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/cdphe/colorado-aids-drug-assistance-program-adap</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CT</td>
<td>Connecticut AIDS Drug Assistance Program (CADDAP)</td>
<td>410 Capitol Avenue, P.O. Box 340308, Hartford, CT 06134</td>
<td>800-233-2503</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ct.gov/dph/cwp/view.asp?a=3135&amp;Q=387012">http://www.ct.gov/dph/cwp/view.asp?a=3135&amp;Q=387012</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC</td>
<td>Washington DC AIDS Drug Assistance Program (DCADAP)</td>
<td>899 North Capitol Street, NE, 4th Floor, Washington, DC 20002</td>
<td>202-442-5955</td>
<td>M-F 8:15 a.m.-4:45 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://dchealth.dc.gov/">https://dchealth.dc.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Georgia AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>2 Peachtree Street, NE, Atlanta, GA 30303</td>
<td>404-657-3100</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://dph.georgia.gov/hiv-care-services">http://dph.georgia.gov/hiv-care-services</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Hawaii HDAP</td>
<td>3627 Kiluaea Avenue, Suite 306, Honolulu, HI 96816</td>
<td>808-733-9360</td>
<td>M-F 7:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://health.hawaii.gov/harmreduction/hiv-aidshiv-programs/hiv-medical-management-services/">http://health.hawaii.gov/harmreduction/hiv-aidshiv-programs/hiv-medical-management-services/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IA</td>
<td>Iowa AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>321 E. 12th Street, Iowa State Office Building, Des Moines, IA 50319-0075</td>
<td>515-242-5150</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/iowa_aids_drug_assistance_program">https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/iowa_aids_drug_assistance_program</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>Idaho AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>450 W. State Street, P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0036</td>
<td>208-334-5612</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://healthandwelfare.idaho.gov/Health/HIV/STD/HepatitisPrograms/HIVCare/tabid/391/Default.aspx">http://healthandwelfare.idaho.gov/Health/HIV/STD/HepatitisPrograms/HIVCare/tabid/391/Default.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IL</td>
<td>Illinois AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>525 W. Jefferson Street, 1st Floor, Springfield, IL 62761</td>
<td>217-782-4977</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.idph.state.il.us/health/aids/adap.htm">http://www.idph.state.il.us/health/aids/adap.htm</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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## Addendum A

### State AIDS Drug Assistance Programs (ADAP)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Program Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Indiana AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>2 N. Meridian Street, Indianapolis, IN 46204</td>
<td>866-588-4948, 317-233-7450</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.in.gov/isdh/17448.htm">http://www.in.gov/isdh/17448.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KS</td>
<td>The Kansas Ryan White Part B Program</td>
<td>1000 SW Jackson Street, Suite 210, Topeka, KS 66612</td>
<td>785-296-6174</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.kdheks.gov/sti_hiv/ryan_white_care.htm">http://www.kdheks.gov/sti_hiv/ryan_white_care.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KY</td>
<td>Kentucky AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>275 E. Main Street, HS2E-C, Frankfort, KY 40601</td>
<td>800-420-7431</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://chfs.ky.gov/dph/epi/HIVAIDS/">http://chfs.ky.gov/dph/epi/HIVAIDS/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA</td>
<td>Louisiana HIV/AIDS Program (LA HAP)</td>
<td>1450 Poydras Street, Suite 2136, New Orleans, LA 70112</td>
<td>504-568-7474</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.lahap.org/">http://www.lahap.org/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA</td>
<td>Massachusetts AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>380 Chauncy Street, Boston, MA 02111</td>
<td>800-228-2714</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://crine.org/hdap/">http://crine.org/hdap/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Maryland AIDS Assistance Program (MADAP)</td>
<td>201 W. Preston Street, Baltimore, MD 21202</td>
<td>800-205-6308</td>
<td>M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://phpa.dhmh.maryland.gov/OIDPCS/CHCS/pages/madap.aspx">http://phpa.dhmh.maryland.gov/OIDPCS/CHCS/pages/madap.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI</td>
<td>Michigan AIDS Drug Assistance Program (MIDAP)</td>
<td>109 Michigan Avenue, 9th Floor, Lansing, MI 48913</td>
<td>888-826-6565</td>
<td>M-F 10 a.m.-6 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.michigan.gov/mdhhs/0,5885,7-339-71550_2955_2982-44913--,00.html">http://www.michigan.gov/mdhhs/0,5885,7-339-71550_2955_2982-44913--,00.html</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MN</td>
<td>Minnesota HIV/AIDS Program – Program HH</td>
<td>P.O. Box 64972, St. Paul, MN 55164-0972</td>
<td>651-431-2414, 800-657-3761</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.mnahaisproject.org/services/support-services/benefits-guide/program-hh.php">http://www.mnahaisproject.org/services/support-services/benefits-guide/program-hh.php</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MO</td>
<td>Missouri HIV/AIDS Case Management Program</td>
<td>P.O. Box 570, Jefferson City, MO 65102</td>
<td>573-751-6439</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/hivaidscasemgmt.php">http://health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/hivaidscasemgmt.php</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MS</td>
<td>Mississippi AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>570 E. Woodrow Wilson, Jackson, MS 39216</td>
<td>601-576-7723, 601-362-4879</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://msdh.ms.gov/index.htm">http://msdh.ms.gov/index.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MT</td>
<td>Montana AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>Cogswell Building, Room C-211, 1400 Broadway, Helena, MT 59620</td>
<td>406-444-4744</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dphhs.mt.gov/publichealth/hivstd/treatmentprogram.shtml">http://www.dphhs.mt.gov/publichealth/hivstd/treatmentprogram.shtml</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>North Carolina AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>2001 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699</td>
<td>919-855-4800</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hiv/adap.html">http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hiv/adap.html</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>North Dakota AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>2635 E. Main Avenue, Bismarck, ND 58506-5520</td>
<td>800-706-3448</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ndhealth.gov/HIV/default.htm">http://www.ndhealth.gov/HIV/default.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NE</td>
<td>Nebraska AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>Nebraska Department of Health &amp; Human Services, P.O. Box 95026, Lincoln, NE 68509-5026</td>
<td>800-782-2437, 402-552-9260</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://dhhs.ne.gov/publichealth/Pages/dpc_ryan_white.aspx">http://dhhs.ne.gov/publichealth/Pages/dpc_ryan_white.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<th>Hours</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NH</td>
<td>New Hampshire AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>29 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 03301</td>
<td>603-271-4502 or 800-852-3345</td>
<td>M-F 8:00 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dhhs/bchs/std/care.htm">http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dhhs/bchs/std/care.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJ</td>
<td>New Jersey AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>P.O. Box 715, Trenton, NJ 08625-0715</td>
<td>877-613-4533</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.humanservices.nj.gov/doas/home/freemeds.html#addp">http://www.humanservices.nj.gov/doas/home/freemeds.html#addp</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>New Mexico AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>1190 St. Francis Drive, Room S 1200, Santa Fe, NM 87502</td>
<td>505-476-2351</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/new_mexico_aidshiv_drugs_assistance_program">https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/new_mexico_aidshiv_drugs_assistance_program</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>New York AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>HIV Uninsured Care Programs, Empire Station, P.O. Box 2052, Albany, NY 12220-0052</td>
<td>800-542-2437</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/diseases/aids/general/resources/adap/index.htm">http://www.health.ny.gov/diseases/aids/general/resources/adap/index.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OH</td>
<td>Ohio AIDS Drug Assistance Program (OHDAP)</td>
<td>246 N. High Street, 6th Floor, Columbus, OH 43215</td>
<td>800-777-4775</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.odh.ohio.gov/odhprograms/hashtpac/hivcare/OHDAP/drgasst1.aspx">http://www.odh.ohio.gov/odhprograms/hashtpac/hivcare/OHDAP/drgasst1.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OK</td>
<td>Oklahoma AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>1000 NE 10th Street, Mail Drop 0308, Oklahoma City, OK 73117</td>
<td>405-271-4636</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://www.ok.gov/health/Disease,_Prevention,_Preparedness/HIV_STD_Service/Care_Delivery_(Ryan_White_ADAP_Hepatitis)/index.html">https://www.ok.gov/health/Disease,_Prevention,_Preparedness/HIV_STD_Service/Care_Delivery_(Ryan_White_ADAP_Hepatitis)/index.html</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td>Oregon CAREAssist</td>
<td>800 NE Oregon Street, Suite 1105, Portland, OR 97232</td>
<td>800-805-2313</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://public.health.oregon.gov/DiseasesConditions/HIVSTDViralHepatitis/HIVCareTreatment/CAREAssist/Pages/index.aspx">http://public.health.oregon.gov/DiseasesConditions/HIVSTDViralHepatitis/HIVCareTreatment/CAREAssist/Pages/index.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RI</td>
<td>Rhode Island AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>3 Capitol Hill, Providence, RI 02908</td>
<td>401-222-5960</td>
<td>M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.health.ri.gov/diseases/hivaidsv.html">http://www.health.ri.gov/diseases/hivaidsv.html</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SC</td>
<td>South Carolina AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>2600 Bull Street, Columbia, SC 29201</td>
<td>803-898-3432</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-6 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.scdhec.gov/Health/DiseasesandConditions/InfectiousDiseases/HIVandSTDs/">http://www.scdhec.gov/Health/DiseasesandConditions/InfectiousDiseases/HIVandSTDs/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TN</td>
<td>Tennessee AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>Andrew Johnson Tower, 4th Floor, 710 James Robertson Parkway, Nashville, TN 37243</td>
<td>615-741-7500</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="https://tn.gov/health/topic/STD-ryanwhite">https://tn.gov/health/topic/STD-ryanwhite</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Texas AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>P.O. Box 149347, MC 1873, Austin, TX 78714</td>
<td>512-533-3000</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/hivstd/meds/spap.shtm">http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/hivstd/meds/spap.shtm</a></td>
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<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone Numbers</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UT</td>
<td>Utah Bureau AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>P.O. Box 142104, Salt Lake City, UT 84114</td>
<td>801-538-6191,</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.,</td>
<td><a href="http://health.utah.gov/epi/treatment/">http://health.utah.gov/epi/treatment/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Virginia AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>109 Governor Street, Richmond, VA 23219</td>
<td>855-362-0658,</td>
<td>M/W 8:30 a.m.-6 p.m., T/Th/F 8:30 a.m.-5 p.m.,</td>
<td><a href="http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/epidemiology/DiseasePrevention/Programs/ADAP/index.htm">http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/epidemiology/DiseasePrevention/Programs/ADAP/index.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VT</td>
<td>Vermont Medication Assistance Program (VMAP)</td>
<td>108 Cherry Street, P.O. Box 70, Burlington, VT 05402-0070</td>
<td>802-951-4005,</td>
<td>M-F 7:45 a.m.-3:30 p.m.,</td>
<td><a href="https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/vermont_medication_assistance_program">https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/vermont_medication_assistance_program</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Washington AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>P.O. Box 47841, Olympia, WA 98504</td>
<td>877-376-9316,</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.,</td>
<td><a href="http://www.doh.wa.gov/YouandYourFamily/IllnessandDisease/HIVAIDS/HIVCareClientServices.aspx">http://www.doh.wa.gov/YouandYourFamily/IllnessandDisease/HIVAIDS/HIVCareClientServices.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WI</td>
<td>Wisconsin AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>1 W. Wilson Street, Madison, WI 53703</td>
<td>800-991-5532,</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-4 p.m.,</td>
<td><a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/aids-hiv/adap.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/aids-hiv/adap.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WV</td>
<td>West Virginia AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>350 Capital Street, Room 125, Charleston, WV 25301</td>
<td>800-642-8244,</td>
<td>M-F 8 a.m.-4 p.m.,</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dhhr.wv.gov/oeps/std-hiv-heap/HIV_AIDS/caresupport/Pages/ADAP.aspx">http://www.dhhr.wv.gov/oeps/std-hiv-heap/HIV_AIDS/caresupport/Pages/ADAP.aspx</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>WY</td>
<td>Wyoming AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</td>
<td>6101 N. Yellowstone Road, Room 510, Cheyenne, WY 82002</td>
<td>307-777-5856,</td>
<td>M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m.,</td>
<td><a href="http://www.health.wyo.gov/phsd/howpa/forms.html">http://www.health.wyo.gov/phsd/howpa/forms.html</a></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

If no TTY number is listed, you may try 711 (National Relay Service)
Addendum B – Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO ESA) Service Areas*

Your Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO ESA) is available in all counties within the 50 states, Washington D.C., and the Territories of Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands and Guam. Below is a list of our network-based service areas:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alabama</th>
<th>Arizona</th>
<th>California</th>
<th>Colorado</th>
<th>Connecticut</th>
<th>Delaware</th>
<th>District of Columbia</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Barbour</td>
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<td>Dale</td>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>Mobile</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Henry</td>
<td>Macon</td>
<td>Russell</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Maricopa</td>
<td>Pinal</td>
<td>Yavapai</td>
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<td>Pima</td>
<td>Santa Cruz</td>
<td>Yuma</td>
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<tr>
<td>California</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Adams</td>
<td>Arapahoe</td>
<td>Boulder</td>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>El Paso</td>
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<td>Broomfield</td>
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<td>Middlesex</td>
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<td>Sussex</td>
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<tr>
<td>District of Columbia</td>
<td>Washington DC</td>
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</table>

* Plan members must reside in a plan service area. Aetna Medicare network providers may be located outside of listed plan service areas.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.
If you have any questions, please call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your member ID card.

2020 Evidence of Coverage for Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO)
Addendum B: Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO) Service Areas*

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<th>Florida</th>
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</table>

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**Illinois**

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<td>Marshall</td>
<td>Mason</td>
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<td>Moultrie</td>
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<td>Piatt</td>
<td>Putnam</td>
<td>Rock Island</td>
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<td>Tazewell</td>
<td>Vermillion</td>
<td>Warren</td>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>Will</td>
<td>Winnebago</td>
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**Indiana**

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<th>Cass</th>
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<th>Clinton</th>
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<td>Hamilton</td>
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**Iowa**

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**Kansas**

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<th>Miami</th>
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### Michigan

<table>
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<th>Allegan</th>
<th>Genesee</th>
<th>Kent</th>
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<td>St. Clair</td>
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### Mississippi

- DeSoto

### Missouri

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<tr>
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### Nebraska

- Dodge
- Douglas
- Lancaster
- Sarpy
- Washington

### Nevada

- Clark
- Washoe

### New Jersey

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<tr>
<th>Atlantic</th>
<th>Cape May</th>
<th>Hudson</th>
<th>Monmouth</th>
<th>Salem</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Morris</td>
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<td>Union</td>
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<td>Warren</td>
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</table>

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# New Mexico

<table>
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<th>Sandoval</th>
<th>Socorro</th>
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# New York

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# North Carolina

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<td>Person</td>
<td>Stokes</td>
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<td>Durham</td>
<td>Hoke</td>
<td>Polk</td>
<td>Surry</td>
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<td>Forsyth</td>
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Aetna complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. Aetna does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. Aetna provides free aids and services to people with disabilities to communicate effectively with us, such as: qualified sign language interpreters; and written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, other formats). Aetna also provides free language services to people whose primary language is not English, such as: qualified interpreters and information written in other languages. If you need these services, contact the Aetna Medicare Customer Service Department at the phone number on your member identification card.

If you believe that Aetna has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex, you can file a grievance with: Aetna Medicare Grievance Department, P.O. Box 14067, Lexington, KY 40512. You can also file a grievance by phone by calling the phone number on your member identification card (TTY: 711). If you need help filing a grievance, the Aetna Medicare Customer Service Department is available to help you. You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf, or by mail or phone at: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, 200 Independence Avenue SW., Room 509F, HHH Building, Washington, DC 20201, 1–800–368–1019, 800–537–7697 (TDD). Complaint forms are available at https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html. You can also contact the Aetna Civil Rights Coordinator by phone at 1-855-348-1369, by email at MedicareCRCoordinator@aetna.com, or by writing to Aetna Medicare Grievance Department, ATTN: Civil Rights Coordinator, P.O. Box 14067, Lexington, KY 40512. Aetna is the brand name used for products and services provided by one or more of the Aetna group of subsidiary companies, including Aetna Life Insurance Company, Coventry Health Care plans and their affiliates (Aetna).
Aetna complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate, exclude or treat people differently based on their race, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability. Aetna provides free aids/services to people with disabilities and to people who need language assistance. If you need a qualified interpreter, written information in other formats, translation or other services, contact the phone number on your member identification card. If you believe we have failed to provide these services or otherwise discriminated based on a protected class noted above, you can also file a grievance in writing with the Aetna Medicare Grievance Department, P.O. Box 14067, Lexington, KY 40512. You can also file a grievance by phone by calling the phone number on your member identification card (TTY: 711). You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf, or at: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 200 Independence Avenue SW., Room 509F, HHH Building, Washington, DC 20201, or at 1-800-368-1019, 800-537-7697 (TDD). You can also contact the Aetna Civil Rights Coordinator by phone at 1-855-348-1369, by email at MedicareCRCOordinator@aetna.com, or by writing to Aetna Medicare Grievance Department, ATTN: Civil Rights Coordinator, P.O. Box 14067 Lexington, KY 40512.

TTY: 711

ENGLISH:
ATTENTION: If you speak a language other than English, free language assistance services are available. Visit our website at aetnamedicare.com or call the phone number on your member identification card. (English)

ESPAÑOL (SPANISH):
ATENCIÓN: Si usted habla español, se encuentran disponibles servicios gratuitos de asistencia de idiomas. Visite nuestro sitio web en aetnamedicare.com o llame al número de teléfono que se indica en su tarjeta de identificación de afiliado.

简体中文(CHEMSE):
请注意：如果您说中文，您可以获得免费的语言援助服务。访问我们的网站aetnamedicare.com 或致电您会员卡上的电话号码。

TAGALOG (TAGALOG - FILIPINO):
PAUNAWA: Kung nagsasalita ka ng Tagalog, may makukuhang libreng tulong na serbisyo para sa wika. Puntahan ang aming website sa aetnamedicare.com o tawagan ang numero ng telepono sa inyong ID kard ng miyembro.

FRANÇAIS (FRENCH):
ATTENTION : Si vous parlez le français, des services gratuits d’aide linguistique sont disponibles. Visitez notre site Web à l’adresse aetnamedicare.com ou appelez le numéro de téléphone figurant sur votre carte d’adhérent.

TIẾNG VIỆT (VIETNAMESE):
LUU Y: Neu quyen vi noi tieng Viet, chung toi co san dich vu hoi tro ngon ngu mieng phi. Xin truy cap trang web cua chung toi tai aetnamedicare.com hoac goi so dien thoai ghi tren the chung minh thanh vien cua quyen vi.

DEUTSCH (GERMAN):
ACHTUNG: Wenn Sie deutsch sprechen, steht ein kostenloser Dolmetscherservice zur Verfügung. Besuchen Sie unsere Website unter aetnamedicare.com oder rufen Sie unter der auf Ihrem Mitgliedsausweis aufgeführten Telefonnummer an.
한국어 (KOREAN): 주의: 한국어를 하시는 분들을 위해 무료 통역 서비스가 제공됩니다. aetnamedicare.com에서 웹사이트를 방문하거나 귀하의 회원 ID 카드에 제공된 전화번호로 문의해 주시기 바랍니다.


الأрабية (ARABIC): تلبیه: إذا كنت تتحدث اللغة العربية، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية سوف توفر لك مجانًا. تفضل بزيارة الموقع الإلكتروني الخاص بنا aetnamedicare.com أو اتصل برقم الهاتف الموجود على بطاقة هوية العضو الخاصة بك.

हिंदी (HINDI): ध्यान दें: अगर आप बात करने में सक्षम हैं हिंदी, तो निष्ठुल भाषा सहायता सेवाएं उपलब्ध हैं। हमारी वेबसाइट aetnamedicare.com पर विजिट करें या अपने सदस्य पहचान कार्ड पर दिए गए फोन नंबर पर कॉल करें।

ITALIANO (ITALIAN): ATTENZIONE: Se parli italiano, sono disponibili servizi di assistenza linguistica gratuiti. Visita il nostro sito web aetnamedicare.com o chiama il numero telefonico riportato sulla tua tessera personale.

PORTUGUÊS (PORTUGUESE): ATENÇÃO: Se você fala português, serviços gratuitos de ajuda para esse idioma estão disponíveis. Visite nosso site aetnamedicare.com ou ligue para o número listado em seu cartão de identificação de associado.


Polski (POLISH): UWAGA! Osoby mówiące po polsku, mogą skorzystać z bezpłatnych usług pomocy językowej. Proszę wejść na naszą stronę internetową aetnamedicare.com lub zadzwoń pod numer telefonu podany na karcie identyfikacyjnej członka.

日本語 (JAPANESE): ご注意：日本語を話す方を対象に、無料の言語支援サービスをご用意しております。当社ウェブサイトaetnamedicare.comをご覧いただくか、会員カードに記載の電話番号までお電話ください。


Հայերեն (AMHARIC): Հետևինք: Հայերեն խնդիրները, միջիսերի համար բեռանալի ծրագրերի մեջ aetnamedicare.com կայքից կհետախուզված լուծում կտան, ուսումնասիրելու համար.
Bangla (Bengali):

নবোধাগু: যদি আপনি বাংলা ভাষায় কথা বলেন, তাহলে বিনামূল্যে ভাষা সহায়তা পরিষেবা উপলব্ধ আছে। আমাদের ওয়েবসাইট aetnamedicare.com ফিজিট করুন অথবা আপনার সদস্য পরিচয় পত্র দেওয়া ফোন নম্বরে কল করুন।

(Kodhy: মুর্ধন্যশীল সহযোগী কোনরীতি, মুর্ধন্যশীলতা ক্ষেত্রে আমাদের মুর্ধন্যশীল সহযোগী আপনার লাগাতার প্রতিকূলতাগুলিকে কমাতে। মুর্ধন্যশীলতা ক্ষেত্রে aetnamedicare.com

MON-KHMER (Cambodian):

 novamente: ប្រើប្រាសាទមាត់ភាសាសាល់មករការប្រការថ្មីក្នុងការបង្កើតឱ្យការស្រាស់ស្អាតនៅក្នុងនេះ។ ប្រើប្រាសាទមាត់ភាសាសាល់មករការប្រការថ្មីក្នុងការបង្កើតឱ្យការស្រាស់ស្អាតនៅក្នុងនេះ aetnamedicare.com

Croatian (Hrvatski):

PAŽNJA: Ako govorite hrvatski, na raspolaganju su Vam besplatne jezičke usluge. Posjetite našu internetsku stranicu aetnamedicare.com ili nazovite telefonski broj koji se nalazi na Vašoj osobnoj iskaznici člana.

(Dinca):


Dutch (Nederlands):

LET OP: Als u Nederlands spreekt, is er gratis taalhulp beschikbaar. Bezoek onze website op aetnamedicare.com of bel met het telefoonnummer op uw lidmaatschapskaart.

Greek (Ελληνικά):

ΠΡΟΣΟΧΗ: Εάν μιλάτε ελληνικά, παρέχονται δωρεάν υπηρεσίες γλωσσικής βοήθειας. Επισκεφθείτε τον ιστότοπο aetnamedicare.com ή καλέστε το τηλέφωνο που αναγράφεται στην ταυτότητα μέλους σας.

Indian (Gujarati):

જાણી આપણી: જો તમે ગુજરાતી બોલતા હોય તો આપણે તમામ સહાયતા લેવાઓ મુક્તમાં ઉપલબ્ધ છે. અમારી વેબસાઈટ aetnamedicare.com જ્યારે અમારી તમામ સહાયતા અટલા ક્ષેત્ર પર આપેલા એક નંબર પર કોલ કરો.

Hmong (Hmoob):

LUS CEEV: Yog koj hais lus Hmoob, muaj kev pab txhais lus pub dawb rau koj. Mus hauv peb tus website aetnamedicare.com lossis hu rau tus xov tooj nyob ntawm koj daim npav tswv cuab.

Laotian (Lao):

ຈາlâ ອາເຈີ:

ວ່າງວ່າ ແ𫐉 ສະມາຄິດຈາກ ເອັ່ນກຸ່ມ ເອັ່ນກຸ່ມ ສະມາຄິດຈາກ ສະມາຄິດ ສະມາຄິດ ເອັ່ນກຸ່ມ ເອັ່ນກຸ່ມ aetnamedicare.com ຊາຍເຊັ່ນຈຸດຕິການບິນເຊັ່ນຕິການອັກສອນການຈຸດຕິການ.

Navajo (Dine')

Bilag1ana bizaad doo bee y1n7[ti’dä d00 saad n11n1 [a’ bee y1n7[ti’go, ata’ hane’ t’11 j77k’e bee 1k1 i’doolwo[7g77 h0l=. B44sh nits4kees7 bee na’7d7kid b1 haz’1n7gi 22’1d77l77[ 47 doodago b44sh bee hane’7 bee nihich’8’ hod77lnih d77 naaltsoos bik11’7j8’.

(Navajo)

Pennsylvania Deitsh (Pennsylvania Dutch):


Persian (فارسی):

توجه: اگر به زبان فارسی صحبت می‌کنید، خدمات کمک‌هایی از باین به صورت رایگان به شما ارائه می‌شود. از واسیت ما به نشانی aetnamedicare.com
भारतीय (PUNJABI):
यिहाद रिज़: ने उम्री भारतीय बेलने दे, उं 'भवन ब्रम्म' मांगनी मानविग मेहनत ठुकराघर रहा। मांडी इंधनमार्गी 
aetnamedicare.com उं तरी नं अभी दैंग धार्म घड़ट बनाव 'उं दिंदें धंडव 'उं बंस बने।

ROMÂNĂ (ROMANIAN):
ATENŢIE: Dacă vorbeşti română, serviciile de asistență lingvistică sunt disponibile gratuit. Vizitează site-ul nostru la aetnamedicare.com sau sună la numărul de telefon de pe cardul de identificare de membru.

SYRIAC (SYRIAC):
نايى ىلما: ىئىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىىй

THAI (THAI):
ข้อควรพิจารณา: หากคุณพูดภาษาไทย คุณสามารถใช้บริการช่วยเหลือภาษาได้ฟรี โปรดเยี่ยมชมเว็บไซต์ของเราที่ aetnamedicare.com หรือติดต่อหมายเลขโทรศัพท์ที่ระบุไว้ในบัตรสมาชิกของคุณ

UKRAЇNSЬKA (UKRAINIAN):
УВАГА: якщо ви розмовлюєте українською мовою, для вас доступні безкоштовні послуги перекладача. Відвідайте наш веб-сайт aetnamedicare.com, або зателефонуйте на номер, вказаний у вашому членському посвідченні.

URDU (URDU):
اورد: توجہ فرماین: اگر آپ ارد زبان بولتے ہیں، تو مفت لسانی معاونت کی سروش دستیاب ہے۔ ویب سائٹ ملاحظہ کریں کہ ایک سیری رہنے کی ضرورت پر موجود فوئن نمبر پر کال کریں۔

YIDDISH (YIDDISH):
ךָּבָּרוּד: שָׁמְיוֹל: אֵם אַדְמוּ בָּבָּרְוַד. פָּרָינָה שָׁרָוָה פְּרוּזְਰ בְּשַׁמֶּה שלבע לאַ טָּלָיָם. בְּכָּרְוַה בְּאַרְכְּרוּנַנְּה שלבע אַ הָּטָּקְוַה לְמָסְפַרְוַה טָּלָיָם aetnamedicare.com
## Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO) Customer Service

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Customer Service – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CALL</strong></td>
<td>Please call the telephone number printed on your member ID card or our general customer service center at 1-888-267-2637. Calls to this number are free. We're available 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday. Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TTY</strong></td>
<td>711 Calls to this number are free. We're available 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **WRITE** | Aetna Medicare  
P.O. Box 14088  
Lexington, KY 40512-4088 |
| **WEBSITE** | AetnaRetireePlans.com |

## State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

SHIP is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. Contact information for your state’s SHIP is on Addendum A of this Evidence of Coverage.

**PRA Disclosure Statement** According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.