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http://www.seattle.gov/housing/

Department Overview

The mission of the Office of Housing (OH) is to build strong healthy communities and increase opportunities for people of all income levels to live in our city. To accomplish this mission, OH has three Budget Summary Levels:

- Multifamily Housing;
- Homeownership and Sustainability; and
- Leadership and Administration.

Multifamily Housing employs the Housing Levy and other federal and local funding to make low-interest loans to developers to develop or preserve affordable multifamily rental housing. OH monitors the housing portfolio to ensure that the policy objectives of the City are achieved and the units remain in good condition. The portfolio now includes 16,800 units, representing a significant investment of City and other funding in affordable housing over 35 years.

Homeownership and Sustainability includes three programs to assist low-income households:

- The **Home Ownership Program** supports first-time homebuyers and existing low-income homeowners through down payment assistance loans, subsidies for permanently affordable homes, and foreclosure prevention loans.
- The Home Repair Program provides grants or no- to low-interest loans to assist with critical home repairs.
- The **Weatherization Program** provides grants to increase energy efficiency and lower utility costs for low-income residents in both single-family and multifamily properties.

Leadership and Administration provides centralized leadership, coordination, technology, contracting, and financial management services to OH programs and capital projects. This includes the Policy and Planning program that establishes long-term strategic plans, develops and implements policy-based tools, and addresses housing-related aspects of citywide land use and community development planning.

Budget Snapshot	t				
		2018 Actuals	2019 Adopted	2020 Endorsed	2020 Proposed
Department Support					
General Fund Support		149,789	775,675	754,437	486,233
Other Funding - Operating		100,665,629	68,577,360	68,614,049	123,547,606
	Total Operations	100,815,418	69,353,035	69,368,486	124,033,839
	Total Appropriations	100,815,418	69,353,035	69,368,486	124,033,839
Full-Time Equivalents Total	*	44.50	45.00	45.00	46.00

* FTE totals are provided for informational purposes only. Changes in FTEs resulting from City Council or Human Resources Director actions outside of the budget process may not be detailed here

Budget Overview

This summer, Mayor Durkan presented her vision and actions for the City's approach to addressing Seattle's housing crisis. The plan, Seattle Housing Now, includes four key priorities:

- Increase opportunity and access to family-wage jobs and shared prosperity;
- Build more housing for low- and middle-income earners, and for people experiencing homelessness;
- Address displacement and prevent eviction so Seattle residents can stay in their current housing and community; and
- Secure new tools and resources for the City to address housing in new, innovative ways.

The Office of Housing's 2020 Proposed Budget furthers these priorities through affordable homeownership investments and strategies to address displacement using the Mercer Properties proceeds and increasing the supply of new affordable housing through the State local option bond and other funding sources. The Proposed Budget also includes new programming to make it easier for low-income families to heat their homes using sustainable energy and other operational and technical changes.

Transformational Investments with Proceeds from Mercer Properties Sale

In 2019, the Mayor announced the disposition of surplus City property, known as the Mercer Properties, that resulted in over \$130 million in net proceeds for the City, \$78.2 million of which will be invested in transformational investments in affordable housing. OH plans to invest \$21 million to increase opportunities for permanently affordable homeownership and to help low- and moderate-income homeowners develop affordable accessory dwelling units (ADUs), increasing opportunities for income- and rent-restricted housing in single-family neighborhoods.

Investing in new permanently affordable homeownership opportunities and helping existing low- and moderateincome homeowners build assets are some of the best ways to prevent displacement while building community resiliency, agency, and wealth. Moreover, homeownership is a powerful tool to advance racial equity by increasing the wealth generation of people of color through homeownership. Less than 40% of households of color own their own homes compared to over half of white households. This results in a significant wealth gap.

The remaining \$57.2 million will be invested in addressing displacement and creating opportunities for equitable transit-oriented development. Of this remaining amount, \$15 million in the Office of Planning and Community Development (OPCD) funds a revolving Equitable Development Initiative (EDI) site acquisition loan pool to help project partners acquire site control in rapidly changing real estate markets; and another \$42.2 million appropriated to Finance General and OPCD funds a strategic property acquisition fund to address displacement.

The 2020 Proposed Budget invests **\$15 million of Mercer sale proceeds to increase the supply of permanently affordable homes and support stewardship of those homes**. At least \$12 million will be used for a capital investment to support the Mayor's goal of nearly doubling the City's portfolio of permanently affordable homes, affordable to households earning less than 80% of Area Median Income (AMI). The City is currently exploring a partnership with Sound Transit to acquire up to 12 sites for permanently affordable homeownership. Up to \$3 million would be used to seed an employer-resourced program to support buyer-driven, permanently affordable homeownership for middle-income Seattle workers. City funds would be used to support on-going affordability by covering the start-up program operations performed by the stewardship entity, as well as potentially provide deeper subsidy to households below 80% AMI if needed. The stewardship entity will help to prepare potential buyers for homeownership, affirmatively market homebuying opportunities, facilitate re-sales and monitor and enforce compliance with a regulatory agreement that ensures the homes will remain affordable for generations to come. Families and employers benefit when workers can live near their jobs rather than commute long distances.

The 2020 Proposed Budget also dedicates **\$6 million of the Mercer proceeds to pilot a loan program to help lowand moderate-income families create affordable ADUs,** generating wealth for homeowners and increasing the supply of rent- and income-restricted housing options in single-family zones. In community conversations across

Seattle earlier in 2019, the Mayor's Office heard strong support for a City financing option that could help a wider range of homeowners be able to create ADUs. Seattle has allowed attached and detached ADUs since 1994 and 2010, respectively, but less than two percent of single-family lots have added an ADU. Not only does this create an opportunity for new, contextual, space-efficient housing on tens of thousands of lots across Seattle neighborhoods, but ADUs also offer homeowners a flexible way to earn income and provide efficient, relatively inexpensive housing options for renters. To that end, the City recently adopted legislation removing regulatory barriers to ADUs and increasing the viability of ADU development throughout Seattle. However, limited financing options generally restrict ADU development and the corresponding benefits to those with wealth, equity, and access to capital.

The City's proposed ADU financing program aims to address this issue and provide access to capital with below market-rate terms to low- and moderate-income homeowners who otherwise would not benefit from new ADU policies.

This pilot program will allow the City to test this approach, demonstrate the feasibility of affordable ADU loans to spur the private lending market and learn how to scale future financial support for homeowners interested in developing an ADU. The financing pilot also complements and works together with a suite of other strategies the City is pursuing to accelerate and broaden access to ADU development, as described in <u>Executive Order 2019-04</u>, including streamlined permitting with pre-approved ADU plans; educational opportunities; and new and improved ADU resources, including a tool for exploring the feasibility of creating an ADU on a property.

New Affordable Housing Through the State Local Option Housing Law and newly dedicated Real Estate Excise Tax (REET)

In 2019, the State of Washington passed a local option housing bill (HB 1406) that allows cities and counties to retain certain local taxes, like sales or use tax, for 20 years provided they spend it on building new or rehabilitating affordable housing units or providing operating and maintenance (O&M) subsidies for new units of affordable or supportive housing. Seattle was the first city in the state to take advantage of this new law, which will provide up to \$4.5 million per year for 20 years.

The 2020 Proposed Budget invests in 175 new units of Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) – and the associated O&M subsidies needed – through a bond against part of the future revenue. PSH provides wraparound services for the most vulnerable people, those living at or below 30% of the Area Median Income, and ensures they remain housed.

Taking advantage of another state law change in 2019 (HB 1219), the Mayor is also making \$25 million total of REET available for additional capital investments for new affordable housing through 2025.

Low-Income Heating Oil Conversion

In 2019, the Mayor proposed a new tax on heating oil service providers to provide financial assistance necessary to help low-income families convert to sustainable heating supply like electric systems. Heating oil produces carbon pollution, so the City chose this as one of its strategies in its 2013 Seattle Climate Action Plan to achieve its goal of becoming a carbon-neutral city by 2050. Low-income households will be eligible for assistance, including households enrolled Seattle City Light's Utility Discount Program.

Operational Changes

The 2020 Proposed Budget includes two operational changes that results in the service delivery remaining the same or improving. OH will now fund the staff in the positions in Finance and Administrative Services that oversee OH-funded projects to guarantee compliance with local wage laws. Previously, these positions were funded by Finance General. OH is also proposing a change in its current homebuyer education program provided by a local non-profit. This redesign aims to align the program with OH's broader work to help families purchase affordable homes and prevent displacement.

Technical Changes

OH is requesting various changes in its appropriation authority largely due to changes in revenue projections but also due to corrections. There is also a net-zero technical change to correct the budget location for the office's pooled and fringe benefits to align the budget with the location of the actual expenditures.

Incremental Budget Changes

Office of Housing

	2020 Budget	FTE
Total 2020 Enderroad Budget	Budget	45.00
Total 2020 Endorsed Budget	69,368,486	45.00
Baseline		
2020 Coalition and Non-Rep Annual Wage Increase Base Budget	393,842	-
2020 State Paid Family Medical Leave Increase Base Budget	5,841	-
Citywide Adjustments for Standard Cost Changes	78,130	-
Proposed Operating		
Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) Financing Program	5,838,470	-
Increasing Homeownership Opportunities	14,165,261	1.00
Implement Local Option to Use State Sales Tax for Affordable Housing	22,500,000	-
Low-Income Heating Oil Conversion Program	270,000	-
Wage Monitoring Staff	-	-
Homebuyer Education Redesign	(67,000)	-
Proposed Technical		
Correct Budget Locations for Pooled and Fringe Benefits	-	-
Increased Capital Spending from Program Income and Interest Earnings	11,730,000	-
Revising Projected Asset Management Expenditures	(1,353,066)	-
Weatherization Appropriation Change	1,103,875	-
Total Incremental Changes	\$54,665,353	1.00
Total 2020 Proposed Budget	\$124,033,839	46.00

Description of Incremental Budget Changes

	Baseline	
2020 Coalition and Non-Rep Annual Wage Increase Base Budget		
Expenditures	\$393,842	

This centrally administered change adjusts appropriations to reflect the Annual Wage Increase, as outlined in the tentative agreement between the City and the Coalition of Unions, for personnel costs included in this department's baseline budget. This includes increases to salary, FICA, Medicare, retirement, overtime and temporary labor.

2020 State Paid Family Medical Leave Increase Base Budget

Expenditures	\$5,841
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Starting in January 2020, Washington State will offer paid family and medical leave benefits to all workers in the State of Washington, including City of Seattle employees. In 2020, the tentative agreement with the Coalition of Unions moves a portion of the cost responsibility to the employee in 2020, with the City paying the remainder. This item increases appropriations to account for the City's obligation for all employees.

Citywide Adjustments for Standard Cost Changes

Expenditures	\$78,130
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Citywide technical adjustments made in the baseline phase reflect changes to internal services costs, including the Department of Finance & Administrative Services rates, Information Technology rates and Human Resources rates, health care, retirement and industrial insurance charges for the department. This adjustment also includes a transfer of resources from the department to the Human Resources Investigations Unit (HRIU) as part of the City's efforts to improve investigative processes and practices across the City departments. While the internal service rates are final for 2020, some of the other adjustments reflect initial assumptions about these costs and inflators early in the budget process.

Proposed Operating

Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) Financing Program

Expenditures

\$5,838,470

This item provides \$6 million in funding, revenue from the sale of the Mercer Properties, in the Office of Housing (OH) to fund an Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) pilot finance program to increase the affordable rental housing supply and support low- and moderate-income homeowners. OH is working with the Office of Planning and Community Development to develop a pilot loan program to help these homeowners build ADUs to provide affordable rental housing. The pilot program will be administered by a third-party entity with expertise in residential lending. Funds will be used for program implementation, including capital and third-party program delivery and administrative costs. While homeowners up to 120% Area Median Income (AMI) will be eligible, homeowners below 80% AMI will receive more favorable loans terms, such as deferred repayment or lower interest rates, to make constructing an ADU more feasible for these households. The loan terms and conditions will be structured in such a way to help homeowners remain in their community and lower racial disparities in access to capital. All ADU units created through the program will be affordable to households at or below 80% AMI for 10 years. This investment will fund up to 75 loans over three years.

The staffing costs for a full-time Community Development Specialist and programming costs will be shared with other Mercer Property proposal, the Increasing Homeownership Opportunities program, for a total of \$697,000 to cover five years when adjusted for inflation or about \$139,000 annually. This position, which is recognized in the homeownership proposal, will be responsible for designing the ADU pilot loan program, managing the RFP and contracting process for an ADU loan administrator, and managing questions and inquiries from potential ADU program participants. In addition, the position will handle responsibilities related to the homeownership program, including managing the RFP process for surplus sites, handling the day-to-day logistics of maintenance on the homeownership projects funded with Mercer proceeds. Since this one-time funding is to provide support for five years, \$996,000 will be held in reserves to cover staffing, programming, and maintenance costs for both proposals. Please see the Increasing Homeownership Opportunities proposal for more information.

Increasing Homeownership Opportunities

Expenditures	\$14,165,261
Position Allocation	1.00

This proposal provides \$15 million in one-time revenue from the sale of the Mercer Properties to increase the supply of permanently affordable for sale homes through two approaches. Almost \$14 million will be used for capital investment to support the Mayor's goal of nearly doubling the City's portfolio of permanently affordable homes for households earning less than 80% of Area Median Income (AMI). The City is currently exploring a partnership with Sound Transit to secure up to 12 sites for permanently affordable homeownership for households at or below 80% AMI. Up to \$3 million would be used to seed an employer-resourced program to support buyer-driven, permanently affordable homeownership for middle-income Seattle workers. City funds would be used to support on-going affordability by covering the start-up program operations performed by the stewardship entity, as well as potentially provide deeper subsidy to households below 80% AMI if needed. The stewardship entity will help to prepare potential buyers for homeownership, affirmatively market homebuying opportunities, facilitate re-sales and monitor and enforce compliance with a regulatory agreement that ensures the homes will remain affordable for generations to come.

The proposal includes holding and maintenance costs, \$531,000 over five years when adjusted for inflation or about \$106,000 annually, to cover costs such as fence installation, maintenance, mowing, and snow removal. The staffing costs for a full-time Community Development Specialist and programming costs will be shared with other Mercer Property proposal, the Accessory Dwelling Unit Financing Program, for a total of \$697,000 to cover five years when adjusted for inflation or about \$139,000 annually. This position will handle responsibilities related to the homeownership program, including managing the RFP process for surplus sites, handling the day-to-day logistics of maintenance on the homeownership properties OH will be holding for future development, and managing community outreach work related to homeownership projects funded with Mercer proceeds. Although the position add is recognized in this program, the position will also be responsible for designing the ADU pilot loan program, managing the RFP and contracting process for an ADU loan administrator, and managing questions and inquiries from potential ADU program participants. Since this one-time funding is to provide support for five years, \$996,000 will be held in reserves to cover staffing, programming, and maintenance costs for both proposals. Please see the Accessory Dwelling Unit Financing Program proposal for more information.

Implement Local Option to Use State Sales Tax for Affordable Housing

Expenditures	\$22,500,000
Revenues	\$4,500,000

In 2019, the State of Washington passed a law allowing cities like Seattle to retain local taxes, like sales tax, to maintain or provide new affordable housing. Under the law, the City will be allowed to retain \$4.5 million in local taxes per year for up to 20 years. This proposal allows the City to bond \$18 million, recognized in the 2020 LTGO Taxable Bond Fund (36710), and use about \$4 million in revenue from the first year, recognized in the Low-Income Housing Fund (16400), to build 175 units. Revenue in the subsequent years will pay down the debt and provide operation and maintenance subsidies for any new Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) units built for 20 years, including all units if needed. PSH units provide wraparound services for the most vulnerable of people, from social services to medical care. This strategy ensures all residents in the program stay housed. The Office of Housing's staff will absorb any administrative work for this proposal.

Low-Income Heating Oil Conversion Program

Expenditures	\$270,000
Revenues	\$270,000

This request is to use revenue from a potential new oil heat tax to help families convert to sustainable energy. There will be \$270,000 available in 2020 and then \$750,000 annually from 2021 through 2029. OH will receive this funding

to administer the delivery of services to help low-income families convert away from using oil to heat their homes. The tax becomes effective in July 1, 2020.

Wage Monitoring Staff

Expenditures

This proposal provides ongoing funding to maintain 1.5 FTE in the Department of Finance and Administrative Services (FAS) to ensure construction projects funded by the Office of Housing (OH) comply with wage labor laws. Previously, Finance General funded these positions, but when the City changed its accounting system in 2018 the use of Finance General was reevaluated, and it was determined that OH should be responsible for staff that focuses squarely on OH-funded projects. To help OH ease into this transition of funding responsibilities, the Mayor's Office agreed to have the General Fund finance these staff for 2019 with OH providing the ongoing funding starting in 2020. FAS and OH agree that any changes to staffing costs, beyond adjustments for inflation, will go through the formal budget process.

Homebuyer Education Redesign

Expenditures	\$(67,000)
Revenues	\$(217,000)

This proposal swaps \$217,000 in ongoing Community Development Block Grant funding with \$150,000 in one-time General Fund to test a redesign of the homebuyer education program to better align it with the Office of Housing's (OH) work to help communities develop affordable options for homebuyers. This program will now be used to help potential homebuyers prepare to purchase a unit at the Othello Square Limited Equity Cooperative, the first City-funded housing cooperative that helps address displacement of both residents and businesses. This program redesign will allow OH to connect homebuyer education more directly to its community preference policy which supports homebuyers with local ties to neighborhoods purchase OH-funded homes. The program will be evaluated after a year to see whether the redesign should continue.

Proposed Technical

Correct Budget Locations for Pooled and Fringe Benefits

Expenditures

This is an ongoing transfer of appropriation authority in the amount of \$157,874 from the Leadership and Administration Budget Control Level (BCL) in the Office of Housing Fund (16600) to the Homeownership and Sustainability BCL in the same fund. This item also transfers appropriation authority in the amount of \$875,752 from the Leadership and Administration BCL in the Office of Housing Fund to the Multifamily Housing BCL in the same fund. Lastly, there is a minor transfer of appropriation authority in the amount of \$247 from the Leadership and Administration BCL in the General Fund (00100) to the Homeownership and Sustainability BCL in the same fund. There are also minor transfers across budget programs within the Leadership and Administration BCL in Office of Housing Fund. These transactions are necessary to avoid a budget exception by moving the budget for fringe benefits, which includes FICA, Medicare, and retirement, and pooled benefits, which consists of health care, unemployment, worker's compensation, to the right locations. The transactions also include adding budget for pooled benefits billing.

Increased Capital Spending from Program Income and Interest Earnings

Expenditures

\$11,730,000

This technical change adds authority for capital spending of interest earnings, which had previously been omitted in error, and program income. This item uses \$530,000 in fund balance.

Revising Projected Asset Management Expenditures

Expenditures

\$(1,353,066)

This technical change corrects the projected Operation and Maintenance expenditures in Asset Management, decreasing the subsidy amounts by \$1,353,066 to align budget with projected expenditures.

Weatherization Appropriation Change

Expenditures

\$1,103,875

This technical proposal increases the appropriation authority by \$1,103,875 in the Weatherization grant program to reflect an increase in the projected revenues from the State of Washington and Federal Government by the same amount to that program in 2020.

Expenditure Overview				
	2018	2019	2020	2020
Appropriations	Actuals	Adopted	Endorsed	Proposed
OH - BO-HU-1000 - Leadership and Administratio				
00100 - General Fund	118,256	775,675	754,437	485,986
16600 - Office of Housing Fund	4,004,190	5,339,898	5,373,214	4,906,979
Total for BSL: BO-HU-1000	4,122,446	6,115,573	6,127,651	5,392,964
OH - BO-HU-2000 - Homeownership & Sustainabi	lity			
00100 - General Fund	31,533	-	-	247
16400 - Low Income Housing Fund	-	5,226,234	5,226,234	28,049,150
16403 - 2002 Levy Multipurpose Fund	187,100	-	-	-
16411 - 1995 Housing Levy Capital Fund	489,865	-	-	-
16413 - 1995 Levy Homebuyer Assist	119,050	-	-	-
16416 - 2009 Housing Levy Capital Fund	165,000	-	-	-
16418 - 2016 Housing Levy Capital Fund	228,674	-	-	-
16440 - Housing Program Support Fund	3,727,633	-	-	-
16600 - Office of Housing Fund	1,843,300	1,241,382	1,243,328	2,180,037
Total for BSL: BO-HU-2000	6,792,155	6,467,616	6,469,562	30,229,434
OH - BO-HU-3000 - Multifamily Housing				
16400 - Low Income Housing Fund	-	55,419,060	55,419,060	68,505,994
16402 - 2002 Levy Very LIH Fund	12,026	-	-	-
16404 - 2002 Levy O&M Fund	4,205,969	-	-	-
16410 - 1986 Housing Levy Capital Fund	490,808	-	-	-
16411 - 1995 Housing Levy Capital Fund	769,468	-	-	-
16412 - 1995 Levy O&M Fund	3,458,289	-	-	-
16416 - 2009 Housing Levy Capital Fund	16,652,592	-	-	-
16417 - 2009 Levy O&M Fund	2,451,548	-	-	-
16418 - 2016 Housing Levy Capital Fund	4,690,339	-	-	-
16419 - 2016 Levy O&M Fund	11,618,283	-	-	-
16420 - 1986 Levy O&M Fund	490,178	-	-	-
16430 - Housing Incentive Fund	21,691,981	-	-	-
16440 - Housing Program Support Fund	8,226,485	-	-	-
16600 - Office of Housing Fund	1,391,916	1,350,786	1,352,213	1,905,446
36510 - 2018 LTGO Taxable Bond Fund	13,750,936	-	-	-
36710 - 2020 LTGO Taxable Bond Fund	-	-	-	18,000,000
Total for BSL: BO-HU-3000	89,900,818	56,769,846	56,771,273	88,411,440
Department Total	100,815,418	69,353,035	69,368,486	124,033,839
Department Full-Time Equivalents Total*	44.50	45.00	45.00	46.00

* FTE totals are provided for informational purposes only. Changes in FTEs resulting from City Council or Human Resources Director actions outside of the budget process may not be detailed here

Budget Summary by Fund Office of Housing

	2018 Actuals	2019 Adopted	2020 Endorsed	2020 Proposed
00100 - General Fund	149,789	775,675	754,437	486,233
16400 - Low Income Housing Fund	-	60,645,294	60,645,294	96,555,144
16402 - 2002 Levy Very LIH Fund	12,026	-	-	-
16403 - 2002 Levy Multipurpose Fund	187,100	-	-	-
16404 - 2002 Levy O&M Fund	4,205,969	-	-	-
16410 - 1986 Housing Levy Capital Fund	490,808	-	-	-
16411 - 1995 Housing Levy Capital Fund	1,259,333	-	-	-
16412 - 1995 Levy O&M Fund	3,458,289	-	-	-
16413 - 1995 Levy Homebuyer Assist	119,050	-	-	-
16416 - 2009 Housing Levy Capital Fund	16,817,592	-	-	-
16417 - 2009 Levy O&M Fund	2,451,548	-	-	-
16418 - 2016 Housing Levy Capital Fund	4,919,013	-	-	-
16419 - 2016 Levy O&M Fund	11,618,283	-	-	-
16420 - 1986 Levy O&M Fund	490,178	-	-	-
16430 - Housing Incentive Fund	21,691,981	-	-	-
16440 - Housing Program Support Fund	11,954,118	-	-	-
16600 - Office of Housing Fund	7,239,406	7,932,066	7,968,755	8,992,462
36510 - 2018 LTGO Taxable Bond Fund	13,750,936	-	-	-
36710 - 2020 LTGO Taxable Bond Fund	-	-	-	18,000,000
Budget Totals for OH	100,815,418	69,353,035	69,368,486	124,033,839

Revenue Overview

2020 Estimated Revenues

ZUZU ESI	limated Revenues				
Account Code	Account Name	2018 Actuals	2019 Adopted	2020 Endorsed	2020 Proposed
311010	Real & Personal Property Taxes	37,660,180	37,862,143	37,862,143	37,862,143
313010	Sales & Use Tax-Local Share	-	-	-	4,500,000
331110	Direct Fed Grants	614,882	1,000,000	1,000,000	2,105,573
333110	Ind Fed Grants	1,029,779	1,057,278	1,057,278	-
334090	State Grants-Passthr	251,309	600,000	600,000	600,000
337010	Interlocal Grants	171,552	1,707,000	1,750,000	2,588,580
337080	Other Private Contrib & Dons	53,467	-	-	-
341300	Administrative Fees & Charges	1,263,366	-	-	-
345020	Zoning & Subdivision Fees	69,447,957	18,000,000	18,000,000	25,200,000
360010	Investment Interest	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
360140	Loan Interest Pmts Per Terms	403,886	-	-	-
360150	Interest On Loan Payoffs	2,955,433	-	-	-
360400	Unclaimed Money/Property Sales	2,000,000	-	-	-
360590	Program Income	10,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
360600	Principal On Loan	10,286,715	-	-	-
360900	Miscellaneous Revs-Other Rev	240,080	-	-	-
374030	Capital Contr-Fed Dir Grants	4,035,121	2,968,574	2,968,574	2,968,574
395010	Sales Of Land & Buildings	-	-	-	19,772,532
397010	Operating Transfers In	-	-	-	225,000
Total Re Housing	venues for: 16400 - Low Income Fund	130,423,726	69,194,995	69,237,995	101,822,402
400000	Use of/Contribution to Fund Balance	-	-	-	(5,267,258)
Total Re Housing	sources for:16400 - Low Income Fund	130,423,726	69,194,995	69,237,995	96,555,144
311010	Real & Personal Property Taxes	3,541,559	3,566,429	3,566,429	3,566,429
331110	Direct Fed Grants	530,416	1,079,842	1,079,842	819,842
333110	Ind Fed Grants	85,823	387,731	387,731	387,731
334090	State Grants-Passthr	7,106	250,000	250,000	250,000
337010	Interlocal Grants	-	-	-	147,420
341300	Administrative Fees & Charges	426,123	795,000	815,000	815,000
345010	Design & Planning Fees	319,000	200,000	200,000	250,000
345020	Zoning & Subdivision Fees	9,360	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,800,000

360900	Miscellaneous Revs-Other Rev	6,145	-	-	-
395010	Sales Of Land & Buildings	-	-	-	1,227,468
397010	Operating Transfers In	-	-	-	45,000
Total Rever Fund	nues for: 16600 - Office of Housing	4,925,532	8,279,002	8,299,002	10,308,890
400000	Use of/Contribution to Fund Balance	-	-	-	(1,316,428)
Total Resou Fund	urces for:16600 - Office of Housing	4,925,532	8,279,002	8,299,002	8,992,462
Total OH Re	esources	135,349,258	77,473,997	77,536,997	105,547,606

Appropriations by Budget Summary Level and Program

OH - BO-HU-1000 - Leadership and Administration

The purpose of the Leadership and Administration Budget Summary Level is to provide centralized leadership, strategic planning, program development, and financial management support services to the office.

Program Expenditures	2018 Actuals	2019 Adopted	2020 Endorsed	2020 Proposed
Citywide Indirect Costs	941,286	1,221,106	1,185,387	1,192,440
Departmental Indirect Costs	2,219,250	2,858,623	2,863,075	2,973,952
Policy & Planning	968,629	1,101,248	1,103,808	1,192,710
Pooled Benefits	(6,719)	934,596	975,381	33,862
Total	4,122,446	6,115,573	6,127,651	5,392,964
Full-time Equivalents Total*	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50

*FTE totals are provided for informational purposes only. Changes in FTEs resulting from City Council or Human Resources Director actions outside of the budget process may not be detailed here

The following information summarizes the programs in Leadership and Administration Budget Summary Level:

Citywide Indirect Costs

The purpose of the Citywide Indirect Costs program is to fund internal services costs originating from outside of the department such as allocated costs from the Department of Finance and Administrative Services and Seattle Information Technology Department.

	2018	2019	2020	2020
Expenditures/FTE	Actuals	Adopted	Endorsed	Proposed
Citywide Indirect Costs	941,286	1,221,106	1,185,387	1,192,440

Departmental Indirect Costs

The purpose of the Departmental Indirect Costs program is to fund costs associated with management of the department. This may include personnel costs related to department leadership and administration or other administrative costs such as external rent and operating supplies or services.

	2018	2019	2020	2020
Expenditures/FTE	Actuals	Adopted	Endorsed	Proposed
Departmental Indirect Costs	2,219,250	2,858,623	2,863,075	2,973,952
Full Time Equivalents Total	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50

Policy & Planning

The purpose of the Policy & Planning program is to provide strategic planning, program development, and vacant land redevelopment services to increase housing opportunities for Seattle residents.

	2018	2019	2020	2020
Expenditures/FTE	Actuals	Adopted	Endorsed	Proposed
Policy & Planning	968,629	1,101,248	1,103,808	1,192,710
Full Time Equivalents Total	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00

Pooled Benefits

The purpose of the Pooled Benefits program is to fund department costs associated with health and dental insurance, workers compensation, and unemployment insurance contributions.

Expenditures/FTE	2018	2019	2020	2020
	Actuals	Adopted	Endorsed	Proposed
Pooled Benefits	(6,719)	934,596	975,381	33,862

OH - BO-HU-2000 - Homeownership & Sustainability

The purpose of the Homeownership & Sustainability Budget Summary Level is to provide loans and grants to lowincome Seattle residents to support first-time home-buyers, health and safety home repair needs, and energy efficiency improvements.

Program Expenditures	2018 Actuals	2019 Adopted	2020 Endorsed	2020 Proposed
Home Ownership	1,029,302	1,645,733	1,645,972	22,925,055
Home Repair	976,886	703,275	703,528	1,341,085
Weatherization	4,785,966	4,118,608	4,120,062	5,963,294
Total	6,792,155	6,467,616	6,469,562	30,229,434
Full-time Equivalents Total*	14.50	15.00	15.00	16.00

*FTE totals are provided for informational purposes only. Changes in FTEs resulting from City Council or Human Resources Director actions outside of the budget process may not be detailed here

The following information summarizes the programs in Homeownership & Sustainability Budget Summary Level:

Home Ownership

The purpose of the Home Ownership program is to support first-time homebuyers and existing low-income homeowners through down payment assistance loans, subsidies for permanently affordable homes, and foreclosure prevention loans.

	2018	2019	2020	2020
Expenditures/FTE	Actuals	Adopted	Endorsed	Proposed
Home Ownership	1,029,302	1,645,733	1,645,972	22,925,055
Full Time Equivalents Total	1.50	1.50	1.50	2.50

Home Repair

The purpose of the Home Repair program is to provide grants or no- to low-interest loans to assist low-income homeowners with critical home repairs.

	2018	2019	2020	2020
Expenditures/FTE	Actuals	Adopted	Endorsed	Proposed
Home Repair	976,886	703,275	703,528	1,341,085
Full Time Equivalents Total	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00

Weatherization

The purpose of the Weatherization program is provide grants to increase energy efficiency and lower utility costs for low-income residents in both single-family and multifamily properties.

Expenditures/FTE	2018 Actuals	2019 Adopted	2020 Endorsed	2020 Proposed
Weatherization	4,785,966	4,118,608	4,120,062	5,963,294
Full Time Equivalents Total	11.00	11.50	11.50	11.50

OH - BO-HU-3000 - Multifamily Housing

The purpose of the Multifamily Lending Budget Summary Level is to make long-term, low-interest loans to develop or preserve affordable multifamily rental housing; and to monitor the affordable housing portfolio.

Program Expenditures	2018 Actuals	2019 Adopted	2020 Endorsed	2020 Proposed
Asset Management	2,634,704	4,133,282	4,133,957	3,044,025
Multifamily Lending	87,266,113	52,636,564	52,637,316	85,367,416
Total	89,900,818	56,769,846	56,771,273	88,411,440
Full-time Equivalents Total*	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50

*FTE totals are provided for informational purposes only. Changes in FTEs resulting from City Council or Human Resources Director actions outside of the budget process may not be detailed here

The following information summarizes the programs in Multifamily Housing Budget Summary Level:

Asset Management

The purpose of the Asset Management program is to monitor the housing portfolio to ensure that the policy objectives of the City are achieved and the units remain in good condition.

	2018	2019	2020	2020
Expenditures/FTE	Actuals	Adopted	Endorsed	Proposed
Asset Management	2,634,704	4,133,282	4,133,957	3,044,025
Full Time Equivalents Total	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50

Multifamily Lending

The purpose of the Multifamily Lending program is to employ the Housing Levy and other federal and local funding to make low-interest loans to developers to develop or preserve affordable multifamily rental housing.

	2018	2019	2020	2020
Expenditures/FTE	Actuals	Adopted	Endorsed	Proposed
Multifamily Lending	87,266,113	52,636,564	52,637,316	85,367,416
Full Time Equivalents Total	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00