	Nick Welch OPCD Removing Barriers to Backyard Cottages and Accessory Dwelling Units ORD SEPA Draft D6
1	4. A larger yard may be required in order to meet the provisions of Section
2	23.53.015, Improvement requirements for existing streets in residential and commercial zones.
3	B. Rear (( <del>Yards</del> )) <u>yards</u> . The rear yard shall be (( <del>twenty five (</del> ))25(( <del>)</del> ))feet.
4	1. The minimum required rear yard for a lot having a depth of less than ((one
5	hundred twenty five ())125(())) feet shall be ((twenty ())20(())) percent of the lot depth and in no
6	case less than $((ten + (ten $
7	2. When the required rear yard abuts upon an alley along a lot line, the centerline
8	of the alley between the side lot lines extended shall be assumed to be a lot line for purposes of
9	the provision of rear yard and the determination of lot $depth((\frac{1}{2}))$ , provided(( $\frac{1}{2}$ )) that at no point
10	shall the principal structure be closer than $((five ())5(()))$ feet to the alley.
11	3. When a lot in any single-family zone abuts at the rear lot line upon a public
12	park, playground, or open water, not less than ((fifty ())50(())) feet in width, the rear yard need
13	not exceed the depth of $((twenty ())20(()))$ feet.
14	C. Side yards. The side yard shall be 5 feet except as follows:
15	1. In the case of a reversed corner lot, the key lot of which is in a single-family
16	zone, the width of the side yard on the street side of the reversed corner lot shall not be less than
17	10 feet; or
18	2. If any side street lot line is a continuation of the front lot line of an abutting
19	single-family zoned lot, whether or not separated by an alley, the width of the street side yard
20	shall not be less than 10 feet.
21	D. Exceptions from standard yard requirements. No structure shall be placed in a required
22	yard except pursuant to the following:

1. Garages. Garages may be located in <u>a required</u> yard subject to the standards of Section 23.44.016.

- 2. Certain ((Accessory Structuress))accessory structures in ((Side))side and ((Rear Yards.))rear yards
- a. Except for detached accessory dwelling units, any accessory structure that complies with the requirements of Section 23.44.040 may be constructed in a side yard that abuts the rear or side yard of another lot, or in that portion of the rear yard of a reversed corner lot within 5 feet of the key lot and not abutting the front yard of the key lot, upon recording with the King County ((Department of Records and Elections))Recorder's Office an agreement to this effect between the owners of record of the abutting properties.
- b. Except for detached accessory dwelling units, any detached accessory structure that complies with the requirements of Section 23.44.040 may be located in a rear yard, provided that on a reversed corner lot, no accessory structure shall be located in that portion of the required rear yard that abuts the required front yard of the adjoining key lot, nor shall the accessory structure be located closer than 5 feet from the key lot's side lot line unless the provisions of subsections 23.44.014.D.2.a or 23.44.016.D.9 apply.
- c. Detached accessory dwelling units may be located in a rear yard subject to the requirements of subsection 23.44.041.B.
- 3. A single-family structure may extend into one side yard if an easement is provided along the side or rear lot line of the abutting lot((5)) sufficient to leave a ((10 foot))10-foot separation between that structure and any principal structure on the abutting lot. The ((10 foot))10-foot separation shall be measured from the wall of the principal structure that is proposed to extend into a side yard to the wall of the principal structure on the abutting lot.

a. No structure or portion of a structure may be built on either lot within the ((10 foot))10-foot separation, except as provided in this ((section))Section 23.44.014.

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structures( $(\frac{10}{5})$ ) such as porches, eaves, and chimneys are permitted in the  $((\frac{10}{5}))$  foot

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separation area if allowed by subsection 23.44.014.D. For purposes of calculating the distance a

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structure or feature may project into the ((10 foot))10-foot separation, assume the property line is

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5 feet from the wall of the principal structure proposed to extend into a side yard and consider

the 5 feet between the wall and the assumed property line to be the required side yard.

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c. No portion of any structure, including any projection, shall cross the

b. Accessory structures and features of and projections from principal

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property line.

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d. The easement shall be recorded with the King County ((Department of

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Records and Elections))Recorder's Office. The easement shall provide access for normal

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maintenance activities to the principal structure on the lot with less than the required ((5 foot))5-

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<u>foot</u> side yard.

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4. Certain ((Additions)) additions. Certain additions may extend into a required

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yard if the existing single-family structure is already nonconforming with respect to that yard.

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The presently nonconforming portion must be at least 60 percent of the total width of the

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respective facade of the structure prior to the addition. The line formed by the existing

described below. Additions may extend up to the height limit and may include basement

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nonconforming wall of the structure is the limit to which any additions may be built, except as

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additions. New additions to the nonconforming wall or walls shall comply with the following

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requirements (Exhibit A for 23.44.014):

- a. Side ((\frac{\text{Yard}}{\text{)yard}}\). If the addition is a side wall, the existing wall line may be continued by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than 3 feet to the side lot line;
- b. Rear ((Yard))yard. If the addition is a rear wall, the existing wall line may be continued by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than 20 feet to the rear lot line or centerline of an alley abutting the rear lot line;
- c. Front ((Yard))yard. If the addition is a front wall, the existing wall line may be continued by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than 15 feet to the front lot line;
- d. If the nonconforming wall of the single-family structure is not parallel or is otherwise irregular((;)) relative to the lot line, then the Director shall determine the limit of the wall extension, except that the wall extension shall not be located closer than specified in subsections 23.44.014.D.4.a, 23.44.014.D.4.b, and 23.44.014.D.4.c.
- e. Roof eaves, gutters, and chimneys on such additions may extend an additional 18 inches into a required yard, but in no case shall such features be closer than 2 feet to the side lot line.
- 5. Uncovered porches or steps. Uncovered, unenclosed porches or steps may project into any required yard((-,)) if they are no higher than 4 feet above existing grade, no closer than 3 feet to any side lot line, and no wider than 6 feet and project no more than 6 feet into required front or rear yards. The width of porches and steps ((are to))shall be calculated separately.

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6. Certain features of a structure. Unless otherwise provided elsewhere in this Chapter 23.44, certain features of a principal or accessory structure, except for accessory dwelling units, may extend into required yards if they comply with the following:

a. External architectural details with no living area, such as chimneys, eaves, cornices, and columns, may project no more than 18 inches into any required yard;

b. Bay windows are limited to 8 feet in width and may project no more than 2 feet into a required front, rear, and street side yard;

c. Other projections that include interior space, such as garden windows, may extend no more than 18 inches into any required yard, starting a minimum of 30 inches above finished floor, and with maximum dimensions of 6 feet in height and 8 feet in width;

d. The combined area of features permitted by subsections 23.44.014.D.6.b and 23.44.014.D.6.c may comprise no more than 30 percent of the area of the facade.

7. Covered ((<del>Unenclosed Decks</del>))unenclosed decks and ((<del>Roofs Over</del> Patios))roofs over patios. Covered, unenclosed decks and roofs over patios, if attached to a principal structure, may extend into the required rear yard, but shall not be within 12 feet of the centerline of any alley, or within 12 feet of any rear lot line that is not an alley lot line, or closer to any side lot line in the required rear yard than the side yard requirement of the principal structure along that side, or closer than 5 feet to any accessory structure. The height of the roof over unenclosed decks and patios shall not exceed 12 feet. The roof over such decks or patios shall not be used as a deck.

2) Any portion of the structure above 6 feet shall be predominately open, such that there is free circulation of light and air.

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- c. Bulkheads and retaining walls used to raise grade may be placed in any required yard when limited to 6 feet in height, measured above existing grade. A guardrail no higher than 42 inches may be placed on top of a bulkhead or retaining wall existing as of February 20, 1982. If a fence is placed on top of a new bulkhead or retaining wall, the maximum
- d. Bulkheads and retaining walls used to protect a cut into existing grade may not exceed the minimum height necessary to support the cut or 6 feet, whichever is greater. If the bulkhead is measured from the low side and ((it-))exceeds 6 feet, an open guardrail of no more than 42 inches meeting Building Code requirements may be placed on top of the bulkhead or retaining wall. A fence must be set back a minimum of 3 feet from such a bulkhead or retaining wall.
- e. If located in shoreline setbacks or in view corridors in the Shoreline District as regulated in Chapter 23.60A, structures shall not obscure views protected by Chapter 23.60A, and the Director shall determine the permitted height.
- 11. Decks in ((<del>Yards</del>))yards. Decks no higher than 18 inches above existing or finished grade, whichever is lower, may extend into required yards.
- 12. Mechanical equipment. Heat pumps and similar mechanical equipment, not including incinerators, are permitted in required yards if they comply with the requirements of Chapter 25.08, Noise Control. Any heat pump or similar equipment shall not be located within 3 feet of any lot line. Charging devices for electric cars are considered mechanical equipment and are permitted in required yards if not located within 3 feet of any lot line.
- 13. Solar ((Collectors)) collectors. Solar collectors may be located in required yards, subject to the provisions of Section 23.44.046.

1	14. Front ((Yard Projections)) yard projections for ((Structures)) structures on
2	((Lots)) <u>lots</u> 30 ((Feet)) <u>feet</u> or ((Less)) <u>less</u> in ((Width)) <u>width</u> . For a structure on a lot that is 30
3	feet or less in width, portions of the front facade that begin 8 feet or more above finished grade
4	may project up to 4 feet into the required front yard, provided that no portion of the facade,
5	including eaves and gutters, shall be closer than 5 feet to the front lot line (Exhibit B for
6	23.44.014)((5)) and ((provided further that ))no portion of the ((façade))facade of an existing
7	structure that is less than 8 feet or more above finished grade already projects into the required
8	front yard.
9	15. Front and rear yards may be reduced by 25 percent, but no more than 5 feet, if
10	the site contains a required environmentally critical area buffer or other area of the property that
11	cannot be disturbed pursuant to subsection <u>25.09.280.</u> A(( <del>of Section 25.09.280</del> )).
12	16. Arbors. Arbors may be permitted in required yards under the following
13	conditions:
14	a. In any required yard, an arbor may be erected with no more than a 40
15	square foot footprint, measured on a horizontal roof plane inclusive of eaves, to a maximum
16	height of 8 feet. Both the sides and the roof of the arbor shall be at least 50 percent open, or if
17	latticework is used, there shall be a minimum opening of 2 inches between crosspieces.
18	b. In each required yard abutting a street, an arbor over a private
19	pedestrian walkway with no more than a (( <del>30 square foot</del> )) <u>30-square-foot</u> footprint, measured on
20	the horizontal roof plane and inclusive of eaves, may be erected to a maximum height of 8 feet.
21	The sides of the arbor shall be at least 50 percent open, or if latticework is used, there shall be a
22	minimum opening of 2 inches between crosspieces.
23	17. Stormwater management

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1	a. Above-grade green stormwater infrastructure (GSI) features are allowed
2	without yard restrictions if:
3	1) Each above-grade GSI feature is less than 4.5 feet tall,
4	excluding piping;
5	2) Each above-grade GSI feature is less than 4 feet wide; and
6	3) The total storage capacity of all above-grade GSI features is no
7	greater than 600 gallons.
8	b. Above-grade GSI features larger than what is allowed in subsection
9	23.44.014.D.17.a are allowed within a required yard if:
10	1) Above-grade GSI features do not exceed 10 percent coverage of
11	any one yard area;
12	2) No portion of an above-grade GSI feature is located closer than
13	2.5 feet from a side lot line;
14	3) No portion of an above-grade GSI feature is located closer than
15	20 feet from a rear lot line or centerline of an alley abutting the rear lot line; and
16	4) No portion of an above-grade GSI feature is located closer than
17	15 feet from the front lot line.
18	18. If the side yard of a lot borders on an alley, a single-family structure may be
19	located in the required side yard, provided that no portion of the structure may cross the side lot
20	line.
21	19. A structure may be permitted to extend into front and rear yards as necessary
22	to protect exceptional trees and trees over 2 feet in diameter pursuant to Section 25.11.060.

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1	E. Additional ((Standards))standards for ((Structures))structures if ((Allowed))allowed in
2	((Required Yards))required yards. Structures in required yards shall comply with the following:
3	1. ((Accessory))Except for detached accessory dwelling units, accessory
4	structures, attached garages, and portions of a principal structure shall not exceed a maximum
5	combined coverage of 40 percent of the required rear yard. In the case of a rear yard abutting an
6	alley, rear yard coverage shall be calculated from the centerline of the alley.
7	2. Any accessory structure located in a required yard shall be separated from its
8	principal structure by a minimum of 5 feet. This requirement does not apply to terraced garages
9	that comply with Section 23.44.016.D.9.b.
10	3. Except for detached accessory dwelling units((in subsection 23.44.041.B)),
11	any accessory structure located in a required yard shall not exceed 12 feet in height or 1,000
12	square feet in area.
13	4. Detached accessory dwelling units are subject to the requirements of subsection
14	23.44.041.B.
15	F. Setback standards from access easements. Setbacks are required for principal
16	structures according to the standards in subsection 23.53.025.C.2 and 23.53.025.D.6.
17	Section 2. Section 23.44.041 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
18	124843, is amended as follows:
19	23.44.041 Accessory dwelling units
20	A. ((Accessory dwelling units, general))General provisions. The Director may authorize
21	an accessory dwelling unit, and that dwelling unit may be used as a residence, only under the
22	following conditions:

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- 1. A lot with or proposed for a ((single family dwelling))principal dwelling unit may have no more than one attached accessory dwelling unit within a principal structure and one detached accessory dwelling unit.
- 2. The owner(s) of the lot shall comply with the owner occupancy requirements of subsection 23.44.041.C.
- 3. Any number of related persons may occupy each unit ((in))on a single-family zoned lot((dwelling unit)) with ((an))one or more accessory dwelling units((;)) provided that, if unrelated persons occupy ((either))any unit, the total number of persons occupying ((both))all units may not altogether exceed eight.
- 4. ((All))<u>Attached</u> accessory dwelling units are ((required))<u>subject</u> to ((meet-))the <u>following</u> ((development-))standards: ((in Table A for 23.44.041, unless modified in subsection 23.44.041.B:))
- a. The gross floor area of an attached accessory dwelling unit cannot exceed 1,000 square feet, excluding garage and storage area, unless the portion of the structure in which the accessory dwelling unit is located was in existence as of June 1, 1999.
- b. Only one entrance to the structure may be located on each street-facing facade of the dwelling unit, unless two entrances on the street-facing facade existed on January 1, 1993, or unless the Director determines that topography, screening, or another design solution is effective in de-emphasizing the presence of a second entrance.

((Table A for 23.44.041

Development Standards for All Accessory Dwelling Units

a. Maximum gross floor area

Attached accessory dwelling units are limited to 1,000 square feet, including garage and storage area. Detached accessory dwelling units are limited to 800 square feet, including any garage and storage area provided in the same structure as the accessory dwelling unit, but excluding areas below grade, measured as set forth in Section 23.86.007.

((Table A fo Development Standards for A	
b. Entrances	Only one entrance to the structure may be located on each street facing facade of the dwelling unit. <sup>2</sup>

Footnotes to Table A for 23.44.041:

<sup>1</sup>The gross floor area of an attached accessory dwelling unit may exceed 1,000 square feet only if the portion of the structure in which the accessory dwelling unit is located was in existence as of June 1, 1999, and if the entire accessory dwelling unit is located on one level, except that a garage for the accessory dwelling unit may be located on a different level.

<sup>2</sup>More than one entrance may be allowed if: a) two entrances on the street-facing facade existed on January 1, 1993; or b) the Director determines that topography, screening, or another design solution is effective in de-emphasizing the presence of a second entrance.))

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5. ((Except on lots located within areas that are defined as either an urban center or urban village in the City's Comprehensive Plan, one off street parking space is required for the accessory dwelling unit and may be provided as tandem parking with the parking space provided for the principal dwelling unit.))Parking. No parking is required for any attached or detached accessory dwelling units. An existing required parking space may not be eliminated to accommodate an accessory dwelling unit unless it is replaced elsewhere on the lot. ((Except for lots located in either Map A for 23.54.015, University District Parking Overlay Area or Map B for 23.54.015, Alki Area Parking Overlay Area, the Director may waive the off-street parking space requirement for an accessory dwelling unit if:

a. The topography or location of existing principal or accessory structures on the lot makes provision of an off-street parking space physically infeasible; or

b. The lot is located in a restricted parking zone (RPZ) and a current parking study is submitted showing a utilization rate of less than 75 percent for on-street parking within 400 feet of all property lines of the site.))

B. ((Accessory dwelling units, detached, additional provisions. A detached accessory dwelling unit is also known as a backyard cottage.))Detached accessory dwelling units. The Director may authorize a detached accessory dwelling unit((, and that unit may be used as a

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- residence, only under the conditions set forth in subsection 23.44.041.A and)) subject to the following ((additional-))conditions:

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1. Detached accessory dwelling units are not permitted on a lot if any portion of the lot is within the Shoreline District established pursuant to Section 23.60.010.

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2. Detached accessory dwelling units are required to meet the additional development standards ((set forth-))in Table ((B)) $\underline{A}$  for 23.44.041.

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Table $((B))\underline{A}$ for 23.44.041 Development standards for detached accessory dwelling units $^1$		
a. Minimum lot size	((4,000))3,200 square feet	
b. Minimum lot width	25 feet	
c. Minimum lot depth	70 feet <sup>2</sup>	
d. Maximum lot coverage	The provisions of Section 23.44.010 apply.	
e. Maximum rear yard coverage	A detached accessory dwelling unit more than 15 feet in height, together with any other accessory structures and((other)) portions of the principal structure, is limited to a maximum combined coverage of 40 percent of the rear yard. A detached accessory dwelling unit 15 feet or less in height may cover an additional 20 percent of the rear yard, provided that rear yard coverage for all structures other than the detached accessory dwelling unit does not exceed 40 percent. In the case of a rear yard abutting an alley, rear yard coverage shall be calculated from the centerline of the alley.	
f. Maximum (( <del>gross floor</del> area))size	((800))1,000 square feet, including gross floor area and covered decks and covered porches above 18 inches, but excluding garage and storage area((but excluding covered porches and covered decks that are less than 25 square feet in area,)) and underground areas measured as set forth in Section 23.86.007.	
g. Front yard	A detached accessory dwelling unit may not be located within the front yard required by subsection 23.44.014.A, except on a through lot pursuant to Section 23.40.030 or Section 23.40.035 and row i of this Table ((B))A for 23.44.041.	

Development s		B)) <u>A</u> for 23.44 or detached acc		elling units <sup>1</sup>	
h. Minimum side yard	The provis	ions of subsect	tion 23.44.0	14.C apply.(( <sup>7</sup> )	) <u>3</u>
i. Minimum rear yard	A detached accessory dwelling unit may be located within a required rear yard if it is not within 5 feet of any lot line, unless the lot line is adjacent to an alley, in which case a detached accessory dwelling unit may be located at that lot line. $^{3, 4, ((7))\underline{5}}$				
j. Location of entry	Entrances to <u>a</u> detached accessory dwelling unit((s)) may ((not)) be located on <u>any</u> facade((s)). If located on a facade facing ((the nearest)) <u>a</u> side lot line or ((the)) <u>a</u> rear lot line, the entrance may not be within 10 feet of that lot line unless ((the nearest side))that lot line ((or rear lot line)) abuts an alley or other public right-of-way.				
k. Maximum height limits((5))6.7	Lot width (feet)				
	Less than 30	30 (( <del>or</del> greater)) up to (( <del>35</del> )) <u>50</u>	(( <del>Above</del> 35 up to 40))	((Above 40 up to 50 <sup>6</sup> ))	50 or greater
(1) Base structure height limit_(feet)	(( <del>12</del> )) <u>14</u>	((14))16	((15))	((16))	(( <del>16</del> )) <u>18</u>
(2) Height allowed for pitched roof above base structure height limit_(feet)	3	7	((7))	((6))	7
(3) Height allowed for shed or butterfly roof above base structure height limit (feet); see Exhibit A for 23.44.041	3	4	((4))	((4))	4
Minimum separation from principal structure	5 feet		•		

# Footnotes to Table ((B))A for 23.44.041:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Director may allow an exception to standards a through  $f(z_7)$  and  $h((z_7)$  through j pursuant to subsection 23.44.041.B.3( $(z_7)$ ) for converting existing accessory structures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For lots that do not meet the lot depth requirement((,)) but have a greater width than depth and an area greater than 5,000 square feet, a detached accessory dwelling unit is permitted, provided the detached accessory dwelling unit is not located in a required yard.

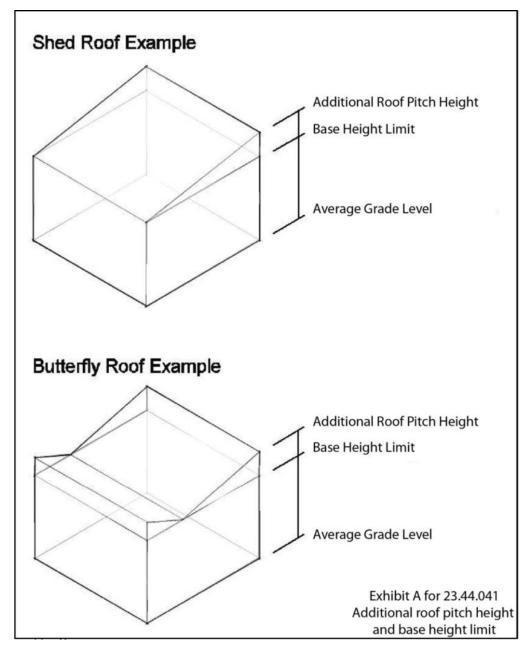
# $Table~((\textbf{B}))\underline{A}~for~23.44.041$ Development standards for detached accessory dwelling units $^1$

- <sup>3</sup> External architectural details with no living area, such as chimneys, eaves, cornices, and columns, may project no closer than 3.5 feet from any lot line. Bay windows are limited to 8 feet in width and may project no closer than 3 feet from any lot line. Other projections that include interior space, such as garden windows, must start a minimum of 30 inches above finished floor, have a maximum dimension of 6 feet in height and 8 feet in width, and may project no closer than 3.5 feet from any lot line
- <sup>4</sup> If the lot line is adjacent to an alley and a detached accessory dwelling unit includes a garage with a vehicle entrance that faces the alley, the garage portion of the structure may not be located within 12 feet of the centerline of the alley.
- $(^{(4))\underline{5}}$  On a reversed corner lot, no detached accessory dwelling unit shall be located in that portion of the required rear yard that abuts the required front yard of the adjoining key lot.  $(^{(5))\underline{6}}$  Features such as chimneys, antennas, and flagpoles may extend up to 4 feet above the maximum allowed height.
- ((6))2 ((Detached accessory dwelling units on lots that have a width greater than 40 feet up to 50 feet may be built to the maximum height limit applicable in the column for lots greater than 50 feet when the detached accessory dwelling unit is located on a lot with a rear lot line that is adjacent to an alley.)) Projections that accommodate windows and result in additional interior space, including dormers, clerestories, and skylights, may extend no higher than the ridge of a pitched roof permitted pursuant to row k of this table provided that all of conditions of subsection 23.44.012.C.3 are satisfied.
- ((<sup>7</sup>The exceptions from standard yard requirements in subsection 23.44.014.D.6.a shall also apply)).

### 1 Exhibit A for 23.44.041

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## Additional roof pitch height and base height limit



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3. Conversion of ((accessory-))structures. An existing ((accessory-))structure that is not located in a required front yard, or that is located in a front yard where Section 23.40.030 or 23.40.035 applies, may be converted into a detached accessory dwelling unit if the structure complies with the minimum standards set forth in Sections 22.206.010 through 22.206.140 of

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the Housing and Building Maintenance Code and with the Seattle Residential Code, if work requiring a permit is performed on the structure or has previously been performed without a permit. The Director may allow an exception to one or more of the development standards for accessory dwelling units contained in subsection 23.44.041.A.4 and standards a through ((f))e,  $h((\frac{1}{2}))$  through j, and f for conversion of existing accessory structures listed in Table ( $(\frac{1}{2})$ )A for 23.44.041, provided the conversion does not increase the structure's nonconformity with the standard ((and)). An existing accessory structure can be converted if the applicant can demonstrate that the accessory structure was constructed prior to June 1, 1999, as an accessory structure. If an accessory structure constructed prior to June 1, 1999, was replaced to the same configuration in accordance with the standards of Section 23.42.112, then the replacement structure also qualifies for conversion under this subsection 23.44.041.B.3. For purposes of this subsection 23.44.041.B.3, the term "conversion" means either keeping the accessory structure intact or removing and rebuilding the accessory structure, provided that any expansion or relocation of the accessory structure complies with the development standards for detached accessory dwelling units.

### C. Owner occupancy

#### 1. Requirement((-)) and duration

<u>a.</u> An owner ((with at least a 50 percent interest in the property-))must occupy either the principal dwelling unit or the accessory dwelling unit for six or more months of each calendar year as the owner's permanent residence. ((The Director may waive this requirement for up to three years if a letter is submitted that provides evidence to the Director showing good cause why the requirement for owner occupancy should be waived. Good cause may include job dislocation, sabbatical leave, education, or illness.))

b. The requirement set forth in subsection 23.44.041.C.1.a is required for a 12-month period from the date of the final building permit inspection for the accessory dwelling unit.

2. Violation. If an owner is unable or unwilling to fulfill the requirements of subsection 23.44.041.C.1, the owner shall remove those features of the accessory dwelling unit that make it a dwelling unit. Failure to do so will constitute a violation of this Title 23 and the owner will be subject to penalties pursuant to Sections 23.90.018, 23.90.019, and 23.90.020.

- 3. Covenant recording. Prior to issuance of a permit establishing an accessory dwelling unit, the owner(s) shall sign under oath and record in the King County Recorder a covenant by the owner(s) to the City of Seattle stating that the owner(s) agree to restrict use of the principal and accessory dwelling units in compliance with the requirements of this subsection 23.44.041.C and notify all prospective purchasers of those requirements. Falsely certifying to the terms of the covenant or failure to comply with the terms of the covenant is subject to penalties pursuant to Sections 23.90.018, 23.90.019, and 23.90.020.

  The covenant shall run with the land and be binding upon the property owner, his/her heirs and assigns, and ((upon)) any parties subsequently acquiring any right, title, or interest in the property, until the owner-occupancy requirement in subsection 23.44.041.C.1.b is satisfied. The covenant shall be in a form prescribed by the Director that includes the legal description of the ((principal use)) lot. The property owner(s) shall return the original covenant with recording stamp to the Department before the building permit for the accessory dwelling unit is issued.
- 4. Covenant release. ((At))Prior to meeting the owner-occupancy requirement in subsection 23.44.041.C.1.b, at the request of a property owner and after an inspection finding

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1	that an accessory dwelling unit has been removed from the owner's property, the Department
2	shall record a release of any previously recorded covenant for that accessory dwelling unit.
3	D. Single-family status unaffected. A single-family lot with an <u>attached</u> accessory
4	dwelling unit and/or detached accessory dwelling unit shall be considered a single-family
5	((residence))use for purposes of rezone criteria (Section 23.34.011).
6	Section 3. Section 23.84A.032 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
7	Ordinance 124378, is amended as follows:
8	23.84A.032 "R"
9	* * *
10	"Residential use" means any one or more of the following:
11	1. "Accessory dwelling unit" means one or more rooms that
12	a. are located within ((an owner-occupied))a single-family dwelling
13	unit( $(\frac{1}{2})$ ) or within an accessory structure on the same lot as ( $(\frac{\text{an owner occupied}}{\text{occupied}})$ ) a single-
14	family dwelling unit;
15	b. meet the standards of Section 23.44.041, or 23.45.545, or Chapter
16	23.47A, as applicable;
17	c. are designed, arranged, and intended to be occupied by not more than
18	one household as living accommodations independent from any other household; and
19	d. are so occupied or vacant.
20	2. "Adult family home" means an adult family home defined and licensed as
21	such by The State of Washington in a dwelling unit.
22	3. "Apartment" means a multifamily residential use that is not a cottage housing
23	development, rowhouse development, or townhouse development.

- 4. "Artist's studio/dwelling" means a combination working studio and dwelling unit for artists, consisting of a room or suite of rooms occupied by not more than one household.
- 5. "Assisted living facility" means a use licensed by The State of Washington as a boarding home pursuant to RCW 18.20, that contains at least two assisted living units for people who have either a need for assistance with activities of daily living (which are defined as eating, toileting, ambulation, transfer [e.g., moving from bed to chair or chair to bath], and bathing) or some form of cognitive impairment but who do not need the skilled critical care provided by nursing homes. See "Assisted living unit."
  - 6. "Carriage house" means a dwelling unit in a carriage house structure.
- 7. "Carriage house structure" means a structure within a cottage housing development, in which one or more dwelling units are located on the story above an enclosed parking garage at ground level that either abuts an alley and has vehicle access from that alley, or is located on a corner lot and has access to the parking in the structure from a driveway that abuts and runs parallel to the rear lot line of the lot. See also "Carriage house."
- 8. "Caretaker's quarters" means a use accessory to a non-residential use consisting of a dwelling unit not exceeding 800 square feet of living area and occupied by a caretaker or watchperson.
- 9. "Congregate residence" means a use in which rooms or lodging, with or without meals, are provided for nine or more non-transient persons not constituting a single household, excluding single-family dwelling units for which special or reasonable accommodation has been granted.
- 10. "Cottage housing development" means a use consisting of cottages arranged on at least two sides of a common open space or a common amenity area. A cottage housing

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1	development may include a carriage house structure. See "Cottage," "Carriage house," and
2	"Carriage house structure."
3	11. "Detached accessory dwelling unit" means an accessory dwelling unit in an
4	accessory structure.
5	12. "Domestic violence shelter" means a dwelling unit managed by a nonprofit
6	organization, which unit provides housing at a confidential location and support services for
7	victims of domestic violence.
8	13. "Floating home" means a dwelling unit constructed on a float that is moored,
9	anchored, or otherwise secured in the water.
10	14. "Mobile home park" means a tract of land that is rented for the use of more
11	than one mobile home occupied as a dwelling unit.
12	15. "Multifamily residential use" means a use consisting of two or more dwelling
13	units in a structure or portion of a structure, excluding accessory dwelling units.
14	16. "Multifamily residential use, low-income disabled" means a multifamily
15	residential use in which at least 90 percent of the dwelling units are occupied by one or more
16	persons who have a handicap as defined in the Federal Fair Housing Amendments Act and who
17	constitute a low-income household.
18	17. "Multifamily residential use, low-income elderly" means a residential use in
19	which at least 90 percent of the dwelling units are occupied by one or more persons 62 or more
20	years of age who constitute a low-income household.
21	18. "Multifamily residential use, low-income elderly/low-income disabled"
22	means a multifamily residential use in which at least 90 percent of the dwelling units (not
23	including vacant units) are occupied by a low-income household that includes a person who has

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1	a handicap as defined in the Federal Fair Housing Amendment Act or a person 62 years of age
2	or older, as long as the housing qualifies for exemptions from prohibitions against
3	discrimination against families with children and against age discrimination under all applicable
4	fair housing laws and ordinances.
5	19. "Nursing home" means a use licensed by The State of Washington as a
6	nursing home, which provides full-time convalescent and/or chronic care for individuals who,
7	by reason of chronic illness or infirmity, are unable to care for themselves, but that does not
8	provide care for the acutely ill or surgical or obstetrical services. This definition excludes
9	hospitals or sanitariums.
10	20. "Rowhouse development" means a multifamily residential use in which all
11	principal dwelling units on the lot meet the following conditions:
12	a. each dwelling unit occupies the space from the ground to the roof of
13	the structure in which it is located;
14	b. no portion of a dwelling unit, except for an accessory dwelling unit or
15	shared parking garage, occupies space above or below another dwelling unit;
16	c. each dwelling unit is attached along at least one common wall to at
17	least one other dwelling unit, with habitable interior space on both sides of the common wall, or
18	abuts another dwelling unit on a common lot line;
19	d. the front of each dwelling unit faces a street lot line;
20	e. each dwelling unit provides pedestrian access directly to the street that
21	it faces; and
22	f. no portion of any other dwelling unit, except for an attached accessory
23	dwelling unit, is located between any dwelling unit and the street faced by the front of that unit.

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1	21. "Single-family dwelling unit" means a detached structure having a permanent
2	foundation, containing one dwelling unit, except that the structure may also contain an attached
3	accessory dwelling unit and/or there may be a detached accessory dwelling unit on the same lot
4	where expressly authorized pursuant to this Title 23. A detached accessory dwelling unit is not
5	considered a single-family dwelling unit for purposes of this Chapter 23.84A.
6	22. "Townhouse development" means a multifamily residential use that is not a
7	rowhouse development, and in which:
8	a. each dwelling unit occupies space from the ground to the roof of the
9	structure in which it is located;
10	b. no portion of a dwelling unit occupies space above or below another
11	dwelling unit, except for an attached accessory dwelling unit and except for dwelling units
12	constructed over a shared parking garage; and
13	c. each dwelling unit is attached along at least one common wall to at
14	least one other dwelling unit, with habitable interior space on both sides of the common wall, or
15	abuts another dwelling unit on a common lot line.
16	* * *
17	

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1	Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by		
2	the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it		
3	shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.		
4	Passed by the City Council the	day of	, 2016,
5	and signed by me in open session in authent	tication of its passage this	day of
6	, 2016.		
7			
8		President of	the City Council
9	Approved by me this day	of	, 2016.
10			
11		Edward B. Murray, Mayor	
12	Filed by me this day of		_, 2016.
13			
14		Monica Martinez Simmons	, City Clerk
15	(Seal)		
	Last revised April 13, 2016	26	

Nick Welch