Seattle Economic Development Commission



The Seattle Grant:

Local Financing Initiative for Postsecondary Attainment

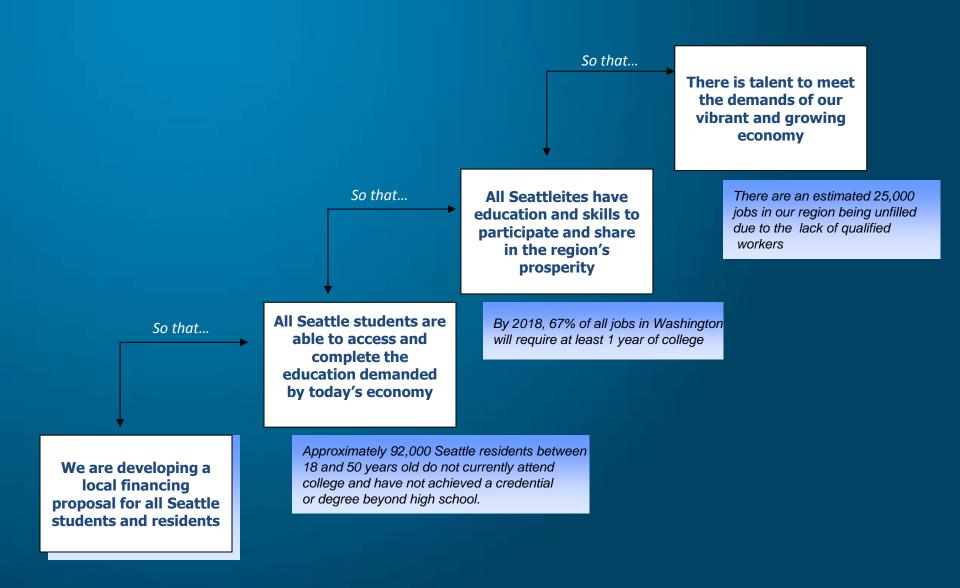
> EDC Discussion November 19, 2014

SOCIAL MOBILITY WORKGROUP'S CHARGE

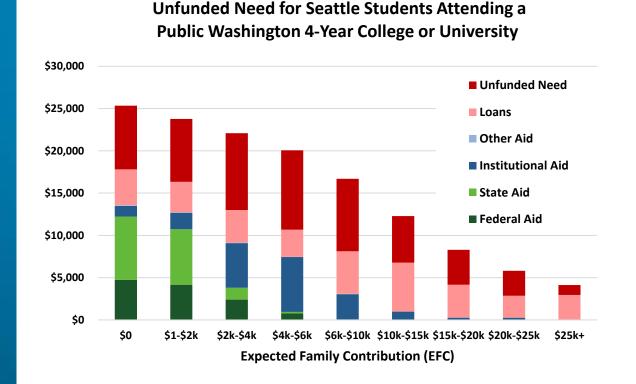
Initiative	Action Areas	Goal: What is advanced or transformed?	Key Year 1 Milestone	EDC Foundational Area(s)			
				Innovation Ecosystem	Talent Creativity	Built Environment Infrastructure	Social Cultural Environment
Improve social mobility through access to college and career	Access to college and career for all Seattle residents	Develop and advance an approach to local financing of Seattle students completing a degree or credential at any college or university in Washington State	Research and recommend a local financing proposal that is effective, affordable and acceptable to the community				

EDC Commissioners: Chancellor Jill Wakefield, Seattle Colleges President Michael Young, University of Washington David Freiboth – Executive Secretary Treasurer, King County Central Labor Charissa Raynor – Executive Director, SEIU Healthcare NW Training Partnership Tanya Jimale, President and CEO, JTS Staff: Carol Diem, UW Bruce Genung, Seattle Colleges Leslie Haynes, Seattle Colleges Matt Helmer, Seattle Jobs Initiative Randy Hodgins, UW Victor Kuo, Seattle Colleges Kay Lewis, UW Bridgid McDevitt, Seattle Colleges Nancy Yamamoto, City of Seattle

INITIATIVE 1 – IMPROVE SOCIAL MOBILITY THROUGH COLLEGE & CAREER



SEATTLE'S UNMET EDUCATION NEED

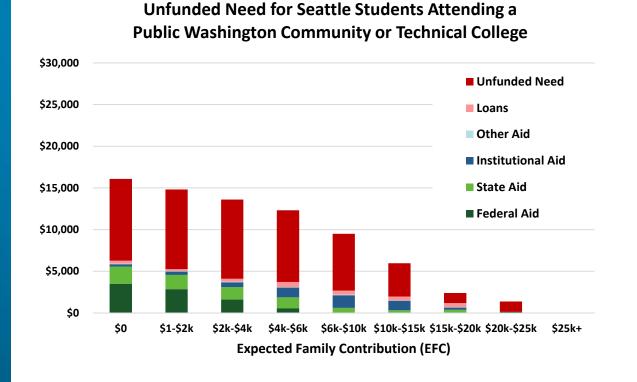


Total cost of attendance includes tuition, fees, books and basic living expenses.

The 2014-15 cost of attendance for a UW student is \$27,000 per year

Unfunded Need = \$38 Million Annually Loan Debt = \$22 Million Annually TOTAL for 4-yr College or University = \$60 Million Annually

SEATTLE'S UNMET EDUCATION NEED



The 2014-15 cost of attendance for a Seattle College student is \$18,000 per year

Unfunded Need = \$74 Million Annually Loan Debt = \$ 3 Million Annually TOTAL for CTC = \$77 Million Annually

KEY FINDINGS AND POLICY IMPLICATIONS

Financing Impacts:

- Sources of aid are not keeping pace with tuition; currently 33,500 WA State students are eligible but do not receive State Needs Grant
- Unmet need results in trade-offs around levels of enrollment, hours worked, and private debt levels that have negative impacts on academic persistence and completion

Student Impacts:

- Unmet financial need is a significant issue across educational institutions and student income levels
- Studies show that financial aid programs have positive K-12 impacts and can increase college enrollment and completion
- The increase in median life-time earnings over a high degree averages \$441,000 for an Associates degree and \$848,000 for a Bachelor's degree (The Pell Institute,

KEY FINDINGS AND POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS

Community Impacts:

- Promise Programs have strengthened the college-going culture of their communities and have spawned the emergence of new student support programs
- Raising the median adult 4-yr college attainment rate of the top 51% metro areas from 30.7% to 31.7% would be associated with an increase of \$143 billion in income per year for the nation (CEOs for Cities, The City Dividend, www.ceosforcities.org/line.double.org/line.doubl
- Graduates who attend local colleges and universities in the Pacific Northwest become part of the local talent pool. (88% of the graduating class of 2008 according the New England Policy Center,

SUMMARY OF POLICY IMPLICATION & STARTING PRINCIPLES

Some recommended guiding principles upon which to build the EDC financing strategy:

- Any new aid program should be additive and not reduce eligibility for federal, state or institutional aid.
- Aid should address all costs of attendance rather than only tuition and fees.
- To the extent possible, it is desirable to reduce loan debt.
- Financial barriers for both high school graduates and "non-traditional" students should be considered.
- The financial needs of low-income, middle-income students and working adults should be addressed.
- Students enrolled in private not-for-profit institutions should be considered for participation as well as those enrolled in any Washington State public institution of higher education.

SCALE OF THE NEED WILL REQUIRE CHOICES AROUND ELIGIBILITY:

We estimate that there are about 8,200 students from Seattle attending a Seattle public or private/non-profit college or university. An additional 5,800 attend a Washington college or university outside the city.

Scaling Options:

- 1. Focus on Seattle colleges and universities as a pilot or ongoing program model.
- 2. Limit Student Eligibility based on:
 - Income limits
 - Merit (GPA, Attendance, etc)
 - Field of Study (i.e. STEM)

Key Questions for EDC Commissioners:

Should the Commission proceed with a detailed design on a proposal to generate local funding for college completion?

If so, do Commissioners have initial preferences for:

- Scale of the proposal in terms of meeting need
- Priorities for targeting resources
- Approaches and sources of public and/or private financing

What advice do Commissioners have for moving forward?

- Timeline for introducing the proposal into the public arena
- Inclusion of additional perspectives on the workgroup
- Engagement of other key partners and prospective champions