Urban Design and Transportation Working Group Ballard Urban Design Framework

Meeting # 10: Zoning Emerging Direction & Transportation

Agenda

1. Transportation Scope & Existing conditions

2. Discuss existing zoning and emerging directions for: Last meeting:

- ✓ 15th Ave and Market St intersection
- ✓ 56th St street level uses

This meeting:

- 24th Ave corridor
- Pedestrian zone
- Local Production Study

3. Announcements

• Next meeting – February 5

24th Ave Existing zoning



NC3 P65 Larger pedestrianoriented shopping district serving the surrounding neighborhood and a larger community, citywide or regional clientele; allowing comparison shopping among a range of retail businesses; use restrictions

MR Midrise apartment buildings without density limit, only FAR limit; 65-85'

LR3 3-story lowrise apartment buildings or townhouses with a density limit, FAR and lot coverage limit

RC Street level low intensity shops and services to neighborhood while preserving residential character

24th Ave Existing land uses





Emerging directions

22nd Ave. NW

- 1. Civic oriented development
- 2. Active street level uses and visual surveillance of Ballard Commons
- 3. Festival Street Connection to Market St.
- 4. St. Luke's redevelopment interest

24th Ave. NW

- Expand pedestrian oriented commercial on 24th
- 2. Encourage human scaled building elements
- 3. Preserve existing in town multifamily residential areas (affordability and character)

4. Improve pedestrian crossings and landscaping

Questions

22nd Ave. NW

How to reinforce Civic Character with new development?

- Commercial and or institution mix at street level?
- Upper story uses?
- Increased density?

What size commercial uses and where?

Transitions to residential zones?

24th Ave .NW

Is the intention to preserve existing uses or expand or create new ones?

- Preserve existing building forms?
- Preserve perceived affordability?
- Preserve presence of commercial at those locations?

Should commercial uses be 'allowed' or 'required'?

Is it a Ped zone?

What size of commercial uses are desired?

What would be the northern extent of the commercial area?

How important is it to maintain existing residential area?

22nd Ave Zoning analysis

Typical Land uses	MR-RC Multifamily residential	NC3-65 Supermarkets, offices, hotels, restaurants	Pedestrian Zone Pedestrian oriented non- residential uses
Street level uses	4,000 s.f. max of live work, sales & services, restaurants, offices, food processing, no drive in; except convenience stores may be 10,000 s.f.	No limit on mix of residential and commercial uses	Pedestrian oriented non residential uses, potential to animate sidewalk. Drive-in & drive-thru businesses prohibited
Street level non- residential design	stores may be 10,000 s.t.	Transparency required for 60% of a street-facing facade. Commercial uses avg. depth of 30', and min height of 13'.	Underlying zone
Parking location and access	On or below ground level only; except on sloping sites, where two levels may be ok. At rear or side of buildings; screening required	At rear or side of buildings (limited to 60'); curb cuts are limited	Surface parking prohibited adjacent to principle pedestrian street
Min FAR		None	2 for 65' height
Max FAR	Only FAR limit : 3.2	4.25; 4.75 if mixed use	-
Maximum size of commercial uses	65'-85'	No size limits for most uses; 25,000 s.f. for wholesaling/ light manufacturing	Underlying zone

24th Ave Zoning Analysis

	RC	LR	MR
Street level uses	Live work, sales and services, restaurants, offices, food processing, retail sales, business support services; drive in businesses prohibited	Apartments, townhouses, rowhouses, childcare, community center, schools, education	Live work, sales and services, restaurants, offices, food processing, retail sales, business support services; drive in businesses prohibited;
Location of commercial uses	On or below ground level only; except on sloping sites, where two levels may be ok	Only if RC suffix	On or below ground level only; except on sloping sites, where two levels may be ok
Maximum size of commercial uses	Generally 4,000 s.f. except in MR zones multipurpose convenience stores may be 10,000 s.f.	Only if RC suffix	Generally 4,000 s.f. except in MR zones multipurpose convenience stores may be 10,000 s.f.
Parking location	Parking location depends on underlying residential zone.	At rear or side of buildings; screening required	At rear or side of buildings; screening required
Density limit	?	Townhouses: 1unit/1,600 s.f. of lot area or 1.4 FAR Apartments: 1 unit/800 s.f. of lot area or 2.0 FAR	Only FAR limit : 3.2
Height	?	Generally 40'	65'-85'

Pedestrian Zone Designation

Existing zoning

Pedestrian "P" suffix zones

<u> (</u>Future "P" 23.47C.005A



15th Ave & Market St intersection – P Designation

Existing zoning

Existing land use



C1 65: Auto-oriented, primarily retail/service commercial area serving surrounding neighborhoods as well as a citywide or regional clientele



Emerging directions

- 1. Create **gateway and sense of p**lace; Improve beauty, identity and comfort
- Encourage active pedestrian-oriented street level uses that engage with both 15th and Market
- 3. Encourage employment generating uses above
- 4. Improve pedestrian environment street level and/or upper level; Improve intersection
- 5. Maintain existing role of meeting weekly needs for good and services

Potential Changes

Design buildings for pedestrian's speed and scale

- Uses: active uses and destinations on street level
- **Design:** transparency and interest at street level
- Scale: street level & upper level setbacks

Encourage commercial buildings (without a residential component)

- employment generating uses above street level active commercial
- allow large supermarkets

Make this an attractive and functional place to be in.

- landscaping and generous sidewalks
- integrate transit waiting areas into building design
- variety of things to do to create a sense of place

Zoning analysis

	C1-65	NC3-65	Pedestrian Zone
Typical Land uses	Auto oriented stores	Supermarkets, offices, hotels, restaurants	Pedestrian oriented non- residential uses
Street level uses	Non residential on arterials; Residential limited to 20% of arterial façade, no limit on non arterials	No limit on mix of residential and commercial uses	Pedestrian oriented non residential uses, potential to animate sidewalk. Drive-in & drive-thru businesses prohibited
Street level non- residential design	No requirements for nonresidential structures, or when not across from a residential zone.	Transparency required for 60% of a street-facing facade. Commercial uses avg. depth of 30', and min height of 13'.	Underlying zone
Parking location and access	No restrictions generally.	At rear or side of buildings (limited to 60'); curb cuts are limited	Surface parking prohibited adjacent to principle pedestrian street
Min FAR	None	None	2 for 65' height
Max FAR	4.25; 4.75 if mixed use	4.25; 4.75 if mixed use	-
Maximum size of commercial uses	No size limits for most uses; 25,000-4000 s. f. for warehouses, wholesale	No size limits for most uses; 25,000 s.f. for wholesaling/ light manufacturing	Underlying zone

56th St Street Level

Existing zoning



Existing land use



NC3 65/85

Larger pedestrian-oriented shopping district serving the surrounding neighborhood and a larger community, citywide or regional clientele; allowing comparison shopping among a range of retail businesses

C1 65

Auto-oriented, primarily retail/service commercial area serving surrounding neighborhoods as well as a citywide or regional clientele



Emerging directions

1. Create a safe and pleasant walking street

- engaging uses on street level
- pedestrian amenities
- minimize curb cuts
- shared street / slow traffic speeds
- high level of landscaping

2. Encourage human scaled building elements

- shop front length and design
- building length
- massing and height

3. Encourage smaller shop sizes

- affordability
- variety
- meet needs of immediate neighborhood
- 4. Encourage sustainable design
- 5. Limit surface parking

Potential Changes

Street level should be clearly residential <u>or</u> commercial

If commercial street level uses

- transparency and active uses
- shop entrances relate to the sidewalk
- seating or engaging design in setback (not screening)

If residential street level use

- separated from sidewalk for privacy
- residential design features small setbacks, porches, stoops, balconies, landscaping
- design to encourage natural surveillance prominent entry ways, active uses
- limit departures to setback and grade standards

Shop sizes

- smaller shops
- smaller shop fronts to create variety and interest
- loading from alleys

Enriching environment

civic oriented features– learning landscapes, edible gardens, GSI, art, play features

Street level zoning analysis

Typical Land uses	Desired character Neighborhood serving commercial serving all ages with a civic sensibility	NC3-65/85 Supermarkets, offices, hotels, restaurants, drug stores, apartments	Pedestrian Zone Pedestrian oriented non- residential uses
Street level uses	Variety of urban, infill style commercial or ground related residential	No limit on mix of residential and commercial uses	Pedestrian oriented non residential uses, potential to animate sidewalk. Drive-in & drive-thru businesses prohibited
Street level non- residential design	Transparent commercial or appropriately designed residential	Transparency required for 60% of a street-facing facade. Commercial uses avg. depth of 30', and min height of 13'.	Underlying zone
Parking location and access	?	At rear or side of buildings (limited to 60'); curb cuts are limited	Surface parking prohibited adjacent to principle pedestrian street
Maximum size of commercial uses	? (New Bartells store will be 14,000 s.f.; new restaurant in that building is 7,000 s.f.)	No size limits for most uses; 25,000 s.f. for wholesaling/ light manufacturing	Underlying zone
Min FAR	?	None	2 for 65' height
Max FAR	?	4.25; 4.75 if mixed use	

Local Production

Existing zoning



NC1-40; NC2-40





NC1-40; NC1-65





NC3 P -65









NC3 -65





NC3-85





