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CITY OF SEATTLE OFFICE OF LABOR STANDARDS

SEATTLE LABOR STANDARDS



Business Support





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OFFICE OF LABOR STANDARDS

11 Core Staff

- Dylan Orr, Director
- Senior Policy Analyst
- Enforcement Supervisor
- 5 Investigators
- Community Liaison
- Business Liaison
- Paralegal

5 Shared Staff

Division of Office for Civil Rights



SEATTLE LABOR STANDARDS

What is the rate of pay? **MINIMUM WAGE**

Is there payment for all hours worked? WAGE THEFT

Is there accrual or payment of PSST?

PAID SICK AND SAFE TIME

Was there denial of a job or pay due to conviction or arrest records?

FAIR CHANCE EMPLOYMENT

ORDINANCE UPDATES

In December, 2015, the City of Seattle extensively revised Seattle's labor standards ordinances. These revisions went into effect on

January 16, 2016.

NEW WORKPLACE POSTER

- All Labor Standards: MWO, WT, PSST, FCE
- No retaliation
- Right to file complaint with OLS

Employers must display the poster in English and in the primary language(s) of the employee(s) at the particular workplace.

WHAT IS THE RATE OF PAY?

MINIMUM WAGE



April 1, 2015 \$11.00 per hour

January 1, 2016 LARGE EMPLOYER \$13.00 per hour --or-

\$12.50 per hour

if employer payment toward employee's medical benefits

LARGE EMPLOYERS (501+ EMPLOYEES)

Year	Minimum Wage	Minimum Wage plus payment towards medical benefits	
2015	\$11.00	\$11.00	
2016	\$13.00	\$12.50	
2017	15.00	\$13.50	
2018	TBD	\$15.00	

January 1, 2016 SMALL EMPLOYER \$12.00 per hour

\$10.50 per hour

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plus \$1.50 tips and/or employer payment toward employee's medical benefits

SMALL EMPLOYERS (500 OR FEWER EMPLOYEES)

Year	Minimum Compensation	Minimum Wage plus tips and/or payments toward medical benefits
2015	\$11.00	\$10.00
2016	\$12.00	\$10.50
2017	\$13.00	\$11.00
2018	\$14.00	\$11.50
2019	\$15.00	\$12.00
2020	TBD	\$13.50
2021	TBD	\$15.00

IS THERE PAYMENT FOR ALL HOURS WORKED?

WAGE THEFT



WAGE THEFT ORDINANCE - BASICS

- **1. Compensation** due to employees on regular pay day
- 2. "Notice of employment information" to
 - New employees
 - Change of employment
 - Effective April 1st, 2016, all existing employees
- 3. Itemized paycheck information every pay day

PAY COMPENSATION

- 1. Minimum Wage & promised wage
- 2. Tips
- 3. Overtime
- 4. Hours Off the Clock
- 5. Meals & Breaks
- 7. Paid Sick and Safe Time
- 8. Agreements re: Vacation
- 9. Last Paycheck
- **10.** Bonuses
- **11. Employer Reimbursements**
- **12.** Some Uniforms & Equipment
- *Employee vs. independent contractor

NOTICE OF EMPLOYMENT INFORMATION

- **1.** Employer name
- 2. Employer address
- **3.** Employer Telephone number
- 4. Employee's rate or rates of pay
- 5. Tip policy
- 6. Pay basis = Hour, shift, day, week, commission
- 7. Established pay day

ITEMIZED PAYCHECK EVERY PAY DAY

- **1.** Rate or rates of pay
- 2. Tip payment
- Pay basis = Hour, shift, day, week, commission
- 4. Gross wages
- 5. All deductions for that pay period

IS THERE ACCRUAL OR PAYMENT OF PSST?

PAID SICK & SAFE TIME



Business has more than 4 full-time equivalent employees

PAID SICK TIME

- Employee or family member
- Child, grandparent, parent, parent-in-law
- Spouse or domestic partner
- Physical or mental condition
- Doctor, Dental & Eye Appointments

PAID SAFE TIME

- Employee, family & household members, roommate
- Domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking
- Employee's workplace or child's school/place of care closed for critical safety issue (e.g. flu pandemic)
- Not Snow Day

PSST ACCRUAL, USE & CARRY OVER

TIER	EMPLOYER SIZE	ACCRUAL	USE	CARRY OVER
Not Covered	4 or _{fewer} FTEs		II, use or carry over d anti-retaliation pro	•
1	More than 4 to 49 FTEs	1 hour/40 hours worked	40 hours	40 hours
2	More than 49 to 249 FTEs	1 hour/40 hours worked	56 hours	56 hours
3	250+ FTEs	1 hour/30 hours worked	72 hours	72 hours
	250+ FTEs (PTO benefit systems)	1 hour/30 hours worked	108 hours	108 hours

PSST BASICS

- Joint Employer
- Benefit Year
- Accrual
- Use and Carry Over
- Vacation and PTO
- Notification of Available PSST Hours
- Record Keeping
- No Retaliation

PSST BASICS

(update) Joint Employers

 Both staffing agency & client can be joint employers of a temp employee

(update) Benefit Year

 Employers must use a consistent 12 month consecutive period (e.g. calendar year, fiscal year, anniversary date, but not rolling year) for accrual, use and carry over

Accrual

Accrual depends on employer tier size; there is no cap on accrual

Use and Carry over

Use and carry over depend on employer tier size

PSST BASICS

Vacation and PTO

- Employers can use vacation and PTO to meet ordinance requirements, as long as the paid leave can be used in same manner as PSST
- Tier 3 employers with PTO have increased use and carry over requirements

Notification of available PSST hours

- Employers must provide notice of available PSST hours every pay period, usually on a paystub
- (update) Record Keeping 3 years
- No Retaliation

- Written PSST Policy
- Waiting Period
- Requesting PSST
- 15 increments of Use
- Rate of Pay
- Documentation
- Suspicions of PSST Abuse
- Seasonal Employee
- Occasional Basis Employee
- 🏶 Waiver
- 💠 Cash out

(update) Written PSST Policy

 Employers must provide employees with written PSST policy starting April 1, 2016

Waiting Period

 Employer can impose a waiting period of 180 calendar days from hire date

Requesting PSST

- Employee must provide enough information to signal need for covered absence
- "I need to use PSST" or "My child is sick"

(update) 15 minute increments of use

 If feasible by employer's payroll system, employers must permit hourly employees to use PSST in 15 minute increments

Rate of Pay

 Employers must pay same rate of pay as employee would have earned while working the shift (exclude tips & commissions, but meet Seattle minimum wage requirements)

Documentation for PSST

 Employer can ask for documentation after employee has used PSST for more than three consecutive work days

Suspicions of PSST abuse

 Employer can ask for early documentation or deny PSST if clear instance or pattern of abuse

Seasonal employee

 Employer must reinstate unused PSST hours if employee separates from work and returns within seven months

(update) Occasional Basis Employees

- Employees who are typically based outside of Seattle and work in Seattle on an irregular basis, must work 240 hours in a calendar year to qualify for PSST
- After meeting this threshold requirement, employee is covered by ordinance for duration of employment for employer and all previous hours worked in Seattle accrue PSST

Waiver

- Waiver is prohibited for individual employees
- Waiver is permitted for employees represented by union; waiver must be CBA

Cash out

Cash out is not required; it is discretionary

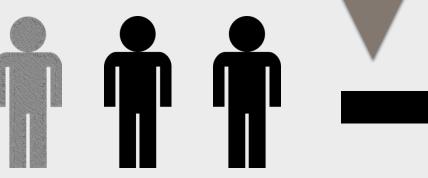
WAS JOB OR PAY DENIED DUE TO RECORDS?

FAIR CHANCE EMPLOYMENT ORDINANCE



THIS ISSUE IMPACTS US

Refusing to hire people because they have a conviction or arrest record has a significant impact on families and businesses in every community. With an estimated 70 million adults in U.S. with a record, or nearly 1 in 3 adults, anyone can have a record. Some examples: Martha Stewart, George W. Bush, Bill Gates, and Sir Richard Branson (founder of Virgin Group).



www.nelp.org



SOURCE: NELP, "Advancing a Federal Fair Hiring Agenda" (2015), available at www.nelp.org

FCE BASICS



LIMITS ON USE OF CONVICTION & ARREST RECORDS

- **1.** No job ads that prohibit conviction or arrest records
- 2. No job applications with questions about conviction and arrest records
- 3. No background checks until after the employer screens applicant for minimum qualifications
- 4. Before denying job based solely on background check, employer must provide applicant opportunity to explain and/or correct conviction arrest records
- Employer must have a "legitimate business reason" to support denial of job (6 factors)

JOB ADS

No exclusionary statements in job ads

- ***** "Felons need not apply"
- * "No criminal background"
- ***** "Must pass background check"
- * "Must successfully clear background check"

 "Hiring process involves background check regarding conviction and arrest records in compliance with Seattle's Fair Chance Employment Ordinance, SMC 14.17. Applicants will be provided an opportunity to explain or correct background information."

JOB APPLICATIONS

No questions about convictions and arrests on job applications (unless the employer has already screened the applicant for minimum qualifications)

DELAY BACKGROUND CHECKS

- Delay background checks until <u>after</u> an initial screening, usually during or after the interview
 - 1. First review applicant's skills & experience
 - 2. Second determine that applicant meets minimum job qualifications
 - 3. Third ask questions about conviction and arrest records; conduct background checks.

 This process allows applicants to have a fair chance at being considered for the job

OPPORTUNITY TO EXPLAIN & CORRECT

- Hold job open for 2 business days
- Identify conviction and arrest records
- Consider explanation, corrections and verifiable information of good conduct & rehabilitation
 - Written or oral statement from applicant or employee, parole or probation officer, clergy member, social worker, etc.
 - Certificate of rehabilitation, completion or enrollment in an educational or vocational training program, etc.

LEGITIMATE BUSINESS REASON

Employer believes in good faith that nature of criminal conduct

- Will have a negative impact on the employee's or applicant's fitness or ability to perform the position sought or held, or
- Will harm or cause injury to people, property, business reputation, or business assets

LEGITIMATE BUSINESS REASON

- 1. Seriousness of crime
- 2. Number and types of convictions or pending charges;
- 3. Time that has elapsed since conviction or pending charges, excluding periods of incarceration;
- 4. Verifiable information re: good conduct & rehab;
- 5. Specific duties and responsibilities of the position; and
- 6. Place and manner in which the position will be performed.

Reporting a violation

ENFORCEMENT



PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION

PSST, MWO, WT (not FCE)

April 1, 2016 (50+ employees)

April 1, 2017 (less than 50 employees)

Remedy

- Up to 3x unpaid wages
- Up to \$5,000 to aggrieved party for retaliation
- Attorney Fees and Costs

INVESTIGATION

- Protection of Identifying Information
- Charge or Compliance Letter
- Company-wide Investigation (standard)
- Individual Investigation (retaliation)
- Complaint-based
- Directed (future)

PSST, MWO, WT VIOLATION(S)	REMEDY OR PENALTY	
First Violation	Up to 3x unpaid wages + interest	
Subsequent Violations	Mandatory 3x unpaid wages + interest	
First Violation	Up to \$500 per aggrieved party	
Second Violation	Up to \$1000 per aggrieved party or 10% of unpaid wages, whichever is greater	
Third Violation	Up to \$5,000 per aggrieved party or 10% of unpaid wages, whichever is greater	
Subsequent Violation	Up to \$20,000 per aggrieved party	
Chart of Fines	\$500 to \$1,000 fine	
Retaliation	Reinstatement or up to 3x front pay; up to \$5,000 to aggrieved party	
Settlement & Mitigation of Penalties	Director Discretion	

FCE VIOLATION(S)	REMEDY OR PENALTY
First Violation	Up to \$500 per aggrieved party
Second Violation	Up to \$1,000 per aggrieved party
Third Violation	Up to \$5,000 per aggrieved party
Chart of Fines	\$500 flat fine to \$1,000 per aggrieved party
Retaliation	Reinstatement or up to 3x front pay; up to \$5,000 to aggrieved party
Settlement & Mitigation of Penalties	Director Discretion

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