









August 2016 Update





www.seattle.gov/HALA

What is the Housing Affordability and Livability Agenda?



BACKGROUND

In September 2014, Mayor Murray and the City Council gathered leaders in our community to help develop a bold agenda for increasing the affordability of housing in our city by convening a Housing Affordability and Livability Agenda (HALA) Advisory Committee. The 28-member Committee included renters and homeowners, for-profit and non-profit developers, and other local housing experts. After months of deliberation, they reached consensus and published a report with over 60 recommendations to consider. The Mayor's action plan calls for implementation of many of the Committee's recommendations through tenant protections, renewing and increasing the Housing Levy, requiring affordable housing with new multifamily and commercial development, and more.

THE 10-YEAR GOAL

HALA is guided by an ambitious 10-year goal for producing both marketrate and guaranteed affordable housing. It will take a multi-pronged approach to meet these goals.

+30,000 — MARKET-RATE UNITS

These market-rate housing units will add to the overall supply of housing in Seattle, increasing the quantity and diversity of housing choices.



-+20,000 AFFORDABLE UNITS

These new or preserved affordable housing units will be reserved for low-income households. Creating this many affordable units will require tripling our historical annual production of affordable housing.

Why do we need HALA?

RESPONDING TO A CRITICAL NEED

- + Over 45,000 Seattle lower-income families spend more than half their income on housing.
- + 2,942 people are living without shelter in Seattle.
- + Rents are beyond the reach of many working families. Fewer homes are for sale today than at any time in the last 10 years.
- Average rent for apartments built in Seattle before 2006 increased 49% in the last five years.
- Even with a new \$15 minimum wage, the average rent for a onebedroom apartment is out of reach for a single household minimum wage worker.



When a household has to pay more than half its income on housing, little income remains for other basic necessities like food and transportation.

Accomplishments to date

FIRST STEPS

Since the release of the Mayor's Action Plan in July of 2015 City staff and the City Council have made important strides towards implementing HALA, but much of the work lies ahead.

- In September 2015, the City Council passed Resolution 31609 setting a work plan and directing City Departments to implement HALA recommendations.
- In October 2015, the City Council passed Ordinance 118505 renewing and expanding the Multi Family Tax Exemption (MFTE) program. MFTE incentivizes builders to set aside 20% of housing units in a new building as rent restricted.
- + In October 2015, the City Council passed Ordinance 124882 strengthening regulations for assistance to displaced tenants.
- In June 2016 City Council passed Ordinance 125054, which strengthens tenant protections by prohibiting landlords from raising rents in substandard rental units.



- + In August 2016 Seattle voters approved a renewed and increased housing levy.
- In August 2016 the Mayor and City Council worked together to pass the Open Housing ordinance, adding antidiscrimination protections for Seattle renters.

What's happening now?

UPCOMING ACTIONS

Right now, we are discussing HALA recommendations that we need your input on, including:

- + Create the Fair Chance housing program
- Pass a Mandatory Housing Affordability (MHA) program for new development
- Housing Preservation Program

Community engagement

WE NEED YOUR HELP

In January 2016, an extensive public engagement process began, calling on the community at large to weigh in on the Housing Affordability and Livability Agenda.

To address the housing crisis, stakeholders from all corners of our community are pitching in. We need your input and are looking for creative suggestions on how the HALA recommendations should be implemented. There are many options for how residents can give input on HALA.

Your ideas will shape how HALA recommendations are implemented, especially in neighborhood areas.



Community member comments from a HALA Open House meeting in November 2015.

Seattle Housing Levy

RENEW AND INCREASE THE HOUSING LEVY

In August 2016 Seattle voters approved this innovative property tax levy for the fifth time, increasing the size of the Levy to \$290 million, to address the growing affordability crisis in our city. The Housing Levy has a 30-year track record of creating affordable housing with services to support at-risk families, seniors, and people with disabilities, providing rental assistance to prevent homelessness, and preserving housing to prevent displacement of long-term residents.

To date, the Housing Levy and other City funds have created and preserved over 12,500 affordable homes, helped 800 low-income families purchase their first home, and provided emergency rental assistance to 6,500 households.



In 2015, the Office of Housing awarded a record \$57 million that will enable over 900 new affordable units for low-income households.

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Strengthening Tenant Protections

The Mayor and Council are working together, passing Ordinance 125054 in June, 2016, which strengthens protections for renter households that live in substandard dwelling units and/or experience other prohibited landlord-led actions. lements of the legislation:

- + Require minimum housing standards to be met when rent increases occur.
- + Enhance protections for tenants against prohibited landlord-led actions (e.g. retaliation for complaints).
- Transfer primary City responsibility for enforcing against prohibited acts by landlords and tenants from the Seattle Police Department (SPD) to SDCI.
- Enable enforcement action against landlords that do not provide 60 days' notice before applying a rent increase of 10% or more.
- + Streamline the penalty structure for violations of the Housing Code.

Legislation protects tenants from rent increases without adequate notice.

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Mandatory Housing Affordability (MHA)

BUILDING AFFORDABILITY AS WE GROW

The proposed MHA program would ensure new commercial and multifamily buildings either include affordable housing units or make a payment towards affordable housing, in exchange for increases in development capacity. MHA is part of the Grand Bargain struck in July 2015.

- + The City Council adopted a framework for the MHA-Commercial program in November 2015.
- + A City Council committee approved a framework for the MHA-Residential program in August of 2016.



HOUSING AFFORDABILIT

New development would be required to provide or help pay for affordable housing.

The frameworks enable MHA — they do not implement the program. Throughout 2016, the City will craft zoning changes to implement MHA across the city. Extensive engagement with communities will occur before any such changes go into effect.

The University District neighborhood, followed by the Downtown and South Lake Union neighborhoods are the first areas expected to have MHA. Increases in zoning allow for the construction of more housing to help meet demand, and they enable the City to implement MHA using a state-approved legal pathway. MHA is not expected for other neighborhood areas until 2017, after the community engagement process, and an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). In the Fall of 2016 the City will release a draft map of what the possible zoning changes in neighborhoods across the City could look like.

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Fair Chance Housing

ENSURING FAIR ACCESS TO HOUSING

An estimated one in every three adults in the United States has a criminal record, and nearly half of all children in the U.S. have one parent with a criminal record. Due to a rise in the use of criminal background checks during the tenant screening process, people with arrest and conviction records face major barriers to housing.

The Seattle Office for Civil Rights is bringing together a diverse set of stakeholders to provide input on a legislative strategy to address barriers faced by people with arrest and conviction records while balancing business and safety concerns.





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TIMELINE		Community	input, drafting, and researc	h	
APR 2016	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP

Housing Preservation Program

Preserving existing affordable housing opportunities

City departments are working together to develop a multi-pronged housing preservation strategy. Tools for housing preservation include:

- + Acquisition of existing housing by nonprofits/CBOs, supported by MHA, housing levy and other funds.
- + Incentivizing rent and income restrictions in the private market (i.e. preservation tax exemption, and rehab financing).
- + Sustainable ownership preservation (i.e. home repair loans and grants, single-family weatherization).



Preservation strategies seek to secure existing housing at affordable levels.

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TIMELINE					
APR 2016	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP

HALA Community Engagement Plan

This is an overview of how the community can give input on HALA. Other ideas for how to provide input are welcome.



and make efforts to reach areas throughout the city. The purpose of HALA

Update local neighborhood areas on HALA progress and next steps

Listen to feedback from local groups that will shape HALA actions

Consider neighborhood preferences for how HALA actions fit local

participation at neighborhood meetings is to:

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conditions

- Citywide conversations are meant to: Get the word out about HALA
- Update the community at large on HALA progress and next steps
- Highlight current issues we are working on
- Listen to feedback from a broad public audience that will shape HALA actions



Early 2017 Citywide **Conversation #5**

Community	Verify What We Heard Roll Out Next Steps		
Focus Group Meetings	Focus Topics may include:		
	• MHA implementation in neighborhood areas		
Neighborhood Meetings	 Improve City permitting processes Social impact investing 		
	• Others		
nd editorials	 Large summit style meeting E-mail newsletter Direct mail 		

Others TBD...

Community Focus Groups consist of 4 - 6 representatives from each Urban Village and adjacent neighborhood area. The groups are a sounding board to give focused feedback - particularly on

- There are four focus groups, each comprised of about 40 community members
- Each reflects a broad range of perspectives

Affordability (MHA) program

- Focus groups meet monthly starting in May, and are facilitated by an independent third party Groups conduct a detailed review of land use changes to implement the Mandatory Housing
- Meetings and conversations are transparent and open to the public
- Participants are encouraged to relay information to their home neighborhoods