# APPENDIX E Draft EIS Comments Received at the Public Hearing

This appendix includes public comments submitted verbally and in writing at the Draft EIS public hearing held on May 31, 2018. Responses to these comments are provided in Section 5.6.

### **Public Comment Hearing**

## Accessory Dwelling Units Draft Environmental Impact Statement

May 31, 2018



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Page 1 ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT PUBLIC COMMENT Taken at City Hall, 600 Fourth Avenue Seattle, Washington May 31, 2018 6:30 p.m. REPORTED BY: Nancy M. Kottenstette, RPR, CCR 3377

Page 2 1 ALY PENNUCCI: Good evening, everyone. 2 We're going to get the public hearing started if you 3 haven't already taken a seat. I'm Aly Pennucci with the city council central staff. I'm one of the 4 5 co-managers for the EIS. And I'm joined by my 6 co-project manager as well Nick Welch from the Office 7 of Planning and Community Development and Andrea 8 Petzel from our consultant team. 9 We wanted to thank all of you for coming out 10 tonight to provide comments on the draft EIS. I thank 11 my colleagues from the Department of Neighborhoods, 12 from the Office of Planning and Community Development, and Central staff to help make this meeting happen. 13 14 So thank you guys for coming. 15 With that, I will turn it over to Andrea who will go over some logistics, and then we'll get 16 17 started with the hearing. 18 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. So as Alv 19 mentioned, this is the formal public hearing for the 20 accessory dwelling units EIS. We will not be taking 21 any questions and answers. This is a time for you to 22 provide some feedback. 23 The hearing is being transcribed by our court 24 reporter, Nancy. So please speak clearly, and she may 25 ask you to repeat yourself. Speakers are limited to

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- 1 two minutes of public comment, and if you exceed that
- 2 time, we will cut off the mic and ask you to provide
- 3 your comments in written form. You can do that either
- 4 here in our comment forms which you can pick up
- 5 outside or leave it on our computer or type at your
- 6 own leisure at home.
- 7 Like I said, speakers are limited to two
- 8 minutes. If you are representing an organization, you
- 9 have five minutes, and that has been noted who those
- 10 people are and we will identify those if they're
- 11 groups, representing groups.
- 12 As a reminder, public comment will be accepted
- 13 until June 25, and all comments carry equal weight.
- 14 If you decide you do not want to testify, you are more
- 15 than welcome to leave your comments in writing or
- 16 submit them online to Aly.
- 17 We will proceed in the order in which you
- 18 signed up, and everybody should have received a
- 19 numbered card. Disregard the "a" on that. We'll just
- 20 simply be going by the numbers. We will have you
- 21 queue up right here, so I think at this time, if you
- 22 are one through four, would you please just queue up.
- 23 You will see the timer right here in front of
- 24 you on this desk. Green -- Aly will turn it green
- 25 when we're ready to start the comment period. Yellow

Page 4 1 will flash when you have 30 seconds left. Red will be 2 when we ask you to provide your comments in writing. 3 So with that, we will open the public hearing and accept comments to the Accessory Dwelling Unit 4 5 Environmental Impact Statement. We ask that all 6 speakers begin by identifying themselves clearly and 7 limit yourself to two minutes. And your little 8 number, you can leave it right in the box at the foot 9 of the microphone. Speakers one through four, if you 10 could please queue up, that would be great. 11 SHAWN HOSFORD: My name is Shawn 12 Hosford, and I live in Broadview. I've lived there for 27 years. I'm a third generation Seattle native, 13 14 and I want to provide affordable housing to others in 15 the community. We have a 1,000-square-foot lot that we live on. Our house is a 1930s small house space, 16 17 so it doesn't cover much space. And we did a similar size garage. The garage is 800 square feet. 18 19 We live in a neighborhood that has underground 20 springs. Broadview is crazy with underground springs, 21 and, therefore, there's water issues at the bottom of 22 the hill. And, oftentimes, the building department 23 doesn't talk to the water department, and so they 24 don't know that those things are connected 25 necessarily.

Page 5 So we could build another unit on our lot 1 2 besides our garage and our house, but then the 3 neighbors down the hill would have water problems. They would have sewage coming down. The more you 4 cover the land, the harder it is on the downhill 5 6 neighbors. So we're not going to do that. 7 As you can see by the pictures I provided, we 8 spent a lot of time designing the garage to be the 9 style of the house. To add the 800 square feet above 10 the garage, we would not have to raise the roof at 11 all. Due to the rules, we can't do it so far. 12 I'm hoping that you all will look at your 13 rules and make it more of a menu style. If there's 14 14 rules, maybe there could be ten rules that you have 15 to adhere to because all neighborhoods are all 16 different. If you treat them all the same -- they're not all the same. Queen Anne is different than 17 1 Broadview that's different than Wallingford. I'd just 18 19 like to suggest a menu option. 20 And then in closing, I want to thank you for your time and your consideration and the fact that 21 22 you're even doing ADUs in a different way. I've been 23 struggling with this for about ten years now, so thank 24 you. 25 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you.

Page 6 1 Speaker 2. 2 EMILY JOHNSTON: Hi. My name is Emily 3 Johnston, and I'm a representative of 350 Seattle. We're a climate group, and so I look at housing very 4 5 specifically through a climate lens. 6 And the two are very distinctly connected. 7 Housing is a moral crisis in Seattle, but it is also a 8 climate crisis. Since the end of the financial 9 downturn, we've added more than 100,000 jobs here and 10 only 32,000 housing units. 11 What that means is we're pushing people out of the city, people who prefer to live in the city, and 12 that also means that their carbon footprints are 13 14 doubled essentially. Because people who live in and 15 walk in their neighborhoods have half the average 16 carbon footprint. 17 So everything I'm about to say speaks to the 18 fact that we need to build lots more housing, and we 19 need to do it soon. So the first thing I would ask is 20 that you actually go with an option for three ADUs. 21 Somebody could have two attached and one detached, and 22 one of the things that we should be encouraging is 1 23 internal conversions for empty nesters, for example, 24 who don't need 2,500 square feet anymore, can have two 25 interior flats and have -- you know, and then have one

		Page 7
1	other unit for themselves.	
2	Additionally, we should definitely have no	
3	parking requirements. Every time we choose privileged	
4	parking over housing, people lose out, and we also	
5	should have no owner occupancy requirements. If we	2
6	don't require ownerships in single-family housing, why	
7	would we require it in the rental that's attached to	
8	the single-family housing?	
9	We also need to waive development charges for	
10	low-income homeowners so that they can stay in their	
11	homes and afford to do that and also build additional	
12	homes that will help them stay in their homes. And we	[3]
13	also need to waive development charges for people who	
14	are building properly.	
15	A lot of these buildings will last for up to	
16	100 years, and what that means is we need to be	
17	encouraging green building centers like the living	
18	building standard, like green roofs, etc., and	[4]
19	offering people more incentives in order to build	
20	properly so we have a community friendly city. Thank	
21	you.	
22	ANDREA PETZEL: Speaker No. 3.	
23	And speakers five, six, and seven, please line	
24	up.	
25	ANGELA COMPTON: Thank you so much for	

Page 8 1 this opportunity to give comments to the update to the 2 ADU/DADU legislation. My name is Angela Compton. I'm 3 here on behalf of Futurewise. We're a statewide organization that works on preserving our green space 4 5 and farmland by curbing sprawl and the inner cities 6 livable for everyone. 7 I'm here today to give support for the 8 proposed updates that will make it easier for 9 construction of backyard cottages and basement homes. 1 10 As any of my Seattle neighbors know, we do not have 11 enough homes for all of our neighbors, and the fact 12 that we don't have enough homes is one of the biggest causes of homelessness and displacement. 13 14 But we all want our neighbors to have safe, 15 affordable homes; right? So then we must ask the question: Why are the City of Seattle's laws around 16 17 housing so restrictive? Are we afraid of creating too 18 many homes for people to actually live in? 19 This cannot be the case for a world-class city 20 like Seattle. Please make it easier to build homes 21 for my neighbors who desperately need them. 22 addition of more backyard cottages and basement 23 apartments to Seattle's neighborhoods will do nothing 24 but improve the liveability of these neighborhoods. 25 These types of accessory dwelling units are

		Page 9
1	the perfect homes for peoples transitioning,	
2	downsizing, or just starting out. With our lack of	
3	affordable land to build homes, these legislative	
4	changes need to happen. Let alone, the proposed	
5	changes are not enough.	
6	We urge you to continue pushing for innovative	1
7	solutions from the housing corridor and liveability	
8	agenda. We not only need more homes, but we need to	
9	make sure that some of those homes are reserved for	
10	our low-income neighbors. And as we continue to grow,	
11	the city is working to provide additional support and	
12	resources for our communities at risk of displacement.	
13	One additional support that we would really	
14	like to see in the update to the ADU/DADU policies is	
15	the addition of a preapproved design catalog for	2
16	property owners to select from. The creation of this	
17	sort of catalog would significantly cut down on the	
18	time and cost of building an accessory dwelling home.	
19	Seattle does not want to be a city that's seen	
20	as afraid of building too many homes. We should be a	
21	city that says we know that people are happier when	
22	they are able to live close to jobs, schools, and	
23	other amenities, and we are prepared to build the	
24	kinds of homes that it dictates next to a liveable and	
25	affordable future. Thank you.	

		Page	10
1	ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you.		
2	PATIENCE MALOBA: Good evening. My		
3	name is Patience Maloba, and I am here on behalf of		
4	Seattle for Everyone. We appreciate this opportunity		
5	to participate in testimony, and we appreciate the		
6	analysis and information provided in the EIS.		
7	I just wanted to begin by saying that we		
8	support the effort made by these updates in the EIS to		
9	ensure that we are reducing existing barriers to the		
10	production of accessory dwelling units.		
11	We all know the requirements have restricted		
12	the opportunity for homeowners to actually be able to		1
13	produce new housing types, and we want to ensure that		
14	they are part of the housing solution as well by being		
15	able to produce new housing types. Allowing		
16	(inaudible) will enable production of more backyard		
17	cottages and modern in-home units, which can mean more		
18	affordable units and more affordable homes across the		
19	city in all parts of the city.		
20	But alone these changes are not enough; right?		
21	One additional resource that we would like to see		
22	alongside the updates is the creation of new ways for		2
23	moderate-income households to be able to actually		
24	apply for city-sponsored grants that enable them to		
25	financially convert their basements into apartments		

Page 11 1 leading to more people being able to actually stay in 2 place within their neighborhoods and not be pushed out of their neighborhoods. And in that way, we're 3 4 creating a more stable community. 2 5 We look forward to working with the city as we 6 ensure implementation of more accommodations and also 7 as we find ways to create programs that will allow and ensure low-income populations and communities of color 8 9 to have access and retain access to those new housing 10 types. Thank you. 11 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. 12 THE WITNESS: Hi. My name is Laura Loe 13 Bernstein, and I'm a renter in the U-District. And I 14 live in the basement of a house. I would love it to 15 have a kitchen. I'm an organizer, a volunteer with 16 the all-volunteer group called MOAR, M-O-A-R. And we 17 started when the scoping came out for the EIS and 1 18 decided to do a petition and got 500 folks to sign on 19 in two weeks to this idea of not just an 20 Alternative 2, not just an Alternative 3, but looking 21 beyond cottages to other housing types that would fit 22 in the single-family envelope. 23 And so that petition is online. I really 24 encourage everyone to look at it, and it's tied to an 25 article that the person's name Matt wrote about

Page 12 1 10 different ways to look beyond cottages. The EIS that came out after the scoping speaks to that. 2 speaks to the historical legacy of our single-family 3 homes, who's been able to afford one, who's been 4 priced out of certain neighborhoods, who's been 5 6 limited from home ownership through redlining, through 7 racial covenants, and how all of that plays into 1 8 backyard cottages. 9 The document is incredibly educational. 10 a middle school math and science teacher. The EIS is 11 something that can serve us, not just for cottages, 12 but in our wider housing discussions, especially around some of the misconceptions that people have 13 14 around teardowns. The study actually showed that this 15 will help prevent some of the teardowns in our city. And there's other kind of myths that are dispelled by 16 17 this document that are really important. So MOAR represents 500 folks that signed the 18 19 petition as well as about 50, 60 people that meet 20 regularly and 300 folks that meet online to discuss 21 things like private financing for backyard cottages, 22 and we encourage everyone to join us and please 23 request the most far-reaching, beyond-cottages policy 24 that we can have. 25 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you.

Page 13 1 Speaker 6, you are representing an 2 organization. You have five minutes. 3 And can I have a group -- Group 8, 9, and 10 can line up as well, please. 4 5 CALVIN JONES: Hi. My name is Calvin 6 Jones. I'm here with members of Seattle Tech 4 7 Housing, and I'm also a renter in Madison Valley. I'm 8 a big fan of the proposed changes to the ADUs. 9 Madison Valley is a high-opportunity neighborhood, and 10 every ADU that we build in my neighborhood means that |1| 11 someone else has access to the amazing parks, the 12 frequent transit, the access to groceries, and the 13 great schools that my neighborhood has to offer. 14 And I think this is a really great opportunity 15 that we, as a city, should take. I'd love to see the 16 city do more. I think that ADUs provide us some 17 creative ways to affect issues like displacement in 18 the city. 19 One potential option could be providing a 20 public subsidy to low-income homeowners in 21 high-expensive neighborhoods. So the rental income 2 22 from the ADU could help them afford to live in the 23 neighborhood, and maybe even in the ADU, they would 24 welcome back a formerly displaced neighbor. 25 you.

Page 14 1 RACHAEL LUDWICK: Hi. My name is 2 Rachael Ludwick, and I live in North Beacon Hill. 3 also here for Seattle Tech 4 Housing. I actually -my family actually built a backyard cottage a few 4 5 years ago under the city rules. And it actually had a 6 house there that had been built decades ago that would 7 not be usable. You couldn't build where it is now the 8 way it is. And it was before you could do that, 9 before the rules were in place. 10 And it was actually really hard to build in 11 that new process, and the new rules would have made it easier and cheaper and less complicated. But it is 12 built now, and the thing that is really great is my 13 14 mother moved in six months ago. And I have a 15 four-year-old daughter, so that's her granddaughter. So she lives with us. She is at retirement age now, 16 17 not in the best of health, and her living there is one of the best things our family has done. 18 19 And she's going to get to see her 20 granddaughter, and my daughter is going to see her 21 grandmother growing up. I think that should be easier 1 22 for everyone. That's why I'm asking the city council 23 to move forward on these changes and remove as many 24 barriers as possible that might stop a family from 25 building this so that they can have their family and

		Page 15
1	multigenerational family and still stay in Seattle.	
2	We should allow use of the lot. We should	
3	definitely not care about which kind depending on what	1
4	families can do. They may want to build two detached	
5	ones and two little apartments. It shouldn't matter	
6	what kind it is. If we can build more, we should	
7	build more. We should allow the greater square foot.	
8	If you're building it as rental income so your family	
9	can stay in Seattle, we might need that extra space.	
10	We should allow the greater height limits,	
11	2 feet greater height limits. We should especially	
12	encourage people that do green building. Our roof, we	2
13	couldn't have a roof deck with a green roof on it	
14	under the current rules just because the zoning, and	
15	that seems silly given the issues of climate change.	
16	We definitely shouldn't be requiring parking	
17	or owner occupancy because that would limit the	
18	ability to actually build more units and actually have	
19	the flexibility. To require parking, you might not	
20	have the space to have grandma in your backyard.	3
21	Every restriction that might stop a family from	
22	building is stopping a family from living their life	
23	in a way that supports them and keeps them in the	
24	city.	
25	It also might force them into a situation	

Page 16 1 where they have greater environmental impacts and, you 2 know, contribute to climate change more. We should do 3 the most that we can. Thank you. ERIC: Hi there. My name is Eric 5 (inaudible). I work in tech. I'm in favor of 6 housing. So, yeah, I moved to Seattle about ten years 7 ago. We bought our house last year. It's a great 8 place. It could definitely accommodate a backyard 9 cottage. It's on a corner lot, so it would have its 10 own -- the backyard cottage would have its own street 11 frontage. It would be this nice little house along the street that's like every other house, but the 12 1 problem is that our lot is a whole 80 square feet 13 14 smaller than the requirement. 15 So these changes would enable us to build that 16 where it is not currently allowed, and I think this would be great. I've seen so many friends my age who 17 are not fortunate to work in the tech industry. 18 19 They've been forced farther and farther out from the 20 city center because we don't have enough houses. 21 need more houses. Let me put one in my backyard. 22 Thank you. 23 ZACH LUBARSKY: My name is Zach 24 Lubarsky. I'm also part of Seattle Tech 4 Housing. 25 Thank you so much for doing the EIS.

Page 17 1 I think what needs to go through to the final EIS is a combination of Alternatives 2 and 3. 2 3 Having -- allowing three ADUs on a single lot is the 1 most important thing. Also try not to -- try not to 4 5 have MHA applied to the third ADU because that's going 6 to make it pretty financially unviable, and 7 alternatives to height limits is not super great. 8 ELAINE IKE: Thank you for letting me 9 speak. My name is Elaine Ike. I represent myself and 10 Seattle Green Spaces Coalition. 11 Currently, one thing that certainly is not 12 apparent in any of the planning here tonight is that 13 63 percent of the urban tree canopy exists on private 14 lots, and, currently, the City of Seattle and Rob 15 Johnson is pushing for a more robust trees ordinance. That has not been reflected in the planning as well. 16 17 I believe that the proposal to have accessory 1 dwelling units is a good one but not if it displaces 18 19 trees. We need the environmental positive things that 20 trees can give to the community, namely, the air, the 21 air we breath, and filtering the water. 22 The present tree canopy is deficient. And my 23 question is: Will the planning here make it further 24 deficient already? We see multiple mature trees being 25 removed from neighborhoods, and I don't think that

		Page 18
1	Seattle can remain livable if we cut down more and	
2	more trees. It's just a fact. The heat effect is	
3	with us. May was the hottest month of May on record	1
4	in the history of Seattle, and we need those trees to	
5	do the services that it gives to us. Thank you.	
6	ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you for your	·
7	comment.	
8	Speaker 8. Please remember to speak right	
9	into the microphone too.	
10	MARTIN KAPLAN: Good evening. Thanks	
11	for the opportunity to speak tonight. My name is	
12	Martin Kaplan, an architect, and I represent the Queen	
13	Anne Community Council and the Land Use Committee.	
14	And we'd like to we're going to submit a	
15	comprehensive comment on the adequacy of the EIS, and	
16	that would be forthcoming before June 25. Tonight I	
17	want to drill down just on one element of the proposal	
18	that we feel very strongly deserves, you know, a lot	
19	more work.	
20	The SEPA test for EIS adequacy states: The	
21	environmental effects of the proposed action and	
22	reasonable alternatives must be sufficiently disclosed	1
23	and discussed and substituted by supportive opinion	
24	and data.	
25	What's left out in the EIS and has been left	•

Page 19 1 out for a couple years is this notion that we have over 38 distinct neighborhoods in the city of Seattle. 2 [1] We used to rely on neighborhood plans, neighborhood 3 planning, and involved neighborhoods in the 4 5 conversation to have some impact over their own 6 destiny. 7 What's happened is those neighborhood plans 8 have been genocide, and what we have now is a top-down 9 approach from city hall looks at the city as being 10 flat, looks at the city as being homogeneous, looks at 11 the city as all having the same size lots, same size 12 character, the same size street issues. 13 And we feel strongly that this proposal could 14 benefit strongly by looking at each neighborhood in a 15 more nuanced way, taking into consideration the unique 16 qualities and character behind each individual 17 neighborhood. And we'll be commenting further. 18 you. 19 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you for your 20 comments. 21 Speaker 9. And could I have 11 and 12 please 22 queue up. 23 ZACH SHANER: Thank you. My name is 1 24 Zach, and I'm a renter in Beacon Hill. When the EIS 25 process started a couple years ago, the median Seattle

Page 20 1 home was worth \$594,000. In the two years it's taken to get to the draft EIS, the median value is 725,000. 2 1 I say this just to say this political process is not 3 morally neutral. While we've talked studies, owning a 4 home has gotten \$131,000 harder, and time is of the 5 6 essence. In the meantime, my family has given up on 8 owning a home in the next few years. Instead, we've 9 been looking at paying for our close friends to build 10 a second story on their home as an ADU. They're both 11 teachers, and they recently inherited some money to 12 buy one of those gorgeous, classic, small north 13 Seattle homes. 14 As anybody knows and it's completely 15 unsurprising, they want to share (inaudible), and they 16 want to build both an ADU and DADU on their lot. For 17 one-third of the price of buying a 725 median home, my wife and I could have permanent residency. But under 18 19 the current law, what we want to do is illegal. 20 Despite being two blocks from the highest 21 selection of bus lines in the city and being just one 22 mile from Northgate station, their home is just one 23 block outside the urban village, and that's 24 single-family. 25 Despite having four parking spaces in front of

Page 21 1 their sidewalk of this north Seattle home, current law 2 requires off-street parking that would make the DADU portion feasible. Alternative 2 of the EIS would fix 3 4 that. At 3,800 square feet, the lot is 200 square 5 6 feet too small to allow ADUs. Alternative 2 would fix 1 7 that. Even if the units were legal under current law, if they were to move and want to rent out their 8 9 spaces, we would be functionally evicted because of 10 the owner occupancy requirement. Alternative 2 would 11 fix that as well. 12 I really dream of the day that we have painted 13 a process to stop housing rather than to permit it, 14 but in the meantime, this is a small step in the right 15 direction and that's due to Alternative 2. Thank you. 16 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. 17 ALICE LOCKHART: My name is Alice 18 Lockhart. I live in Licton Springs. We may all be 19 feeling a bit demoralized after the head tax spike, 20 but we know the fight for affordable housing in 21 Seattle is one that we cannot afford to lose. 22 We all need the opportunity to be safely 23 housed with big city and small carbon footprint lives. 24 The ADU final EIS is an opportunity to get a bit 25 secure in city housing without displacement and

Page 22 1 without taxpayer funding, and even cooler, the draft EIS found no significant impact from any of the 2 3 elements of any of the alternatives signifying that we can likely do more and in the final preferred 4 5 alternative. 6 In the final EIS, we absolutely need to 7 consider climate and climate impact of low- versus 8 high-carbon existence, here versus sprawl, in 1 9 determining what is the right thing to do. You know, 10 obviously, from a purely objective standpoint, it 11 needs to trump just about every, except for equity consideration, consideration that we're considering. 12 I wrote a lot of script there, but I feel 13 14 strongly. And as such, I urge you to adopt in the 15 preferred alternative no parking requirements, no MHA 16 requirements, no owner occupancy requirement, and no 2 17 other new requirements that are likely to reduce the number of people who will consider building a backyard 18 19 cottage or converting part of their existing home into 20 additional housing. 21 And, last, but not least, I would implore the 22 council to do all it can to help folks with limited 3 23 means to create backyard cottages and mother-in-law 24 apartments by streamlining processes, providing 25 financing, and providing incentives for both

Page 23 1 low-income folks and for green building. Thank you. 2 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. 3 Sam, could I have the last two sign-in sheets? Thanks. 4 5 Eleven. And could please 13 and 14 queue up. 6 SHERI NEWBOLD: Hello. Thank you for 7 performing the draft EIS and also giving me the 8 opportunity to give some feedback today. My name is 9 Sheri Newbold, and I'm an architect in Seattle. And 10 I've designed over 20 DADUs and ADUs, and I have one 11 in my house in Greenwood. 12 We need more flexibility in the land use code. 13 I know firsthand that more flexibility will allow us 14 to create more dwellings. I support Alternative 2, 1 15 all of those changes in it. It will give us much more 16 needed flexibility and allow more housing to be 17 created. 18 On a personal note, I also support 19 Alternative 2 since I own a small 700 square foot 20 rental house in Seattle on a 8,800 square foot lot. 21 There's plenty of space and it's flat. I would like 22 to keep it as a rental, turn it into a DADU, construct 23 a new house with an ADU on the property, and rent all 24 three of those units out, but, currently, I cannot do 25 that and add more units to the city.

Page 24 1 Please make these changes to the land use code 2 so that we have more flexibility, and people can add more units. Thank you. 3 ANDREA PETZEL: Just a quick status 5 update. We have 33 speakers, and thank you for keeping it to two minutes. 6 BRUCE NOURSSIT: My name is Bruce 8 Nourssit. I own a small west (inaudible) attached 9 single-family house in Seattle. It is 400 square 10 feet. It provides a great place for my tenant who is 11 a middle age woman, no kids, travels a lot. 12 perfect for her. It's another unit. It's another place someone can live in the city and enjoy 13 14 everything about it. It has a lot to offer. I support more housing across the board. I 15 16 support Alternative 2 because it provides the most 17 opportunity to build houses. I think building more 18 houses for people is more important than tree canopy, 19 than the institutes of neighborhood councils. I think 1 20 adding more people to a neighborhood doesn't take away 21 from its character. I support more housing. 22 My only complaint about this legislation is it 23 doesn't go far enough. We need to reevaluate the 24 single-family zoning in the city. The single-family 25 zoning was applied in the 1920s when what are now

Page 25 1 considered centrally located neighborhoods were in the 2 middle of nowhere. We need to think much bigger than 3 ADUs. We need to start thinking about abolishing 1 single-family zoning and making it possible for far 4 5 more people to live in Seattle. Thank you. I support 6 Alternative 2. 7 ANDREA PETZEL: Thirteen. Fifteen and sixteen can line up. 8 9 MATT HUTCHINS: Hi. My name is Matt 10 Hutchins, and I'm an architect and also work with MOAR 11 as an architect and as a West Seattleite. As a 12 Seattleite, I feel strongly that not only do we have a 13 housing crisis -- or an equity crisis and increasingly 14 unaffordable city, building more ADUs is going to 15 have -- could have potentially a huge impact if we 16 allow them to happen. 1 17 We need to take all the best of 2, Alt 2, and 18 all the best of Alt 3 and see how much more we can do. 19 We should at least allow two ADUs per property, 20 whatever form they take; at least two more people per 21 ADUs so we have 12 people per property; 200 square 22 feet per -- in extra space in the ADU; the 2 feet 23 height bonus because that makes construction a lot 24 easier; and 2 feet for green roofs for passive house 25 for different environmentally -- I should say living

Page 26 1 building rather than green building systems. All those things make living in an ADU and 2 DADU better. I am firmly against too much parking, 3 too many mansions, too many restrictions like owner 4 occupancy. They're entirely classist. If we believe 5 6 that it's okay to rent a house -- and, in fact, a 7 quarter of Seattleites do rent a house, if we believe 8 it's okay to live in an apartment, more than half of 9 Seattleites rent, why should we not be able to add 2 10 more house and rent both. 11 And then, finally, anything that we can do to restrict the cost of permitting across property tax; 12 anything that we can do that's going to help lower 13 14 income people who do not have the benefit of equity 15 that's built up in this kind of crazy real estate 16 world to purchase one of these and to build one of 17 these and to live in one of these, I support. 18 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. Fourteen. 19 DON MILES: I'm Don Miles. I'm a Queen 20 Anne resident, and I also own a rental house in West 21 Seattle. If one looks at the EIS, it doesn't say that 22 this is going to solve our affordable housing, and so 23 I would suggest people look closely at what it 24 actually says. 25 I think Alternative 1, to some degree, is

		Page 27
1	given short shrift in the EIS, particularly in the	
2	summary sections. I think that the environmental	1
3	impacts of Alternative 1 should be more thorough in	
4	nature because, of course, those many of those	
5	units exist now.	
6	I also think that sloping sites in hillside	
7	neighborhoods needs to be addressed in the aesthetic	2
8	section. I think skinny streets or dual streets need	
9	to be looked at in the transportation section. I	
10	think that historic preservation needs to be	
11	addressed, and it isn't currently.	
12	In the full build-out section, the	
13	illustrations show a number of aggregate impacts of	
14	the concentration of this development in a specific	
15	neighborhood site. The EIS refers to these	
16	concentrations that could potentially be problematic	<u></u>
17	or having more impacts. I think that in the full	3
18	build-out scenario, you're getting something that	
19	could create a sort of alley community or backyard	
20	community, which could have security and safety issues	
21	and turns its back on the socializing effect of the	
22	urban sidewalk.	I
23	ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. We'll have	
24	you submit the rest of your comments in writing,	
25	please.	

		Page 28
1	Speaker 15?	
2	Okay. Thank you.	
3	Speaker 16?	
4	JESSE SIMPSON: Hi. I'm Jesse with the	
5	Capitol Hill Renters Initiative and Mill Park	
6	Neighbors. I'd like to speak in favor of the broad	
7	proposal and specifically in favor of Alternative 2	
8	since it broadly allows the most ADUs to be built	
9	overall.	
10	Seattle is in the midst of a housing	1
11	affordability crisis, and we need to do anything we	
12	can to build homes in the city. We need to open up	
13	the vast areas of the city that are zoned	
14	single-family housing for people with lesser means to	
15	live in. And that means ADUs, and I think also going	
16	beyond that and abolishing single-family zoning as a	
17	whole.	
18	I'd like to echo the point that we shouldn't	
19	have any parking requirements for ADUs requiring	
20	parking when putting in backyard cottages,	
21	mother-in-law apartments. Much less feasible in most	2
22	development situations. We need to prioritize	
23	creating spaces for people to live over spaces to park	
24	cars.	
25	Alternative 2, again, I'd like to see it	

Page 29 1 implemented with some slight changes, specifically 2 allowing more flexibility in terms of type of ADUs, not distinguishing between attached and detached ADUs. 3 3 There are parts of the city with larger homes on 4 relatively small lots that are ripe for internal 5 6 conversions and other areas with small homes and large 7 lots where you can build multiple homes with a 8 detached building. 9 Making the rules as flexible as possible will 10 help more people feasibly fill these ADUs and add to 11 Seattle's housing stock and help more people within 12 the city. Thanks. 13 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. 14 And 19 and 20 and 21 can line up. 15 JESSICA WESTGREN: Good evening and 16 thank you for your time and attention. My name is 17 Jessica, and I'm here from Welcoming Wallingford. 18 Tonight I'd like to speak to you in favor of the 19 ADU/DADU Alternative 2. 1 20 I'm not going to surprise anyone when I 21 mention that we are in a housing crisis. Backyard 22 cottages, mother-in-law cottages are the smallest, 23 least impactful way for us as a city to house our 24 citizens. Currently, we cannot build duplexes, 25 triplexes, four floors, and corner stores on the

Page 30 1 majority of our land. Wallingford enjoys access to several iconic 2 3 Seattle parks, transit that travels both north and south and east and west. These opportunities should 4 5 be made available to more people. Backyard cottages 6 and mother-in-law apartments allows families to stay 7 together. A parent can house their children. Aging 8 family members can downsize and remain in your family. 9 These things are both important and impactful. 10 I like Alternative 2 for several reasons. 1 11 of all the alternatives, No. 2 removes the most 12 barriers to entry. It does the most to make building 13 backyard cottages possible. No owner occupancy and no 14 off-street parking required are great. It potentially 15 reduces predevelopment costs, which is awesome. 16 I say that if our citizens want to address the 17 housing crisis with their own hands using their own 18 land, then let them do so. I do want to add a small 19 bit, though. If you're going to create a whole bunch 20 of landlords by creating a whole bunch of backyard 21 cottages, I think it would be great if the city 22 offered lease writing classes and legal classes so 23 that these new landlords can feel prepared to navigate 24 the complicated Seattle landlord-tenant laws. 25 Thanks again for your time and have a

Page 31 1 wonderful evening. 2 GLEN PITTENGER: My name is Glen 3 Pittenger. I'm a third-generation Seattle resident, 40-year city resident, and a 25-year homeowner in 4 5 Maple Leaf, and I fully support Alternative 2 from the 6 draft EIS because I feel it creates more housing in 7 the city in the vast, vast single-family zones and 8 allows us to share our land with more people. 9 It allows us to downsize a place, and I think 1 10 many of us would like to know we can live on our land 11 forever and not be priced out. Doing that may just 12 promote more teardowns and more \$2 million mini 13 mansions, and that doesn't do anything for anybody and 14 nothing for our affordability. Don't allow a snobby 15 2 percent that used to dominate our neighborhood 16 councils to tell the rest of us how we can live on our 17 land. 18 ANDREA PETZEL: Speaker 19 and have 20, 19 21, 22. 20 LARRY CALI: My name is Larry Cali. 21 I'm a 48-year resident of Queen Anne Hill, and I agree 22 with Marty Kaplan that, yes, every neighborhood is 1 23 unique. But in order to be fair and equitable for all 24 neighborhoods that whatever alternative is adopted 25 that it be citywide, go into effect on the same day,

Page 32 1 and no exceptions. It's the only way that this 2 proposal, whatever it might be that is adopted, would 3 be fair and equitable to the whole city. Thank you. ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. I just want 5 to make sure we didn't miss Speaker 19? 6 MIKE STECKLER: No, I'm good. 7 ANDY FESSEL: My name is Andy Fessel, 8 and I'm a homeowner in Seattle. And it seems like 9 it's Queen Anne against the rest of the city, but I'm 10 a homeowner in Queen Anne. I say let's do a DADU in 11 my backyard. 12 And I'm here for the future. The future I see is my daughter. She's age 31. She's a medical 13 14 professional; spends from early in the morning until 1 15 late in the evening helping people with rheumatism up on Pill Hill. And she called my wife and said, "I 16 17 need you, Mom and Dad, to help me with this family stuff." 18 19 And my wife got my grandkids, and so we looked 20 all around for solutions. How can we make this work 21 in the city in terms of commuting and where they might 22 live, etc. As we looked around at different homes and 23 found a cottage, a DADU, in the alley and said what a wonderful idea. I'd be more than willing to walk 24 25 across the backyard to take care of grandkids.

Page 33 1 So I tell my daughter that DADU stands for dad and you. And so I hope -- we're in great support, my 2 wife and I, for Option 2. We want to confirm that our 3 daughter and my son-in-law wouldn't live in the city 4 if we didn't have a DADU option. They would be 5 6 commuting in from the east side. You lose that youth 7 that the city is all about. 8 We have a next-door house to us that has been 1 9 sold twice in recent months all by dot-com 10 millionaires. Since they have a kid, they move out to 11 Issaquah and on to the next dot-com millionaire. 12 That's not the future of the city. The future of the 13 city is young people living here, growing, and going 14 to the schools. 15 I take the bus to Seattle Community College. 16 I want to get back into the high-tech sector. My wife does volunteer work. We're the future, but we want to 17 18 age in place, so we need more storage. We need a 19 garage. We want to be able to take the funds out of 20 our house when we move on, so we need to allow our 21 daughter to buy from us and rent it to someone else. 22 So we should consider those changes, and they can be 23 for dad and all the kids. Thank you. 24 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. 25 Let's have 24, 25, 26 line up as well.

		Page 34
1	KRIS ILGENFUTZ: I'm Kris Ilgenfutz,	
2	and I'm from the Fauntleroy neighborhood. And I'm	
3	following up on a letter that was sent from the	
4	Fauntleroy Community Association in November 2017	
5	expressing our requests for the city to consider as	
6	they look at ADUs and DADUs.	
7	And one of the things that I would like to	
8	strongly urge is that an owner must be present in one	
9	of the units for at least six months of the year, and	
10	I would like you to request I would like to request	
11	that parking be required for each unit built. The	
12	Fauntleroy Community Association and our neighborhood	
13	will be following up with comments towards the end of	
14	June. Thank you very much.	
15	ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you.	
16	Twenty-three.	
17	PAUL CHAPMAN: Hi. I'm Paul Chapman.	
18	I'm from Welcoming Wallingford. Thank you all for the	
19	work that you put into pulling together this EIS and	
20	running this meeting for us.	
21	We need this change. For over the last	
22	100 years or so, we have incrementally restricted	
23	housing on the 80 percent of the residential land in	
24	Seattle. And, unfortunately, my neighborhood,	
25	Wallingford, has for decades been at the forefront of	

Page 35 1 excluding the housing we need to address our growing 2 population. 3 Do not let obstructionist homeowners block much needed housing in our city. It will increase the 4 5 number of affordable units and give homeowners options 6 to generate income and age in place. Do not let 7 concerns over canopy displace people in favor of 8 trees. 1 9 Unfortunately, however, this proposal doesn't 10 go far enough. We don't need 3,300 units. We need 11 33,000. I strongly encourage you to implement these 12 changes and to streamline permitting issues that make 13 it harder for owners to build these units. I 14 encourage to you to provide incentives to entice owners to build. Thank you very much. 15 16 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. Twenty-four. 17 18 KAREN DeLUCAS: Hi. My name is Karen 19 DeLucas. I am an architect as well as a homeowner in 20 Madison Valley. My husband and I were fortunate 21 enough to go to our own new house. The last few years 1 22 we had an attached ADU inside of that. 23 I'm here today to support many of the changes 24 that the EIS has been looking at, including allowing 25 two ADUs on a lot, increasing the size of a DADU,

Page 36 1 allowing for ADUs on smaller lots, removing -- removal 2 of the parking requirement as well as the removal of 3 the owner occupancy. One of the other bigger barriers to building 4 1 more ADUs I see is financing. Construction costs are 5 6 soaring in Seattle, and trying to get financing to 7 build DADUs or ADUs traditional ways is actually 8 rather difficult. So I would encourage the city to 9 look at creative ways of financing them. 10 ANDREA PETZEL: Twenty-five? 11 Twenty-six. 12 BEN WADSNED: Twenty-six. My name is 13 Ben Wadsned. I've lived in Seattle for about 25 14 years, and I'm lucky at this point to own four houses, 15 two of them with my brother. Three of these are 16 rentals, and the fourth I live in with a DADU over the 17 garage. 18 I should have brought my reading glasses. 19 comments tonight are focused on the owner occupancy [1] 20 requirement because we want to have dwelling units on 21 two of these properties. But I want to tell you about 22 two of these houses as well as a third house that I 23 don't own. 24 House No. 1 is the house my brother lived in 25 for six years before leaving Seattle for a job. It's

Page 37 1 a four-bedroom house with two rooms on the main floor 2 and two in a daylight basement. We lived in it. We |1| lived upstairs and rented downstairs out to several 3 different single people for six years. 4 5 Sometimes he had a roommate, but it was 6 usually just him. So three people and never more than 7 three cars. Today we can don't that. For whatever reason, we rented it out probably three times over the 8 9 last ten years and had very few families interested 10 and had none interested enough to rent it. We ended 11 up renting it to four roommates. That means four 12 roommates and today four cars. You get my point. 13 ADU/no ADU, it doesn't really matter. 14 The other house I want to tell you about is a 15 1,000 square foot house on a 9,000 square foot lot on 16 a back alley. The backyard is virtually empty with 17 the exception of a garage that gets very little use because there's ample parking in front and has access 18 19 to the front of the house a lot easier. 20 I'm really eager to build a backyard cottage 21 in the backyard of this house and add another 22 dwelling, but I can't do that because I don't live on 23 the property. That's one less home in a desirable but 24 not especially expensive neighborhood. I'm not 25 looking to sell the property, but as the EIS made

Page 38 1 clear, the smartest thing I could do from a financial standpoint would be to tear the house down and build a 2 3 big new house and sell it. I don't want to do that. The last house I want to tell you about I 4 1 don't own. It's down the street from where I live. 5 6 It was, up until 2015, a small post-war shoebox that 7 sold for 400,000 in 2015. It's now a 3,800-foot 8 McMansion that sold in July of last year for 9 1.6 million. 10 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. Please 11 submit the rest of your comments in writing. 12 BEN WADSNED: So bottom line, I urge you to -- I urge you strongly to adopt Alternative 2 13 14 and make this as easy as possible for homeowners and 15 landowners --16 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. BEN WADSNED: -- to add additional 17 properties. Thanks. 18 19 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. Could 28, 20 29, and 30 come on down. 21 MARIE KAHN: Hello. I'm Marie Kahn. 22 I've lived in Seattle for about 40 years. Whether you 1 23 like it or not, our city is growing, and some people 24 want to put their head in the sand and ignore the 25 growth and try and limit the amount of density that

Page 39 1 we're creating. The reality of that is you're just going to push it into large apartment buildings or 2 3 people commuting from out of the city into the city. 1 So I think that we need to get more density, 4 whether we like it or not, to maintain housing. New 5 6 development is very costly, so if we don't allow 7 integration in the neighborhoods like DADUs and ADUs, 8 you're going to get larger buildings, and you're going 9 to get more dense buildings that are expensive and, by 10 their nature, are not very affordable. 11 You don't get developers buildings large 12 apartment buildings in a dense area and building cheap 13 apartments. It just doesn't happen very often. 14 DADUs and ADUs are, by their nature, lower cost 15 housing than a lot of the new big buildings. They 16 don't have parking garages. They don't have a lot of 17 the systems that bigger buildings have. 18 ADUs and DADUs are not really bastions of 19 large developers. You're not going to find developers 20 coming into neighborhoods building duplexes and 21 triplexes and destroying the nature of our 22 neighborhoods. Big developers come in, they mow down 23 houses, and they build a McMansion because that's 24 where they make their most money. 25 So I don't think that this is a risk of

Page 40 1 changing the character of our neighborhoods by having 2 large developers coming in and spoiling the character of the neighborhoods. The DADUs and ADUs are going to 3 1 be the bastion of mom-and-pop landlords and small 4 5 family landlords, and I think that creates a more 6 intimate landlord-tenant relationship. And it's a 7 better landlord-tenant relationship to maintain the 8 character of our city. 9 I think that allowing DADUs and ADUs gives 10 people more options to live in home. If you have 11 someone waving a \$1.2 million check in your face and you're on a limited budget and you have the option of 12 having a DADU in your backyard and maintaining your 13 14 home, I think that gives people better option than 15 selling out and having their home leveled and a large 16 McMansion built in its place. ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. 17 18 MARIE KAHN: In short, I think this is 19 a low-impact way of integrating more people into our 20 city and not creating larger buildings in dense areas. 21 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. 22 THE WITNESS: We'll have Speaker 28. 23 DAVID MOEHRUNG: My name is David 24 Moehring. I'm with the Magnolia Community Council, 25 and I just handed to you a petition signed by

Page 41

1

- 1 87 people in the city of Seattle looking for an
- 2 additional alternative above and beyond what has been
- 3 presented.
- 4 DADUs are a good idea, but so is open space
- 5 and so is trees. We can have both. We don't have one
- 6 or the other. However, if you look at what's in the
- 7 study, it's not shown on any of these boards is that
- 8 there's basically no more trees left on these private
- 9 properties except for the right-of-way. And
- 10 two-thirds of Seattle's trees are on single-family
- 11 lots.
- 12 So two ADUs in the backyard, guess what, where
- do the trees go? And it does impact our environment.
- 14 LiDAR did a study for Seattle in 2016, as you know,
- 15 and they show correlation directly where there's trees
- 16 versus where there is local heat. Where there is no
- 17 trees, we have local heat increase -- temperature
- 18 increase, more air-conditioning. And all of our
- 19 efforts to try to get a better environment for the
- 20 city of Seattle and state of Washington actually goes
- 21 the opposite direction. I encourage you to look at
- 22 those LiDAR studies as well.
- The density at two units on a 3,200 square
- 24 foot lot is too dense. It is more dense than the LR-1
- 25 comp house that I live in, in east side of Magnolia.

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Page 42 1 So I would encourage a wiser way -- and the petition actually encourages a way -- how to get to two units 2 3 without decreasing the open space. We also want to maintain public ownership of 4 our -- I mean not public. I'm sorry. Private 5 2 6 ownership rather than having people who don't 7 necessarily live in Seattle, such as happened in 8 Vancouver, B.C. and other places, but they rent the 9 land. 10 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. 11 Twenty-nine. 12 GREGORY SCRUGGS: Good evening. 13 name is Gregory Scruggs, and I'm just speaking on my 14 own behalf. I'm a resident of Squire Park. My wife 15 and I own a home in the study area of the EIS. We're in something of a doughnut hole between two urban 16 17 villages on a single-family lot. We do not -- we have a lot large enough for an 18 1 19 ADU under the current regulations, but we don't have 20 any off-street parking. And there is no room in the 21 current configuration without entirely moving our 22 house to add an off-street parking space. So I'm here 23 to support any of the alternatives that don't require 24 off-street parking in particular. 25 We do own a car. We park it on the street,

Page 43 1 but we don't anticipate that a future mother-in-law suite for my mother-in-law would need an additional 2 3 vehicle coming to the neighborhood. We have a number of trees in the backyard as well, and I can anticipate 4 planting new trees if we have to remove the old 5 6 ones -- or the existing ones to put in a new ADU. 7 And also I did want to support any of the 8 incentive options reducing carbon (inaudible), what 9 have you. We just bought a house. It's guite an 10 expensive undertaking to maintain one house and pay a 11 mortgage. So any of those possible short-term 12 incentives, like waiving fees and that sort of thing, 2 13 for a period of years would certainly help us. We 14 moved from an apartment to this house with a big 15 backyard, and it feels like valuable, precious urban 16 land that could go to waste that could ultimately serve to house a person. Thanks. 17 18 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. 19 So we'll have 32 and 33 queue up as well. 20 You are Speaker No. 31? Speaker 30? Go 21 ahead. 22 MEGAN MURPHY: Okay. So I'm really 23 interested in watching the carbon footprint decrease. 24 So it's really cool to watch this morph and take 25 shape. There's a lot of flexibility as it flowers

Page 44 1 and -- into something. So this is from MOAR. I looked it up. M-O-A-R. Because I thought this was 2 3 about the urban head text. I'm involved in the housing issues, and I 4 5 don't need a lot of space. So a lot of homeowners 6 that qualify for small loans from the Office of 7 Housing from the pool of MHA payments when creating 8 additional dwellings, I'm assuming that the interest 9 rates will be really low. Because usually when you 10 get one from the government, it has a reasonable 11 interest rate that you can trust. 12 So also you can have double ownership. Allow split ownership of lots, the existing house and the 13 14 new cottage, like a fee simple subdivision. That one 1 15 looks good. That one -- housing opportunity overlay, create a ring overlay within 10-minute walkshed of 16 17 schools, parks, urban villages, arterials, and frequent transit where additional housing is desired. 18 19 Allow residential small lot zoning with MHA and 20 overlay. 21 Make parking requirements for additional units 22 voluntary. Use green building incentives similar to 23 other improvement types. Allow 10 percent increase in 24 size in the height for projects on lots over 25 4,000 square feet. Allow 20 percent increase for lots

Page 45 1 over 5,000 square feet. Waive buildings permit fees for five years for ADUs and DADUs. Portland uses this 2 3 incentive improvement nearly one per day, six times the rate of Seattle's accessory dwelling unit 4 1 5 production. 6 So I like to see the community shaping the 7 rules instead of the rules shaping the community. So 8 thank you. 9 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. 10 We have Speaker 32 and 33. Speaker 32. 11 KELLI REFER: Hi. My name is Kelli 12 Refer. I am (inaudible) and a Wallingford resident. 13 Our family is currently in the process of building a 14 backyard cottage, and through this process, we've 15 actually learned a lot about how the current rules are 16 very restrictive. One, in particular, issue is the parking 17 18 requirement. Our family doesn't own a car. We have 19 no intention to. We're walk, bike, transit advocates. 1 20 And what we've sacrificed in the space for a car 21 parking spot on this property is actually a closet for 22 my baby. So her bedroom is going to be very tiny and 23 barely fit a twin bed, and because we needed to make 24 sure that we had a space for a car that we don't have, 25 we actually lost a lot of valuable space for our

		Page 46
1	family.	
2	We also lost garden space. I love trees. I	
3	love gardening. I want to see a good tree canopy in	
4	the city, but we did have to cut we didn't have to	2
5	cut down a tree, but we lost a lot of our green space	
6	due that that parking requirement. I support all of	
7	the proposed Alternative 2 recommendations.	
8	And another issue I just want to bring up is	
9	we've been waiting we've been working on this	
10	project since January of last year. We're just about	
11	to lay a foundation, and the majority of that time has	3
12	been spent with our project being held up in the	
13	permitting office. We need to expedite these projects	
14	quickly through the permitting office so we can get	
15	them built and create more housing for people.	
16	Finally, this is just one small step in	
17	dealing with Seattle's housing affordability crisis.	
18	We need to get rid of all the single-family zoning and	
19	open up the cities for all kinds of housing. Thank	
20	you.	
21	ANDREA PETZEL: That concludes those	
22	who have signed up on the sign-in sheet. Is there	
23	anybody wishing to make a comment? Yes? I'll have	
24	you sign in too, please.	
25	Q I was signed up and decided to go later.	

Page 47 1 BONNIE WILLIAMS: I'm from Wallingford, and I have a little bit different perspective. I 2 3 lived in Ballard for a long time, and I had one detached DADU built next to me that was illegal. The 4 city didn't discover it was illegal and refused to 5 6 inspect it. It had inadequate wiring, things like 7 that. 8 Anyway, so I have had some experience with 9 living near a detached dwelling unit, and I think one [1] 10 of the things that I see that could change is that the 11 entrance can be almost anywhere. And the thing that I 12 like about Alternative 1 is it still allows people to 13 build an ADU or a DADU. And maybe this will change, 14 but I think that to change the entrance, if someone 15 chooses to add another unit, I think that that 16 entrance should face into that yard instead of 17 compromising neighbor privacy, next-door neighbors. 18 If they don't want one, that's their choice. If they 19 do, then make it face into their yard. 20 Another thing is about the parking. 21 the parking should be looked at. My neighborhood, 22 because I don't think it's fair that people think that 2 23 there's room for unwanted cars, there really is not. 24 And I think it's a big issue in Wallingford and 25 Ballard and the neighborhoods.

		Page 48
1	I do support Alternative 1. Not everybody	
2	wants to be a landlord. Not everybody has room on	
3	their property. There is a possibility that property	
4	taxes could rise on single-family home lots, even if	[3]
5	you choose not to build. If this passed, it could	
6	affect the property taxes because the MHA upzones do	
7	affect property taxes, so that is something to be	
8	considered. Thank you.	l
9	ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you.	
10	EILEEN HIRAMI: My name is Eileen	
11	Hirami, and I've lived in Seattle for 37 years. And	
12	I've 10 years in areas where there was no curbs and	
13	sidewalks, but then I couldn't afford to live in those	
14	areas. So I ended up moving to a section of the city	
15	with no curbs and sidewalks and didn't realize I	
16	didn't feel as safe walking, particularly as the city	
17	gets busier, and there's a lot of cut-through traffic.	
18	I really support think we need a lot more	1
19	affordable housing, but like people said, you know,	
20	neighborhoods do differ. So I have one thought. You	
21	know, the guy said let's adopt the proposal citywide	
22	at the same time everywhere, but every neighborhood is	
23	not the same.	
24	How about adopt a proposal for the	
25	neighborhoods that have curbs and sidewalks for safety	
		1

Page 49 1 and good storm water management, storm water 2 management, and let's slow down. Let's do something different for neighborhoods, which there's a lot of 3 1 Seattle, north end and south end, that do not have 4 5 curbs and sidewalks and good storm water drainage. And that's my comment. Thank you. 6 7 DENNY BIRD: My name is Denny Bird, and 8 I'm a long-time resident of Seattle. And I'm all for 9 a little bit cheaper housing. I own a few apartment 10 buildings even and try to keep the rents down and 11 haven't raised the rents for two or three years, even 12 though the taxes have been going up. 13 My biggest concern is if you add a whole bunch 1 14 more structures without looking at the different 15 cities and locations that the infrastructure is going 16 to be a major problem. Because where I live right now 17 where you have trouble with water pressure, the 18 sewage, and all those issues that I think need to be 19 looked like. 20 ANDREA PETZEL: Thank you. And could 21 you come sign the sign-in sheet. 22 M.C. NACHTIGAL: Hi. My name is 23 M.C. Nachtigal. I currently live in West Seattle, but 1 24 I also own a home in Rainier Beach and another one in 25 Rainier View, which are rental homes. Especially the

Page 50 one in Rainier View, it's a 1,700-square-foot zone, 1 which is I think is absolutely ridiculous to me in 2 3 city limits and have a humongous backyard that could easily have multiple more houses with minimal impact. 4 5 And, obviously, I'm not allowed to. 6 But I echo all the things that other people 7 have said about the environmental impact, the human |1| 8 impacts, the carbon footprint, all of the reasons I 9 strongly support this. 10 But I would add one additional thing that I 11 would really like to see, and that is I think everyone 12 here knows people who have currently nonconforming ADUs. And I would really encourage to get them 13 14 permitted and make sure they are safe and make sure 15 they do follow regulations by giving a moratorium on any penalties. Really encourage all the ones that are 16 17 already out there to come forward and get permitted at whatever the current regulations are. Thank you. 18 19 ANDREA PETZEL: Any additional 20 comments? 21 Okay. If there are none, we'll consider the 22 comment period closed. Again, we're still accepting 23 written comments through June 25 online, and with 24 that, we'll close the public hearing. Thank you for 25 your time.

		Page 5	51
1	(The proceedings concluded at		
2	7:34 p.m.)		
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1	CERTIFICATE		
2			
3	STATE OF WASHINGTON		
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6	I, Nancy M. Kottenstette, a Certified		
7	Shorthand Reporter in and for the State of Washington,		
8	do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript of the		
9	proceedings on May 31, 2018, is true and accurate to		
10	the best of my knowledge, skill, and ability.		
11	I do further certify that I am a disinterested		
12	person in this cause of action.		
13	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my		
14	hand and seal this 11th day of June, 2018.		
15	ADTCA .		
16	The state of the s		
17	Nancy M. Kottenstelle RPR, CCR 3377		
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Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) Draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)

This form is for your comments on the ADUs Draft EIS. The comment period will be open from **May 10, 2018 to June 25, 2018**.

We encourage you to submit comments on-line at www.seattle.gov/council/adu-eis or use this form because it will help us efficiently respond to your comment, but you can submit comments in other ways too:

Via email: ADUEIS@seattle.gov

In writing to: Aly Pennucci, Council Central Staff, PO Box 34025 Seattle, WA 98124-4025

# Thank you for taking the time to provide your valued input.

### Public disclosure/disclaimer statement

**COMMENT:** 

Information submitted through this form may be requested by and provided to members of the public. Consistent with the Public Records Act, Chapter 42.56 RCW, all records within the possession of the City may be subject to a public disclosure request and may be distributed or copied. Records include and are not limited to sign-in sheets, contracts, emails, notes, correspondence, etc. Use of lists of individuals or directory information (including address, phone, or email) may not be used for commercial purposes.

Name: <u>Seen Marushic</u>
Fmail: SMarushica) gwail.com

An effective Draft EIS comment focuses on the environmental analysis and the alternatives, not on issues outside of the proposal. Comments addressing specific issues in the EIS and detailed suggestions for ways to improve the adequacy and completeness of the EIS are more effective than general support or opposition to ADUs. The ADU Draft EIS analyzes the following elements of the environment: Housing and Socioeconomics; land use, aesthetics, parking and transportation, and public services and utilities. Comment on as many or as few topics as you like.

We been a Scattle resident for 20 years now, a high school teacher for 14 of those, + a renter until just last year.

I lived, especially for the last decade or so, in constant fear of a sudden rise in rent + being prized out of the city, an especially scarry prospect because I didn't own a car.

Shore a transportation would be very challenging

OVER ->

٤,

COMMENT:

| " ve only recently become a homeowner, & found

myself with more space + parking than

I could possibly use. I want to brild ap +

out to give another couple + a friend

- my chosen family - a home. In spite of

their (upper?) middle class in comes, there's

no way they'll be able to afford their

own place, + the stability of a monty age,

on their own. There's a baby on the way.

Let us brild together live together, +

create together. We want to live + grow

in this city. Let us.

If you find that you need more room to make comments, please visit http://www.seattle.gov/council/adu-eis and click on the "Comment on the Draft EIS" link for the online version of this form.

Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) Draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)

This form is for your comments on the ADUs Draft EIS. The comment period will be open from **May 10, 2018 to June 25, 2018**.

We encourage you to submit comments on-line at www.seattle.gov/council/adu-eis or use this form because it will help us efficiently respond to your comment, but you can submit comments in other ways too:

Via email: ADUEIS@seattle.gov

In writing to: Aly Pennucci, Council Central Staff, PO Box 34025 Seattle, WA 98124-4025

# Thank you for taking the time to provide your valued input.

## Public disclosure/disclaimer statement

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Name: Brecca Smth Email: Brecca Smth@gmall.com

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# COMMENT:

As someone who has moved from lower-middle class renter to upper middle class homeowner in the last year 1 fully support Atternative 2. I am a passivery preschool teacher and before reclaims an inherstance I had no hope of owning a home and little chance of staying in Stattle, my city of 12 years. With an inherstance that made boying a home possible I desperatly want to boild an ADV or DADO

1

# **COMMENT:**

to help other people of doing important, come but I we paid, work of the people of they we shall be. Unfortunally our bot streets only 3,800 SF - meaning even-though we have the means and degine we cannot move forward in creating more having.

1

The need for housing 11 to great - pease down work any longer to allow home owners like myself the dead boild more places for people to live!

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•	of the environment: Housing and Socioeconomics; land use, aesthetics, parking and transportation, and utilities. Comment on as many or as few topics as you like.
DADUS d way to	DADUS are an efficient way to add density citywide the destruction noturally affordable older barsing options. The destruction noturally affordable older barsing options. I not take away from metaphogentary character of arc an effective and value to a lut. Vanjouver is full of them & it is seen and value from their implementation. DADUS also provide a sintshorted increase from their implementation. DADUS also provide a sintshorted increase for middle class homeowhers who are struggling to pair impression to the drawatic increase in probably takes.

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Name: Pers GUDONIS
Email: peter gulonis egnancion

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COMMENT:

- Walporton the MHA TARRES COULD PROHIBIT DEVELOPMENT AT \$13/57 ft

FRE PRENTARY 1,000 onthe MIGHT AMOUNT TO 4 5% TAR ON POTENTIAL \$26000

- PLEMSE DO NOT INCLUDE THIS SMALL-SCALE DEVELOPMENT INTO THOMAS.

- REVISE MIN. LOT TO 3,200 BUT ALSO ALLOW I UNIT PER 1,200 31 ft. WITH

TYPICAL COTS AT 4,000 - 5,000 ft, ONLY 2 or 3 ALE PRENTATED. WHAT'S PREFERBLE,

COTTAGES DE TALL TOWN HAMES WITH NO GREENSPARE? ESPECIALLY ADJUSTED.

- WHY WEET THE OWNER-OCCUPANCY RULE WHEN SHOET-TELL LEASES WITH

MORE THAN 2 PROPERTIES IS PROHIBITED?

- REDUIENG PARKING ALSO RESTRICTS SITES WHERE A SPOT CAN BE CROSSED.

ONLY, THIS IS AN EPPERTURY TO ALSO HERP THE MISSING MIDDLE

OF HUS IND STOLL, PROVIDE PRODUITING TO PRANILIES, AND INCREASE APPORTO ASSET

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Name:	Tim	Zerrell		
Email:	tim. i	zerrell@g	mail, com	

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COMMENT:
In Inture EIS's I encourage the city to examine an appropriate
COMMENT:  In Inture EISs I encourage the city to examine an additional albembive that goes further than the proposal instead of a halfway alternative. I am
enthusiastic about Alternative 2 and am crusions what an alternative
that allowed even further ATVs, more height, more lot area, etc would look
like.
AIPC.

1

2117 5<sup>th</sup> Ave. West Seattle, WA 98119 May 31, 2018

Aly Pennucci, AICP Council Central Staff 600 4<sup>th</sup> Ave. Floor 2, P.O. Box 34025 Seattle, WA

# Dear Aly Pennucci,

I am writing to comment on the Seattle Accessory Dwelling Units EIS, released to the public on May 10<sup>th</sup>. While I fully understand the need for additional and affordable housing, I do not feel the proposed plans are the reasonable way to do it. I support Alternative #1, leaving the present zoning laws intact, until solutions more in line with neighborhood plans can be developed. My reasons for opposing alternatives 2 and 3 are as follows:

1

1. Present zoning laws were crafted WITH community involvement; the proposed alternatives were not.

Homeowners have invested large portions of their assets in their homes on the basis of present zoning laws. Changing those laws would end single family residential areas in Seattle, and destroy the nature of our neighborhoods.

3

3. I live in a single family residential neighborhood on a street that already has 6 ADU's, both legal and illegal, with diversity in income, ethnicity, house size and lot size. I would be open to more ADU's and apartment buildings as long as they comply with present zoning laws. There are many apartment buildings in my neighborhood, most of which do offer parking.

4

4. It is unreasonable to allow housing to be built without parking. Both adults with children and older adults cannot get around only on bikes and public transportation. The parking in my neighborhood is reasonable today, but would not be if more housing were built that did not include parking space.

5

5. To remove the owner occupancy requirements will turn many homes in single family neighborhoods into Air BnB type units; already the option of earning income in this way has taken many houses and apartments off the market for people who live and work here; the Council seems to be oblivious to how much previously affordable housing has been taken off the market in this way.

6

6. The present regulations protecting the size and locations of homes and ADU's also protect the green canopy and the "live-ability" of single family

7

neighborhoods. Alternatives 2 and 3 are not compatible with the building scale in my or other single family neighborhoods.

7. The water and sewer infrastructures are not designed to accommodate a large increase in the population they serve.

8

8. Developers can simply pay a fee to avoid providing affordable housing. Affordable housing must be mandated; it can't be optional.



I feel that for a solution to work, neighborhood opinion must be included so we can solve this problem together.

Sincerely,

Carol Olwell

Carol Threll