Date: July 25, 2013

To: Mary Denzel, Deputy City Auditor

From: Steve Johnson, Director, OED
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Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the final draft of the Career Bridge Preliminary Evaluation Report, dated July 9, 2013 (MEF Report).

Green Sheet 120-2-A-1, requested the City Auditor to complete a comprehensive evaluation of Career Bridge over 2013 and 2014, leading to a comparison of program outcomes against other service models. At this early stage of program implementation, the MEF Report provides formative data on program outcomes, an assessment of program costs and scalability, and the implications for program evaluation. The Office of Economic Development (OED) and the Human Services Department (HSD) worked closely with the selected evaluation team, MEF & Associates, in providing source material and program cost estimates, participating in interviews, and facilitating stakeholder discussions.

Generally, we appreciate the depth, comprehensiveness and objectivity of the MEF Report. It captures the basic theory underlying the Career Bridge model, its early implementation, and the issues inherent in establishing a new program model that is rooted in community participation. This response will offer further clarification and updates, as well as the next steps in addressing issues of program sustainability and scale. Additionally, OED and HSD submitted its second response to the Statement of Legislative Intent in Council Green Sheet 120-1-A-1 on July 1 (SLI Response), addressing similar issues and attached for reference. As the SLI Response and MEF Report were being prepared concurrently, the following response will refer to the discussions in both reports that bear on the formative development of Career Bridge and also discuss data points which may diverge. Our comments that follow are organized to correspond with the structure of the MEF Report and are offered for your consideration.

CC: David G. Jones, City Auditor
    Ben Noble, Director, Council Central Staff
    Christa Valles, Council Central Staff
    Jeanette Blankenship, City Budget Office
    Jeff Muhm, City Budget Office
    Jaline Quinto, Mayor’s Office

Attachments: Career Bridge Outcome Map
              Career Bridge SLI Response, Part 2, July 1, 2013
I. Introduction

Although clarified elsewhere in the MEF Report, Career Bridge is not strictly limited to African American men with criminal histories. While the majority of the early cohorts of participants meet this profile, the program is intended to meet the needs of any individual who faces multiple barriers to employment. This may include former incarceration, low literacy, low basic skills, and significant English language deficits. Career Bridge’s strategies of community interventions and networks, attention to barrier removal and skill acquisition broadly benefits individuals facing significant and multiple barriers towards career employment and/or skills attainment. As a result, the target population is more appropriately defined by skill/education level rather than limited to specific segments of the population.

As a core strategy in improving employment and education outcomes, Career Bridge seeks to improve alignment between workforce training investments, social services supports, and community networks for improved outcomes to individuals seeking self-sufficiency. One of these “inputs” are the social and wrap around supports, such as housing, transportation and childcare, that many individuals need to bridge a low-income individual’s transition into a job and/or training program.

II. Methodology – No comment

III. Description of Intervention

As the MEF Report correctly notes, self-sufficiency through career employment is a central goal of the Career Bridge program. Additional long-term goals articulated in the MEF Report Logic Model are stable and positive community/family relationships, active & positive involvement in the community and reduced recidivism.

MEF’s description of Career Bridge Theory of Change is consistent with the OED/HSD’s Outcome Map, that was included as an attachment to the July 1, 2013 SLI Response. The Outcome Map also illustrates how additional program goals, such as improved access to resources, increased community capacity, and stronger attachment to the community, are linked to the overall program goals and the service delivery structure.

IV. Participant Characteristics and Outcomes

Career Bridge participants face multiple barriers to employment; most frequently housing instability and lack of transportation. As described, addressing these barriers has been difficult within existing resource constraints and for those with a history of incarceration. Consequently, many Career Bridge participants continue to struggle to meet barriers which have an impact on their ability to successfully attain and maintain a job.

Despite these barriers, Career Bridge participants are being placed in jobs. Often these jobs are “transitional”, meaning that they provide an immediate source of income and stability before moving to a career job and/or education. They also provide additional experience and work history to demonstrate a positive tract record to future employers.
Some individuals are also taking a “pause” from active job search to address other issues. For example, one individual from Cohort 1 took some time to address a severe back injury before pursuing employment.

The MEF Report focuses on the employment outcomes from the first cohort of 18 participants, who completed the program in October, 2012. Career Bridge is also designed to link participants to existing employment and training programs with a particular focus on preparing participants to transition into the career pathways programs that the Seattle Jobs Initiative currently operates. Two of the individuals in Cohort 1 have either completed or are currently enrolled in an education and/or training program. Below is the training participation data for the 42 participants included in the MEF report.

As of 07/24, six (6) participants were or are enrolled in a school or training program:
- Three (3) participants completed five (5) weeks of paid training with Pioneer Human Services. One (1) of these participants enrolled in the Aerospace Joint Apprenticeship Committee (AJAC) training program at South Seattle Community College, which begins on August 05.
- One (1) participant is currently attending Edmonds Community College.
- One (1) participant is currently enrolled in Farestart’s Culinary Program.
- One (1) participant enrolled in the Career Pathways Program.

V. Program Challenges and Implications for Scalability

The issues associated with the early implementation and expansion of Career Bridge are recognized areas of continuous improvement in its ongoing implementation, as well as in the selection of a Community Based Development Organization (CBDO) for 2014.

During its initial implementation, Career Bridge has faced challenges; especially around providing the “case management” and wrap-around supports for individuals who have significant needs. With limited funding and staffing capacity, individuals (both from inside and outside the City) have stepped into roles that are more appropriately filled by dedicated staff. As an example we will discuss later, the “case management” role is seen as an essential function that will need to be filled in 2014, when additional funding is available. In addition to facilitating access to needed services, a dedicated staffing plan also alleviates the dependence on community sponsors to perform a variety of functions, allowing them to focus on their central function of social support and mentorship.

Another continuous improvement area is the access and availability of wrap-around supports. The Career Bridge investment fund is a small source (currently $25,000) relative to the acute needs of the participants. As a result, accessing other program resources is necessary, especially for housing. HSD and OED have found that program restrictions make it extremely difficult to tap into existing resources and that greater flexibility and alignment are needed to ensure that City and partner resources are available to support Career Bridge participants. At the same time, we are working to streamline the process for accessing the Career Bridge investment fund to be more responsive to participant needs.

As we move towards CBDO selection, we have also identified core program functions around leadership, program management and community coordination that will be needed to ensure that Career Bridge can be effectively transitioned to a CBDO. Community members and stakeholders agreed to a governance structure that will embed Career Bridge within a qualified organization, along with the core functions of program management, community & community sponsor outreach and coordination, and employment & training services (see attached chart). While there is some measure of community concern about losing the community-driven focus of Career Bridge, there is also recognition that professionalizing these functions
will streamline service delivery and provide better limits and clarity around roles. To maintain strong community ownership, the organizational model includes a Career Bridge leadership structure, such as a community/participant advisory council, for decision-making and accountability.

HSD and OED also recognize that because Career Bridge will be embedded within a CBDO in 2014, the policies and program requirements must be compatible with an existing organizational structure. As a result, we have avoided being too prescriptive in program rules and roles during this interim phase, recognizing that they will need to be adapted and revised in 2014.

The Career Bridge Request for Qualifications (RFQ) will be issued by July 30. While the CBDO contract will be contingent on 2014 funding, we hope to have the CBDO selection made this fall to facilitate the transition during the last quarter of the year. This will involve defining how the core program functions will be implemented, identifying staffing and organizational capacity-building needs, and defining the community governance structure. We also plan on having the CBDO co-facilitate the remaining 2013 Career Bridge cohort with the Seattle Jobs Initiative (SJI) to begin to transfer this knowledge. SJI may also have a continuing role mentoring and guiding the CBDO, as well as in data tracking and analysis.

VI. Program Costs

As qualified by MEF, defining program costs at this early stage and before CBDO selection requires us to make some assumptions around the “value” of core functions. To arrive at this “value” we considered what the estimated costs have been during this start-up phase to provide program elements. For example, the cost of the job developer and trainers are fairly well defined and can be carried over to 2014. In others, the costs had to be estimated based on our understanding of “market value”. These presumptions and estimates were reviewed with MEF and are consistent with the budget set out in OED/HSD’s SLI Response. The primary difference is in how we treat City staffing costs. In the SLI response, the value of staff time is not included because we did not believe it provided an accurate reflection of the cost of core program functions. Much of the costs associated with HSD and OED staffing is based on the time spent for extensive community engagement and start-up planning; filling in operational gaps due to limited flexible funds for the pilot ($60k); development of partnerships; and community capacity. These activities were part of the initial start-up of Career Bridge, and we do not anticipate the same level of costs following CBDO transition.

VII. Evaluation Implications

The MEF Report discusses challenges posed in defining an evaluation methodology given the multiple goals of the Career Bridge model. The Outcome Map, reporting plan and discussion in the OED/HSD SLI Response should offer more clarity around program strategies and desired outcomes. Since the MEF Report was being prepared concurrently with the OED/HSD SLI Response, we have not yet had the opportunity to discuss this with the evaluator. We will continue to work with MEF on the next phase of their report.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment. Please feel free to contact us if you have any follow-up questions.
**Career Bridge Theory of Change Outcome Map – Three-Year Timeline**

OED, HSD and the community have created in partnership a program that addresses root causes of violence and works towards a joint goal of broadly shared prosperity and healthy communities. The Career Bridge effort combines an economic development model based in existing best practices with a participatory, relationship-based approach that engages community differently to eliminate barriers, partnering with communities most impacted to build systems that support individual and community strengths, assets and potential.

### Goals
- Increased practices that demonstrate community engagement with and ownership of Career Bridge
- Improved connections and networks for employment (e.g., create “good ‘ole boys network” in community)
- Improved connectedness within the community
- Increased connection between city and community
- Increased empowerment of community networks to respond to community need
- “Street Level” changes for people
- Increased expertise inside community about how systems work
- More authentic networks of community-based support

### CHANGES IN INDIVIDUALS
- Decreased individual barriers to work
- Increased access to basic needs
- Increased connection/attachment to a community network of support including family reunification
- Increased stability of housing
- Increased family stability
- Increased readiness to benefit from training and education program
- Increased participation in training and education program
- Increased employability skills
- Increased employment experience
- Increased basic skills and/or credentials in marketable areas associated with in-demand jobs
- Increased connections and networks for employment
- Increased confidence
- Increased voice and influence both downtown and in their community

### CHANGES IN COMMUNITIES
- Increased ‘giving back’
- Decreased recidivism
- Take steps towards a long-term plan and self-sufficiency
- Increased understanding of systems
- More “healthy” relationships

### CHANGES IN SYSTEMS
- Increased availability of high quality outcome data
- Improved processes for learning and feedback
- Evidence of effectiveness and efficiency of model
- Shift in understanding “The Story” (e.g., connected to culture, builds on strengths, awareness of complexity, unification of vision)
- Increased connection between city and community
- Strengthened relationship/connection between OED and HSD
- Improved access to quality, effective education and career training
- Increased accountability of city/system to communities that have been historically disenfranchised
- Increased trust among employers that city and community are preparing individuals to succeed
- Increased hiring and promoting of individuals that have been historically disenfranchised
- Improved policies that:
  - increase funding and support for stakeholder capacity
  - eliminate barriers to basic needs
  - increase resources reaching the community
  - provide flexible funding to strengthen the network of support

**ULTIMATE GOAL: Broadly shared prosperity and healthy communities**
In Green Sheet 120-1-A-1, the Council requested the Office of Economic Development (OED) and the Human Services Department (HSD) to submit to Council two reports containing additional information about the Career Bridge Program. The February 1, 2013 response provided a description of the Career Bridge program design, its data framework and expected timelines for selecting the contracted implementation partners for 2014. This report serves as the second response to Council's request and contains clarification on the following:

- **Annual Reporting Plan.** Identifying expected specific, measurable program outcomes, including enrollment targets, jobs outcomes, and how they compare, if applicable, to the outcomes achieved by similar programs.

- **Preliminary Program Outcomes.** Summarizing preliminary outcomes from the initial cohorts of program participants.

- **Estimated Career Bridge Costs.** Estimating Career Bridge’s fixed and scalable costs and how changes to the City’s annual Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) allocations could impact the program’s scope and capacity.

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Attachments: Career Bridge Outcome Map
              Career Bridge Mid-Year Evaluation Report
              Career Bridge SLI Response, Part 1, February 1, 2013
I. BACKGROUND

Career Bridge is a new collaborative effort between the Human Services Department (HSD), the Office of Economic Development (OED), and the local community to create a more aligned strategy between workforce training investments, social service supports and community networks for low-income individuals seeking economic independence. By intentionally connecting these resources and education/training to individuals, Career Bridge is designed to provide a more coherent and comprehensive approach to facilitate an individual’s journey to self-sufficiency.

a. Program Development

As described in the February 1, 2013 SLI Response, Career Bridge began with HSD and OED assessing how best to meet the needs of men of color who face multiple barriers to employment and/or education. Following initial and ongoing community conversations, it also became evident that there is a critical need to address the myriad of institutional, service delivery and personal barriers faced by men of color, particularly African-American men with criminal histories. Community members spoke to the importance of designing the program based on community experiences and knowledge, as well as ongoing community ownership of the program. Consequently, Career Bridge enhances a traditional employment and training model with a focus on connecting participants to wrap-around services (e.g., housing, transportation, childcare resources) and stable community/family networks.

With five new cohorts being launched since October 2012, much of our attention has focused on how to embed the essential elements of meeting the increased challenges faced by individuals with multiple barriers by:

- Integrating access and increasing availability of wrap-around services to participants. Housing, transportation, financial debt and legal obligations are the major barriers faced by the Career Bridge participants and remain significant impediments for entry into employment and training. A Career Investment Fund has been established, with fiscal sponsorship from the White Center Community Development Association, to help individuals with unmet needs, including rental assistance, car repairs and work supplies, at an average of $250 per participant.

- Solidifying the role of community sponsor and building community capacity to provide a network of support to individuals who are working to stabilize their lives, complete training and secure a job.

- Planning for the upcoming selection of a Community Based Development Organization (CBDO) that integrates Career Bridge’s program design with organizational/community accountability structures and systems.

The departments continue to meet twice weekly with community members, current and potential participants to launch new cohorts, discuss the status and needs of current participants, and discuss process improvements for ongoing implementation.
b. **Career Bridge External Evaluation Process**

Concurrently, an external evaluator, MEF & Associates, has been hired by the Office of the City Auditor to complete a comprehensive evaluation of the Career Bridge program by July 1, 2014. The first phase of the evaluator’s work is to complete a work plan proposal that describes the methodology for evaluating Career Bridge outcomes in relation to similar programs. OED and HSD staff are currently working with MEF to provide program data and connect them with participants, community sponsors and other stakeholders to inform the evaluator’s initial report. It is our understanding that the evaluator will complete this initial phase by July 31, 2013.

c. **Expansion of Career Bridge for Immigrant & Refugee Populations with Limited English**

From its inception, Career Bridge is intended to serve immigrant/refugee individuals who have limited opportunities for employment and/or educational attainment due to low levels of English language competency, low basic skills and limited work experience. Similar to the strategy to serve men of color, the complexity of barriers for immigrants and refugees require a comprehensive range of services and supports to help bridge an individual’s transition into a job and/or training program. In addition to English-language instruction, there may be similar needs for housing, transportation, and childcare. OED and HSD are currently evaluating best practices for connecting individuals with low levels of English to employment and skill attainment for a convening of community stakeholders this summer.

II. **ANNUAL REPORTING PLAN**

a. **Theory of Change**

The primary purpose of the evaluation framework for Career Bridge is to answer the initial question of how to build an effective program and strategy in three main areas:

- **Changes in Individuals** – toward increased readiness, with a corresponding decrease in barriers, for skill attainment and advancement into family supporting jobs and career pathways.

- **Changes in Communities** – toward improved capacity and integration of community support network.

- **Changes in Systems** – toward improved coordination in the multiple systems in which these individuals interact.

The ultimate goal is to achieve lasting change for individuals facing multiple barriers to self-sufficiency, through an aligned strategy between workforce training, social service, and community that improves outcomes for these individuals. An underlying assumption is that by building better alignment and linkages across systems, including HSD, OED, non-profit organizations, community groups and training providers, Career Bridge will create a more coherent and effective approach to supporting individuals to self-sufficiency.
b. Outcomes Map

OED and HSD have prepared the attached Outcome Map that depicts the relationship between the Career Bridge initiative, its strategies and its intended outcomes and goals. The theoretical assumptions underlying the Outcome Map were discussed in the February 1, 2013 SLI response (attached), which are illustrated in a logic model of how Career Bridge resources, strategies and activities are intended to lead to specific outcomes. The Outcome Map also suggests the monitoring and performance measures to assess strategies and is an important part of continuous learning and improvement.

c. Implications for Evaluation and Annual Reporting Plan

As Career Bridge is currently in the midst of making operational and organizational decisions (e.g., selection of CBDO), the evaluation framework is structured towards continuous learning and improvement that will help answer key questions around program design, scalability and program sustainability. Similarly, measuring incremental community, system and individual change will be important in assessing progress within the context of a complex, long-term effort; and inform strategic decisions on the City’s strategies and investments. The evaluation framework therefore recognizes and documents the achievement of certain milestones along the way. For an individual, this might mean tracking placement in a transitional job or entry into a training/education program until they reach self-sufficiency. Assessing progress on systems, both internal and external to the City, key measurements could include alignment around policies and practices, changes in investments, and greater effectiveness in meeting client needs.

The evaluation approach will help us understand why the expected individual and community changes did or did not occur, the merit and worth of a particular strategy or approach and what will be required to expand, replicate or refine certain strategies.

The following outcomes have been identified by HSD, OED and community partners as a high priority for evaluation and measurement under an annual reporting plan. All are part of an internal evaluation framework and are illustrated in the Outcome Map (attached).
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<th>PRIORITY INDIVIDUAL OUTCOMES</th>
<th>MEASURES</th>
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| Increased readiness for employment and/or training and education programs                  | • Number/proportion placed in jobs, training, or educational programs  
  • Job Retention/Duration  
  • Average Wage  
  • Number/proportion who complete programs that result in readiness (i.e. competency levels) to attend postsecondary education and training | • Participant data in JobStat or similar client tracking system  
  • Participant pre and post surveys                                                                                                             |
| Increased connection to supportive communities, including families/children                 | • Number/proportion who remain engaged in the Career Bridge program  
  • Proportion reporting improved connection to community networks | • Interviews and focus groups with participants  
  • Community sponsor reports                                                                                                                   |
| Increased advancement into career and/or training pathways                                  | • Number/proportion in jobs with family supporting wages  
  • Number/proportion enrolled in and complete postsecondary education and training programs | • Participant data in JobStat or similar client tracking system                                                                                     |
| Increased access to support services and a decrease in barriers                             | • Number/proportion of participants who access Career Investment Fund  
  • Number/proportion of participants who report a reduction in barriers | • Participant data in JobStat or similar client tracking system  
  • Career Investment Fund records                                                                                                             |
| Improved confidence and readiness to balance life responsibilities and challenges           | • Number/proportion of participants who report an improved readiness  
  • Rate of Recidivism for participants who have a prior criminal history | • Interview and focus groups with participants  
  • Participant tracking system                                                                                                                  |

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<th>PRIORITY COMMUNITY OUTCOMES</th>
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| Improved community infrastructure to partner across systems to implement Career Bridge       | • Number of community sponsors who provide effective guidance, mentorship and leadership.  
  • Improved sense of community support from participants | • City data (contracting)  
  • Interviews and focus groups with participants and community sponsors reports                                                                 |
| Increased implementation (scale) and improved delivery of community sponsorship model         | • Increase in number and diversity of participants served by Career Bridge                                                                                                                                  | • Participant data in JobStat or similar client tracking system                                                                                         |

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<th>PRIORITY SYSTEMS OUTCOMES</th>
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| Improved availability and access to support services                                         | • Increase in support services that better accommodates needs of individuals with significant barriers to employment & training  
  • Perceptions of participants of how well Career Bridge met their support service needs and/or reduced barriers | • City data  
  • Interviews and focus groups with participants                                                                                                     |
| Improved organizational infrastructure and coordination within and across systems            | • Changes in service delivery practice that support progress along a skills continuum  
  • Perceptions of participants of how well Career Bridge met their needs | • City data  
  • Interviews and focus groups with participants                                                                                                     |
| Comprehensive and cohesive education and training system that address the needs of diverse populations at varying levels of the skills continuum | • Number of individuals served by Career Bridge  
  • Amount of aligned public investment | • Career Bridge documentation                                                                                                                       |
OED and HSD recommend that these measures of individual, community and systems change be key components of an annual reporting plan that will be collected by the City and the CBDO selected to implement Career Bridge in 2014.

c. Assessing Individual Level Outcomes Versus Other Programs

The formative focus of this evaluation approach does not specifically measure Career Bridge outcomes against other programs. As noted in the February SLI response, our initial research did not reveal a comparable program. However, many of the best practices described in the research (e.g. cohort model, network of support, wrap around services) are key aspects of Career Bridge’s design and theoretical underpinnings.

An evaluation of Career Bridge’s performance relative to other programs is the stated purpose of the evaluation funded by Green Sheet 120-2-A-1, which is to include a comparison of outcomes with a similar population not involved in the program and in comparison with SJI’s employment and training services. The workplan and methodology for such an evaluation is scheduled to be provided to the Council by July 31, 2013 and will be cross referenced with the departments’ annual reporting and data collection plans. In the interim, OED and HSD staff have been participating with MEF & Associates in their document collection and stakeholder interviews.

d. Data Collection

Data collection has been implemented using a mixed methods approach which incorporates both quantitative and qualitative measures to obtain rich information regarding what is working well and what can be improved. Analysis of data collected from participants, community sponsors, community supporters, and the implementation partners is providing a mechanism for identifying key facilitators of success, and informing any necessary modifications to the Career Bridge design. Data collection has been an ongoing process between participant cohorts for continuous quality improvement as issues are identified and lessons learned. The Career Bridge strategies will be refined as needed, according to what the data suggests.

Quantitative data is being collected via SJI using the standard enrollment form used for all SJI clients and is maintained in SJI’s JOBSTAT MIS system. To date, JOBSTAT has housed the demographic, training, placement and retention information for all Career Bridge Participants. Following CBDO selection, we will assess their data capacities and whether we can continue to utilize JOBSTAT to provide a centralized source of data. Career Bridge participants, community sponsors, community supporters, and the Oversight Committee have collectively identified measures, in addition to the standard SJI enrollment form, that are now also collected to ensure participants’ success upon intake and completion of Career Bridge. SJI also implements a written pre- and post-survey to collect quantitative data from participants at the beginning and end of the five-day job readiness training.

Qualitative data is also being collected to capture information that cannot be reflected through counts or statistics, and instead highlights vignettes from participants, community sponsors, community supporters, and the Oversight Committee. This qualitative data has been collected via focus groups conducted at both the conclusion of the five-day job readiness training (beginning with Cohort 2) and the Community Partners’ Meetings. The stories shared via qualitative inquiries are critical to highlighting the importance of the relational model of the Career Bridge initiative and the culturally relevant components which may not be identified otherwise via quantitative measures.
The Career Bridge design and evaluation strategy allow all involved parties to collaborate in development of the data collection and evaluation processes. The emphasis on input from all stakeholders ensures cultural relevance beyond what exists from evidence-based models, which often do not account for the specific needs of diverse communities often underrepresented in research. This approach is critical for community capacity building, which has been clearly identified as a key goal for Career Bridge among all stakeholders. Many elements of the Career Bridge design and evaluation have been tailored to be more comprehensive and culturally relevant than models which exist in the literature on best practices for similar efforts.

III. PRELIMINARY PROGRAM OUTCOMES

a. Participant Outcomes

The City Council’s SLI requested preliminary program outcomes from the first three cohorts of Career Bridge. A Career Bridge Mid-year Evaluation Report, completed in May, 2013, is attached and details the key findings from the first three cohorts. Highlights from these cohorts are provided here:

- **Total Enrolled in First Three Career Bridge Cohorts:** 32
  - Cohort 1 – October, 2012
  - Cohort 2 – February, 2013
  - Cohort 3 – March, 2013

- **Training & Job Placements:** 68% have been placed in jobs, training, or educational programs
  - 17 are working (10 full-time, 7 part-time)
  - 3 are in training
  - 2 are in community college

- **Average Wage for all Placements:** $15.12/hr.

- **Increased Readiness for Employment and/or Training:**
  - 96% of men surveyed report they are prepared to take the next step after Career Bridge workshop
  - 71% of men surveyed report they learned new skills for balancing work, school, training and family responsibilities following Career Bridge workshop

- **Connection with the Program and Community Sponsors**
  - The vast majority of participants remain connected to the program and community sponsors, even those who have taken a pause on their job search and/or training due to illness or other life circumstances.
  - Participants are the leading referral source for future cohort participants.

Two additional cohorts, the Cohort 4 beginning at the end of May and Cohort 5 beginning at the end of June, have enrolled 16 new participants.
b. Program Development and Continuous Improvement

Biweekly meetings with participants, community sponsors, and staff have provided an ongoing opportunity to evaluate the Career Bridge activities and implement process improvements. Since the initial cohort in October, 2012, we see further process improvement and program development in a number of areas:

- Increased Clarification of Community Sponsor Roles and Responsibilities. A drawback has been a reduction in the number of community sponsors who are actively engaged. However, we continue to see new interest across many new individuals and organizations who have expressed interest in taking on a community sponsor role.
- Completion of policies and procedures for access to Career Investment Fund in April, 2013. The Career Investment Fund provides a small source of funds to support individuals address barriers to employment. A fiscal sponsor was secured to manage and expedite support provided through this fund. To date, $4,361 has been accessed from this fund.
- Continued challenges in accessing supports services once barriers are identified. Many of participants experience housing insecurity, transportation challenges, and outstanding legal financial obligations which remain ongoing challenges to securing employment or entering a training program. In response, community sponsors and staff have improved follow-up with participants and formed a Success Team to identify and address ongoing barriers and needs. We have found that housing resources are particularly difficult to access, especially for individuals with a history of former incarceration.

IV. ESTIMATED CAREER BRIDGE COSTS

a. Background

City Council’s approved budget provided $210,000 for Career Bridge in 2013 and $800,000 in 2014. In 2013, the budget includes $150,000 in General Funds from OED’s contract with the Seattle Jobs Initiative (SJI) and $60,000 in new HUD Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding to HSD. In 2014, $800,000 in CDBG funding is proposed which will all be allocated to HSD.

As CDBG funds become the primary fund source in 2014, an eligible Community Based Development Organization (CBDO) will assume the job training, placement and other employment services. These are expressly permitted activities under CDBG regulations as long as they are provided by a CBDO. While we have not selected a CBDO to date, the organization is required to have a primary purpose to serve low-income individuals in a focused low-income neighborhood. We will also require the organization to have strong linkages to communities of color and immigrant/refugee communities. We are currently in the process of developing the proposed scope of work and Request for Proposals to select a CBDO later this summer, subject to funding availability, so that Career Bridge can begin to be transitioned for full implementation by a CBDO in 2014.

In the interim, Seattle Jobs Initiative has been a start-up partner in the initial design and development of Career Bridge. It has provided staffing for the Career Bridge training and job development services, as well as tracking client data in its JobStat system (a proprietary software program for client tracking). In addition, HSD and OED staff are also filling other functions during this start-up phase, including community sponsor coordination, case management and community outreach. Beginning later this fall and following its selection through an RFP process, a CBDO will manage and implement the Career Bridge program, including
the employment and training services, case management, and outreach and coordination of community sponsors.

In 2014, Career Bridge will also expand its services beyond the participants currently served; men of color who face multiple barriers, including a history of former incarceration, limited work history and low levels of education to immigrant/refugee and/or limited English speakers who also have low basic skills and limited work history. The inclusion of a new population focus also has budget implications because of the complexity of barriers, both similar and dissimilar, and the total increase in the number of individuals served. Since the education and training component, as well as the community sponsor network, is likely to be different for these two target populations, we anticipate that there will be separate program providers under a single umbrella CBDO or potentially two separate CBDOs.

b. Cost Assumptions & Estimates

As Career Bridge is transitioned to the community and with the addition of a second population of individuals who also have significant barriers to employment and training, there are core functions which will need to be filled to ensure the effective transition and implementation of Career Bridge. The cost assumptions are built around these set of functions which we believe will be critical to Career Bridge’s successful implementation and transition in 2014.

In 2013, total funding allocated to Career Bridge is $210,000, of which $150,000 was directed from OED’s existing workforce funding with SJI. However, SJI’s actual costs during 2013 will be twice this amount and are projected below. Since OED contracts with SJI on a base pay/milestone method, the 2013 budget is a combination of direct expense and an allocation of staffing costs. These costs are provided to give Council a sense of what Career Bridge is likely to cost given the experience of SJI to fill key functions necessary for program start-up and implementation. However, it does not include the “value” of functions filled by OED, HSD and Community Sponsors, which will transition to a CBDO in 2014. The expenses also do not include the many volunteer hours that were spent on Tuesday evening and Saturday morning meetings by City and SJI staff, and Community Sponsors.

In 2014, the projected budget is built on the experience in 2013 to fill program functions and assumes that these activities will be filled almost entirely by a CBDO. The 2014 budget also contemplates an expansion of Career Bridge to the limited-English population, which would essentially double the number of clients anticipated to be served from 100 individuals in 2013 to 200-240 in 2014, requiring a comparable increase in staffing capacity.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2013 PROJECTED EXPENSE</th>
<th>2014 PROJECTED BUDGET</th>
<th>NOTES</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT &amp; STARTUP COSTS</td>
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<tr>
<td>Description</td>
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<td>Description</td>
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<tr>
<td>Development &amp; Planning</td>
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<td>Development &amp; Planning</td>
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<tr>
<td>Costs</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Research &amp; development</td>
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<td>- CBDO Development</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Program design</td>
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<td>- Program Transition</td>
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<td>- Partner outreach</td>
<td></td>
<td>- Budget Development</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Policies &amp; procedures</td>
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<td>- Program Integration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>development</td>
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</table>

In 2013, based on SJI staff time and does not include the value of City staff or Community Sponsor services estimated to be well in excess of $200,000. In 2014, this includes CBDO program staff, SJI staff to support transition, as well as consulting services to integrate Career Bridge’s model into a CBDO structure.
| Program Management, Oversight and Partner Coordination | $34,000 | Program Management, Oversight and Partner Coordination | $130,000 |
| Program Trainer Costs (2 Trainers for 6 cohorts) | $31,000 | Program Trainers (2 Trainers for 12 cohorts) | $62,000 |
| Orientation & Training Costs (room rental, refreshments, supplies, etc) | $19,000 | Orientation & Training Costs (room rental, refreshments, supplies, etc) | $38,000 |
| Community Sponsor Contracts | | Community Sponsor Contracts | |
| - Community Outreach | | - Community Outreach | |
| - Training facilitation | | - Training facilitation | |
| - Participant Referral | | - Participant Referral | |
| - Mentoring & Support | $0 | - Mentoring & Support | $50,000 |
| Job Developer (1 FTE) | $70,000 | Job Developer (2 FTE) | $140,000 |
| Case Mgmt & Navigation | $0 | Case Mgmt & Navigation | $140,000 |
| Career Investment Fund | $25,000 | Career Investment Fund | $60,000 |

In 2013, based on SJI staff time and does not include value of City staff or Community Sponsor services. HSD has requested position authority to hire a Career Bridge Program manager in 2014. The cost is based on the salary, benefits and shared cost for a Strategic Advisor position. Position could also be filled by a CBDO Program Manager.

Budget is based on an hourly cost for two trainers, at an average rate of $50/hr, that includes the actual time in training and preparatory time.

Assumes six cohorts in 2013 and 12 cohorts in 2014 (averaging about $3,100 per cohort).

In 2013, Community Sponsors have volunteered their time and services. In 2014, we propose small service contracts of between $5-$10,000 per community sponsor.

In 2013, a Job Developer has been contracted with to provide employment connections services to participants. This amount includes salary and benefits. In 2014, we anticipate that 2 FTE will be dedicated to this function through the CBDO.

In 2013, this function has been filled by a combination of HSD & SJI staff. In 2014, we anticipate that 2 FTE will be dedicated to this function. The salary is commensurate with the job development function.

Average of $250.00 per participant (@ 100 participants in 2013 and 240 participants in 2014).
### ADMINISTRATION, MANAGEMENT & EVALUATION COSTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data Collection &amp; Reporting</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shared Costs &amp; Administrative Overhead</td>
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<tr>
<td>CBDO Administration</td>
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**TOTALS**  
$363,000  $800,000

This amount may increase in 2014 due to the increase in participants and the possible need for technology enhancements if JOBSTAT is not utilized.

In 2013, this includes occupancy, insurance equipment and proportion of administrative costs. Rate is unknown in 2014; however, it is assumed in CBDO Admin costs below.

15% of program costs, and includes a proportion of shared costs and administrative overhead.

The experience in 2013 in implementing the Career Bridge program affirms a program cost of approximately $400,000 to serve a single population group. Although some of the 2013 cost was start-up costs by SJI and others, additional administrative costs provided in-kind by HSD, OED and Community Sponsors are not included. As Career Bridge is scaled in 2014 to address the needs of low-income individuals with low-basic skills and limited-English, the community-based model would require additional staffing and tailoring of services to meet differing needs and is estimated to be about $800,000. As noted above, the 2014 budget contemplates CDBG funding for the Career Bridge program after the program is transitioned to a CBDO.

The funds for the Career Bridge program come from CDBG program. In 2014, CDBG is anticipated to have a slight decrease in funding. Current CDBG allocations will be evaluated during the 2014 budget process, but reductions are not expected in the commitment to Career Bridge.